

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

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3-Logarithms/171-3.3

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3.186	$\int x (a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1410
3.187	$\int (a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1417
3.188	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$	1424
3.189	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{2}} (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$	1430
3.190	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{3}} (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$	1437
3.191	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{4}} (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$	1444
3.192	$\int (d+ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1451
3.193	$\int (d+ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1459
3.194	$\int (d+ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1467
3.195	$\int (d+ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1474
3.196	$\int (d+ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1481
3.197	$\int (d+ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1488
3.198	$\int (d+ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1496
3.199	$\int (d+ex^2) \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1503
3.200	$\int (d+ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1510
3.201	$\int (d+ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1518
3.202	$\int (d+ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1526
3.203	$\int (d+ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1533
3.204	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^x \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1541
3.205	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1546
3.206	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{3}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1552
3.207	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{4}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1557
3.208	$\int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx$	1562
3.209	$\int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$	1567
3.210	$\int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3} dx$	1572
3.211	$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$	1578
3.212	$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$	1583

3.213	$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$	1588
3.214	$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$	1593
3.215	$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$	1601
3.216	$\int (a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$	1609
3.217	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx$	1616
3.218	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx$	1621
3.219	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx$	1629
3.220	$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$	1636
3.221	$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$	1645
3.222	$\int (a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$	1654
3.223	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx$	1662
3.224	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx$	1667
3.225	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx$	1677
3.226	$\int -(dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx$	1685
3.227	$\int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx$	1692
3.228	$\int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx$	1700
3.229	$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1711
3.230	$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1716
3.231	$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1721
3.232	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$	1726
3.233	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$	1731
3.234	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$	1736
3.235	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$	1741
3.236	$\int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1746
3.237	$\int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1752
3.238	$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1758
3.239	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$	1763
3.240	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$	1768
3.241	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$	1774
3.242	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$	1780
3.243	$\int (ex)^q (a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$	1786
3.244	$\int (ex)^q (a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$	1794
3.245	$\int (ex)^q (a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx$	1802
3.246	$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$	1808
3.247	$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$	1813
3.248	$\int (ex)^q (a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1819
3.249	$\int x^2(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1824
3.250	$\int x(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1829

3.251	$\int (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1834
3.252	$\int \frac{(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx$	1840
3.253	$\int \frac{(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$	1845
3.254	$\int \frac{(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$	1850
3.255	$\int \frac{a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{e+fx^2} dx$	1855
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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [255]. This is test number [171].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (255)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	97.65 (249)	2.35 (6)
Maple	56.08 (143)	43.92 (112)
Fricas	36.47 (93)	63.53 (162)
Maxima	27.45 (70)	72.55 (185)
Giac	23.92 (61)	76.08 (194)
Reduce	20.00 (51)	80.00 (204)
Mupad	19.22 (49)	80.78 (206)
Sympy	19.22 (49)	80.78 (206)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

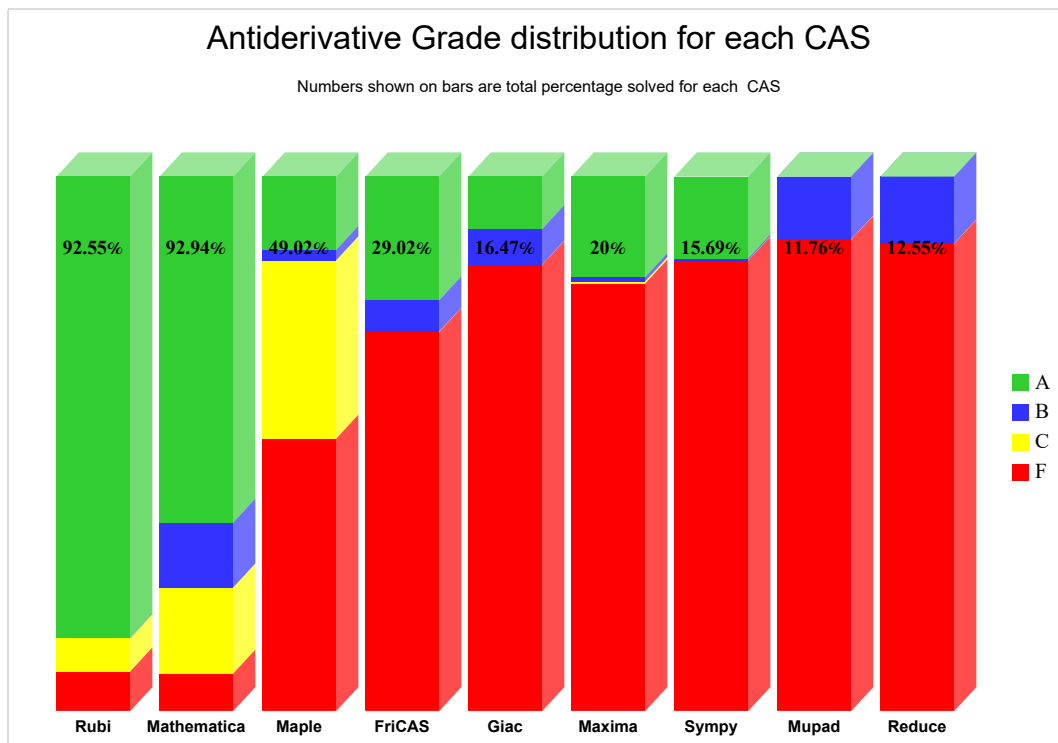
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

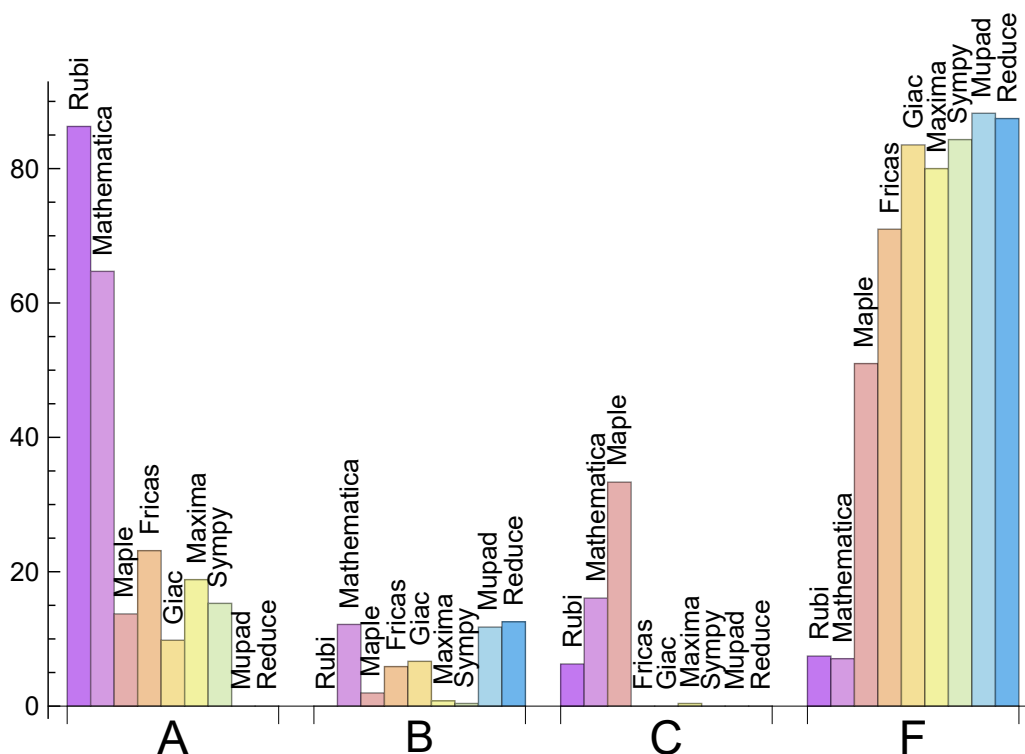
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	86.275	0.000	6.275	7.451
Mathematica	64.706	12.157	16.078	7.059
Fricas	23.137	5.882	0.000	70.980
Maxima	18.824	0.784	0.392	80.000
Sympy	15.294	0.392	0.000	84.314
Maple	13.725	1.961	33.333	50.980
Giac	9.804	6.667	0.000	83.529
Mupad	0.000	11.765	0.000	88.235
Reduce	0.000	12.549	0.000	87.451

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Mathematica	6	100.00	0.00	0.00
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	112	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	162	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	185	82.70	0.00	17.30
Giac	194	95.88	0.00	4.12
Sympy	206	26.70	69.42	3.88
Reduce	204	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	206	0.00	100.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.08
Fricas	0.09
Giac	0.15
Reduce	0.16
Mathematica	0.47
Rubi	0.63
Sympy	11.64
Mupad	24.51
Maple	26.98

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	56.27	1.01	30.00	1.00
Sympy	112.55	1.25	48.00	1.10
Reduce	130.82	3.28	59.00	1.09
Maxima	140.61	2.32	120.50	1.21
Fricas	164.02	1.56	105.00	1.26
Rubi	253.26	1.01	192.00	1.00
Giac	418.30	2.93	79.00	1.23
Mathematica	430.36	1.83	248.00	1.09
Maple	1908.46	8.26	370.00	2.98

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

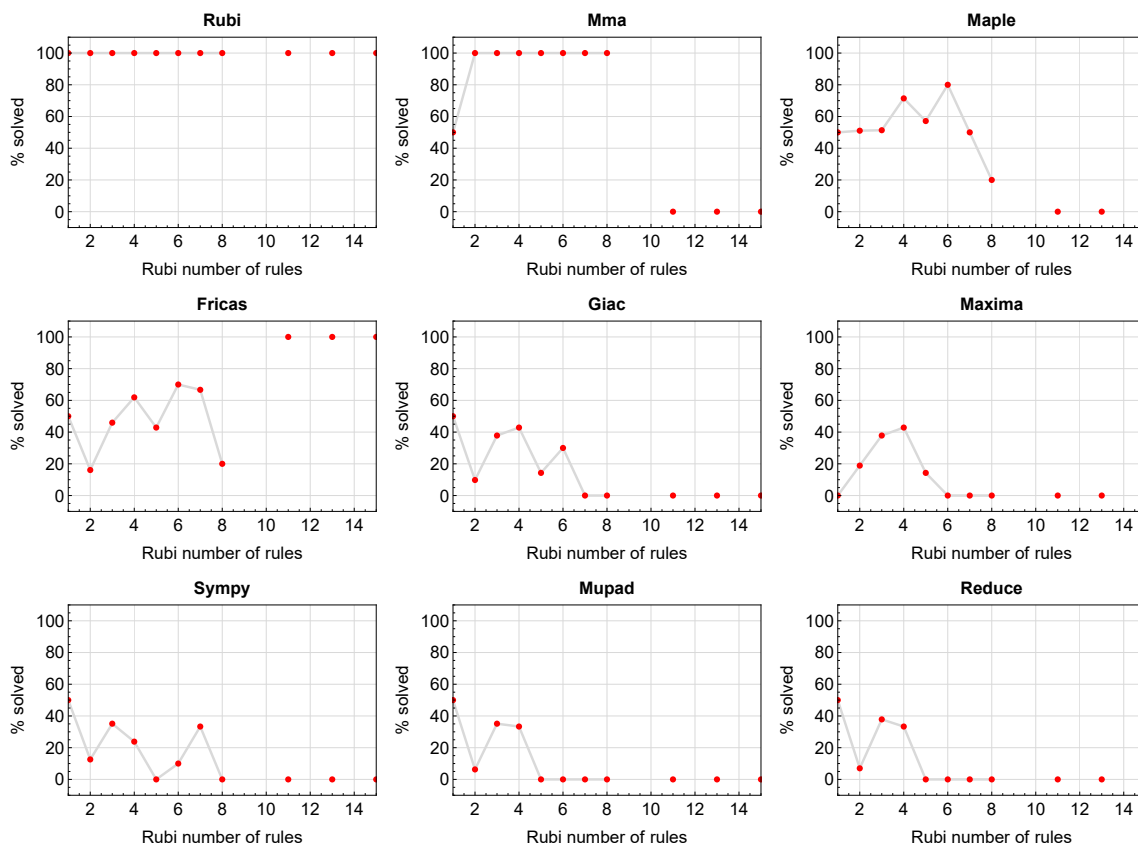


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

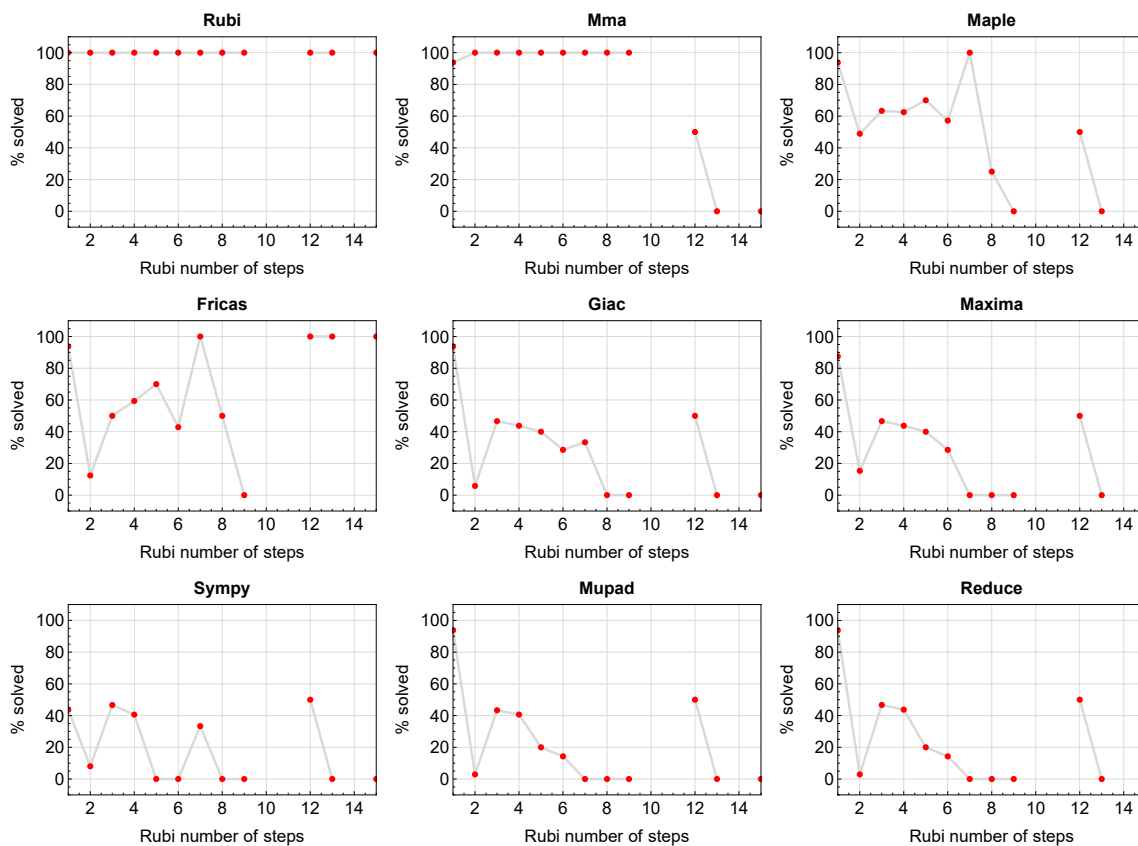


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

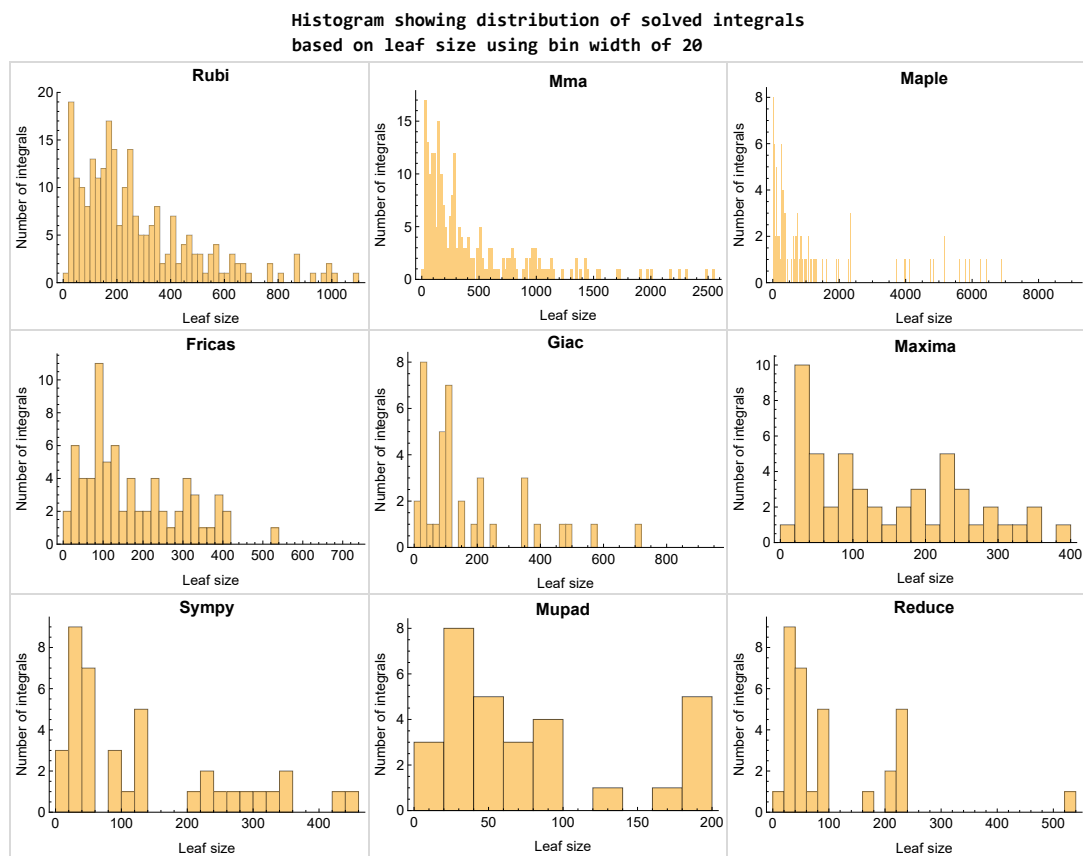


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

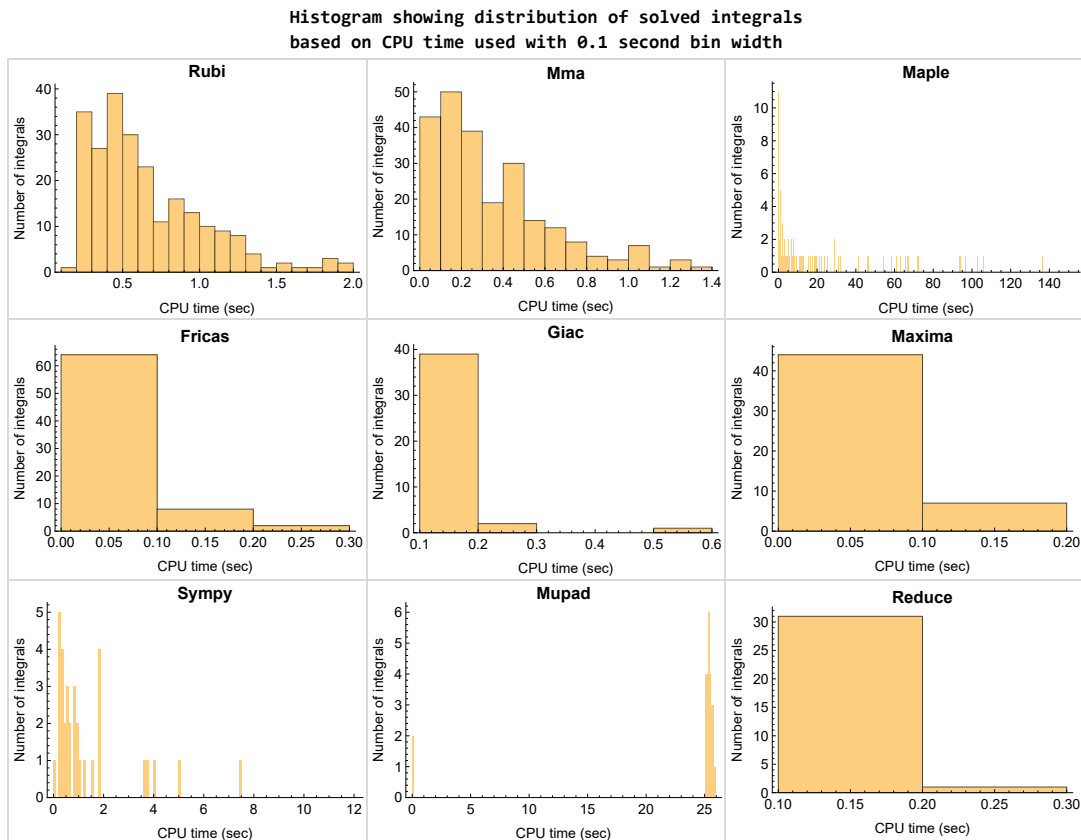


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

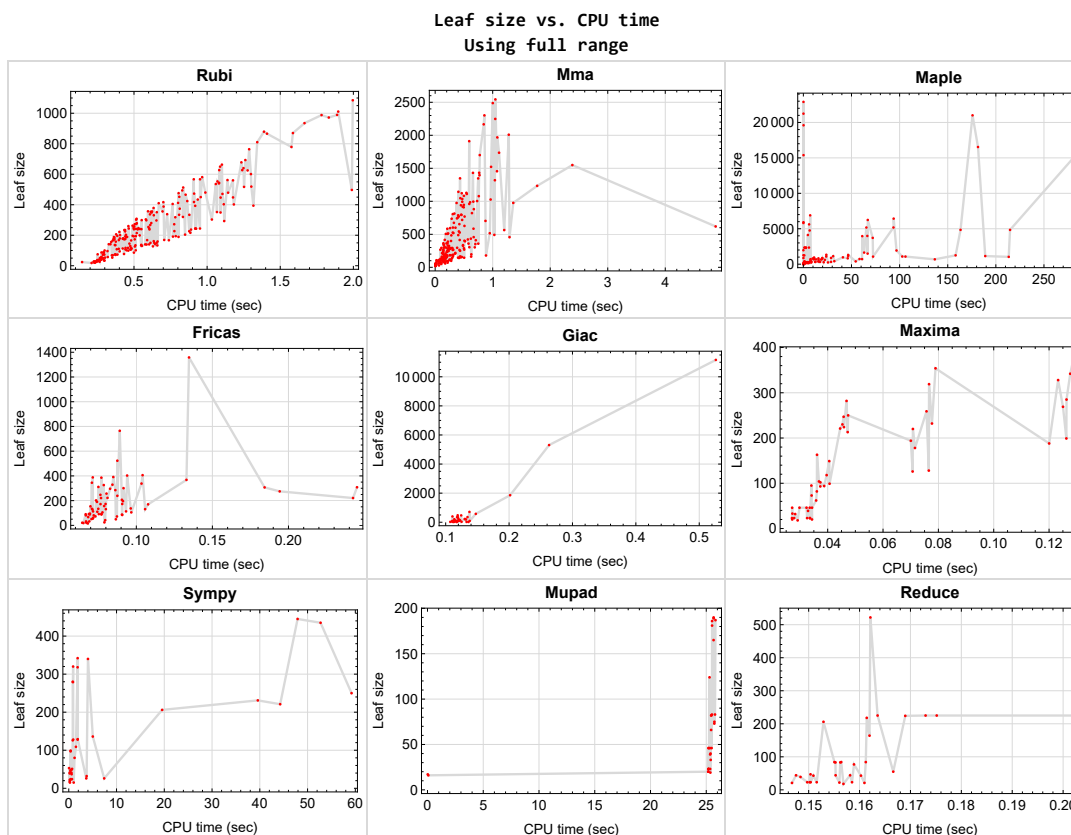


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{5, 6, 74, 75, 144, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 154, 155, 204, 208, 209, 210, 226, 227, 228}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {144, 150, 151, 152, 154, 155, 226}

Maple {227}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {176, 177, 178, 180, 181}

Mathematica {156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 203}

Maple {3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 48, 49, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'beselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'
```

```
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
```

```
if x is None:
    return 1
else:
    return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

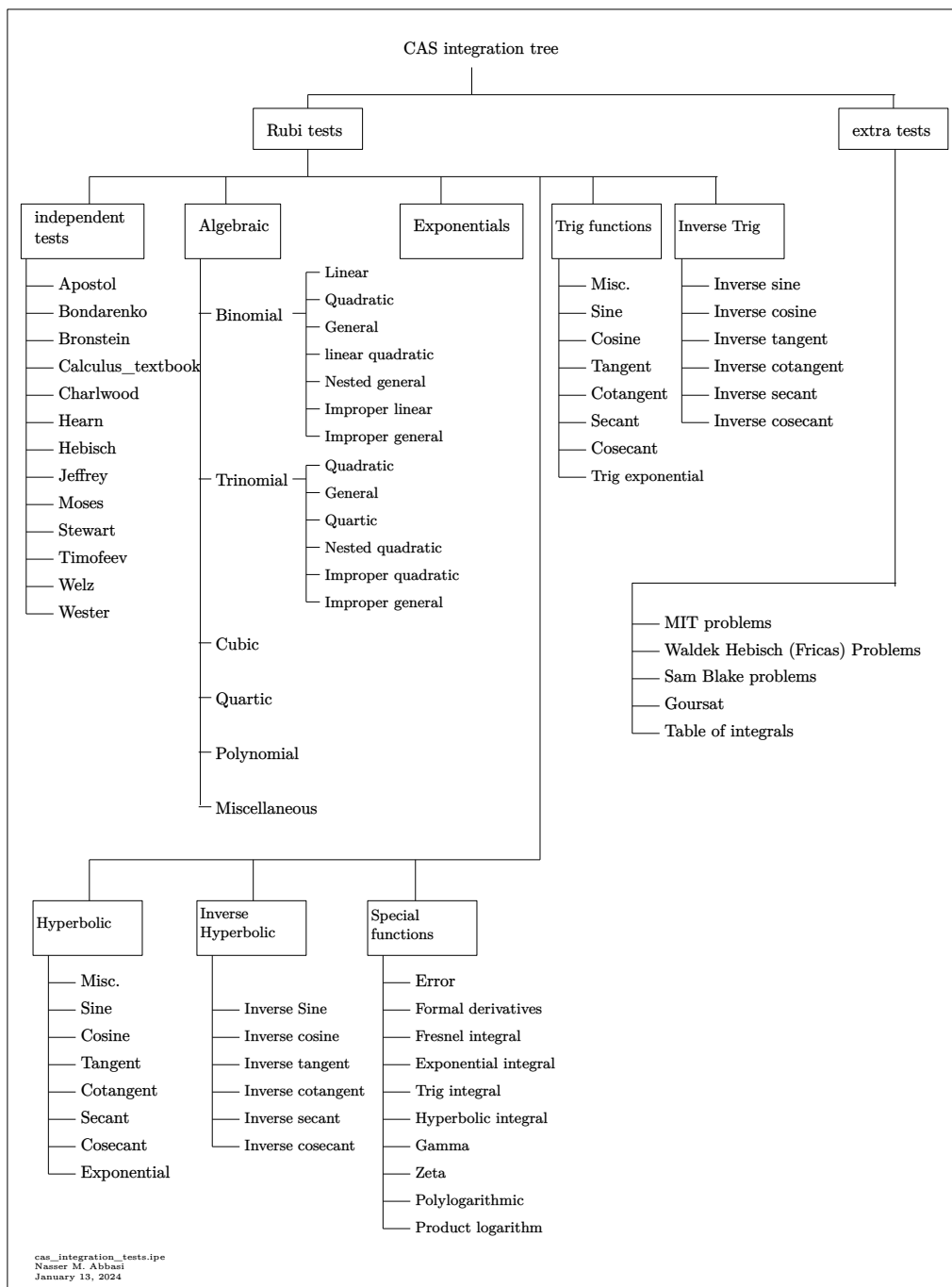
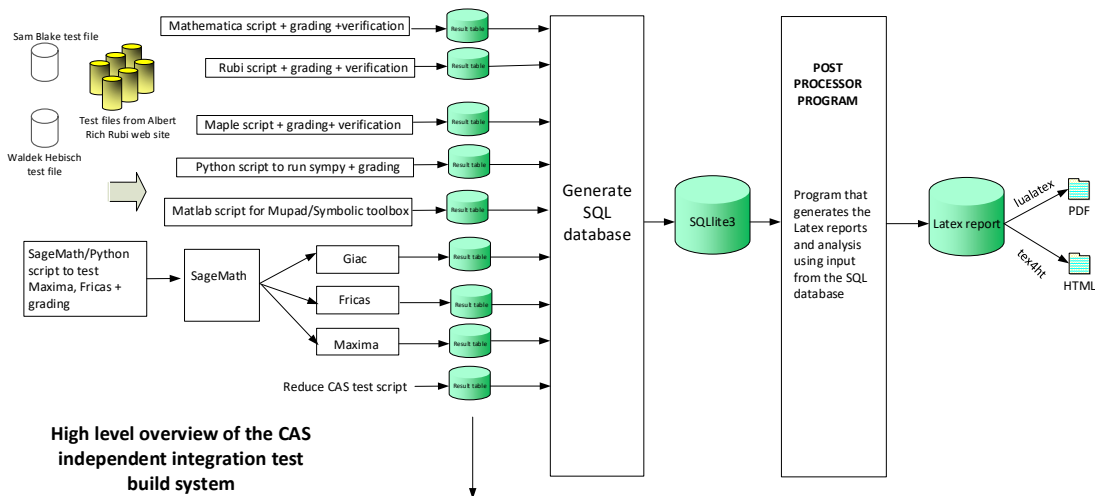


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	31
Mma	32
Maple	32
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Mupad	34
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Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254 }

B grade { }

C grade { 3, 42, 43, 44, 45, 50, 51, 110, 111, 112, 113, 117, 118, 119, 120, 255 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 32, 34, 35, 36, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 101, 102, 103, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 223, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255 }
}

B grade { 28, 29, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 134, 135, 136, 144, 145, 146, 147, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 172, 226 }

C grade { 1, 30, 31, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120 }

F normal fail { 213, 220, 221, 222, 224, 225 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 4, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 214, 215, 216, 218, 219, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 245, 252 }

B grade { 172, 188, 227, 243, 244 }

C grade { 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 40, 41, 48, 49, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199 }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 38, 39, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 110, 111, 112, 113, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 184, 185, 186, 187, 189, 190, 191, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 217, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 4, 72, 73, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 187, 192, 193, 196, 197, 214, 215, 216, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 224, 225, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 240, 241, 242, 245, 246, 247, 251, 252 }

B grade { 70, 71, 145, 146, 169, 170, 171, 172, 188, 236, 237, 238, 239, 243, 244 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 184, 185, 186, 189, 190, 191, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 217, 223, 248, 249, 250, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 76, 77, 78, 79, 81, 82, 83, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 179, 183, 188, 199, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 244, 245, 252 }

B grade { 172, 243 }

C grade { 198 }

F normal fail { 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 80, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 176, 177, 178, 180, 181, 182, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197,

200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 246, 247 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 110, 111, 112, 113, 117, 118, 119, 120, 184, 185, 186, 187, 189, 190, 191, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255 }

Giac

A grade { 4, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 183, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 240, 252 }

B grade { 169, 170, 171, 172, 182, 188, 192, 193, 236, 237, 238, 239, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 180, 181, 185, 186, 187, 189, 190, 191, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 201, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 30, 38, 46, 184, 196, 197, 202, 203 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 4, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 252 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 183, 192, 193, 194, 195, 211, 214, 215, 216, 217, 223, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 245, 252 }

B grade { 4 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 7, 13, 21, 28, 35, 36, 43, 165, 172, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 212, 213, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 224, 225, 243, 244, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 148, 149, 150, 151, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 184, 185, 191, 226, 227 }

F(-2) exception fail { 70, 71, 72, 73, 145, 146, 147, 153 }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 4, 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 174, 175, 188, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 252 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 165, 172, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 255 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	351	491	0	0	0	0	0	108	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	1.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	248	185	0	0	0	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.203	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	96	107	263	0	0	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.03	2.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.022	0.569	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	16	0	67	53	15	23	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.00	2.79	2.21	0.62	0.96	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.145	0.007	0.447	0.000	0.068	0.067	0.117	0.159	0.075

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	22	24	31	19	24	35	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.41	0.86	1.09	1.59	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	1.199	0.267	0.063	0.070	4.757	0.129	0.164	25.520

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	24	22	172	61	20	24	72	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	7.82	2.77	0.91	1.09	3.27	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	9.171	0.017	0.070	0.071	58.306	0.116	0.177	25.789

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	183	395	0	0	0	0	102	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	2.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.264	1.269	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	201	188	326	259	0	0	0	260	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.90	1.55	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.149	12.162	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	171	161	284	220	0	0	0	222	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.90	1.60	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.115	6.547	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	141	131	241	178	0	0	0	182	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.90	1.65	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.094	3.461	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	73	90	191	126	0	0	0	133	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.22	2.58	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.067	1.778	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	34	143	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	5.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.019	1.993	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	100	69	201	128	0	0	0	112	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.64	1.88	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.101	2.174	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	156	215	244	194	0	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.32	1.50	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.120	2.217	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	186	206	282	232	0	0	0	163	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.06	1.45	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.133	4.329	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	456	410	594	0	0	0	0	0	654	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.669	0.258	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.309	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	396	356	506	0	0	0	0	0	558	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	0.185	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	327	302	416	0	0	0	0	0	462	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.515	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	168	294	0	0	0	0	0	341	0
N.S.	1	0.87	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.590	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	53	53	352	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	6.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.107	6.920	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	199	183	576	0	0	0	0	293	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.90	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.251	7.411	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	272	513	705	0	0	0	0	348	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.79	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.775	0.226	7.371	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	710	663	1144	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.101	0.404	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.589	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	615	581	975	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.966	0.372	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.021	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	530	494	806	0	0	0	0	0	867	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	0.306	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	327	303	584	0	0	0	0	0	647	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.033	0.211	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	77	77	605	0	0	0	0	110	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	7.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.165	22.319	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	334	770	1080	0	0	0	0	553	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.25	3.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.809	0.410	23.753	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	470	448	1047	1329	0	0	0	0	636	0
N.S.	1	0.95	2.23	2.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.177	0.438	23.846	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	175	348	393	0	0	0	0	228	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.93	2.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.147	54.371	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	113	267	340	0	0	0	0	171	0
N.S.	1	0.99	2.34	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.090	16.782	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	50	385	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	9.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.017	7.911	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	136	239	310	0	0	0	0	145	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.70	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.139	7.542	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	234	364	422	0	0	0	0	212	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.51	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.142	32.182	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	176	254	356	0	0	0	0	148	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.40	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.144	8.279	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	165	221	316	0	0	0	0	129	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.31	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.140	7.958	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	206	285	369	0	0	0	0	157	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.35	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.256	15.529	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	367	338	654	0	0	0	0	0	549	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.727	0.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	227	519	0	0	0	0	0	411	0
N.S.	1	0.94	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.776	0.317	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	68	484	825	0	0	0	0	95	0
N.S.	1	0.97	6.91	11.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.281	15.658	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	257	254	488	612	0	0	0	0	349	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.90	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.599	0.402	15.790	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	559	625	703	0	0	0	0	0	497	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.277	0.875	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	469	540	544	0	0	0	0	0	351	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.081	0.412	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	409	466	414	0	0	0	0	0	315	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.853	0.426	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	490	544	585	0	0	0	0	0	367	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.082	0.666	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	591	562	1234	0	0	0	0	0	1008	0
N.S.	1	0.95	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.139	1.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	394	1004	0	0	0	0	0	759	0
N.S.	1	0.96	2.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.316	0.730	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	754	1296	0	0	0	0	126	0
N.S.	1	1.00	7.47	12.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	0.395	46.616	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	425	418	940	1171	0	0	0	0	639	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.21	2.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.910	0.448	46.479	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	836	972	1027	0	0	0	0	0	641	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.832	0.964	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	747	866	794	0	0	0	0	0	585	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.410	0.457	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	350	337	263	0	0	0	0	0	439	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.423	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	258	191	0	0	0	0	0	347	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.316	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	168	117	0	0	0	0	0	255	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	50	0	0	0	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.015	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	189	124	0	0	0	0	0	322	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.282	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	289	279	207	0	0	0	0	0	430	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.349	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	372	357	288	0	0	0	0	0	530	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.596	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	708	650	995	0	0	0	0	0	1116	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.089	0.663	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.426	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	557	513	769	0	0	0	0	0	876	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.836	0.511	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	374	349	527	0	0	0	0	0	636	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.621	0.427	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	69	70	0	0	0	0	0	132	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	389	412	627	0	0	0	0	0	509	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.509	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	555	567	881	0	0	0	0	0	618	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.951	0.672	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	858	810	1432	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.343	0.765	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.017	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	604	567	986	0	0	0	0	0	1205	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.909	0.607	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	99	98	0	0	0	0	0	162	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.279	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	610	640	1455	0	0	0	0	0	949	0
N.S.	1	1.05	2.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.249	1.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	849	870	2009	0	0	0	0	0	1112	0
N.S.	1	1.02	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.587	1.280	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	B	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	140	1700	1968	0	523	0	0	169	0
N.S.	1	1.02	12.41	14.36	0.00	3.82	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.775	0.036	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	B	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	107	1035	1261	0	285	0	0	137	0
N.S.	1	1.02	9.86	12.01	0.00	2.71	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.471	0.072	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	74	526	684	0	131	0	0	105	0
N.S.	1	1.01	7.21	9.37	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.305	136.576	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	52	248	0	42	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	6.20	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	1.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.016	25.569	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	30	28	30	27	0	30	27	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.00	1.07	0.96	0.00	1.07	0.96	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.121	0.041	0.120	0.082	0.000	0.133	0.162	25.465

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	30	28	106	44	0	30	164	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.00	3.79	1.57	0.00	1.07	5.86	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	9.225	0.041	0.097	0.074	0.000	0.146	0.176	25.715

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	283	272	290	1248	381	0	0	0	329	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.02	4.41	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.294	158.181	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	234	252	1067	328	0	0	0	279	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.04	4.39	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.217	72.408	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	196	208	885	269	0	0	0	227	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	4.36	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.179	28.783	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	111	152	686	188	0	0	0	166	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.30	5.86	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.128	10.818	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	112	147	793	0	0	0	0	75	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.47	7.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	0.127	9.578	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	158	117	737	199	0	0	0	150	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.71	4.49	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.168	11.299	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	225	232	945	285	0	0	0	196	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.99	4.04	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.205	11.155	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	263	280	1127	342	0	0	0	223	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.02	4.11	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.227	30.994	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	452	450	788	5917	0	0	0	0	675	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.74	13.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.956	0.400	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	373	374	674	4845	0	0	0	0	555	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.81	12.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.813	0.325	163.314	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	288	297	507	3710	0	0	0	0	410	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.76	12.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.215	72.062	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	140	329	3957	0	0	0	0	110	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.51	30.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.604	0.219	61.188	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	238	600	3983	0	0	0	0	369	0
N.S.	1	0.96	2.42	16.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.606	0.353	66.460	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	344	320	796	5174	0	0	0	0	452	0
N.S.	1	0.93	2.31	15.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.835	0.451	65.483	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	420	403	909	6242	0	0	0	0	501	0
N.S.	1	0.96	2.16	14.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.114	0.497	66.918	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.504	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	603	601	1431	19601	0	0	0	0	1025	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.37	32.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.299	0.657	0.201	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	473	480	1122	15385	0	0	0	0	765	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.37	32.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.988	0.462	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	167	602	15171	0	0	0	0	143	0
N.S.	1	1.04	3.74	94.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.739	0.308	281.678	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	393	1347	16533	0	0	0	0	680	0
N.S.	1	0.96	3.28	40.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.918	0.748	181.466	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	555	519	1736	21008	0	0	0	0	809	0
N.S.	1	0.94	3.13	37.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.302	1.111	175.784	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	214	324	1031	0	0	0	0	243	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.47	4.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.241	213.383	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.155	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	145	266	828	0	0	0	0	189	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.80	5.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.143	46.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	126	297	649	0	0	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	1.12	2.63	5.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.151	18.553	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	188	298	862	0	0	0	0	173	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.53	4.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.192	19.700	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	239	363	1074	0	0	0	0	210	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.46	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.215	106.098	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	244	389	1082	0	0	0	0	210	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.55	4.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.221	102.766	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	188	332	841	0	0	0	0	151	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.71	4.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.153	19.626	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	175	305	733	0	0	0	0	153	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.70	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.167	19.204	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	222	362	965	0	0	0	0	191	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.59	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.197	41.109	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	260	399	1146	0	0	0	0	222	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.49	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.276	189.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	310	318	814	4839	0	0	0	0	453	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.63	15.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.782	0.334	214.750	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	161	736	1930	0	0	0	0	118	0
N.S.	1	1.10	5.01	13.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.287	96.776	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	267	946	5175	0	0	0	0	407	0
N.S.	1	0.97	3.43	18.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.498	93.622	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	356	334	1111	6432	0	0	0	0	476	0
N.S.	1	0.94	3.12	18.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.878	0.550	93.825	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	576	627	1128	0	0	0	0	0	497	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.240	0.542	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	495	553	993	0	0	0	0	0	360	0
N.S.	1	1.12	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.071	0.471	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	427	476	917	0	0	0	0	0	367	0
N.S.	1	1.11	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.805	0.478	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	517	560	1083	0	0	0	0	0	441	0
N.S.	1	1.08	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.177	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	514	517	1911	21242	0	0	0	0	834	0
N.S.	1	1.01	3.72	41.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.253	0.592	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	194	1348	5812	0	0	0	0	153	0
N.S.	1	1.07	7.45	32.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.785	0.432	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	451	434	2248	22905	0	0	0	0	738	0
N.S.	1	0.96	4.98	50.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.936	1.045	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	983	1085	2544	0	0	0	0	0	906	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.996	1.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	873	988	2302	0	0	0	0	0	658	0
N.S.	1	1.13	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.782	0.856	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	775	879	2166	0	0	0	0	0	676	0
N.S.	1	1.13	2.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.389	0.844	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	898	989	2488	0	0	0	0	0	792	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.889	1.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	388	434	0	0	0	0	0	523	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.702	0.620	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	304	336	0	0	0	0	0	413	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.484	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	203	218	0	0	0	0	0	303	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.351	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	130	186	0	0	0	0	0	120	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	0.299	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	248	239	250	0	0	0	0	0	385	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.434	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	331	359	0	0	0	0	0	513	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.580	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	434	417	457	0	0	0	0	0	631	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	0.669	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	750	764	1319	0	0	0	0	0	1128	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.287	1.038	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.308	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	598	627	960	0	0	0	0	0	888	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.083	0.593	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	405	452	718	0	0	0	0	0	648	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.810	0.469	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	159	263	0	0	0	0	0	145	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.661	0.305	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	536	821	0	0	0	0	0	560	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.059	0.639	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	608	693	1078	0	0	0	0	0	669	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.261	0.759	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	907	935	1968	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.666	1.081	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.018	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	639	678	1522	0	0	0	0	0	1230	0
N.S.	1	1.06	2.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.234	0.972	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	191	403	0	0	0	0	0	177	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.766	0.509	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	673	779	976	0	0	0	0	0	1043	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.577	1.358	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	914	1011	1549	0	0	0	0	0	1206	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.896	2.385	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	367	354	394	0	0	0	0	0	477	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.519	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	283	274	296	0	0	0	0	0	361	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	0.382	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	192	145	0	0	0	0	0	294	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.504	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	310	299	326	0	0	0	0	0	461	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.484	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	379	422	0	0	0	0	0	595	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	0.568	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	304	28	276	36	0	30	944	30
N.S.	1	1.00	10.86	1.00	9.86	1.29	0.00	1.07	33.71	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.594	0.148	0.165	0.085	0.000	0.687	0.160	25.976

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	B	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	204	1395	0	0	765	0	0	161	0
N.S.	1	1.10	7.54	0.00	0.00	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	0.771	0.000	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	B	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	169	741	0	0	406	0	0	125	0
N.S.	1	1.13	4.94	0.00	0.00	2.71	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	0.380	0.000	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	133	277	0	0	173	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.17	2.43	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	30	28	30	30	0	30	30	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.00	1.07	1.07	0.00	1.07	1.07	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.429	0.049	0.199	0.070	0.000	0.131	0.155	25.673

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	30	28	110	47	0	30	224	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	1.00	3.93	1.68	0.00	1.07	8.00	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.217	8.735	0.050	0.156	0.079	0.000	0.149	0.170	25.367

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	292	26	151	32	0	28	163	28
N.S.	1	1.00	11.23	1.00	5.81	1.23	0.00	1.08	6.27	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.203	0.298	0.053	0.190	0.095	0.000	0.177	0.171	25.664

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	292	24	143	28	0	26	157	26
N.S.	1	1.00	12.17	1.00	5.96	1.17	0.00	1.08	6.54	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.271	0.053	0.168	0.078	0.000	0.172	0.174	25.897

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	165	23	129	25	22	25	136	25
N.S.	1	1.00	7.17	1.00	5.61	1.09	0.96	1.09	5.91	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.432	0.052	0.171	0.077	75.260	0.155	0.174	25.997

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	A	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	133	277	0	0	173	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.17	2.43	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.660	0.255	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	282	26	123	28	26	28	162	28
N.S.	1	1.00	10.85	1.00	4.73	1.08	1.00	1.08	6.23	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.220	0.053	0.183	0.076	93.238	0.146	0.176	26.093

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	292	26	138	28	0	28	169	28
N.S.	1	1.00	11.23	1.00	5.31	1.08	0.00	1.08	6.50	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.237	0.053	0.179	0.079	0.000	0.154	0.159	26.261

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	433	424	410	0	0	368	0	0	303	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.864	0.706	0.000	0.000	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	363	356	352	0	0	301	0	0	247	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	0.699	0.000	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	246	268	0	0	196	0	0	176	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.505	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	298	162	0	0	239	0	0	192	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.584	0.626	0.000	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	414	405	302	0	0	338	0	0	249	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.764	0.688	0.000	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	484	473	358	0	0	403	0	0	281	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.911	0.750	0.000	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	87	71	136	104	134	128	150	84	82
N.S.	1	1.04	0.85	1.62	1.24	1.60	1.52	1.79	1.00	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.097	4.796	0.037	0.071	1.855	0.122	0.161	25.456

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	87	68	132	102	128	126	150	83	82
N.S.	1	1.04	0.81	1.57	1.21	1.52	1.50	1.79	0.99	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.077	1.964	0.037	0.071	0.828	0.121	0.155	25.440

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	75	58	114	82	110	97	111	77	66
N.S.	1	0.97	0.75	1.48	1.06	1.43	1.26	1.44	1.00	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.059	0.868	0.036	0.074	0.380	0.120	0.159	25.437

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	72	103	73	62	0	79	65	73
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	1.81	1.28	1.09	0.00	1.39	1.14	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.095	1.004	0.034	0.072	0.000	0.112	0.167	25.724

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	57	104	94	91	99	100	83	75
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	1.44	1.31	1.26	1.38	1.39	1.15	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.103	0.893	0.039	0.075	0.387	0.113	0.156	25.730

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	86	64	107	93	95	128	102	84	83
N.S.	1	1.04	0.77	1.29	1.12	1.14	1.54	1.23	1.01	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.094	0.874	0.037	0.070	0.937	0.114	0.156	25.784

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	86	69	85	99	105	129	112	84	83
N.S.	1	1.04	0.83	1.02	1.19	1.27	1.55	1.35	1.01	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.099	0.898	0.041	0.097	1.878	0.120	0.155	25.512

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	196	157	319	250	388	340	480	225	189
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	1.54	1.21	1.87	1.64	2.32	1.09	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.169	28.770	0.047	0.071	4.019	0.119	0.175	25.658

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	193	154	319	247	386	318	471	225	187
N.S.	1	0.94	0.75	1.55	1.20	1.87	1.54	2.29	1.09	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.144	12.546	0.046	0.077	1.851	0.124	0.164	25.827

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	141	141	281	213	345	279	399	218	165
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	1.91	1.45	2.35	1.90	2.71	1.48	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.125	5.064	0.047	0.071	0.879	0.111	0.161	25.656

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	129	170	163	170	0	211	116	124
N.S.	1	1.00	2.26	2.98	2.86	2.98	0.00	3.70	2.04	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.165	5.595	0.036	0.108	0.000	0.114	0.157	25.294

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	173	138	262	221	311	280	345	224	181
N.S.	1	0.96	0.76	1.45	1.22	1.72	1.55	1.91	1.24	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.173	5.109	0.045	0.075	0.835	0.118	0.169	25.522

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	193	151	268	224	326	320	355	225	186
N.S.	1	0.95	0.74	1.31	1.10	1.60	1.57	1.74	1.10	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.194	5.182	0.046	0.079	0.910	0.134	0.202	25.523

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	194	155	268	230	329	342	352	225	190
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	1.31	1.12	1.60	1.67	1.72	1.10	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.198	5.026	0.045	0.084	1.860	0.119	0.173	25.661

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	150	93	2350	0	92	0	219	47	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	16.67	0.00	0.65	0.00	1.55	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.639	0.225	2.704	0.000	0.069	0.000	0.130	0.159	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	150	93	2350	0	92	0	219	43	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	16.67	0.00	0.65	0.00	1.55	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.613	0.206	1.480	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.131	0.168	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	139	86	2329	0	84	0	192	40	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.66	17.92	0.00	0.65	0.00	1.48	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.147	1.046	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.132	0.159	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	74	58	1239	118	51	0	80	49	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	17.45	1.66	0.72	0.00	1.13	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.174	0.962	0.040	0.071	0.000	0.117	0.156	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	141	87	2296	0	81	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.65	17.26	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	0.149	2.639	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	150	94	2341	0	88	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.67	16.60	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.655	0.152	5.829	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	135	87	370	0	154	0	712	878	0
N.S.	1	1.52	0.98	4.16	0.00	1.73	0.00	8.00	9.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.173	0.874	0.000	0.070	0.000	0.137	0.157	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	30	28	117	32	16	32	17	24	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.97	4.03	1.10	0.55	1.10	0.59	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.067	0.164	0.028	0.068	3.742	0.112	0.159	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	355	293	179	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.117	0.884	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	244	156	0	0	0	0	0	570	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.918	0.447	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	244	156	0	0	0	0	0	556	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.951	0.464	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	271	226	146	0	0	131	0	0	512	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00	1.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.878	0.398	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	71	323	95	222	0	244	164	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.55	1.34	3.13	0.00	3.44	2.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.165	17.405	0.034	0.081	0.000	0.120	0.162	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	216	141	0	0	0	0	0	626	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.885	0.414	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	243	154	0	0	0	0	0	660	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.921	0.431	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	243	154	0	0	0	0	0	660	0
N.S.	1	0.82	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.925	0.446	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	A	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	241	248	6894	0	221	435	5306	34	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.01	28.02	0.00	0.90	1.77	21.57	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.229	7.069	0.000	0.242	52.723	0.263	0.177	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	A	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	245	242	248	5619	0	308	445	11159	34	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.01	22.93	0.00	1.26	1.82	45.55	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.232	5.961	0.000	0.245	47.914	0.526	0.181	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	179	165	1490	0	0	221	0	216	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.91	8.19	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.205	66.759	0.000	0.000	44.265	0.000	0.152	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	179	178	1633	0	0	231	0	216	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.98	8.97	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.176	63.136	0.000	0.000	39.585	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	241	240	4121	0	307	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.98	16.89	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.205	4.688	0.000	0.184	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	312	308	145	4757	0	275	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.46	15.25	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.298	6.557	0.000	0.194	0.000	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	C	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	177	167	726	354	0	0	0	243	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.93	4.03	1.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.210	58.352	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	177	178	715	319	0	0	0	243	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.99	3.97	1.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.189	61.007	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	482	471	456	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.105	1.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	490	479	564	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.143	1.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	458	447	516	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.092	0.949	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	508	497	619	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.990	4.876	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	20	25	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.87	1.09	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.116	0.033	0.056	0.064	5.493	0.136	0.165	24.744

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	106	99	0	0	0	0	0	95	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.160	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	73	69	0	0	0	0	0	66	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.015	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	51	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.008	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	25	19	25	25	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.09	0.83	1.09	1.09	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.065	0.030	0.060	0.063	1.497	0.127	0.155	25.219

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	42	20	25	42	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.83	0.87	1.09	1.83	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.043	0.032	0.056	0.065	2.993	0.120	0.160	26.900

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	23	25	59	20	25	59	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.00	1.09	2.57	0.87	1.09	2.57	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.047	0.033	0.070	0.088	7.525	0.127	0.168	26.017

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	0	0	0	15	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.030	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	35	33	0	0	0	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	154	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	280	196	269	0	247	250	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.90	1.24	0.00	1.14	1.15	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.618	0.629	21.110	0.000	0.076	59.211	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	240	168	228	0	207	206	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.91	1.23	0.00	1.12	1.11	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.310	8.194	0.000	0.091	19.553	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	129	113	169	0	137	136	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.07	1.59	0.00	1.29	1.28	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.086	3.210	0.000	0.096	5.033	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	30	0	0	0	26	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.419	0.000	0.158	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	166	115	204	0	134	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.81	1.44	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.164	3.190	0.000	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.156	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	245	163	268	0	190	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.81	1.33	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.604	0.190	3.148	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	253	402	0	0	0	296	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.183	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	352	0	0	0	257	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	189	0	0	0	172	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.804	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	30	0	0	0	26	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.666	0.000	0.153	0.000

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	237	0	0	0	156	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.890	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.152	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	349	0	0	0	221	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	266	844	172	43	0	28	871	28
N.S.	1	1.00	10.23	32.46	6.62	1.65	0.00	1.08	33.50	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.213	0.315	104.701	0.181	0.076	0.000	0.573	0.162	25.696

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	B	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	867	302	35	0	24	41	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	37.70	13.13	1.52	0.00	1.04	1.78	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.111	0.067	0.148	0.095	0.000	0.148	0.160	25.324

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	25	1065	427	31	22	25	41	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	46.30	18.57	1.35	0.96	1.09	1.78	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	1.091	0.064	1.328	0.179	0.106	11.995	0.129	0.148	25.191

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	24	23	32	22	32	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.85	1.19	0.81	1.19	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.005	0.396	0.034	0.069	0.344	0.125	0.150	25.195

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	24	23	32	22	32	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.85	1.19	0.81	1.19	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.003	0.083	0.034	0.067	0.202	0.112	0.150	25.203

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	19	18	21	15	21	18	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.17	0.83	1.17	1.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.003	0.050	0.029	0.064	0.246	0.136	0.157	0.024

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	21	20	19	37	20	21	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.91	0.86	1.68	0.91	0.95	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.003	0.172	0.034	0.065	0.597	0.133	0.147	25.190

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	20	23	20	17	25	22	19
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.87	1.00	0.87	0.74	1.09	0.96	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.004	0.105	0.033	0.068	0.202	0.107	0.156	25.368

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	22	23	24	24	28	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.89	1.04	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.003	0.151	0.028	0.079	0.401	0.114	0.152	25.350

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	22	23	24	24	28	23	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.89	1.04	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.003	0.232	0.027	0.067	0.680	0.111	0.150	25.217

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	53	52	47	46	113	49	115	44	46
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	0.90	0.88	2.17	0.94	2.21	0.85	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.005	0.231	0.034	0.072	0.595	0.123	0.155	25.338

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	51	43	47	46	113	46	112	43	46
N.S.	1	0.98	0.83	0.90	0.88	2.17	0.88	2.15	0.83	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.007	0.142	0.030	0.093	0.343	0.116	0.160	25.480

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	37	37	40	39	90	39	92	39	39
N.S.	1	0.95	0.95	1.03	1.00	2.31	1.00	2.36	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.004	0.067	0.033	0.067	0.201	0.111	0.148	25.349

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	21	20	54	41	59	21	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.91	2.45	1.86	2.68	0.95	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.004	0.147	0.027	0.071	0.558	0.110	0.161	25.170

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	45	40	41	46	81	41	90	43	40
N.S.	1	0.98	0.87	0.89	1.00	1.76	0.89	1.96	0.93	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.006	0.112	0.032	0.067	0.204	0.115	0.151	25.384

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	50	43	42	46	87	48	94	44	46
N.S.	1	0.96	0.83	0.81	0.88	1.67	0.92	1.81	0.85	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.006	0.143	0.034	0.091	0.409	0.138	0.148	25.244

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	53	52	43	46	88	51	95	44	46
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	0.83	0.88	1.69	0.98	1.83	0.85	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.003	0.233	0.027	0.069	0.696	0.113	0.158	25.191

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	137	91	677	282	1358	0	1857	522	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	5.01	2.09	10.06	0.00	13.76	3.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	0.045	13.194	0.047	0.135	0.000	0.202	0.162	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	94	90	282	149	391	0	576	206	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.97	3.03	1.60	4.20	0.00	6.19	2.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.030	1.969	0.041	0.085	0.000	0.148	0.153	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	37	82	62	72	109	114	55	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	1.61	1.22	1.41	2.14	2.24	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.011	0.362	0.036	0.087	1.501	0.121	0.167	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	85	0	0	105	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.078	0.000	0.000	0.151	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	112	0	0	202	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	134	133	0	0	0	0	0	364	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	117	0	0	0	0	0	219	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	117	0	0	0	0	0	215	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	108	0	0	73	0	0	202	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	1.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	34	33	49	80	36	47	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.00	1.48	2.42	1.09	1.42	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.009	0.509	0.027	0.087	1.215	0.118	0.150	25.397

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	107	107	0	0	0	0	0	239	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.157	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	117	0	0	0	0	0	249	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.459	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	101	113	0	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.92	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.155	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [224] had the largest ratio of [.789474000000000009]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.19	22	0.091
2	A	2	2	1.28	22	0.091
3	C	4	4	0.92	20	0.200
4	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
5	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
6	N/A	1	0	1.00	22	0.000
7	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
8	A	2	2	0.96	20	0.100
9	A	2	2	0.96	20	0.100
10	A	2	2	0.97	18	0.111
11	A	2	2	0.99	17	0.118
12	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
13	A	2	2	0.93	20	0.100
14	A	2	2	0.96	20	0.100
15	A	2	2	0.95	20	0.100
16	A	2	2	0.90	22	0.091
17	A	2	2	0.90	22	0.091
18	A	2	2	0.92	20	0.100
19	A	2	2	0.87	19	0.105
20	A	3	3	0.96	22	0.136
21	A	2	2	0.98	22	0.091

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	2	2	0.95	22	0.091
23	A	2	2	0.93	22	0.091
24	A	2	2	0.94	22	0.091
25	A	2	2	0.93	20	0.100
26	A	2	2	0.93	19	0.105
27	A	4	4	0.95	22	0.182
28	A	2	2	0.98	22	0.091
29	A	2	2	0.95	22	0.091
30	A	2	2	0.97	26	0.077
31	A	2	2	0.99	24	0.083
32	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
33	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
34	A	2	2	0.97	26	0.077
35	A	2	2	0.97	23	0.087
36	A	2	2	0.98	26	0.077
37	A	2	2	0.98	26	0.077
38	A	2	2	0.92	28	0.071
39	A	2	2	0.94	26	0.077
40	A	3	3	0.97	28	0.107
41	A	2	2	0.99	28	0.071
42	C	2	2	1.12	28	0.071
43	C	3	3	1.15	25	0.120
44	C	2	2	1.14	28	0.071
45	C	2	2	1.11	28	0.071
46	A	2	2	0.95	28	0.071
47	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
48	A	4	4	1.00	28	0.143
49	A	2	2	0.98	28	0.071
50	C	3	3	1.16	25	0.120
51	C	2	2	1.16	28	0.071
52	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
53	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	2	2	0.98	25	0.080
55	A	2	2	1.00	28	0.071
56	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
57	A	2	2	0.97	28	0.071
58	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
59	A	2	2	0.92	30	0.067
60	A	2	2	0.92	28	0.071
61	A	2	2	0.93	27	0.074
62	A	3	3	0.99	30	0.100
63	A	2	2	1.06	30	0.067
64	A	2	2	1.02	30	0.067
65	A	2	2	0.94	28	0.071
66	A	2	2	0.94	27	0.074
67	A	4	4	0.98	30	0.133
68	A	2	2	1.05	30	0.067
69	A	2	2	1.02	30	0.067
70	A	5	5	1.02	28	0.179
71	A	4	4	1.02	28	0.143
72	A	3	3	1.01	28	0.107
73	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
74	N/A	1	0	1.00	28	0.000
75	N/A	1	0	1.00	28	0.000
76	A	2	2	0.96	24	0.083
77	A	2	2	0.96	24	0.083
78	A	2	2	0.97	22	0.091
79	A	2	2	0.95	21	0.095
80	A	4	4	1.12	24	0.167
81	A	2	2	0.96	24	0.083
82	A	2	2	0.96	24	0.083
83	A	2	2	0.96	24	0.083
84	A	2	2	1.00	26	0.077
85	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	3	3	1.03	23	0.130
87	A	5	5	1.07	26	0.192
88	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
89	A	2	2	0.93	26	0.077
90	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
91	A	2	2	1.00	24	0.083
92	A	3	3	1.01	23	0.130
93	A	6	6	1.04	26	0.231
94	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
95	A	2	2	0.94	26	0.077
96	A	2	2	0.97	26	0.077
97	A	2	2	0.98	24	0.083
98	A	4	4	1.12	26	0.154
99	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
100	A	2	2	0.96	26	0.077
101	A	2	2	0.97	26	0.077
102	A	2	2	0.97	23	0.087
103	A	2	2	0.98	26	0.077
104	A	2	2	0.98	26	0.077
105	A	2	2	0.97	26	0.077
106	A	2	2	1.03	26	0.077
107	A	5	5	1.10	28	0.179
108	A	2	2	0.97	28	0.071
109	A	2	2	0.94	28	0.071
110	C	2	2	1.09	28	0.071
111	C	3	3	1.12	25	0.120
112	C	2	2	1.11	28	0.071
113	C	2	2	1.08	28	0.071
114	A	2	2	1.01	26	0.077
115	A	6	6	1.07	28	0.214
116	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
117	C	2	2	1.10	28	0.071

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	C	3	3	1.13	25	0.120
119	C	2	2	1.13	28	0.071
120	C	2	2	1.10	28	0.071
121	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
122	A	2	2	0.97	26	0.077
123	A	2	2	0.97	25	0.080
124	A	4	4	1.11	28	0.143
125	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
126	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
127	A	2	2	0.96	28	0.071
128	A	2	2	1.02	28	0.071
129	A	2	2	1.05	26	0.077
130	A	2	2	1.12	25	0.080
131	A	5	5	1.10	28	0.179
132	A	2	2	1.22	28	0.071
133	A	2	2	1.14	28	0.071
134	A	2	2	1.03	26	0.077
135	A	2	2	1.06	25	0.080
136	A	6	6	1.07	28	0.214
137	A	2	2	1.16	28	0.071
138	A	2	2	1.11	28	0.071
139	A	2	2	0.96	30	0.067
140	A	2	2	0.97	30	0.067
141	A	2	2	0.96	30	0.067
142	A	2	2	0.96	30	0.067
143	A	2	2	0.96	30	0.067
144	N/A	1	0	1.00	28	0.000
145	A	6	6	1.10	28	0.214
146	A	5	5	1.13	28	0.179
147	A	4	4	1.17	26	0.154
148	N/A	1	0	1.00	28	0.000
149	N/A	1	0	1.00	28	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
151	N/A	1	0	1.00	24	0.000
152	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
153	A	4	4	1.17	26	0.154
154	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
155	N/A	1	0	1.00	26	0.000
156	A	2	2	0.98	32	0.062
157	A	2	2	0.98	32	0.062
158	A	2	2	0.96	30	0.067
159	A	2	2	0.98	32	0.062
160	A	2	2	0.98	32	0.062
161	A	2	2	0.98	32	0.062
162	A	3	3	1.04	24	0.125
163	A	3	3	1.04	22	0.136
164	A	2	2	0.97	21	0.095
165	A	5	4	1.00	24	0.167
166	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
167	A	3	3	1.04	24	0.125
168	A	3	3	1.04	24	0.125
169	A	4	4	0.95	26	0.154
170	A	4	4	0.94	24	0.167
171	A	2	2	0.96	23	0.087
172	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
173	A	4	4	0.96	26	0.154
174	A	4	4	0.95	26	0.154
175	A	4	4	0.95	26	0.154
176	A	7	6	1.06	26	0.231
177	A	7	6	1.06	24	0.250
178	A	7	6	1.07	23	0.261
179	A	6	5	1.04	26	0.192
180	A	7	6	1.06	26	0.231
181	A	7	6	1.06	26	0.231

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	2	2	1.52	23	0.087
183	A	2	2	1.03	18	0.111
184	A	9	8	0.83	28	0.286
185	A	8	7	0.82	26	0.269
186	A	8	7	0.82	24	0.292
187	A	8	7	0.83	23	0.304
188	A	5	4	1.00	26	0.154
189	A	9	8	0.83	26	0.308
190	A	9	8	0.82	26	0.308
191	A	9	8	0.82	26	0.308
192	A	2	2	0.98	18	0.111
193	A	2	2	0.99	18	0.111
194	A	2	2	0.98	18	0.111
195	A	2	2	0.98	18	0.111
196	A	2	2	0.99	18	0.111
197	A	2	2	0.99	18	0.111
198	A	2	2	0.98	18	0.111
199	A	2	2	0.98	18	0.111
200	A	3	3	0.98	20	0.150
201	A	3	3	0.98	20	0.150
202	A	3	3	0.98	20	0.150
203	A	3	3	0.98	20	0.150
204	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
205	A	4	4	1.02	23	0.174
206	A	3	3	1.01	23	0.130
207	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
208	N/A	1	0	1.00	23	0.000
209	N/A	2	0	1.00	23	0.000
210	N/A	3	0	1.00	23	0.000
211	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
212	A	3	3	1.06	13	0.231
213	A	1	1	1.00	57	0.018

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	7	7	1.29	19	0.368
215	A	7	7	1.30	17	0.412
216	A	7	6	1.22	16	0.375
217	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
218	A	8	8	1.17	19	0.421
219	A	7	7	1.21	19	0.368
220	A	13	13	1.59	19	0.684
221	A	13	13	1.59	17	0.765
222	A	12	11	1.44	16	0.688
223	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
224	A	15	15	1.36	19	0.789
225	A	13	13	1.47	19	0.684
226	N/A	2	0	1.00	26	0.000
227	N/A	6	0	1.00	23	0.000
228	N/A	12	0	1.00	23	0.000
229	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
230	A	3	2	1.00	12	0.167
231	A	3	2	1.00	10	0.200
232	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
233	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
234	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
235	A	3	2	1.00	14	0.143
236	A	4	3	1.02	16	0.188
237	A	4	3	0.98	14	0.214
238	A	4	3	0.95	12	0.250
239	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
240	A	4	3	0.98	16	0.188
241	A	4	3	0.96	16	0.188
242	A	4	3	1.02	16	0.188
243	A	5	4	1.01	22	0.182
244	A	4	3	1.01	22	0.136
245	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
247	A	5	4	1.00	22	0.182
248	A	4	3	1.00	22	0.136
249	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
250	A	4	3	1.00	18	0.167
251	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
252	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
253	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
254	A	4	3	1.00	20	0.150
255	C	6	5	0.92	24	0.208

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.123	$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$	970
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3.158	$\int (gx)^{-1+m} (a+b\log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^k) dx$	1211
3.159	$\int (gx)^{-1-m} (a+b\log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^k) dx$	1218

3.160	$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$	1225
3.161	$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$	1232
3.162	$\int x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1239
3.163	$\int x (a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1246
3.164	$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1253
3.165	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$	1259
3.166	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$	1265
3.167	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$	1271
3.168	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$	1277
3.169	$\int x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1283
3.170	$\int x (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1292
3.171	$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1301
3.172	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$	1309
3.173	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$	1316
3.174	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$	1324
3.175	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^5 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$	1332
3.176	$\int \frac{x^2 (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$	1340
3.177	$\int \frac{x (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$	1348
3.178	$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$	1355
3.179	$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x(d+e \log(fx^m))} dx$	1362
3.180	$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x^2(d+e \log(fx^m))} dx$	1369
3.181	$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d+e \log(fx^m))} dx$	1376
3.182	$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{(d+e \log(cx^n))^2} dx$	1383
3.183	$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx$	1390
3.184	$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1395
3.185	$\int x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1403
3.186	$\int x (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1410
3.187	$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$	1417
3.188	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$	1424
3.189	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$	1430
3.190	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$	1437
3.191	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$	1444
3.192	$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1451
3.193	$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1459
3.194	$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1467
3.195	$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1474

3.196	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1481
3.197	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1488
3.198	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1496
3.199	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$	1503
3.200	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsin}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1510
3.201	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccos}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1518
3.202	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1526
3.203	$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$	1533
3.204	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1541
3.205	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{3}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1546
3.206	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1552
3.207	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{p}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$	1557
3.208	$\int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx$	1562
3.209	$\int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$	1567
3.210	$\int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3} dx$	1572
3.211	$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$	1578
3.212	$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$	1583
3.213	$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$	1588
3.214	$\int x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$	1593
3.215	$\int x (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$	1601
3.216	$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$	1609
3.217	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx$	1616
3.218	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx$	1621
3.219	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{3}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx$	1629
3.220	$\int x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$	1636
3.221	$\int x (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$	1645
3.222	$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$	1654
3.223	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx$	1662
3.224	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{2}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx$	1667
3.225	$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^{\frac{x}{3}} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx$	1677
3.226	$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx$	1685
3.227	$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx$	1692
3.228	$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx$	1700
3.229	$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1711
3.230	$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1716
3.231	$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1721
3.232	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$	1726

3.233	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$	1731
3.234	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$	1736
3.235	$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$	1741
3.236	$\int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1746
3.237	$\int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1752
3.238	$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx$	1758
3.239	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$	1763
3.240	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$	1768
3.241	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$	1774
3.242	$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$	1780
3.243	$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$	1786
3.244	$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$	1794
3.245	$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx$	1802
3.246	$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$	1808
3.247	$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$	1813
3.248	$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1819
3.249	$\int x^2 (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1824
3.250	$\int x (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1829
3.251	$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$	1834
3.252	$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx$	1840
3.253	$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$	1845
3.254	$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$	1850
3.255	$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx$	1855

3.1 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	118
Mathematica [C] (verified)	119
Rubi [A] (verified)	120
Maple [F]	121
Fricas [F]	122
Sympy [F]	122
Maxima [F(-2)]	122
Giac [F]	123
Mupad [F(-1)]	123
Reduce [F]	123

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-3/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+3/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+3*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-3*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-3*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+3*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))^3 + 3ibn(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))^2 \left(\log(x) \left(\log\left(1 - \frac{i\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)\right)\right)}{d + ex^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/(d + e*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^3 + (3*I)*b*n*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(Log[x]*(Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]) - PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]) + (6*I)*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*((Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/2 - (Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/2 - Log[x]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]) + PolyLog[3, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - PolyLog[3, (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]) + I*b^3*n^3*(Log[x]^3*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - Log[x]^3*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - 6*PolyLog[4, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] + 6*PolyLog[4, (I*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2767, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2767} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2d(\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{ex})} + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2d(\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{ex})} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{3b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
 & \frac{3bn \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{3bn \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
 & \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \\
 & \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/(d + e*x^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n])^3 \operatorname{Log}[1 - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]]) / (2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & - ((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n])^3 \operatorname{Log}[1 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]]) / (2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & - (3 b n (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n])^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -((\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d])]) / (2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & + (3 b n (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n])^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]]) / (2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & + (3 b^2 n^2 (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n]) \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -((\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d])]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & - (3 b^2 n^2 (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n]) \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & - (3 b^3 n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[4, -((\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d])]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \\ & + (3 b^3 n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[4, (\operatorname{Sqrt}[e] x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-d]]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-d] \operatorname{Sqrt}[e]) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2767 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, (d + e*x^r)^q, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[q] && (GtQ[q, 0] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[r]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{e x^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/(e*x^2+d),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**3/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))^3/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))^3/(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a^3 + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^3}{e x^2 + d} dx\right) b^3 d e + 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{e x^2 + d} dx\right) a b^2 d e + 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + d} dx\right) a^2 b d e}{d e}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**3 + int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d + e*x**2),x)*b**3*d*e + 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d + e*x**2),x)*a*b**2*d*e + 3*int(log(x**n*c)/(d + e*x**2),x)*a**2*b*d*e)/(d*e)`

3.2 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	124
Mathematica [A] (verified)	125
Rubi [A] (verified)	125
Maple [F]	126
Fricas [F]	127
Sympy [F]	127
Maxima [F(-2)]	127
Giac [F]	128
Mupad [F(-1)]	128
Reduce [F]	128

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-b^2*n^2*polylog(3,e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) + (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{d\sqrt{ex}}{(-d)^{3/2}}\right) + 2bn\left((a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `((-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]]) + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (d*Sqrt[e]*x)/(-d)^(3/2)] + 2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]] - b*n*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]]) - 2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (d*Sqrt[e]*x)/(-d)^(3/2)] - b*n*PolyLog[3, (d*Sqrt[e]*x)/(-d)^(3/2)]))/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2767, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2767}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2d(\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{ex})} + \frac{\sqrt{-d}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2d(\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{ex})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \\
& \frac{b^2 n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(d + e*x^2), x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]]/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]]/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d])]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]]/(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2767 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, (d + e*x^r)^q, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x] && IntegerQ[q] && (GtQ[q, 0] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[r]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/(e*x^2+d), x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/(e*x^2+d), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**2/(d + e*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))^2/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))^2/(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d}}\right) a^2 + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{ex^2 + d} dx\right) b^2 d e + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{ex^2 + d} dx\right) ab d e}{de}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a**2 + int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d + e*x**2),x)*b**2*d*e + 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(d + e*x**2),x)*a*b*d*e)/(d*e)`

3.3 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	129
Mathematica [A] (verified)	129
Rubi [C] (verified)	130
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	131
Fricas [F]	132
Sympy [F]	132
Maxima [F(-2)]	133
Giac [F]	133
Mupad [F(-1)]	133
Reduce [F]	134

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
arctan(e^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^(1/2)/e^(1/2)-1/2*b*n*polylog(
2,-e^(1/2)*x/(-d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)+1/2*b*n*polylog(2,e^(1/2)*x/(-
d)^(1/2))/(-d)^(1/2)/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{-\left((a + b \log(cx^n)) \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{d\sqrt{ex}}{(-d)^{3/2}}\right)\right)\right) + bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{-d}}\right) - bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{d\sqrt{ex}}{(-d)^{3/2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `((-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[1 + (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]] - Log[1 + (d*Sqrt[e]*x)/(-d)^(3/2)])) + b*n*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[-d]] - b*n*PolyLog[2, (d*Sqrt[e]*x)/(-d)^(3/2)])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[e])`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {2761, 27, 5355, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2761} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - bn \int \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{x} dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5355} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{bn \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{i\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}} + 1\right)}{x} dx \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}} - \frac{bn \left(\frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*x^2),x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e]) - (b*n*
((I/2)*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[e]*
x)/Sqrt[d]]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2761 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> With[{u = IntHide[1/(d + e*x^2), x]}, Simp[u*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x] - Si
mp[b*n Int[u/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 5355 `Int[((a_) + ArcTan[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*Log[x], x]
+ (Simp[I*(b/2) Int[Log[1 - I*c*x]/x, x], x] - Simp[I*(b/2) Int[Log[1
+ I*c*x]/x, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{x e}{\sqrt{d e}}\right) n \ln(x)}{\sqrt{d e}} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{x e}{\sqrt{d e}}\right) \ln(x^n)}{\sqrt{d e}} + \frac{b n \ln(x) \ln\left(\frac{-e x + \sqrt{-d e}}{\sqrt{-d e}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{-d e}} - \frac{b n \ln(x) \ln\left(\frac{e x + \sqrt{-d e}}{\sqrt{-d e}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{-d e}} + \frac{b n \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{-e x + \sqrt{-d e}}{\sqrt{-d e}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{-d e}}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-b/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(x*e/(d*e)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)+b/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(x*e/(d
*e)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)+1/2*b*n*ln(x)/(-d*e)^(1/2)*ln((-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/(-d*e
)^(1/2))-1/2*b*n*ln(x)/(-d*e)^(1/2)*ln((e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/(-d*e)^(1/2))+1/
2*b*n/(-d*e)^(1/2)*dilog((-e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/(-d*e)^(1/2))-1/2*b*n/(-d*e)^(
1/2)*dilog((e*x+(-d*e)^(1/2))/(-d*e)^(1/2))+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(
I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(
I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)/(d*e)^(1/2)*arc
tan(x*e/(d*e)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/(e*x^2 + d), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/(e*x**2+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(d + e*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/(e*x^2 + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{ex^2 + d} dx\right) bde}{de}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)))*a + int(log(x**n*c)/(d + e*x**2),x)*b*d*e)/(d*e)`

3.4 $\int \frac{1}{d+ex^2} dx$

Optimal result	135
Mathematica [A] (verified)	135
Rubi [A] (verified)	136
Maple [A] (verified)	136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	137
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	137
Maxima [F(-2)]	138
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	138
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	139

Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{d+ex^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

output $\arctan(e^{(1/2)*x}/d^{(1/2)})/d^{(1/2)}/e^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{d+ex^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)^(-1),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)^(-1), x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[e]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{xe}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$	16
risch	$-\frac{\ln(ex + \sqrt{-de})}{2\sqrt{-de}} + \frac{\ln(-ex + \sqrt{-de})}{2\sqrt{-de}}$	41

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/(d*e)^(1/2)*arctan(x*e/(d*e)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx = \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-de} \log\left(\frac{ex^2 - 2\sqrt{-de}x - d}{ex^2 + d}\right)}{2de}, \frac{\sqrt{de} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{de}x}{d}\right)}{de} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*sqrt(-d*e)*log((e*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-d*e)*x - d)/(e*x^2 + d))/(d*e), sqrt(d*e)*arctan(sqrt(d*e)*x/d)/(d*e)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(22) = 44.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(-d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} + x\right)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} \log\left(d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{de}} + x\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d),x)`

output `-sqrt(-1/(d*e))*log(-d*sqrt(-1/(d*e)) + x)/2 + sqrt(-1/(d*e))*log(d*sqrt(-1/(d*e)) + x)/2`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{de}}\right)}{\sqrt{de}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `arctan(e*x/sqrt(d*e))/sqrt(d*e)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{e}}$$

input `int(1/(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `atan((e^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))/(d^(1/2)*e^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{d + ex^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{ex}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{d}}\right)}{de}$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d),x)`

output `(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d)*atan((e*x)/(sqrt(e)*sqrt(d))))/(d*e)`

3.5 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx$

Optimal result	140
Mathematica [N/A]	140
Rubi [N/A]	141
Maple [N/A]	141
Fricas [N/A]	142
Sympy [N/A]	142
Maxima [N/A]	143
Giac [N/A]	143
Mupad [N/A]	143
Reduce [N/A]	144

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2768}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

↓ 2768

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2768 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x^r)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a*e*x^2 + a*d + (b*e*x^2 + b*d)*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*log(c*x**n))*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))),x)`

output `int(1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\log(x^n c) bd + \log(x^n c) be x^2 + ad + ae x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(log(x**n*c)*b*d + log(x**n*c)*b*e*x**2 + a*d + a*e*x**2),x)`

3.6 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$

Optimal result	145
Mathematica [N/A]	145
Rubi [N/A]	146
Maple [N/A]	146
Fricas [N/A]	147
Sympy [N/A]	147
Maxima [N/A]	148
Giac [N/A]	148
Mupad [N/A]	149
Reduce [N/A]	149

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex^2)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2768}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

↓ 2768

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2768

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d + e*x^r)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d + (b^2*e*x^2 + b^2*d)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*(a*b*e*x^2 + a*b*d)*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 58.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + ex^2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x**2+d)/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*log(c*x**n))**2*(d + e*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-x/(b^2*d*n*log(c) + a*b*d*n + (b^2*e*n*log(c) + a*b*e*n)*x^2 + (b^2*e*n*x^2 + b^2*d*n)*log(x^n)) - integrate((e*x^2 - d)/(b^2*d^2*n*log(c) + a*b*d^2*n + (b^2*e^2*n*log(c) + a*b*e^2*n)*x^4 + 2*(b^2*d*e*n*log(c) + a*b*d*e*n)*x^2 + (b^2*e^2*n*x^4 + 2*b^2*d*e*n*x^2 + b^2*d^2*n)*log(x^n)), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((e*x^2 + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex^2 + d)(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2),x)`output `int(1/((d + e*x^2)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2), x)`**Reduce [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d + \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e x^2 + 2 \log(x^n c) a b d + 2 \log(x^n c) a b e x^2 + a^2 d + a^2 e x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x^2+d)/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(1/(log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d + log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*x**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*x**2 + a**2*d + a**2*e*x**2),x)`

3.7 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{d+ex+fx^2} dx$

Optimal result	150
Mathematica [A] (verified)	151
Rubi [A] (verified)	151
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	152
Fricas [F]	153
Sympy [F]	153
Maxima [F(-2)]	154
Giac [F]	154
Mupad [F(-1)]	154
Reduce [F]	155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(1 + \frac{2fx}{e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4df}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4df}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(1 + \frac{2fx}{e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4df}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4df}} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2fx}{e - \sqrt{e^2 - 4df}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4df}} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2fx}{e + \sqrt{e^2 - 4df}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4df}}$$

output

```
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1+2*f*x/(e-(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)-(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1+2*f*x/(e+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)+b*n*poly
log(2,-2*f*x/(e-(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)-b*n*polylog(2,-2*f
*x/(e+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e+2fx}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}}\right) + b \log(cx^n) \log\left(\frac{e-\sqrt{e^2-4df}+2fx}{e-\sqrt{e^2-4df}}\right) - b \log(cx^n) \log\left(\frac{e+\sqrt{e^2-4df}+2fx}{e+\sqrt{e^2-4df}}\right) + bn \operatorname{PolyLog}}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*x + f*x^2),x]`

output

```
(-2*a*ArcTanh[(e + 2*f*x)/Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f]] + b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[(e - Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f] + 2*f*x)/(e - Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])] - b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[(e + Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f] + 2*f*x)/(e + Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])] + b*n*PolyLog[2, (2*f*x)/(-e + Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])] - b*n*PolyLog[2, (-2*f*x)/(e + Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])])/Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {2804, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2804}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{2f(a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4df} (-\sqrt{e^2 - 4df} + e + 2fx)} - \frac{2f(a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e^2 - 4df} (\sqrt{e^2 - 4df} + e + 2fx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\frac{2fx}{e-\sqrt{e^2-4df}}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{2fx}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}+e}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}} +$$

$$\frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2fx}{e-\sqrt{e^2-4df}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{2fx}{e+\sqrt{e^2-4df}}\right)}{\sqrt{e^2-4df}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*x + f*x^2), x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (2*f*x)/(e - Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])])/Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f] - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (2*f*x)/(e + Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])])/Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f] + (b*n*PolyLog[2, (-2*f*x)/(e - Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])])/Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f] - (b*n*PolyLog[2, (-2*f*x)/(e + Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f])])/Sqrt[e^2 - 4*d*f]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2804 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^p_.*(RFx_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, RFx, x]}, Int[u, x] /; SumQ[u]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && RationalFunctionQ[RFx, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{2fx+e}{\sqrt{4df-e^2}}\right) n \ln(x)}{\sqrt{4df-e^2}} + \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{2fx+e}{\sqrt{4df-e^2}}\right) \ln(x^n)}{\sqrt{4df-e^2}} + \frac{bn \ln(x) \ln\left(\frac{-2fx+\sqrt{-4df+e^2}-e}{-e+\sqrt{-4df+e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-4df+e^2}} - \frac{bn \ln(x) \ln\left(\frac{e+\sqrt{-4df+e^2}}{e+\sqrt{-4df+e^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-4df+e^2}}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/(f*x^2+e*x+d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2*b/(4*d*f-e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((2*f*x+e)/(4*d*f-e^2)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)+2*b/(4*
d*f-e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((2*f*x+e)/(4*d*f-e^2)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)+b*n*ln(x)/(-4*d
*f+e^2)^(1/2)*ln((-2*f*x+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)-e)/(-e+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))-b*
n*ln(x)/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)*ln((e+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)+2*f*x)/(e+(-4*d*f+e^2)
^(1/2)))+b*n/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)*dilog((-2*f*x+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)-e)/(-e+(-
4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))-b*n/(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)*dilog((e+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)+2*f*
x)/(e+(-4*d*f+e^2)^(1/2)))+2*(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I
*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I
*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)/(4*d*f-e^2)^(1/2)*arctan((2*f*x
+e)/(4*d*f-e^2)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{fx^2 + ex + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(f*x^2+e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/(f*x^2 + e*x + d), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/(f*x**2+e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(d + e*x + f*x**2), x)
```

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(f*x^2+e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*d*f-e^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{fx^2 + ex + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(f*x^2+e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/(f*x^2 + e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{fx^2 + ex + d} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*x + f*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*x + f*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + ex + fx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{4df - e^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2fx+e}{\sqrt{4df-e^2}}\right) a + 4\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{fx^2+ex+d} dx\right) bdf - \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{fx^2+ex+d} dx\right) b e^2}{4df - e^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(f*x^2+e*x+d),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(4*d*f - e**2)*atan((e + 2*f*x)/sqrt(4*d*f - e**2))*a + 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d + e*x + f*x**2),x)*b*d*f - int(log(x**n*c)/(d + e*x + f*x**2),x)*b*e**2)/(4*d*f - e**2)`

3.8 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$

Optimal result	156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	157
Rubi [A] (verified)	157
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	158
Fricas [F]	159
Sympy [F(-1)]	159
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	160
Giac [F]	160
Mupad [F(-1)]	161
Reduce [F]	161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = -\frac{5bnx}{16e^3} + \frac{3bnx^2}{32e^2} - \frac{7bnx^3}{144e} + \frac{1}{32}bnx^4$$

$$+ \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$+ \frac{bn \log(1 + ex)}{16e^4} - \frac{1}{16}bnx^4 \log(1 + ex)$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{4e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)$$

$$- \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{4e^4}$$

output

```
-5/16*b*n*x/e^3+3/32*b*n*x^2/e^2-7/144*b*n*x^3/e+1/32*b*n*x^4+1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2+1/12*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/16*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/16*b*n*ln(e*x+1)/e^4-1/16*b*n*x^4*ln(e*x+1)-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e^4+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-1/4*b*n*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{72aex - 90benx - 36ae^2x^2 + 27be^2nx^2 + 24ae^3x^3 - 14be^3nx^3 - 18ae^4x^4 + 9be^4nx^4 - 72a \log(1 + ex) - 72bn \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(ex)]}{288e^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output `(72*a*e*x - 90*b*e*n*x - 36*a*e^2*x^2 + 27*b*e^2*n*x^2 + 24*a*e^3*x^3 - 14*b*e^3*n*x^3 - 18*a*e^4*x^4 + 9*b*e^4*n*x^4 - 72*a*Log[1 + e*x] + 18*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 72*a*e^4*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] - 18*b*e^4*n*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b*Log[c*x^n]*(e*x*(12 - 6*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2 - 3*e^3*x^3) + 12*(-1 + e^4*x^4)*Log[1 + e*x]) - 72*b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(288*e^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{4} \log(ex + 1)x^3 - \frac{x^3}{16} + \frac{x^2}{12e} - \frac{x}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4e^3} - \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{4e^4x} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^4} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(ex +$$

$$1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4e^4} + \frac{x(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4\log(ex+1) \\
& 1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn\left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2,-ex)}{4e^4} - \frac{\log(ex+1)}{16e^4} + \frac{12e}{16e^3} - \frac{3x^2}{32e^2} + \frac{1}{16}x^4\log(ex+1) + \frac{7x^3}{144e} - \frac{x^4}{32}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output $(x*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(4*e^3) - (x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(8*e^2) + (x^3*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(12*e) - (x^4*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/16 - ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*e^4) + (x^4*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/4 - b*n*((5*x)/(16*e^3) - (3*x^2)/(32*e^2) + (7*x^3)/(144*e) - x^4/32 - Log[1 + e*x]/(16*e^4) + (x^4*Log[1 + e*x])/16 + \text{PolyLog}[2, -(e*x)]/(4*e^4))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 12.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
risch	$ \left(\frac{bx^4 \ln(ex+1)}{4} - \frac{b(3e^4x^4 - 4e^3x^3 + 6e^2x^2 - 12ex + 12 \ln(ex+1))}{48e^4}\right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{\left(\frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)}{2}\right)}{48e^4} $

input `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (1/4*b*x^4*\ln(e*x+1)-1/48*b*(3*e^4*x^4-4*e^3*x^3+6*e^2*x^2-12*e*x+12*\ln(e*x+1))/e^4)*\ln(x^n)+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*\ln(c)+a)/e^4*(1/4*(e*x+1)^4*\ln(e*x+1)-1/16*(e*x+1)^4-\ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)^3+1/3*(e*x+1)^3/2*\ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)^2-3/4*(e*x+1)^2-\ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)+e*x+1)+1/32*b*n*x^4-7/144*b*n*x^3/e+3/32*b*n*x^2/e^2-5/16*b*n*x/e^3-35/72*n*b/e^4-1/16*b*n*x^4*\ln(e*x+1)+1/16*b*n*\ln(e*x+1)/e^4-1/4*n*b/e^4*dilog(e*x+1) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b*x^3*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*x^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex))bn}{4e^4} + \frac{(b(n - 4 \log(c)) - 4a) \log(ex + 1)}{16e^4}$$

$$- \frac{9(2ae^4 - (e^4n - 2e^4 \log(c))b)x^4 - 2(12ae^3 - (7e^3n - 12e^3 \log(c))b)x^3 + 9(4ae^2 - (3e^2n - 4e^2 \log(c))b)x^2 - 18(4ae - (3e^2n - 4e^2 \log(c))b)x - 18(4a^2 - (e^2n - 4e^2 \log(c))b)}{16e^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(log(e*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-e*x))*b*n/e^4 + 1/16*(b*(n - 4*log(c)) - 4*a)*log(e*x + 1)/e^4 - 1/288*(9*(2*a*e^4 - (e^4*n - 2*e^4*log(c))*b)*x^4 - 2*(12*a*e^3 - (7*e^3*n - 12*e^3*log(c))*b)*x^3 + 9*(4*a*e^2 - (3*e^2*n - 4*e^2*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 18*((5*e*n - 4*e*log(c))*b - 4*a*e)*x - 18*((4*a*e^4 - (e^4*n - 4*e^4*log(c))*b)*x^4 + 4*b*n*log(x))*log(e*x + 1) + 6*(3*b*e^4*x^4 - 4*b*e^3*x^3 + 6*b*e^2*x^2 - 12*b*e*x - 12*(b*e^4*x^4 - b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/e^4`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^3 \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`output `int(x^3*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{72 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) b n + 72 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b e^4 n x^4 + 72 \log(ex + 1) a e^4 n x^4 - 72 \log(ex + 1) a n - 18 \log(ex + 1) b e^4 n^2 x^4 + 18 \log(ex + 1) b n^2 - 36 \log(x^n c)^2 b - 18 \log(x^n c) b e^4 n x^4 + 24 \log(x^n c) b e^3 n x^3 - 36 \log(x^n c) b e^2 n x^2 + 72 \log(x^n c) b e n x - 18 a e^4 n x^4 + 24 a e^3 n x^3 - 36 a e^2 n x^2 + 72 a e n x + 9 b e^4 n^2 x^4 - 14 b e^3 n^2 x^3 + 27 b e^2 n^2 x^2 - 90 b e n^2 x}{(288 e^4 n)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x)`output `(72*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b*n + 72*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*n*x**4 + 72*log(e*x + 1)*a*e**4*n*x**4 - 72*log(e*x + 1)*a*n - 18*log(e*x + 1)*b*e**4*n**2*x**4 + 18*log(e*x + 1)*b*n**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)**2*b - 18*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*n*x**4 + 24*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*n*x**3 - 36*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*n*x**2 + 72*log(x**n*c)*b*e*n*x - 18*a*e**4*n*x**4 + 24*a*e**3*n*x**3 - 36*a*e**2*n*x**2 + 72*a*e*n*x + 9*b*e**4*n**2*x**4 - 14*b*e**3*n**2*x**3 + 27*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 90*b*e*n**2*x)/(288*e**4*n)`

3.9 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 178

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = & \frac{4bnx}{9e^2} - \frac{5bnx^2}{36e} + \frac{2}{27}bnx^3 - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} \\ & + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\ & - \frac{bn \log(1 + ex)}{9e^3} - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \log(1 + ex) \\ & + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{3e^3} \\ & + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\ & + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{3e^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4/9*b*n*x/e^2-5/36*b*n*x^2/e+2/27*b*n*x^3-1/3*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2+1/6*x^
2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/9*b*n*ln(e*x+1)/e^3-1/9*b*n*
x^3*ln(e*x+1)+1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e^3+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln
(e*x+1)+1/3*b*n*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-36aex + 48benx + 18ae^2x^2 - 15be^2nx^2 - 12ae^3x^3 + 8be^3nx^3 + 36a \log(1 + ex) - 12bn \log(1 + ex) + \dots}{108e^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output `(-36*a*e*x + 48*b*e*n*x + 18*a*e^2*x^2 - 15*b*e^2*n*x^2 - 12*a*e^3*x^3 + 8*b*e^3*n*x^3 + 36*a*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 36*a*e^3*x^3*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*b*e^3*n*x^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b*Log[c*x^n]*(e*x*(-6 + 3*e*x - 2*e^2*x^2) + 6*(1 + e^3*x^3)*Log[1 + e*x]) + 36*b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(108*e^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(ex + 1)x^2 - \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{x}{6e} - \frac{1}{3e^2} + \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{3e^3x} \right) dx + \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}x^3\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a+b\log(cx^n)) - bn\left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2,-ex)}{3e^3} + \frac{\log(ex+1)}{9e^3} - \frac{4x}{9e^2} + \frac{1}{9}x^3\log(ex+1) + \frac{5x^2}{36e} - \frac{2x^3}{27}\right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output `-1/3*(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e^2 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*e) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(3*e^3) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/3 - b*n*((-4*x)/(9*e^2) + (5*x^2)/(36*e) - (2*x^3)/27 + Log[1 + e*x]/(9*e^3) + (x^3*Log[1 + e*x])/9 - PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]/(3*e^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
risch	$\left(\frac{bx^3 \ln(ex+1)}{3} + \frac{b(-2e^3x^3+3e^2x^2-6ex+6\ln(ex+1))}{18e^3}\right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{\left(\frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)}{2}\right)}{2}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (1/3*b*x^3*\ln(e*x+1)+1/18*b*(-2*e^3*x^3+3*e^2*x^2-6*e*x+6*\ln(e*x+1))/e^3)* \\ & \ln(x^n)+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn \\ & n(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2 \\ & *csgn(I*c)+b*\ln(c)+a)/e^3*(1/3*\ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)^3-1/9*(e*x+1)^3-\ln(e*x+1) \\ & *(e*x+1)^2+1/2*(e*x+1)^2+\ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)-e*x-1)+2/27*b*n*x^3-5/36*b*n*x^ \\ & 2/e+4/9*b*n*x/e^2+71/108/e^3*n*b-1/9*b*n*x^3*\ln(e*x+1)-1/9*b*n*\ln(e*x+1)/e \\ & ^3+1/3/e^3*n*b*dilog(e*x+1) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b*x^2*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*x^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex))bn}{3e^3} - \frac{(b(n - 3 \log(c)) - 3a) \log(ex + 1)}{9e^3}$$

$$- \frac{4(3ae^3 - (2e^3n - 3e^3 \log(c))b)x^3 - 3(6ae^2 - (5e^2n - 6e^2 \log(c))b)x^2 - 12((4en - 3e \log(c))b -$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(log(e*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-e*x))*b*n/e^3 - 1/9*(b*(n - 3*log(c)) - 3*a)*log(e*x + 1)/e^3 - 1/108*(4*(3*a*e^3 - (2*e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*b)*x^3 - 3*(6*a*e^2 - (5*e^2*n - 6*e^2*log(c))*b)*x^2 - 12*((4*e*n - 3*e*log(c))*b - 3*a*e)*x - 12*((3*a*e^3 - (e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*b)*x^3 - 3*b*n*log(x))*log(e*x + 1) + 6*(2*b*e^3*x^3 - 3*b*e^2*x^2 + 6*b*e*x - 6*(b*e^3*x^3 + b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/e^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^2 \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`output `int(x^2*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-36 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) b n + 36 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b e^3 n x^3 + 36 \log(ex + 1) a e^3 n x^3 + 36 \log(ex + 1) a n - 12 \log(ex + 1) b e^3 n^2 x^3 - 12 \log(ex + 1) b n^2 + 18 \log(x^n c)^2 b - 12 \log(x^n c) b e^3 n x^3 + 18 \log(x^n c) b e^2 n x^2 - 36 \log(x^n c) b e n x - 12 a e^3 n x^3 + 18 a e^2 n x^2 - 36 a e n x + 8 b e^3 n^2 x^3 - 15 b e^2 n^2 x^2 + 48 b e n^2 x}{108 e^3 n}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x)`output `(- 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b*n + 36*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b
*e**3*n*x**3 + 36*log(e*x + 1)*a*e**3*n*x**3 + 36*log(e*x + 1)*a*n - 12*lo
g(e*x + 1)*b*e**3*n**2*x**3 - 12*log(e*x + 1)*b*n**2 + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b
- 12*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*n*x**3 + 18*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 36*log(x*
*n*c)*b*e*n*x - 12*a*e**3*n*x**3 + 18*a*e**2*n*x**2 - 36*a*e*n*x + 8*b*e**
3*n**2*x**3 - 15*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 48*b*e*n**2*x)/(108*e**3*n)`

3.10 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$

Optimal result	168
Mathematica [A] (verified)	169
Rubi [A] (verified)	169
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	170
Fricas [F]	171
Sympy [F(-1)]	171
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	172
Giac [F]	172
Mupad [F(-1)]	173
Reduce [F]	173

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 146

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = & -\frac{3bnx}{4e} + \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} \\ & - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{bn \log(1 + ex)}{4e^2} \\ & - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \log(1 + ex) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{2e^2} \\ & + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\ & - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{2e^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3/4*b*n*x/e+1/4*b*n*x^2+1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1
/4*b*n*ln(e*x+1)/e^2-1/4*b*n*x^2*ln(e*x+1)-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e
^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-1/2*b*n*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2aex - 3benx - ae^2x^2 + be^2nx^2 - 2a \log(1 + ex) + bn \log(1 + ex) + 2ae^2x^2 \log(1 + ex) - be^2nx^2 \log(1 + ex)}{4e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output `(2*a*e*x - 3*b*e*n*x - a*e^2*x^2 + b*e^2*n*x^2 - 2*a*Log[1 + e*x] + b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*a*e^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] + b*Log[c*x^n]*(e*x*(2 - e*x) + 2*(-1 + e^2*x^2)*Log[1 + e*x]) - 2*b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(4*e^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \log(ex + 1)x - \frac{x}{4} + \frac{1}{2e} - \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{2e^2x} \right) dx - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{2e^2} - \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{4e^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^2 \log(ex + 1) + \frac{3x}{4e} - \frac{x^2}{4} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output $(x*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(2*e) - (x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/4 - ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])* \text{Log}[1 + e*x])/(2*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])* \text{Log}[1 + e*x])/2 - b*n*((3*x)/(4*e) - x^2/4 - \text{Log}[1 + e*x]/(4*e^2) + (x^2*\text{Log}[1 + e*x])/4 + \text{PolyLog}[2, -(e*x)]/(2*e^2))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
risch	$\left(\frac{bx^2 \ln(ex+1)}{2} - \frac{b(e^2x^2 - 2ex + 2\ln(ex+1))}{4e^2}\right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{\left(\frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic)}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic)}{2}\right)}{2}$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(1/2*b*x^2*ln(e*x+1)-1/4*b*(e^2*x^2-2*e*x+2*ln(e*x+1))/e^2)*ln(x^n)+(1/2*I
*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csg
n(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*I
n(c)+a)/e^2*(1/2*ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)^2-1/4*(e*x+1)^2-ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)+e*x+1
)+1/4*b*n*x^2-3/4*b*n*x/e-1/e^2*n*b-1/4*b*n*x^2*ln(e*x+1)+1/4*b*n*ln(e*x+1
)/e^2-1/2/e^2*n*b*dilog(e*x+1)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b*x*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*x*log(e*x + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex))bn}{2e^2} + \frac{(b(n - 2 \log(c)) - 2a) \log(ex + 1)}{4e^2}$$

$$- \frac{(ae^2 - (e^2n - e^2 \log(c))b)x^2 + ((3en - 2e \log(c))b - 2ae)x - ((2ae^2 - (e^2n - 2e^2 \log(c))b)x^2 + 2b \log(ex + 1)) \log(x^n)}{4e^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(log(e*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-e*x))*b*n/e^2 + 1/4*(b*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a)*log(e*x + 1)/e^2 - 1/4*((a*e^2 - (e^2*n - e^2*log(c))*b)*x^2 + ((3*e*n - 2*e*log(c))*b - 2*a*e)*x - ((2*a*e^2 - (e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 2*b*n*log(x))*log(e*x + 1) + (b*e^2*x^2 - 2*b*e*x - 2*(b*e^2*x^2 - b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/e^2`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) b n + 2 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b e^2 n x^2 + 2 \log(ex + 1) a e^2 n x^2 - 2 \log(ex + 1) a n - \log(ex$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x)`

output `(2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b*n + 2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2
*n*x**2 + 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*e**2*n*x**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*n - log(e*x + 1)
*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 + log(e*x + 1)*b*n**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*b - log(x**n*c)*b
*e**2*n*x**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e*n*x - a*e**2*n*x**2 + 2*a*e*n*x + b*e**2*
n**2*x**2 - 3*b*e*n**2*x)/(4*e**2*n)`

3.11 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$

Optimal result	174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	174
Rubi [A] (verified)	175
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	176
Fricas [F]	177
Sympy [F(-1)]	177
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	177
Giac [F]	178
Mupad [F(-1)]	178
Reduce [F]	178

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = 2bnx - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{bn(1 + ex) \log(1 + ex)}{e} + \frac{(1 + ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{e} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e}$$

output

```
2*b*n*x-x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-b*n*(e*x+1)*ln(e*x+1)/e+(e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e+b*n*polylog(2,-e*x)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \frac{-aex + 2benx + a \log(1 + ex) - bn \log(1 + ex) + aex \log(1 + ex) - benx \log(1 + ex) + b \log(cx^n) (-e - ex)}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-a e^x) + 2 b e^n x + a \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x] - b n \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x] + a e^x \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x] - b e^n x \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x] + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n] * (-e^x) + (1 + e^x) \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x] + b n \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(e^x)]}{e}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2817$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1)}{ex} - 1 \right) dx + \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e x(a + b \log(cx^n))}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \left(-\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}_e(2, -ex)}{e} + \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1)}{e} - 2x \right)$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n]) * \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x], x]$$

output

$$-(x * (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n])) + ((1 + e^x) * (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n]) * \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x]) / e - b n * (-2 * x + ((1 + e^x) * \operatorname{Log}[1 + e^x]) / e - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(e^x)] / e)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

method	result
risch	$\left(bx \ln(ex + 1) + \frac{b(-ex + \ln(ex + 1))}{e} \right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{\left(\frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic)}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)}{2} \right)}{e}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(b*x*ln(e*x+1)+b*(-e*x+ln(e*x+1))/e)*ln(x^n)+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)/e*(ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)-e*x-1)-x*b*n*ln(e*x+1)+2*b*n*x-n*b/e*ln(e*x+1)+n*b/e*dilog(e*x+1)+2*n*b/e`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx \\ &= \frac{(\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex))bn}{e} - \frac{(b(n - \log(c)) - a) \log(ex + 1)}{e} \\ &+ \frac{((2en - e \log(c))b - ae)x - (bn \log(x) + ((en - e \log(c))b - ae)x) \log(ex + 1) - (bex - (bex + b) \log(ex + 1))}{e} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(\log(e*x + 1)*\log(x) + \operatorname{dilog}(-e*x))*b*n/e - (b*(n - \log(c)) - a)*\log(e*x + 1)/e + (((2*e*n - e*\log(c))*b - a*e)*x - (b*n*\log(x) + (e*n - e*\log(c))*b - a*e)*x)*\log(e*x + 1) - (b*e*x - (b*e*x + b)*\log(e*x + 1))*\log(x^n))/e$

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx = \int \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) b n + 2 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b e n x + 2 \log(ex + 1) a e n x + 2 \log(ex + 1) a n - 2 \log(ex + 1) a n}{2 e n}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1),x)`

output

```
( - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b*n + 2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*e
*n*x + 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*e*n*x + 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*n - 2*log(e*x + 1)*b*e*n*
*2*x - 2*log(e*x + 1)*b*n**2 + log(x**n*c)**2*b - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e*n*x -
2*a*e*n*x + 4*b*e*n**2*x)/(2*e*n)
```


3.12 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+ex)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	180
Mathematica [A] (verified)	180
Rubi [A] (verified)	181
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	182
Fricas [F]	182
Sympy [F(-1)]	182
Maxima [F]	183
Giac [F]	183
Mupad [F(-1)]	183
Reduce [F]	184

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = -((a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)) + bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)$$

output

```
-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)+b*n*polylog(3,-e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = -a \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) - b \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x,x]
```

output

```
-(a*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]) - b*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] + b*n*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

↓ 2821

$$bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{x} dx - \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

↓ 7143

$$bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) - \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x,x]`

output `-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]) + b*n*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_.) + (b_)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

method	result
risch	$\operatorname{dilog}(ex + 1) \ln(x) bn - \operatorname{polylog}(2, -ex) \ln(x) bn - \ln(x^n) \operatorname{dilog}(ex + 1) b + bn \operatorname{polylog}(3, -$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `dilog(e*x+1)*ln(x)*b*n-polylog(2,-e*x)*ln(x)*b*n-ln(x^n)*dilog(e*x+1)*b+b*n*polylog(3,-e*x)-(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*dilog(e*x+1)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*log(e*x + 1))/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1)/x,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(e*x + 1)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(e*x + 1)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) b + \frac{\log(ex + 1)^2 a}{2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(e*x + 1)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a + 2*int((log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b + log(e*x + 1)**2*a)/2`

3.13 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+ex)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	185
Mathematica [A] (verified)	186
Rubi [A] (verified)	186
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	187
Fricas [F]	188
Sympy [F]	188
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	188
Giac [F]	189
Mupad [F(-1)]	189
Reduce [F]	190

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = ben \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}ben \log^2(x) + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - ben \log(1 + ex) - \frac{bn \log(1 + ex)}{x} - e(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} - ben \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)$$

output

```
b*e*n*ln(x)-1/2*b*e*n*ln(x)^2+e*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-b*e*n*ln(e*x+1)-b*n*ln(e*x+1)/x-e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x-b*e*n*polylog(2,-e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2}ben \log^2(x) + e \log(x) (a + bn + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{(1 + ex) (a + bn + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} - ben \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*e*n*Log[x]^2) + e*Log[x]*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]) - ((1 + e*x)*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x - b*e*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{e \log(x)}{x} - \frac{e \log(ex + 1)}{x} - \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{x^2} \right) dx + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - bn \left(e \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) - e \log(x) + e \log(ex + 1) + \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{x} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `e*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x] - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x - b*n*(-(e*Log[x]) + (e*Log[x]^2)/2 + e*Log[1 + e*x] + Log[1 + e*x]/x + e*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
risch	$\left(-\frac{b \ln(ex+1)}{x} + be \ln(x) - be \ln(ex+1)\right) \ln(x^n) - \frac{ben \ln(x)^2}{2} - nbe \operatorname{dilog}(ex+1) + nbe \ln(ex) -$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-b/x*ln(e*x+1)+b*e*ln(x)-b*e*ln(e*x+1))*ln(x^n)-1/2*b*e*n*ln(x)^2-n*b*e*dilog(e*x+1)+n*b*e*ln(e*x)-b*e*n*ln(e*x+1)-b*n*ln(e*x+1)/x+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*e*(ln(e*x)-ln(e*x+1)/x/e*(e*x+1))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*log(e*x + 1))/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*log(e*x + 1)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = -(\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex))ben$$

$$- ((en + e \log(c))b + ae) \log(ex + 1) + ((en + e \log(c))b + ae) \log(x)$$

$$- \frac{benx \log(x)^2 - 2(benx \log(x) - b(n + \log(c)) - a) \log(ex + 1) - 2(bex \log(x) - (bex + b) \log(ex + 1))}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(log(e*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-e*x))*b*e*n - ((e*n + e*log(c))*b + a*e)*lo
g(e*x + 1) + ((e*n + e*log(c))*b + a*e)*log(x) - 1/2*(b*e*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2
*(b*e*n*x*log(x) - b*(n + log(c)) - a)*log(e*x + 1) - 2*(b*e*x*log(x) - (b
*e*x + b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(e*x + 1)/x^2, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^3 + x^2} dx\right) b x - \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b - \log(ex + 1) a e x - \log(ex + 1) a - \log(ex + 1) b e n x - \log(ex + 1) b n}{x}$$

input

```
int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*b*x - log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b -
log(e*x + 1)*a*e*x - log(e*x + 1)*a - log(e*x + 1)*b*e*n*x - log(e*x + 1)*
b*n - log(x**n*c)*b + log(x)*a*e*x + log(x)*b*e*n*x - b*n)/x
```

3.14 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+ex)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	191
Mathematica [A] (verified)	192
Rubi [A] (verified)	192
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	194
Fricas [F]	194
Sympy [F(-1)]	195
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	195
Giac [F]	196
Mupad [F(-1)]	196
Reduce [F]	196

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3ben}{4x} - \frac{1}{4}be^2n \log(x) + \frac{1}{4}be^2n \log^2(x) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} - \frac{1}{2}e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}be^2n \log(1 + ex) - \frac{bn \log(1 + ex)}{4x^2} + \frac{1}{2}e^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2}be^2n \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)$$

output

```
-3/4*b*e*n/x-1/4*b*e^2*n*ln(x)+1/4*b*e^2*n*ln(x)^2-1/2*e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x
-1/2*e^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/4*b*e^2*n*ln(e*x+1)-1/4*b*n*ln(e*x+1)/x^2
+1/2*e^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^2+1/2*b
*e^2*n*polylog(2,-e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} b e^2 \log(x) (n + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) + \frac{b(-en - 2e(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{4x}$$

$$- \frac{a \log(1 + ex)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4} b e^2 (n + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + ex)$$

$$- \frac{b(n + 2n \log(x) + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + ex)}{4x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} a e \left(-\frac{1}{x} - e \log(x) + e \log(1 + ex) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} b e n \left(-\frac{1}{x} - \frac{\log(x)}{x} - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e^2 \left(\frac{\log(x) \log(1 + ex)}{e} + \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(b*e^2*Log[x]*(n + 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))) + (b*(-(e*n) - 2*e*
(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/(4*x) - (a*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*x^2) + (b*e^2*(n
+ 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + e*x])/4 - (b*(n + 2*n*Log[x] + 2*(
-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*x^2) + (a*e*(-x^(-1) - e*Log[x]
] + e*Log[1 + e*x]))/2 + (b*e*n*(-x^(-1) - Log[x]/x - (e*Log[x]^2)/2 + e^2
*((Log[x]*Log[1 + e*x])/e + PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]/e)))/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96,
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules
 used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2823 \\
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(x)e^2}{2x} + \frac{\log(ex+1)e^2}{2x} - \frac{e}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(ex+1)}{2x^3} \right) dx - \frac{1}{2}e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2}e^2 \log(ex+1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} - \frac{\log(ex+1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2}e^2 \log(ex+1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log(ex+1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \\
& bn \left(-\frac{1}{2}e^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) - \frac{1}{4}e^2 \log^2(x) + \frac{1}{4}e^2 \log(x) - \frac{1}{4}e^2 \log(ex+1) + \frac{\log(ex+1)}{4x^2} + \frac{3e}{4x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x - (e^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 + (e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/2 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*x^2) - b*n*((3*e)/(4*x) + (e^2*Log[x])/4 - (e^2*Log[x]^2)/4 - (e^2*Log[1 + e*x])/4 + Log[1 + e*x]/(4*x^2) - (e^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
risch	$\left(-\frac{\ln(ex+1)b}{2x^2} - \frac{be(ex \ln(x) - e \ln(ex+1)x+1)}{2x}\right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{ne^2b \operatorname{dilog}(ex+1)}{2} - \frac{ne^2b \ln(ex)}{4} - \frac{3ben}{4x} + \frac{be^2n \ln(ex+1)}{4}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/2*\ln(e*x+1)/x^2*b-1/2*b*e*(e*x*\ln(x)-e*\ln(e*x+1)*x+1)/x)*\ln(x^n)+1/2*n \\ & *e^2*b*\operatorname{dilog}(e*x+1)-1/4*n*e^2*b*\ln(e*x)-3/4*b*e*n/x+1/4*b*e^2*n*\ln(e*x+1)- \\ & 1/4*b*n*\ln(e*x+1)/x^2+1/4*b*e^2*n*\ln(x)^2+(1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*x^n))*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c \\ & *x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*x^n)*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c*x^n)*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c \\ & *x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c)+b*\ln(c)+a)*e^2*(-1/2*\ln(e*x)- \\ & 1/2/e/x+1/2*\ln(e*x+1))*(e*x+1)*(e*x-1)/x^2/e^2) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*log(e*x + 1))/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex)) b e^2 n + \frac{1}{4} (2 a e^2 + (e^2 n + 2 e^2 \log(c)) b) \log(ex + 1)$$

$$+ \frac{b e^2 n x^2 \log(x)^2 - (2 a e^2 + (e^2 n + 2 e^2 \log(c)) b) x^2 \log(x) - ((3 e n + 2 e \log(c)) b + 2 a e) x - (2 b e^2 n x^2}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(log(e*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-e*x))*b*e^2*n + 1/4*(2*a*e^2 + (e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*b)*log(e*x + 1) + 1/4*(b*e^2*n*x^2*log(x)^2 - (2*a*e^2 + (e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*b)*x^2*log(x) - ((3*e*n + 2*e*log(c))*b + 2*a*e)*x - (2*b*e^2*n*x^2*log(x) + b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a)*log(e*x + 1) - 2*(b*e^2*x^2*log(x) + b*e*x - (b*e^2*x^2 - b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x^2`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(e*x + 1)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^4 + x^3} dx \right) b x^2 - 4 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b + 4 \log(ex + 1) a e^2 x^2 - 4 \log(ex + 1) a + 2 \log(ex + 1)}{8x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*b*x**2 - 4*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b + 4*log(e*x + 1)*a*e**2*x**2 - 4*log(e*x + 1)*a + 2*log(e*x + 1)*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*b*n - 2*log(x**n*c)*b - 4*log(x)*a*e**2*x**2 - 2*log(x)*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 4*a*e*x - 2*b*e*n*x - b*n)/(8*x**2)`

3.15 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+ex)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	198
Rubi [A] (verified)	198
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	199
Fricas [F]	200
Sympy [F(-1)]	200
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	201
Giac [F]	201
Mupad [F(-1)]	202
Reduce [F]	202

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{5ben}{36x^2} + \frac{4be^2n}{9x} + \frac{1}{9}be^3n \log(x) - \frac{1}{6}be^3n \log^2(x) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6x^2} + \frac{e^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x} + \frac{1}{3}e^3 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}be^3n \log(1 + ex) - \frac{bn \log(1 + ex)}{9x^3} - \frac{1}{3}e^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{3}be^3n \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)$$

output

```
-5/36*b*e*n/x^2+4/9*b*e^2*n/x+1/9*b*e^3*n*ln(x)-1/6*b*e^3*n*ln(x)^2-1/6*e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2+1/3*e^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x+1/3*e^3*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/9*b*e^3*n*ln(e*x+1)-1/9*b*n*ln(e*x+1)/x^3-1/3*e^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^3-1/3*b*e^3*n*polylog(2,-e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = \frac{6aex + 5benx - 12ae^2x^2 - 16be^2nx^2 + 6be^3nx^3 \log^2(x) + 6bex \log(cx^n) - 12be^2x^2 \log(cx^n) - 4e^3x^3 \log^2(1 + ex)}{x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/36*(6*a*e*x + 5*b*e*n*x - 12*a*e^2*x^2 - 16*b*e^2*n*x^2 + 6*b*e^3*n*x^3
*Log[x]^2 + 6*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 4*e^3*x^3*Log[x]
)*(3*a + b*n + 3*b*Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] +
12*a*e^3*x^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*b*e^3*n*x^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*b*Log[c*x^n]*L
og[1 + e*x] + 12*b*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*b*e^3*n*x^3*PolyLo
g[2, -(e*x)]/x^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{\log(x)e^3}{3x} - \frac{\log(ex + 1)e^3}{3x} + \frac{e^2}{3x^2} - \frac{e}{6x^3} - \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{3x^4} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}e^3 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{3}e^3 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{e^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x} -$$

$$\frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}e^3 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{3}e^3 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{e^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x} - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x^3} - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6x^2} - bn \left(\frac{1}{3}e^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + \frac{1}{6}e^3 \log^2(x) - \frac{1}{9}e^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{9}e^3 \log(ex + 1) - \frac{4e^2}{9x} + \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{9x^3} + \frac{5e}{36x^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x]/x^4, x]`

output `-1/6*(e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^2 + (e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*x) + (e^3*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/3 - (e^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/3 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(3*x^3) - b*n*((5*e)/(36*x^2) - (4*e^2)/(9*x) - (e^3*Log[x])/9 + (e^3*Log[x]^2)/6 + (e^3*Log[1 + e*x])/9 + Log[1 + e*x]/(9*x^3) + (e^3*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
risch	$\left(-\frac{\ln(ex+1)b}{3x^3} - \frac{be(2e^2 \ln(ex+1)x^2 - 2e^2 \ln(x)x^2 - 2ex+1)}{6x^2} \right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{4be^2n}{9x} - \frac{5ben}{36x^2} - \frac{be^3n \ln(x)^2}{6} - \frac{e^3bn \operatorname{dilog}(ex+1)}{3}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/3*\ln(e*x+1)/x^3*b-1/6*b*e*(2*e^2*\ln(e*x+1)*x^2-2*e^2*\ln(x)*x^2-2*e*x+1) \\ &)/x^2)*\ln(x^n)+4/9*b*e^2*n/x-5/36*b*e*n/x^2-1/6*b*e^3*n*\ln(x)^2-1/3*e^3*b* \\ & n*dilog(e*x+1)+1/9*n*e^3*b*\ln(e*x)-1/9*b*e^3*n*\ln(e*x+1)-1/9*b*n*\ln(e*x+1) \\ & /x^3+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I \\ & *c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*cs \\ & gn(I*c)+b*\ln(c)+a)*e^3*(1/3*\ln(e*x)-1/6/x^2/e^2+1/3/e/x-1/3*\ln(e*x+1)*(e*x \\ & +1)*((e*x+1)^2-3*e*x)/x^3/e^3) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a*log(e*x + 1))/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(e*x+1)/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3} (\log(ex + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-ex)) b e^3 n$$

$$- \frac{1}{9} (3 a e^3 + (e^3 n + 3 e^3 \log(c)) b) \log(ex + 1)$$

$$- \frac{6 b e^3 n x^3 \log(x)^2 - 4 (3 a e^3 + (e^3 n + 3 e^3 \log(c)) b) x^3 \log(x) - 4 (3 a e^2 + (4 e^2 n + 3 e^2 \log(c)) b) x^2 + ($$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(log(e*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-e*x))*b*e^3*n - 1/9*(3*a*e^3 + (e^3*n + 3*e^3*log(c))*b)*log(e*x + 1) - 1/36*(6*b*e^3*n*x^3*log(x)^2 - 4*(3*a*e^3 + (e^3*n + 3*e^3*log(c))*b)*x^3*log(x) - 4*(3*a*e^2 + (4*e^2*n + 3*e^2*log(c))*b)*x^2 + ((5*e*n + 6*e*log(c))*b + 6*a*e)*x - 4*(3*b*e^3*n*x^3*log(x) - b*(n + 3*log(c)) - 3*a)*log(e*x + 1) - 6*(2*b*e^3*x^3*log(x) + 2*b*e^2*x^2 - b*e*x - 2*(b*e^3*x^3 + b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log(ex + 1)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(e*x + 1)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-18 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^5 + x^4} dx \right) b x^3 - 18 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b - 18 \log(ex + 1) a e^3 x^3 - 18 \log(ex + 1) a - 6 \log(ex + 1) a}{54 x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(e*x+1)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 18*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**5 + x**4),x)*b*x**3 - 18*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b - 18*log(e*x + 1)*a*e**3*x**3 - 18*log(e*x + 1)*a - 6*log(e*x + 1)*b*e**3*n*x**3 - 6*log(e*x + 1)*b*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*b + 18*log(x)*a*e**3*x**3 + 6*log(x)*b*e**3*n*x**3 + 18*a*e**2*x**2 - 9*a*e*x + 6*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 3*b*e*n*x - 2*b*n)/(54*x**3)`

3.16 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$

Optimal result	204
Mathematica [A] (verified)	205
Rubi [A] (verified)	206
Maple [F]	207
Fricas [F]	208
Sympy [F(-1)]	208
Maxima [F]	208
Giac [F]	209
Mupad [F(-1)]	209
Reduce [F]	209

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 456

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = & -\frac{abnx}{2e^3} + \frac{21b^2n^2x}{32e^3} - \frac{7b^2n^2x^2}{64e^2} + \frac{37b^2n^2x^3}{864e} \\
& - \frac{3}{128}b^2n^2x^4 - \frac{b^2nx \log(cx^n)}{2e^3} \\
& - \frac{bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8e^3} + \frac{3bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{16e^2} \\
& - \frac{7bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{72e} \\
& + \frac{1}{16}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8e^2} \\
& + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
& - \frac{b^2n^2 \log(1 + ex)}{32e^4} + \frac{1}{32}b^2n^2x^4 \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{8e^4} \\
& - \frac{1}{8}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{4e^4} \\
& + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{8e^4} \\
& - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{2e^4} \\
& + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{2e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*a*b*n*x/e^3+21/32*b^2*n^2*x/e^3-7/64*b^2*n^2*x^2/e^2+37/864*b^2*n^2*x
^3/e-3/128*b^2*n^2*x^4-1/2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/e^3-1/8*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/e^3+3/16*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-7/72*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e+1/16*
b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^3-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^2/e^2+1/12*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-1/16*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/32*b^2*n
^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^4+1/32*b^2*n^2*x^4*ln(e*x+1)+1/8*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x
+1)/e^4-1/8*b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x
+1)/e^4+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)+1/8*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^
4-1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^4+1/2*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-e*x)/
e^4

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 594, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{864a^2ex - 2160abex + 2268b^2en^2x - 432a^2e^2x^2 + 648abe^2nx^2 - 378b^2e^2n^2x^2 + 288a^2e^3x^3 - 336abe^3n^2x^3}{e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x],x]
```

output

```

(864*a^2*e*x - 2160*a*b*e*n*x + 2268*b^2*e*n^2*x - 432*a^2*e^2*x^2 + 648*a
*b*e^2*n*x^2 - 378*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2 + 288*a^2*e^3*x^3 - 336*a*b*e^3*n*x^3 +
148*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^3 - 216*a^2*e^4*x^4 + 216*a*b*e^4*n*x^4 - 81*b^2*e^4*n^
2*x^4 + 1728*a*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] - 2160*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - 864*a*b*e^2*
x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 648*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 576*a*b*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]
- 336*b^2*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 432*a*b*e^4*x^4*Log[c*x^n] + 216*b^2*e^4
*n*x^4*Log[c*x^n] + 864*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 432*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^
2 + 288*b^2*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 216*b^2*e^4*x^4*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 864*a^2*
Log[1 + e*x] + 432*a*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] - 108*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 864*a^2
*e^4*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] - 432*a*b*e^4*n*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] + 108*b^2*e^4*n^2*x
^4*Log[1 + e*x] - 1728*a*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 432*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*
Log[1 + e*x] + 1728*a*b*e^4*x^4*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 432*b^2*e^4*n*x^
4*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 864*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 864*b^2*e^
4*x^4*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 432*b*n*(-4*a + b*n - 4*b*Log[c*x^n])*Po
lyLog[2, -(e*x)] + 1728*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)]/(3456*e^4)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2824$$

$$-2bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{16}(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(ex + 1)x^3 + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^2}{12e} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) x}{8e^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^4} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2bn \left(\frac{-\frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^4} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8e^2}}{4e^4} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{16e^4} + \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{16e^3} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{16e^3} - \frac{3x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{32e^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e^3) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*e^2) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(12*e) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/16 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*e^4) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/4 - 2*b*n*((a*x)/(4*e^3) - (21*b*n*x)/(64*e^3) + (7*b*n*x^2)/(128*e^2) - (37*b*n*x^3)/(1728*e) + (3*b*n*x^4)/256 + (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/(4*e^3) + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(16*e^3) - (3*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(32*e^2) + (7*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(144*e) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/32 + (b*n*Log[1 + e*x])/(64*e^4) - (b*n*x^4*Log[1 + e*x])/64 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(16*e^4) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/16 - (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(16*e^4) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(4*e^4) - (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(4*e^4))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2824

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*x^3*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*x^3*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^2*x^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/48*(3*b^2*e^4*x^4 - 4*b^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^2*e^2*x^2 - 12*b^2*e*x - 12*(b^2*e^4*x^4 - b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2/e^4 + 1/24*integrate((24*(b^2*e^4*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*e^4*log(c) + a^2*e^4)*x^4*log(e*x + 1) + (3*b^2*e^4*n*x^4 - 4*b^2*e^3*n*x^3 + 6*b^2*e^2*n*x^2 - 12*b^2*e*n*x + 12*((4*a*b*e^4 - (e^4*n - 4*e^4*log(c))*b^2)*x^4 + b^2*n)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x, x)/e^4`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^3 \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x)`

output

```
(864*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n + 1728*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x
**2 + x),x)*a*b*n - 432*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 864*lo
g(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**4*n*x**4 + 1728*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)
*a*b*e**4*n*x**4 - 432*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**4*n**2*x**4 + 864*
log(e*x + 1)*a**2*e**4*n*x**4 - 864*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*n - 432*log(e*x + 1)
*a*b*e**4*n**2*x**4 + 432*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 108*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*e
**4*n**3*x**4 - 108*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*n**3 - 288*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 - 864*
log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 216*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**4*n*x**4 + 288*log(x**n*c)
**2*b**2*e**3*n*x**3 - 432*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*n*x**2 + 864*log(x**n*
c)**2*b**2*e*n*x + 216*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*n - 432*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**4*n*
x**4 + 576*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3*n*x**3 - 864*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*n*x**2 +
1728*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*n*x + 216*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**4*n**2*x**4 - 336*lo
g(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*n**2*x**3 + 648*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 2160
*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n**2*x - 216*a**2*e**4*n*x**4 + 288*a**2*e**3*n*x**3 -
432*a**2*e**2*n*x**2 + 864*a**2*e*n*x + 216*a*b*e**4*n**2*x**4 - 336*a*b*
e**3*n**2*x**3 + 648*a*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 2160*a*b*e*n**2*x - 81*b**2*e**4
*n**3*x**4 + 148*b**2*e**3*n**3*x**3 - 378*b**2*e**2*n**3*x**2 + 2268*b**2
*e*n**3*x)/(3456*e**4*n)
```

3.17 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 396

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = & \frac{2abnx}{3e^2} - \frac{26b^2n^2x}{27e^2} + \frac{19b^2n^2x^2}{108e} - \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \\
 & + \frac{2b^2nx \log(cx^n)}{3e^2} + \frac{2bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^2} \\
 & - \frac{5bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{18e} \\
 & + \frac{4}{27}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^2} \\
 & + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & + \frac{2b^2n^2 \log(1 + ex)}{27e^3} + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{9e^3} \\
 & - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{3e^3} \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - \frac{2b^2n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{9e^3} \\
 & + \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{3e^3} \\
 & - \frac{2b^2n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{3e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2/3*a*b*n*x/e^2-26/27*b^2*n^2*x/e^2+19/108*b^2*n^2*x^2/e-2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3+
2/3*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/e^2+2/9*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-5/18*b*n*x^2*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))/e+4/27*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/3*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2+1/6*
x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-1/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2/27*b^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)/e
^3+2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*ln(e*x+1)-2/9*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e^3-2/9*b*
n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)+1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^3+1/3*x^
3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)-2/9*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^3+2/3*b*n*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^3-2/3*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^3

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-36a^2ex + 96abex - 104b^2en^2x + 18a^2e^2x^2 - 30abe^2nx^2 + 19b^2e^2n^2x^2 - 12a^2e^3x^3 + 16abe^3nx^3 - 8b^2e^3n^2x^3 - 72a^2e^3x^3 \log(cx^n) + 96ab^2e^3nx^3 \log(cx^n) + 36a^2b^2e^3x^3 \log^2(cx^n) - 30b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) - 24a^2b^2e^3x^3 \log^3(cx^n) + 16b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^3(cx^n) - 36b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) + 18b^2e^3x^3 \log^2(cx^n) + 36a^2e^3x^3 \log^2(1 + ex) - 24a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log(1 + ex) + 8b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log(1 + ex) + 36a^2e^3x^3 \log(1 + ex) - 24a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log(1 + ex) + 8b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(1 + ex) - 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) - 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) + 36b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 36b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) - 72b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex)}{(108e^3)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output $(-36a^2ex + 96a^2b^2en^2x + 18a^2e^2x^2 - 30a^2b^2e^3nx^2 + 19b^2e^2n^2x^2 - 12a^2e^3x^3 + 16a^2b^2e^3nx^3 - 8b^2e^3n^2x^3 - 72a^2e^3x^3 \log(cx^n) + 96ab^2e^3nx^3 \log(cx^n) + 36a^2b^2e^3x^3 \log^2(cx^n) - 30b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) - 24a^2b^2e^3x^3 \log^3(cx^n) + 16b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^3(cx^n) - 36b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) + 18b^2e^3x^3 \log^2(cx^n) + 36a^2e^3x^3 \log^2(1 + ex) - 24a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log(1 + ex) + 8b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log(1 + ex) + 36a^2e^3x^3 \log(1 + ex) - 24a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log(1 + ex) + 8b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(1 + ex) - 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) - 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) + 36b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 36b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 24b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) + 72a^2b^2e^3nx^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex) - 72b^2e^3n^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) \log^2(1 + ex))/(108e^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{9}(a + b \log(cx^n))x^2 + \frac{1}{3}(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(ex + 1)x^2 + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))x}{6e} - \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{3e^2} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3} \right. \\
& \quad \left. - \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 2bn \left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^2} + \frac{1}{9}x^3 \log(ex + 1) \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output `-1/3*(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/e^2 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(6*e) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/9 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(3*e^3) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/3 - 2*b*n*(-1/3*(a*x)/e^2 + (13*b*n*x)/(27*e^2) - (19*b*n*x^2)/(216*e) + (b*n*x^3)/27 - (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/(3*e^2) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e^2) + (5*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(36*e) - (2*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/27 - (b*n*Log[1 + e*x])/(27*e^3) - (b*n*x^3*Log[1 + e*x])/27 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(9*e^3) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/9 + (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(9*e^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(3*e^3) + (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(3*e^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*x^2*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x
+ 1) + a^2*x^2*log(e*x + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(2*b^2*e^3*x^3 - 3*b^2*e^2*x^2 + 6*b^2*e*x - 6*(b^2*e^3*x^3 + b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2/e^3 + 1/9*integrate((9*(b^2*e^3*log(c))^2 + 2*a*b*e^3*log(c) + a^2*e^3)*x^3*log(e*x + 1) + (2*b^2*e^3*n*x^3 - 3*b^2*e^2*n*x^2 + 6*b^2*e*n*x + 6*((3*a*b*e^3 - (e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*b^2)*x^3 - b^2*n)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x, x)/e^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^2 \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(x^2*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 \log(ex + 1) a^2 e^3 n x^3 + 8 \log(ex + 1) b^2 e^3 n^3 x^3 - 30 a b e^2 n^2 x^2 - 12 \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e^3 n x^3 + 16 \log(x^n c) b^2 e^3 n x^3}{108 e^3 n}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x)`output `(- 36*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n - 72*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a*b*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 36*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**3*n*x**3 + 72*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3*n*x**3 - 24*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*n**2*x**3 + 36*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*e**3*n*x**3 + 36*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*n - 24*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*e**3*n**2*x**3 - 24*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 8*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*e**3*n**3*x**3 + 8*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*n**3 + 12*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 + 36*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**3*n*x**3 + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*n*x**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*n*x - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*n - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3*n*x**3 + 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 72*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*n*x + 16*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*n**2*x**3 - 30*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 96*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n**2*x - 12*a**2*e**3*n*x**3 + 18*a**2*e**2*n*x**2 - 36*a**2*e*n*x + 16*a*b*e**3*n**2*x**3 - 30*a*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 96*a*b*e*n**2*x - 8*b**2*e**3*n**3*x**3 + 19*b**2*e**2*n**3*x**2 - 104*b**2*e*n**3*x)/(108*e**3*n)`

3.18 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 327

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = & -\frac{abnx}{e} + \frac{7b^2n^2x}{4e} - \frac{3}{8}b^2n^2x^2 - \frac{b^2nx \log(cx^n)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e} - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & - \frac{b^2n^2 \log(1 + ex)}{4e^2} + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
 & + \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
 & + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{2e^2} \\
 & - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e^2} \\
 & + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-a*b*n*x/e+7/4*b^2*n^2*x/e-3/8*b^2*n^2*x^2-b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/e-1/2*b*n*x*(
a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e+1/2*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-1/4
*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^2+1/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*ln(e*x+1)
+1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e^2-1/2*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+
1)-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)
+1/2*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^2-b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^2+b
^2*n^2*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2ex - 12abex + 14b^2en^2x - 2a^2e^2x^2 + 4abe^2nx^2 - 3b^2e^2n^2x^2 + 8abex \log(cx^n) - 12b^2enx \log(cx^n)}{e^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x],x]
```

output

```
(4*a^2*e*x - 12*a*b*e*n*x + 14*b^2*e*n^2*x - 2*a^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*e^2*n*x
^2 - 3*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2 + 8*a*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] -
4*a*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x
n]^2 - 2*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 4*a^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*a*b*n*Log[1 + e
*x] - 2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*a^2*e^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 4*a*b*e^2*n*x^
2*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 8*a*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 +
e*x] + 4*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 8*a*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 +
e*x] - 4*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 4*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1
+ e*x] + 4*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*b*n*(-2*a + b*n - 2*
b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] + 8*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(8*e^2)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-2bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{4}x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2}x \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2x} + \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{2e} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e} + \frac{1}{4}x^2 \log(ex + 1) \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*e) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/2 - 2*b*n*((a*x)/(2*e) - (7*b*n*x)/(8*e) + (3*b*n*x^2)/16 + (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/(2*e) + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 + (b*n*Log[1 + e*x])/(8*e^2) - (b*n*x^2*Log[1 + e*x])/8 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/4 - (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]/(4*e^2) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]/(2*e^2)) - (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)]/(2*e^2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^2*x*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*e*x - 2*(b^2*e^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2/e^2 + 1/2*integrate((2*(b^2*e^2*log(c))^2 + 2*a*b*e^2*log(c) + a^2*e^2)*x^2*log(e*x + 1) + (b^2*e^2*n*x^2 - 2*b^2*e*n*x + 2*(b^2*n + (2*a*b*e^2 - (e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*b^2)*x^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x, x)/e^2`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(x*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e^2 n x^2 - 12 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) b^2 e^2 n^2 x^2 - 12 \log(ex + 1) a b e^2 n^2 x^2 + 12 a b e^2 n^2 x^2}{1}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x)`output `(12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a*b*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*n*x**2 + 24*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 12*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*e**2*n*x**2 - 12*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*n - 12*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 12*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*e**2*n**3*x**2 - 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*n**3 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*n*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*n*x + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*n - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*n*x + 12*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n**2*x - 6*a**2*e**2*n*x**2 + 12*a**2*e*n*x + 12*a*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 36*a*b*e*n**2*x - 9*b**2*e**2*n**3*x**2 + 42*b**2*e*n**3*x)/(24*e**2*n)`

3.19 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$

Optimal result	224
Mathematica [A] (verified)	225
Rubi [A] (verified)	225
Maple [F]	226
Fricas [F]	227
Sympy [F(-1)]	227
Maxima [F]	227
Giac [F]	228
Mupad [F(-1)]	228
Reduce [F]	228

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 193

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = & 2abnx - 6b^2n^2x + 2b^2nx \log(cx^n) \\
 & + 2bnx(a + b \log(cx^n)) - x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & + \frac{2b^2n^2(1 + ex) \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{2bn(1 + ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{(1 + ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*a*b*n*x-6*b^2*n^2*x+2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)+2*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2*b^2*n^2*(e*x+1)*ln(e*x+1)/e-2*b*n*(e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e+(e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e+2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-e*x)/e
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2 ex + 4ab enx - 6b^2 en^2 x - 2ab ex \log(cx^n) + 4b^2 enx \log(cx^n) - b^2 ex \log^2(cx^n) + a^2 \log(1 + ex) - 2ab enx \log(1 + ex) + 2b^2 en^2 x \log(1 + ex) - a^2 \log(1 + ex) \log(cx^n) + 2ab enx \log(1 + ex) \log(cx^n) - b^2 ex \log(1 + ex) \log^2(cx^n) + a^2 \log(1 + ex) \log^2(cx^n) - 2ab enx \log(1 + ex) \log^2(cx^n) + b^2 ex \log(1 + ex) \log^3(cx^n)}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x], x]
```

output

```
(-(a^2*e*x) + 4*a*b*e*n*x - 6*b^2*e*n^2*x - 2*a*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + a^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 2*a*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] + a^2*e*x*Log[1 + e*x] - 2*a*b*e*n*x*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*b^2*e*n^2*x*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*a*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 2*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*a*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 2*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 2*b*n*(a - b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] - 2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/e
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2817$$

$$-2bn \int \left(-a - b \log(cx^n) + \frac{(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(ex + 1)}{ex} \right) dx + \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-2bn \left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - ax - \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output `-(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2) + ((1 + e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/e - 2*b*n*(-(a*x) + 3*b*n*x - b*x*Log[c*x^n] - x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - (b*n*(1 + e*x)*Log[1 + e*x])/e + ((1 + e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/e + (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/e - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/e + (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p-1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1), x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b^2*e*x - (b^2*e*x + b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2/e + integrate(((b^2*e*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*e*log(c) + a^2*e)*x*log(e*x + 1) + 2*(b^2*e*n*x - (b^2*n + ((e*n - e*log(c))*b^2 - a*b*e)*x)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) b^2 n - 6 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) a b n + 6 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^2 + x} dx \right) b^2 n^2 + 3 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e n x + 6 \log(ex + 1) a b n}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1),x)`

output

```
( - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**
2 + x),x)*a*b*n + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 3*log(e*x
+ 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*n*x + 6*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*n*x - 6*
log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n**2*x + 3*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*e*n*x + 3*log
(e*x + 1)*a**2*n - 6*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*e*n**2*x - 6*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*n**2 +
6*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*e*n**3*x + 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*n**3 + log(x**n*c)**3*
b**2 + 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*n*x - 3*log(x**n*c)*
*2*b**2*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*n*x + 12*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n**2*x - 3*a**
2*e*n*x + 12*a*b*e*n**2*x - 18*b**2*e*n**3*x)/(3*e*n)
```

3.20 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+ex)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	230
Mathematica [A] (verified)	230
Rubi [A] (verified)	231
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	232
Fricas [F]	233
Sympy [F(-1)]	233
Maxima [F]	234
Giac [F]	234
Mupad [F(-1)]	234
Reduce [F]	235

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = -(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + 2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) - 2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)$$

output

```
-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e*x)+2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e*x)-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = -(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + 2bn((a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) - bn \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex))$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x,x]
```

output

$$-((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^2 \cdot \text{PolyLog}[2, -(e \cdot x)]) + 2 \cdot b \cdot n \cdot ((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n]) \cdot \text{PolyLog}[3, -(e \cdot x)] - b \cdot n \cdot \text{PolyLog}[4, -(e \cdot x)])$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2821}$$

$$2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{x} dx - \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{2830}$$

$$2bn \left(\text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{x} dx \right) - \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{7143}$$

$$2bn(\text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)) - \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^2 \cdot \text{Log}[1 + e \cdot x] / x, x]$$

output

$$-((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^2 \cdot \text{PolyLog}[2, -(e \cdot x)]) + 2 \cdot b \cdot n \cdot ((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n]) \cdot \text{PolyLog}[3, -(e \cdot x)] - b \cdot n \cdot \text{PolyLog}[4, -(e \cdot x)])$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 6.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.40

method	result
risch	$-\ln(x)^2 \operatorname{dilog}(ex + 1) b^2 n^2 + \ln(x)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -ex) b^2 n^2 + 2 \ln(x) \ln(x^n) \operatorname{dilog}(ex + 1) b^2 n$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-ln(x)^2*dilog(e*x+1)*b^2*n^2+ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-e*x)*b^2*n^2+2*ln(x)*ln(x
^n)*dilog(e*x+1)*b^2*n-2*ln(x)*ln(x^n)*polylog(2,-e*x)*b^2*n-ln(x^n)^2*dil
og(e*x+1)*b^2+2*ln(x^n)*polylog(3,-e*x)*b^2*n-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-e*x)+(I
*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*
c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*
b*(-(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*dilog(e*x+1)-ln(x)*polylog(2,-e*x)*n+polylog(3,-e*x)
*n)-1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x
^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln
(c)+2*a)^2*dilog(e*x+1)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) +
a^2*log(e*x + 1))/x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1)/x,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log(e*x + 1)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log(e*x + 1)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{ex^2 + x} dx \right) a^2$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2$$

$$+ 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) ab$$

$$+ \frac{\log(ex + 1)^2 a^2}{2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(e*x + 1)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a**2 + 2*int((log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2 + 4*int((log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b + log(e*x + 1)*2*a**2)/2`

3.21 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+ex)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	236
Mathematica [A] (verified)	237
Rubi [A] (verified)	237
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	238
Fricas [F]	239
Sympy [F]	239
Maxima [F]	240
Giac [F]	240
Mupad [F(-1)]	240
Reduce [F]	241

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 203

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = & 2b^2en^2 \log(x) - 2ben \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & - e \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & - 2b^2en^2 \log(1 + ex) - \frac{2b^2n^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & + 2b^2en^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 2ben(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 2b^2en^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{ex}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*b^2*e*n^2*ln(x)-2*b*e*n*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-e*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2*b^2*e*n^2*ln(e*x+1)-2*b^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)/x-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/x+2*b^2*e*n^2*polylog(2,-1/e/x)+2*b*e*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-1/e/x)+2*b^2*e*n^2*polylog(3,-1/e/x)
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} b^2 e n^2 \log^3(x) - b e n \log^2(x) (a + b n + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$+ e \log(x) (a^2 + 2 a b n + 2 b^2 n^2 + 2 b (a + b n) \log(cx^n) + b^2 \log^2(cx^n))$$

$$- \frac{(1 + ex) (a^2 + 2 a b n + 2 b^2 n^2 + 2 b (a + b n) \log(cx^n) + b^2 \log^2(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x}$$

$$- 2 b e n (a + b n + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + 2 b^2 e n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(b^2*e*n^2*Log[x]^3)/3 - b*e*n*Log[x]^2*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]) + e*Log[x]
]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b*(a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2
) - ((1 + e*x)*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b*(a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + b^2
*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + e*x])/x - 2*b*e*n*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[
2, -(e*x)] + 2*b^2*e*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2825}$$

$$-e \int \left(-\frac{2b^2 n^2}{x(ex + 1)} - \frac{2b(a + b \log(cx^n)) n}{x(ex + 1)} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x(ex + 1)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{2bn \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$-e \left(\frac{-2bn \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{1}{ex} \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + 2bn \log \left(\frac{1}{ex} + 1 \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \log \left(\frac{1}{ex} + 1 \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2bn \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x - e*(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[x] + 2*b*n*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 + 2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))] - 2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))] - 2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(1/(e*x))])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 7.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

method	result
risch	$b^2 n e \ln(x)^2 \ln(x^n) - 2b^2 n e \operatorname{polylog}(2, -ex) \ln(x^n) + b^2 e \ln(ex) \ln(x)^2 n^2 - \frac{\ln(x^n)^2 \ln(ex+1)b^2}{x} - \dots$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*n*e*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)-2*b^2*n*e*polylog(2,-e*x)*ln(x^n)+b^2*e*ln(e*x)*ln(x)^2*n^2-ln(x^n)^2/x*ln(e*x+1)*b^2-2*b^2*n/x*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)-2*b^2*n*ln(e*x+1)*e*ln(x^n)+2*b^2*n*e*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-2*b^2*e*ln(e*x)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)*n+b^2*e*ln(e*x)*ln(x^n)^2-b^2*e*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)^2-2*b^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)/x-2*b^2*e*n^2*ln(e*x+1)+2*b^2*e*n^2*ln(x)-b^2*n^2*e*ln(x)^2-2*b^2*n^2*e*polylog(2,-e*x)-2/3*b^2*n^2*e*ln(x)^3+2*b^2*n^2*e*polylog(3,-e*x)+(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e*(ln(e*x)-ln(e*x+1)/x/e*(e*x+1))+n*((-1-ln(x))/x*ln(e*x+1)-ln(e*x+1)*e+e*ln(x)+1/2*e*ln(x)^2-e*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x)-e*polylog(2,-e*x)))+1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*e*(ln(e*x)-ln(e*x+1)/x/e*(e*x+1))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^2*log(e*x + 1))/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**2*log(e*x + 1)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^2*e*x*log(x) - (b^2*e*x + b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2/x + integrate((b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(e*x + 1) - 2*(b^2*e*n*x*log(x) - (b^2*e*n*x + b^2*(n + log(c)) + a*b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log(e*x + 1)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{e x^3 + x^2} dx\right) b^2 x - 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^3 + x^2} dx\right) abx - 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^3 + x^2} dx\right) b^2 n x - \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 - 2 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) a b - 2 \log(ex + 1) a^2}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x)`

output `(- int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*b**2*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*a*b*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*b**2*n*x - log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n - log(e*x + 1)*a**2*e*x - log(e*x + 1)*a**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*e*n*x - 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*n - 2*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*e*n**2*x - 2*log(e*x + 1)*b**2*n**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n + log(x)*a**2*e*x + 2*log(x)*a*b*e*n*x + 2*log(x)*b**2*e*n**2*x - 2*a*b*n - 4*b**2*n**2)/x`

3.22 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+ex)}{x^3} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 287

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+ex)}{x^3} dx = & -\frac{7b^2en^2}{4x} - \frac{1}{4}b^2e^2n^2 \log(x) - \frac{3ben(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2x} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2}be^2n \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & - \frac{e(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2}e^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & + \frac{1}{4}b^2e^2n^2 \log(1+ex) - \frac{b^2n^2 \log(1+ex)}{4x^2} \\
 & - \frac{bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+ex)}{2x^2} \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+ex)}{2x^2} \\
 & - \frac{1}{2}b^2e^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & - be^2n(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & - b^2e^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{ex}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-7/4*b^2*e*n^2/x-1/4*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(x)-3/2*b*e*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x+1/2*b*e^2*n*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x+1/2*e^2*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/4*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)/x^2-1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/x^2-1/2*b^2*e^2*n^2*polylog(2,-1/e/x)-b*e^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-1/e/x)-b^2*e^2*n^2*polylog(3,-1/e/x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \frac{6a^2 ex + 18abex + 21b^2 en^2 x + 6a^2 e^2 x^2 \log(x) + 6abe^2 n x^2 \log(x) + 3b^2 e^2 n^2 x^2 \log(x) - 6abe^2 n x^2 \log^2(x)}{x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(6*a^2*e*x + 18*a*b*e*n*x + 21*b^2*e*n^2*x + 6*a^2*e^2*x^2*Log[x] + 6*a*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x] + 3*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x] - 6*a*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 2*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3 + 12*a*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b*e^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*a^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a^2*e^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*a*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b*e^2*n*x^2*(2*a + b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] + 12*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)]/x^2
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-e \int \left(-\frac{b^2 n^2}{4x^2(ex+1)} - \frac{b(a+b\log(cx^n))n}{2x^2(ex+1)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2(ex+1)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{bn \log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(ex+1)}{4x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$-e \left(ben \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{1}{ex} \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} ben \log \left(\frac{1}{ex} + 1 \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e \log \left(\frac{1}{ex} + 1 \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) \right)$$

$$\frac{bn \log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(ex+1)}{4x^2}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2 - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*x^2) - e*((7*b^2*n^2)/(4*x) + (b^2*e*n^2*Log[x])/4 + (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*x) - (b*e*n*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(2*x) - (e*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 - (b^2*e*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/4 + (b^2*e*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))])/2 + b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))] + b^2*e*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(1/(e*x))])
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 7.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 705, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2 e^2 \ln(ex) \ln(x)^2 n^2}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^n)^2 \ln(ex+1) b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n \ln(ex+1) \ln(x^n)}{2x^2} + \frac{b^2 n e^2 \ln(ex+1) \ln(x^n)}{2} - \frac{3b^2 n e \ln(x^n)}{2x} - \frac{b^2 n e^2 \ln(x^n)}{2}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*b^2*e^2*ln(e*x)*ln(x)^2*n^2-1/2*ln(x^n)^2/x^2*ln(e*x+1)*b^2-1/2*b^2*n
/x^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)+1/2*b^2*n*e^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)-3/2*b^2*n*e/x*ln(x
n)-1/2*b^2*n*e^2*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-1/2*b^2*n*e^2*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)+b^2*n*e^2*pol
ylog(2,-e*x)*ln(x^n)+b^2*e^2*ln(e*x)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)*n-1/2*b^2*e^2*ln(e*x)*l
n(x^n)^2-1/2*b^2*e/x*ln(x^n)^2+1/2*b^2*e^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)^2-1/4*b^2*n^2
*ln(e*x+1)/x^2+1/4*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(e*x+1)-7/4*b^2*e*n^2/x-1/4*b^2*e^2*n^2*l
n(x)+1/4*b^2*n^2*e^2*ln(x)^2+1/2*b^2*n^2*e^2*polylog(2,-e*x)+1/3*b^2*n^2*e
^2*ln(x)^3-b^2*n^2*e^2*polylog(3,-e*x)+(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2
-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*
csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e^2*(-1/2*ln
(e*x)-1/2/e/x+1/2*ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)*(e*x-1)/x^2/e^2)+n*((-1/4-1/2*ln(x))/x
^2*ln(e*x+1)+1/4*e^2*ln(e*x+1)-3/4*e/x-1/4*e^2*ln(x)+1/2*e^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(
x)-1/4*e^2*ln(x)^2+1/2*e^2*polylog(2,-e*x)-1/2*e*ln(x)/x))+1/4*(I*Pi*b*csg
n(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b
*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*e^2*(-1
/2*ln(e*x)-1/2/e/x+1/2*ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)*(e*x-1)/x^2/e^2)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) +
a^2*log(e*x + 1))/x^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(e*x+1)/x**3,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*e^2*x^2*log(x) + b^2*e*x - (b^2*e^2*x^2 - b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2/x^2 - integrate(-((b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(e*x + 1) + (b^2*e^2*n*x^2*log(x) + b^2*e*n*x - (b^2*e^2*n*x^2 - b^2*(n + 2*log(c)) - 2*a*b)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log(e*x + 1)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{e x^4 + x^3} dx \right) b^2 x^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^4 + x^3} dx \right) a b x^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{e x^4 + x^3} dx \right) b^2 n x^2 - 2 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 - 4 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c) a b - 2 \log(ex + 1) b^2 n}{4 x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 2*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*b**2*x**2 - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*a*b*x**2 - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*b**2*n*x**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 4*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n + 2*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*a**2 + 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 2*log(e*x + 1)*a*b*n + log(e*x + 1)*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - log(e*x + 1)*b**2*n**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 2*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n - 2*log(x)*a**2*e**2*x**2 - 2*log(x)*a*b*e**2*n*x**2 - log(x)*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 2*a**2*e*x - 2*a*b*e*n*x - a*b*n - b**2*e*n**2*x - b**2*n**2)/(4*x**2)`

3.23 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx$

Optimal result	250
Mathematica [A] (verified)	251
Rubi [A] (verified)	252
Maple [F]	254
Fricas [F]	254
Sympy [F(-1)]	255
Maxima [F]	255
Giac [F]	255
Mupad [F(-1)]	256
Reduce [F]	256

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 710

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = & \frac{15ab^2n^2x}{8e^3} - \frac{255b^3n^3x}{128e^3} + \frac{45b^3n^3x^2}{256e^2} \\
& - \frac{175b^3n^3x^3}{3456e} + \frac{3}{128}b^3n^3x^4 \\
& + \frac{15b^3n^2x \log(cx^n)}{8e^3} + \frac{3b^2n^2x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{32e^3} \\
& - \frac{21b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{64e^2} \\
& + \frac{37b^2n^2x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{288e} \\
& - \frac{9}{128}b^2n^2x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& - \frac{15bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{16e^3} \\
& + \frac{9bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{32e^2} \\
& - \frac{7bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{48e} \\
& + \frac{3}{32}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
& + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{8e^2} \\
& + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
& + \frac{3b^3n^3 \log(1 + ex)}{128e^4} - \frac{3}{128}b^3n^3x^4 \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{32e^4} \\
& + \frac{3}{32}b^2n^2x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{16e^4} \\
& - \frac{3}{16}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{4e^4} \\
& + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{32e^4} \\
& + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{8e^4} \\
& - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{4e^4} \\
& - \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{4e^4}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/16*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+15/8*a*b^2*n^2*x/e^3+15/8*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)/
e^3+3/32*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3-21/64*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e
^2+37/288*b^2*n^2*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-15/16*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^3+
9/32*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2-7/48*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e+3/2*b^
2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^4+3/8*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*poly
log(2,-e*x)/e^4-3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^4-3/32*b^2*n^2
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e^4+3/32*b^2*n^2*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)+
3/16*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^4-3/16*b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln
(e*x+1)-255/128*b^3*n^3*x/e^3+45/256*b^3*n^3*x^2/e^2-175/3456*b^3*n^3*x^3/
e-3/2*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-e*x)/e^4-3/8*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^4-3/32*b^3
*n^3*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^4+3/128*b^3*n^3*ln(e*x+1)/e^4-3/128*b^3*n^3*x^4*ln(
e*x+1)-9/128*b^2*n^2*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+3/32*b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+3/
128*b^3*n^3*x^4+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^3/e^2+1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^3+1/12*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e-1/4*(a+b
ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/e^4

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x],x]
```


output

```
(1728*a^3*e*x - 6480*a^2*b*e*n*x + 13608*a*b^2*e*n^2*x - 13770*b^3*e*n^3*x
- 864*a^3*e^2*x^2 + 1944*a^2*b*e^2*n*x^2 - 2268*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2 + 1215*
b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2 + 576*a^3*e^3*x^3 - 1008*a^2*b*e^3*n*x^3 + 888*a*b^2*e^3*n
^2*x^3 - 350*b^3*e^3*n^3*x^3 - 432*a^3*e^4*x^4 + 648*a^2*b*e^4*n*x^4 - 486
*a*b^2*e^4*n^2*x^4 + 162*b^3*e^4*n^3*x^4 + 5184*a^2*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] - 129
60*a*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 13608*b^3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 2592*a^2*b*e^2*
x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 3888*a*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 2268*b^3*e^2*n^2*x^2*Lo
g[c*x^n] + 1728*a^2*b*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 2016*a*b^2*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n]
+ 888*b^3*e^3*n^2*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 1296*a^2*b*e^4*x^4*Log[c*x^n] + 1296*a
*b^2*e^4*n*x^4*Log[c*x^n] - 486*b^3*e^4*n^2*x^4*Log[c*x^n] + 5184*a*b^2*e*
x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6480*b^3*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 2592*a*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^
n]^2 + 1944*b^3*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 1728*a*b^2*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 -
1008*b^3*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 1296*a*b^2*e^4*x^4*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 648*b
^3*e^4*n*x^4*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 1728*b^3*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 864*b^3*e^2*x^2*Lo
g[c*x^n]^3 + 576*b^3*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 432*b^3*e^4*x^4*Log[c*x^n]^3 -
1728*a^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 1296*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] - 648*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 +
e*x] + 162*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 1728*a^3*e^4*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] - 1296*a^
2*b*e^4*n*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] + 648*a*b^2*e^4*n^2*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] - 162*b^3*
e^4*n^3*x^4*Log[1 + e*x] - 5184*a^2*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 2592*a*b^2
*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 648*b^3*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 5184...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{16}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(ex + 1)x^3 + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^2}{12e} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8e^2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^4} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(ex + 1) \right. \\ \left. (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^4} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8e^4} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^4} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^4} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(ex + 1) \right. \\ \left. (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \frac{x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{12e} - \frac{1}{16}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*e^3) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(8*e^2) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(12*e) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/16 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*e^4) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/4 - 3*b*n*((-5*a*b*n*x)/(8*e^3) + (85*b^2*n^2*x)/(128*e^3) - (15*b^2*n^2*x^2)/(256*e^2) + (175*b^2*n^2*x^3)/(10368*e) - (b^2*n^2*x^4)/128 - (5*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(8*e^3) - (b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(32*e^3) + (7*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(64*e^2) - (37*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(864*e) + (3*b*n*x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/128 + (5*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(16*e^3) - (3*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(32*e^2) + (7*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(144*e) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/32 - (b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(128*e^4) + (b^2*n^2*x^4*Log[1 + e*x])/128 + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(32*e^4) - (b*n*x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/32 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(16*e^4) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/16 + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(32*e^4) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(8*e^4) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(4*e^4) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(8*e^4) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(2*e^4) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)])/(2*e^4)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x^3*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*x^3*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a^2*b*x^3*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*x^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/48*(3*b^3*e^4*x^4 - 4*b^3*e^3*x^3 + 6*b^3*e^2*x^2 - 12*b^3*e*x - 12*(b^3*e^4*x^4 - b^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^3/e^4 + 1/16*integrate((48*(b^3*e^4*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*e^4*log(c) + a^2*b*e^4)*x^4*log(e*x + 1)*log(x^n) + 16*(b^3*e^4*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*e^4*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*e^4*log(c) + a^3*e^4)*x^4*log(e*x + 1) + (3*b^3*e^4*n*x^4 - 4*b^3*e^3*n*x^3 + 6*b^3*e^2*n*x^2 - 12*b^3*e*n*x + 12*((4*a*b^2*e^4 - (e^4*n - 4*e^4*log(c))*b^3)*x^4 + b^3*n)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2)/x, x)/e^4`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^3 \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x^3*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`output `int(x^3*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^3(\log(x^n c) b + a)^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x)`output `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x)`

3.24 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx$

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Sympy [F(-1)]	263
Maxima [F]	263
Giac [F]	263
Mupad [F(-1)]	264
Reduce [F]	264

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 615

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = & -\frac{8ab^2n^2x}{3e^2} + \frac{80b^3n^3x}{27e^2} - \frac{65b^3n^3x^2}{216e} + \frac{8}{81}b^3n^3x^3 \\
& - \frac{8b^3n^2x \log(cx^n)}{3e^2} - \frac{2b^2n^2x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^2} \\
& + \frac{19b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{36e} \\
& - \frac{2}{9}b^2n^2x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& + \frac{4bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^2} \\
& - \frac{5bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12e} \\
& + \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{3e^2} \\
& + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
& - \frac{2b^3n^3 \log(1 + ex)}{27e^3} - \frac{2}{27}b^3n^3x^3 \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{2b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{9e^3} \\
& + \frac{2}{9}b^2n^2x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{3e^3} \\
& - \frac{1}{3}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{3e^3} \\
& + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{2b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{9e^3} \\
& - \frac{2b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{3e^3} \\
& + \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e^3} \\
& + \frac{2b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{3e^3} \\
& - \frac{2b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{e^3} \\
& + \frac{2b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)}{e^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^3-1/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-8/3*a*
b^2*n^2*x/e^2-8/3*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)/e^2-2/9*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^
2+19/36*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e+4/3*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2-5/12
*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-2*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^3
-2/3*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^3+2/9*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
))*ln(e*x+1)/e^3+2/9*b^2*n^2*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)-1/3*b*n*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^3-1/3*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)-65/216*b^
3*n^3*x^2/e+2*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-e*x)/e^3+2/3*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^3+
2/9*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^3-2/27*b^3*n^3*ln(e*x+1)/e^3-2/27*b^3*n^3*x^
3*ln(e*x+1)-2/9*b^2*n^2*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2/9*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+
80/27*b^3*n^3*x/e^2+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)+8/81*b^3*n^3*x^3-1
/3*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^2+1/6*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e+1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^3*ln(e*x+1)/e^3

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 975, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x],x]
```


output

```
(-216*a^3*e*x + 864*a^2*b*e*n*x - 1872*a*b^2*e*n^2*x + 1920*b^3*e*n^3*x +
108*a^3*e^2*x^2 - 270*a^2*b*e^2*n*x^2 + 342*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2 - 195*b^3*e^
2*n^3*x^2 - 72*a^3*e^3*x^3 + 144*a^2*b*e^3*n*x^3 - 144*a*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^3 +
64*b^3*e^3*n^3*x^3 - 648*a^2*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] + 1728*a*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^
n] - 1872*b^3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 324*a^2*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 540*a*b^
2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 342*b^3*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 216*a^2*b*e^3*x^
3*Log[c*x^n] + 288*a*b^2*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 144*b^3*e^3*n^2*x^3*Log[c*
x^n] - 648*a*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 864*b^3*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 324*a*b^2
*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 270*b^3*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 216*a*b^2*e^3*x^3
*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 144*b^3*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 216*b^3*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^3
+ 108*b^3*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 72*b^3*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 216*a^3*Log
[1 + e*x] - 216*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 144*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 48*b^3
*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 216*a^3*e^3*x^3*Log[1 + e*x] - 216*a^2*b*e^3*n*x^3*Log
[1 + e*x] + 144*a*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^3*Log[1 + e*x] - 48*b^3*e^3*n^3*x^3*Log[1
+ e*x] + 648*a^2*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 432*a*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1
+ e*x] + 144*b^3*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 648*a^2*b*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n
]*Log[1 + e*x] - 432*a*b^2*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 144*b^3*e^3
*n^2*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 648*a*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 2
16*b^3*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 648*a*b^2*e^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1
+ e*x] - 216*b^3*e^3*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 216*b^3*Log[c*x^...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{9}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6e} + \frac{1}{3}x^2 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3x} \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bn \left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3} + \frac{2bn \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^3} + \frac{2bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3} \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6e} - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/3*(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/e^2 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*e) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/9 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/(3*e^3) + \\
& (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/3 - 3*b*n*((8*a*b*n*x)/(9*e^2) - (80*b^2*n^2*x)/(81*e^2) + (65*b^2*n^2*x^2)/(648*e) - (8*b^2*n^2*x^3)/243 + \\
& (8*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*e^2) + (2*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(27*e^2) - (19*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(108*e) + (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/27 \\
& - (4*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(9*e^2) + (5*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(36*e) - (2*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/27 + (2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(81*e^3) + \\
& (2*b^2*n^2*x^3*Log[1 + e*x])/81 - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(27*e^3) - (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/27 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(9*e^3) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/9 \\
& - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(27*e^3) + (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(9*e^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(3*e^3) \\
& - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(9*e^3) + (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(3*e^3) - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)])/(3*e^3)
\end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x^2*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a^2*b*x^2*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*x^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/18*(2*b^3*e^3*x^3 - 3*b^3*e^2*x^2 + 6*b^3*e*x - 6*(b^3*e^3*x^3 + b^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^3/e^3 + 1/6*integrate((18*(b^3*e^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*e^3*log(c) + a^2*b*e^3)*x^3*log(e*x + 1)*log(x^n) + 6*(b^3*e^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*e^3*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*e^3*log(c) + a^3*e^3)*x^3*log(e*x + 1) + (2*b^3*e^3*n*x^3 - 3*b^3*e^2*n*x^2 + 6*b^3*e*n*x - 6*(b^3*n - (3*a*b^2*e^3 - (e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*b^3)*x^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2)/x, x)/e^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^2 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x^2*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^2 \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`output `int(x^2*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x^2(\log(x^n c) b + a)^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x)`output `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x)`

3.25 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	268
Maple [F]	270
Fricas [F]	270
Sympy [F(-1)]	270
Maxima [F]	271
Giac [F]	271
Mupad [F(-1)]	271
Reduce [F]	272

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 530

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = & \frac{9ab^2n^2x}{2e} - \frac{45b^3n^3x}{8e} + \frac{3}{4}b^3n^3x^2 \\
& + \frac{9b^3n^2x \log(cx^n)}{2e} + \frac{3b^2n^2x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e} \\
& - \frac{9}{8}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& - \frac{9bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e} \\
& + \frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
& + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e} - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
& + \frac{3b^3n^3 \log(1 + ex)}{8e^2} - \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{4e^2} \\
& + \frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex) \\
& + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{4e^2} \\
& - \frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) \\
& - \frac{3b^3n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{4e^2} \\
& + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{2e^2} \\
& - \frac{3b^3n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{2e^2} \\
& + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{e^2} \\
& - \frac{3b^3n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ex)}{e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

9/2*a*b^2*n^2*x/e-45/8*b^3*n^3*x/e+3/4*b^3*n^3*x^2+9/2*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)
/e+3/4*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-9/8*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-9/4*b*n
*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e+3/4*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
^3/e-1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(e*x+1)/e^2-3/8*b^3*n^3*x^2*ln
(e*x+1)-3/4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e^2+3/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)+3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e^2-3/4*b*n*x^2*(a
+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/e^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)-3/4*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^2+3/2*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^2-3/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e^2
-3/2*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-e*x)/e^2+3*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e*x)
/e^2-3*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-e*x)/e^2

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 806, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^3ex - 18a^2benx + 42ab^2en^2x - 45b^3en^3x - 2a^3e^2x^2 + 6a^2be^2nx^2 - 9ab^2e^2n^2x^2 + 6b^3e^2n^3x^2 + 12a^2be^2nx^3 - 12ab^2e^2n^2x^3 + 4b^3e^2n^3x^3}{e^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x],x]
```


output

```
(4*a^3*e*x - 18*a^2*b*e*n*x + 42*a*b^2*e*n^2*x - 45*b^3*e*n^3*x - 2*a^3*e^
2*x^2 + 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*x^2 - 9*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2 + 6*b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2 + 12*a
^2*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] - 36*a*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 42*b^3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n
] - 6*a^2*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 9*b^3*e^2
*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 18*b^3*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^
2 - 6*a*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*e*
*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 2*b^3*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 4*a^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a^2*b
*n*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*a^
3*e^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*
x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a^2*b*Log[c*x^n]*Lo
g[1 + e*x] + 12*a*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log
[1 + e*x] + 12*a^2*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*
Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^3*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a
*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^3*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*a*
b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1
+ e*x] - 4*b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 4*b^3*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log
[1 + e*x] - 6*b*n*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 - 2*b*(-2*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n]
+ 2*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] + 12*b^2*n^2*(2*a - b*n + 2*b*Lo
g[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)] - 24*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)]/(8*e^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 494, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2824$$

$$-3bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{4}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{1}{2}x \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^2x} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-3bn \left(-\frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e^2} + \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(ex + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x], x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*e) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/4 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/2 - 3*b*n*((-3*a*b*n*x)/(2*e) + (15*b^2*n^2*x)/(8*e) - (b^2*n^2*x^2)/4 - (3*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(2*e) - (b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e) + (3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 + (3*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 - (b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(8*e^2) + (b^2*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x])/8 + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*e^2) - (b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/4 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/4 + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(4*e^2) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(2*e^2) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/(2*e^2) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/(2*e^2) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/e^2 + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)])/e^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a^2*b*x*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*x*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b^3*e^2*x^2 - 2*b^3*e*x - 2*(b^3*e^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^3/e^2 + 1/4*integrate((12*(b^3*e^2*log(c))^2 + 2*a*b^2*e^2*log(c) + a^2*b*e^2)*x^2*log(e*x + 1)*log(x^n) + 4*(b^3*e^2*log(c))^3 + 3*a*b^2*e^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*e^2*log(c) + a^3*e^2)*x^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*(b^3*e^2*n*x^2 - 2*b^3*e*n*x + 2*(b^3*n + (2*a*b^2*e^2 - (e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*b^3)*x^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2)/x, x)/e^2`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int x \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x)`

output

```
(4*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**3*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a*b**2*n - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**3*n**2 + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a**2*b*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a*b**2*n**2 + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**3*n**3 + 4*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2*n*x**2 + 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2*n*x**2 - 6*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*n**3*x**2 + 4*log(e*x + 1)*a**3*e**2*n*x**2 - 4*log(e*x + 1)*a**3*n - 6*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*b*e**2*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*b*n**2 + 6*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*e**2*n**3*x**2 - 6*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*n**3 - 3*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*e**2*n**4*x**2 + 3*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*n**4 - log(x**n*c)**4*b**3 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*a*b**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2*n*x**2 + 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*n*x + 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*n - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2*n*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*n*x + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*n + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*n**2*x - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n**2 - 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2*n*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*n*x + 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*n**2*x - 9*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*n**3*x**2 + 42*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*n**3*x - 2*a**3*e**2*n*x**2 + 4*a**3*e*n*x + 6*a**2*b*e**2*n**2*x**2...
```

3.26 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 327

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = & -12ab^2n^2x + 24b^3n^3x - 12b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) \\
 & - 6b^2n^2x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + 6bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & - x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{6b^3n^3(1 + ex) \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{6b^2n^2(1 + ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{3bn(1 + ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{(1 + ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{6b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{6b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{6b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{e} \\
 & - \frac{6b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{6b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-12*a*b^2*n^2*x+24*b^3*n^3*x-12*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)-6*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+6*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-6*b^3*n^3*(e*x+1)*ln(e*x+1)/e+6*b^2*n^2*(e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/e-3*b*n*(e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/e+(e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/e+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,-e*x)/e-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e*x)/e+3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e*x)/e+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-e*x)/e-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e*x)/e+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-e*x)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3 ex + 6a^2 benx - 18ab^2 en^2 x + 24b^3 en^3 x - 3a^2 bex \log(cx^n) + 12ab^2 enx \log(cx^n) - 18b^3 en^2 x \log(cx^n)}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x], x]
```

output

```
(-(a^3*e*x) + 6*a^2*b*e*n*x - 18*a*b^2*e*n^2*x + 24*b^3*e*n^3*x - 3*a^2*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - 18*b^3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 3*a*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - b^3*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 + a^3*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] + a^3*e*x*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*a^2*b*e*n*x*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a*b^2*e*n^2*x*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*e*n^3*x*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*a^2*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^3*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*a^2*b*e*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*a*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*b^3*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*a*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*b^3*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] + b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + e*x] + b^3*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 3*b*n*(a^2 - 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b*(a - b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] - 6*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)] + 6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)]/e
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2817$$

$$-3bn \int \left(\frac{(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(ex + 1)}{ex} - (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) dx + \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-3bn \left(\frac{2bn \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{2bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - \frac{(ex + 1) \log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x],x]`

output `-(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3) + ((1 + e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/e - 3*b*n*(4*a*b*n*x - 8*b^2*n^2*x + 4*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - 2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 + (2*b^2*n^2*(1 + e*x)*Log[1 + e*x])/e - (2*b*n*(1 + e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/e + ((1 + e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/e - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/e + (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/e - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)])/e - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/e + (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)])/e - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(ex + 1) dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b^3*e*x - (b^3*e*x + b^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^3/e + integrate((3*(b^3 *e*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*e*log(c) + a^2*b*e)*x*log(e*x + 1)*log(x^n) + (b^3*e *log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*e*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*e*log(c) + a^3*e)*x*log(e*x + 1) + 3*(b^3*e*n*x - (b^3*n + ((e*n - e*log(c))*b^3 - a*b^2*e)*x)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2)/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log(e*x + 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \int \ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`output `int(log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1),x)`

output

```
( - 4*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**3*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a*b**2*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**3*n**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a**2*b*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a*b**2*n**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*b**3*n**3 + 4*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*n*x + 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*n*x - 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*n**2*x + 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*n*x - 24*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*n**2*x + 24*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*n**3*x + 4*log(e*x + 1)*a**3*e*n*x + 4*log(e*x + 1)*a**3*n - 12*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*b*e*n**2*x - 12*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*b*n**2 + 24*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*e*n**3*x + 24*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*n**3 - 24*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*e*n**4*x - 24*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*n**4 + log(x**n*c)**4*b**3 + 4*log(x**n*c)**3*a*b**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*n*x - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*n + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*n*x - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*n + 24*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*n**2*x + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*n*x + 48*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*n**2*x - 72*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*n**3*x - 4*a**3*e*n*x + 24*a**2*b*e*n**2*x - 72*a*b**2*e*n**3*x + 96*b**3*e*n**4*x)/(4*e*n)
```

3.27 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1+ex)}{x} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = -(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + 3bn(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) - 6b^2n^2(a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex) + 6b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(5, -ex)$$

output

```
-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-e*x)+3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-e*x)
-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-e*x)+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = -(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) + 3bn((a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) + 2bn(-((a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)) + bn \text{PolyLog}(5, -ex)))$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x,x]`

output `-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]) + 3*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)] + 2*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)]) + b*n*PolyLog[5, -(e*x)]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & 3bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex)}{x} dx - \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & 3bn \left(\text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex)}{x} dx \right) - \\
 & \quad \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & 3bn \left(\text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bn \left(\text{PolyLog}(4, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)}{x} dx \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & 3bn \left(\text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bn(\text{PolyLog}(4, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}(5, -ex)) \right) - \\
 & \quad \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x,x]`

output `-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)]) + 3*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)] - 2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -(e*x)] - b*n*PolyLog[5, -(e*x)]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 22.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 605, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.47

method	result
risch	$\ln(x)^3 \operatorname{dilog}(ex + 1) b^3 n^3 - \ln(x)^3 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -ex) b^3 n^3 - 3 \ln(x)^2 \ln(x^n) \operatorname{dilog}(ex + 1) b^3 n^2 -$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
ln(x)^3*dilog(e*x+1)*b^3*n^3-ln(x)^3*polylog(2,-e*x)*b^3*n^3-3*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*dilog(e*x+1)*b^3*n^2+3*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*polylog(2,-e*x)*b^3*n^2+3*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*dilog(e*x+1)*b^3*n-3*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*polylog(2,-e*x)*b^3*n-ln(x^n)^3*dilog(e*x+1)*b^3+3*ln(x^n)^2*polylog(3,-e*x)*b^3*n-6*ln(x^n)*polylog(4,-e*x)*b^3*n^2+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-e*x)-1/8*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^3*dilog(e*x+1)+3/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b^2*(-ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))^2*dilog(e*x+1)+n^2*(-ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-e*x)+2*ln(x)*polylog(3,-e*x)-2*polylog(4,-e*x))+2*n*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*(-ln(x)*polylog(2,-e*x)+polylog(3,-e*x))+3/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*b*(-ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*dilog(e*x+1)-ln(x)*polylog(2,-e*x)*n+polylog(3,-e*x)*n)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*log(e*x + 1))/x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1)/x,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log(e*x + 1)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log(e*x + 1)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1)}{ex^2 + x} dx \right) a^3$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b$$

$$+ \frac{\log(ex + 1)^2 a^3}{2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(e*x + 1)/(e*x**2 + x),x)*a**3 + 2*int((log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3 + 6*int((log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2 + 6*int((log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b + log(e*x + 1)**2*a**3)/2`

$$3.28 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1+ex)}{x^2} dx$$

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Maxima [F]	292
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Mupad [F(-1)]	293
Reduce [F]	293

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 342

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = & 6b^3 en^3 \log(x) \\
 & - 6b^2 en^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & - 3ben \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & - e \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
 & - 6b^3 en^3 \log(1 + ex) - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{6b^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & + 6b^3 en^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 6b^2 en^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 3ben(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 6b^3 en^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 6b^2 en^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
 & + 6b^3 en^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{1}{ex}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

6*b^3*e*n^3*ln(x)-6*b^2*e*n^2*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3*b*e*n*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-e*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-6*b^3*e*n^3*ln(e*x+1)-6*b^3*n^3*ln(e*x+1)/x-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(e*x+1)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/x+6*b^3*e*n^3*polylog(2,-1/e/x)+6*b^2*e*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-1/e/x)+3*b*e*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-1/e/x)+6*b^3*e*n^3*polylog(3,-1/e/x)+6*b^2*e*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-1/e/x)+6*b^3*e*n^3*polylog(4,-1/e/x)

```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 770 vs. $2(342) = 684$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = & a^3 e \log(x) + 3a^2 b e n \log(x) + 6ab^2 e n^2 \log(x) \\
 & + 6b^3 e n^3 \log(x) - \frac{3}{2} a^2 b e n \log^2(x) - 3ab^2 e n^2 \log^2(x) \\
 & - 3b^3 e n^3 \log^2(x) + ab^2 e n^2 \log^3(x) + b^3 e n^3 \log^3(x) \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} b^3 e n^3 \log^4(x) + 3a^2 b e \log(x) \log(cx^n) \\
 & + 6ab^2 e n \log(x) \log(cx^n) + 6b^3 e n^2 \log(x) \log(cx^n) \\
 & - 3ab^2 e n \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \\
 & - 3b^3 e n^2 \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) + b^3 e n^2 \log^3(x) \log(cx^n) \\
 & + 3ab^2 e \log(x) \log^2(cx^n) + 3b^3 e n \log(x) \log^2(cx^n) \\
 & - \frac{3}{2} b^3 e n \log^2(x) \log^2(cx^n) + b^3 e \log(x) \log^3(cx^n) \\
 & - a^3 e \log(1 + ex) - 3a^2 b e n \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - 6ab^2 e n^2 \log(1 + ex) - 6b^3 e n^3 \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - \frac{a^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} - \frac{3a^2 b n \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{6ab^2 n^2 \log(1 + ex)}{x} - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - 3a^2 b e \log(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - 6ab^2 e n \log(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - 6b^3 e n^2 \log(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - \frac{3a^2 b \log(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{6ab^2 n \log(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{6b^3 n^2 \log(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - 3ab^2 e \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - 3b^3 e n \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex) \\
 & - \frac{3ab^2 \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{3b^3 n \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{b^3 e \log^3(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - \frac{b^3 \log^3(cx^n) \log(1 + ex)}{x} \\
 & - 3ben(a^2 + 2abn + 2b^2 n^2 + 2b(a + bn) \log(cx^n) \\
 & \quad + b^2 \log^2(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ex) \\
 & + 6b^2 e n^2(a + bn + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ex) \\
 & - 6b^3 e n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -ex)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2,x]`

output

```

a^3*e*Log[x] + 3*a^2*b*e*n*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2*e*n^2*Log[x] + 6*b^3*e*n^3*Log
[x] - (3*a^2*b*e*n*Log[x]^2)/2 - 3*a*b^2*e*n^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b^3*e*n^3*Log[
x]^2 + a*b^2*e*n^2*Log[x]^3 + b^3*e*n^3*Log[x]^3 - (b^3*e*n^3*Log[x]^4)/4
+ 3*a^2*b*e*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a*b^2*e*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^3*e*n^
2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 3*a*b^2*e*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 3*b^3*e*n^2*Log[x]
^2*Log[c*x^n] + b^3*e*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n] + 3*a*b^2*e*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n
]^2 + 3*b^3*e*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - (3*b^3*e*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)/2
+ b^3*e*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3 - a^3*e*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*a^2*b*e*n*Log[1 + e*x
] - 6*a*b^2*e*n^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*e*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] - (a^3*Log[1 + e
*x])/x - (3*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (6*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (6*b^
3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x - 3*a^2*b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a*b^2*e*n*Lo
g[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*e*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - (3*a^2*b*Log
[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (6*a*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (6*b^3*n
^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x])/x - 3*a*b^2*e*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*b^
3*e*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - (3*a*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x -
(3*b^3*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x - b^3*e*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + e*x] -
(b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x - 3*b*e*n*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2
*b*(a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*PolyLog[2, -(e*x)] + 6*b^2*e*n
^2*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e*x)] - 6*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(
e*x)]

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -e \int \left(-\frac{6b^3n^3}{x(ex+1)} - \frac{6b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{x(ex+1)} - \frac{3b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{x(ex+1)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x(ex+1)} \right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{6b^2n^2\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{3bn\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} \\
& \quad \frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} - \frac{6b^3n^3\log(ex+1)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \quad -\frac{6b^2n^2\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} \\
& e \left(-6b^2n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{1}{ex} \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) - 6b^2n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{1}{ex} \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) + 6b^2n^2 \log \left(\frac{1}{ex} + 1 \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{3bn\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} - \frac{6b^3n^3\log(ex+1)}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `(-6*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/x - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x - e*(-6*b^3*n^3*Log[x] + 6*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + 3*b*n*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 + Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3 + 6*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))] - 6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))] - 3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))] - 6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(1/(e*x))] - 6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(1/(e*x))] - 6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(1/(e*x))])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m-1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 23.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1080, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1080

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-b^3*e*ln(e*x)*ln(x)^3*n^3-3*b^3*n/x*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)^2-3*b^3*n*ln(e*x+1)
*e*ln(x^n)^2-3*b^3*e*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*n^2+3*b^3*n*e*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2-2*b^3*e
*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)*n^2+3/2*b^3*n*e*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)^2-3*b^3*n*e*polylog(2,-e*
x)*ln(x^n)^2-6*b^3*n^2/x*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)-6*b^3*n^2*ln(e*x+1)*e*ln(x^n)+6
*b^3*n^2*e*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-6*b^3*n^2*e*polylog(2,-e*x)*ln(x^n)+6*b^3*n^2*e*p
olylog(3,-e*x)*ln(x^n)+1/8*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn
(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n
)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^3*e*(ln(e*x)-ln(e*x+1)/x/e*(e*x+1))+3*b^3*e*l
n(e*x)*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*n^2-3*b^3*e*ln(e*x)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*n+6*b^3*n^3*e*p
olylog(3,-e*x)+3/4*b^3*n^3*e*ln(x)^4-6*b^3*n^3*e*polylog(4,-e*x)-3*b^3*n^3
*e*ln(x)^2-6*b^3*n^3*e*polylog(2,-e*x)+3/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n
)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*P
i*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e*(ln(
e*x)-ln(e*x+1)/x/e*(e*x+1))+n*((-1-ln(x))/x*ln(e*x+1)-ln(e*x+1)*e+e*ln(x)+
1/2*e*ln(x)^2-e*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x)-e*polylog(2,-e*x)))+3/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n
)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b^2*((ln(x^n)-n*
ln(x))^2*e*(ln(e*x)-ln(e*x+1)/x/e*(e*x+1))+n^2*((-ln(x)^2-2*ln(x)-2)/x*ln(
e*x+1)-2*ln(e*x+1)*e+2*e*ln(x)+e*ln(x)^2-2*e*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x)-2*e*polylog(2
,-e*x)+1/3*e*ln(x)^3-e*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x)^2-2*e*ln(x)*polylog(2,-e*x)+2*e*...
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*log(e*x + 1))/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**3*log(e*x + 1)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^3*e*x*log(x) - (b^3*e*x + b^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^3/x + integrate((3*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(e*x + 1)*log(x^n) - 3*(b^3*e*n*x*log(x) - (b^3*e*n*x + b^3*(n + log(c)) + a*b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2 + (b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(e*x + 1))/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log(e*x + 1)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^3 b^3 - \log(ex + 1) a^3 ex - 3 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 a b^2 - 3 \log(ex + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^3 n}{x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*b**3*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e
*x**3 + x**2),x)*a*b**2*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*b**3*n
*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*a**2*b*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*
x**3 + x**2),x)*a*b**2*n*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + x**2),x)*b**3*n**
2*x - log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3 - 3*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b
**2 - 3*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n - 3*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*
**2*b - 6*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 6*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*
**3*n**2 - log(e*x + 1)*a**3*e*x - log(e*x + 1)*a**3 - 3*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*
b*e*n*x - 3*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*b*n - 6*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*e*n**2*x - 6*log
(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*n**2 - 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*e*n**3*x - 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**3
*n**3 - log(x**n*c)**3*b**3 - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b
**3*n - 3*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*b*
**3*n**2 + log(x)*a**3*e*x + 3*log(x)*a**2*b*e*n*x + 6*log(x)*a*b**2*e*n**2
*x + 6*log(x)*b**3*e*n**3*x - 3*a**2*b*n - 12*a*b**2*n**2 - 18*b**3*n**3)/
x
```

$$3.29 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1+ex)}{x^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 470

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = & -\frac{45b^3en^3}{8x} - \frac{3}{8}b^3e^2n^3 \log(x) \\
& - \frac{21b^2en^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x} \\
& + \frac{3}{4}b^2e^2n^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& - \frac{9ben(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4x} \\
& + \frac{3}{4}be^2n \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
& - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x} \\
& + \frac{1}{2}e^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{ex}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
& + \frac{3}{8}b^3e^2n^3 \log(1 + ex) - \frac{3b^3n^3 \log(1 + ex)}{8x^2} \\
& - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + ex)}{4x^2} \\
& - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + ex)}{4x^2} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{2x^2} \\
& - \frac{3}{4}b^3e^2n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
& - \frac{3}{2}b^2e^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
& - \frac{3}{2}be^2n(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
& - \frac{3}{2}b^3e^2n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
& - 3b^2e^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{ex}\right) \\
& - 3b^3e^2n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{1}{ex}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-45/8*b^3*e^n^3/x-3/8*b^3*e^2*n^3*ln(x)-21/4*b^2*e^n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x+3
/4*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-9/4*b*e*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x+3
/4*b*e^2*n*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/2*e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x+1/2*e^2
*ln(1+1/e/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+3/8*b^3*e^2*n^3*ln(e*x+1)-3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(e*
x+1)/x^2-3/4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e*x+1)/x^2-3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
^2*ln(e*x+1)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/x^2-3/4*b^3*e^2*n^3*polylog
og(2,-1/e/x)-3/2*b^2*e^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-1/e/x)-3/2*b*e^2*n
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-1/e/x)-3/2*b^3*e^2*n^3*polylog(3,-1/e/x)-3*b
^2*e^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-1/e/x)-3*b^3*e^2*n^3*polylog(4,-1/e/
x)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1047 vs. 2(470) = 940.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1047, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/8*(4*a^3*e*x + 18*a^2*b*e*n*x + 42*a*b^2*e^n^2*x + 45*b^3*e^n^3*x + 4*a
^3*e^2*x^2*Log[x] + 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]
+ 3*b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2*Log[x] - 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 6*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*
x^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 4*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3 +
2*b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^3 - b^3*e^2*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^4 + 12*a^2*b*e*x*Log[
c*x^n] + 36*a*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 42*b^3*e^n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a^2*b*
e^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^3*e
^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 6*
b^3*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^3*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n
] + 12*a*b^2*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 18*b^3*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 12*a*b^2*e^2*x
^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*e^2*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*e^2*n
*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*e*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 4*b^3*e^2*x^2*Log[x]
*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 4*a^3*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*a*b^2*n^2*
Log[1 + e*x] + 3*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x] - 4*a^3*e^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a^2
*b*e^2*n*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 3*b^3*e^2*n
^3*x^2*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*a^2*b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*a*b^2*n*Log[c*
x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 6*b^3*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a^2*b*e^2*x^2*L
og[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] - 6*b^
3*e^2*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e*x] + 12*a*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x]
+ 6*b^3*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e*x] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Lo...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(ex + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -e \int \left(-\frac{3b^3n^3}{8x^2(ex+1)} - \frac{3b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{4x^2(ex+1)} - \frac{3b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{4x^2(ex+1)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2(ex+1)} \right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{3b^2n^2\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4x^2} - \frac{3bn\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3} - \frac{3b^3n^3\log(ex+1)}{8x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \quad -\frac{3b^2n^2\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4x^2} - \\
& e \left(\frac{3}{2}b^2en^2 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{1}{ex} \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) + 3b^2en^2 \text{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{1}{ex} \right) (a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{3}{4}b^2en^2 \log \left(\frac{1}{ex} \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{3bn\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{4x^2} - \frac{\log(ex+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^3n^3\log(ex+1)}{8x^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/x^3, x]`

output `(-3*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + e*x])/(8*x^2) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*x^2) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + e*x])/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + e*x])/(2*x^2) - e*((45*b^3*n^3)/(8*x) + (3*b^3*e*n^3*Log[x])/8 + (21*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x) - (3*b^2*e*n^2*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 + (9*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*x) - (3*b*e*n*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/(2*x) - (e*Log[1 + 1/(e*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/2 - (3*b^3*e*n^3*Log[1 + e*x])/8 + (3*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))])/4 + (3*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))])/2 + (3*b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(1/(e*x))])/2 + (3*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(1/(e*x))])/2 + 3*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(1/(e*x))] + 3*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(1/(e*x))])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 23.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1329

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(e*x+1)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

3/4*b^3*n^3*e^2*polylog(2,-e*x)-3/2*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-e*x)*e^2+3*b^3*n^3*
polylog(4,-e*x)*e^2-1/2*b^3*e^2*ln(e*x)*ln(x^n)^3+1/2*b^3*e^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln
(x^n)^3+3/8*b^3*n^3*e^2*ln(x)^2-1/4*b^3*n^3*e^2*ln(x)^3-3/8*b^3*n^3*e^2*ln
(x)^4+3/4*b^3*ln(x)^2*e^2*ln(x^n)*n^2+3/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n
)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi
*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e^2*(-1
/2*ln(e*x)-1/2/e/x+1/2*ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)*(e*x-1)/x^2/e^2)+n*((-1/4-1/2*ln(
x))/x^2*ln(e*x+1)+1/4*e^2*ln(e*x+1)-3/4*e/x-1/4*e^2*ln(x)+1/2*e^2*ln(e*x+1
)*ln(x)-1/4*e^2*ln(x)^2+1/2*e^2*polylog(2,-e*x)-1/2*e*ln(x)/x))-3/2*b^3*e^
2*ln(e*x)*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*n^2+3/2*b^3*e^2*ln(e*x)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*n+b^3*e^
2*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)*n^2-3/4*b^3*n/x^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)^2+3/4*b^3*n^2*e^2*ln
(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)-3/4*b^3*n*ln(x)*e^2*ln(x^n)^2+1/2*b^3*e^2*ln(e*x)*ln(x)^3*
n^3-3/4*b^3*n*e^2*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)^2+3/2*b^3*n*e^2*polylog(2,-e*x)*ln(x^n)^
2-3/4*b^3*n^2/x^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)-3/4*b^3*n^2*ln(x)*e^2*ln(x^n)+3/2*b^3*
n^2*e^2*polylog(2,-e*x)*ln(x^n)-3*b^3*n^2*polylog(3,-e*x)*e^2*ln(x^n)+3/4*
b^3*n*e^2*ln(e*x+1)*ln(x^n)^2-1/2*b^3*e/x*ln(x^n)^3+3/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n
)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b^2*((ln(x^n)-n*
ln(x))^2*e^2*(-1/2*ln(e*x)-1/2/e/x+1/2*ln(e*x+1)*(e*x+1)*(e*x-1)/x^2/e^2)+
n^2*((-1/4-1/2*ln(x)-1/2*ln(x)^2)/x^2*ln(e*x+1)+1/4*e^2*ln(e*x+1)-7/4*e...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3*log(e*x + 1) + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*log(e*x + 1
) + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n)*log(e*x + 1) + a^3*log(e*x + 1))/x^3, x)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(e*x+1)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b^3*e^2*x^2*log(x) + b^3*e*x - (b^3*e^2*x^2 - b^3)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^3/x^2 - 1/2*integrate(-(6*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(e*x + 1)*log(x^n) + 3*(b^3*e^2*n*x^2*log(x) + b^3*e*n*x - (b^3*e^2*n*x^2 - b^3*(n + 2*log(c)) - 2*a*b^2)*log(e*x + 1))*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(e*x + 1))/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log(ex + 1)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log(e*x + 1)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(ex + 1) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3,x)`output `int((log(e*x + 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + ex)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(e*x+1)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*b**3*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)
**2/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**4 + x**3)
,x)*b**3*n*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*a**2*b*x**2 - 24*i
nt(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + x**3),x)*a*b**2*n*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x*
**4 + x**3),x)*b**3*n**2*x**2 - 8*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3 - 24*log
(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n -
24*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 24*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n
- 12*log(e*x + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*n**2 + 8*log(e*x + 1)*a**3*e**2*x**2 -
8*log(e*x + 1)*a**3 + 12*log(e*x + 1)*a**2*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 12*log(e*x + 1)
*a**2*b*n + 12*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 12*log(e*x + 1)*a*b**2
*n**2 + 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*e**2*n**3*x**2 - 6*log(e*x + 1)*b**3*n**3 - 4*
log(x**n*c)**3*b**3 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n
- 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*n*
*2 - 8*log(x)*a**3*e**2*x**2 - 12*log(x)*a**2*b*e**2*n*x**2 - 12*log(x)*a*
b**2*e**2*n**2*x**2 - 6*log(x)*b**3*e**2*n**3*x**2 - 8*a**3*e*x - 12*a**2*
b*e*n*x - 6*a**2*b*n - 12*a*b**2*e*n**2*x - 12*a*b**2*n**2 - 6*b**3*e*n**3
*x - 9*b**3*n**3)/(16*x**2)
```

3.30 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

Optimal result	304
Mathematica [C] (verified)	305
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Fricas [F]	308
Sympy [F(-1)]	308
Maxima [F]	308
Giac [F(-2)]	309
Mupad [F(-1)]	309
Reduce [F]	310

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 180

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
 &= -\frac{3bnx^2}{16df} + \frac{1}{16}bnx^4 + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4df} - \frac{1}{8}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 &+ \frac{bn \log(1 + dfx^2)}{16d^2f^2} - \frac{1}{16}bnx^4 \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4d^2f^2} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{8d^2f^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-3/16*b*n*x^2/d/f+1/16*b*n*x^4+1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-1/8*x^4*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))+1/16*b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2-1/16*b*n*x^4*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1
/8*b*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
 &= \frac{ax^2}{4df} - \frac{ax^4}{8} + \frac{1}{32}bx^4(n - 4(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \\
 &+ \frac{bx^2(-n + 4(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{16df} - \frac{a \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4d^2f^2} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4}ax^4 \log(1 + dfx^2) + \frac{b(n - 4(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{16d^2f^2} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{16}bx^4(-n + 4n \log(x) + 4(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
 &- \frac{1}{2}bdfn \left(-\frac{-\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(x)}{d^2f^2} + \frac{-\frac{x^4}{16} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(x)}{df} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\log(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{2d^3f^3} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{\log(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{2d^3f^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2)/(4*d*f) - (a*x^4)/8 + (b*x^4*(n - 4*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/32 + (b*x^2*(-n + 4*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/(16*d*f) - (a*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d^2*f^2) + (a*x^4*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 + (b*(n - 4*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(16*d^2*f^2) + (b*x^4*(-n + 4*n*Log[x] + 4*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/16 - (b*d*f*n*(-((-1/4*x^2 + x^2*Log[x])/2)/(d^2*f^2)) + (-1/16*x^4 + (x^4*Log[x])/4)/(d*f) + (Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*d^3*f^3) + (Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*d^3*f^3))/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log (c x^n)) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{4} \log (d f x^2 + 1) x^3 - \frac{x^3}{8} + \frac{x}{4df} - \frac{\log (d f x^2 + 1)}{4d^2 f^2 x} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{\log (d f x^2 + 1) (a + b \log (c x^n))}{4d^2 f^2} + \frac{x^2 (a + b \log (c x^n))}{4df} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \log (d f x^2 + 1) (a + b \log (c x^n)) -$$

$$\frac{1}{8} x^4 (a + b \log (c x^n))$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\log (d f x^2 + 1) (a + b \log (c x^n))}{4d^2 f^2} + \frac{x^2 (a + b \log (c x^n))}{4df} +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} x^4 \log (d f x^2 + 1) (a + b \log (c x^n)) - \frac{1}{8} x^4 (a + b \log (c x^n)) -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog} (2, -d f x^2)}{8d^2 f^2} - \frac{\log (d f x^2 + 1)}{16d^2 f^2} + \frac{3x^2}{16df} + \frac{1}{16} x^4 \log (d f x^2 + 1) - \frac{x^4}{16} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*d*f) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d^2*f^2) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 - b*n*((3*x^2)/(16*d*f) - x^4/16 - Log[1 + d*f*x^2]/(16*d^2*f^2) + (x^4*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/16 + PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]/(8*d^2*f^2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 54.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
risch	$\left(\frac{b x^4 \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2))}{4} - \frac{b(d^2 f^2 x^4 - 2df x^2 + 2 \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2)) + 1)}{8d^2 f^2} \right) \ln(x^n) + \left(\frac{i b \pi \operatorname{csgn}(i x^n) \operatorname{csgn}(i c x^n)^2}{2} - \frac{i b \pi \operatorname{csgn}(i x^n)}{2} \right)$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (1/4*b*x^4*\ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))-1/8*b*(d^2*f^2*x^4-2*d*f*x^2+2*\ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))+1)/d^2/f^2)*\ln(x^n)+(1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*x^n)*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*x^n)*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c*x^n)*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2*\operatorname{csgn}(I*c)+b*\ln(c)+a)*(1/4*x^4*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/2*d*f*(1/2/d^2/f^2*(1/2*x^4*d*f-x^2)+1/2/d^3/f^3*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)))+1/16*b*n*x^4-3/16*b*n*x^2/d/f+1/8*n*b/d^2/f^2*\ln(x)-1/16*b*n*x^4*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/16*b*n*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2+1/4*n*b/d^2/f^2*\ln(x)*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*n*b/d^2/f^2*\ln(x)*\ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-1/4*n*b/d^2/f^2*\ln(x)*\ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-1/4*n*b/d^2/f^2*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-1/4*n*b/d^2/f^2*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2)) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/16*(4*b*x^4*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 4*log(c)) - 4*a)*x^4)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) -
integrate(1/8*(4*b*d*f*x^5*log(x^n) + (4*a*d*f - (d*f*n - 4*d*f*log(c))*b)
*x^5)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int x^3 \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^3*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{8\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{df \frac{x^3}{x^3+x}} dx\right) bn + 4 \log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c) b d^2 f^2 n x^4 + 4 \log(df x^2 + 1) a d^2 f^2 n x^4 - 4 \log(df x^2 + 1)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(8*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b*n + 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 - 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*n - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*n**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**2*b - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 4*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 2*a*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 4*a*d*f*n*x**2 + b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 - 3*b*d*f*n**2*x**2)/(16*d**2*f**2*n)`

3.31 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

Optimal result	311
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Mupad [F(-1)]	316
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 114

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2}bnx^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{bn(1 + dfx^2) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4df} \\ & \quad + \frac{(1 + dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{2df} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4df} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*b*n*x^2-1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/4*b*n*(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f+
1/2*(d*f*x^2+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f+1/4*b*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x
^2)/d/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{4}bx^2(n - 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \\
 &+ \frac{b(-n + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4df} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4}bx^2(-n + 2n \log(x) + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2}a\left(-x^2 + \frac{(1 + dfx^2) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{df}\right) \\
 &- bdfn\left(\frac{-\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(x)}{df} - \frac{\log(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{2d^2f^2}\right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{\log(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{2d^2f^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output `(b*x^2*(n - 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/4 + (b*(-n + 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d*f) + (b*x^2*(-n + 2*n*Log[x] + 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 + (a*(-x^2 + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(d*f)))/2 - b*d*f*n*((-1/4*x^2 + (x^2*Log[x])/2)/(d*f) - (Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*d^2*f^2) - (Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*d^2*f^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log (c x^n)) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2823} \\
& -bn \int \left(\frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log (dfx^2 + 1)}{2dfx} - \frac{x}{2} \right) dx + \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log (dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{2df} - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \log (cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log (dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{2df} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \log (cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4df} + \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log (dfx^2 + 1)}{4df} - \frac{x^2}{2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output `-1/2*(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*d*f) - b*n*(-1/2*x^2 + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d*f) - PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]/(4*d*f))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 16.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
risch	$\left(\frac{bx^2 \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{2} + \frac{b(-dfx^2 + \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2)))}{2df} \right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{\left(\frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic)}{2} \right)}{2}$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(1/2*b*x^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))+1/2*b*(-d*f*x^2+ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)))/d/f)*ln(x^n)+1/2*(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)/d/f*(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))*d*(1/d+f*x^2)-d*(1/d+f*x^2))-1/4*x^2*b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/2*b*n*x^2-1/4*n*b/d/f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/2*n*b/d/f*ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/2*n*b/d/f*ln(x)*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+1/2*n*b/d/f*ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+1/2*n*b/d/f*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+1/2*n*b/d/f*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral(b*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b*x^2*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a)*x^2)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(1/2*(2*b*d*f*x^3*log(x^n) + (2*a*d*f - (d*f*n - 2*d*f*log(c))*b)*x^3)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int x \ln\left(d\left(fx^2+\frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a+b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{d f x^3 + x} dx\right) b n + 2 \log(d f x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c) b d f n x^2 + 2 \log(d f x^2 + 1) a d f n x^2 + 2 \log(d f x^2 + 1) a n}{4 d f n}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(- 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b*n + 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*n*x**2 + 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*d*f*n*x**2 + 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*n - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*d*f*n**2*x**2 - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*n**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 2*a*d*f*n*x**2 + 2*b*d*f*n**2*x**2)/(4*d*f*n)`

$$3.32 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	317
Rubi [A] (verified)	318
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	319
Fricas [F]	319
Sympy [F(-1)]	320
Maxima [F]	320
Giac [F]	320
Mupad [F(-1)]	321
Reduce [F]	321

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) + \frac{1}{4}bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)+1/4*b*n*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}a \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) - \frac{1}{2}b \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) + \frac{1}{4}bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2))]/x,x]`

output

$$-1/2*(a*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(d*f*x^2)]) - (b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/2 + (b*n*\text{PolyLog}[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/4$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

↓ 2821

$$\frac{1}{2}bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{1}{4}bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x,x]$$

output

$$-1/2*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]) + (b*n*\text{PolyLog}[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/4$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_*)*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_)^(m_))])*((a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_*)^(p_)))/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/m) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^(p-1)/x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]$$

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 7.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.87

method	result
risch	$-\ln(df x^2 + 1) \ln(x)^2 b n + \ln(x)^2 \ln(1 + x\sqrt{-df}) b n + \ln(x)^2 \ln(1 - x\sqrt{-df}) b n + \ln(df x^2)$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)^2*b*n+ln(x)^2*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b*n+ln(x)^2*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b*n+ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)*b-ln(x)*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b-ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b+ln(x)*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b*n+ln(x)*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b*n-dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b-dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b-1/2*ln(x)*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*b*n+1/4*b*n*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*(ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*d*f*(1/2*ln(x)*(ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))))/d/f+1/2*(dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2)))/d/f))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(-(b*d*f*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2*b*d*f*x*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*d*f*log(c) + a*d*f)*x*log(x))/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{df x^3 + x} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) b + \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)^2 a}{4}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x)`

output `(4*int(log(d*f*x**2 + 1)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a + 4*int((log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)**2*a)/4`

3.33
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	322
Mathematica [C] (verified)	323
Rubi [A] (verified)	323
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	325
Fricas [F]	325
Sympy [F(-1)]	326
Maxima [F]	326
Giac [F]	326
Mupad [F(-1)]	327
Reduce [F]	327

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2}bdfn \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}bdfn \log^2(x) + df \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bdfn \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{bn \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{2}df(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}bdfn \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)$$

output

```
1/2*b*d*f*n*ln(x)-1/2*b*d*f*n*ln(x)^2+d*f*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/4*b*d*f*
n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-1/2*d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x
^2+1)-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-1/4*b*d*f*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2
)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} bdf \log(x) (n + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) + adf \left(\log(x) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1 + dfx^2) \right)$$

$$- \frac{a \log(1 + dfx^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4} bdf (n + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2)$$

$$- \frac{b(n + 2n \log(x) + 2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4x^2}$$

$$+ bdfn \left(\frac{\log^2(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\log(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) - \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \right) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left(-\log(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) - \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^3,x]`

output `(b*d*f*Log[x]*(n + 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/2 + a*d*f*(Log[x] - Log[1 + d*f*x^2]/2) - (a*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*x^2) - (b*d*f*(n + 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 - (b*(n + 2*n*Log[x] + 2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*x^2) + b*d*f*n*(Log[x]^2/2 + (-Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2 + (-Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{df \log(x)}{x} - \frac{df \log(df x^2 + 1)}{2x} - \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{2x^3} \right) dx + df \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) -$$

$$\frac{1}{2} df \log(df x^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$df \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} df \log(df x^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) -$$

$$\frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{1}{4} df \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -df x^2) + \frac{1}{4} df \log(df x^2 + 1) + \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{4x^2} + \frac{1}{2} df \log^2(x) - \frac{1}{2} df \log(x) \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^3,x]`

output `d*f*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - (d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/2 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*x^2) - b*n*(-1/2*(d*f*Log[x]) + (d*f*Log[x]^2)/2 + (d*f*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 + Log[1 + d*f*x^2]/(4*x^2) + (d*f*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 7.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 310, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result
risch	$\left(-\frac{b \ln(d(\frac{1}{d}+f x^2))}{2x^2} + b f d \ln(x) - \frac{b f d \ln(d(\frac{1}{d}+f x^2))}{2}\right) \ln(x^n) + \frac{n b \ln(x) \ln(d f x^2+1) d f}{2} - \frac{n b \ln(1+x \sqrt{-d f}) \ln(x) c}{2}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $(-1/2*b/x^2*\ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))+b*f*d*\ln(x)-1/2*b*f*d*\ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)))*\ln(x^n)+1/2*n*b*\ln(x)*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)*d*f-1/2*n*b*\ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*\ln(x)*d*f-1/2*n*b*\ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*\ln(x)*d*f-1/2*n*b*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*d*f-1/2*n*b*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*d*f-1/4*b*n*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2+1/2*b*d*f*n*\ln(x)-1/4*b*d*f*n*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/2*b*d*f*n*\ln(x)^2+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*\ln(c)+a)*(-1/2/x^2*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)+d*f*(\ln(x)-1/2*\ln(d*f*x^2+1)))$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**3,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*b*log(x^n) + 2*a)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x^2 + integrate(1/2*(2*b*d*f*log(x^n) + 2*a*d*f + (d*f*n + 2*d*f*log(c))*b)/(d*f*x^3 + x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{df x^5 + x^3} dx \right) b x^2 - 2 \log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c) b - 2 \log(df x^2 + 1) a df x^2 - 2 \log(df x^2 + 1) a - \log(d)}{4x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x)`

output `(- 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*b*x**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*d*f*x**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*d*f*n*x**2 - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*n - 2*log(x**n*c)*b + 4*log(x)*a*d*f*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b*d*f*n*x**2 - b*n)/(4*x**2)`

3.34 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

Optimal result	328
Mathematica [A] (verified)	329
Rubi [A] (verified)	329
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	331
Fricas [F]	332
Sympy [F(-1)]	332
Maxima [F]	332
Giac [F]	333
Mupad [F(-1)]	333
Reduce [F]	334

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = -\frac{8bnx}{9df} + \frac{4}{27}bnx^3 + \frac{2bn \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)}{9d^{3/2}f^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3df} - \frac{2}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \log(1 + dfx^2) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) + \frac{ibn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} - \frac{ibn \operatorname{PolyLog}}{3d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-8/9*b*n*x/d/f+4/27*b*n*x^3+2/9*b*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(3/2)/f^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-2/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2/3*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^(3/2)/f^(3/2)-1/9*b*n*x^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/3*I*b*n*polylog(2,-I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(3/2)/f^(3/2)-1/3*I*b*n*polylog(2,I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(3/2)/f^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \frac{2ax}{3df} - \frac{2ax^3}{9} - \frac{2a \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{2bx(-n + 3(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{9df} - \frac{2}{27}bx^3(-n + 3(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)(-n + 3(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{9d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{3}ax^3 \log(1+dfx^2) + \frac{1}{9}bx^3(-n+3n \log(x)+3(-n \log(x)+\log(cx^n))) \log(1+dfx^2) - \frac{2}{3}bdfn \left(-\frac{x(-1-\log(x))}{d}\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output `(2*a*x)/(3*d*f) - (2*a*x^3)/9 - (2*a*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]/(3*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)) + (2*b*x*(-n + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/(9*d*f) - (2*b*x^3*(-n + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/27 - (2*b*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(-n + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/(9*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)) + (a*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/3 + (b*x^3*(-n + 3*n*Log[x] + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/9 - (2*b*d*f*n*(-((x*(-1 + Log[x]))/(d^2*f^2)) + (-1/9*x^3 + (x^3*Log[x])/3)/(d*f) - ((I/2)*(Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(d^(5/2)*f^(5/2)) + ((I/2)*(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(d^(5/2)*f^(5/2))))/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2823} \\
& -bn \int \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(dfx^2 + 1) x^2 - \frac{2x^2}{9} + \frac{2}{3df} - \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}x} \right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3df} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3df} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(-\frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{9d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{9}x^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) + \frac{8x}{9df} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*d*f) - (2*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 - (2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/3 - b*n*((8*x)/(9*d*f) - (4*x^3)/27 - (2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(9*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)) + (x^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/9 - ((I/3)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)) + ((I/3)*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 32.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
risch	$\frac{bx^3 \ln(df x^2 + 1) \ln(x^n)}{3} - \frac{2bx^3 \ln(x^n)}{9} + \frac{2bx \ln(x^n)}{3df} + \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right) n \ln(x)}{3df\sqrt{df}} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right) \ln(x^n)}{3df\sqrt{df}} - \frac{bnx^3 \ln(df x^2 + 1)}{9}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b*x^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)-2/9*b*x^3*ln(x^n)+2/3*b/d/f*x*ln(x^n)+2/3*b/d/f/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)-2/3*b/d/f/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)-1/9*b*n*x^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+4/27*b*n*x^3-8/9*b*n*x/d/f+2/9*b*n/d/f/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))+1/3*b*n/d^2/f^2*(-d*f)^(1/2)*ln(x)*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-1/3*b*n/d^2/f^2*(-d*f)^(1/2)*ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+1/3*b*n/d^2/f^2*(-d*f)^(1/2)*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-1/3*b*n/d^2/f^2*(-d*f)^(1/2)*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a*(1/3*x^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2/3*d*f*(1/d^2/f^2*(1/3*x^3*d*f-x)+1/d^2/f^2/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b*x^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*x^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/9*(3*b*x^3*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 3*log(c)) - 3*a)*x^3)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - i
ntegrate(2/9*(3*b*d*f*x^4*log(x^n) + (3*a*d*f - (d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*b)*
x^4)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int x^2 \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) a + 6\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) bn - 18\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{dfx^2+1} dx\right) bdf + 9 \log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^nc)}{1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(- 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a + 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b*n - 18*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b*d*f + 9*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 9*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*d**2*f**2*x**3 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**3 - 6*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 18*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*x - 6*a*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 18*a*d*f*x + 4*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**3 - 24*b*d*f*n*x)/(27*d**2*f**2)`

3.35 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

Optimal result	335
Mathematica [A] (verified)	336
Rubi [A] (verified)	337
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	338
Fricas [F]	339
Sympy [F]	339
Maxima [F]	339
Giac [F]	340
Mupad [F(-1)]	340
Reduce [F]	340

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 182

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= 4bnx - \frac{2bn \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - 2x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\ & \quad + \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \\ & \quad - bnx \log(1 + dfx^2) + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) \\ & \quad - \frac{ibn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{ibn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
4*b*n*x-2*b*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)+2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-b*n*x*ln(d*f
*x^2+1)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-I*b*n*polylog(2,-I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)
*x)/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+I*b*n*polylog(2,I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
&= -2ax + \frac{2a \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - 2bx(-n - n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) \\
&+ \frac{2b \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})(-n - n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + ax \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
&+ bx(-n + \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) - 2bdfn \left(\frac{x(-1 + \log(x))}{df} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{i(\log(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}))}{2d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} \right) \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{i(\log(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}))}{2d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`output `-2*a*x + (2*a*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) - 2*b*x*(-n - n*Log[x] + Log[c*x^n]) + (2*b*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(-n - n*Log[x] + Log[c*x^n]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + a*x*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + b*x*(-n + Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 2*b*d*f*n*((x*(-1 + Log[x]))/(d*f) + ((I/2)*(Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)) - ((I/2)*(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(d^(3/2)*f^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2817$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}} + \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 2 \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - 2x(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - 2x(a + b \log(cx^n)) -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{i \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} + x \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 4x \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output

```
-2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + (2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))
/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - b*n*(-4*x + (
2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + x*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + (I*P
olyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) - (I*PolyLog[2, I*Sqr
t[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 8.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

method	result
risch	$bx \ln(df x^2 + 1) \ln(x^n) - 2bx \ln(x^n) - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right) n \ln(x)}{\sqrt{df}} + \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right) \ln(x^n)}{\sqrt{df}} - bnx \ln(df x^2 + 1)$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b*x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)-2*b*x*ln(x^n)-2*b/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)+2*b/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)-b*n*x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+4*b*n*x-b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)/d/f*ln(x)*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)/d/f*ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)/d/f*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)/d/f*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-2*b*n/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*(x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*d*f*(1/d/f*x-1/d/f/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))))`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(dfx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*log(d*f*x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*x*log(x^n) - (b*(n - log(c)) - a)*x)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(2*(b*d*f*x^2*log(x^n) + (a*d*f - (d*f*n - d*f*log(c))*b)*x^2)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) a - 2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) bn + 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{df x^2+1} dx\right) bdf + \log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^nc) bdf x}{df}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a - 2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*a
tan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b*n + 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b
*d*f + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*x + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*d*f*x -
log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*d*f*n*x - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*x - 2*a*d*f*x + 4*b*d*f
*n*x)/(d*f)
```

3.36
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	343
Rubi [A] (verified)	343
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	345
Fricas [F]	345
Sympy [F]	346
Maxima [F]	346
Giac [F]	346
Mupad [F(-1)]	347
Reduce [F]	347

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx = 2b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}n \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}x\right) + 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}x\right) (a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{bn \log(1+dfx^2)}{x} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+dfx^2)}{x} - ib\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}x\right) + ib\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}x\right)$$

output

```
2*b*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+2*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-I*b*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*polylog(2,-I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+I*b*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*polylog(2,I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= 2a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + 2b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (n - n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))$$

$$- \frac{a \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x} - \frac{b(n + \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x}$$

$$+ 2bdfn \left(-\frac{i(\log(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}))}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{i(\log(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}))}{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^2,x]`

output `2*a*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(n - n*Log[x] + Log[c*x^n]) - (a*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - (b*(n + Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x + 2*b*d*f*n*(((-1/2*I)*(Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]) + ((I/2)*(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2)) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2823 \\ & -bn \int \left(\frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{x} - \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{x^2} \right) dx + \\ & 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\ & bn \left(-2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^2,x]`

output `2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - b*n*(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[1 + d*f*x^2]/x + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 7.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\ln(df x^2+1)\ln(x^n)b}{x} - \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right)n \ln(x)df}{\sqrt{df}} + \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right)\ln(x^n)df}{\sqrt{df}} - \frac{bn \ln(df x^2+1)}{x} + \frac{2bn \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right)df}{\sqrt{df}}$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x*ln(x^n)*b-2/(d*f)^(1/2)*b*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)*d*f+2/(d*f)^(1/2)*b*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*d*f-b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x+2/(d*f)^(1/2)*b*n*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*d*f-b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)*ln(x)*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)*ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))-b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+b*n*(-d*f)^(1/2)*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2)))+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*(-ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x+2*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^2, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*(n + log(c)) + b*log(x^n) + a)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x + integrate(2*(b*d*f*log(x^n) + a*d*f + (d*f*n + d*f*log(c))*b)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) ax + 2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) bnx - 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{dfx^4+x^2} dx\right) bx - \log(dfx^2 + 1) \log(x^nc) b}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*x + 2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b*n*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*b*x - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*n - 2*log(x**n*c)*b - 2*b*n)/x`

3.37
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	348
Mathematica [C] (verified)	349
Rubi [A] (verified)	349
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	351
Fricas [F]	351
Sympy [F(-1)]	352
Maxima [F]	352
Giac [F]	352
Mupad [F(-1)]	353
Reduce [F]	353

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8bdfn}{9x} - \frac{2}{9}bd^{3/2}f^{3/2}n \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - \frac{2df(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x}$$

$$- \frac{2}{3}d^{3/2}f^{3/2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{bn \log(1 + dfx^2)}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{3x^3} + \frac{1}{3}i$$

output

```
-8/9*b*d*f*n/x-2/9*b*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-2/3*d*f*(
a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-2/3*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))-1/9*b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3+1/3*I
*b*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n*polylog(2,-I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-1/3*I*b*d^(3/2)*f^(3/
2)*n*polylog(2,I*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2adf \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -dfx^2)}{3x}$$

$$- \frac{2}{9}bd^{3/2}f^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (n + 3(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))$$

$$- \frac{2b(df n + 3df(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{9x} - \frac{a \log(1 + dfx^2)}{3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(n + 3n \log(x) + 3(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{9x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3}bdfn \left(-\frac{1}{x} - \frac{\log(x)}{x} + \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} (\log(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})) - \frac{1}{2}i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} (1 \right.$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2))]/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*a*d*f*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -(d*f*x^2)]/(3*x) - (2*b*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(n + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/9 - (2*b*(d*f*n + 3*d*f*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/(9*x) - (a*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(3*x^3) - (b*(n + 3*n*Log[x] + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(9*x^3) + (2*b*d*f*n*(-x^(-1)) - Log[x]/x + (1/2)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*(Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - (1/2)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])))/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2823} \\
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{2d^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) f^{3/2}}{3x} - \frac{2df}{3x^2} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)}{3x^4} \right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{2}{3} d^{3/2} f^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2df(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{2}{3} d^{3/2} f^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2df(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3x^3} - \\
& bn \left(\frac{2}{9} d^{3/2} f^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) - \frac{1}{3} id^{3/2} f^{3/2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + \frac{1}{3} id^{3/2} f^{3/2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + \dots \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*x) - (2*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/3 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(3*x^3) - b*n*((8*d*f)/(9*x) + (2*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/9 + Log[1 + d*f*x^2]/(9*x^3) - (I/3)*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + (I/3)*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 15.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b \ln(df x^2+1) \ln(x^n)}{3x^3} - \frac{2bdf \ln(x^n)}{3x} + \frac{2b d^2 f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right) n \ln(x)}{3\sqrt{df}} - \frac{2b d^2 f^2 \arctan\left(\frac{xdf}{\sqrt{df}}\right) \ln(x^n)}{3\sqrt{df}} - \frac{bn \ln(df x^2+1)}{9x^3} -$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/3*b*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3*ln(x^n)-2/3*b*d*f/x*ln(x^n)+2/3*b*d^2*f^2/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)-2/3*b*d^2*f^2/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)-1/9*b*n*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3-8/9*b*d*f*n/x-2/9*b*n*d^2*f^2/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))+1/3*b*n*d*f*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*(-d*f)^(1/2)*ln(x)-1/3*b*n*d*f*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*(-d*f)^(1/2)*ln(x)+1/3*b*n*d*f*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*(-d*f)^(1/2)-1/3*b*n*d*f*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*(-d*f)^(1/2)+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*(-1/3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3+2/3*d*f*(-1/x-d*f/(d*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*d*f/(d*f)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**4,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*(b*(n + 3*log(c)) + 3*b*log(x^n) + 3*a)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x^3 + integrate(2/9*(3*b*d*f*log(x^n) + 3*a*d*f + (d*f*n + 3*d*f*log(c))*b)/(d*f*x^4 + x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) adf x^3 - 6\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) bdfn x^3 - 18\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{df x^6 + x^4} dx\right) b x^3 - 9 \log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c) b x^3 - 9 \log(df x^2 + 1) a - 3 \log(df x^2 + 1) b n - 6 \log(x^n c) b - 18 a d f x^2 - 6 b d f n x^2 - 2 b n}{27x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x)`

output `(- 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*d*f*x**3 - 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b*d*f*n*x**3 - 18*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**6 + x**4),x)*b*x**3 - 9*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b - 9*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*b - 18*a*d*f*x**2 - 6*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 2*b*n)/(27*x**3)`

3.38 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 367

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \frac{7b^2n^2x^2}{32df} - \frac{3}{64}b^2n^2x^4 - \frac{3bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8df} + \frac{1}{8}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\ &+ \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4df} - \frac{1}{8}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{b^2n^2 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{32d^2f^2} \\ &+ \frac{1}{32}b^2n^2x^4 \log(1 + dfx^2) + \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{8d^2f^2} \\ &- \frac{1}{8}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4d^2f^2} \\ &+ \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2) + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{16d^2f^2} \\ &- \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4d^2f^2} + \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{8d^2f^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
7/32*b^2*n^2*x^2/d/f-3/64*b^2*n^2*x^4-3/8*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f+1/8*
b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d/f-1/8*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x
n))^2-1/32*b^2*n^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2+1/32*b^2*n^2*x^4*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/
8*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2-1/8*b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln
(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/16*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2-1/4*b*n*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2+1/8*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)/d
^2/f^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 654, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2dfx^2(8a^2 - 4abn + b^2n^2 + 4b^2n(n \log(x) - \log(cx^n)) + 16ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + 8b^2(-n \log(x) -$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```


output

```
(2*d*f*x^2*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 4*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) +
16*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 8*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) -
d^2*f^2*x^4*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 4*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) +
16*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 8*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) +
2*d^2*f^2*x^4*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 - 4*b*(-4*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] +
8*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 2*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 4*b^
2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 16*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 8*b^2*(-
(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + b*n*(-4*a + b*n + 4*b*n*Log
[x] - 4*b*Log[c*x^n])*(4*d*f*x^2 - d^2*f^2*x^4 - 8*d*f*x^2*Log[x] + 4*d^2*
f^2*x^4*Log[x] + 8*Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 8*Log[x]*Log[1 +
I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 8*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 8*PolyLog[2,
I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 32*b^2*n^2*((d*f*x^2*(1 - 2*Log[x] + 2*Log[x]^2))
/4 - (d^2*f^2*x^4*(1 - 4*Log[x] + 8*Log[x]^2))/32 - (Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sq
rt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2 - (Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2 - Log[x]*P
olyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]
+ PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/
(64*d^2*f^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log (c x^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-2bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{8}(a + b \log (c x^n)) x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(a + b \log (c x^n)) \log (d f x^2 + 1) x^3 + \frac{(a + b \log (c x^n)) x}{4df} - \frac{(a + b \log (c x^n))}{4d^2 f} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log (d f x^2 + 1) (a + b \log (c x^n))^2}{4d^2 f^2} + \frac{x^2(a + b \log (c x^n))^2}{4df} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{4} x^4 \log (d f x^2 + 1) (a + b \log (c x^n))^2 - \frac{1}{8} x^4 (a + b \log (c x^n))^2 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8d^2f^2} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{16d^2f^2} + \frac{3x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{16df} + \frac{1}{16}x^4 \log \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4d^2f^2} + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4df} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{8}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output

```
(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*d*f) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/8 - ((a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d^2*f^2) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*
Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 - 2*b*n*((-7*b*n*x^2)/(64*d*f) + (3*b*n*x^4)/128 + (3*
x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(16*d*f) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/16 + (b*n*Log[
1 + d*f*x^2])/(64*d^2*f^2) - (b*n*x^4*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/64 - ((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(16*d^2*f^2) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*
f*x^2])/16 - (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]/(32*d^2*f^2) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n
])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]/(8*d^2*f^2) - (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)]/(16*
d^2*f^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(8*b^2*x^4*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^2*(n - 4*log(c)) - 4*a*b)*x^4*log(x^n) + ((n^2 - 4*n*log(c) + 8*log(c)^2)*b^2 - 4*a*b*(n - 4*log(c)) + 8*a^2)*x^4)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(1/16*(8*b^2*d*f*x^5*log(x^n)^2 + 4*(4*a*b*d*f - (d*f*n - 4*d*f*log(c))*b^2)*x^5*log(x^n) + (8*a^2*d*f - 4*(d*f*n - 4*d*f*log(c))*a*b + (d*f*n^2 - 4*d*f*n*log(c) + 8*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^5)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int x^3 \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^3*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-48 \log(df x^2 + 1) a^2 n - 6 \log(df x^2 + 1) b^2 n^3 - 24 a^2 d^2 f^2 n x^4 + 48 a^2 df n x^2 - 9 b^2 d^2 f^2 n^3 x^4 + 42 b^2 df n^3}{1}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(96*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**2*n + 192*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a*b*n - 48*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 48*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 96*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 - 24*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 + 48*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 - 48*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*n - 24*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 + 24*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**3*x**4 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*n**3 - 32*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 - 96*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 24*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 48*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*n - 48*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 96*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 - 72*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 24*a**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 48*a**2*d*f*n*x**2 + 24*a*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 - 72*a*b*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 9*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**3*x**4 + 42*b**2*d*f*n**3*x**2)/(192*d**2*f**2*n)`

3.39 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 241

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
 &= -\frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2 + bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 &+ \frac{b^2n^2(1 + dfx^2) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4df} - \frac{bn(1 + dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{2df} \\
 &+ \frac{(1 + dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{2df} - \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4df} \\
 &+ \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{2df} - \frac{b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{4df}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-3/4*b^2*n^2*x^2+b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/4*b^2
*n^2*(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f-1/2*b*n*(d*f*x^2+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(
d*f*x^2+1)/d/f+1/2*(d*f*x^2+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f-1/4*b^2
*n^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d/f+1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d
/f-1/4*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)/d/f

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-dfx^2(2a^2 - 2abn + b^2n^2 + 2b^2n(n \log(x) - \log(cx^n)) + 4ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + 2b^2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{4d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output

```
(-(d*f*x^2*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 2*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) +
4*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]^2)) +
d*f*x^2*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 - 2*b*(-2*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + (2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 2*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 4*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 2*b*n*(2*a - b*n - 2*b*n*Log[x] + 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*((d*f*x^2)/2 - d*f*x^2*Log[x] + Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - b^2*n^2*(d*f*x^2 - 2*d*f*x^2*Log[x] + 2*d*f*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 4*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 4*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 4*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 4*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(4*d*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log (c x^n))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2824} \\
 & -2bn \int \left(\frac{(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{2dfx} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) dx + \\
 & \quad \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2df} - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -2bn \left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4df} + \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4df} - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2df} - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output `-1/2*(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2) + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*d*f) - 2*b*n*((3*b*n*x^2)/8 - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (b*n*(1 + d*f*x^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(8*d*f) + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d*f) + (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/(8*d*f) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/(4*d*f) + (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/(8*d*f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b^2*x^2*log(x^n)^2 - 2*(b^2*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a*b)*x^2*log(x^n) + ((n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^2 - 2*a*b*(n - 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2)*x^2)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(1/2*(2*b^2*d*f*x^3*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(2*a*b*d*f - (d*f*n - 2*d*f*log(c))*b^2)*x^3*log(x^n) + (2*a^2*d*f - 2*(d*f*n - 2*d*f*log(c))*a*b + (d*f*n^2 - 2*d*f*n*log(c) + 2*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^3)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int x \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(x*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-12\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{dfx^3+x} dx\right) b^2 n - 24\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{dfx^3+x} dx\right) abn + 12\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{dfx^3+x} dx\right) b^2 n^2 + 6 \log(dfx^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 df}{1}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`output `(- 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**2*n - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a*b*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 + 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d*f*n*x**2 + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*n - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*d*f*n**3*x**2 + 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*n**3 + 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*n - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*n*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 6*a**2*d*f*n*x**2 + 12*a*b*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 9*b**2*d*f*n**3*x**2)/(12*d*f*n)`

3.40
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

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Maxima [F]	372
Giac [F]	372
Mupad [F(-1)]	373
Reduce [F]	373

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) + \frac{1}{2}bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) - \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2)$$

```
output -1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)+1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)-1/4*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 484, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\log(x) (b^2 n^2 \log^2(x) - 3bn \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + 3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2) \log(1 + dfx^2) \right. \\ \left. - 3(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))^2 \left(\log(x) \left(\log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \right) \right) \right. \\ \left. + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right) + 3bn(-a + bn \log(x) \\ - b \log(cx^n)) \left(\log^2(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \log^2(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \right) \\ + 2 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + 2 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ - b^2 n^2 \left(\log^3(x) \log(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) + \log^3(x) \log(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \right) \\ + 3 \log^2(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + 3 \log^2(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ - 6 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - 6 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ \left. + 6 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + 6 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x,x]
```

output

```
(Log[x]*(b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b*n*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + 3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 3*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(Log[x]*(Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 3*b*n*(-a + b*n*Log[x] - b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - b^2*n^2*(Log[x]^3*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]^3*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[4, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[4, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

↓ 2821

$$bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

↓ 2830

$$bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{x} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

↓ 7143

$$bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bn \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]) + b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/2 - (b*n*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*x^2)])/4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 15.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 825, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.79

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	825

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)^3*b^2*n^2-ln(x)^3*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^2*n^2-ln(x)^3
*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^2*n^2-2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*b^2*n-ln(x)^
2*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^2*n^2-ln(x)^2*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^2*n^2+
2*ln(x)^2*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^2*n+2*ln(x)^2*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2)
)*ln(x^n)*b^2*n+ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*b^2+2*ln(x)*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)
^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^2*n+2*ln(x)*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^2*n-ln(x)*
ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*b^2-ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*b^
2-dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*b^2-dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*
b^2+1/2*ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*b^2*n^2-1/4*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2
)-ln(x)*ln(x^n)*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*b^2*n+1/2*ln(x^n)*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)*
b^2*n+(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)
*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(
c)+2*a)*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*(ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*d*f*(1/2*ln(x)*(ln(1+x
*(-d*f)^(1/2))+ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))))/d/f+1/2*(dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+dilo
g(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2)))/d/f)+n*(-1/2*ln(x)*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)+1/4*polylog(3
,-d*f*x^2))+1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I
*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*(ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*d*f*(1/2*ln(x)*(ln(1+x*(-d*f)
^(1/2))+ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))))/d/f+1/2*(dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+dilog(1-x*(-
d*f)^(1/2)))/d/f))

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c
*x^n) + a^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x, x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b^2*n^2*log(x)^3 + 3*b^2*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(c) + a*b*n)*log(x)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*log(c) + a*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) + 3*(b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(2/3*(b^2*d*f*n^2*x*log(x)^3 + 3*b^2*d*f*x*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*d*f*n*log(c) + a*b*d*f*n)*x*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*d*f*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*d*f*log(c) + a^2*d*f)*x*log(x) - 3*(b^2*d*f*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*d*f*log(c) + a*b*d*f)*x*log(x))*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{df x^3 + x} dx \right) a^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) ab \\ &+ \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)^2 a^2}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x)`

output `(4*int(log(d*f*x**2 + 1)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a**2 + 4*int((log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2 + 8*int((log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)**2*a**2)/4`

$$3.41 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	374
Mathematica [C] (verified)	375
Rubi [A] (verified)	376
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	377
Fricas [F]	378
Sympy [F(-1)]	378
Maxima [F]	379
Giac [F]	379
Mupad [F(-1)]	380
Reduce [F]	380

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 257

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx = & \frac{1}{2}b^2dfn^2 \log(x) \\ & - \frac{1}{2}bdfn \log\left(1+\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n)) \\ & - \frac{1}{2}df \log\left(1+\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \\ & - \frac{1}{4}b^2dfn^2 \log(1+dfx^2) \\ & - \frac{b^2n^2 \log(1+dfx^2)}{4x^2} \\ & - \frac{bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+dfx^2)}{2x^2} \\ & - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+dfx^2)}{2x^2} \\ & + \frac{1}{4}b^2dfn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}bdfn(a \\ & \quad + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) \\ & + \frac{1}{4}b^2dfn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*b^2*d*f*n^2*ln(x)-1/2*b*d*f*n*ln(1+1/d/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*d*f*
ln(1+1/d/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*b^2*n^
2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2+1/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*polylog(2,-1/d/f/x^2)+1/2*b*d*
f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-1/d/f/x^2)+1/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*polylog(3,-1/d/f
/x^2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{4} \left(2df \log(x) (2a^2 + 2abn + b^2n^2 + 4ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 2b^2n(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + 2b^2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))^2 \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{(2a^2 + 2abn + b^2n^2 + 2b(2a + bn) \log(cx^n) + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x^2} \\
&\quad - df(2a^2 + 2abn + b^2n^2 + 4ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + 2b^2n(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) \\
&\quad + 2b^2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))^2) \log(1 + dfx^2) - 2bdfn(-2a - bn + 2bn \log(x) \\
&\quad - 2b \log(cx^n)) \left(\log(x) \left(\log(x) - \log\left(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - \log\left(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{3} b^2 df n^2 \left(2 \log^3(x) - 3 \log^2(x) \log\left(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - 3 \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - 6 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - 6 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 6 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + 6 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^3,x]

```

output

```
(2*d*f*Log[x]*(2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 4*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))^2 - ((2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 2*b*(2*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x^2 - d*f*(2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 4*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 2*b*d*f*n*(-2*a - b*n + 2*b*n*Log[x] - 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[x]*(Log[x] - Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + (2*b^2*d*f*n^2*(2*Log[x]^3 - 3*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 3*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/3)/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2825}$$

$$-2f \int \left(-\frac{b^2 dn^2}{4x(dfx^2 + 1)} - \frac{bd(a + b \log(cx^n))n}{2x(dfx^2 + 1)} - \frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x(dfx^2 + 1)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{4x^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-2f \left(-\frac{1}{4} bdn \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4} bdn \log\left(\frac{1}{dfx^2} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4} d \log\left(\frac{1}{dfx^2} + 1\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{4x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2))]/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x^2 - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*x^2) - 2*f*(-1/4*(b^2*d*n^2*Log[x]) + (b*d*n*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 + (d*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 + (b^2*d*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/8 - (b^2*d*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/8 - (b*d*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/4 - (b^2*d*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/8)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 15.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^2 df n^2 \ln(x)}{2} - \frac{b^2 df n^2 \ln(df x^2 + 1)}{4} - \frac{b^2 n^2 df \ln(x)^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 n^2 df \ln(x)^3}{3} - \frac{b^2 n^2 df \operatorname{polylog}(2, -df x^2)}{4} + \frac{b^2 n^2 df \operatorname{polylog}(3, -df x^2)}{4}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*b^2*d*f*n^2*ln(x)-1/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/2*b^2*n^2*d*f*ln(x)^
2+1/3*b^2*n^2*d*f*ln(x)^3-1/4*b^2*n^2*d*f*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)+1/4*b^2*n^2*
d*f*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)+b^2*d*f*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2-1/2*b^2*d*f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*
ln(x^n)^2-1/2*b^2*n/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)-b^2*d*f*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*n+b^
2*n*d*f*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-1/2*b^2*n*d*f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)-1/2*b^2*n*d*f*po
lylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*ln(x^n)-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-1/2*b^2/x^2*ln(d*f
*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)^2+(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(
I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*(-1/2/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+d*f*(ln(x
)-1/2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)))+n*((-1/4-1/2*ln(x))/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/2*d*f*ln(x)-
1/4*d*f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/2*d*f*ln(x)^2-1/2*d*f*ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*d*f*
polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)))+1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(
I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)
^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*(-1/2/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+d*f*(ln(x)-1/2*ln(d
f*x^2+1)))

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c
*x^n) + a^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**3,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*b^2*log(x^n)^2 + (n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 2*a*b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2 + 2*(b^2*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a*b)*log(x^n))*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x^2 + integrate(1/2*(2*b^2*d*f*log(x^n)^2 + 2*a^2*d*f + 2*(d*f*n + 2*d*f*log(c))*a*b + (d*f*n^2 + 2*d*f*n*log(c) + 2*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 2*(2*a*b*d*f + (d*f*n + 2*d*f*log(c))*b^2)*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^3 + x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{df x^5 + x^3} dx \right) b^2 x^2 - 8 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{df x^5 + x^3} dx \right) ab x^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{df x^5 + x^3} dx \right) b^2 n x^2 - 2 \log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)^2 b^2}{}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x)`

output `(- 4*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*b**2*x**2 - 8*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*a*b*x**2 - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*b**2*n*x**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d*f*x**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*n - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*n**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n + 4*log(x)*a**2*d*f*x**2 + 4*log(x)*a*b*d*f*n*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 2*a*b*n - 2*b**2*n**2)/(4*x**2)`

3.42 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 559

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = -\frac{16abnx}{9df} + \frac{52b^2n^2x}{27df} - \frac{4}{27}b^2n^2x^3$$

$$- \frac{4b^2n^2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)}{27d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2nx \log(cx^n)}{9df} + \frac{8}{27}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$+ \frac{4bn \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{2x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3df}$$

$$- \frac{2}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3d^{3/2}f^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

output

```
-16/9*a*b*n*x/d/f+52/27*b^2*n^2*x/d/f-4/27*b^2*n^2*x^3-4/27*b^2*n^2*arctan
(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(3/2)/f^(3/2)-16/9*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/d/f+8/27*b*n*x^
3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+4/9*b*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^(3/2
)/f^(3/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d/f-2/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2/3*arctan
(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^(3/2)/f^(3/2)+2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*ln(
d*f*x^2+1)-2/9*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2/9*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(3/2)
/f^(3/2)+2/3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(3/2)
/f^(3/2)+2/9*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(3/2)/f^(3/2)-
2/3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(3/2)/f^(3/2)
-2/3*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(3/2)/f^(3/2)+2/3*b^2*n
^2*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(3/2)/f^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}(9a^2 - 6abn + 2b^2n^2 + 6b^2n(n \log(x) - \log(cx^n)) + 18ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + 9b^2(-n \log(x) - \log(cx^n)))}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(6*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(9*a^2 - 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 18*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 9*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) - 2*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*x^3*(9*a^2 - 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 18*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 9*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) - 6*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(9*a^2 - 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 18*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 9*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) + 3*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*x^3*(9*a^2 - 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 - 6*b*(-3*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + 9*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 18*b*n*(3*a - b*n - 3*b*n*Log[x] + 3*b*Log[c*x^n])*(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(-1 + Log[x]) + (2*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*x^3*(-1 + 3*Log[x])))/9 - I*(Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + I*(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 54*b^2*n^2*(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(2 - 2*Log[x] + Log[x]^2) - (d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*x^3*(2 - 6*Log[x] + 9*Log[x]^2))/27 + (I/2)*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - (I/2)*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/(81*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2))
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2825$$

$$-2f \int \left(\frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^4}{3(df x^2 + 1)} - \frac{2bdn(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^4}{9(df x^2 + 1)} + \frac{2b^2 dn^2 x^4}{27(df x^2 + 1)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{2}{9} b n x^3 \log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27} b^2 n^2 x^3 \log(df x^2 + 1)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2f \left(-\frac{2bn \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9d^{3/2}f^{5/2}} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3(-d)^{3/2}f^{5/2}} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3(-d)^{3/2}f^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1)$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*n^2*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/27 - (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/9 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/3 - 2*f*((8*a*b*n*x)/(9*d*f^2) - (26*b^2*n^2*x)/(27*d*f^2) + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3)/(27*f) + (2*b^2*n^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(27*d^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) + (8*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*d*f^2) - (4*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(27*f) - (2*b*n*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*d^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*d*f^2) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(9*f) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(6*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(6*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/(3*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(3*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) + ((I/9)*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(d^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) - ((I/9)*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(d^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/(3*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(5/2)) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(3*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(5/2)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2825

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m-1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^2*x^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/27*(9*b^2*x^3*log(x^n)^2 - 6*(b^2*(n - 3*log(c)) - 3*a*b)*x^3*log(x^n) + ((2*n^2 - 6*n*log(c) + 9*log(c)^2)*b^2 - 6*a*b*(n - 3*log(c)) + 9*a^2)*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(2/27*(9*b^2*d*f*x^4*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(3*a*b*d*f - (d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*b^2)*x^4*log(x^n) + (9*a^2*d*f - 6*(d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*a*b + (2*d*f*n^2 - 6*d*f*n*log(c) + 9*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^4/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int x^2 \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2 + 12\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right)abn - 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right)b^2n^2 - 18\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)^2}{dfx^2+1} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(- 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**2 + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*b*n - 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b**2*n**2 - 18*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*d*f - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b*d*f + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*d*f*n + 9*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 18*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**2*f**2*x**3 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**3 + 9*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d**2*f**2*x**3 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**3 + 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**3 - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*x - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*x + 8*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**3 - 48*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n*x - 6*a**2*d**2*f**2*x**3 + 18*a**2*d*f*x + 8*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**3 - 48*a*b*d*f*n*x - 4*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**3 + 52*b**2*d*f*n**2*x)/(27*d**2*f**2)`

3.43 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 469

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= 4abnx - 8b^2n^2x + 4bn(a - bn)x - \frac{4bn(a - bn) \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} \\ &+ 8b^2nx \log(cx^n) - \frac{4b^2n \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \log(cx^n)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - 2x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\ &+ \frac{2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f}} - 2abnx \log(1 + dfx^2) \\ &+ 2b^2n^2x \log(1 + dfx^2) - 2b^2nx \log(cx^n) \log(1 + dfx^2) \\ &+ x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2) - \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{f}} \\ &+ \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{f}} \\ &+ \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{f}} \\ &- \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{f}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

4*a*b*n*x-8*b^2*n^2*x+4*b*n*(-b*n+a)*x-4*b*n*(-b*n+a)*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+8*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)-4*b^2*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*ln(c*x^n)/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-2*a*b*n*x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+2*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+2*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+2*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}(a^2 - 2abn + 2b^2n^2 + 2b^2n(n \log(x) - \log(cx^n)) + 2ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + b^2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(a^2 - 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log
[c*x^n]) + 2*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n
])^2) + 2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a^2 - 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b^2*n*(
n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 2*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + b^2*(-(n*Log[x
]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(a^2 - 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b*(
a - b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 2*b*n*(a - b*n
- b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(-1 + Log[x]) - I*(Log[
x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])) + I*
(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])) -
2*b^2*n^2*(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(2 - 2*Log[x] + Log[x]^2) + (I/2)*(Log[x]^2*
Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]
- 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - (I/2)*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[
d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*
Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f])
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {2818, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2818$$

$$-2f \int \left(\frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{2b^2 dn \log(cx^n) x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} + \frac{2b^2 dn^2 x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{2abdnx^2}{dfx^2 + 1} \right) dx +$$

$$x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2abnx \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(dfx^2 + 1) +$$

$$2b^2 n^2 x \log(dfx^2 + 1)$$

$$\downarrow 6$$

$$-2f \int \left(\frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{2b^2 dn \log(cx^n) x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} + \frac{d(2b^2 n^2 - 2abn) x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} \right) dx +$$

$$x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2abnx \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(dfx^2 + 1) +$$

$$2b^2 n^2 x \log(dfx^2 + 1)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2f \left(\frac{2bn(a - bn) \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{d}f^{3/2}} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{-d}f^{3/2}} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{-d}f^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2abnx \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(dfx^2 + 1) +$$

$$2b^2 n^2 x \log(dfx^2 + 1)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output

```
-2*a*b*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 2*b^2*n^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 2*b^2*n*x*Log
[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 2*f*(
(-2*a*b*n*x)/f + (4*b^2*n^2*x)/f - (2*b*n*(a - b*n)*x)/f + (2*b*n*(a - b*n)
)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) - (4*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/f
+ (2*b^2*n*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) + (x*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])
/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])
/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt
[f]*x)])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*
Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) - (I*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f
]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) + (I*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqr
t[d]*f^(3/2)) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3
/2)) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2818

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]},
Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m)
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && Inte
gerQ[m]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*
x^n) + a^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^2*x*log(x^n)^2 - 2*(b^2*(n - log(c)) - a*b)*x*log(x^n) + ((2*n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*b^2 - 2*a*b*(n - log(c)) + a^2)*x)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(2*(b^2*d*f*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(a*b*d*f - (d*f*n - d*f*log(c))*b^2)*x^2*log(x^n) + (a^2*d*f - 2*(d*f*n - d*f*log(c))*a*b + (2*d*f*n^2 - 2*d*f*n*log(c) + d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^2)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right)a^2 - 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right)abn + 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right)b^2n^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)^2}{dfx^2+1}dx\right)b^2}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**2 - 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*b*n + 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b**2*n**2 + 2*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*d*f + 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b*d*f - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**2*d*f*n + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*x + 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*x - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n*x + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d*f*x - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*d*f*n*x + 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*d*f*n**2*x - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*x - 4*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*x + 8*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n*x - 2*a**2*d*f*x + 8*a*b*d*f*n*x - 12*b**2*d*f*n**2*x)/(d*f)`

$$3.44 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	395
Mathematica [C] (verified)	396
Rubi [C] (verified)	397
Maple [F]	398
Fricas [F]	399
Sympy [F(-1)]	399
Maxima [F]	399
Giac [F]	400
Mupad [F(-1)]	400
Reduce [F]	400

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 409

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx \\ &= 4b^2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fn^2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + 4b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fn} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n)) \\ & \quad + 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \\ & \quad - \frac{2b^2n^2 \log(1+dfx^2)}{x} - \frac{2bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+dfx^2)}{x} \\ & \quad - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+dfx^2)}{x} - 2b^2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fn^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ & \quad - 2b\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fn}(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ & \quad + 2b^2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fn^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ & \quad + 2b\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fn}(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \\ & \quad + 2b^2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fn^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - 2b^2\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fn^2} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```

4*b^2*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+4*b*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*
arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)
*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2*b^2*n^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x
n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-2*b^2*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(
1/2)*n^2*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-2*b*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+2*b^2*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*pol
ylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+2*b*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*poly
log(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+2*b^2*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*polylog(3,-(-d)^(
1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-2*b^2*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*
x)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx \\
&= 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{f} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) \left(a^2 + 2abn + 2b^2n^2 + 2ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))\right. \\
&\quad \left.+ 2b^2n(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + b^2(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))^2\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{(a^2 + 2abn + 2b^2n^2 + 2b(a + bn) \log(cx^n) + b^2 \log^2(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x} \\
&+ 2ib\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fn}(a + bn - bn \log(x) \\
&\quad + b \log(cx^n)) \left(\log(x) \left(\log\left(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - \log\left(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)\right)\right. \\
&\quad \left.- \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)\right) \\
&+ ib^2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fn}^2 \left(\log^2(x) \log\left(1 - i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)\right. \\
&\quad \left.- 2 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) + 2 \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)\right. \\
&\quad \left.+ 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right)\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^2,x]

```

output

```

2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2
*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + b^2
*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) - ((a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b*(a + b*
n)*Log[c*x^n] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x + (2*I)*b*Sqrt[d]*Sq
rt[f]*n*(a + b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[x]*(Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*S
qrt[f]*x] - Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f
]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + I*b^2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*n^2*(Log[x
]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] -
2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[
d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt
[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])
    
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2825$$

$$-2f \int \left(-\frac{2b^2 dn^2}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{2bd(a + b \log(cx^n))n}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{dfx^2 + 1} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{2bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-2f \left(-\frac{2b\sqrt{d}n \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{f}} + \frac{b\sqrt{-d}n \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{f}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-d}}{x} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{x}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - 2*f*((-2*b^2*Sqrt[d]*n^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - (2*b*Sqrt[d]*n*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/Sqrt[f] - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) + (b*Sqrt[-d]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/Sqrt[f] - (b*Sqrt[-d]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] + (I*b^2*Sqrt[d]*n^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - (I*b^2*Sqrt[d]*n^2*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - (b^2*Sqrt[-d]*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/Sqrt[f] + (b^2*Sqrt[-d]*n^2*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b^2*log(x^n)^2 + (2*n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*b^2 + 2*a*b*(n + log(c)) + a^2 + 2*(b^2*(n + log(c)) + a*b)*log(x^n))*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x + integrate(2*(b^2*d*f*log(x^n)^2 + a^2*d*f + 2*(d*f*n + d*f*log(c))*a*b + (2*d*f*n^2 + 2*d*f*n*log(c) + d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 2*(a*b*d*f + (d*f*n + d*f*log(c))*b^2)*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) a^2 x + 4\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) abnx + 4\sqrt{f} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) b^2 n^2 x - 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{df x^4 + x^2} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*x + 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt
(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*b*n*x + 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*
x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b**2*n**2*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**4 + x**2)
,x)*b**2*x - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*a*b*x - 4*int(log(x**n
*c)/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*b**2*n*x - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2
- 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*
*2*n - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2 - 2*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*n - 2*log(d*f*x**2
+ 1)*b**2*n**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 8*log(x**n*c
)*b**2*n - 4*a*b*n - 8*b**2*n**2)/x
```

3.45
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^4} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 490

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{52b^2dfn^2}{27x} - \frac{4}{27}b^2d^{3/2}f^{3/2}n^2 \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) - \frac{16bdfn(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9x}$$

$$- \frac{4}{9}bd^{3/2}f^{3/2}n \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3x} - \frac{2}{3}d^{3/2}f^{3/2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}\right) ($$

output

```
-52/27*b^2*d*f*n^2/x-4/27*b^2*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n^2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x
)-16/9*b*d*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-4/9*b*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(
1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2/3*d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x-2/3*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*a
rctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2/27*b^2*n^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3-
2/9*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^
2+1)/x^3-2/9*b^2*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n^2*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-2/
3*b*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+
2/9*b^2*(-d)^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n^2*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+2/3*b*(-d)^(
3/2)*f^(3/2)*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+2/3*b^2*(-
d)^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*n^2*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-2/3*b^2*(-d)^(3/2)*f
^(3/2)*n^2*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{27} \left(-2d^{3/2} f^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (9a^2 + 6abn + 2b^2n^2 + 18ab(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) + 6b^2n(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2))]/x^4,x]`

output

```
(-2*d^(3/2)*f^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(9*a^2 + 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 18*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 9*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2) - (2*d*f*(9*a^2 + 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 9*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2 + 6*b*(3*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + 9*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b*n*Log[x]*(3*a + b*n + 3*b*Log[c*x^n])))/x - ((9*a^2 + 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 6*b*(3*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n] + 9*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x^3 + ((6*I)*b*d*f*n*(3*a + b*n - 3*b*n*Log[x] + 3*b*Log[c*x^n])*(2*I + (2*I)*Log[x] + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])))/x + ((9*I)*b^2*d*f*n^2*(4*I + (4*I)*Log[x] + (2*I)*Log[x]^2 + Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])))/x)/27
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed

below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-2f \int \left(-\frac{2b^2 dn^2}{27x^2 (dfx^2 + 1)} - \frac{2bd(a + b \log(cx^n)) n}{9x^2 (dfx^2 + 1)} - \frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3x^2 (dfx^2 + 1)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{2bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9x^3} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{27x^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$-2f \left(\frac{2}{9} bd^{3/2} \sqrt{fn} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{3} b(-d)^{3/2} \sqrt{fn} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\sqrt{-d}\sqrt{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) -$$

$$\frac{2bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9x^3} - \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{27x^3}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(27*x^3) - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(9*x^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(3*x^3) - 2*f*((26*b^2*d*n^2)/(27*x) + (2*b^2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/27 + (8*b*d*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*x) + (2*b*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/9 + (d*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*x) - ((-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/6 + ((-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/6 + (b*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)])/3 - (b*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/3 - (1/9)*b^2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n^2*PolyLog[2, (-1)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + (1/9)*b^2*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n^2*PolyLog[2, 1*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - (b^2*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)])/3 + (b^2*(-d)^(3/2)*Sqrt[f]*n^2*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/3
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)))/x^4,x`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)))/x^4,x`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/27*(9*b^2*log(x^n)^2 + (2*n^2 + 6*n*log(c) + 9*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 6*a*b*(n + 3*log(c)) + 9*a^2 + 6*(b^2*(n + 3*log(c)) + 3*a*b)*log(x^n))*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x^3 + integrate(2/27*(9*b^2*d*f*log(x^n)^2 + 9*a^2*d*f + 6*(d*f*n + 3*d*f*log(c))*a*b + (2*d*f*n^2 + 6*d*f*n*log(c) + 9*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 6*(3*a*b*d*f + (d*f*n + 3*d*f*log(c))*b^2)*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^4 + x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-54\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) a^2 df x^3 - 36\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) abdfn x^3 - 12\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dfx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{d}}\right) b^2 df n^2 x^3}{81x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^4,x)`

output `(- 54*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*d*f*x**3 - 36*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*b*d*f*n*x**3 - 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**3 - 54*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**6 + x**4),x)*b**2*x**3 - 108*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**6 + x**4),x)*a*b*x**3 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**6 + x**4),x)*b**2*n*x**3 - 27*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 54*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 18*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n - 27*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2 - 18*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b*n - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**2*n**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 24*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n - 54*a**2*d*f*x**2 - 36*a*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 12*a*b*n - 12*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 8*b**2*n**2)/(81*x**3)`

3.46 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 591

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
&= -\frac{45b^3n^3x^2}{128df} + \frac{3}{64}b^3n^3x^4 + \frac{21b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{32df} - \frac{9}{64}b^2n^2x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&\quad - \frac{9bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{16df} + \frac{3}{16}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4df} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{8}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \frac{3b^3n^3 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{128d^2f^2} - \frac{3}{128}b^3n^3x^4 \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
&\quad - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{32d^2f^2} + \frac{3}{32}b^2n^2x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
&\quad + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{16d^2f^2} - \frac{3}{16}bnx^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
&\quad - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4d^2f^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + dfx^2) \\
&\quad - \frac{3b^3n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{64d^2f^2} + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{16d^2f^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{8d^2f^2} - \frac{3b^3n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{32d^2f^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{8d^2f^2} - \frac{3b^3n^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2)}{16d^2f^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-45/128*b^3*n^3*x^2/d/f+3/64*b^3*n^3*x^4+21/32*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/d/f-9/64*b^2*n^2*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-9/16*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d/f+3
/16*b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/d/f-1/8*x^4*(a+b*ln
n(c*x^n))^3+3/128*b^3*n^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2-3/128*b^3*n^3*x^4*ln(d*f*x
^2+1)-3/32*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2+3/32*b^2*n^2*x^4*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+3/16*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2
/f^2-3/16*b*n*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln
(d*f*x^2+1)/d^2/f^2+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-3/64*b^3*n^3*pol
ylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2+3/16*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2
)/d^2/f^2-3/8*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2-3/32*b^3*n
^3*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2+3/8*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*
x^2)/d^2/f^2-3/16*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2)/d^2/f^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```

-1/256*(-2*d*f*x^2*(32*a^3 - 24*a^2*b*n + 12*a*b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 48*a*
b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 96*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*b
^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 96*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2
- 24*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 32*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]
)^3) + d^2*f^2*x^4*(32*a^3 - 24*a^2*b*n + 12*a*b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 48*a*
b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 96*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*b
^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 96*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2
- 24*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 32*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]
)^3) - 2*d^2*f^2*x^4*(32*a^3 - 24*a^2*b*n + 12*a*b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*
b*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)*Log[c*x^n] - 24*b^2*(-4*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n]^
2 + 32*b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 2*(32*a^3 - 24*a^2*b*n + 12*a*
b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 48*a*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 96*a^2*b*(-(n*Lo
g[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 96*a*b^2*(-
(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 - 24*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 32*b^
3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 24*b*n*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*n
+ b^2*n^2 + 4*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 16*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c
*x^n]) + 8*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2)*((d*f*x^2)/2 - (d^2*f^2*x^4)/
8 - d*f*x^2*Log[x] + (d^2*f^2*x^4*Log[x])/2 + Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqr
t[f]*x] + Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqr
t[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - 96*b^2*n^2*(4*a - b*n - 4...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{8}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{4}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1) x^3 + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x}{4df} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4d^2 f^2} + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4df} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{8}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8d^2 f^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{16d^2 f^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{8d^2 f} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4d^2 f^2} + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4df} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{8}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output

```
(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*d*f) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/8 - ((a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d^2*f^2) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*
Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/4 - 3*b*n*((15*b^2*n^2*x^2)/(128*d*f) - (b^2*n^2*x^4)/64
- (7*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(32*d*f) + (3*b*n*x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
)/64 + (3*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(16*d*f) - (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/
16 - (b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(128*d^2*f^2) + (b^2*n^2*x^4*Log[1 + d*f*x
^2])/128 + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(32*d^2*f^2) - (b*n*x
^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/32 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 +
d*f*x^2])/(16*d^2*f^2) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/16 +
(b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/(64*d^2*f^2) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*P
olyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/(16*d^2*f^2) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d
*f*x^2)])/(8*d^2*f^2) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/(32*d^2*f^2) - (b
*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/(8*d^2*f^2) + (b^2*n^2*PolyL
og[4, -(d*f*x^2)])/(16*d^2*f^2))
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/128*(32*b^3*x^4*log(x^n)^3 - 24*(b^3*(n - 4*log(c)) - 4*a*b^2)*x^4*log(x^n)^2 + 12*((n^2 - 4*n*log(c) + 8*log(c)^2)*b^3 - 4*a*b^2*(n - 4*log(c)) + 8*a^2*b)*x^4*log(x^n) + (12*(n^2 - 4*n*log(c) + 8*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*n^3 - 12*n^2*log(c) + 24*n*log(c)^2 - 32*log(c)^3)*b^3 - 24*a^2*b*(n - 4*log(c)) + 32*a^3)*x^4*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(1/64*(32*b^3*d*f*x^5*log(x^n)^3 + 24*(4*a*b^2*d*f - (d*f*n - 4*d*f*log(c))*b^3)*x^5*log(x^n)^2 + 12*(8*a^2*b*d*f - 4*(d*f*n - 4*d*f*log(c))*a*b^2 + (d*f*n^2 - 4*d*f*n*log(c) + 8*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^5*log(x^n) + (32*a^3*d*f - 24*(d*f*n - 4*d*f*log(c))*a^2*b + 12*(d*f*n^2 - 4*d*f*n*log(c) + 8*d*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*d*f*n^3 - 12*d*f*n^2*log(c) + 24*d*f*n*log(c)^2 - 32*d*f*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^5)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int x^3 \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^3*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x^3*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output

```

(64*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**3*n + 192*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(
d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a*b**2*n - 48*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**3*n
**2 + 192*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a**2*b*n - 96*int(log(x**n*c)/
(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a*b**2*n**2 + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**3*
n**3 + 32*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 96*log(
d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 - 24*log(d*f*x**2 + 1
)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 + 96*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*
c)*a**2*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 - 48*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d**2*
f**2*n**2*x**4 + 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**3*x**4
+ 32*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 - 32*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3*
n - 24*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 + 24*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)
*a**2*b*n**2 + 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**3*x**4 - 12*log(d*
f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*n**3 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**4*x**4 + 3
*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*n**4 - 16*log(x**n*c)**4*b**3 - 64*log(x**n*c)**3*
a*b**2 - 16*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 32*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*
d*f*n*x**2 + 16*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*n - 96*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b - 48*log(
x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 96*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 +
48*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*n + 24*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 -
72*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n**2 - 48*1
og(x**n*c)*a**2*b*d**2*f**2*n*x**4 + 96*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*d*f*n*x**2 +...

```

3.47 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

Optimal result	416
Mathematica [C] (verified)	417
Rubi [A] (verified)	418
Maple [F]	420
Fricas [F]	420
Sympy [F(-1)]	420
Maxima [F]	421
Giac [F]	421
Mupad [F(-1)]	422
Reduce [F]	422

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 411

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\
&= \frac{3}{2}b^3n^3x^2 - \frac{9}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{3}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
&\quad - \frac{3b^3n^3(1 + dfx^2) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{8df} + \frac{3b^2n^2(1 + dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4df} \\
&\quad - \frac{3bn(1 + dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{4df} \\
&\quad + \frac{(1 + dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{2df} \\
&\quad + \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{8df} - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4df} \\
&\quad + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4df} + \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{8df} \\
&\quad - \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{4df} + \frac{3b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2)}{8df}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

3/2*b^3*n^3*x^2-9/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+3/2*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^2-1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-3/8*b^3*n^3*(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f+3/
4*b^2*n^2*(d*f*x^2+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f-3/4*b*n*(d*f*x^2+1
)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f+1/2*(d*f*x^2+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln
(d*f*x^2+1)/d/f+3/8*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d/f-3/4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)/d/f+3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2
)/d/f+3/8*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)/d/f-3/4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*poly
log(3,-d*f*x^2)/d/f+3/8*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2)/d/f

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1004, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(-(d*f*x^2*(4*a^3 - 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 - 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3)) + d*f*x^2*(4*a^3 - 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 6*b*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b^2*(-2*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + (4*a^3 - 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 - 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 - 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 6*b*n*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 2*b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 4*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2)*((d*f*x^2)/2 - d*f*x^2*Log[x] + Log[x]*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 3*b^2*n^2*(-2*a + b*n + 2*b*n*Log[x] - 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*(d*f*x^2 - 2*d*f*x^2*Log[x] + 2*d*f*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 4*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 4*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 4*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 4*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - b^3*n^3*(-3*d*f*x^2 + 6*d*f*x^2*Log[x] - 6*d...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log (c x^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(\frac{(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \log (dfx^2 + 1)}{2dfx} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \right) dx + \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log (dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{2df} - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log (cx^n))^3$$

↓ 2009

$$-3bn \left(\frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4df} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4df} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{4df} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(dfx^2 + 1) \log(dfx^2 + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2df} - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]`

output

```
-1/2*(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3) + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[
1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*d*f) - 3*b*n*(-1/2*(b^2*n^2*x^2) + (3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n]))/4 - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 + (b^2*n^2*(1 + d*f*x^2)*Log[1 +
d*f*x^2])/(8*d*f) - (b*n*(1 + d*f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2
])/ (4*d*f) + ((1 + d*f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*d*f)
- (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/(8*d*f) + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Poly
Log[2, -(d*f*x^2)])/(4*d*f) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^2)]
)/(4*d*f) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/(8*d*f) + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x
^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/(4*d*f) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*x^2)])/(8
*d*f))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(4*b^3*x^2*log(x^n)^3 - 6*(b^3*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a*b^2)*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 6*((n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^3 - 2*a*b^2*(n - 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2*b)*x^2*log(x^n) + (6*(n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*n^3 - 6*n^2*log(c) + 6*n*log(c)^2 - 4*log(c)^3)*b^3 - 6*a^2*b*(n - 2*log(c)) + 4*a^3)*x^2)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(1/4*(4*b^3*d*f*x^3*log(x^n)^3 + 6*(2*a*b^2*d*f - (d*f*n - 2*d*f*log(c))*b^3)*x^3*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(2*a^2*b*d*f - 2*(d*f*n - 2*d*f*log(c))*a*b^2 + (d*f*n^2 - 2*d*f*n*log(c) + 2*d*f*log(c))^2)*b^3)*x^3*log(x^n) + (4*a^3*d*f - 6*(d*f*n - 2*d*f*log(c))*a^2*b + 6*(d*f*n^2 - 2*d*f*n*log(c) + 2*d*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*d*f*n^3 - 6*d*f*n^2*log(c) + 6*d*f*n*log(c)^2 - 4*d*f*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^3)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

$$= \int x \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`output `int(x*log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output

```
( - 8*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**3*n - 24*int(log(x**n*c)**2/
(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a*b**2*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**3*
n**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a**2*b*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/
(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a*b**2*n**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*b**3*
n**3 + 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d*f*n*x**2 + 12*log(d*f*x**
2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*
**2*b**3*d*f*n**2*x**2 + 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*d*f*n*x**2
- 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(d*f*x**2
+ 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*d*f*n**3*x**2 + 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3*d*f*n*x**2
+ 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3*n - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*d*f*n**2*x**2 -
6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*n**2 + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*d*f*n**3*x**2
+ 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*n**3 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*d*f*n**4*x**
2 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*n**4 + 2*log(x**n*c)**4*b**3 + 8*log(x**n*c)*
**3*a*b**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d*f*n*x**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*n + 1
2*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 - 12*log(x**
n*c)**2*a*b**2*n + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(x**n*c)**2
*b**3*n**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*d*f*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d*f*
n**2*x**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*d*f*n**3*x**2 - 4*a**3*d*f*n*x**2 + 12*a**
2*b*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 18*a*b**2*d*f*n**3*x**2 + 12*b**3*d*f*n**4*x**2)/(8*d*
f*n)
```

3.48
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	424
Mathematica [C] (verified)	425
Rubi [A] (verified)	426
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	427
Fricas [F]	428
Sympy [F(-1)]	429
Maxima [F]	429
Giac [F]	430
Mupad [F(-1)]	430
Reduce [F]	430

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) + \frac{3}{4}bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) - \frac{3}{4}b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2) + \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^2)$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)+3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)-3/4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2)+3/8*b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-d*f*x^2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 754, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.47

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2))]/x,x]
```

output

```
(-Log[x]*(b^3*n^3*Log[x]^3 - 4*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b*n*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 - 4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2]) - 4*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*(Log[x]*(Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - 6*b*n*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 4*b^2*n^2*(-a + b*n*Log[x] - b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[x]^3*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]^3*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[4, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[4, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - b^3*n^3*(Log[x]^4*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]^4*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 4*Log[x]^3*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 4*Log[x]^3*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 12*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 12*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 24*Log[x]*PolyLog[4, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 24*Log[x]*PolyLog[4, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 24*PolyLog[5, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 24*PolyLog[5, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]))/4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2821}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{2830}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2)}{x} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{2830}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2}bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2)}{x} dx \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{7143}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bn \text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^2) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(d*f*x^2)]) + (3*b*n*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2*\text{PolyLog}[3, -(d*f*x^2)])/2 - b*n*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*\text{PolyLog}[4, -(d*f*x^2)])/2 - (b*n*\text{PolyLog}[5, -(d*f*x^2)]/4))/2$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_*)*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)})])*((a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}])*(b_*)^{(p_*)})/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/m) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]$$

rule 2830

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}])*(b_*)^{(p_*)}*\text{PolyLog}[k_, (e_*)*(x_)^{(q_*)}])]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/q) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, e, k, n, q\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 7143

$$\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_*)*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(p_*)})]/((d_*) + (e_*)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$$
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 46.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1296, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.83

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1296

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^3*\ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```

-ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)^4*b^3*n^3+ln(x)^4*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^3*n^3+ln(x)^
4*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^3*n^3+ln(x)^3*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^3*n^3+ln(
x)^3*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*b^3*n^3-1/2*ln(x)^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*b^3*n
^3+ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^3*b^3-ln(x)*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^3*
b^3-ln(x)*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^3*b^3+3/4*ln(x^n)^2*polylog(3,-d*f*
x^2)*b^3*n-3/4*ln(x^n)*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2)*b^3*n^2-3*ln(x)^2*dilog(1+x*(-d
*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^3*n^2-3*ln(x)^2*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^3*n
^2+3*ln(x)^2*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*b^3*n+3*ln(x)^2*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(
1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*b^3*n+3/2*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*b^3*n^2+3*l
n(x)*dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^2*b^3*n+3*ln(x)*dilog(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2
))*ln(x^n)^2*b^3*n-3/2*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*b^3*n+3*ln(d*f*
x^2+1)*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)*b^3*n^2-3*ln(x)^3*ln(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^3*
n^2-3*ln(x)^3*ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)*b^3*n^2-3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x)^2
*ln(x^n)^2*b^3*n+1/8*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n
)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*cs
gn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^3*(ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-2*d*f*(1/2*ln(x)*(ln(1+x*(-d
*f)^(1/2))+ln(1-x*(-d*f)^(1/2))))/d/f+1/2*(dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))+dilog(1-
x*(-d*f)^(1/2)))/d/f)-dilog(1+x*(-d*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^3*b^3-dilog(1-x*(-d
*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)^3*b^3+3/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*cs
gn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

integral((b^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log
(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x,
x)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b^3*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*b^3*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*n*log(c) + a^2*b*n)*log(x)^2 + 6*(b^3*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*log(c) + a*b^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*n*log(c) + a*b^2*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) - 4*(b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(-1/2*(b^3*d*f*n^3*x*log(x)^4 - 4*b^3*d*f*x*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*d*f*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*d*f*n^2)*x*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*d*f*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*f*n*log(c) + a^2*b*d*f*n)*x*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^3*d*f*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*f*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*f*log(c) + a^3*d*f)*x*log(x) + 6*(b^3*d*f*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*d*f*log(c) + a*b^2*d*f)*x*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3*d*f*n^2*x*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*d*f*n*log(c) + a*b^2*d*f*n)*x*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*d*f*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*f*log(c) + a^2*b*d*f)*x*log(x))*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)}{df x^3 + x} dx \right) a^3 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 \\ &+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 \\ &+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b \\ &+ \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1)^2 a^3}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)))/x,x`

output `(4*int(log(d*f*x**2 + 1)/(d*f*x**3 + x),x)*a**3 + 4*int((log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3 + 12*int((log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2 + 12*int((log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)**2*a**3)/4`

$$3.49 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	432
Mathematica [C] (verified)	433
Rubi [A] (verified)	434
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	436
Fricas [F]	437
Sympy [F(-1)]	438
Maxima [F]	438
Giac [F]	439
Mupad [F(-1)]	439
Reduce [F]	439

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 425

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx \\ &= \frac{3}{4}b^3dfn^3 \log(x) - \frac{3}{4}b^2dfn^2 \log\left(1+\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n)) \\ & \quad - \frac{3}{4}bdfn \log\left(1+\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{2}df \log\left(1+\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{3}{8}b^3dfn^3 \log(1+dfx^2) \\ & \quad - \frac{3b^3n^3 \log(1+dfx^2)}{8x^2} - \frac{3b^2n^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1+dfx^2)}{4x^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{3bn(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1+dfx^2)}{4x^2} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1+dfx^2)}{2x^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{3}{8}b^3dfn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) + \frac{3}{4}b^2dfn^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) \\ & \quad + \frac{3}{4}bdfn(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) + \frac{3}{8}b^3dfn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) \\ & \quad + \frac{3}{4}b^2dfn^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) + \frac{3}{8}b^3dfn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{1}{dfx^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```

3/4*b^3*d*f*n^3*ln(x)-3/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*ln(1+1/d/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3/4*
b*d*f*n*ln(1+1/d/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/2*d*f*ln(1+1/d/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))^3-3/8*b^3*d*f*n^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-3/4*
b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2-3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f
*x^2+1)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x^2+3/8*b^3*d*f*n^3*polylo
g(2,-1/d/f/x^2)+3/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-1/d/f/x^2)+3/4*
b*d*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-1/d/f/x^2)+3/8*b^3*d*f*n^3*polylog(3,
-1/d/f/x^2)+3/4*b^2*d*f*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-1/d/f/x^2)+3/8*b^3*
d*f*n^3*polylog(4,-1/d/f/x^2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 940, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*d*f*Log[x]*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a^2*b*(-n
*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2
*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 6*b^
3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) - (
(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 6*b*(2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*
n^2)*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*(2*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3)*Log
[1 + d*f*x^2])/x^2 - d*f*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12
*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])
+ 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n
])^2 + 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x
^n])^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 6*b*d*f*n*(2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2 + 4*a*b*(-
(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*(-(n
*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2)*(Log[x]*(Log[x] - Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] -
Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - Poly
Log[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 12*b^2*d*f*n^2*(2*a + b*n - 2*b*n*Log[x] +
2*b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[x]^3/3 - (Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2 -
(Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2 - Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]
*Sqrt[f]*x] - Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqr
t[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + 2*b^3*d*f*n^3*(Log[x]
^4 - 2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + I*Sqr...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2f \int \left(-\frac{3b^3 dn^3}{8x(df x^2 + 1)} - \frac{3b^2 d(a + b \log(cx^n)) n^2}{4x(df x^2 + 1)} - \frac{3bd(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 n}{4x(df x^2 + 1)} - \frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x(df x^2 + 1)} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{3b^2 n^2 \log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x^2} - \frac{3bn \log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} - \\
& \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^3 n^3 \log(df x^2 + 1)}{8x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{3b^2 n^2 \log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x^2} - \\
& 2f \left(-\frac{3}{8} b^2 dn^2 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{1}{df x^2} \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{3}{8} b^2 dn^2 \text{PolyLog} \left(3, -\frac{1}{df x^2} \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{3}{8} b^2 dn^2 \log \right. \\
& \left. \frac{3bn \log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4x^2} - \frac{\log(df x^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^3 n^3 \log(df x^2 + 1)}{8x^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^3,x]`

output `(-3*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(8*x^2) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*x^2) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/(2*x^2) - 2*f*((-3*b^3*d*n^3*Log[x])/8 + (3*b^2*d*n^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 + (3*b*d*n*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/8 + (d*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^2)])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/4 + (3*b^3*d*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/16 - (3*b^3*d*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/16 - (3*b^2*d*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/8 - (3*b*d*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/8 - (3*b^3*d*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/16 - (3*b^2*d*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/8 - (3*b^3*d*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(1/(d*f*x^2))])/16)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 46.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1171

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-3/8*b^3*n^3*d*f*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)+3/8*b^3*n^3*d*f*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)-3
/8*b^3*n^3*d*f*polylog(4,-d*f*x^2)-3/4*b^3*n^3*d*f*ln(x)^2+1/2*b^3*n^3*d*f
*ln(x)^3-1/4*b^3*n^3*d*f*ln(x)^4-1/2*b^3/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)^3-3/4*b
^3*n*d*f*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*ln(x^n)^2+3/2*b^3*n^2*d*f*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-3/4*b
^3*n^2*d*f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)-3/4*b^3*n^2*d*f*polylog(2,-d*f*x^2)*ln(x^n)
+3/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)
)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln
(c)+2*a)^2*b*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*(-1/2/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+d*f*(ln(x)-1/2*ln(
d*f*x^2+1)))+n*((-1/4-1/2*ln(x))/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+1/2*d*f*ln(x)-1/4*d*f*ln
(d*f*x^2+1)+1/2*d*f*ln(x)^2-1/2*d*f*ln(x)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-1/4*d*f*polylog(2
,-d*f*x^2)))+1/8*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn
(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I
*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^3*(-1/2/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+d*f*(ln(x)-1/2*ln(d*f*x^2+1))
)-3/2*b^3*d*f*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)^2*n-3/2*b^3*d*f*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)*n^2+3/2*b^3*
n*d*f*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2-3/4*b^3*n*d*f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)^2+3/4*b^3*n^2*d*
f*polylog(3,-d*f*x^2)*ln(x^n)+b^3*d*f*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)*n^2-3/4*b^3*n^2/x^2*
ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)+b^3*d*f*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^3-1/2*b^3*d*f*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln
(x^n)^3-3/4*b^3*n/x^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)*ln(x^n)^2+3/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn
(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)
)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b^2*((ln(x^n)-n*ln(...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

integral((b^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log
(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^
3, x)

```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(4*b^3*log(x^n)^3 + 6*(n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (3*n^3 + 6*n^2*log(c) + 6*n*log(c)^2 + 4*log(c)^3)*b^3 + 6*a^2*b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 4*a^3 + 6*(b^3*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a*b^2)*log(x^n)^2 + 6*((n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^3 + 2*a*b^2*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2*b)*log(x^n)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x^2 + integrate(1/4*(4*b^3*d*f*log(x^n)^3 + 4*a^3*d*f + 6*(d*f*n + 2*d*f*log(c))*a^2*b + 6*(d*f*n^2 + 2*d*f*n*log(c) + 2*d*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (3*d*f*n^3 + 6*d*f*n^2*log(c) + 6*d*f*n*log(c)^2 + 4*d*f*log(c)^3)*b^3 + 6*(2*a*b^2*d*f + (d*f*n + 2*d*f*log(c))*b^3)*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(2*a^2*b*d*f + 2*(d*f*n + 2*d*f*log(c))*a*b^2 + (d*f*n^2 + 2*d*f*n*log(c) + 2*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^3)*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^3 + x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*b**3*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*
c)**2/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*a*b**2*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**5 +
x**3),x)*b**3*n*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*a**2*b*x**
2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*a*b**2*n*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**
n*c)/(d*f*x**5 + x**3),x)*b**3*n**2*x**2 - 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)
**3*b**3 - 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1
)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n - 12*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 12*log
(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3
*n**2 - 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3*d*f*x**2 - 4*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3 - 6*l
og(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*d*f*n*x**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*n - 6*log(
d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*n**2 - 3*l
og(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*d*f*n**3*x**2 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*n**3 - 4*lo
g(x**n*c)**3*b**3 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n -
12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*n**2
+ 8*log(x)*a**3*d*f*x**2 + 12*log(x)*a**2*b*d*f*n*x**2 + 12*log(x)*a*b**2
*d*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(x)*b**3*d*f*n**3*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*n - 12*a*b**2*n**2
- 9*b**3*n**3)/(8*x**2)
```

3.50 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 836

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(
1/2)+3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f
^(1/2)-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/
2)/f^(1/2)+6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(
1/2)/f^(1/2)+6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-
d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-
d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+12*b^2*n^2*(-b*n+a)*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2)/f^(
1/2)+12*b^3*n^2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*ln(c*x^n)/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-6*b*n
*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-12*b^2*n^2*(-b*n+a)*x-6*b^3*n^3*x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-24*a*
b^2*n^2*x-36*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)+12*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2*x*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^3+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+6*b^
3*n^3*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+6*b^3*n^3*polylo
g(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-6*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,(-d)^(1/
2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-6*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)
/(-d)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-6*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)/(-d)^(1/2)/f
^(1/2)+6*a*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+6*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(d*f*x^2+1)-3*b
*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)+2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c
*x^n))^3/d^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+36*b^3*n^3*x

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1027, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 - 6*b^3*n^3 + 6*a*b^2
*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^
2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 - 3*b^
3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) + 2*A
rcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 - 6*b^3*n^3 + 6*a*
b^2*n*(n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3
*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 - 3
*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) +
Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(a^3 - 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 - 6*b^3*n^3 + 3*b*(a^2 -
2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b^2*(a - b*n)*Log[c*x^n]^2 + b^3*Log[c
*x^n]^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 3*b*n*(a^2 - 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*b^2*n*(n*
Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 2*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + b^2*(-(n*Log[x])
+ Log[c*x^n])^2)*(-2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(-1 + Log[x]) - I*(Log[x]*Log[1 +
I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + I*(Log[x]*Log
[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])) - 6*b^2*n^2*
(a - b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x*(2 - 2*Log[x] + L
og[x]^2) + (I/2)*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog
[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - (I/2
)*(Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*S
qrt[f]*x] - 2*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])) + 2*b^3*n^3*(-(Sqrt[d]*...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 972, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {2818, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2 \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2818

$$-2f \int \left(\frac{6dn^2x^2 \log(cx^n) b^3}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{6dn^3x^2b^3}{dfx^2 + 1} + \frac{6adn^2x^2b^2}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{3dnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 b}{dfx^2 + 1} + \frac{dx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{dfx^2 + 1} \right) dx +$$

$$6ab^2n^2x \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 3bnx \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 +$$

$$x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 6b^3n^3x \log(dfx^2 + 1)$$

↓ 6

$$-2f \int \left(\frac{6dn^2x^2 \log(cx^n) b^3}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{3dnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 b}{dfx^2 + 1} + \frac{dx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{dfx^2 + 1} + \frac{d(6ab^2n^2 - 6b^3n^3) x^2}{dfx^2 + 1} \right) dx +$$

$$6ab^2n^2x \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 3bnx \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 +$$

$$x \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(dfx^2 + 1) - 6b^3n^3x \log(dfx^2 + 1)$$

↓ 2009

$$-6n^3x \log(dfx^2 + 1) b^3 + 6n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(dfx^2 + 1) b^3 + 6an^2x \log(dfx^2 + 1) b^2 -$$

$$3nx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1) b + x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) -$$

$$2f \left(-\frac{18n^3xb^3}{f} + \frac{18n^2x \log(cx^n) b^3}{f} - \frac{6n^2 \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) \log(cx^n) b^3}{\sqrt{d}f^{3/2}} + \frac{3in^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx}) b^3}{\sqrt{d}f^{3/2}} - \dots \right)$$

input Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)],x]

output

```

6*a*b^2*n^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 6*b^3*n^3*x*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] + 6*b^3*n^2*
x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 3*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x
^2] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2] - 2*f*((12*a*b^2*n^2*x)/f -
(18*b^3*n^3*x)/f + (6*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n)*x)/f - (6*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n)*ArcTan
[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) + (18*b^3*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n])/f - (6*
b^3*n^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) - (6*b*n*x
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/f - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + ((a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^3*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + (3*b*n*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) - ((a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + (3*b^2
*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/
2)) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)])/(2*Sq
rt[-d]*f^(3/2)) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f
]*x])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]
*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + ((3*I)*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]
*Sqrt[f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) - ((3*I)*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[
f]*x])/(Sqrt[d]*f^(3/2)) - (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)])/(
Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sq
rt[f]*x)])/(Sqrt[-d]*f^(3/2)) + (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*...

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6

```

Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v
+ (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]

```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

rule 2818

```

Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]},
Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m)
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && Inte
gerQ[m]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(b^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a+b \log (c x^n))^3 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) dx = \int (b \log (c x^n) + a)^3 \log \left(\left(f x^2 + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^3*x*log(x^n)^3 - 3*(b^3*(n - log(c)) - a*b^2)*x*log(x^n)^2 + 3*((2*n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*b^3 - 2*a*b^2*(n - log(c)) + a^2*b)*x*log(x^n) + (3*(2*n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (6*n^3 - 6*n^2*log(c) + 3*n*log(c)^2 - log(c)^3)*b^3 - 3*a^2*b*(n - log(c)) + a^3)*x)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1) - integrate(2*(b^3*d*f*x^2*log(x^n)^3 + 3*(a*b^2*d*f - (d*f*n - d*f*log(c))*b^3)*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 3*(a^2*b*d*f - 2*(d*f*n - d*f*log(c))*a*b^2 + (2*d*f*n^2 - 2*d*f*n*log(c) + d*f*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^2*log(x^n) + (a^3*d*f - 3*(d*f*n - d*f*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*d*f*n^2 - 2*d*f*n*log(c) + d*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (6*d*f*n^3 - 6*d*f*n^2*log(c) + 3*d*f*n*log(c)^2 - d*f*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^2)/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a+b \log (c x^n))^3 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^2 \right) \right) dx = \int (b \log (c x^n) + a)^3 \log \left(\left(f x^2 + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \int \ln\left(d\left(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2)),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**3 - 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*b*n + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*b**2*n**2 - 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b**3*n**3 + 2*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**3*d*f + 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b**2*d*f - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**3*d*f*n + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*a**2*b*d*f - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*a*b**2*d*f*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**2 + 1),x)*b**3*d*f*n**2 + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d*f*x + 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d*f*x - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d*f*n*x + 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*d*f*x - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d*f*n*x + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*d*f*n**2*x + log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3*d*f*x - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*d*f*n*x + 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*d*f*n**2*x - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*d*f*n**3*x - 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d*f*x - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d*f*x + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d*f*n*x - 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*d*f*x + 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d*f*n*x - 36*log(x**n*c)*b**3*d*f*n**2*x - 2*a**3*d*f*x + 12*a**2*b*d*f*n*x - 36*a*b**2*d*f*n**2*x + 48*b**3*d*f*n**3*x)/(d*f)`

$$3.51 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	450
Mathematica [C] (verified)	451
Rubi [C] (verified)	452
Maple [F]	454
Fricas [F]	454
Sympy [F(-1)]	455
Maxima [F]	455
Giac [F]	456
Mupad [F(-1)]	456
Reduce [F]	456

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 747

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx \\
&= 12b^3 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{fn^3} \arctan(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{fx}) + 12b^2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{fn^2} \arctan(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&\quad + 6b \sqrt{d} \sqrt{fn} \arctan(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{f} \arctan(\sqrt{d} \sqrt{fx}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x} \\
&\quad - \frac{6b^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x} - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x} \\
&\quad - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + dfx^2)}{x} - 6b^3 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^3} \text{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad - 6b^2 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad - 3b \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn} (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad + 6b^3 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^3} \text{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad + 6b^2 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad + 3b \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn} (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad + 6b^3 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^3} \text{PolyLog}(3, -\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad + 6b^2 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad - 6b^3 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^3} \text{PolyLog}(3, \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad - 6b^2 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) \\
&\quad - 6b^3 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^3} \text{PolyLog}(4, -\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx}) + 6b^3 \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fn^3} \text{PolyLog}(4, \sqrt{-d} \sqrt{fx})
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

12*b^3*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^3*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+12*b^2*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)
)*n^2*arctan(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+6*b*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*arct
an(d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2*d^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*f
^(1/2)*x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-6*b^3*n^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x
n))^3*ln(d*f*x^2+1)/x-6*b^3*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^3*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/2)*f
^(1/2)*x)-6*b^2*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-(-d)^(1/
2)*f^(1/2)*x)-3*b*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-(-d)^(
1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+6*b^3*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^3*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*
x)+6*b^2*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/
2)*x)+3*b*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1
/2)*x)+6*b^3*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^3*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+6*b^2
*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-6
*b^3*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^3*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-6*b^2*(-d)^(1/
2)*f^(1/2)*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)-6*b^3*(-d)
^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*n^3*polylog(4,-(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)+6*b^3*(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)
)*n^3*polylog(4,(-d)^(1/2)*f^(1/2)*x)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 794, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^2,x]
```


output

```

2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2
+ 6*b^3*n^3 + 3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x])
+ Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]
]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]
]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) - ((a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*n^3 + 3*b*(a
^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b^2*(a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n]^2 + b^3*
Log[c*x^n]^3)*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x + (3*I)*b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*n*(a^2 + 2*a*b
*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*a*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) +
Log[c*x^n]) + b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2)*(Log[x]*(Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]
]*Sqrt[f]*x) - Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) - PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqr
t[f]*x] + PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + (6*I)*b^2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*n^2
*(a + b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*((Log[x]^2*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]
]*x))/2 - (Log[x]^2*Log[1 + I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/2 - Log[x]*PolyLog[2, (-
I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + Log[x]*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + PolyLog[3
, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]) + I*b^3*Sqrt[
d]*Sqrt[f]*n^3*(Log[x]^3*Log[1 - I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - Log[x]^3*Log[1 + I
*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 3*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 3*Lo
g[x]^2*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*
Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] - 6*PolyLog[4, (-I)*
Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x] + 6*PolyLog[4, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])

```


Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 866, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$



2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2f \int \left(\frac{6b^3 dn^3}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{6b^2 d(a + b \log(cx^n)) n^2}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{3bd(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 n}{dfx^2 + 1} - \frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{dfx^2 + 1} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{6b^2 n^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{3bn \log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \\
& \frac{\log(dfx^2 + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{6b^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1) n^3}{x} - \frac{6b^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(dfx^2 + 1) n^2}{x} - \\
& \frac{3b(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(dfx^2 + 1) n}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(dfx^2 + 1)}{x} - \\
& 2f \left(- \frac{6b^3 \sqrt{d} \arctan(\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{f}} n^3 + \frac{3ib^3 \sqrt{d} \text{PolyLog}(2, -i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{f}} n^3 - \frac{3ib^3 \sqrt{d} \text{PolyLog}(2, i\sqrt{d}\sqrt{fx})}{\sqrt{f}} n^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^2)])/x^2,x]`

output

```

(-6*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - (6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + d*
f*x^2])/x - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - ((a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^2])/x - 2*f*((-6*b^3*Sqrt[d]*n^3*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqr
t[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - (6*b^2*Sqrt[d]*n^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x]*(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[f] - (3*b*Sqrt[-d]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]
*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) - (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 - Sqrt[-d]
*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b*Sqrt[-d]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + Sq
rt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) + (Sqrt[-d]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + Sq
rt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b^2*Sqrt[-d]*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Po
lyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/Sqrt[f] + (3*b*Sqrt[-d]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^
n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/(2*Sqrt[f]) - (3*b^2*Sqrt[-d]*n^2
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - (3*b*Sqrt[-d]
*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/(2*Sqrt[f]) + ((3
*I)*b^3*Sqrt[d]*n^3*PolyLog[2, (-I)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - ((3*I)*b
^3*Sqrt[d]*n^3*PolyLog[2, I*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] - (3*b^3*Sqrt[-d]*
n^3*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/Sqrt[f] - (3*b^2*Sqrt[-d]*n^2*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/Sqrt[f] + (3*b^3*Sqrt[-d]
*n^3*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] + (3*b^2*Sqrt[-d]*n^2*(a + b
*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x])/Sqrt[f] + (3*b^3*Sqrt[-d]*n^3
*PolyLog[4, -(Sqrt[-d]*Sqrt[f]*x)]/Sqrt[f] - (3*b^3*Sqrt[-d]*n^3*PolyLo...

```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)*log(c*x^n) + a^3*log(d*f*x^2 + 1))/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**2))/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b^3*log(x^n)^3 + 3*(2*n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (6*n^3 + 6*n^2*log(c) + 3*n*log(c)^2 + log(c)^3)*b^3 + 3*a^2*b*(n + log(c)) + a^3 + 3*(b^3*(n + log(c)) + a*b^2)*log(x^n)^2 + 3*((2*n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*b^3 + 2*a*b^2*(n + log(c)) + a^2*b)*log(x^n)*log(d*f*x^2 + 1)/x + integrate(2*(b^3*d*f*log(x^n)^3 + a^3*d*f + 3*(d*f*n + d*f*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*d*f*n^2 + 2*d*f*n*log(c) + d*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (6*d*f*n^3 + 6*d*f*n^2*log(c) + 3*d*f*n*log(c)^2 + d*f*log(c)^3)*b^3 + 3*(a*b^2*d*f + (d*f*n + d*f*log(c))*b^3)*log(x^n)^2 + 3*(a^2*b*d*f + 2*(d*f*n + d*f*log(c))*a*b^2 + (2*d*f*n^2 + 2*d*f*n*log(c) + d*f*log(c)^2)*b^3)*log(x^n))/(d*f*x^2 + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^2 + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^2))}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^2))/x^2,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**3*x + 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt
(d)*atan((d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a**2*b*n*x + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((
d*f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*a*b**2*n**2*x + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)*atan((d*f*x)/
(sqrt(f)*sqrt(d)))*b**3*n**3*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)
*b**3*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*a*b**2*x - 6*int(log(x
**n*c)**2/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*b**3*n*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**4 + x*
**2),x)*a**2*b*x - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*a*b**2*n*x - 12*
int(log(x**n*c)/(d*f*x**4 + x**2),x)*b**3*n**2*x - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x
**n*c)**3*b**3 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 3*log(d*f*x**
2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 6*
log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b
**3*n**2 - log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**3 - 3*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*a**2*b*n - 6*log(d
*f*x**2 + 1)*a*b**2*n**2 - 6*log(d*f*x**2 + 1)*b**3*n**3 - 2*log(x**n*c)**
3*b**3 - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n - 6*log(x**n*c
)*a**2*b - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 36*log(x**n*c)*b**3*n**2 - 6*a**2*b*n
- 24*a*b**2*n**2 - 36*b**3*n**3)/x
```

3.52 $\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 350

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{7bn\sqrt{x}}{9d^5f^5} + \frac{2bnx}{9d^4f^4} - \frac{bnx^{3/2}}{9d^3f^3} + \frac{5bnx^2}{72d^2f^2} - \frac{11bnx^{5/2}}{225df} + \frac{1}{27}bnx^3 + \frac{bn \log (1 + df\sqrt{x})}{9d^6f^6}$$

$$- \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \log (1 + df\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{3d^5f^5} - \frac{x(a + b \log (cx^n))}{6d^4f^4}$$

$$+ \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{9d^3f^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log (cx^n))}{12d^2f^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{15df}$$

$$- \frac{1}{18}x^3(a + b \log (cx^n)) - \frac{\log (1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n))}{3d^6f^6} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log (1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n)) - \frac{2bn \text{Pol}}{3d^6f^6}$$

output

```
-7/9*b*n*x^(1/2)/d^5/f^5+2/9*b*n*x/d^4/f^4-1/9*b*n*x^(3/2)/d^3/f^3+5/72*b*
n*x^2/d^2/f^2-11/225*b*n*x^(5/2)/d/f+1/27*b*n*x^3+1/9*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2)
)/d^6/f^6-1/9*b*n*x^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))+1/3*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^5/f^
5-1/6*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^4/f^4+1/9*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^3/f^3-1/12*x
^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2/f^2+1/15*x^(5/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-1/18*x^3*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))-1/3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^6/f^6+1/3*x^3*ln(1+d*f*
x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2/3*b*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^6/f^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{600(-1 + d^6 f^6 x^3) \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (3a - bn + 3b \log(cx^n)) + df\sqrt{x}(-30a(-60 + 30df\sqrt{x} - 20d^2 f^2 x +$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(600*(-1 + d^6*f^6*x^3)*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(3*a - b*n + 3*b*Log[c*x^n]) + d*f*Sqrt[x]*(-30*a*(-60 + 30*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 20*d^2*f^2*x + 15*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 12*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 10*d^5*f^5*x^(5/2)) + b*n*(-4200 + 1200*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 600*d^2*f^2*x + 375*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 264*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 200*d^5*f^5*x^(5/2)) - 30*b*(-60 + 30*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 20*d^2*f^2*x + 15*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 12*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 10*d^5*f^5*x^(5/2))*Log[c*x^n]) - 3600*b*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(5400*d^6*f^6)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -bn \int \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) x^2 - \frac{x^2}{18} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{15df} - \frac{x}{12d^2f^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{9d^3f^3} - \frac{1}{6d^4f^4} + \frac{1}{3d^5f^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1)}{3d^6f^6x} \right) dx - \\
 & \quad \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{3d^6f^6} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{3d^5f^5} - \frac{x(a + b\log(cx^n))}{6d^4f^4} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{9d^3f^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b\log(cx^n))}{12d^2f^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{15df} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{18}x^3(a + b\log(cx^n)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \quad - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{3d^6f^6} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{3d^5f^5} - \frac{x(a + b\log(cx^n))}{6d^4f^4} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{9d^3f^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b\log(cx^n))}{12d^2f^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{15df} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{18}x^3(a + b\log(cx^n)) - \\
 & \quad bn \left(\frac{2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})}{3d^6f^6} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)}{9d^6f^6} + \frac{7\sqrt{x}}{9d^5f^5} - \frac{2x}{9d^4f^4} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{9d^3f^3} - \frac{5x^2}{72d^2f^2} + \frac{11x^{5/2}}{225df} + \frac{1}{9}x^3 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*d^5*f^5) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*d^4*f^4) + (x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*d^3*f^3) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(12*d^2*f^2) + (x^(5/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(15*d*f) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/18 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*d^6*f^6) + (x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/3 - b*n*((7*Sqrt[x])/(9*d^5*f^5) - (2*x)/(9*d^4*f^4) + x^(3/2)/(9*d^3*f^3) - (5*x^2)/(72*d^2*f^2) + (11*x^(5/2))/(225*d*f) - x^3/27 - Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]/(9*d^6*f^6) + (x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/9 + (2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(3*d^6*f^6))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a*x^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) x^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) x^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int x^2 \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{360\sqrt{x} a d^5 f^5 x^2 + 600\sqrt{x} a d^3 f^3 x - 4200\sqrt{x} b d f n + 1800 \log(\sqrt{x} d f + 1) a d^6 f^6 x^3 - 300 \log(x^n c) b d^6 f^6}{}$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `(360*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**5*f**5*x**2 + 600*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**3*f**3*x + 1800*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f + 360*sqrt(x)*a*d**5*f**5*x**2 + 600*sqrt(x)*a*d**3*f**3*x + 1800*sqrt(x)*a*d*f - 264*sqrt(x)*b*d**5*f**5*n*x**2 - 600*sqrt(x)*b*d**3*f**3*n*x - 4200*sqrt(x)*b*d*f*n - 1800*int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*n + 1800*int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d*f*n + 1800*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*b*n + 1800*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**6*f**6*x**3 - 1800*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b + 1800*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*d**6*f**6*x**3 - 1800*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a - 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 + 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*n - 300*log(x**n*c)*b*d**6*f**6*x**3 - 450*log(x**n*c)*b*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 900*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*x - 300*a*d**6*f**6*x**3 - 450*a*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 900*a*d**2*f**2*x + 200*b*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 + 375*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 1200*b*d**2*f**2*n*x)/(5400*d**6*f**6)`

3.53 $\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	465
Rubi [A] (verified)	465
Maple [F]	466
Fricas [F]	467
Sympy [F(-1)]	467
Maxima [F]	467
Giac [F]	468
Mupad [F(-1)]	468
Reduce [F]	468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 268

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx \\ &= -\frac{5bn\sqrt{x}}{4d^3f^3} + \frac{3bnx}{8d^2f^2} - \frac{7bnx^{3/2}}{36df} + \frac{1}{8}bnx^2 + \frac{bn \log (1 + df\sqrt{x})}{4d^4f^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \log (1 + df\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{2d^3f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log (cx^n))}{4d^2f^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{6df} - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log (cx^n)) - \frac{\log (1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n))}{2d^4f^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n)) - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog} (2, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^4f^4} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/4*b*n*x^(1/2)/d^3/f^3+3/8*b*n*x/d^2/f^2-7/36*b*n*x^(3/2)/d/f+1/8*b*n*x^2+1/4*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4-1/4*b*n*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))+1/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^3/f^3-1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2/f^2+1/6*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^4/f^4+1/2*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-b*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{18(-1 + d^4 f^4 x^2) \log(1 + df \sqrt{x}) (2a - bn + 2b \log(cx^n)) + df \sqrt{x} (-3a(-12 + 6df \sqrt{x} - 4d^2 f^2 x + 3d^3 f^3 x^2) + b(-90 + 27d f \sqrt{x} - 14d^2 f^2 x + 9d^3 f^3 x^{3/2})) - 3b(-12 + 6d f \sqrt{x} - 4d^2 f^2 x + 3d^3 f^3 x^{3/2}) \log(cx^n) - 72b n \text{PolyLog}[2, -(df \sqrt{x})]}{72d^4 f^4}$$

input `Integrate[x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(18(-1 + d^4 f^4 x^2) \text{Log}[1 + df \sqrt{x}] (2a - bn + 2b \text{Log}[cx^n]) + df \sqrt{x} (-3a(-12 + 6df \sqrt{x} - 4d^2 f^2 x + 3d^3 f^3 x^{3/2})) + b n (-90 + 27d f \sqrt{x} - 14d^2 f^2 x + 9d^3 f^3 x^{3/2})) - 3b(-12 + 6d f \sqrt{x} - 4d^2 f^2 x + 3d^3 f^3 x^{3/2}) \text{Log}[cx^n] - 72b n \text{PolyLog}[2, -(df \sqrt{x})]}{72d^4 f^4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \log (d \sqrt{x} f + 1) x - \frac{x}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{6df} - \frac{1}{4d^2 f^2} + \frac{1}{2d^3 f^3 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\log (d \sqrt{x} f + 1)}{2d^4 f^4 x} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{\log (df \sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{2d^4 f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x} (a + b \log (cx^n))}{2d^3 f^3} - \frac{x (a + b \log (cx^n))}{4d^2 f^2} +$$

$$\frac{x^{3/2} (a + b \log (cx^n))}{6df} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log (df \sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n)) - \frac{1}{8} x^2 (a + b \log (cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2d^4f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2d^3f^3} - \frac{x(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4d^2f^2} + \\
& \frac{x^{3/2}(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6df} + \frac{1}{2}x^2\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn\left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2,-df\sqrt{x})}{d^4f^4} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)}{4d^4f^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{x}}{4d^3f^3} - \frac{3x}{8d^2f^2} + \frac{7x^{3/2}}{36df} + \frac{1}{4}x^2\log(df\sqrt{x}+1) - \frac{x^2}{8}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*d^3*f^3) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*d^2*f^2) + (x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*d*f) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*d^4*f^4) + (x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - b*n*((5*Sqrt[x])/(4*d^3*f^3) - (3*x)/(8*d^2*f^2) + (7*x^(3/2))/(36*d*f) - x^2/8 - Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]/(4*d^4*f^4) + (x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/4 + PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]/(d^4*f^4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int x \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{12\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b d^3 f^3 x + 36\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b d f + 12\sqrt{x} a d^3 f^3 x + 36\sqrt{x} a d f - 14\sqrt{x} b d^3 f^3 n x - 90\sqrt{x} b d f n}{1}$$

input `int(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**3*f**3*x + 36*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f + 12*
sqrt(x)*a*d**3*f**3*x + 36*sqrt(x)*a*d*f - 14*sqrt(x)*b*d**3*f**3*n*x - 90
*sqrt(x)*b*d*f*n - 36*int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*n
+ 36*int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d*f*n +
36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*b*n + 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*
*4*f**4*x**2 - 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b + 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f
+ 1)*a*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a - 18*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1
)*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 18*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*n - 9*log(x**n*c)*b*d**4*
f**4*x**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*x - 9*a*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 18*a*d**2*
f**2*x + 9*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 27*b*d**2*f**2*n*x)/(72*d**4*f**4)
```

3.54 $\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	470
Mathematica [A] (verified)	471
Rubi [A] (verified)	471
Maple [F]	472
Fricas [F]	473
Sympy [F(-1)]	473
Maxima [F]	473
Giac [F]	474
Mupad [F(-1)]	474
Reduce [F]	474

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 172

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{3bn\sqrt{x}}{df} + bnx - bnx \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) + \frac{bn \log (1 + df \sqrt{x})}{d^2 f^2} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{df} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log (cx^n)) + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) \\
 &- \frac{\log (1 + df \sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} - \frac{2bn \operatorname{PolyLog} (2, -df \sqrt{x})}{d^2 f^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-3*b*n*x^(1/2)/d/f+b*n*x-b*n*x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))+b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))
/d^2/f^2+x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x
^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2/f^2-2*b*n*p
olylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx =$$

$$\frac{-2(-1 + d^2 f^2 x) \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a - bn + b \log(cx^n)) + df\sqrt{x}(-2a + 6bn + adf\sqrt{x} - 2bdfn\sqrt{x} + b^2 x) + d^2 f^2 x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2d^2 f^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(-2*(-1 + d^2*f^2*x)*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a - b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]) +
d*f*Sqrt[x]*(-2*a + 6*b*n + a*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 2*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + b*(-2 + d*
f*Sqrt[x])*Log[c*x^n]) + 4*b*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2817}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\log \left(d \left(\sqrt{x}f + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x} + \frac{1}{df\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{df} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{d^2f^2} + x\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{x}(a+b\log(cx^n))}{df} - \frac{1}{2}x(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn\left(\frac{2\text{PolyLog}(2,-df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)}{d^2f^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{df} + x\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) - x\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d*f) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 + x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d^2*f^2) - b*n*((3*Sqrt[x])/(d*f) - x + x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]) - Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]/(d^2*f^2) + (2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p-1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\ln(cx^n))dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*x*log(x^n) - (b*(n - log(c)) - a)*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1) - 1/9*(3*b*d*f*x^2*log(x^n) + (3*a*d*f - (5*d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*b)*x^2)/sqrt(x) + integrate(1/2*(b*d^2*f^2*x*log(x^n) + (a*d^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*n - d^2*f^2*log(c))*b)*x)/(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) bdf + 2\sqrt{x} adf - 6\sqrt{x} bdfn - 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) bn + 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) bdfn + 2 \log \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f + 2*sqrt(x)*a*d*f - 6*sqrt(x)*b*d*f*n - 2*int
(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*n + 2*int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt
(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d*f*n + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2
*b*n + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*x - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*
f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*d**2*f**2*x - 2*log(sqrt(x
)*d*f + 1)*a - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f
+ 1)*b*n - log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*x - a*d**2*f**2*x + 2*b*d**2*f**2*n*x)/
(2*d**2*f**2)
```


$$3.55 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	476
Rubi [A] (verified)	477
Maple [F]	478
Fricas [F]	478
Sympy [F(-1)]	478
Maxima [F]	479
Giac [F]	479
Mupad [F(-1)]	479
Reduce [F]	480

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = -2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) + 4bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
-2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+4*b*n*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = -2a \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) - 2b \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) + 4bn \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x,x]
```

output

```
-2*a*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 2*b*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])
] + 4*b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

↓ 2821

$$2bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -df\sqrt{x}\right)}{x} dx - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -df\sqrt{x}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))$$

↓ 7143

$$4bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -df\sqrt{x}\right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -df\sqrt{x}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x,x]
```

output

```
-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*
Sqrt[x])]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b
_))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) a$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) a df$$

$$+ \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)^2 a$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x)`

output `- int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a + int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b + int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*d*f + log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*a`

3.56
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	482
Rubi [A] (verified)	482
Maple [F]	484
Fricas [F]	484
Sympy [F(-1)]	484
Maxima [F]	485
Giac [F]	485
Mupad [F(-1)]	485
Reduce [F]	486

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bdfn}{\sqrt{x}} + bd^2 f^2 n \log(1+df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{bn \log(1+df\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{1}{2}bd^2 f^2 n \log(x) + \frac{1}{4}bd^2 f^2 n \log^2(x) - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}} + d^2 f^2 \log(1+df\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(1+df\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{1}{2}d^2 f^2 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + 2bd^2 f^2 n \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
-3*b*d*f*n/x^(1/2)+b*d^2*f^2*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x-1/2*b*d^2*f^2*n*ln(x)+1/4*b*d^2*f^2*n*ln(x)^2-d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+d^2*f^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-1/2*d^2*f^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2*b*d^2*f^2*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}bd^2f^2n\log^2(x) + \frac{(-1 + d^2f^2x)\log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + bn + b\log(cx^n))}{x}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}d^2f^2\log(x)(a + bn + b\log(cx^n))$$

$$- \frac{df(a + 3bn + b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}} + 2bd^2f^2n\text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(b*d^2*f^2*n*Log[x]^2)/4 + ((-1 + d^2*f^2*x)*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x - (d^2*f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (d*f*(a + 3*b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[x] + 2*b*d^2*f^2*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{d^2 \log(d\sqrt{x}f+1)f^2}{x} - \frac{d^2 \log(x)f^2}{2x} - \frac{df}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f+1)}{x^2} \right) dx + \\
& d^2 f^2 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& d^2 f^2 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}} - \\
& \quad \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& bn \left(-2d^2 f^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{4} d^2 f^2 \log^2(x) - d^2 f^2 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1) + \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x) + \frac{3df}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x]))*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[x]) + d^2*f^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*
Log[c*x^n]) - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x - (d^2*f^2*Log[x]
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - b*n*((3*d*f)/Sqrt[x] - d^2*f^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]
] + Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]/x + (d^2*f^2*Log[x])/2 - (d^2*f^2*Log[x]^2)/4 -
2*d^2*f^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```


Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b d f n - 4\sqrt{x} a d f n - 12\sqrt{x} b d f n^2 + 4\left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} d f + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx\right) b d^2 f^2 n^2 x - 4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} d f + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*n - 4*sqrt(x)*a*d*f*n - 12*sqrt(x)*b*d*f*n
**2 + 4*int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*
x - 4*int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d**3*f*
*3*n**2*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x + 4*log(sqrt(x)*d
*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b
*n + 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*d**2*f**2*n*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*n +
4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*n**2
+ 12*log(sqrt(x))*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x - log(x**n*c)**2*b*d**2*f**2*x - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*d**2*f**2*x - 8*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x)/(4*n*x)
```

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	488
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 289

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{7bdfn}{36x^{3/2}} + \frac{3bd^2f^2n}{8x} - \frac{5bd^3f^3n}{4\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{4}bd^4f^4n \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{bn \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{8}bd^4f^4n \log(x) + \frac{1}{8}bd^4f^4n \log^2(x) \\ & \quad - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x} - \frac{d^3f^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad + \frac{1}{2}d^4f^4 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{4}d^4f^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bd^4f^4n \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-7/36*b*d*f*n/x^(3/2)+3/8*b*d^2*f^2*n/x-5/4*b*d^3*f^3*n/x^(1/2)+1/4*b*d^4*f^4*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-1/4*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x^2-1/8*b*d^4*f^4*n*ln(x)+1/8*b*d^4*f^4*n*ln(x)^2-1/6*d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(3/2)+1/4*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-1/2*d^3*f^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+1/2*d^4*f^4*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2-1/4*d^4*f^4*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+b*d^4*f^4*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-1 + d^4 f^4 x^2) \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (2a + bn + 2b \log(cx^n))}{4x^2}$$

$$- \frac{df(12a + 14bn - 18adf\sqrt{x} - 27bdfn\sqrt{x} + 36ad^2 f^2 x + 90bd^2 f^2 nx - 9bd^3 f^3 nx^{3/2} \log^2(x) + 6b(2 - 3a + bd^4 f^4 n \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})))}{72x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
((-1 + d^4*f^4*x^2)*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(2*a + b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x^2) - (d*f*(12*a + 14*b*n - 18*a*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 27*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 36*a*d^2*f^2*x + 90*b*d^2*f^2*n*x - 9*b*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[x]^2 + 6*b*(2 - 3*d*f*Sqrt[x] + 6*d^2*f^2*x)*Log[c*x^n] + 9*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[x]*(2*a + b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]))/(72*x^(3/2)) + b*d^4*f^4*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{d^4 \log(d\sqrt{x}f+1)f^4}{2x} - \frac{d^4 \log(x)f^4}{4x} - \frac{d^3 f^3}{2x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2 f^2}{4x^2} - \frac{df}{6x^{5/2}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f+1)}{2x^3} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} d^4 f^4 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} d^4 f^4 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{d^3 f^3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2\sqrt{x}} + \\
& \frac{d^2 f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4x} - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{1}{2} d^4 f^4 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} d^4 f^4 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{d^3 f^3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2\sqrt{x}} + \\
& \frac{d^2 f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4x} - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \\
& bn \left(-d^4 f^4 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{8} d^4 f^4 \log^2(x) - \frac{1}{4} d^4 f^4 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1) + \frac{1}{8} d^4 f^4 \log(x) + \frac{5d^3 f^3}{4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3d^2 f^2}{8x} + \frac{1}{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^3,x]`

output

```

-1/6*(d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(3/2) + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x)
- (d^3*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*Sqrt[x]) + (d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]
)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/2 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*x^2)
- (d^4*f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 - b*n*((7*d*f)/(36*x^(3/2)) - (3
*d^2*f^2)/(8*x) + (5*d^3*f^3)/(4*Sqrt[x]) - (d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])
/4 + Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]/(4*x^2) + (d^4*f^4*Log[x])/8 - (d^4*f^4*Log[x]^2
)/8 - d^4*f^4*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-36\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b d^3 f^3 n x - 12\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b d f n - 36\sqrt{x} a d^3 f^3 n x - 12\sqrt{x} a d f n - 90\sqrt{x} b d^3 f^3 n^2 x - 14\sqrt{x} a d^3 f^3 n^2 x - 12\sqrt{x} a d f n^2 x - 36\sqrt{x} b d^3 f^3 n^2 x - 14\sqrt{x} a d^3 f^3 n^2 x - 12\sqrt{x} a d f n^2 x}{72 n x^3}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 36*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**3*f**3*n*x - 12*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*
n - 36*sqrt(x)*a*d**3*f**3*n*x - 12*sqrt(x)*a*d*f*n - 90*sqrt(x)*b*d**3*f*
*3*n**2*x - 14*sqrt(x)*b*d*f*n**2 + 36*int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2
*x**2 - x),x)*b*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 36*int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)
)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d**5*f**5*n**2*x**2 - 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*
*2*b*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 + 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**4*f**4
*n*x**2 - 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*n + 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)
*a*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 - 36*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*n + 18*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
1)*b*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 18*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*n**2 + 150*log(sqrt(x)
)*b*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 9*log(x**n*c)**2*b*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 18*log(x**n
*c)*a*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 84*log(x**n*c)*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 18*log(x**n*c)*
b*d**2*f**2*n*x + 18*a*d**2*f**2*n*x + 27*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x)/(72*n*x**2)
```

3.58
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	494
Rubi [A] (verified)	494
Maple [F]	496
Fricas [F]	496
Sympy [F(-1)]	497
Maxima [F]	497
Giac [F]	497
Mupad [F(-1)]	498
Reduce [F]	498

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 372

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{11bdfn}{225x^{5/2}} + \frac{5bd^2f^2n}{72x^2} - \frac{bd^3f^3n}{9x^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{2bd^4f^4n}{9x} - \frac{7bd^5f^5n}{9\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{9}bd^6f^6n\log(1+df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{bn\log(1+df\sqrt{x})}{9x^3} \\ & - \frac{1}{18}bd^6f^6n\log(x) + \frac{1}{12}bd^6f^6n\log^2(x) - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{15x^{5/2}} + \frac{d^2f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{12x^2} \\ & - \frac{d^3f^3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{9x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4f^4(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6x} - \frac{d^5f^5(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3\sqrt{x}} \\ & + \frac{1}{3}d^6f^6\log(1+df\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(1+df\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{6}d^6f^6\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-11/225*b*d*f*n/x^(5/2)+5/72*b*d^2*f^2*n/x^2-1/9*b*d^3*f^3*n/x^(3/2)+2/9*b
*d^4*f^4*n/x-7/9*b*d^5*f^5*n/x^(1/2)+1/9*b*d^6*f^6*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-1/9
*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x^3-1/18*b*d^6*f^6*n*ln(x)+1/12*b*d^6*f^6*n*ln(x)^2
-1/15*d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(5/2)+1/12*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2-1/9*d^3
*f^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(3/2)+1/6*d^4*f^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-1/3*d^5*f^5*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+1/3*d^6*f^6*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/3*ln(
1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3-1/6*d^6*f^6*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2/3*b
*d^6*f^6*n*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-1 + d^6 f^6 x^3) \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (3a + bn + 3b \log(cx^n))}{9x^3}$$

$$- \frac{df(120a + 88bn - 150adf\sqrt{x} - 125bdfn\sqrt{x} + 200ad^2 f^2 x + 200bd^2 f^2 nx - 300ad^3 f^3 x^{3/2} - 400bd^3 f^3 nx^{3/2})}{9x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} bd^6 f^6 n \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
((-1 + d^6*f^6*x^3)*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(3*a + b*n + 3*b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*x^3) - (d*f*(120*a + 88*b*n - 150*a*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 125*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 200*a*d^2*f^2*x + 200*b*d^2*f^2*n*x - 300*a*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 400*b*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 600*a*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 1400*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2 - 150*b*d^5*f^5*n*x^(5/2)*Log[x]^2 + 10*b*(12 - 15*d*f*Sqrt[x] + 20*d^2*f^2*x - 30*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) + 60*d^4*f^4*x^2)*Log[c*x^n] + 100*d^5*f^5*x^(5/2)*Log[x]*(3*a + b*n + 3*b*Log[c*x^n]))/(1800*x^(5/2)) + (2*b*d^6*f^6*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -bn \int \left(\frac{d^6 \log(d\sqrt{x}f+1)f^6}{3x} - \frac{d^6 \log(x)f^6}{6x} - \frac{d^5 f^5}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^4 f^4}{6x^2} - \frac{d^3 f^3}{9x^{5/2}} + \frac{d^2 f^2}{12x^3} - \frac{df}{15x^{7/2}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f+1)}{3x^4} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}d^6 f^6 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{6}d^6 f^6 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \\
 & \quad \frac{d^5 f^5(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{d^4 f^4(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6x} - \frac{d^3 f^3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{9x^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d^2 f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{12x^2} - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{15x^{5/2}} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}d^6 f^6 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{6}d^6 f^6 \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - \\
 & \quad \frac{d^5 f^5(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{d^4 f^4(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6x} - \frac{d^3 f^3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{9x^{3/2}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d^2 f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{12x^2} - \frac{df(a+b\log(cx^n))}{15x^{5/2}} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x}+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3x^3} - \\
 & \quad bn \left(-\frac{2}{3}d^6 f^6 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{12}d^6 f^6 \log^2(x) - \frac{1}{9}d^6 f^6 \log(df\sqrt{x}+1) + \frac{1}{18}d^6 f^6 \log(x) + \frac{7d^5 f^5}{9\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2d^4 f^4}{9x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/15*(d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(5/2) + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(12*x^2) - (d^3*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*x^(3/2)) + (d^4*f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*x) - (d^5*f^5*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*Sqrt[x]) + (d^6*f^6*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/3 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*x^3) - (d^6*f^6*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/6 - b*n*((11*d*f)/(225*x^(5/2)) - (5*d^2*f^2)/(72*x^2) + (d^3*f^3)/(9*x^(3/2)) - (2*d^4*f^4)/(9*x) + (7*d^5*f^5)/(9*Sqrt[x]) - (d^6*f^6*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/9 + Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]/(9*x^3) + (d^6*f^6*Log[x])/18 - (d^6*f^6*Log[x]^2)/12 - (2*d^6*f^6*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/3)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^4,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-600 \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) an - 200 \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) b n^2 + 150a d^2 f^2 n x + 125b d^2 f^2 n^2 x - 600\sqrt{x} a d^5 f^5 n x^2}{1800 n^3 x^3}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x)`

output `(- 600*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**5*f**5*n*x**2 - 200*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**3*f**3*n*x - 120*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d*f*n - 600*sqrt(x)*a*d**5*f**5*n*x**2 - 200*sqrt(x)*a*d**3*f**3*n*x - 120*sqrt(x)*a*d*f*n - 1400*sqrt(x)*b*d**5*f**5*n**2*x**2 - 200*sqrt(x)*b*d**3*f**3*n**2*x - 88*sqrt(x)*b*d*f*n**2 + 600*int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d**6*f**6*n**2*x**3 - 600*int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b*d**7*f**7*n**2*x**3 - 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*b*d**6*f**6*n**2*x**3 + 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 - 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*n + 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 - 600*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*n + 200*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*d**6*f**6*n**2*x**3 - 200*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b*n**2 + 2940*log(sqrt(x))*b*d**6*f**6*n**2*x**3 - 150*log(x**n*c)**2*b*d**6*f**6*x**3 - 300*log(x**n*c)*a*d**6*f**6*x**3 - 1570*log(x**n*c)*b*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 + 300*log(x**n*c)*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 150*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*f**2*n*x + 300*a*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 150*a*d**2*f**2*n*x + 400*b*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 + 125*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x)/(1800*n*x**3)`

3.59 $\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	499
Mathematica [A] (verified)	500
Rubi [A] (verified)	501
Maple [F]	503
Fricas [F]	503
Sympy [F(-1)]	504
Maxima [F]	504
Giac [F]	504
Mupad [F(-1)]	505
Reduce [F]	505

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 708

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{86b^2n^2\sqrt{x}}{27d^5f^5} + \frac{abnx}{3d^4f^4} - \frac{13b^2n^2x}{27d^4f^4} + \frac{14b^2n^2x^{3/2}}{81d^3f^3} - \frac{19b^2n^2x^2}{216d^2f^2} + \frac{182b^2n^2x^{5/2}}{3375df} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{27}b^2n^2x^3 - \frac{2b^2n^2 \log(1+df\sqrt{x})}{27d^6f^6} + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(1+df\sqrt{x}) \\
 &\quad + \frac{b^2nx \log(cx^n)}{3d^4f^4} - \frac{14bn\sqrt{x}(a+b \log(cx^n))}{9d^5f^5} + \frac{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))}{9d^4f^4} \\
 &\quad - \frac{2bnx^{3/2}(a+b \log(cx^n))}{9d^3f^3} + \frac{5bnx^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{36d^2f^2} - \frac{22bnx^{5/2}(a+b \log(cx^n))}{225df} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2}{27}bnx^3(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2bn \log(1+df\sqrt{x})(a+b \log(cx^n))}{9d^6f^6} - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3 \log(1+df\sqrt{x})(a+b \log(cx^n)) -
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/15*x^(5/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d/f-1/6*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^4/f^4+1/9*x^(
3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^3/f^3-1/12*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^2/f^2+1/3*a*b*
n*x/d^4/f^4+1/3*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/d^4/f^4+1/9*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^4/f^
4-2/9*b*n*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^3/f^3+5/36*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2
/f^2-22/225*b*n*x^(5/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-4/3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylo
g(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^6/f^6+2/9*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^6/f^
6-14/9*b*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^5/f^5-19/216*b^2*n^2*x^2/d^2/f^2+182/
3375*b^2*n^2*x^(5/2)/d/f-13/27*b^2*n^2*x/d^4/f^4+14/81*b^2*n^2*x^(3/2)/d^3
/f^3-1/18*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/3*x^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^
2+8/3*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^6/f^6+4/9*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x
^(1/2))/d^6/f^6-2/27*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/d^6/f^6-2/9*b*n*x^3*ln(1+d*
f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+86/27*b^2*n^2*x^(1/2)/d^5/f^5+2/27*b*n*x^3*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))+1/3*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^5/f^5+2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*ln(1+d*
f*x^(1/2))-1/3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^6/f^6-1/27*b^2*n^2*x^
3

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 995, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```

output

```
(27000*a^2*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 126000*a*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 258000*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqr
t[x] - 13500*a^2*d^2*f^2*x + 36000*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x - 39000*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2
*x + 9000*a^2*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 18000*a*b*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 14000*b^2*d^
3*f^3*n^2*x^(3/2) - 6750*a^2*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 11250*a*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2 - 7125*
b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2 + 5400*a^2*d^5*f^5*x^(5/2) - 7920*a*b*d^5*f^5*n*x^(5/2
) + 4368*b^2*d^5*f^5*n^2*x^(5/2) - 4500*a^2*d^6*f^6*x^3 + 6000*a*b*d^6*f^6
*n*x^3 - 3000*b^2*d^6*f^6*n^2*x^3 - 27000*a^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 18000
*a*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 6000*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 27000*a^
2*d^6*f^6*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 18000*a*b*d^6*f^6*n*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*S
qrt[x]] + 6000*b^2*d^6*f^6*n^2*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 54000*a*b*d*f*Sq
rt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 126000*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 27000*a*b*d^2*f^2
*x*Log[c*x^n] + 36000*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 18000*a*b*d^3*f^3*x^(3/
2)*Log[c*x^n] - 18000*b^2*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 13500*a*b*d^4*f^4
*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 11250*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 10800*a*b*d^5*f^5*x
^(5/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 7920*b^2*d^5*f^5*n*x^(5/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 9000*a*b*d^6*f
^6*x^3*Log[c*x^n] + 6000*b^2*d^6*f^6*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 54000*a*b*Log[1 +
d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 18000*b^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 54
000*a*b*d^6*f^6*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 18000*b^2*d^6*f^6*n*
x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 27000*b^2*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 -
13500*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 9000*b^2*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 650, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2bn \int \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) x^2 - \frac{1}{18} (a + b \log(cx^n)) x^2 + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^{3/2}}{15df} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^2}{12d^2 f^2} \right. \\
 & \quad \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3d^6 f^6} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3d^5 f^5} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6d^4 f^4} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{9d^3 f^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12d^2 f^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{15df} + \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{18} x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \quad - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3d^6 f^6} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3d^5 f^5} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6d^4 f^4} + \\
 & \quad \quad \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{9d^3 f^3} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12d^2 f^2} - \\
 & 2bn \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3d^6 f^6} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9d^6 f^6} + \frac{7\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9d^5 f^5} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9d^5 f^5} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{x^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{15df} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{18} x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input Int[x^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]

output (Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*d^5*f^5) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(6*d^4*f^4) + (x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(9*d^3*f^3) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(12*d^2*f^2) + (x^(5/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(15*d*f) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/18 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*d^6*f^6) + (x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/3 - 2*b*n*((-43*b*n*Sqrt[x])/(27*d^5*f^5) - (a*x)/(6*d^4*f^4) + (13*b*n*x)/(54*d^4*f^4) - (7*b*n*x^(3/2))/(81*d^3*f^3) + (19*b*n*x^2)/(432*d^2*f^2) - (91*b*n*x^(5/2))/(3375*d*f) + (b*n*x^3)/54 + (b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(27*d^6*f^6) - (b*n*x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/27 - (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/(6*d^4*f^4) + (7*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*d^5*f^5) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(18*d^4*f^4) + (x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*d^3*f^3) - (5*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(72*d^2*f^2) + (11*x^(5/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(225*d*f) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/27 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*d^6*f^6) + (x^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 - (2*b*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(9*d^6*f^6) + (2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(3*d^6*f^6) - (4*b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(3*d^6*f^6)

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ = \int x^2 \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output

```
(5400*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**5*f**5*n*x**2 + 9000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n
*c)**2*b**2*d**3*f**3*n*x + 27000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*n + 1080
0*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**5*f**5*n*x**2 + 18000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b
*d**3*f**3*n*x + 54000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*n - 7920*sqrt(x)*log(x*
*n*c)*b**2*d**5*f**5*n**2*x**2 - 18000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**3*f**3*
n**2*x - 126000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 5400*sqrt(x)*a**2*d**5
*f**5*n*x**2 + 9000*sqrt(x)*a**2*d**3*f**3*n*x + 27000*sqrt(x)*a**2*d*f*n
- 7920*sqrt(x)*a*b*d**5*f**5*n**2*x**2 - 18000*sqrt(x)*a*b*d**3*f**3*n**2*
x - 126000*sqrt(x)*a*b*d*f*n**2 + 4368*sqrt(x)*b**2*d**5*f**5*n**3*x**2 +
14000*sqrt(x)*b**2*d**3*f**3*n**3*x + 258000*sqrt(x)*b**2*d*f*n**3 - 13500
*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**2*n - 27000*int(log(x**n*c)
/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b*n + 9000*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x)
,x)*b**2*n**2 + 13500*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)
*b**2*d*f*n + 27000*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b*
d*f*n - 9000*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**2*d*f*n*
*2 + 27000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 + 540
00*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 - 18000*log(sqrt(
x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**6*f**6*n**2*x**3 + 27000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
1)*a**2*d**6*f**6*n*x**3 - 27000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*n - 18000*log(
sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b*d**6*f**6*n**2*x**3 + 18000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a...
```

3.60 $\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	507
Mathematica [A] (verified)	508
Rubi [A] (verified)	509
Maple [F]	511
Fricas [F]	511
Sympy [F(-1)]	512
Maxima [F]	512
Giac [F]	512
Mupad [F(-1)]	513
Reduce [F]	513

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 557

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{21b^2n^2\sqrt{x}}{4d^3f^3} + \frac{abnx}{2d^2f^2} - \frac{7b^2n^2x}{8d^2f^2} + \frac{37b^2n^2x^{3/2}}{108df} - \frac{3}{16}b^2n^2x^2 - \frac{b^2n^2 \log (1 + df \sqrt{x})}{4d^4f^4} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2 \log (1 + df \sqrt{x}) + \frac{b^2nx \log (cx^n)}{2d^2f^2} - \frac{5bn\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{2d^3f^3} \\
 &+ \frac{bnx(a + b \log (cx^n))}{4d^2f^2} - \frac{7bnx^{3/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{18df} + \frac{1}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log (cx^n)) \\
 &+ \frac{bn \log (1 + df \sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n))}{2d^4f^4} - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2 \log (1 + df \sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n)) \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{2d^3f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{4d^2f^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{6df} \\
 &- \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log (1 + df \sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{2d^4f^4} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (1 + df \sqrt{x})(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 + \frac{b^2n^2 F}{\dots}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

21/4*b^2*n^2*x^(1/2)/d^3/f^3+1/2*a*b*n*x/d^2/f^2-7/8*b^2*n^2*x/d^2/f^2+37/
108*b^2*n^2*x^(3/2)/d/f-3/16*b^2*n^2*x^2-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4
/f^4+1/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))+1/2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/d^2/f^2-5/2*b
*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^3/f^3+1/4*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2/f^2-7/18*
b*n*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f+1/4*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/2*b*n*ln(1+d
*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^4/f^4-1/2*b*n*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))+1/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^3/f^3-1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^2/
f^2+1/6*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d/f-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/2*ln(1+d
*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^4/f^4+1/2*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2+b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*poly
log(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4+4*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 769, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{216a^2df\sqrt{x} - 1080abdfn\sqrt{x} + 2268b^2dfn^2\sqrt{x} - 108a^2d^2f^2x + 324abd^2f^2nx - 378b^2d^2f^2n^2x + 72a^2d^3f^2x^2}{d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```

output

```
(216*a^2*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 1080*a*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 2268*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x] -
108*a^2*d^2*f^2*x + 324*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x - 378*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x + 72*a^2*
d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 168*a*b*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 148*b^2*d^3*f^3*n^2*x^(3/2)
- 54*a^2*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 108*a*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2 - 81*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2 - 21
6*a^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 216*a*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 108*b^2*n^2*
Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 216*a^2*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 216*a*b*
d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 108*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*S
qrt[x]] + 432*a*b*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 1080*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^
n] - 216*a*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 324*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 144*a
*b*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 168*b^2*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 108
*a*b*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 108*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 432*a*b*L
og[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 216*b^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]
+ 432*a*b*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 216*b^2*d^4*f^4*n
*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 216*b^2*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 -
108*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 72*b^2*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 54*
b^2*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 216*b^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 +
216*b^2*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 432*b*n*(-2*a + b
*n - 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 1728*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3,
-(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(432*d^4*f^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{8}x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2}x \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2d^4f^4x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2d^4f^4} \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2d^4f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2d^3f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4d^2f^2} + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6df} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 2bn \left(-\frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2d^4f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2d^3f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4d^2f^2} - \right. \\
& \quad \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^4f^4} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4d^4f^4} + \frac{5\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4d^3f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8} \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6df} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*d^3*f^3) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*d^2*f^2) + (x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(6*d*f) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/8 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*d^4*f^4) + (x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 - 2*b*n*((-21*b*n*Sqrt[x])/(8*d^3*f^3) - (a*x)/(4*d^2*f^2) + (7*b*n*x)/(16*d^2*f^2) - (37*b*n*x^(3/2))/(21*6*d*f) + (3*b*n*x^2)/32 + (b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*d^4*f^4) - (b*n*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/8 - (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/(4*d^2*f^2) + (5*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*d^3*f^3) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*d^2*f^2) + (7*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(36*d*f) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*d^4*f^4) + (x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 - (b*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(2*d^4*f^4) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^4*f^4) - (2*b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^4*f^4)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)]], x}], Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \int x \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(x*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output

```

(72*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**3*f**3*n*x + 216*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2
*b**2*d*f*n + 144*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**3*f**3*n*x + 432*sqrt(x)*log(
x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*n - 168*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**3*f**3*n**2*x - 1080*sq
rt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 72*sqrt(x)*a**2*d**3*f**3*n*x + 216*sq
rt(x)*a**2*d*f*n - 168*sqrt(x)*a*b*d**3*f**3*n**2*x - 1080*sqrt(x)*a*b*d*f*
n**2 + 148*sqrt(x)*b**2*d**3*f**3*n**3*x + 2268*sqrt(x)*b**2*d*f*n**3 - 10
8*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**2*n - 216*int(log(x**n*c)/
(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b*n + 108*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x
)*b**2*n**2 + 108*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**
2*d*f*n + 216*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b*d*f*n
- 108*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 21
6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 + 432*log(sqrt
(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 - 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*l
og(x**n*c)*b**2*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 + 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*d**4*f
**4*n*x**2 - 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*n - 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*
b*d**4*f**4*n**2*x**2 + 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 108*log(sqrt(x
)*d*f + 1)*b**2*d**4*f**4*n**3*x**2 - 108*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**2*n**3 -
36*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 - 108*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 54*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*
d**4*f**4*n*x**2 - 108*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x + 54*log(x**n*c)*
**2*b**2*n - 108*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 - 216*log(x**n*c)*a*b...

```

3.61 $\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	516
Rubi [A] (verified)	517
Maple [F]	518
Fricas [F]	519
Sympy [F(-1)]	519
Maxima [F]	519
Giac [F]	520
Mupad [F(-1)]	520
Reduce [F]	521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 374

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 dx \\
 &= \frac{14b^2n^2\sqrt{x}}{df} + abnx - 3b^2n^2x + 2b^2n^2x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{2b^2n^2 \log (1 + df \sqrt{x})}{d^2 f^2} + b^2nx \log (cx^n) - \frac{6bn\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))}{df} \\
 &\quad + bnx(a + b \log (cx^n)) - 2bnx \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n)) \\
 &\quad + \frac{2bn \log (1 + df \sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{df} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \\
 &\quad - \frac{\log (1 + df \sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{d^2 f^2} + \frac{4b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog} (2, -df \sqrt{x})}{d^2 f^2} \\
 &\quad - \frac{4bn(a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog} (2, -df \sqrt{x})}{d^2 f^2} + \frac{8b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog} (3, -df \sqrt{x})}{d^2 f^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

14*b^2*n^2*x^(1/2)/d/f+a*b*n*x-3*b^2*n^2*x+2*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)
))-2*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2+b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)-6*b*n*x^(1/2)*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f+b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2*b*n*x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))+2*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2/f^2+x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^2/d/f-1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))^2-ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^2/f^2+4*b^2*n^2*polylog(2,-d*
f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2-4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2+8
*b^2*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{-2a^2df\sqrt{x} + 12abdfn\sqrt{x} - 28b^2dfn^2\sqrt{x} + a^2d^2f^2x - 4abd^2f^2nx + 6b^2d^2f^2n^2x + 2a^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/2*(-2*a^2*d*f*Sqrt[x] + 12*a*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] - 28*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x] +
a^2*d^2*f^2*x - 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x + 6*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x + 2*a^2*Log[1 + d
*f*Sqrt[x]] - 4*a*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 4*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]
] - 2*a^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*S
qrt[x]] - 4*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 4*a*b*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log
[c*x^n] + 12*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 2*a*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 4
*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 4*a*b*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^
2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*a*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]
*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 2*b^2*d*
f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 2*b^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sq
rt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 2*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 +
8*b*n*(a - b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 16*b^2*n^2*Pol
yLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]/(d^2*f^2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2817

$$-2bn \int \left(\frac{1}{2}(-a - b \log(cx^n)) + \log \left(d \left(\sqrt{x}f + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2 f^2 x} + \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d^2 f^2} + \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d^2 f^2} + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{df} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

↓ 2009

$$-2bn \left(\frac{2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d^2 f^2} + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{df} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

input

```
Int[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(d*f) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 + x*Log[
d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(d^2*f^2) - 2*b*n*((-7*b*n*Sqrt[x])/(d*f) - (a*x)/2 + (3*
b*n*x)/2 - b*n*x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])] + (b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/
(d^2*f^2) - (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/2 + (3*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d*f) - (x
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/2 + x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
- (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d^2*f^2) - (2*b*n*PolyLog[2,
-(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2) + (2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x]
)]))/(d^2*f^2) - (4*b*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2817

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]},
Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p
- 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
&& RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r,
1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(b^2*x*log(x^n)^2 - 2*(b^2*(n - log(c)) - a*b)*x*log(x^n) + ((2*n^2 - 2*n*
log(c) + log(c)^2)*b^2 - 2*a*b*(n - log(c)) + a^2)*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)
- 1/27*(9*b^2*d*f*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(3*a*b*d*f - (5*d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c)
)*b^2)*x^2*log(x^n) + (9*a^2*d*f - 6*(5*d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*a*b + (38*d*
f*n^2 - 30*d*f*n*log(c) + 9*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^2)/sqrt(x) + integrate(1/
2*(b^2*d^2*f^2*x*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(a*b*d^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*n - d^2*f^2*log(c)
)*b^2)*x*log(x^n) + (a^2*d^2*f^2 - 2*(d^2*f^2*n - d^2*f^2*log(c))*a*b + (2
*d^2*f^2*n^2 - 2*d^2*f^2*n*log(c) + d^2*f^2*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x)/(d*f*sqrt(x)
+ 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input

```
int(log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```
int(log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*f*n + 12*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d*f*n -
36*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*a**2*d*f*n - 36*sqrt(x)*a
*b*d*f*n**2 + 84*sqrt(x)*b**2*d*f*n**3 - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x
**2 - x),x)*b**2*n - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b*n + 6*i
nt(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**2*n**2 + 3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n
*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**2*d*f*n + 6*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(
d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b*d*f*n - 6*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*
x**2 - x),x)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d*
*2*f**2*n*x + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x - 12*l
og(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f
+ 1)*a**2*d**2*f**2*n*x - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*n - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d
*f + 1)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n**2*x + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b*n**2 + 12*log(s
qrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**3*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**2*n**3
- log(x**n*c)**3*b**2 - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d**2*
f**2*n*x + 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x + 12*
log(x**n*c)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x - 3*a**2*d**2*f**2*n*x + 12*a*b*d**2*f**
2*n**2*x - 18*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**3*x)/(6*d**2*f**2*n)
```

$$3.62 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	522
Mathematica [A] (verified)	522
Rubi [A] (verified)	523
Maple [F]	524
Fricas [F]	524
Sympy [F(-1)]	525
Maxima [F]	525
Giac [F]	525
Mupad [F(-1)]	526
Reduce [F]	526

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = -2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) \\ + 8bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) \\ - 16b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(4, -df\sqrt{x})$$

output `-2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+8*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))-16*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-d*f*x^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx \\ = -2((a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) \\ + 4bn(-(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) + 2bn \text{PolyLog}(4, -df\sqrt{x})))$$

input `Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x,x]`

output

```
-2*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[
c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]) + 2*b*n*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

↓ 2821

$$4bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})}{x} dx - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

↓ 2830

$$4bn \left(2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - 2bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})}{x} dx \right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

↓ 7143

$$4bn(2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - 4bn \text{PolyLog}(4, -df\sqrt{x})) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x,x]
```

output

```
-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*b*n*(2*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 4*b*n*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = & - \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) a^2 \\ & + \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 \\ & + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) ab \\ & + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) a^2 df \\ & + \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)^2 a^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x)`

output `- int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a**2 + int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2 + 2*int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b + int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a**2*d*f + log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*a**2`

3.63
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	527
Mathematica [A] (verified)	528
Rubi [A] (verified)	529
Maple [F]	530
Fricas [F]	531
Sympy [F(-1)]	531
Maxima [F]	531
Giac [F]	532
Mupad [F(-1)]	532
Reduce [F]	532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 389

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{14b^2dfn^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^2d^2f^2n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{2b^2n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{x} \\ & \quad - b^2d^2f^2n^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2}b^2d^2f^2n^2 \log^2(x) - \frac{6bdfn(a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad + 2bd^2f^2n \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2bn \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} \\ & \quad - bd^2f^2n \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad + d^2f^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} \\ & \quad - \frac{d^2f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6bn} + 4b^2d^2f^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) \\ & \quad + 4bd^2f^2n(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) - 8b^2d^2f^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-14*b^2*d*f*n^2/x^(1/2)+2*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-2*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x-b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*ln(x)+1/2*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*ln(x)^2-6*b*d*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+2*b*d^2*f^2*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-b*d^2*f^2*n*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^(1/2)+d^2*f^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x-1/6*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/b/n+4*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+4*b*d^2*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))-8*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{6a^2df\sqrt{x} + 36abdfn\sqrt{x} + 84b^2dfn^2\sqrt{x} + 6a^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) + 12abn \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) + 12b^2n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(6*a^2*d*f*Sqrt[x] + 36*a*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 84*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x] + 6*a^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 12*a*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 12*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 6*a^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 12*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 12*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 3*a^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[x] + 6*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[x] + 6*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[x] - 3*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[x]^2 - 3*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[x]^2 + b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[x]^3 + 12*a*b*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 3*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 24*b*d^2*f^2*n*x*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 48*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/x
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-2bn \int \left(\frac{d^2 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n)) f^2}{x} - \frac{d^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) f^2}{2x} - \frac{d(a + b \log(cx^n)) f}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{d^2 f^2 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2bn \left(\frac{d^2 f^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{12b^2 n^2} - 2d^2 f^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{d^2 f^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4bn} - \frac{d^2 f^2 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x]))*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-((d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/Sqrt[x]) + d^2*f^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x - (d^2*f^2
*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 - 2*b*n*((7*b*d*f*n)/Sqrt[x] - b*d^2*f^2*n
*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + (b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/x + (b*d^2*f^2*n*Log[x]
)/2 - (b*d^2*f^2*n*Log[x]^2)/4 + (3*d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[x] - d^2*
f^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b
*Log[c*x^n]))/x + (d^2*f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (d^2*f^2*Log[x]*
(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*b*n) + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(12*b^2*n^2
) - 2*b*d^2*f^2*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 2*d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]
)*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*b*d^2*f^2*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])

```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2824

```

Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{a} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c)}{d^2 f^2 x^3 - x^2} dx\right) abdfx + 4 \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) ab d^2 f^2 nx + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{d^2 f^2 x^3 - x^2} dx\right) b^2 x - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c)}{d^2 f^2 x^3 - x^2} dx\right) b^2 a}{1}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(x)*a**2*d*f - 4*sqrt(x)*a*b*d*f*n - 4*sqrt(x)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + i
nt(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**2*x + 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(d
**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a*b*x + 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2)
,x)*b**2*n*x - int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**
2*d*f*x - 2*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a*b*d*f*x
- 2*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**2*d*f*n*x - 2
*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**
n*c)*a*b - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
1)*a**2*d**2*f**2*x - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2 + 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1
)*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b*n + 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1
)*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**2*n**2 - 2*log(sqrt(x)
)*a**2*d**2*f**2*x - 4*log(sqrt(x))*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x - 4*log(sqrt(x))*b**
2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 4*log(x**n*
c)*b**2*n - 2*a*b*n - 4*b**2*n**2)/(2*x)
```

3.64
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	534
Mathematica [A] (verified)	535
Rubi [A] (verified)	536
Maple [F]	538
Fricas [F]	538
Sympy [F(-1)]	539
Maxima [F]	539
Giac [F]	539
Mupad [F(-1)]	540
Reduce [F]	540

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 555

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = & -\frac{37b^2dfn^2}{108x^{3/2}} + \frac{7b^2d^2f^2n^2}{8x} - \frac{21b^2d^3f^3n^2}{4\sqrt{x}} \\ & + \frac{1}{4}b^2d^4f^4n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{b^2n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{8}b^2d^4f^4n^2 \log(x) \\ & + \frac{1}{8}b^2d^4f^4n^2 \log^2(x) - \frac{7bdfn(a + b \log(cx^n))}{18x^{3/2}} + \frac{3bd^2f^2n(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x} \\ & - \frac{5bd^3f^3n(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2}bd^4f^4n \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\ & - \frac{bn \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{4}bd^4f^4n \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\ & - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4x} - \frac{d^3f^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{x}} \\ & + \frac{1}{2}d^4f^4 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} - \frac{d^4f^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{12bn} + b \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-37/108*b^2*d*f*n^2/x^(3/2)+7/8*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2/x-21/4*b^2*d^3*f^3*n^2/x^(
1/2)+1/4*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x
^2-1/8*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*ln(x)+1/8*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*ln(x)^2-7/18*b*d*f*n*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))/x^(3/2)+3/4*b*d^2*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-5/2*b*d^3*f^3*n*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+1/2*b*d^4*f^4*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*
b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2-1/4*b*d^4*f^4*n*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))-1/6*d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^(3/2)+1/4*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x-1/
2*d^3*f^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^(1/2)+1/2*d^4*f^4*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))^2-1/2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2-1/12*d^4*f^4*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^3/b/n+b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+2*b*d^4*f^4*n*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))-4*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2
))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 881, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{36a^2df\sqrt{x} + 84abdfn\sqrt{x} + 74b^2dfn^2\sqrt{x} - 54a^2d^2f^2x - 162abd^2f^2nx - 189b^2d^2f^2n^2x + 108a^2d^3f^3x^3}{x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/216*(36*a^2*d*f*Sqrt[x] + 84*a*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 74*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x]
- 54*a^2*d^2*f^2*x - 162*a*b*d^2*f^2*n*x - 189*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x + 108*a^
2*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) + 540*a*b*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 1134*b^2*d^3*f^3*n^2*x^(3/
2) + 108*a^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 108*a*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 54*b^
2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 108*a^2*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 10
8*a*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 54*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[1 +
d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 54*a^2*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[x] + 54*a*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[x] + 2
7*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[x] - 54*a*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 27*b^2*d^4*
f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 18*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3 + 72*a*b*d*f*Sqrt[x
]*Log[c*x^n] + 84*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 108*a*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x
^n] - 162*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 216*a*b*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]
+ 540*b^2*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 216*a*b*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[
c*x^n] + 108*b^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 216*a*b*d^4*f^4*x^2*L
og[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 108*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]
]*Log[c*x^n] + 108*a*b*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 54*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^
2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 54*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b^2*d*
f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 54*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 108*b^2*d^3*f^3*x
^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 108*b^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 108*b^2*
d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 54*b^2*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[x]*
Log[c*x^n]^2 - 216*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*(2*a + b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2bn \int \left(\frac{d^4 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^4}{2x} - \frac{d^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^4}{4x} - \frac{d^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^3}{2x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^2}{2x} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} d^4 f^4 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{4} d^4 f^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{d^3 f^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{x}} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{d^2 f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4x} - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2bn \left(\frac{d^4 f^4 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{24b^2 n^2} - d^4 f^4 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{d^4 f^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8bn} - \frac{1}{4} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{1}{2} d^4 f^4 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{1}{4} d^4 f^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{d^3 f^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2\sqrt{x}} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \frac{d^2 f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4x} - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x^3,x]`

output

```

-1/6*(d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x^(3/2) + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*x) - (d^3*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*Sqrt[x]) + (d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*x^2) - (d^4*f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 - 2*b*n*((37*b*d*f*n)/(216*x^(3/2)) - (7*b*d^2*f^2*n)/(16*x) + (21*b*d^3*f^3*n)/(8*Sqrt[x]) - (b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/8 + (b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*x^2) + (b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[x])/16 - (b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[x]^2)/16 + (7*d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(36*x^(3/2)) - (3*d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*x) + (5*d^3*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*Sqrt[x]) - (d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 + (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x^2) + (d^4*f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 - (d^4*f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*b*n) + (d^4*f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(24*b^2*n^2) - (b*d^4*f^4*n*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]/2 - d^4*f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 2*b*d^4*f^4*n*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])
    
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.)^(p_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{d^2 f^2 x^4 - x^3} dx\right) b^2 x^2 - 4\sqrt{x} a^2 df - 24 \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c) ab - 12 \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c) b^2 n -$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(x)*a**2*d**3*f**3*x - 4*sqrt(x)*a**2*d*f - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*d**3
*f**3*n*x - 4*sqrt(x)*a*b*d*f*n - 6*sqrt(x)*b**2*d**3*f**3*n**2*x - 2*sqrt
(x)*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*b**2*x
**2 + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*a*b*x**2 + 6*int(log(x
**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*b**2*n*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)
**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*b**2*d*f*x**2 - 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)
))/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*a*b*d*f*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(
d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x*
*n*c)**2*b**2 - 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d
*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*d**4*f**4*x**2 -
12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2 + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b*d**4*f**4*n*x*
*2 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b*n + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**2*d**4*f**4
*n**2*x**2 - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**2*n**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*d**4*f
**4*x**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x))*a*b*d**4*f**4*n*x**2 - 6*log(sqrt(x))*b**2*d**4
*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2 - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b - 6*log(x**n*
c)*b**2*n + 6*a**2*d**2*f**2*x + 6*a*b*d**2*f**2*n*x - 3*a*b*n + 3*b**2*d*
*2*f**2*n**2*x - 3*b**2*n**2)/(24*x**2)
```

3.65 $\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 dx$

Optimal result	542
Mathematica [A] (verified)	543
Rubi [A] (verified)	543
Maple [F]	546
Fricas [F]	546
Sympy [F(-1)]	546
Maxima [F]	547
Giac [F]	547
Mupad [F(-1)]	547
Reduce [F]	548

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 858

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

12*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4+3*b^2*n^2*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog
(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4-3/4*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^4
/f^4+3/4*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^4/f^4+63/4*b^2*n^2*x^(1
/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^3/f^3-15/4*b*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^3/f^3-3/8
*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d^2/f^2+37/36*b^2*n^2*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d
/f+9/8*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^2/f^2-7/12*b*n*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/
d/f+1/2*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-9/4*a*b^2*n^2*x/d^2/f^2-9/
4*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)/d^2/f^2+45/16*b^3*n^3*x/d^2/f^2-175/216*b^3*n^3*x^(3
/2)/d/f-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-9/16*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+3/8*b*n
*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-24*b^3*n^3*polylog(4,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4-6*b^3*n^
3*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4-3/2*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/
f^4+3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/d^4/f^4+3/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2)
)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3/4*b*n*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-255/8*b^
3*n^3*x^(1/2)/d^3/f^3-1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/d^2/f^2+1/6*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))^3/d/f-3/8*b^3*n^3*x^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-1/2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))^3/d^4/f^4+1/2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/d^3/f^3+3/8*b^3*n^3*x^
2
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]
```

output

```
(216*a^3*d*f*Sqrt[x] - 1620*a^2*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 6804*a*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x] - 13770*b^3*d*f*n^3*Sqrt[x] - 108*a^3*d^2*f^2*x + 486*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*n*x - 1134*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x + 1215*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*x + 72*a^3*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2) - 252*a^2*b*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 444*a*b^2*d^3*f^3*n^2*x^(3/2) - 350*b^3*d^3*f^3*n^3*x^(3/2) - 54*a^3*d^4*f^4*x^2 + 162*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2 - 243*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2 + 162*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*x^2 - 216*a^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 324*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 324*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 162*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 216*a^3*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 324*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 324*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 162*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 648*a^2*b*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 3240*a*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6804*b^3*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 324*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 972*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - 1134*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 216*a^2*b*d^3*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 504*a*b^2*d^3*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 444*b^3*d^3*f^3*n^2*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 162*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 324*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 243*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 648*a^2*b*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 648*a*b^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 324*b^3*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 648*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 648*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 324*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + d*f*S...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 810, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(-\frac{1}{8}x(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 + \frac{1}{2}x \log (d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log (d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{2d^4 f^4 x} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log (df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{2d^4 f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{2d^3 f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{4d^2 f^2} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{6df} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 + \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{6df} - \frac{x(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{4d^2 f^2} + \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 - \frac{\log (d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{2d^4 f^4} + \\ \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{2d^3 f^3} - \\ 3bn \left(-\frac{1}{8}n^2 x^2 b^2 + \frac{175n^2 x^{3/2} b^2}{648df} - \frac{15n^2 x b^2}{16d^2 f^2} - \frac{n^2 \log (d\sqrt{x}f + 1) b^2}{8d^4 f^4} + \frac{1}{8}n^2 x^2 \log (d\sqrt{x}f + 1) b^2 + \frac{3nx \log (cx^n) b^2}{4d^2 f^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/(2*d^3*f^3) - (x*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/(4*d^2*f^2) + (x^{3/2}*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/(6*d*f) - (x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/8 - (\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/(2*d^4*f^4) + (x^2*\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/2 - 3*b*n*((85*b^2*n^2*\text{Sqrt}[x])/(8*d^3*f^3) + (3*a*b*n*x)/(4*d^2*f^2) - (15*b^2*n^2*x)/(16*d^2*f^2) + (175*b^2*n^2*x^{3/2})/(648*d*f) - (b^2*n^2*x^2)/8 - (b^2*n^2*\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/(8*d^4*f^4) + (b^2*n^2*x^2*\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/8 + (3*b^2*n*x*\text{Log}[c*x^n])/(4*d^2*f^2) - (21*b*n*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(4*d^3*f^3) + (b*n*x*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(8*d^2*f^2) - (37*b*n*x^{3/2}*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(108*d*f) + (3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/16 + (b*n*\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/(4*d^4*f^4) - (b*n*x^2*\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/4 + (5*\text{Sqrt}[x]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2)/(4*d^3*f^3) - (3*x*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2)/(8*d^2*f^2) + (7*x^{3/2}*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2)/(36*d*f) - (x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2)/8 - (\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2)/(4*d^4*f^4) + (x^2*\text{Log}[1 + d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2)/4 + (b^2*n^2*\text{PolyLog}[2, -(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x])])/(2*d^4*f^4) - (b*n*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x])])/(d^4*f^4) + ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x])])/(d^4*f^4) + (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x])])/(d^4*f^4) - (4*b*n*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x])])/(d^4*f^4) + (8*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*\text{Sqrt}[x])])/(d^4*f^4)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\text{Log}[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)})]*((a_.) + \text{Log}[(c_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})*(b_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.)*(x_)^{(q_.)})], x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(g*x)^q*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p \text{ u}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n^p \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)}/x \text{ u}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[q, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(q + 1)/m]) \ || \ (\text{IGtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(q + 1)/m] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]))
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [F]

$$\int x \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*x*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ &= \int x \ln \left(d \left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ = \int x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (\log(x^n c) b + a)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

3.66 $\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 dx$

Optimal result	550
Mathematica [A] (verified)	551
Rubi [A] (verified)	552
Maple [F]	554
Fricas [F]	554
Sympy [F(-1)]	555
Maxima [F]	555
Giac [F]	556
Mupad [F(-1)]	557
Reduce [F]	557

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 604

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\
&= -\frac{90b^3n^3\sqrt{x}}{df} - 6ab^2n^2x + 12b^3n^3x - 6b^3n^3x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) \\
&+ \frac{6b^3n^3 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} - 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) + \frac{42b^2n^2\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{df} \\
&- 3b^2n^2x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + 6b^2n^2x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&- \frac{6b^2n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2f^2} - \frac{9bn\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{df} \\
&+ 3bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 3bnx \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
&+ \frac{3bn \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d^2f^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{df} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
&+ x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{\log(1 + df\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d^2f^2} \\
&- \frac{12b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} + \frac{12b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} \\
&- \frac{6bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} - \frac{24b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} \\
&+ \frac{24b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2} - \frac{48b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -df\sqrt{x})}{d^2f^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-90*b^3*n^3*x^(1/2)/d/f-6*a*b^2*n^2*x+12*b^3*n^3*x-6*b^3*n^3*x*ln(d*(1/d+f
*x^(1/2)))+6*b^3*n^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2-6*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)+42*b^
2*n^2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/d/f-3*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+6*b^2*n^2*x*
ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-6*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))/d^2/f^2-9*b*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d/f+3*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^2-3*b*n*x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+3*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2)
)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/d^2/f^2+x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/d/f-1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^3+x*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*l
n(c*x^n))^3/d^2/f^2-12*b^3*n^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2+12*b^2*n^2*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2-6*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*po
lylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2-24*b^3*n^3*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2+2
4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2-48*b^3*n^3*polyl
og(4,-d*f*x^(1/2))/d^2/f^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 986, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/2*(-2*a^3*d*f*Sqrt[x] + 18*a^2*b*d*f*n*Sqrt[x] - 84*a*b^2*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x]
+ 180*b^3*d*f*n^3*Sqrt[x] + a^3*d^2*f^2*x - 6*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*n*x + 18*a*
b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x - 24*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*x + 2*a^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 6*
a^2*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 12*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 12*b^3*
n^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 2*a^3*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + 6*a^2*b*
d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 12*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt
[x]] + 12*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] - 6*a^2*b*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log
[c*x^n] + 36*a*b^2*d*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 84*b^3*d*f*n^2*Sqrt[x]*Log[c
*x^n] + 3*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 1
8*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a^2*b*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] -
12*a*b^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^3*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[
x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*
b^2*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log
[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*a*b^2*d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 18*b^3*d
*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 3*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*d^2*f^2
*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*a*b^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*n*Lo
g[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*L
og[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*d^2*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 2*b^3*
d*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3 + b^3*d^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 2*b^3*Log[1 + d*f*
Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 2*b^3*d^2*f^2*x*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2817

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bn \int \left(\log \left(d \left(\sqrt{x}f + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{d^2 f^2 x} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{df \sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2} \right. \\
& \quad \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d^2 f^2} + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \\
& \quad \left. \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{df} - \frac{1}{2} x (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bn \left(-\frac{4bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} - \frac{8bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d^2 f^2} + \frac{2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{d^2 f^2} + x \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{df} - \frac{1}{2} x (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(d*f) - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/2 + x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(d^2*f^2) - 3*b*n*((30*b^2*n^2*Sqrt[x])/(d*f) + 2*a*b*n*x - 4*b^2*n^2*x + 2*b^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]) - (2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(d^2*f^2) + 2*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - (14*b*n*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d*f) + b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - 2*b*n*x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + (2*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d^2*f^2) + (3*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(d*f) - x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 + x*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(d^2*f^2) + (4*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2) - (4*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2) + (2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2) + (8*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2) - (8*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2) + (16*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/(d^2*f^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \ln \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ & = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(b^3*x*log(x^n)^3 - 3*(b^3*(n - log(c)) - a*b^2)*x*log(x^n)^2 + 3*((2*n^2
- 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*b^3 - 2*a*b^2*(n - log(c)) + a^2*b)*x*log(x^n) +
(3*(2*n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (6*n^3 - 6*n^2*log(c) + 3*n*log
(c)^2 - log(c)^3)*b^3 - 3*a^2*b*(n - log(c)) + a^3)*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1
) - 1/27*(9*b^3*d*f*x^2*log(x^n)^3 + 9*(3*a*b^2*d*f - (5*d*f*n - 3*d*f*log
(c))*b^3)*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 3*(9*a^2*b*d*f - 6*(5*d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*a*b
^2 + (38*d*f*n^2 - 30*d*f*n*log(c) + 9*d*f*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^2*log(x^n) + (
9*a^3*d*f - 9*(5*d*f*n - 3*d*f*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(38*d*f*n^2 - 30*d*f*n*log
(c) + 9*d*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (130*d*f*n^3 - 114*d*f*n^2*log(c) + 45*d*f*
n*log(c)^2 - 9*d*f*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^2)/sqrt(x) + integrate(1/2*(b^3*d^2*f^
2*x*log(x^n)^3 + 3*(a*b^2*d^2*f^2 - (d^2*f^2*n - d^2*f^2*log(c))*b^3)*x*log
(x^n)^2 + 3*(a^2*b*d^2*f^2 - 2*(d^2*f^2*n - d^2*f^2*log(c))*a*b^2 + (2*d^
2*f^2*n^2 - 2*d^2*f^2*n*log(c) + d^2*f^2*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x*log(x^n) + (a^3*
d^2*f^2 - 3*(d^2*f^2*n - d^2*f^2*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*d^2*f^2*n^2 - 2*d^2*
f^2*n*log(c) + d^2*f^2*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (6*d^2*f^2*n^3 - 6*d^2*f^2*n^2*lo
g(c) + 3*d^2*f^2*n*log(c)^2 - d^2*f^2*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x)/(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1),
x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log \left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) d \right) dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int \ln \left(d \left(f \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d} \right) \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \log \left(d \left(\frac{1}{d} + f \sqrt{x} \right) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output

```

(8*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d*f*n + 24*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d*
f*n - 72*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*d*f*n**2 + 24*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a**
2*b*d*f*n - 144*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d*f*n**2 + 336*sqrt(x)*log(x**n
*c)*b**3*d*f*n**3 + 8*sqrt(x)*a**3*d*f*n - 72*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d*f*n**2 + 33
6*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*f*n**3 - 720*sqrt(x)*b**3*d*f*n**4 - 4*int(log(x**n*c)*
*3/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**3*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**2
- x),x)*a*b**2*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**3*n**2
- 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a**2*b*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c
)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b**2*n**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**2
- x),x)*b**3*n**3 + 4*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**3)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x
)*b**3*d*f*n + 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b
**2*d*f*n - 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**3*d
*f*n**2 + 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a**2*b*d*f*
n - 24*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a*b**2*d*f*n**2 +
24*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*b**3*d*f*n**3 + 8*lo
g(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*d**2*f**2*n*x + 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f
+ 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*d**2*f**2*n*x - 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**
n*c)**2*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**2*x + 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b
*d**2*f**2*n*x - 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2
*x + 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**3*x + 8*log(...

```

$$3.67 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	559
Mathematica [A] (verified)	560
Rubi [A] (verified)	560
Maple [F]	562
Fricas [F]	562
Sympy [F(-1)]	562
Maxima [F]	563
Giac [F]	563
Mupad [F(-1)]	563
Reduce [F]	564

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = -2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -df\sqrt{x}\right) \\ + 12bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -df\sqrt{x}\right) \\ - 48b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -df\sqrt{x}\right) + 96b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -df\sqrt{x}\right)$$

output

```
-2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+12*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*poly
log(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))-48*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-d*f*x^(1/2))+96*
b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-d*f*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

$$= -2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})$$

$$+ 12bn((a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})$$

$$+ 4bn(-(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -df\sqrt{x})) + 2bn \text{PolyLog}(5, -df\sqrt{x}))$$

input `Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/x,x]`

output `-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 12*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]) + 2*b*n*PolyLog[5, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2821}$$

$$6bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x})}{x} dx - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{2830}$$

$$6bn \left(2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 4bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x})}{x} dx \right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3$$

↓ 2830

$$6bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog} (3, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 - 4bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog} (4, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n)) - 2bn \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog} (}{\right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} (2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \right. \right.$$

↓ 7143

$$6bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog} (3, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2 - 4bn (2 \operatorname{PolyLog} (4, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n)) - 4bn \operatorname{PolyLog} (5, - \right.$$

$$\left. 2 \operatorname{PolyLog} (2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log (cx^n))^3 \right.$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x]])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x,x]
```

output

```
-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 6*b*n*(2*(a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 4*b*n*(2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[
4, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 4*b*n*PolyLog[5, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b
_.))^(p_.))/x_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q
_.)))/x_, x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q)
, x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p -
1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = & - \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) a^3 \\
& + \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 \\
& + 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 \\
& + 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b \\
& + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)}{d^2 f^2 x^2 - x} dx \right) a^3 df \\
& + \log(\sqrt{x} df + 1)^2 a^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

output `- int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a**3 + int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3 + 3*int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2 + 3*int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b + int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1))/(d**2*f**2*x**2 - x),x)*a**3*d*f + log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)**2*a**3`

$$3.68 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	566
Mathematica [B] (verified)	567
Rubi [A] (verified)	568
Maple [F]	569
Fricas [F]	570
Sympy [F(-1)]	570
Maxima [F]	570
Giac [F]	571
Mupad [F(-1)]	571
Reduce [F]	571

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 610

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{a} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx \\
 &= -\frac{90b^3 df n^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 6b^3 d^2 f^2 n^3 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x})}{x} \\
 &\quad - 3b^3 d^2 f^2 n^3 \log(x) + \frac{3}{2} b^3 d^2 f^2 n^3 \log^2(x) - \frac{42b^2 df n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 &\quad + 6b^2 d^2 f^2 n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{6b^2 n^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} \\
 &\quad - 3b^2 d^2 f^2 n^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{9bdf n (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 &\quad + 3bd^2 f^2 n \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{3bn \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{df (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 &\quad + d^2 f^2 \log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{\log(1 + df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} \\
 &\quad - \frac{d^2 f^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{8bn} + 12b^3 d^2 f^2 n^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) \\
 &\quad + 12b^2 d^2 f^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) \\
 &\quad + 6bd^2 f^2 n (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) - 24b^3 d^2 f^2 n^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) \\
 &\quad - 24b^2 d^2 f^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -df\sqrt{x}) + 48b^3 d^2 f^2 n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -df\sqrt{x})
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-90*b^3*d*f*n^3/x^(1/2)+6*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-6*b^3*n^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x-3*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*ln(x)+3/2*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*ln(x)^2-42*b^2*d*f*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+6*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-6*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-3*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-9*b*d*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^(1/2)+3*b*d^2*f^2*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-3*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x-1/2*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^(1/2)+d^2*f^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x-1/8*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/b/n+12*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+12*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+6*b*d^2*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))-24*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))-24*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))+48*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3*polylog(4,-d*f*x^(1/2))

```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1455 vs. $2(610) = 1220$.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1455, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
d^2*f^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*n^3 +
3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])
+ 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]
)^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]
)^3) - d^2*f^2*Log[Sqrt[x]]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*n^3 + 3
*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) +
6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])
^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])
^3) - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*n^3 + 3
*a^2*b*n*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2*n^2*Log[x] + 6*b^3*n^3*Log[x] + 3*a*b^2*n^2*Log[
x]^2 + 3*b^3*n^3*Log[x]^2 + b^3*n^3*Log[x]^3 + 3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[
c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) +
Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*Log[x]*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*Log[
x]*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*b^3*n^2*Log[x]^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^
n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*
x^n])^2 + 3*b^3*n*Log[x]*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) +
Log[c*x^n])^3))/x + (-a^3*d*f) - 3*a^2*b*d*f*n - 6*a*b^2*d*f*n^2 - 6*b^3
*d*f*n^3 - 3*a^2*b*d*f*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) - 6*a*b^2*d*f*n*(-(n*Log
[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) - 6*b^3*d*f*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) - 3*a*b^2*d*
f*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 - 3*b^3*d*f*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 640, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(\frac{d^2 f^2 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} - \frac{d^2 f^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x} \right. \\ \left. \frac{d^2 f^2 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-3bn \left(\frac{d^2 f^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{24b^2 n^2} - 2d^2 f^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 4bd^2 f^2 n \text{PolyLog}(2, -df\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right. \\ \left. \frac{d^2 f^2 \log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{1}{2} d^2 f^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} - \frac{\log(df\sqrt{x} + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{df(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x]))*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3]/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/Sqrt[x]) + d^2*f^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^3 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x - (d^2*f^2
*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/2 - 3*b*n*((30*b^2*d*f*n^2)/Sqrt[x] - 2*b^2*
d^2*f^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]] + (2*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]))/x + b^
2*d^2*f^2*n^2*Log[x] - (b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*Log[x]^2)/2 + (14*b*d*f*n*(a + b*L
og[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[x] - 2*b*d^2*f^2*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]
) + (2*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x + b*d^2*f^2*n*Log[x]
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + (3*d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/Sqrt[x] - d^2*f^2*Log[1
+ d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 + (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*
x^n])^2)/x + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*n) - (d^2*f^2*Log[x]*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*n) + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4)/(24*b^2*n^2) -
4*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 4*b*d^2*f^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*
x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 2*d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[
2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 8*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 8*b*d^
2*f^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - 16*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2
*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2824

```

Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{a} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)
```

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(x)*a**3*d*f - 6*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d*f*n - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*f*n*
*2 - 12*sqrt(x)*b**3*d*f*n**3 + int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2)
,x)*b**3*x + 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a*b**2*x + 3*
int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**3*n*x + 3*int(log(x**n*c)
/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a**2*b*x + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 -
x**2),x)*a*b**2*n*x + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**3*n
**2*x - int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**3)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**3*d*f*x
- 3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a*b**2*d*f*x
- 3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**3*d*f*n*x -
3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a**2*b*d*f*x - 6*i
nt((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*a*b**2*d*f*n*x - 6*int
((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**3 - x**2),x)*b**3*d*f*n**2*x - 2*log(
sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3 - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*
*2*a*b**2 - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d
*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n
- 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*n**2 + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a
**3*d**2*f**2*x - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**3 + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**
2*b*d**2*f**2*n*x - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*b*n + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
1)*a*b**2*d**2*f**2*n**2*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a*b**2*n**2 + 12*log
(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**3*d**2*f**2*n**3*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*b**3*...
```

3.69
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 849

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+f\sqrt{x}\right)\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-12*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))+3*b^2*d^4*f^4*
n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+3*b*d^4*f^4*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^
2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+3/4*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))+3/4*b*d^4*f^4*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-63/4*b^2*d^3*f^3
*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(1/2)-15/4*b*d^3*f^3*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^(1/2)-37
/36*b^2*d*f*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(3/2)+21/8*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))/x-7/12*b*d*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^(3/2)+9/8*b*d^2*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))^2/x-3/8*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^2-175/216*b^3*d*f*n^3/x^(3/2)+45/16*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3/x-1/16
*d^4*f^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/b/n-3/16*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*ln(x)+3/16*b^3*d^4*f^4
*n^3*ln(x)^2+24*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*polylog(4,-d*f*x^(1/2))-6*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*
polylog(3,-d*f*x^(1/2))+3/2*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^(1/2))+3/8*b^
3*d^4*f^4*n^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))-3/4*b^2*n^2*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))/x^2-3/4*b*n*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2-255/8*b^3*d^3*f^3*
n^3/x^(1/2)-1/6*d*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^(3/2)+1/4*d^2*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^
3/x-3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))/x^2+1/2*d^4*f^4*ln(1+d*f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*l
n(c*x^n))^3-1/2*d^3*f^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^(1/2)-1/8*d^4*f^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2009 vs. $2(849) = 1698$.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2009, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(a^3*d*f)/x^(3/2) - (7*a^2*b*d*f*n)/(12*x^(3/2)) - (37*a*b^2*d*f*n^2)/(36*x^(3/2)) - (175*b^3*d*f*n^3)/(216*x^(3/2)) + (a^3*d^2*f^2)/(4*x) + (9*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*n)/(8*x) + (21*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2)/(8*x) + (45*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^3)/(16*x) - (a^3*d^3*f^3)/(2*Sqrt[x]) - (15*a^2*b*d^3*f^3*n)/(4*Sqrt[x]) - (63*a*b^2*d^3*f^3*n^2)/(4*Sqrt[x]) - (255*b^3*d^3*f^3*n^3)/(8*Sqrt[x]) + (a^3*d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/2 + (3*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/4 + (3*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/4 + (3*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/8 - (a^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(2*x^2) - (3*a^2*b*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(4*x^2) - (3*a*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(4*x^2) - (3*b^3*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*x^2) - (a^3*d^4*f^4*Log[x])/4 - (3*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[x])/8 - (3*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log[x])/8 - (3*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[x])/16 + (3*a^2*b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[x]^2)/8 + (3*a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log[x]^2)/8 + (3*b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[x]^2)/16 - (a*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log[x]^3)/4 - (b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[x]^3)/8 + (b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*Sqrt[x])])*Log[x]^3)/2 - (b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x])*Log[x]^3)/2 + (b^3*d^4*f^4*n^3*Log[x]^4)/8 - (a^2*b*d*f*Log[c*x^n])/(2*x^(3/2)) - (7*a*b^2*d*f*n*Log[c*x^n])/(6*x^(3/2)) - (37*b^3*d*f*n^2*Log[c*x^n])/(36*x^(3/2)) + (3*a^2*b*d^2*f^2*Log[c*x^n])/(4*x) + (9*a*b^2*d^2*f^2*n*Log[c*x^n])/(4*x) + (21*b^3*d^2*f^2*n^2*Log[c*x^n])/(8*x) - (3*a^2*b*d^3*f^3*Log[c*x^n])/(2*Sqrt[x]) - (15*a*b^2*d^3*f^3*n*Log[c*x^n])/(2*Sqrt[x]) - (63*b^3*d^...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 870, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(\frac{d^4 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 f^4}{2x} - \frac{d^4 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 f^4}{4x} - \frac{d^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 f^3}{2x^{3/2}} + \frac{d^3 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{d^2 f^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4x} - \frac{df (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} d^4 \log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4 - \frac{1}{4} d^4 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4 - \frac{d^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^3}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{d^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^2}{4x} - \frac{d (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f}{6x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d\sqrt{x}f + 1) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} - 3bn \left(\frac{d^4 (a + b \log(cx^n))^4 f^4}{48b^2 n^2} - \frac{d^4 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4}{12bn} + \frac{d^4 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4}{24bn} - \frac{1}{16} b^2 d^4 n^2 \log^2(x) f^4 - \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/6*(d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x^(3/2) + (d^2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(
4*x) - (d^3*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*Sqrt[x]) + (d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*S
qrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/2 - (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
^3)/(2*x^2) - (d^4*f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/4 - 3*b*n*((175*b^2*d*
f^n^2)/(648*x^(3/2)) - (15*b^2*d^2*f^2*n^2)/(16*x) + (85*b^2*d^3*f^3*n^2)/
(8*Sqrt[x]) - (b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]])/8 + (b^2*n^2*Log[1 +
d*f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*x^2) + (b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log[x])/16 - (b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*Log
[x]^2)/16 + (37*b*d*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(108*x^(3/2)) - (7*b*d^2*f^2*n
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*x) + (21*b*d^3*f^3*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*Sqrt[x
]) - (b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 + (b*n*Log[1
+ d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x^2) + (b*d^4*f^4*n*Log[x]*(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n]))/8 + (7*d*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(36*x^(3/2)) - (3*d^2*f^2*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*x) + (5*d^3*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*Sqrt[x]) - (
d^4*f^4*Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 + (Log[1 + d*f*Sqrt[x
]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*x^2) + (d^4*f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(24*b*n)
- (d^4*f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(12*b*n) + (d^4*f^4*(a + b*Log[c*
x^n])^4)/(48*b^2*n^2) - (b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])])/2 - b
*d^4*f^4*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] - d^4*f^4*(a + b*
Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 2*b^2*d^4*f^4*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(
d*f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*b*d^4*f^4*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*Sqrt[...

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2824

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + 1)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + 1/d)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(f\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^(1/2) + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f\sqrt{x}\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(x)*a**3*d**3*f**3*x - 16*sqrt(x)*a**3*d*f - 72*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*
d**3*f**3*n*x - 24*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d*f*n - 72*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d**3*f**3*n**2
*x - 24*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*d*f*n**2 - 36*sqrt(x)*b**3*d**3*f**3*n**3*x - 12*sq
rt(x)*b**3*d*f*n**3 + 24*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*b**
3*x**2 + 72*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*a*b**2*x**2 + 36
*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*b**3*n*x**2 + 72*int(log(x
**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*a**2*b*x**2 + 72*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f
**2*x**4 - x**3),x)*a*b**2*n*x**2 + 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 - x
**3),x)*b**3*n**2*x**2 - 24*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**3)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 -
x**3),x)*b**3*d*f*x**2 - 72*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**4 -
x**3),x)*a*b**2*d*f*x**2 - 36*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(d**2*f**2*x**
4 - x**3),x)*b**3*d*f*n*x**2 - 72*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**
4 - x**3),x)*a**2*b*d*f*x**2 - 72*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x**
4 - x**3),x)*a*b**2*d*f*n*x**2 - 36*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(d**2*f**2*x
**4 - x**3),x)*b**3*d*f*n**2*x**2 - 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3
*b**3 - 144*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 72*log(sqrt(x)*d*
f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*n - 144*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b
- 144*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*n - 72*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)
*log(x**n*c)*b**3*n**2 + 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**3*d**4*f**4*x**2 - 48*
log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**3 + 72*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + 1)*a**2*b*d**4*f**4*n...
```


3.70
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	580
Mathematica [B] (verified)	581
Rubi [A] (verified)	582
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	584
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	585
Sympy [F(-2)]	586
Maxima [F]	586
Giac [F]	587
Mupad [F(-1)]	588
Reduce [F]	588

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)}{m} + \frac{4bn(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)}{m^2}$$

$$- \frac{12b^2n^2(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)}{m^3}$$

$$+ \frac{24b^3n^3(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^m)}{m^4} - \frac{24b^4n^4 \text{PolyLog}(6, -dfx^m)}{m^5}$$

output

```
-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)/m+4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(3,
-d*f*x^m)/m^2-12*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(4,-d*f*x^m)/m^3+24*b^3
*n^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(5,-d*f*x^m)/m^4-24*b^4*n^4*polylog(6,-d*f*x^m
)/m^5
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1700 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1700, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.41

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)])/x,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^3*b*m*n*Log[x]^3)/3 + (3*a^2*b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^4)/2 - (6*a*b^3*m*n^3*
Log[x]^5)/5 + (b^4*m*n^4*Log[x]^6)/3 - 2*a^2*b^2*m*n*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n] +
3*a*b^3*m*n^2*Log[x]^4*Log[c*x^n] - (6*b^4*m*n^3*Log[x]^5*Log[c*x^n])/5 -
2*a*b^3*m*n*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 + (3*b^4*m*n^2*Log[x]^4*Log[c*x^n]^2)/2
- (2*b^4*m*n*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]^3)/3 - 2*a^3*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f
*x^m)] + 4*a^2*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] - 3*a*b^3*n^3*Log[x]^
4*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + (4*b^4*n^4*Log[x]^5*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)])/5 - 6*a
^2*b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + 8*a*b^3*n^2*Log[x]^3*L
og[c*x^n]*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] - 3*b^4*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + 1/(
d*f*x^m)] - 6*a*b^3*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + 4*b^4*n
^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] - 2*b^4*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n
]^3*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + 2*a^3*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] - 4*a^2*b^2
*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] + 3*a*b^3*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] - (
4*b^4*n^4*Log[x]^5*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/5 + (a^4*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*
x^m])/m - (4*a^3*b*n*Log[x]*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (6*a^2*b
^2*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (4*a*b^3*n^3*Log[x]^
3*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (b^4*n^4*Log[x]^4*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*
Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + 6*a^2*b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] - 8
*a*b^3*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] + 3*b^4*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[c
*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] + (4*a^3*b*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{4bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{4bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} - \frac{3bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} \right)}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{4bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} \right)}{m} \right)}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^m)}{x}}{m} \right)}{m} \right)}{m} \right) \\
 & \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & 4bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(6, -dfx^m)}{m^2} \right)}{m} \right)}{m} \right) \\
 & \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)])/x,x]`

output `-(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^m)]/m) + (4*b*n*(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^m)]/m - (3*b*n*(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*x^m)]/m - (2*b*n*(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[5, -(d*f*x^m)]/m - (b*n*PolyLog[6, -(d*f*x^m)]/m^2))/m))/m))/m)))/m`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2830

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1968, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.36

Expression too large to display

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x)
```

output

```

4*b^4*n/m*dilog(df*x^m+1)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^3+b^4*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)
^4-1/5*b^4/n*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x^n)^5+1/5*b^4*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/n*ln(x^n)^5
-1/5*b^4*n^4*ln(x)^5*ln(df*x^m+1)+1/5*b^4*n^4*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^5-b^4*ln
n(x)*ln(df*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)^4-b^4/m*dilog(df*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)^4-4*b^4*n/m*ln
(x)*polylog(2,-df*x^m)*ln(x^n)^3+6*b^4*n^2/m*ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-df*x^m)*
ln(x^n)^2-4*b^4*n^3/m*ln(x)^3*polylog(2,-df*x^m)*ln(x^n)-6*b^4*n^2/m*dilo
g(df*x^m+1)*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)^2+4*b^4*n^3/m*dilog(df*x^m+1)*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)
)-1/16*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)
)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln
(c)+2*a)^4/m*dilog(df*x^m+1)+1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi
*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(
I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^3*b*(1/2*ln(x)^2*n*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))+ln
(d*(1/d+f*x^m))*ln(x)*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))-1/2*n*ln(x)^2*ln(df*x^m+1)-n/m*ln
n(x)*polylog(2,-df*x^m)+n/m^2*polylog(3,-df*x^m)-1/m*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d
ilog(df*x^m+1)-(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*ln(x)*ln(df*x^m+1))+24*b^4*n^3/m^4*poly
log(5,-df*x^m)*ln(x^n)-b^4*n^3*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^4*ln(x^n)+2*b^4*n^2*ln
(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)^2-2*b^4*n*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)^3-b^4*
n^4/m*dilog(df*x^m+1)*ln(x)^4+b^4*n^3*ln(x)^4*ln(df*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)-2*b^4
*n^2*ln(x)^3*ln(df*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)^2+2*b^4*n*ln(x)^2*ln(df*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)
^3+b^4*n^4/m*ln(x)^4*polylog(2,-df*x^m)+4*b^4*n/m^2*polylog(3,-df*x^m...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. $2(136) = 272$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx =$$

$$\frac{24 b^4 n^4 \text{polylog}(6, -dfx^m) + (b^4 m^4 n^4 \log(x)^4 + b^4 m^4 \log(c)^4 + 4 ab^3 m^4 \log(c)^3 + 6 a^2 b^2 m^4 \log(c)^2 +$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^4*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-(24*b^4*n^4*polylog(6, -d*f*x^m) + (b^4*m^4*n^4*log(x)^4 + b^4*m^4*log(c)
^4 + 4*a*b^3*m^4*log(c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*m^4*log(c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*m^4*log(c) +
a^4*m^4 + 4*(b^4*m^4*n^3*log(c) + a*b^3*m^4*n^3)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^4*m^4*n^2
*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*m^4*n^2*log(c) + a^2*b^2*m^4*n^2)*log(x)^2 + 4*(b^4*m^
4*n*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^3*m^4*n*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*m^4*n*log(c) + a^3*b*m^4
*n)*log(x))*dilog(-d*f*x^m) - 24*(b^4*m*n^4*log(x) + b^4*m*n^3*log(c) + a*
b^3*m*n^3)*polylog(5, -d*f*x^m) + 12*(b^4*m^2*n^4*log(x)^2 + b^4*m^2*n^2*l
og(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*m^2*n^2*log(c) + a^2*b^2*m^2*n^2 + 2*(b^4*m^2*n^3*log(c)
+ a*b^3*m^2*n^3)*log(x))*polylog(4, -d*f*x^m) - 4*(b^4*m^3*n^4*log(x)^3 +
b^4*m^3*n*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^3*m^3*n*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*m^3*n*log(c) + a^
3*b*m^3*n + 3*(b^4*m^3*n^3*log(c) + a*b^3*m^3*n^3)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^4*m^3*n
^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*m^3*n^2*log(c) + a^2*b^2*m^3*n^2)*log(x))*polylog(3,
-d*f*x^m))/m^5

```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**4*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**m))/x,x)
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^4 \log\left(\left(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^4*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/5*(b^4*n^4*log(x)^5 + 5*b^4*log(x)*log(x^n)^4 - 5*(b^4*n^3*log(c) + a*b^
3*n^3)*log(x)^4 + 10*(b^4*n^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*n^2*log(c) + a^2*b^2*n^2)
*log(x)^3 - 10*(b^4*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^4*log(c) + a*b^3)*log(x))*log(x^n)^3
+ 10*(b^4*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^4*n*log(c) + a*b^3*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^4*log
(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*log(c) + a^2*b^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 10*(b^4*n*log(c)^3
+ 3*a*b^3*n*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*n*log(c) + a^3*b*n)*log(x)^2 - 5*(b^4*n^3
*log(x)^4 - 4*(b^4*n^2*log(c) + a*b^3*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^4*n*log(c)^2 +
2*a*b^3*n*log(c) + a^2*b^2*n)*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^4*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^3*log(c)^
2 + 3*a^2*b^2*log(c) + a^3*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) + 5*(b^4*log(c)^4 + 4*a*b^3
*log(c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*log(c)^2 + 4*a^3*b*log(c) + a^4)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^m
+ 1) - integrate(1/5*(5*b^4*d*f*m*x^m*log(x)*log(x^n)^4 - 10*(b^4*d*f*m*n
*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^4*d*f*m*log(c) + a*b^3*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m*log(x^n)^3 + 10
*(b^4*d*f*m*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^4*d*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b^3*d*f*m*n)*log(x)^2
+ 3*(b^4*d*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*f*m*log(c) + a^2*b^2*d*f*m)*log(x))*x
^m*log(x^n)^2 - 5*(b^4*d*f*m*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*(b^4*d*f*m*n^2*log(c) + a*b^
3*d*f*m*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^4*d*f*m*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*f*m*n*log(c) +
a^2*b^2*d*f*m*n)*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^4*d*f*m*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^3*d*f*m*log(c)^
2 + 3*a^2*b^2*d*f*m*log(c) + a^3*b*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m*log(x^n) + (b^4*d*f*
m*n^4*log(x)^5 - 5*(b^4*d*f*m*n^3*log(c) + a*b^3*d*f*m*n^3)*log(x)^4 + 10*
(b^4*d*f*m*n^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*f*m*n^2*log(c) + a^2*b^2*d*f*m*n^2)...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^4 \log\left(\left(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^4*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^4*log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/x, x)
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^m + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^4}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^4)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^4)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1)}{x^m df + x} dx \right) a^4 m + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)^4}{x} dx \right) b^4 m + 8 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) a b^3 m + 12 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a^2 b^2 m + 8 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a^3 b m + \log(x^m df + 1) a^4 m}{2m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^4*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(x**m*d*f + 1)/(x**m*d*f*x + x),x)*a**4*m + 2*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**4)/x,x)*b**4*m + 8*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*a*b**3*m + 12*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a**2*b**2*m + 8*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**3*b*m + log(x**m*d*f + 1)**2*a**4)/(2*m)`

3.71
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)}{m} + \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)}{m^2} - \frac{6b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)}{m^3} + \frac{6b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^m)}{m^4}$$

output

```
-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)/m+3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^m)/m^2-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-d*f*x^m)/m^3+6*b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-d*f*x^m)/m^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1035 vs. $2(105) = 210$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1035, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m))]/x,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a^2*b*m*n*Log[x]^3) + (3*a*b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^4)/4 - (3*b^3*m*n^3*Log[x]^5)/10 - a*b^2*m*n*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n] + (3*b^3*m*n^2*Log[x]^4*Log[c*x^n])/4 - (b^3*m*n*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]^2)/2 - (3*a^2*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)])/2 + 2*a*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] - (3*b^3*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)])/4 - 3*a*b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + 2*b^3*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] - (3*b^3*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)])/2 + (3*a^2*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/2 - 2*a*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] + (3*b^3*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/4 + (a^3*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (3*a^2*b*n*Log[x]*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (3*a*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (b^3*n^3*Log[x]^3*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + 3*a*b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] - 2*b^3*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] + (3*a^2*b*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (6*a*b^2*n*Log[x]*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (3*b^3*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (3*b^3*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/2 + (3*a*b^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (3*b^3*n*Log[x]*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (b^3*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (b*n*Log[x]*(b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b*n*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + 3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*x^m))])/m ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{3bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} \right)}{m} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} \right)}{m} \right)}{m} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(5, -dfx^m)}{m^2} \right)}{m} \right)}{m} - \\
 & \quad \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)])/x,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a + b \log[cx^n])^3 \text{PolyLog}[2, -(d*fx^m)]}{m} + (3*b*n*((a + b \log[cx^n])^2 \text{PolyLog}[3, -(d*fx^m)])/m - (2*b*n*((a + b \log[cx^n]) \text{PolyLog}[4, -(d*fx^m)])/m - (b*n \text{PolyLog}[5, -(d*fx^m)]/m^2))/m)\right)/m$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_*) * ((e_*) + (f_*) * (x_)^{(m_*)})]) * ((a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*) * (x_)^{(n_*)}] * (b_*)^{(p_*)}) / (x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d) * f * x^m]) * ((a + b \log[cx^n])^p / m), x] + \text{Simp}[b * n * (p/m) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d) * f * x^m] * ((a + b \log[cx^n])^{(p-1)/x}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d * e, 1]$$

rule 2830

$$\text{Int}[(((a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*) * (x_)^{(n_*)}] * (b_*)^{(p_*)}) * \text{PolyLog}[k_, (e_*) * (x_)^{(q_*)}]) / (x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[k + 1, e * x^q] * ((a + b \log[cx^n])^p / q), x] - \text{Simp}[b * n * (p/q) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[k + 1, e * x^q] * ((a + b \log[cx^n])^{(p-1)/x}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, e, k, n, q\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 7143

$$\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_*) * ((a_*) + (b_*) * (x_)^{(p_*)})] / ((d_*) + (e_*) * (x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c * (a + b * x)^p] / (e * p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b * d, a * e]$$
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1261, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.01

Expression too large to display

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^3*\ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x)$$

output

```

6*b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-d*f*x^m)/m^4-1/4*b^3*n^3*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^4+1/4*b^
3*n^3*ln(x)^4*ln(d*f*x^m+1)-1/4*b^3/n*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x^n)^4-b^3*n^3/m*ln
(x)^3*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)+b^3*n^2*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^3*ln(x^n)-3/2*b^3*n*
ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)^2*ln(x^n)^2+b^3*ln(1/d+f*x^m)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^3+b^3*n^3/
m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x)^3-b^3/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)^3-b^3*n^2*ln(x)^
3*ln(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)+3/2*b^3*n*ln(x)^2*ln(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)^2-b^3*ln(x
)*ln(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)^3+3*b^3*n/m^2*ln(x^n)^2*polylog(3,-d*f*x^m)-6*b^3*
n^2/m^3*ln(x^n)*polylog(4,-d*f*x^m)-3*b^3*n^2/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x)^2*ln
(x^n)+3*b^3*n/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2+3*b^3*n^2/m*ln(x)^2*ln(x
^n)*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)-3*b^3*n/m*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)+1/4*
b^3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/n*ln(x^n)^4-1/8*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-
I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^3/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)+3/2*(I*Pi*b*c
sgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi
*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b^2*(1/
3*ln(x)^3*n^2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))+ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))*n*ln(x)^2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(
x))+ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))*ln(x)*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))^2+1/3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/n*(ln
(x^n)-n*ln(x))^3-1/3/n*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))^3*ln(1/d+f*x^m)-1/3*n^2*ln(x)^3*
ln(d*f*x^m+1)-n^2/m*ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)+2*n^2/m^2*ln(x)*polylog(3,
-d*f*x^m)-2*n^2/m^3*polylog(4,-d*f*x^m)-1/m*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))^2*dilog(d...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 285 vs. $2(104) = 208$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3n^3 \text{polylog}(5, -dfx^m) - (b^3m^3n^3 \log(x)^3 + b^3m^3 \log(c)^3 + 3ab^2m^3 \log(c)^2 + 3a^2bm^3 \log(c) + a^3m^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(6*b^3*n^3*polylog(5, -d*f*x^m) - (b^3*m^3*n^3*log(x)^3 + b^3*m^3*log(c)^3
+ 3*a*b^2*m^3*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*m^3*log(c) + a^3*m^3 + 3*(b^3*m^3*n^2*lo
g(c) + a*b^2*m^3*n^2)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*m^3*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*m^3*n*log
(c) + a^2*b*m^3*n)*log(x))*dilog(-d*f*x^m) - 6*(b^3*m*n^3*log(x) + b^3*m*n
^2*log(c) + a*b^2*m*n^2)*polylog(4, -d*f*x^m) + 3*(b^3*m^2*n^3*log(x)^2 +
b^3*m^2*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*m^2*n*log(c) + a^2*b*m^2*n + 2*(b^3*m^2*n^2*1
og(c) + a*b^2*m^2*n^2)*log(x))*polylog(3, -d*f*x^m))/m^4
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**m)))/x,x
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log\left(\left(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m)))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(b^3*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*b^3*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*n*log(c) + a^2*b*n)*log(x)^2 + 6*(b^3*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*log(c) + a*b^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*n*log(c) + a*b^2*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) - 4*(b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^m + 1) - integrate(1/4*(4*b^3*d*f*m*x^m*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 6*(b^3*d*f*m*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*d*f*m*log(c) + a*b^2*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m*log(x^n)^2 + 4*(b^3*d*f*m*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*d*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b^2*d*f*m*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*d*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*f*m*log(c) + a^2*b*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m*log(x^n) - (b^3*d*f*m*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*(b^3*d*f*m*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*d*f*m*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*d*f*m*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*d*f*m*n*log(c) + a^2*b*d*f*m*n)*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^3*d*f*m*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*f*m*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*f*m*log(c) + a^3*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m)/(d*f*x*x^m + x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^m + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)
```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1)}{x^m df + x} dx\right) a^3 m + 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx\right) b^3 m + 6\left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx\right) a b^2 m + 6\left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx\right) a^2 b m + 6\left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1)}{x} dx\right) a^3}{2m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(x**m*d*f + 1)/(x**m*d*f*x + x),x)*a**3*m + 2*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3*m + 6*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2*m + 6*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b*m + log(x**m*d*f + 1)**2*a**3)/(2*m)`

3.72
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	597
Mathematica [B] (verified)	597
Rubi [A] (verified)	599
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	601
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	601
Sympy [F(-2)]	602
Maxima [F]	602
Giac [F]	603
Mupad [F(-1)]	603
Reduce [F]	603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)}{m} + \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)}{m^2} - \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)}{m^3}$$

output

```
-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)/m+2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-d*f*x^m)/m^2-2*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-d*f*x^m)/m^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 526 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.21

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{3}abmn \log^3(x) + \frac{1}{4}b^2mn^2 \log^4(x) - \frac{1}{3}b^2mn \log^3(x) \log(cx^n) \\
&\quad - abn \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right) + \frac{2}{3}b^2n^2 \log^3(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right) \\
&\quad - b^2n \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right) + abn \log^2(x) \log(1 + dfx^m) \\
&\quad - \frac{2}{3}b^2n^2 \log^3(x) \log(1 + dfx^m) + \frac{a^2 \log(-dfx^m) \log(1 + dfx^m)}{m} \\
&\quad - \frac{2abn \log(x) \log(-dfx^m) \log(1 + dfx^m)}{m} + \frac{b^2n^2 \log^2(x) \log(-dfx^m) \log(1 + dfx^m)}{m} \\
&\quad + b^2n \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \log(1 + dfx^m) + \frac{2ab \log(-dfx^m) \log(cx^n) \log(1 + dfx^m)}{m} \\
&\quad - \frac{2b^2n \log(x) \log(-dfx^m) \log(cx^n) \log(1 + dfx^m)}{m} \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2 \log(-dfx^m) \log^2(cx^n) \log(1 + dfx^m)}{m} \\
&\quad + \frac{bn \log(x) (-bn \log(x) + 2(a + b \log(cx^n))) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right)}{m} \\
&\quad + \frac{(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + dfx^m\right)}{m} + \frac{2abn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right)}{m^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{2b^2n \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right)}{m^2} + \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{x^{-m}}{df}\right)}{m^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)])/x,x]
```

output

```

-1/3*(a*b*m*n*Log[x]^3) + (b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^4)/4 - (b^2*m*n*Log[x]^3*Log[c
*x^n])/3 - a*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + (2*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1
+ 1/(d*f*x^m)])/3 - b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + 1/(d*f*x^m)] + a*b*
n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] - (2*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/3 + (a
^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (2*a*b*n*Log[x]*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*L
og[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m
+ b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m] + (2*a*b*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log
[c*x^n]*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m - (2*b^2*n*Log[x]*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]*L
og[1 + d*f*x^m])/m + (b^2*Log[-(d*f*x^m)]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + d*f*x^m])/m
+ (b*n*Log[x]*(-b*n*Log[x]) + 2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))*PolyLog[2, -(1/(d*f*
x^m))]/m + ((a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, 1 + d*f*x^m])/m
+ (2*a*b*n*PolyLog[3, -(1/(d*f*x^m))])/m^2 + (2*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[3
, -(1/(d*f*x^m))])/m^2 + (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -(1/(d*f*x^m))])/m^3
    
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.107$, Rules used = {2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2821}$$

$$\frac{2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{m}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2830}$$

$$\frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)}{x} dx}{m} \right)}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{m}$$

$$\downarrow \text{7143}$$

$$\frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(4, -dfx^m)}{m^2} \right)}{\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, -dfx^m)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)])/x,x]`

output `-(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(d*f*x^m)]/m) + (2*b*n*(((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(d*f*x^m)]/m - (b*n*PolyLog[4, -(d*f*x^m)]/m^2))/m`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

output

```
-(2*b^2*n^2*polylog(4, -d*f*x^m) + (b^2*m^2*n^2*log(x)^2 + b^2*m^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*m^2*log(c) + a^2*m^2 + 2*(b^2*m^2*n*log(c) + a*b*m^2*n)*log(x))*dilog(-d*f*x^m) - 2*(b^2*m*n^2*log(x) + b^2*m*n*log(c) + a*b*m*n)*polylog(3, -d*f*x^m))/m^3
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**m))/x,x)
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*(b^2*n^2*log(x)^3 + 3*b^2*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(c) + a*b*n)*log(x)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*log(c) + a*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) + 3*(b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^m + 1) - integrate(1/3*(3*b^2*d*f*m*x^m*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*d*f*m*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*d*f*m*log(c) + a*b*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m*log(x^n) + (b^2*d*f*m*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^2*d*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b*d*f*m*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*d*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*d*f*m*log(c) + a^2*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m)/(d*f*x*x^m + x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^m + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1)}{x^m df + x} dx \right) a^2 m + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) b^2 m + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) abm + \log(x^m df + 1)}{2m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(x**m*d*f + 1)/(x**m*d*f*x + x),x)*a**2*m + 2*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2*m + 4*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b*m + log(x**m*d*f + 1)**2*a**2)/(2*m)`

3.73
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d}+fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	604
Rubi [A] (verified)	605
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	606
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	606
Sympy [F(-2)]	607
Maxima [F]	607
Giac [F]	607
Mupad [F(-1)]	608
Reduce [F]	608

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -dfx^m\right)}{m} + \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -dfx^m\right)}{m^2}$$

output `-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)/m+b*n*polylog(3,-d*f*x^m)/m^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x} dx = -\frac{a \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -dfx^m\right)}{m} - \frac{b \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -dfx^m\right)}{m} + \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -dfx^m\right)}{m^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)])/x,x]`

output $-\left(\frac{a \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(d f x^m)]}{m}\right) - \left(\frac{b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(d f x^m)]}{m}\right) + \left(\frac{b n \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -(d f x^m)]}{m^2}\right)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^m\right)\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

↓ 2821

$$\frac{b n \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -d f x^m)}{x} dx}{m} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -d f x^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{m}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{b n \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -d f x^m)}{m^2} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -d f x^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{m}$$

input $\operatorname{Int}[\left((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n]) \operatorname{Log}[d(d^{-1} + f x^m)]\right)/x, x]$

output $-\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{Log}[c x^n] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(d f x^m)]}{m}\right) + \left(\frac{b n \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -(d f x^m)]}{m^2}\right)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2821

$\operatorname{Int}[(\operatorname{Log}[(d_.) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)})]) * ((a_.) + \operatorname{Log}[(c_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)}) * (b_.)^{(p_.)}) / (x_.), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-d) * f * x^m]) * ((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c * x^n])^p / m), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[b * n * (p / m) \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (-d) * f * x^m] * ((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c * x^n])^{p-1} / x), x], x] /;$ $\operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x\} \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[d * e, 1]$

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 25.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.20

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b \ln(x)^2 n \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + f x^m))}{2} + b \ln(x) \ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + f x^m)) \ln(x^n) + \frac{bn \ln(x)^2 \ln(df x^m + 1)}{2} - \frac{bn \ln(x) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -df x^m)}{m}$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*b*ln(x)^2*n*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))+b*ln(x)*ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))*ln(x^n)+1/2*b
*n*ln(x)^2*ln(d*f*x^m+1)-b*n/m*ln(x)*polylog(2,-d*f*x^m)+b*n*polylog(3,-d*
f*x^m)/m^2+b/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)*n*ln(x)-b/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x^n)-b*ln(
d*f*x^m+1)*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*
b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*
b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)/m*dilog(d*f*x^m+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{bn \operatorname{polylog}(3, -dfx^m) - (bmn \log(x) + bm \log(c) + am) \operatorname{Li}_2(-dfx^m)}{m^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b*n*polylog(3, -d*f*x^m) - (b*m*n*log(x) + b*m*log(c) + a*m)*dilog(-d*f*x
^m))/m^2
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(1/d+f*x**m))/x,x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log(d*f*x^m + 1) - integrate(1/2*(2*b*d*f*m*x^m*log(x)*log(x^n) - (b*d*f*m*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b*d*f*m*log(c) + a*d*f*m)*log(x))*x^m)/(d*f*x*x^m + x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^m + \frac{1}{d})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1)}{x^m df + x} dx \right) am + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) bm + \log(x^m df + 1)^2 a}{2m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log(x**m*d*f + 1)/(x**m*d*f*x + x),x)*a*m + 2*int((log(x**m*d*f + 1)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b*m + log(x**m*d*f + 1)**2*a)/(2*m)`

$$3.74 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

Optimal result	609
Mathematica [N/A]	609
Rubi [N/A]	610
Maple [N/A]	611
Fricas [N/A]	611
Sympy [F(-1)]	611
Maxima [N/A]	612
Giac [N/A]	612
Mupad [N/A]	612
Reduce [N/A]	613

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])),x]`

output `Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

↓ 2826

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Int[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2826 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, p, q}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(log(d*f*x^m + 1)/(b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x), x)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log\left(\left(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log\left(\left(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)\right)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))),x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log(x^m df + 1)}{\log(x^n c) bx + ax} dx$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(x**m*d*f + 1)/(log(x**n*c)*b*x + a*x),x)`

$$3.75 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	614
Mathematica [N/A]	614
Rubi [N/A]	615
Maple [N/A]	616
Fricas [N/A]	616
Sympy [F(-1)]	616
Maxima [N/A]	617
Giac [N/A]	617
Mupad [N/A]	618
Reduce [N/A]	618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m\right)\right)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

output `Integrate[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

↓ 2826

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `Int[Log[d*(d^(-1) + f*x^m)]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])* (b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r,
m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\ln\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(ln(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log\left(\left(f x^m + \frac{1}{d}\right)d\right)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(log(d*f*x^m + 1)/(b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x), x)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d\left(\frac{1}{d} + f x^m\right)\right)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(1/d+f*x**m))/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*f*m*integrate(x^m/((b^2*d*f*n*log(c) + a*b*d*f*n)*x*x^m + (b^2*n*log(c) + a*b*n)*x + (b^2*d*f*n*x*x^m + b^2*n*x)*log(x^n)), x) - log(d*f*x^m + 1)/ (b^2*n*log(c) + b^2*n*log(x^n) + a*b*n)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + \frac{1}{d})d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log((f*x^m + 1/d)*d)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^m + \frac{1}{d}))}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2),x)`

output `int(log(d*(f*x^m + 1/d))/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{\log(d(\frac{1}{d} + fx^m))}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\left(\int \frac{1}{x^m \log(x^n c) b d f x + x^m a d f x + \log(x^n c) b x + a x} dx\right) \log(x^n c) b^2 m n - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m \log(x^n c) b d f x + x^m a d f x + \log(x^n c) b x + a x} dx\right) a b m n}{b^2 n^2 (\log(x^n c) b + a)}$$

input `int(log(d*(1/d+f*x^m))/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `(- int(1/(x**m*log(x**n*c))*b*d*f*x + x**m*a*d*f*x + log(x**n*c)*b*x + a*x),x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*m*n - int(1/(x**m*log(x**n*c))*b*d*f*x + x**m*a*d*f*x + log(x**n*c)*b*x + a*x),x)*a*b*m*n - log(x**m*d*f + 1)*b*n + log(log(x**n*c)*b + a)*log(x**n*c)*b*m + log(log(x**n*c)*b + a)*a*m)/(b**2*n**2*(log(x**n*c)*b + a))`

3.76 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	619
Mathematica [A] (verified)	620
Rubi [A] (verified)	620
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	622
Fricas [F]	623
Sympy [F(-1)]	624
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Giac [F]	625
Mupad [F(-1)]	625
Reduce [F]	625

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 283

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx \\
 &= -\frac{5be^3mnx}{16f^3} + \frac{3be^2mnx^2}{32f^2} - \frac{7bemnx^3}{144f} + \frac{1}{32}bmnx^4 + \frac{e^3mx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^3} \\
 & \quad - \frac{e^2mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8f^2} + \frac{emx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{12f} - \frac{1}{16}mx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & \quad + \frac{be^4mn \log(e + fx)}{16f^4} + \frac{be^4mn \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(e + fx)}{4f^4} \\
 & \quad - \frac{e^4m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx)}{4f^4} - \frac{1}{16}bnx^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{be^4mn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{4f^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-5/16*b*e^3*m*n*x/f^3+3/32*b*e^2*m*n*x^2/f^2-7/144*b*e*m*n*x^3/f+1/32*b*m*
n*x^4+1/4*e^3*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^3-1/8*e^2*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+1/
12*e*m*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-1/16*m*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/16*b*e^4*m*n*ln(
f*x+e)/f^4+1/4*b*e^4*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/f^4-1/4*e^4*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)*ln(f*x+e)/f^4-1/16*b*n*x^4*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*
(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*b*e^4*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x/e)/f^4

```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx =$$

$$\frac{-72ae^3 fmx + 90be^3 fmnx + 36ae^2 f^2 mx^2 - 27be^2 f^2 mnx^2 - 24ae f^3 mx^3 + 14be f^3 mnx^3 + 18a f^4 mx^4}{f^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

```
-1/288*(-72*a*e^3*f*m*x + 90*b*e^3*f*m*n*x + 36*a*e^2*f^2*m*x^2 - 27*b*e^2*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 24*a*e*f^3*m*x^3 + 14*b*e*f^3*m*n*x^3 + 18*a*f^4*m*x^4 - 9*b*f^4*m*n*x^4 + 72*a*e^4*m*Log[e + f*x] - 18*b*e^4*m*n*Log[e + f*x] - 72*b*e^4*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 72*a*f^4*x^4*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 18*b*f^4*n*x^4*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b*Log[c*x^n]*(f*m*x*(-12*e^3 + 6*e^2*f*x - 4*e*f^2*x^2 + 3*f^3*x^3) + 12*e^4*m*Log[e + f*x] - 12*f^4*x^4*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]) + 72*b*e^4*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 72*b*e^4*m*n*PolyLog[2, -(f*x)/e])/f^4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{m \log(e+fx)e^4}{4f^4x} + \frac{me^3}{4f^3} - \frac{mxe^2}{8f^2} + \frac{mx^2e}{12f} - \frac{mx^3}{16} + \frac{1}{4}x^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m) \right) dx + \\
& \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m) - \frac{e^4m \log(e+fx)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{4f^4} + \\
& \frac{e^3mx(a+b \log(cx^n))}{4f^3} - \frac{e^2mx^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{8f^2} + \frac{emx^3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{12f} - \\
& \frac{1}{16}mx^4(a+b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{1}{4}x^4(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m) - \frac{e^4m \log(e+fx)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{4f^4} + \\
& \frac{e^3mx(a+b \log(cx^n))}{4f^3} - \frac{e^2mx^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{8f^2} + \frac{emx^3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{12f} - \\
& \frac{1}{16}mx^4(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(\frac{1}{16}x^4 \log(d(e+fx)^m) - \frac{e^4m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{4f^4} - \frac{e^4m \log(e+fx)}{16f^4} - \frac{e^4m \log\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right) \log(e+fx)}{4f^4} + \frac{5e^3}{16} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]`

output `(e^3*m*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*f^3) - (e^2*m*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*f^2) + (e*m*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(12*f) - (m*x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/16 - (e^4*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x])/(4*f^4) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/4 - b*n*((5*e^3*m*x)/(16*f^3) - (3*e^2*m*x^2)/(32*f^2) + (7*e*m*x^3)/(144*f) - (m*x^4)/32 - (e^4*m*Log[e + f*x])/(16*f^4) - (e^4*m*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[e + f*x])/(4*f^4) + (x^4*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/16 - (e^4*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(4*f^4))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 158.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1248, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1248

input `int(x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/16*x^4*a*m+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1
/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*
d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn
(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*
csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*x^4+1/2*b*
x^4*ln(x^n)-1/8*b*n*x^4)-205/576*b*e^4*m*n/f^4-1/16*x^4*ln(c)*b*m-1/16*m*b
*ln(x^n)*x^4+(1/4*b*x^4*ln(x^n)+1/16*x^4*(2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^
n)^2-2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3
+2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+4*b*ln(c)-n*b+4*a))*ln((f*x+e)^m)+1/4*
m/f^3*e^3*x*a+1/12*m/f*e*x^3*a-1/8*m/f^2*x^2*e^2*a-1/4*m/f^4*e^4*ln(f*x+e)
*a-1/16*I*m/f^2*x^2*e^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-5/16*b*e^3*m*n*x/
f^3+3/32*b*e^2*m*n*x^2/f^2-7/144*b*e*m*n*x^3/f+1/16*b*e^4*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/f^
4-1/24*I*m/f*e*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/16*I*m/f^2*x^2*e^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*c
*x^n)^3-1/8*I*m/f^3*e^3*x*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/8*I*m/f^4*e^4*ln(f*x+e)*b
*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/32*I*m*x^4*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-
1/32*I*m*x^4*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/32*I*m*x^4*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x
^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/4*m/f^4*b*ln(x^n)*e^4*ln(f*x+e)+1/32*I*m*x^4*b*Pi*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^3-1/24*I*m/f*e*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/16*I
*m/f^2*x^2*e^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/8*I*m/f^3*e^3*x*
b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/8*I*m/f^4*e^4*ln(f*x+e)*b*Pi...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^3*log(c*x^n) + a*x^3)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = -\frac{(\log(\frac{fx}{e} + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-\frac{fx}{e}))be^4mn}{4f^4} - \frac{(4ae^4m - (e^4mn - 4e^4m \log(c))b) \log(fx + e)}{16f^4} + \frac{72be^4mn \log(fx + e) \log(x) - 9(2(f^4m - 4f^4 \log(d))a - (f^4mn - 2f^4n \log(d) - 2(f^4m - 4f^4 \log(d))b) \log(x))}{16f^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*e^4*m*n/f^4 - 1/16*(4*a*e^4*m - (e^4*m*n - 4*e^4*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/f^4 + 1/288*(72*b*e^4*m*n*log(f*x + e)*log(x) - 9*(2*(f^4*m - 4*f^4*log(d))*a - (f^4*m*n - 2*f^4*n*log(d) - 2*(f^4*m - 4*f^4*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^4 + 2*(12*a*e*f^3*m - (7*e*f^3*m*n - 12*e*f^3*m*log(c))*b)*x^3 - 9*(4*a*e^2*f^2*m - (3*e^2*f^2*m*n - 4*e^2*f^2*m*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 18*(4*a*e^3*f*m - (5*e^3*f*m*n - 4*e^3*f*m*log(c))*b)*x + 18*(4*b*f^4*x^4*log(x^n) + (4*a*f^4 - (f^4*n - 4*f^4*log(c))*b)*x^4)*log((f*x + e)^m) + 6*(4*b*e*f^3*m*x^3 - 6*b*e^2*f^2*m*x^2 + 12*b*e^3*f*m*x - 12*b*e^4*m*log(f*x + e) - 3*(f^4*m - 4*f^4*log(d))*b*x^4)*log(x^n)/f^4`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^3*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int x^3 \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^3*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{72 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) b e^5 m n + 72 \log((f x + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b f^4 n x^4 - 72 \log((f x + e)^m d) a e^4 n + 72 \log((f x + e)^m d) a e^4 n}{72}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(72*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b*e**5*m*n + 72*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*
log(x**n*c)*b*f**4*n*x**4 - 72*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*e**4*n + 72*log((e +
f*x)**m*d)*a*f**4*n*x**4 + 18*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*e**4*n**2 - 18*log((e
+ f*x)**m*d)*b*f**4*n**2*x**4 - 36*log(x**n*c)**2*b*e**4*m + 72*log(x**n*c
)*b*e**3*f*m*n*x - 36*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f**2*m*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)*b*
e*f**3*m*n*x**3 - 18*log(x**n*c)*b*f**4*m*n*x**4 + 72*a*e**3*f*m*n*x - 36*
a*e**2*f**2*m*n*x**2 + 24*a*e*f**3*m*n*x**3 - 18*a*f**4*m*n*x**4 - 90*b*e*
*3*f*m*n**2*x + 27*b*e**2*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 - 14*b*e*f**3*m*n**2*x**3 + 9*b
*f**4*m*n**2*x**4)/(288*f**4*n)
```

3.77 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	627
Mathematica [A] (verified)	628
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{4be^2mnx}{9f^2} - \frac{5bemnx^2}{36f} + \frac{2}{27}bmnx^3 - \frac{e^2mx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2} + \frac{emx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f}$$

$$- \frac{1}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{be^3mn \log(e + fx)}{9f^3} - \frac{be^3mn \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(e + fx)}{3f^3}$$

$$+ \frac{e^3m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx)}{3f^3} - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{be^3mn \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{3f^3}$$

output

```
4/9*b*e^2*m*n*x/f^2-5/36*b*e*m*n*x^2/f+2/27*b*m*n*x^3-1/3*e^2*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+1/6*e*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-1/9*m*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/9*b*e^3*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/f^3-1/3*b*e^3*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/f^3+1/3*e^3*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x+e)/f^3-1/9*b*n*x^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-1/3*b*e^3*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x/e)/f^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-36ae^2 fmx + 48be^2 fmnx + 18aef^2 mx^2 - 15bef^2 mnx^2 - 12af^3 mx^3 + 8bf^3 mnx^3 + 36ae^3 m \log(e + f$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-36*a*e^2*f*m*x + 48*b*e^2*f*m*n*x + 18*a*e*f^2*m*x^2 - 15*b*e*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 12*a*f^3*m*x^3 + 8*b*f^3*m*n*x^3 + 36*a*e^3*m*Log[e + f*x] - 12*b*e^3*m*n*Log[e + f*x] - 36*b*e^3*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 36*a*f^3*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 12*b*f^3*n*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 6*b*Log[c*x^n]*(f*m*x*(6*e^2 - 3*e*f*x + 2*f^2*x^2) - 6*e^3*m*Log[e + f*x] - 6*f^3*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]) + 36*b*e^3*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 36*b*e^3*m*n*PolyLog[2, -(f*x)/e])/(108*f^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{m \log(e + fx)e^3}{3f^3x} - \frac{me^2}{3f^2} + \frac{mxe}{6f} - \frac{mx^2}{9} + \frac{1}{3}x^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{e^3m \log(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3} -$$

$$\frac{e^2mx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2} + \frac{emx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f} - \frac{1}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{e^3 m \log(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3} - \\
 & \frac{e^2 m x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2} + \frac{e m x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f} - \frac{1}{9} m x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
 & bn \left(\frac{1}{9} x^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{e^3 m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{3f^3} + \frac{e^3 m \log(e + fx)}{9f^3} + \frac{e^3 m \log\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right) \log(e + fx)}{3f^3} - \frac{4e^2 m}{9f^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]`

output `-1/3*(e^2*m*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/f^2 + (e*m*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*f) - (m*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 + (e^3*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x])/(3*f^3) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/3 - b*n*((-4*e^2*m*x)/(9*f^2) + (5*e*m*x^2)/(36*f) - (2*m*x^3)/27 + (e^3*m*Log[e + f*x])/(9*f^3) + (e^3*m*Log[-(f*x)/e])*Log[e + f*x])/(3*f^3) + (x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/9 + (e^3*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(3*f^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 72.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1067, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.39

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1067

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/9*x^3*ln(c)*b*m+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d)*(1/3*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*x^3+2/3*b*x^3*ln(x^n)-2/9*b*n*x^3)-1/9*m*b*ln(x^n)*x^3+1/3*m/f^3*e^3*ln(f*x+e)*a+(1/3*b*x^3*ln(x^n)+1/18*x^3*(3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+6*b*ln(c)-2*n*b+6*a))*ln((f*x+e)^m)+1/6*m/f*e*x^2*a+1/3*m/f^3*e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*ln(c)-1/3*m/f^2*x*e^2*a+1/6*I*m/f^3*e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/12*I*m/f*x^2*e*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/12*I*m/f*x^2*e*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/6*I*m/f^2*x*e^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/6*I*m/f^2*x*e^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/6*I*m/f^3*e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/3*m/f^3*b*ln(x^n)*e^3*ln(f*x+e)+1/18*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+4/9*b*e^2*m*n*x/f^2-5/36*b*e*m*n*x^2/f-1/9*b*e^3*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/f^3-1/3*n*b/f^3*e^3*m*dilog(-f*x/e)-1/18*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/18*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/12*I*m/f*x^2*e*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/6*I*m/f^2*x*e^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/6*I*m/f^3*e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/1...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a*x^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \frac{(\log(\frac{fx}{e} + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-\frac{fx}{e}))be^3mn}{3f^3} + \frac{(3ae^3m - (e^3mn - 3e^3m \log(c))b) \log(fx + e)}{9f^3} - \frac{36be^3mn \log(fx + e) \log(x) + 4(3(f^3m - 3f^3 \log(d))a - (2f^3mn - 3f^3n \log(d) - 3(f^3m - 3f^3n \log(d))))}{9f^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*e^3*m*n/f^3 + 1/9*(3*a*e^3*m
- (e^3*m*n - 3*e^3*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/f^3 - 1/108*(36*b*e^3*m*n*lo
g(f*x + e)*log(x) + 4*(3*(f^3*m - 3*f^3*log(d))*a - (2*f^3*m*n - 3*f^3*n*l
og(d) - 3*(f^3*m - 3*f^3*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^3 - 3*(6*a*e*f^2*m - (5*e*f^
2*m*n - 6*e*f^2*m*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 12*(3*a*e^2*f*m - (4*e^2*f*m*n - 3*e^2*
f*m*log(c))*b)*x - 12*(3*b*f^3*x^3*log(x^n) + (3*a*f^3 - (f^3*n - 3*f^3*lo
g(c))*b)*x^3)*log((f*x + e)^m) - 6*(3*b*e*f^2*m*x^2 - 6*b*e^2*f*m*x + 6*b*
e^3*m*log(f*x + e) - 2*(f^3*m - 3*f^3*log(d))*b*x^3)*log(x^n))/f^3
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int x^2 \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```


3.78 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	635
Rubi [A] (verified)	635
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	636
Fricas [F]	637
Sympy [F(-1)]	638
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	638
Giac [F]	639
Mupad [F(-1)]	639
Reduce [F]	639

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = -\frac{3bemnx}{4f} + \frac{1}{4}bmnx^2 + \frac{emx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f} - \frac{1}{4}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{be^2mn \log(e + fx)}{4f^2} + \frac{be^2mn \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(e + fx)}{2f^2} - \frac{e^2m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx)}{2f^2} - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{be^2mn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2}$$

output

```
-3/4*b*e*m*n*x/f+1/4*b*m*n*x^2+1/2*e*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-1/4*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/4*b*e^2*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/f^2+1/2*b*e^2*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/f^2-1/2*e^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x+e)/f^2-1/4*b*n*x^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/2*b*e^2*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x/e)/f^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{2aefmx - 3befmnx - af^2mx^2 + bf^2mnx^2 - 2ae^2m \log(e + fx) + be^2mn \log(e + fx) + 2be^2mn \log(x)}{4f^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

```
(2*a*e*f*m*x - 3*b*e*f*m*n*x - a*f^2*m*x^2 + b*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 2*a*e^2*m*Log[e + f*x] + b*e^2*m*n*Log[e + f*x] + 2*b*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 2*a*f^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - b*f^2*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b*Log[c*x^n]*(-2*e^2*m*Log[e + f*x] + f*x*(2*e*m - f*m*x + 2*f*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])) - 2*b*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 2*b*e^2*m*n*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/(4*f^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{m \log(e + fx)e^2}{2f^2x} + \frac{me}{2f} - \frac{mx}{4} + \frac{1}{2}x \log(d(e + fx)^m) \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{e^2m \log(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^2} +$$

$$\frac{emx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f} - \frac{1}{4}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{e^2 m \log(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^2} + \frac{emx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f} - \frac{1}{4}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \left(\frac{1}{4}x^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{e^2 m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{2f^2} - \frac{e^2 m \log(e + fx)}{4f^2} - \frac{e^2 m \log\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right) \log(e + fx)}{2f^2} + \frac{3em}{4f} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]`

output `(e*m*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*f) - (m*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 - (e^2*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x])/(2*f^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/2 - b*n*((3*e*m*x)/(4*f) - (m*x^2)/4 - (e^2*m*Log[e + f*x])/(4*f^2) - (e^2*m*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[e + f*x])/(2*f^2) + (x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/4 - (e^2*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(2*f^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 28.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 885, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	885

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*m*a*e^2/f^2*ln(f*x+e)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d
*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+
e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(1/2
*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn
(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*
a)*x^2+b*x^2*ln(x^n)-1/2*b*n*x^2)+(1/2*b*x^2*ln(x^n)+1/4*x^2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(
I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)-n*b+2*a))*ln((f*
x+e)^m)+1/2*m/f*b*ln(x^n)*e*x-5/8*m/f^2*b*n*e^2-1/4*I*m/f*e*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*
x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/4*I*m/f^2*e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*m/f^2*b*ln(x^n)*e^2*ln(f*x+e)-1/2*m/f^2*e^2*ln(f
*x+e)*b*ln(c)+1/8*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*n*b/f^2*e^2*m*dilog(-f*
x/e)+1/2*m/f*e*x*a-1/4*m*b*ln(x^n)*x^2-1/8*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^2-1/8*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-3/4*b*e*m*n*x/f+1/4*b
*e^2*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/f^2+1/4*I*m/f^2*e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/4*
I*m/f*e*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/8*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-1/4*x^2*ln(c)*b*m+1/4*b*m*n*x^2+1/4*I*m/f*e*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)
^2*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m/f^2*e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/
4*I*m/f^2*e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/4*I*m/f*e*x*Pi*b*
csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/2*m/f*e*x*b*ln(c)-1/4*x^2*a*m+1/2*b*e^2*m...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = -\frac{(\log(\frac{fx}{e} + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-\frac{fx}{e}))be^2mn}{2f^2} - \frac{(2ae^2m - (e^2mn - 2e^2m \log(c))b) \log(fx + e)}{4f^2} + \frac{2be^2mn \log(fx + e) \log(x) - ((f^2m - 2f^2 \log(d))a - (f^2mn - f^2n \log(d) - (f^2m - 2f^2 \log(d)) \log(x)))}{4f^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*e^2*m*n/f^2 - 1/4*(2*a*e^2*m - (e^2*m*n - 2*e^2*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/f^2 + 1/4*(2*b*e^2*m*n*log(f*x + e)*log(x) - ((f^2*m - 2*f^2*log(d))*a - (f^2*m*n - f^2*n*log(d) - (f^2*m - 2*f^2*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^2 + (2*a*e*f*m - (3*e*f*m*n - 2*e*f*m*log(c))*b)*x + (2*b*f^2*x^2*log(x^n) + (2*a*f^2 - (f^2*n - 2*f^2*log(c))*b)*x^2)*log((f*x + e)^m) + (2*b*e*f*m*x - 2*b*e^2*m*log(f*x + e) - (f^2*m - 2*f^2*log(d))*b*x^2)*log(x^n))/f^2`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int x \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) b e^3 m n + 2 \log((f x + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b f^2 n x^2 - 2 \log((f x + e)^m d) a e^2 n + 2 \log((f x + e)^m d) a e^2 n}{1}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b*e**3*m*n + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*lo
g(x**n*c)*b*f**2*n*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*e**2*n + 2*log((e + f*x)
**m*d)*a*f**2*n*x**2 + log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*e**2*n**2 - log((e + f*x)**m*
d)*b*f**2*n**2*x**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*b*e**2*m + 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f*m*n*x
- log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*m*n*x**2 + 2*a*e*f*m*n*x - a*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 3*b*e*f*
m*n**2*x + b*f**2*m*n**2*x**2)/(4*f**2*n)
```

3.79 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	641
Mathematica [A] (verified)	642
Rubi [A] (verified)	642
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	643
Fricas [F]	644
Sympy [F(-1)]	644
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	645
Giac [F]	645
Mupad [F(-1)]	646
Reduce [F]	646

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = 2bmnx - mx(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{bn(e + fx) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - \frac{ben \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} + \frac{(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - \frac{bemn \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{f}$$

output

```
2*b*m*n*x-m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-b*n*(f*x+e)*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/f-b*e*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/f+(f*x+e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/f-b*e*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x/e)/f
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-afmx + 2bfmnx - bemn \log(e + fx) - bemn \log(x) \log(e + fx) + ae \log(d(e + fx)^m) + afx \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]
```

output

```
(-(a*f*m*x) + 2*b*f*m*n*x - b*e*m*n*Log[e + f*x] - b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + a*e*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + a*f*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - b*f*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b*Log[c*x^n]*(e*m*Log[e + f*x] + f*x*(-m + Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])) + b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + b*e*m*n*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2817}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{(e + fx) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{fx} - m \right) dx + \frac{(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - mx(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(e + fx)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - mx(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \left(\frac{(e + fx) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} + \frac{e \log\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} + \frac{em \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{f} - 2mx \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]`

output `-(m*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) + ((e + f*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/f - b*n*(-2*m*x + ((e + f*x)*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/f + (e*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/f + (e*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/f)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 686, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

method	result
risch	$\left(bx \ln(x^n) + \frac{x \left(ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2 - ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic) - ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^3 + ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(ic) \right)}{2} \right)$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(b*x*ln(x^n)+1/2*x*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*
csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn
(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)-2*n*b+2*a))*ln((f*x+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x
+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*
Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+
1/2*ln(d))*(I*Pi*b*x*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+I*Pi*b*x*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*
csgn(I*c)+2*a*x+2*ln(c)*b*x+2*b*x*ln(x^n)-2*b*n*x-I*Pi*b*x*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3
-I*Pi*b*x*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c))+1/2*I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*
csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/2*I*m/f
*e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csg
n(I*c*x^n)^3-x*ln(c)*b*m+2*b*m*n*x-a*m*x-1/2*I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1
/2*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/2*I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(
I*c*x^n)^3+m/f*e*ln(f*x+e)*b*ln(c)-m/f*b*n*e*ln(f*x+e)+a*m/f*e*ln(f*x+e)-m
*b*ln(x^n)*x+m/f*b*ln(x^n)*e*ln(f*x+e)+m/f*b*n*e-m/f*b*n*e*ln(f*x+e)*ln(-f
*x/e)-m/f*b*n*e*dilog(-f*x/e)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\log(\frac{fx}{e} + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-\frac{fx}{e})) b e m n}{f} + \frac{(a e m - (e m n - e m \log(c)) b) \log(fx + e)}{f}$$

$$- \frac{b e m n \log(fx + e) \log(x) + ((f m - f \log(d)) a - (2 f m n - f n \log(d) - (f m - f \log(d)) \log(c)) b) x}{f}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*e*m*n/f + (a*e*m - (e*m*n - e*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/f - (b*e*m*n*log(f*x + e)*log(x) + ((f*m - f*log(d))*a - (2*f*m*n - f*n*log(d) - (f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x - (b*f*x*log(x^n) - ((f*n - f*log(c))*b - a*f)*x)*log((f*x + e)^m) - (b*e*m*log(f*x + e) - (f*m - f*log(d))*b*x)*log(x^n))/f`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) b e^2 m n + 2 \log((f x + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b f n x + 2 \log((f x + e)^m d) a e n + 2 \log((f x + e)^m d) a e n}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output `(- 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b*e**2*m*n + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d) *log(x**n*c)*b*f*n*x + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*e*n + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d) *a*f*n*x - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*e*n**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*f*n**2 *x + log(x**n*c)**2*b*e*m - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*f*m*n*x - 2*a*f*m*n*x + 4*b*f*m*n**2*x)/(2*f*n)`

3.80 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	647
Mathematica [A] (verified)	648
Rubi [A] (verified)	648
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	650
Fricas [F]	651
Sympy [F(-1)]	652
Maxima [F]	652
Giac [F]	652
Mupad [F(-1)]	653
Reduce [F]	653

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2bn} - \frac{m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{2bn} - m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) + bmn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/b/n-1/2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x/e)/b/n-m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x/e)+b*m*n*polylog(3,-f*x/e)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}bn \log^2(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\ + a \log\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\ + b \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\ + \frac{1}{2}bmn \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\ - bm \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\ - bm \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) \\ + am \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\ + bmn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]) + a*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + (b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/2 - b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - b*m*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] + a*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e] + b*m*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {2822, 2754, 2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2bn} - \frac{fm \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{e+fx} dx}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2754} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) dx}{f^x} \right)}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{2bn \left(bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{x} dx - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{f} \right)}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{2bn \left(bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{f} \right)}{2bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]/(2*b*n) - (f*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f - (2*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]) + b*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]))/f)/(2*b*n)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2754 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + \text{Log}[(c_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}]* (b_.)]^{(p_.)}/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[1 + e*(x/d)]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{p/e}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/e) \text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + e*(x/d)]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 2821 $\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)})]* (a_.) + \text{Log}[(c_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}]* (b_.)]^{(p_.)})/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{p/m}, x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/m) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m]* (a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]$

rule 2822 $\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)})]^{(r_.)})* (a_.) + \text{Log}[(c_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}]* (b_.)]^{(p_.)})/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]* (a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p+1)/(b*n*(p+1))}, x] - \text{Simp}[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m-1)}*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p+1)/(e + f*x^m)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e, 1]$

rule 7143 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_., (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)})]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 9.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 793, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.93

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	793

input $\text{int}((a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
(b*ln(x)*ln(x^n)-1/2*n*b*ln(x)^2+1/2*I*Pi*ln(x)*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)
)^2-1/2*I*Pi*ln(x)*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*ln(x)*b*
csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*ln(x)*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+ln(c)*b*ln(x)+l
n(x)*a)*ln((f*x+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x
+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)
*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(I*Pi*ln(
x)*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+I*Pi*ln(x)*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*
ln(x)*a+2*ln(c)*b*ln(x)+b/n*ln(x^n)^2-I*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-I*ln(x)
*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c))+1/2*I*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*c
sgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c
)+1/2*I*m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/2
*I*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*
b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/2*I*m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^
n)^2-1/2*I*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+m*ln(x)^2*l
n((f*x+e)/e)*n*b-1/2*m*n*b*ln(x)^2*ln(1+f*x/e)-m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*b*ln(
x^n)-m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*b*ln(c)+m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*n*b*ln(x)-m*n*b*ln(x)
)*polylog(2,-f*x/e)-m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*b*ln(x^n)-m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*a-m
*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*b*ln(c)+b*m*n*polylog(3,-f*x/e)-m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*a
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x, x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log((f*x + e)^m) - integrate(-1/2*(b*f*m*n*x*log(x)^2 + 2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*e*log(d) - 2*(b*f*m*log(c) + a*f*m)*x*log(x) + 2*(b*f*log(c)*log(d) + a*f*log(d))*x - 2*(b*f*m*x*log(x) - b*f*x*log(d) - b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^2 + e*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d)}{f x^2 + ex} dx \right) aem + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) bm + \log((fx + e)^m d)^2 a}{2m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((e + f*x)**m*d)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*e*m + 2*int((log((e + f*x)*
*m*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b*m + log((e + f*x)**m*d)**2*a)/(2*m)`

3.81 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	654
Mathematica [A] (verified)	655
Rubi [A] (verified)	655
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	656
Fricas [F]	657
Sympy [F(-1)]	657
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	658
Giac [F]	658
Mupad [F(-1)]	659
Reduce [F]	659

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{bfmn \log(x)}{e} - \frac{bfmn \log^2(x)}{2e} + \frac{fm \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e}$$

$$- \frac{bfmn \log(e + fx)}{e} + \frac{bfmn \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(e + fx)}{e}$$

$$- \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx)}{e} - \frac{bn \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} + \frac{bfmn \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{e}$$

output

```
b*f*m*n*ln(x)/e-1/2*b*f*m*n*ln(x)^2/e+f*m*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-b*f*m*n*
ln(f*x+e)/e+b*f*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/e-f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x+e)/e
-b*n*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x+b*f*m*n*polylog(2
,1+f*x/e)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \frac{bfmnx \log^2(x) + 2(a + bn + b \log(cx^n)) (fmx \log(e + fx) + e \log(d(e + fx)^m)) - 2fmx \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2ex}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*f*m*n*x*Log[x]^2 + 2*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*(f*m*x*Log[e + f*x] + e*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]) - 2*f*m*x*Log[x]*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n] + b*n*Log[e + f*x] - b*n*Log[1 + (f*x)/e]) + 2*b*f*m*n*x*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]/(e*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{fm \log(x)}{ex} - \frac{fm \log(e + fx)}{ex} - \frac{\log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} \right) dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} + \frac{fm \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - \frac{fm \log(e + fx) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} + \frac{fm \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{fm \log(e + fx) (a + b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{e}{e}$$

$$bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{fm \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{e} + \frac{fm \log^2(x)}{2e} - \frac{fm \log(x)}{e} + \frac{fm \log(e + fx)}{e} - \frac{fm \log\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{e} \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2,x]`

output `(f*m*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e - (f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x])/e - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - b*n*(-((f*m*Log[x])/e) + (f*m*Log[x]^2)/(2*e) + (f*m*Log[e + f*x])/e - (f*m*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[e + f*x])/e + Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]/x - (f*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 11.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 737, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

method	result
risch	$\left(-\frac{b \ln(x^n)}{x} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2 - ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic) - ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^3 + ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(ic) + 2b \ln(x^n)}{2x} \right)$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-b/x*ln(x^n)-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*n*b+2*a)/x)*ln((f*x+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x-2*b/x*ln(x^n)-2*b*n/x)+1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-m*f/e*ln(f*x+e)*b*ln(c)-b*f*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/e-m*f/e*ln(f*x+e)*a-1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/2*I*m*f/e*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+m*f/e*ln(x)*b*ln(c)+b*f*m*n*ln(x)/e+m*f/e*ln(x)*a-m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e*ln(f*x+e)+m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e*ln(x)-1/2*b*f*m*n*ln(x)^2/e+b*f*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/e+m*f*b*n/e*dilog(-f*x/e)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**2,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(\log(\frac{fx}{e} + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-\frac{fx}{e})) b f m n}{e} - \frac{(a f m + (f m n + f m \log(c)) b) \log(fx + e)}{e} + \frac{2 b f m n x \log(fx + e) \log(x) - b f m n x \log(x)^2 - 2 a e \log(d) + 2 (a f m + (f m n + f m \log(c)) b) x \log(x)}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*f*m*n/e - (a*f*m + (f*m*n + f*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/e + 1/2*(2*b*f*m*n*x*log(f*x + e)*log(x) - b*f*m*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2*a*e*log(d) + 2*(a*f*m + (f*m*n + f*m*log(c))*b)*x*log(x) - 2*(e*n*log(d) + e*log(c)*log(d))*b - 2*(b*e*log(x^n) + (e*n + e*log(c))*b + a*e)*log((f*x + e)^m) - 2*(b*f*m*x*log(f*x + e) - b*f*m*x*log(x) + b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(e*x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

3.82 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	660
Mathematica [A] (verified)	661
Rubi [A] (verified)	661
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	662
Fricas [F]	663
Sympy [F(-1)]	664
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	664
Giac [F]	665
Mupad [F(-1)]	665
Reduce [F]	665

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3bfmn}{4ex} - \frac{bf^2mn \log(x)}{4e^2} + \frac{bf^2mn \log^2(x)}{4e^2} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2ex}$$

$$- \frac{f^2m \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{bf^2mn \log(e + fx)}{4e^2} - \frac{bf^2mn \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(e + fx)}{2e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{f^2m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx)}{2e^2} - \frac{bn \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4x^2}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{bf^2mn \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{2e^2}$$

output

```
-3/4*b*f*m*n/e/x-1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)^2/e^2-1/2*f*m
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x-1/2*f^2*m*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(
f*x+e)/e^2-1/2*b*f^2*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/e^2+1/2*f^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)*ln(f*x+e)/e^2-1/4*b*n*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+
e)^m)/x^2-1/2*b*f^2*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x/e)/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2aefmx + 3befmnx - bf^2mnx^2 \log^2(x) + 2befmx \log(cx^n) - 2af^2mx^2 \log(e + fx) - bf^2mnx^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{e^2 x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*a*e*f*m*x + 3*b*e*f*m*n*x - b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 2*b*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] - 2*a*f^2*m*x^2*Log[e + f*x] - b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[e + f*x] - 2*b*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 2*a*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b*e^2*n*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 2*b*e^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + f^2*m*x^2*Log[x]*(2*a + b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*n*Log[e + f*x] - 2*b*n*Log[1 + (f*x)/e]) - 2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*PolyLog[2, -(f*x)/e])/(e^2*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{m \log(x) f^2}{2e^2 x} + \frac{m \log(e + fx) f^2}{2e^2 x} - \frac{mf}{2ex^2} - \frac{\log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2x^3} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{f^2 m \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} +$$

$$\frac{f^2 m \log(e + fx) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2ex}$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{f^2 m \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \\
& \frac{f^2 m \log(e + fx) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2ex} \\
bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4x^2} + \frac{f^2 m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{2e^2} - \frac{f^2 m \log^2(x)}{4e^2} + \frac{f^2 m \log(x)}{4e^2} - \frac{f^2 m \log(e + fx)}{4e^2} + \frac{f^2 m \log}{4e^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x) - (f^2*m*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^2) + (f^2*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x])/(2*e^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(2*x^2) - b*n*((3*f*m)/(4*e*x) + (f^2*m*Log[x])/(4*e^2) - (f^2*m*Log[x]^2)/(4*e^2) - (f^2*m*Log[e + f*x])/(4*e^2) + (f^2*m*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[e + f*x])/(2*e^2) + Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]/(4*x^2) + (f^2*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(2*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 945, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	945

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*Pi*b
*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+(-1/2*b/x^2*ln(x^n)-1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)
^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*
b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+n*b+2*a)/x^2)*ln((f*x+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*
Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn
(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*P
i*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)
^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*
b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x^2-b/x^2*ln(x^n)-1/2*b*n/x^2)+
1/2*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x+e)*a-1/2*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*a+1/4*I*m*f/e/x*Pi*b*csgn(I*
c*x^n)^3+1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/
4*I*m*f/e/x*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*
x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/2*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x+e)*b*ln
(c)-1/2*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*b*ln(c)+1/2*m*f^2*b*ln(x^n)/e^2*ln(f*x+e)-1/2*m*f*
b*ln(x^n)/e/x-3/4*b*f*m*n/e/x-1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)^
2/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/e^2-1/2*m*f/e/x*a-1/2*m*f/e/x*b*ln(c)-1/2*m*
f^2*b*ln(x^n)/e^2*ln(x)-1/2*m*f^2*b*n/e^2*dilog(-f*x/e)-1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln
(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m*f/e/x*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn
(I*c)+1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/4*I*m*f
^2/e^2*ln(f*x+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*P...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \frac{(\log(\frac{fx}{e} + 1) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2(-\frac{fx}{e}))bf^2mn}{2e^2} + \frac{(2af^2m + (f^2mn + 2f^2m \log(c))b) \log(fx + e)}{4e^2} - \frac{2bf^2mnx^2 \log(fx + e) \log(x) - bf^2mnx^2 \log(x)^2 + 2ae^2 \log(d) + (2af^2m + (f^2mn + 2f^2m \log(c)))}{e^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*f^2*m*n/e^2 + 1/4*(2*a*f^2*m + (f^2*m*n + 2*f^2*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/e^2 - 1/4*(2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*log(f*x + e)*log(x) - b*f^2*m*n*x^2*log(x)^2 + 2*a*e^2*log(d) + (2*a*f^2*m + (f^2*m*n + 2*f^2*m*log(c))*b)*x^2*log(x) + (e^2*n*log(d) + 2*e^2*log(c))*log(d)*b + (2*a*e*f*m + (3*e*f*m*n + 2*e*f*m*log(c))*b)*x + (2*b*e^2*log(x^n) + 2*a*e^2 + (e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*b)*log((f*x + e)^m) - 2*(b*f^2*m*x^2*log(f*x + e) - b*f^2*m*x^2*log(x) - b*e*f*m*x - b*e^2*log(d))*log(x^n)/(e^2*x^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^4 + e x^3} dx \right) b e^3 m x^2 - 4 \log((fx + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b e^2 - 4 \log((fx + e)^m d) a e^2 + 4 \log((fx + e)^m d) a e$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*b*e**3*m*x**2 - 4*log((e + f*x)
**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2 - 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*e**2 + 4*log((e + f*x)
**m*d)*a*f**2*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*e**2*n + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d
)*b*f**2*n*x**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*m - 4*log(x)*a*f**2*m*x**2 - 2*log(
x)*b*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 4*a*e*f*m*x - b*e**2*m*n - 2*b*e*f*m*n*x)/(8*e**2*x**
2)
```

3.83 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	668
Rubi [A] (verified)	668
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	670
Fricas [F]	671
Sympy [F(-1)]	671
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	671
Giac [F]	672
Mupad [F(-1)]	672
Reduce [F]	673

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5bfmn}{36ex^2} + \frac{4bf^2mn}{9e^2x} + \frac{bf^3mn \log(x)}{9e^3} - \frac{bf^3mn \log^2(x)}{6e^3}$$

$$- \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6ex^2} + \frac{f^2m(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2x} + \frac{f^3m \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{bf^3mn \log(e + fx)}{9e^3} + \frac{bf^3mn \log(-\frac{fx}{e}) \log(e + fx)}{3e^3}$$

$$- \frac{f^3m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx)}{3e^3} - \frac{bn \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{9x^3}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3x^3} + \frac{bf^3mn \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{3e^3}$$

output

```
-5/36*b*f*m*n/e/x^2+4/9*b*f^2*m*n/e^2/x+1/9*b*f^3*m*n*ln(x)/e^3-1/6*b*f^3*
m*n*ln(x)^2/e^3-1/6*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^2+1/3*f^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^
2/x+1/3*f^3*m*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3-1/9*b*f^3*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/e^3+1/3*b*
f^3*m*n*ln(-f*x/e)*ln(f*x+e)/e^3-1/3*f^3*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x+e)/e^3-1
/9*b*n*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3+1/3*b*f
^3*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x/e)/e^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{6ae^2 fmx + 5be^2 fmnx - 12ae^2 f^2 mx^2 - 16bef^2 mnx^2 + 6bf^3 mnx^3 \log^2(x) + 6be^2 fmx \log(cx^n) - 12b$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/36*(6*a*e^2*f*m*x + 5*b*e^2*f*m*n*x - 12*a*e*f^2*m*x^2 - 16*b*e*f^2*m*n*x^2 + 6*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x]^2 + 6*b*e^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b*e*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*f^3*m*x^3*Log[e + f*x] + 4*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[e + f*x] + 12*b*f^3*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a*e^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 4*b*e^3*n*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 12*b*e^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 4*f^3*m*x^3*Log[x]*(3*a + b*n + 3*b*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b*n*Log[e + f*x] - 3*b*n*Log[1 + (f*x)/e]) + 12*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]/(e^3*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{m \log(x) f^3}{3e^3 x} - \frac{m \log(e + fx) f^3}{3e^3 x} + \frac{mf^2}{3e^2 x^2} - \frac{mf}{6ex^3} - \frac{\log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3x^4} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3x^3} + \frac{f^3 m \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} -$$

$$\frac{f^3 m \log(e + fx) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{f^2 m (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2 x} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6ex^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3x^3} + \frac{f^3 m \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \\
 & \frac{f^3 m \log(e + fx) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{f^2 m (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2 x} - \frac{f m (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e x^2} - \\
 & b n \left(\frac{\log(d(e + fx)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{f^3 m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)}{3e^3} + \frac{f^3 m \log^2(x)}{6e^3} - \frac{f^3 m \log(x)}{9e^3} + \frac{f^3 m \log(e + fx)}{9e^3} - \frac{f^3 m \log}{9e^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*(f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x^2) + (f^2*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^2*x) + (f^3*m*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^3) - (f^3*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x])/(3*e^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(3*x^3) - b*n*((5*f*m)/(36*e*x^2) - (4*f^2*m)/(9*e^2*x) - (f^3*m*Log[x])/(9*e^3) + (f^3*m*Log[x]^2)/(6*e^3) + (f^3*m*Log[e + f*x])/(9*e^3) - (f^3*m*Log[-((f*x)/e)]*Log[e + f*x])/(3*e^3) + Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]/(9*x^3) - (f^3*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x)/e])/(3*e^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 30.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1127, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1127

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-1/3*b/x^3*ln(x^n)-1/18*(3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+6*b*ln(c)+2*n*b+6*a)/x^3)*ln((f*x+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-1/3*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x^3-2/3*b/x^3*ln(x^n)-2/9*b/x^3*n)-1/3*m*f^3/e^3*ln(f*x+e)*a+1/3*m*f^3/e^3*ln(x)*a-1/3*m*f^3*b*ln(x^n)/e^3*ln(f*x+e)+1/3*m*f^3*b*ln(x^n)/e^3*ln(x)+1/3*m*f^3*b*n/e^3*dilog(-f*x/e)-1/3*m*f^3/e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*ln(c)+1/3*m*f^3/e^3*ln(x)*b*ln(c)+1/3*m*f^2/e^2/x*a-1/6*m*f/e/x^2*a-5/36*b*f*m*n/e/x^2+4/9*b*f^2*m*n/e^2/x+1/9*b*f^3*m*n*ln(x)/e^3-1/6*b*f^3*m*n*ln(x)^2/e^3-1/9*b*f^3*m*n*ln(f*x+e)/e^3+1/3*m*f^2/e^2/x*b*ln(c)-1/6*m*f/e/x^2*b*ln(c)+1/3*m*f^2*b*ln(x^n)/e^2/x-1/6*m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e/x^2+1/12*I*m*f/e/x^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/6*I*m*f^3/e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/6*I*m*f^3/e^3*ln(x)*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/6*I*m*f^2/e^2/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/12*I*m*f/e/x^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/6*I*m*f^3/e^3*ln(f*x+e)*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/6*I*m*f^3/e^3*ln(x)*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/6*I*m*f^2/e^2/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/6*I*m*f^3/e^3*ln(x)*...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) \log(x) + \text{Li}_2\left(-\frac{fx}{e}\right))bf^3mn}{3e^3} - \frac{(3af^3m + (f^3mn + 3f^3m \log(c))b) \log(fx + e)}{9e^3} + \frac{12bf^3mnx^3 \log(fx + e) \log(x) - 6bf^3mnx^3 \log(x)^2 - 12ae^3 \log(d) + 4(3af^3m + (f^3mn + 3f^3m \log(c))b) \log(fx + e)}{9e^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/3*(log(f*x/e + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-f*x/e))*b*f^3*m*n/e^3 - 1/9*(3*a*f^3*
m + (f^3*m*n + 3*f^3*m*log(c))*b)*log(f*x + e)/e^3 + 1/36*(12*b*f^3*m*n*x^
3*log(f*x + e)*log(x) - 6*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*log(x)^2 - 12*a*e^3*log(d) + 4*(3*
a*f^3*m + (f^3*m*n + 3*f^3*m*log(c))*b)*x^3*log(x) + 4*(3*a*e*f^2*m + (4*e
*f^2*m*n + 3*e*f^2*m*log(c))*b)*x^2 - 4*(e^3*n*log(d) + 3*e^3*log(c)*log(d
))*b - (6*a*e^2*f*m + (5*e^2*f*m*n + 6*e^2*f*m*log(c))*b)*x - 4*(3*b*e^3*l
og(x^n) + 3*a*e^3 + (e^3*n + 3*e^3*log(c))*b)*log((f*x + e)^m) - 6*(2*b*f^
3*m*x^3*log(f*x + e) - 2*b*f^3*m*x^3*log(x) - 2*b*e*f^2*m*x^2 + b*e^2*f*m*
x + 2*b*e^3*log(d))*log(x^n))/(e^3*x^3)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -18 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^5 + e x^4} dx \right) b e^4 m x^3 - 18 \log((fx + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b e^3 - 18 \log((fx + e)^m d) a e^3 - 18 \log((fx$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 18*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**5),x)*b*e**4*m*x**3 - 18*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3 - 18*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*e**3 - 18*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*f**3*x**3 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*e**3*n - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b*f**3*n*x**3 - 6*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*m + 18*log(x)*a*f**3*m*x**3 + 6*log(x)*b*f**3*m*n*x**3 - 9*a*e**2*f*m*x + 18*a*e*f**2*m*x**2 - 2*b*e**3*m*n - 3*b*e**2*f*m*n*x + 6*b*e*f**2*m*n*x**2)/(54*e**3*x**3)`

3.84 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	674
Mathematica [A] (verified)	675
Rubi [A] (verified)	676
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	678
Fricas [F]	678
Sympy [F(-1)]	678
Maxima [F]	679
Giac [F]	679
Mupad [F(-1)]	680
Reduce [F]	680

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 452

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx \\
 &= \frac{8abe^2mnx}{9f^2} - \frac{26b^2e^2mn^2x}{27f^2} + \frac{19b^2emn^2x^2}{108f} - \frac{2}{27}b^2mn^2x^3 + \frac{8b^2e^2mnx \log(cx^n)}{9f^2} \\
 & - \frac{5bemnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{18f} + \frac{4}{27}bmnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e^2mx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^2} \\
 & + \frac{emx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6f} - \frac{1}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{2b^2e^3mn^2 \log(e + fx)}{27f^3} \\
 & + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{2be^3mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{9f^3} \\
 & + \frac{e^3m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{3f^3} - \frac{2b^2e^3mn^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{9f^3} \\
 & + \frac{2be^3mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{3f^3} - \frac{2b^2e^3mn^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{3f^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
8/9*a*b*e^2*m*n*x/f^2-26/27*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*x/f^2+19/108*b^2*e*m*n^2*x^2/f-2
/27*b^2*m*n^2*x^3+8/9*b^2*e^2*m*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/f^2-5/18*b*e*m*n*x^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))/f+4/27*b*m*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/3*e^2*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^
2+1/6*e*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f-1/9*m*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2/27*b^2*e^3
*m*n^2*ln(f*x+e)/f^3+2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-2/9*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-2/9*b*e^
3*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1+f*x/e)/f^3+1/3*e^3*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x
/e)/f^3-2/9*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f^3+2/3*b*e^3*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f^3-2/3*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x/e)/f^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 788, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-36a^2e^2fmx + 96abe^2fmnx - 104b^2e^2fmn^2x + 18a^2ef^2mx^2 - 30abef^2mnx^2 + 19b^2ef^2mn^2x^2 - 12a^2e^2f^2m^2x^3 + 24abef^2m^2nx^3 - 12b^2ef^2m^2n^2x^3}{3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```


output

```
(-36*a^2*e^2*f*m*x + 96*a*b*e^2*f*m*n*x - 104*b^2*e^2*f*m*n^2*x + 18*a^2*e
*f^2*m*x^2 - 30*a*b*e*f^2*m*n*x^2 + 19*b^2*e*f^2*m*n^2*x^2 - 12*a^2*f^3*m*
x^3 + 16*a*b*f^3*m*n*x^3 - 8*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3 - 72*a*b*e^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^
n] + 96*b^2*e^2*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 36*a*b*e*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 30*b^
2*e*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 24*a*b*f^3*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n] + 16*b^2*f^3*m*n*
x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 36*b^2*e^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 18*b^2*e*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*
x^n]^2 - 12*b^2*f^3*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 36*a^2*e^3*m*Log[e + f*x] - 24*a*
b*e^3*m*n*Log[e + f*x] + 8*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*Log[e + f*x] - 72*a*b*e^3*m*n*Log
[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 24*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 36*b^2*e^3*m*n^2
*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 72*a*b*e^3*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 24*b^2*e^3
*m*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 72*b^2*e^3*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*
x] + 36*b^2*e^3*m*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 36*a^2*f^3*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*
x)^m] - 24*a*b*f^3*n*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 8*b^2*f^3*n^2*x^3*Log[d*(e +
f*x)^m] + 72*a*b*f^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 24*b^2*f^3*n*x^3
*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 36*b^2*f^3*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*
x)^m] + 72*a*b*e^3*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 24*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*Log[x]*L
og[1 + (f*x)/e] - 36*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 72*b^2*e^3*
m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 24*b*e^3*m*n*(3*a - b*n + 3*b*Log
[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] - 72*b^2*e^3*m*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]
/(108*f^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2825$$

$$-fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^3}{3(e + fx)} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^3}{9(e + fx)} + \frac{2b^2 n^2 x^3}{27(e + fx)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{2}{9} b n x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27} b^2 n^2 x^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$-fm \left(-\frac{2be^3n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^4} - \frac{e^3 \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^4} + \frac{2be^3n \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{9f^4} - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]`

output `(2*b^2*n^2*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/27 - (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/9 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/3 - f*m*((-8*a*b*e^2*n*x)/(9*f^3) + (26*b^2*e^2*n^2*x)/(27*f^3) - (19*b^2*e*n^2*x^2)/(108*f^2) + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3)/(27*f) - (8*b^2*e^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^3) + (5*b*e*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(18*f^2) - (4*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(27*f) + (e^2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*f^3) - (e*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(6*f^2) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(9*f) - (2*b^2*e^3*n^2*Log[e + f*x])/(27*f^4) + (2*b*e^3*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(9*f^4) - (e^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(3*f^4) + (2*b^2*e^3*n^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/(9*f^4) - (2*b*e^3*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/(3*f^4) + (2*b^2*e^3*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)])/(3*f^4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5917, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.09

output too large to display

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/54*(3*(3*b^2*e*f^2*m*x^2 - 6*b^2*e^2*f*m*x + 6*b^2*e^3*m*log(f*x + e) - 2*(f^3*m - 3*f^3*log(d))*b^2*x^3)*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(9*b^2*f^3*x^3*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(3*a*b*f^3 - (f^3*n - 3*f^3*log(c))*b^2)*x^3*log(x^n) + (9*a^2*f^3 - 6*(f^3*n - 3*f^3*log(c))*a*b + (2*f^3*n^2 - 6*f^3*n*log(c) + 9*f^3*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^3)*log((f*x + e)^m)/f^3 - integrate(1/27*((9*(f^4*m - 3*f^4*log(d))*a^2 - 6*(f^4*m*n - 3*(f^4*m - 3*f^4*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (2*f^4*m*n^2 - 6*f^4*m*n*log(c) + 9*(f^4*m - 3*f^4*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^4 - 27*(b^2*e*f^3*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*f^3*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*e*f^3*log(d))*x^3 - 3*(3*b^2*e^2*f^2*m*n*x^2 + 6*b^2*e^3*f*m*n*x - 2*(3*(f^4*m - 3*f^4*log(d))*a*b - (2*f^4*m*n - 3*f^4*n*log(d) - 3*(f^4*m - 3*f^4*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x^4 + (18*a*b*e*f^3*log(d) - (e*f^3*m*n + 6*e*f^3*n*log(d) - 18*e*f^3*log(c)*log(d))*b^2)*x^3 - 6*(b^2*e^3*f*m*n*x + b^2*e^4*m*n)*log(f*x + e)*log(x^n))/(f^4*x^2 + e*f^3*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int x^2 \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 36*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**4*m*n - 72*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b*e**4*m*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**4*m*n**2 + 36*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**3*n*x**3 + 72*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**3*n*x**3 - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**3*n**2*x**3 + 36*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*e**3*n + 36*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*f**3*n*x**3 - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*e**3*n**2 - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*f**3*n**2*x**3 + 8*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*e**3*n**3 + 8*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*f**3*n**3*x**3 + 12*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2*e**3*m + 36*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b*e**3*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**3*m*n - 36*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*f*m*n*x + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**3*m*n*x**3 - 72*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*f*m*n*x + 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**3*m*n*x**3 + 96*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*f*m*n**2*x - 30*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 + 16*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**3*m*n**2*x**3 - 36*a**2*e**2*f*m*n*x + 18*a**2*e*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 12*a**2*f**3*m*n*x**3 + 96*a*b*e**2*f*m*n**2*x - 30*a*b*e*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 + 16*a*b*f**3*m*n**2*x**3 - 104*b**2*e**2*f*m*n**3*x + 19*b**2*e*f**2*m*n**3*x**2 - 8*b**2*f**3*m*n**3*x**3)/(108*f**3*n)
```

3.85 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	681
Mathematica [A] (verified)	682
Rubi [A] (verified)	683
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	684
Fricas [F]	685
Sympy [F(-1)]	686
Maxima [F]	686
Giac [F]	687
Mupad [F(-1)]	687
Reduce [F]	687

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 373

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx \\
 &= -\frac{3abemnx}{2f} + \frac{7b^2emn^2x}{4f} - \frac{3}{8}b^2mn^2x^2 - \frac{3b^2emnx \log(cx^n)}{2f} + \frac{1}{2}bmnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 &+ \frac{emx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2f} - \frac{1}{4}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{b^2e^2mn^2 \log(e + fx)}{4f^2} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{be^2mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} \\
 &- \frac{e^2m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} + \frac{b^2e^2mn^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} \\
 &- \frac{be^2mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f^2} + \frac{b^2e^2mn^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3/2*a*b*e*m*n*x/f+7/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*x/f-3/8*b^2*m*n^2*x^2-3/2*b^2*e*m*n*x* \\
& \ln(c*x^n)/f+1/2*b*m*n*x^2*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))+1/2*e*m*x*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^2/f-1/4 \\
& *m*x^2*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^2-1/4*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\ln(f*x+e)/f^2+1/4*b^2*n^2*x^2* \\
& \ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-1/2*b*n*x^2*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*\ln \\
& (c*x^n))^2*\ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/2*b*e^2*m*n*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(1+f*x/e)/f^2-1 \\
& /2*e^2*m*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^2*\ln(1+f*x/e)/f^2+1/2*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\text{polylog}(2,-f* \\
& x/e)/f^2-b*e^2*m*n*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\text{polylog}(2,-f*x/e)/f^2+b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\text{pol} \\
& \text{ylog}(3,-f*x/e)/f^2
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 674, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx \\
& = \frac{4a^2efmx - 12abefmnx + 14b^2efmn^2x - 2a^2f^2mx^2 + 4abf^2mnx^2 - 3b^2f^2mn^2x^2 + 8abefmx \log(cx^n)}{1}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (4*a^2*e*f*m*x - 12*a*b*e*f*m*n*x + 14*b^2*e*f*m*n^2*x - 2*a^2*f^2*m*x^2 + \\
& 4*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 3*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2 + 8*a*b*e*f*m*x*\text{Log}[c*x^n] - 12*b \\
& ^2*e*f*m*n*x*\text{Log}[c*x^n] - 4*a*b*f^2*m*x^2*\text{Log}[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*\text{L} \\
& \text{og}[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*e*f*m*x*\text{Log}[c*x^n]^2 - 2*b^2*f^2*m*x^2*\text{Log}[c*x^n]^2 - 4* \\
& a^2*e^2*m*\text{Log}[e + f*x] + 4*a*b*e^2*m*n*\text{Log}[e + f*x] - 2*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\text{Log}[\\
& e + f*x] + 8*a*b*e^2*m*n*\text{Log}[x]*\text{Log}[e + f*x] - 4*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\text{Log}[x]*\text{Log}[\\
& e + f*x] - 4*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\text{Log}[x]^2*\text{Log}[e + f*x] - 8*a*b*e^2*m*\text{Log}[c*x^n]* \\
& \text{Log}[e + f*x] + 4*b^2*e^2*m*n*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[e + f*x] + 8*b^2*e^2*m*n*\text{Log}[x] \\
& *\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[e + f*x] - 4*b^2*e^2*m*\text{Log}[c*x^n]^2*\text{Log}[e + f*x] + 4*a^2* \\
& f^2*x^2*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 4*a*b*f^2*n*x^2*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 2*b^2*f^ \\
& 2*n^2*x^2*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 8*a*b*f^2*x^2*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x)^m] \\
& - 4*b^2*f^2*n*x^2*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 4*b^2*f^2*x^2*\text{Log}[c*x^n \\
&]^2*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 8*a*b*e^2*m*n*\text{Log}[x]*\text{Log}[1 + (f*x)/e] + 4*b^2*e^2 \\
& *m*n^2*\text{Log}[x]*\text{Log}[1 + (f*x)/e] + 4*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*\text{Log}[x]^2*\text{Log}[1 + (f*x)/e] \\
& - 8*b^2*e^2*m*n*\text{Log}[x]*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[1 + (f*x)/e] + 4*b*e^2*m*n*(-2*a + \\
& b*n - 2*b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] + 8*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*PolyLog[3, \\
& -((f*x)/e)]/(8*f^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^2}{2(e + fx)} - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^2}{2(e + fx)} + \frac{b^2 n^2 x^2}{4(e + fx)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{1}{2} b n x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} b^2 n^2 x^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$-fm \left(\frac{be^2 n \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^3} - \frac{be^2 n \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^3} + \frac{e^2 \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^3} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{1}{2} b n x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} b^2 n^2 x^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

```
(b^2*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/4 - (b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/2 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/2 - f*m*((3*a*b*e*n*x)/(2*f^2) - (7*b^2*e*n^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (3*b^2*n^2*x^2)/(8*f) + (3*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(2*f^2) - (b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*f) - (e*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*f^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f) + (b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*x])/(4*f^3) - (b*e^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(2*f^3) + (e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(2*f^3) - (b^2*e^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]/(2*f^3) + (b*e^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]/f^3 - (b^2*e^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]/f^3)
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 163.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4845, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.99

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	4845

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*m/f*x*e*ln(c)^2*b^2-1/2*m*a^2*e^2/f^2*ln(f*x+e)-1/4*a^2*m*x^2-1/2*m*ln
(x^n)*x^2*b^2*ln(c)+1/2*m*n*x^2*b^2*ln(c)+1/2*m*b^2*n*ln(x^n)*x^2+1/16*m*x
^2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^6+1/2*m/f*b^2*ln(x^n)^2*x*e+m/f*x*e*ln(c)*a*b-1/
2*m*b*ln(x^n)*x^2*a+1/2*m*b*n*x^2*a+(-1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)
*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2+1/8*I*Pi*csg
n(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/4*ln
(d))*(1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*
x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b
*ln(c)+2*a)^2*x^2+2*b^2*x^2*ln(x^n)^2-2*b^2*x^2*ln(x^n)*n+b^2*n^2*x^2+4*(I
*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*
c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*
b*(1/2*x^2*ln(x^n)-1/4*n*x^2))+1/2*b^2*x^2*ln(x^n)^2+1/2*b*x^2*(I*Pi*b*cs
gn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*
b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)-n*b+2*a)*ln(x
^n)+1/8*x^2*(2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*c
sgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)^2-4*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x
^n)^4*csgn(I*c)+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-4*b^2*ln(c)*n+8*a*b*ln(c)+4*a^2+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*
c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+4*b^2*ln(c)^2+2*b^2*n^2-4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^
3+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x)*log((f*x + e)^m
*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*b^2*e*f*m*x - 2*b^2*e^2*m*log(f*x + e) - (f^2*m - 2*f^2*log(d))*b^2*x^2)*log(x^n)^2 + (2*b^2*f^2*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(2*a*b*f^2 - (f^2*n - 2*f^2*log(c))*b^2)*x^2*log(x^n) + (2*a^2*f^2 - 2*(f^2*n - 2*f^2*log(c))*a*b + (f^2*n^2 - 2*f^2*n*log(c) + 2*f^2*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^2)*log((f*x + e)^m))/f^2 + integrate(-1/4*((2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*a^2 - 2*(f^3*m*n - 2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (f^3*m*n^2 - 2*f^3*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^3 - 4*(b^2*e*f^2*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*f^2*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*e*f^2*log(d))*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*e^2*f*m*n*x + 2*((f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*a*b - (f^3*m*n - f^3*n*log(d) - (f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x^3 - (4*a*b*e*f^2*log(d) - (e*f^2*m*n + 2*e*f^2*n*log(d) - 4*e*f^2*log(c)*log(d))*b^2)*x^2 - 2*(b^2*e^2*f*m*n*x + b^2*e^3*m*n)*log(f*x + e))*log(x^n)/(f^3*x^2 + e*f^2*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int x \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{24 \log(x^n c) a b e f m n x - 12 \log((f x + e)^m d) a^2 e^2 n - 6 \log((f x + e)^m d) b^2 e^2 n^3 - 4 \log(x^n c)^3 b^2 e^2 m - 12 \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**3*m*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b*e**3*m*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**3*m*n**2 + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**2*n*x**2 + 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**2*n*x**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*e**2*n + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*f**2*n*x**2 + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*e**2*n**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*f**2*n**2*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*e**2*n**3 + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*f**2*n**3*x**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2*e**2*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b*e**2*m + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*m*n + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*f*m*n*x - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**2*m*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*f*m*n*x - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x + 12*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 + 12*a**2*e*f*m*n*x - 6*a**2*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 36*a*b*e*f*m*n**2*x + 12*a*b*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 + 42*b**2*e*f*m*n**3*x - 9*b**2*f**2*m*n**3*x**2)/(24*f**2*n)
```

3.86 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	689
Mathematica [A] (verified)	690
Rubi [A] (verified)	690
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	692
Fricas [F]	693
Sympy [F(-1)]	694
Maxima [F]	694
Giac [F]	695
Mupad [F(-1)]	695
Reduce [F]	695

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 288

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx \\
 &= 2abmnx - 4b^2mn^2x + 2bmn(a - bn)x + 4b^2mnx \log(cx^n) \\
 &\quad - mx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{2bemn(a - bn) \log(e + fx)}{f} - 2abnx \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &\quad + 2b^2n^2x \log(d(e + fx)^m) - 2b^2nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &\quad + x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{2b^2emn \log(cx^n) \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
 &\quad + \frac{em(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{f} - \frac{2b^2emn^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2bemn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} - \frac{2b^2emn^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*a*b*m*n*x-4*b^2*m*n^2*x+2*b*m*n*(-b*n+a)*x+4*b^2*m*n*x*ln(c*x^n)-m*x*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2*b*e*m*n*(-b*n+a)*ln(f*x+e)/f-2*a*b*n*x*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+2*
b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+x*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-2*b^2*e*m*n*ln(c*x^n)*ln(1+f*x/e)/f+e*m*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x/e)/f-2*b^2*e*m*n^2*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f+2*b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f-2*b^2*e*m*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x/e)/f
    
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^2 f m x + 4 a b f m n x - 6 b^2 f m n^2 x - 2 a b f m x \log(cx^n) + 4 b^2 f m n x \log(cx^n) - b^2 f m x \log^2(cx^n) + a^2 e n}{e}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-(a^2*f*m*x) + 4*a*b*f*m*n*x - 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x - 2*a*b*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] +
4*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - b^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + a^2*e*m*Log[e + f*x]
- 2*a*b*e*m*n*Log[e + f*x] + 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[e + f*x] - 2*a*b*e*m*n*Log[
x]*Log[e + f*x] + 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2
*Log[e + f*x] + 2*a*b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 2*b^2*e*m*n*Log[c*x^n]
*Log[e + f*x] - 2*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + b^2*e*m*Log[c
*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + a^2*f*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 2*a*b*f*n*x*Log[d*(e +
f*x)^m] + 2*b^2*f*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 2*a*b*f*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(
e + f*x)^m] - 2*b^2*f*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b^2*f*x*Log[c*x^
n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 2*a*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 2*b^2*e*m*
n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 2*b^
2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 2*b*e*m*n*(a - b*n + b*Log[c*
x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] - 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]/f
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {2818, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

↓ 2818

$$-fm \int \left(-\frac{2nx \log(cx^n) b^2}{e+fx} + \frac{2n^2 x b^2}{e+fx} - \frac{2anxb}{e+fx} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{e+fx} \right) dx + \\ x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m) - 2abnx \log(d(e+fx)^m) - \\ 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e+fx)^m) + 2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)$$

↓ 6

$$-fm \int \left(-\frac{2nx \log(cx^n) b^2}{e+fx} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{e+fx} + \frac{(2b^2 n^2 - 2abn) x}{e+fx} \right) dx + \\ x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m) - 2abnx \log(d(e+fx)^m) - \\ 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e+fx)^m) + 2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$-fm \left(-\frac{2ben \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} - \frac{e \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} + \frac{2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{f} \right. \\ \left. - 2abnx \log(d(e+fx)^m) - 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e+fx)^m) + 2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]`

output `-2*a*b*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 2*b^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 2*b^2*n*x
*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]
- f*m*((-2*a*b*n*x)/f + (4*b^2*n^2*x)/f - (2*b*n*(a - b*n)*x)/f - (4*b^2*n
*x*Log[c*x^n])/f + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f + (2*b*e*n*(a - b*n)*Log[e
+ f*x])/f^2 + (2*b^2*e*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f^2 - (e*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f^2 + (2*b^2*e*n^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/f^2
- (2*b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/f^2 + (2*b^2*e*n^2*
PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)])/f^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2818 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 72.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3710, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.88

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	3710

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-2*m*b*ln(x^n)*x*a+(-1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)
^m)+1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^2+1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*cs
gn(I*d*(f*x+e)^2-1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^3+1/4*ln(d))*((I*Pi*b*csg
n(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b
*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2*x+4*b^2
*x*ln(x^n)^2-8*b^2*x*ln(x^n)*n+8*b^2*n^2*x+4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*
x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I
*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b*(x*ln(x^n)-x*n))+a^2*m/f*
e*ln(f*x+e)+1/4*m*x*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^6-2*m*ln(x^n)*x*b^2*ln(c)+4*m*n
*x*b^2*ln(c)+4*m*b^2*n*ln(x^n)*x-m*b^2*ln(x^n)^2*x-2*m*x*ln(c)*a*b+(b^2*x*
ln(x^n)^2+x*b*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(
I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)
+2*b*ln(c)-2*n*b+2*a)*ln(x^n)+1/4*x*(2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)
)^3*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)^2-4*Pi^2*b^
2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^
n)^2+4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-8*b^2*ln(c)*n+8*a*b*ln(c)+
4*a^2+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+4*b^2*ln(c)^2+8*b^2*n^2-4*I*Pi*
ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)^2-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4+2*Pi^2*b^
2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5-4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x
)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((b^2*e*m*log(f*x + e) - (f*m - f*log(d))*b^2*x)*log(x^n)^2 + (b^2*f*x*log(x^n)^2 - 2*((f*n - f*log(c))*b^2 - a*b*f)*x*log(x^n) - (2*(f*n - f*log(c))*a*b - (2*f*n^2 - 2*f*n*log(c) + f*log(c)^2)*b^2 - a^2*f)*x)*log((f*x + e)^m)/f - integrate((((f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*a^2 - 2*(f^2*m*n - (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (2*f^2*m*n^2 - 2*f^2*m*n*log(c) + (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^2 - (b^2*e*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*e*f*log(d))*x + 2*((f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*a*b - (2*f^2*m*n - f^2*n*log(d) - (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x^2 - (a*b*e*f*log(d) + (e*f*m*n - e*f*n*log(d) + e*f*log(c)*log(d))*b^2)*x + (b^2*e*f*m*n*x + b^2*e^2*m*n)*log(f*x + e))*log(x^n))/(f^2*x^2 + e*f*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m n - 6 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) a b e^2 m n + 6 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m n^2 + 3 \log((f x + e)^m d) \log(d(e + f x)^m)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**2*m*n - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b*e**2*m*n + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 + 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f*n*x + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f*n*x - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f*n**2*x + 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*e*n + 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*f*n*x - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*e*n**2 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*f*n**2*x + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*e*n**3 + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*f*n**3*x + log(x**n*c)**3*b**2*e*m + 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b*e*m - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*m*n - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f*m*n*x - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f*m*n*x + 12*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f*m*n**2*x - 3*a**2*f*m*n*x + 12*a*b*f*m*n**2*x - 18*b**2*f*m*n**3*x)/(3*f*n)
```

3.87 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	697
Mathematica [B] (verified)	698
Rubi [A] (verified)	699
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	701
Fricas [F]	702
Sympy [F(-1)]	703
Maxima [F]	703
Giac [F]	704
Mupad [F(-1)]	704
Reduce [F]	704

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3bn} - \frac{m(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{3bn} - m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) + 2bmn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) - 2b^2mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/b/n-1/3*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(1+f*x/e)/b/n-m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x/e)+2*b*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x/e)-2*b^2*m*n^2*polylog(4,-f*x/e)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 329 vs. $2(131) = 262$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= a^2 \log(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - abn \log^2(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} b^2 n^2 \log^3(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + 2ab \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

$$- b^2 n \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + b^2 \log(x) \log^2(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m)$$

$$- a^2 m \log(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) + abmn \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{3} b^2 mn^2 \log^3(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) - 2abm \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

$$+ b^2 mn \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) - b^2 m \log(x) \log^2(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

$$- m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

$$+ 2bmn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) - 2b^2 mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x,x]`

output `a^2*Log[x]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - a*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + (b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/3 + 2*a*b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - a^2*m*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + a*b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - (b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/3 - 2*a*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + b^2*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - b^2*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] + 2*b*m*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)] - 2*b^2*m*n^2*PolyLog[4, -((f*x)/e)]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {2822, 2754, 2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3bn} - \frac{fm \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{e+fx} dx}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2754} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{3bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) dx}{f} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{3bn \left(2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) dx - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{f} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{3bn \left(2bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) dx}{f} \right) - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{f} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3bn} - \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{3bn \left(2bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)\right) - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{f} \right)}{3bn}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(3*b*n) - (f*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f - (3*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]) + 2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)] - b*n*PolyLog[4, -((f*x)/e)]))/f)/(3*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2754 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[1 + e*(x/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/e), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/e) Int[Log[1 + e*(x/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*(a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]^(r_.))*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 61.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3957, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.21

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	3957

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*ln(c)^2*b^2-m*ln(x)*ln((f*x+e)/e)*ln(x^n)^2*b^2+2/3
*m*b^2*n^2*ln(x)^3*ln(1+f*x/e)+m*b^2*n^2*ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-f*x/e)+2*m*n*b
^2*ln(c)*polylog(3,-f*x/e)+2*m*n*b^2*ln(x^n)*polylog(3,-f*x/e)+2*m*n*b*pol
ylog(3,-f*x/e)*a+1/4*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^6-m*dilog((
f*x+e)/e)*b^2*n^2*ln(x)^2-2*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*ln(c)*ln(x^n)*b^2-2*m*dilog
((f*x+e)/e)*ln(c)*a*b-2*m*dilog((f*x+e)/e)*ln(x^n)*a*b-m*ln(x)^3*ln((f*x+e
)/e)*b^2*n^2+((I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*ln(x)-I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*
x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)*ln(x)-I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*ln(x)+I*Pi*b^2
*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)*ln(x)-b^2*n*ln(x)^2+2*ln(c)*b^2*ln(x)+2*a*b*ln(
x))*ln(x^n)+2*ln(c)*ln(x)*a*b-ln(x)^2*a*n*b+ln(c)^2*ln(x)*b^2+1/3*b^2*n^2*
ln(x)^3+a^2*ln(x)-ln(x)^2*ln(c)*b^2*n-1/4*Pi^2*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^6+1
/2*Pi^2*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5+1/2*Pi^2*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*c*
x^n)^5*csgn(I*c)-1/4*Pi^2*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)^2-1/4*Pi^2*l
n(x)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4-I*ln(c)*Pi*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^
3-I*Pi*ln(x)*a*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+b^2*ln(x)*ln(x^n)^2+I*ln(c)*Pi*ln(x)*b^2*
csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+I*Pi*ln(x)*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+I*Pi*
ln(x)*a*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+I*ln(c)*Pi*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(
I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*ln(x)^2*Pi*b^2*n*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*ln(x)^
2*Pi*b^2*n*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-I*ln(c)*Pi*ln(x)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn
(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*ln(x)*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x,
x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b^2*n^2*log(x)^3 + 3*b^2*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(c) + a*b*n)*log(x)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*log(c) + a*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) + 3*(b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(x))*log((f*x + e)^m) - integrate(1/3*(b^2*f*m*n^2*x*log(x)^3 - 3*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) - 6*a*b*e*log(c)*log(d) - 3*a^2*e*log(d) - 3*(b^2*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b*f*m*n)*x*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*f*m*log(c) + a^2*f*m)*x*log(x) + 3*(b^2*f*m*x*log(x) - b^2*f*x*log(d) - b^2*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*f*log(d))*x - 3*(b^2*f*m*n*x*log(x)^2 + 2*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*log(d) - 2*(b^2*f*m*log(c) + a*b*f*m)*x*log(x) + 2*(b^2*f*log(c)*log(d) + a*b*f*log(d))*x)*log(x^n))/(f*x^2 + e*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) a^2 e m + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 m + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a b m + \log(($$

$2m$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((e + f*x)**m*d)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a**2*e*m + 2*int((log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2*m + 4*int((log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b*m + log((e + f*x)**m*d)**2*a**2)/(2*m)`

3.88 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	705
Mathematica [B] (verified)	706
Rubi [A] (verified)	706
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	708
Fricas [F]	709
Sympy [F(-1)]	710
Maxima [F]	710
Giac [F]	711
Mupad [F(-1)]	711
Reduce [F]	711

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 248

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \log (d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2 fmn^2 \log(x)}{e} - \frac{2bfmn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{e}$$

$$- \frac{fm \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^2}{e} - \frac{2b^2 fmn^2 \log(e + fx)}{e}$$

$$- \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log (cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} + \frac{2b^2 fmn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{2bfmn(a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e} + \frac{2b^2 fmn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
2*b^2*f*m*n^2*ln(x)/e-2*b*f*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-f*m*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-2*b^2*f*m*n^2*ln(f*x+e)/e-2*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x+2*b^2*f*m*n^2*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e+2*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e+2*b^2*f*m*n^2*polylog(3,-e/f/x)/e
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs. $2(248) = 496$.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 600, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{-3a^2 f m x \log(x) - 6ab f m n x \log(x) - 6b^2 f m n^2 x \log(x) + 3ab f m n x \log^2(x) + 3b^2 f m n^2 x \log^2(x) - b^2 f m n^2 x \log^3(x)}{x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(-3*a^2*f*m*x*Log[x] - 6*a*b*f*m*n*x*Log[x] - 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]
+ 3*a*b*f*m*n*x*Log[x]^2 + 3*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2 - b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]
^3 - 6*a*b*f*m*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b
^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 3*b^2*f*m*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 3*a^2*f
*m*x*Log[e + f*x] + 6*a*b*f*m*n*x*Log[e + f*x] + 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[e + f
*x] - 6*a*b*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[e + f
*x] + 3*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 6*a*b*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e
+ f*x] + 6*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log
[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 3*b^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 3*a^2*e*Log
[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*a*b*e*n*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b^2*e*n^2*Log[d*(e + f
*x)^m] + 6*a*b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b^2*e*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d
*(e + f*x)^m] + 3*b^2*e*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*a*b*f*m*n*x*Lo
g[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 3*b^2*f*
m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 6*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1
+ (f*x)/e] + 6*b*f*m*n*x*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] -
6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]/(e*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96,
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules
 used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2825} \\
& -fm \int \left(-\frac{2b^2 n^2}{x(e + fx)} - \frac{2b(a + b \log(cx^n))n}{x(e + fx)} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x(e + fx)} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -fm \left(-\frac{2bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{2bn \log\left(\frac{e}{fx} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{e}{fx} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \\
& \quad \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - f*m*((-2*b^2*n^2*Log[x])/e + (2*b*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e + (Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/e + (2*b^2*n^2*Log[e + f*x])/e - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (2*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/e)
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 66.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3983, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.06

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	3983

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

m*f/e*ln(x)*a^2+(-1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)
+1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^2+1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x+e)^m)*csgn(
I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^2-1/8*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x+e)^m)^3+1/4*ln(d))*(-(I*Pi*b*csgn(
I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)^2/x-4*b^2/x
*ln(x^n)^2-8*b^2*n/x*ln(x^n)-8*b^2*n^2/x+4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^
n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*P
i*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*b*(-ln(x^n)/x-n/x))-m*f/e*ln(
f*x+e)*a^2+2*m*f/e*ln(x)*ln(c)*b^2*n+2*m*f/e*ln(x)*ln(c)*a*b+2*m*f/e*ln(x)
*a*n*b-2*m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e*ln(f*x+e)*a+2*m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e*ln(x)*a-m*f*b*n/e*l
n(x)^2*a+2*m*f*b*n/e*dilog(-f*x/e)*a-m*f*b^2*n/e*ln(x^n)*ln(x)^2-2*m*f*b^2
/e*ln(x)*dilog(-f*x/e)*n^2+2*m*f*b^2*n/e*ln(x^n)*dilog(-f*x/e)+m*f*b^2/e*n
^2*ln(f*x+e)*ln(x)^2-m*f*b^2/e*n^2*ln(x)^2*ln(1+f*x/e)-2*m*f*b^2/e*n^2*ln(
x)*polylog(2,-f*x/e)-2*m*f*ln(x^n)/e*ln(f*x+e)*b^2*ln(c)-2*m*f*ln(x^n)/e*l
n(f*x+e)*n*b^2+2*m*f*ln(x^n)/e*ln(x)*b^2*ln(c)+(-b^2/x*ln(x^n)^2-(I*Pi*b^2
*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-
I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b^2*ln(c)+2*
n*b^2+2*a*b)/x*ln(x^n)-1/4*(2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*csgn(
I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)^2-4*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*
x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+4...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^
2, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((b^2*f*m*x*log(f*x + e) - b^2*f*m*x*log(x) + b^2*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 + (b^2*e*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(e*n + e*log(c))*a*b + (2*e*n^2 + 2*e*n*log(c) + e*log(c)^2)*b^2 + a^2*e + 2*((e*n + e*log(c))*b^2 + a*b*e)*log(x^n))*log((f*x + e)^m))/(e*x) + integrate((b^2*e^2*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*e^2*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*e^2*log(d) + ((e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*a^2 + 2*(e*f*m*n + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (2*e*f*m*n^2 + 2*e*f*m*n*log(c) + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x + 2*(a*b*e^2*log(d) + (e^2*n*log(d) + e^2*log(c)*log(d))*b^2 + ((e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*a*b + (e*f*m*n + e*f*n*log(d) + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x + (b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2 + b^2*e*f*m*n*x)*log(f*x + e) - (b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2 + b^2*e*f*m*n*x)*log(x))*log(x^n))/(e*f*x^3 + e^2*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^3 + e x^2} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m x - 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^3 + e x^2} dx \right) a b e^2 m x - 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^3 + e x^2} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m n x - \log((fx + e)^m d) \log$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + f*x**3),x)*b**2*e**2*m*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**3),x)*a*b*e**2*m*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**3),x)*b**2*e**2*m*n*x - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*e - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*f*x - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*e*n - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*f*n*x - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*e*n**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*f*n**2*x - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*m - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*m - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*m*n + log(x)*a**2*f*m*x + 2*log(x)*a*b*f*m*n*x + 2*log(x)*b**2*f*m*n**2*x - 2*a*b*e*m*n - 4*b**2*e*m*n**2)/(e*x)
```

3.89 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	713
Mathematica [B] (verified)	714
Rubi [A] (verified)	715
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Fricas [F]	717
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Maxima [F]	718
Giac [F]	718
Mupad [F(-1)]	719
Reduce [F]	719

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 344

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^3} dx \\
 &= -\frac{7b^2 fmn^2}{4ex} - \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \log(x)}{4e^2} - \frac{3bfmn(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2ex} \\
 &+ \frac{bf^2 mn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{fm(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{2ex} \\
 &+ \frac{f^2 m \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \log(e+fx)}{4e^2} \\
 &- \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} \\
 &- \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{2e^2} \\
 &- \frac{bf^2 mn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-7/4*b^2*f*m*n^2/e/x-1/4*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*ln(x)/e^2-3/2*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))/e/x+1/2*b*f^2*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-1/2*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))^2/e/x+1/2*f^2*m*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2+1/4*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*ln(
f*x+e)/e^2-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f
*x+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*p
olylog(2,-e/f/x)/e^2-b*f^2*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e^2-b^2*f
^2*m*n^2*polylog(3,-e/f/x)/e^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 796 vs. $2(344) = 688$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 796, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{6a^2efmx + 18abefmnx + 21b^2efmn^2x + 6a^2f^2mx^2 \log(x) + 6abf^2mnx^2 \log(x) + 3b^2f^2mn^2x^2 \log(x)}{x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/12*(6*a^2*e*f*m*x + 18*a*b*e*f*m*n*x + 21*b^2*e*f*m*n^2*x + 6*a^2*f^2*m
*x^2*Log[x] + 6*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x] + 3*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x] - 6*a*
b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 2*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^
2*Log[x]^3 + 12*a*b*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b^2*e*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 12*
a*b*f^2*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*
b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^2*f
^2*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*a^2*f^2*m*x^2*Log[e + f*x] - 6*a*b*f^2*m*
n*x^2*Log[e + f*x] - 3*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^2
*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 6*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^2*f^2
*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a*b*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x
] - 6*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*
Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^2*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 6*a^
2*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*a*b*e^2*n*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 3*b^2*e^2*n^2*
Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 12*a*b*e^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b^2*e^2*
n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b^2*e^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m
] - 12*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 6*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x
]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 6*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 12*b^
2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 6*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*(2*a +
b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] + 12*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*PolyLo
g[3, -((f*x)/e)]/(e^2*x^2)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-fm \int \left(-\frac{b^2 n^2}{4x^2(e+fx)} - \frac{b(a+b \log(cx^n))n}{2x^2(e+fx)} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2(e+fx)} \right) dx - \frac{bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{4x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$-fm \left(\frac{bf n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{e^2} - \frac{bf n \log\left(\frac{e}{fx} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{f \log\left(\frac{e}{fx} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} \right) - \frac{bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{4x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2 - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(2*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(2*x^2) - f*m*((7*b^2*n^2)/(4*e*x) + (b^2*f*n^2*Log[x])/(4*e^2) + (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e*x) - (b*f*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^2) + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(2*e*x) - (f*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*e^2) - (b^2*f*n^2*Log[e + f*x])/(4*e^2) + (b^2*f*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/(2*e^2) + (b*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/e^2 + (b^2*f*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/e^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m-1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 65.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5174, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.04

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	5174

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*(b^2*f^2*m*x^2*log(f*x + e) - b^2*f^2*m*x^2*log(x) - b^2*e*f*m*x - b^2*e^2*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 - (2*b^2*e^2*log(x^n)^2 + 2*a^2*e^2 + 2*(e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*a*b + (e^2*n^2 + 2*e^2*n*log(c) + 2*e^2*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 2*(2*a*b*e^2 + (e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*b^2)*log(x^n))*log((f*x + e)^m))/(e^2*x^2) - integrate(-1/4*(4*b^2*e^3*log(c)^2*log(d) + 8*a*b*e^3*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a^2*e^3*log(d) + (2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*a^2 + 2*(e^2*f*m*n + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (e^2*f*m*n^2 + 2*e^2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x + 2*(2*b^2*e*f^2*m*n*x^2 + 4*a*b*e^3*log(d) + 2*(e^3*n*log(d) + 2*e^3*log(c)*log(d))*b^2 + (2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*a*b + (3*e^2*f*m*n + 2*e^2*f*n*log(d) + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x - 2*(b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3 + b^2*e*f^2*m*n*x^2)*log(f*x + e) + 2*(b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3 + b^2*e*f^2*m*n*x^2)*log(x))*log(x^n))/(e^2*f*x^4 + e^3*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^4 + e x^3} dx \right) b^2 e^3 m x^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^4 + e x^3} dx \right) a b e^3 m x^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^4 + e x^3} dx \right) b^2 e^3 m n x^2 - 2 \log((fx + e)$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 2*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*b**2*e**3*m*x**2 - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*a*b*e**3*m*x**2 - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*b**2*e**3*m*n*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2 - 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*e**2 + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*f**2*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*e**2*n + 2*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*f**2*n*x**2 - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*e**2*n**2 + log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*m - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*m - 2*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*m*n - 2*log(x)*a**2*f**2*m*x**2 - 2*log(x)*a*b*f**2*m*n*x**2 - log(x)*b**2*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 - 2*a**2*e*f*m*x - a*b*e**2*m*n - 2*a*b*e*f*m*n*x - b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x)/(4*e**2*x**2)`

3.90 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	720
Mathematica [B] (verified)	721
Rubi [A] (verified)	722
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	724
Fricas [F]	724
Sympy [F(-1)]	725
Maxima [F]	725
Giac [F]	726
Mupad [F(-1)]	726
Reduce [F]	726

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 420

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx \\
 &= -\frac{19b^2 fmn^2}{108ex^2} + \frac{26b^2 f^2 mn^2}{27e^2 x} + \frac{2b^2 f^3 mn^2 \log(x)}{27e^3} - \frac{5bfmn(a + b \log(cx^n))}{18ex^2} \\
 &+ \frac{8bf^2 mn(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^2 x} - \frac{2bf^3 mn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^3} \\
 &- \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6ex^2} + \frac{f^2 m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^2 x} \\
 &- \frac{f^3 m \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3} - \frac{2b^2 f^3 mn^2 \log(e + fx)}{27e^3} \\
 &- \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{27x^3} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{9x^3} \\
 &- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{3x^3} + \frac{2b^2 f^3 mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{9e^3} \\
 &+ \frac{2bf^3 mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{3e^3} + \frac{2b^2 f^3 mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{3e^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-19/108*b^2*f*m*n^2/e/x^2+26/27*b^2*f^2*m*n^2/e^2/x+2/27*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*ln(x)/e^3-5/18*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^2+8/9*b*f^2*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/x-2/9*b*f^3*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3-1/6*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x^2+1/3*f^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2/x-1/3*f^3*m*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^3-2/27*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*ln(f*x+e)/e^3-2/27*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3-2/9*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3+2/9*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e^3+2/3*b*f^3*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e^3+2/3*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*polylog(3,-e/f/x)/e^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 909 vs. $2(420) = 840$.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 909, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^4,x]
```

output

```

-1/108*(18*a^2*e^2*f*m*x + 30*a*b*e^2*f*m*n*x + 19*b^2*e^2*f*m*n^2*x - 36*
a^2*e*f^2*m*x^2 - 96*a*b*e*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 104*b^2*e*f^2*m*n^2*x^2 - 36*a^2*
f^3*m*x^3*Log[x] - 24*a*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x] - 8*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]
+ 36*a*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x]^2 + 12*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]^2 - 12*b^2*f^3
*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]^3 + 36*a*b*e^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 30*b^2*e^2*f*m*n*x*Log
[c*x^n] - 72*a*b*e*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 96*b^2*e*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]
- 72*a*b*f^3*m*x^3*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 24*b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n
] + 36*b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b^2*e^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2
- 36*b^2*e*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 36*b^2*f^3*m*x^3*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2
+ 36*a^2*f^3*m*x^3*Log[e + f*x] + 24*a*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[e + f*x] + 8*b^2*
f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[e + f*x] - 72*a*b*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 24*b
^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 36*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]^2*Log[e
+ f*x] + 72*a*b*f^3*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 24*b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3*Lo
g[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 72*b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x]
+ 36*b^2*f^3*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 36*a^2*e^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^
m] + 24*a*b*e^3*n*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 8*b^2*e^3*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] +
72*a*b*e^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 24*b^2*e^3*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(
e + f*x)^m] + 36*b^2*e^3*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 72*a*b*f^3*m*n*
x^3*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 24*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e]
- 36*b^2*f^3*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 72*b^2*f^3*m*n*x^3*...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(dx + fx)^m}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-fm \int \left(-\frac{2b^2n^2}{27x^3(e+fx)} - \frac{2b(a+b\log(cx^n))n}{9x^3(e+fx)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{3x^3(e+fx)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{2bn(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{3x^3} -$$

$$\frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{27x^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$-fm \left(-\frac{2bf^2n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{f^2\log\left(\frac{e}{fx}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{3e^3} + \frac{2bf^2n\log\left(\frac{e}{fx}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{9e^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2bn(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{3x^3} -$$

$$\frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{27x^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]/x^4,x]`

output

```
(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(27*x^3) - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(9*x^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(3*x^3) - f*m*((19*b^2*n^2)/(108*e*x^2) - (26*b^2*f*n^2)/(27*e^2*x) - (2*b^2*f^2*n^2*Log[x])/(27*e^3) + (5*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(18*e*x^2) - (8*b*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e^2*x) + (2*b*f^2*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e^3) + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(6*e*x^2) - (f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*e^2*x) + (f^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*e^3) + (2*b^2*f^2*n^2*Log[e + f*x])/(27*e^3) - (2*b^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/(9*e^3) - (2*b*f^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/(3*e^3) - (2*b^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/(3*e^3)
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 66.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6242, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.86

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	6242

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/54*(9*(2*b^2*f^3*m*x^3*log(f*x + e) - 2*b^2*f^3*m*x^3*log(x) - 2*b^2*e*f^2*m*x^2 + b^2*e^2*f*m*x + 2*b^2*e^3*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(9*b^2*e^3*log(x^n)^2 + 9*a^2*e^3 + 6*(e^3*n + 3*e^3*log(c))*a*b + (2*e^3*n^2 + 6*e^3*n*log(c) + 9*e^3*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 6*(3*a*b*e^3 + (e^3*n + 3*e^3*log(c))*b^2)*log(x^n))*log((f*x + e)^m)/(e^3*x^3) + integrate(1/27*(27*b^2*e^4*log(c)^2*log(d) + 54*a*b*e^4*log(c)*log(d) + 27*a^2*e^4*log(d) + (9*(e^3*f*m + 3*e^3*f*log(d))*a^2 + 6*(e^3*f*m*n + 3*(e^3*f*m + 3*e^3*f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (2*e^3*f*m*n^2 + 6*e^3*f*m*n*log(c) + 9*(e^3*f*m + 3*e^3*f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x - 3*(6*b^2*e*f^3*m*n*x^3 + 3*b^2*e^2*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 18*a*b*e^4*log(d) - 6*(e^4*n*log(d) + 3*e^4*log(c)*log(d))*b^2 - (6*(e^3*f*m + 3*e^3*f*log(d))*a*b + (5*e^3*f*m*n + 6*e^3*f*n*log(d) + 6*(e^3*f*m + 3*e^3*f*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x - 6*(b^2*f^4*m*n*x^4 + b^2*e*f^3*m*n*x^3)*log(f*x + e) + 6*(b^2*f^4*m*n*x^4 + b^2*e*f^3*m*n*x^3)*log(x))*log(x^n))/(e^3*f*x^5 + e^4*x^4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-36 \log((fx + e)^m d) ab f^3 n x^3 + 12 \log(x) b^2 f^3 m n^2 x^3 - 6b^2 e^2 f m n^2 x + 12b^2 e f^2 m n^2 x^2 - 108 \left(\int \frac{\log(x)}{f x^5 + c} \right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 54*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**4 + f*x**5),x)*b**2*e**4*m*x**3 - 108*int(
log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**5),x)*a*b*e**4*m*x**3 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x
**4 + f*x**5),x)*b**2*e**4*m*n*x**3 - 54*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**
2*b**2*e**3 - 108*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3 - 36*log((e + f
*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*n - 54*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*e**3 - 54*
log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*f**3*x**3 - 36*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*e**3*n - 3
6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b*f**3*n*x**3 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*e**3*n
**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**2*f**3*n**2*x**3 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*
e**3*m - 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3*m - 24*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*m*n + 54*log
(x)*a**2*f**3*m*x**3 + 36*log(x)*a*b*f**3*m*n*x**3 + 12*log(x)*b**2*f**3*m
*n**2*x**3 - 27*a**2*e**2*f*m*x + 54*a**2*e*f**2*m*x**2 - 12*a*b*e**3*m*n
- 18*a*b*e**2*f*m*n*x + 36*a*b*e*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 8*b**2*e**3*m*n**2 - 6*b*
*2*e**2*f*m*n**2*x + 12*b**2*e*f**2*m*n**2*x**2)/(162*e**3*x**3)
```

3.91 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

Optimal result	728
Mathematica [B] (verified)	729
Rubi [A] (verified)	730
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	732
Fricas [F]	732
Sympy [F(-1)]	733
Maxima [F]	733
Giac [F]	734
Mupad [F(-1)]	735
Reduce [F]	735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 603

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx \\
 &= \frac{21ab^2emn^2x}{4f} - \frac{45b^3emn^3x}{8f} + \frac{3}{4}b^3mn^3x^2 + \frac{21b^3emn^2x \log(cx^n)}{4f} \\
 & - \frac{9}{8}b^2mn^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{9bemnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4f} + \frac{3}{4}bmnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & + \frac{emx(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f} - \frac{1}{4}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \frac{3b^3e^2mn^3 \log(e + fx)}{8f^2} \\
 & - \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 & - \frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 & - \frac{3b^2e^2mn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{4f^2} + \frac{3be^2mn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{4f^2} \\
 & - \frac{e^2m(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} - \frac{3b^3e^2mn^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{4f^2} \\
 & + \frac{3b^2e^2mn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} \\
 & - \frac{3be^2mn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} - \frac{3b^3e^2mn^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{2f^2} \\
 & + \frac{3b^2e^2mn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f^2} - \frac{3b^3e^2mn^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

21/4*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*x/f-45/8*b^3*e*m*n^3*x/f+3/4*b^3*m*n^3*x^2+21/4*b^3*e*m
*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)/f-9/8*b^2*m*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-9/4*b*e*m*n*x*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^2/f+3/4*b*m*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/2*e*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f
-1/4*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+3/8*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*ln(f*x+e)/f^2-3/8*b^3*n^3*x
^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+3/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-3/4*b*n
*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x
+e)^m)-3/4*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1+f*x/e)/f^2+3/4*b*e^2*m*n*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x/e)/f^2-1/2*e^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(1+f*x/e)/f^2
-3/4*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f^2+3/2*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f^2-3/2*b*e^2*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f
^2-3/2*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x/e)/f^2+3*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
*polylog(3,-f*x/e)/f^2-3*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*polylog(4,-f*x/e)/f^2

```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1431 vs. $2(603) = 1206$.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1431, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```

output

```
(4*a^3*e*f*m*x - 18*a^2*b*e*f*m*n*x + 42*a*b^2*e*f*m*n^2*x - 45*b^3*e*f*m*
n^3*x - 2*a^3*f^2*m*x^2 + 6*a^2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2 - 9*a*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2 + 6*
b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2 + 12*a^2*b*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] - 36*a*b^2*e*f*m*n*x*Log[c
*x^n] + 42*b^3*e*f*m*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 6*a^2*b*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 12*
a*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 9*b^3*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*e
*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 18*b^3*e*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*a*b^2*f^2*m*x^2*Lo
g[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 -
2*b^3*f^2*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 4*a^3*e^2*m*Log[e + f*x] + 6*a^2*b*e^2*m*n
*Log[e + f*x] - 6*a*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*Log[e + f*x] + 3*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*Log[e + f
*x] + 12*a^2*b*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log
[e + f*x] + 6*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*m*n^2*Log[x
]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 6*b^3*e^2*m*n^3*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 4*b^3*e^2*m*n^3
*Log[x]^3*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a^2*b*e^2*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a*b^2
*e^2*m*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^3*e^2*m*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x]
+ 24*a*b^2*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 12*b^3*e^2*m*n^2*Log[x
]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 12*b^3*e^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e +
f*x] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*m*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 6*b^3*e^2*m*n*Log[c*x^n]
^2*Log[e + f*x] + 12*b^3*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 4*b^3*
e^2*m*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[e + f*x] + 4*a^3*f^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 6*a^2
*b*f^2*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*a*b^2*f^2*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-fm \int \left(-\frac{3b^3x^2n^3}{8(e+fx)} + \frac{3b^2x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{4(e+fx)} - \frac{3bx^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{4(e+fx)} + \frac{x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{2(e+fx)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m) - \frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx)^m) - \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$fm \left(-\frac{3b^2e^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2f^3} - \frac{3b^2e^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{f^3} + \frac{3b^2e^2n^2 \log}{f^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx)^m) -$$

$$\frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)$$

input Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]

output (-3*b^3*n^3*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/8 + (3*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/4 - (3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/4 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/2 - f*m*((-21*a*b^2*e*n^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (45*b^3*e*n^3*x)/(8*f^2) - (3*b^3*n^3*x^2)/(4*f) - (21*b^3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n])/(4*f^2) + (9*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*f) + (9*b*e*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f^2) - (3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f) - (e*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*f^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*f) - (3*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log[e + f*x])/(8*f^3) + (3*b^2*e^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(4*f^3) - (3*b*e^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(4*f^3) + (e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/(2*f^3) + (3*b^3*e^2*n^3*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/(4*f^3) - (3*b^2*e^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/(2*f^3) + (3*b*e^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)])/(2*f^3) + (3*b^3*e^2*n^3*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)])/(2*f^3) - (3*b^2*e^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)]/f^3 + (3*b^3*e^2*n^3*PolyLog[4, -((f*x)/e)]/f^3)

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19601, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.51

output too large to display

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*x*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/8*(2*(2*b^3*e*f*m*x - 2*b^3*e^2*m*log(f*x + e) - (f^2*m - 2*f^2*log(d))*
b^3*x^2)*log(x^n)^3 + (4*b^3*f^2*x^2*log(x^n)^3 + 6*(2*a*b^2*f^2 - (f^2*n
- 2*f^2*log(c))*b^3)*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(2*a^2*b*f^2 - 2*(f^2*n - 2*f^2*log
(c))*a*b^2 + (f^2*n^2 - 2*f^2*n*log(c) + 2*f^2*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^2*log(x^n
) + (4*a^3*f^2 - 6*(f^2*n - 2*f^2*log(c))*a^2*b + 6*(f^2*n^2 - 2*f^2*n*log
(c) + 2*f^2*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*f^2*n^3 - 6*f^2*n^2*log(c) + 6*f^2*n*log(
c)^2 - 4*f^2*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^2)*log((f*x + e)^m))/f^2 + integrate(-1/8*((
4*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*a^3 - 6*(f^3*m*n - 2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c
))*a^2*b + 6*(f^3*m*n^2 - 2*f^3*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(
c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*f^3*m*n^3 - 6*f^3*m*n^2*log(c) + 6*f^3*m*n*log(c)^2 - 4*(
f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^3 - 8*(b^3*e*f^2*log(c)^3*log(d) +
3*a*b^2*e*f^2*log(c)^2*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*e*f^2*log(c)*log(d) + a^3*e*f^2*log
(d))*x^2 + 6*(2*b^3*e^2*f*m*n*x + 2*((f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*a*b^2 - (f^3*
m*n - f^3*n*log(d) - (f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c))*b^3)*x^3 - (4*a*b^2*e*
f^2*log(d) - (e*f^2*m*n + 2*e*f^2*n*log(d) - 4*e*f^2*log(c)*log(d))*b^3)*x
^2 - 2*(b^3*e^2*f*m*n*x + b^3*e^3*m*n)*log(f*x + e))*log(x^n)^2 + 6*((2*(f
^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*a^2*b - 2*(f^3*m*n - 2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c))
*a*b^2 + (f^3*m*n^2 - 2*f^3*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f^3*m - 2*f^3*log(d))*log(c)^2
)*b^3)*x^3 - 4*(b^3*e*f^2*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*e*f^2*log(c)*log(d) +
a^2*b*e*f^2*log(d))*x^2)*log(x^n))/(f^3*x^2 + e*f^2*x), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int x \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(4*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)
**2/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**3*m*n - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**2
),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n**2 + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e**3*m
*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**3*m*n**2 + 6*int(log(x
**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n**3 + 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n
*c)**3*b**3*f**2*n*x**2 + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f**
2*n*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f**2*n**2*x**2 + 12*l
og((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f**2*n*x**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)
*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**2 + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**
3*f**2*n**3*x**2 - 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*e**2*n + 4*log((e + f*x)**m*
d)*a**3*f**2*n*x**2 + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*e**2*n**2 - 6*log((e +
f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*f**2*n**2*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*e**2*n**3
+ 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*f**2*n**3*x**2 + 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3
*e**2*n**4 - 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*f**2*n**4*x**2 - log(x**n*c)**4*b**
3*e**2*m - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*a*b**2*e**2*m + 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2*m*
n + 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*f*m*n*x - 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*f**2*m*n*x**2
- 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b*e**2*m + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2*m*n + 12*l
og(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*f*m*n*x - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 3
*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*m*n**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*f*m*n**2*x + 6
*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*f*m*n*x...
```

3.92 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$

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Mathematica [B] (verified)	739
Rubi [A] (verified)	740
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Fricas [F]	742
Sympy [F(-1)]	743
Maxima [F]	743
Giac [F]	744
Mupad [F(-1)]	745
Reduce [F]	745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 473

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = & -12ab^2mn^2x + 18b^3mn^3x \\
& - 6b^2mn^2(a - bn)x - 18b^3mn^2x \log(cx^n) \\
& + 6bmnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
& - mx(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
& + \frac{6b^2emn^2(a - bn) \log(e + fx)}{f} \\
& + 6ab^2n^2x \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
& - 6b^3n^3x \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
& + 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
& - 3bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
& + x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
& + \frac{6b^3emn^2 \log(cx^n) \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& - \frac{3bemn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& + \frac{em(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& + \frac{6b^3emn^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& - \frac{6b^2emn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& + \frac{3bemn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& + \frac{6b^3emn^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& - \frac{6b^2emn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f} \\
& + \frac{6b^3emn^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -\frac{fx}{e})}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-12*a*b^2*m*n^2*x+18*b^3*m*n^3*x-6*b^2*m*n^2*(-b*n+a)*x-18*b^3*m*n^2*x*ln(
c*x^n)+6*b*m*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+6*b^2*e*m*n^2*(-b
*n+a)*ln(f*x+e)/f+6*a*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-6*b^3*n^3*x*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m
)+6*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)-3*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*
x+e)^m)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)+6*b^3*e*m*n^2*ln(c*x^n)*ln(1+f
*x/e)/f-3*b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x/e)/f+e*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln
(1+f*x/e)/f+6*b^3*e*m*n^3*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f-6*b^2*e*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f+3*b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x/e)/f+6*b^
3*e*m*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x/e)/f-6*b^2*e*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x
/e)/f+6*b^3*e*m*n^3*polylog(4,-f*x/e)/f
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1122 vs. $2(473) = 946$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m],x]
```


output

```

(-(a^3*f*m*x) + 6*a^2*b*f*m*n*x - 18*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x + 24*b^3*f*m*n^3*x -
3*a^2*b*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - 18*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*
Log[c*x^n] - 3*a*b^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - b^3
*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 + a^3*e*m*Log[e + f*x] - 3*a^2*b*e*m*n*Log[e + f*x] +
6*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[e + f*x] - 3*a^2*b*e*m*n*
Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 6*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^3*e*m*n^3*
Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 3*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 3*b^3*e*m*n^
3*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] - b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]^3*Log[e + f*x] + 3*a^2*b*e*m*
Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*a*b^2*e*m*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 6*b^3*e*
m*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 6*a*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*
x] + 6*b^3*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 3*b^3*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2
*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 3*a*b^2*e*m*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 3*b^3*e*
m*n*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 3*b^3*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f
*x] + b^3*e*m*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[e + f*x] + a^3*f*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 3*a
^2*b*f*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*a*b^2*f*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 6*b^3
*f*n^3*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 3*a^2*b*f*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] -
6*a*b^2*f*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b^3*f*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log
[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 3*a*b^2*f*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 3*b^3*f*n*
x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b^3*f*x*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m
] + 3*a^2*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 6*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {2818, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx$$

↓ 2818

$$-fm \int \left(\frac{6n^2 x \log(cx^n) b^3}{e+fx} - \frac{6n^3 x b^3}{e+fx} + \frac{6an^2 x b^2}{e+fx} - \frac{3nx(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 b}{e+fx} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{e+fx} \right) dx +$$

$$6ab^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m) - 3bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m) +$$

$$x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m) + 6b^3 n^2 x \log(cx^n) \log(d(e+fx)^m) -$$

$$6b^3 n^3 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)$$

↓ 6

$$-fm \int \left(\frac{6n^2 x \log(cx^n) b^3}{e+fx} - \frac{3nx(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 b}{e+fx} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{e+fx} + \frac{(6ab^2 n^2 - 6b^3 n^3) x}{e+fx} \right) dx +$$

$$6ab^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m) - 3bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m) +$$

$$x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m) + 6b^3 n^2 x \log(cx^n) \log(d(e+fx)^m) -$$

$$6b^3 n^3 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$fm \left(\frac{6b^2 en^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} + \frac{6b^2 en^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} - \frac{6b^2 en^2 (a-bn)}{f^2} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{6ab^2 n^2 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{f^2} - \frac{3bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx)^m) + x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m) + 6b^3 n^2 x \log(cx^n) \log(d(e+fx)^m) - 6b^3 n^3 x \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{f^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m], x]`

output

```
6*a*b^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 6*b^3*n^3*x*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + 6*b^3*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 3*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - f*m*((12*a*b^2*n^2*x)/f - (18*b^3*n^3*x)/f + (6*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n)*x)/f + (18*b^3*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n])/f - (6*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/f - (6*b^2*e*n^2*(a - b*n)*Log[e + f*x])/f^2 - (6*b^3*e*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f^2 + (3*b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f^2 - (e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f^2 - (6*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(f*x)/e])/f^2 + (6*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(f*x)/e])/f^2 - (3*b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(f*x)/e])/f^2 - (6*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(f*x)/e])/f^2 + (6*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(f*x)/e])/f^2 - (6*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(f*x)/e])/f^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2818 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15385, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.53

output too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

((b^3*e*m*log(f*x + e) - (f*m - f*log(d))*b^3*x)*log(x^n)^3 + (b^3*f*x*log
(x^n)^3 - 3*((f*n - f*log(c))*b^3 - a*b^2*f)*x*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(2*(f*n - f*
log(c))*a*b^2 - (2*f*n^2 - 2*f*n*log(c) + f*log(c)^2)*b^3 - a^2*b*f)*x*log
(x^n) - (3*(f*n - f*log(c))*a^2*b - 3*(2*f*n^2 - 2*f*n*log(c) + f*log(c)^2
)*a*b^2 + (6*f*n^3 - 6*f*n^2*log(c) + 3*f*n*log(c)^2 - f*log(c)^3)*b^3 - a
^3*f)*x)*log((f*x + e)^m)/f - integrate((((f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*a^3 - 3*(f
^2*m*n - (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*f^2*m*n^2 - 2*f^2*m*n*log
(c) + (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (6*f^2*m*n^3 - 6*f^2*m*n^2*log
(c) + 3*f^2*m*n*log(c)^2 - (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^2 + 3*
(((f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*a*b^2 - (2*f^2*m*n - f^2*n*log(d) - (f^2*m - f^2*log
(d))*log(c))*b^3)*x^2 - (a*b^2*e*f*log(d) + (e*f*m*n - e*f*n*log(d) + e*f
*log(c)*log(d))*b^3)*x + (b^3*e*f*m*n*x + b^3*e^2*m*n)*log(f*x + e))*log(x
^n)^2 - (b^3*e*f*log(c)^3*log(d) + 3*a*b^2*e*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*e
*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^3*e*f*log(d))*x + 3*(((f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*a^2*b - 2*
(f^2*m*n - (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c))*a*b^2 + (2*f^2*m*n^2 - 2*f^2*m*n*log
(c) + (f^2*m - f^2*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^2 - (b^3*e*f*log(c)^2*log(d)
+ 2*a*b^2*e*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*b*e*f*log(d))*x)*log(x^n))/(f^2*x^2 + e
*f*x), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x + e)^m*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \int \ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 4*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e**2*m*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n**3 + 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*f*n*x + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f*n*x - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f*n**2*x + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f*n*x - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f*n**2*x + 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f*n**3*x + 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*e*n + 4*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*f*n*x - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*e*n**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*f*n**2*x + 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*e*n**3 + 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*f*n**3*x - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*e*n**4 - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*f*n**4*x + log(x**n*c)**4*b**3*e*m + 4*log(x**n*c)**3*a*b**2*e*m - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*m*n - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*f*m*n*x + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b*e*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*m*n - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f*m*n*x + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*m*n**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f*m*n**2*x - 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f*m*n*x + 48*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f*m*n**2*x - 72*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f*m*n**3*x - 4*a**3*f*m*n*x + 24*a**2*b*f*m*n**2*x - 72*a*b**2*f*m*n**3*x + 96*b**3*f*m*n**4*x)/(4*f*n)
```

3.93 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [B] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	749
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	752
Fricas [F]	752
Sympy [F(-1)]	752
Maxima [F]	753
Giac [F]	753
Mupad [F(-1)]	754
Reduce [F]	754

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{m(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(1 + \frac{fx}{e})}{4bn} - m(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) + 3bmn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) - 6b^2mn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) + 6b^3mn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/b/n-1/4*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(1+f*x/e)/b/n-m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-f*x/e)+3*b*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-f*x/e)-6*b^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-f*x/e)+6*b^3*m*n^3*polylog(5,-f*x/e)
```


Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 602 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx \\
 &= a^3 \log(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{3}{2} a^2 b n \log^2(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &+ ab^2 n^2 \log^3(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - \frac{1}{4} b^3 n^3 \log^4(x) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &+ 3a^2 b \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - 3ab^2 n \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &+ b^3 n^2 \log^3(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) + 3ab^2 \log(x) \log^2(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &- \frac{3}{2} b^3 n \log^2(x) \log^2(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) \\
 &+ b^3 \log(x) \log^3(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx)^m) - a^3 m \log(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &+ \frac{3}{2} a^2 b m n \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) - ab^2 m n^2 \log^3(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &+ \frac{1}{4} b^3 m n^3 \log^4(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) - 3a^2 b m \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &+ 3ab^2 m n \log^2(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) - b^3 m n^2 \log^3(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &- 3ab^2 m \log(x) \log^2(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) + \frac{3}{2} b^3 m n \log^2(x) \log^2(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &- b^3 m \log(x) \log^3(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx}{e}\right) - m(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &+ 3bmn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) - 6ab^2 m n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) \\
 &- 6b^3 m n^2 \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) + 6b^3 m n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x,x]`

output

```

a^3*Log[x]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - (3*a^2*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/2
+ a*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - (b^3*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[d*(e + f*x)
)^m])/4 + 3*a^2*b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - 3*a*b^2*n*Log[x]^
2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] + b^3*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f
*x)^m] + 3*a*b^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m] - (3*b^3*n*Log[x]^
2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/2 + b^3*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[d*(e +
f*x)^m] - a^3*m*Log[x]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + (3*a^2*b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (f
*x)/e])/2 - a*b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + (b^3*m*n^3*Log[x]^4*Lo
g[1 + (f*x)/e])/4 - 3*a^2*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + 3*a*b^2
*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - b^3*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*
Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - 3*a*b^2*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] + (3*b^3
*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/2 - b^3*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3
*Log[1 + (f*x)/e] - m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)] + 3*b*m*
n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)] - 6*a*b^2*m*n^2*PolyLog[4, -
((f*x)/e)] - 6*b^3*m*n^2*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[4, -((f*x)/e)] + 6*b^3*m*n^3*P
olyLog[5, -((f*x)/e)]

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {2822, 2754, 2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{fm \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{e+fx} dx}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2754} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{f} - \frac{4bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(\frac{fx}{e} + 1\right) dx}{f^x}}{f^x} \right)}{4bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{f m \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - \frac{4bn \left(3bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{x} dx - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right)}{4bn}$$

$$\frac{f m \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - \frac{4bn \left(3bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right)}{4bn}$$

$$\frac{f m \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - \frac{4bn \left(3bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right)}{f} \right)}{4bn}$$

$$\frac{f m \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{f} - \frac{4bn \left(3bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bn \left(\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{fx}{e}\right) \right) \right)}{f} \right)}{4bn}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m]/(4*b*n) - (f*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[1 + (f*x)/e])/f - (4*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -((f*x)/e)]) + 3*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x)/e)] - 2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -((f*x)/e)] - b*n*PolyLog[5, -((f*x)/e)])))/f)/(4*b*n)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2754 $\text{Int}[\left((a_{.}) + \text{Log}[(c_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.})}]* (b_{.})\right)^{(p_{.})}/((d_{.}) + (e_{.})*(x_{.})), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[1 + e*(x/d)]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p/e, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/e) \text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + e*(x/d)]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)}/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 2821 $\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_{.})*((e_{.}) + (f_{.})*(x_{.})^{(m_{.})})]* (a_{.}) + \text{Log}[(c_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.})}]* (b_{.})\right)^{(p_{.})}/(x_{.}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p/m, x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/m) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)}/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]$

rule 2822 $\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_{.})*((e_{.}) + (f_{.})*(x_{.})^{(m_{.})})\right]^{(r_{.})}* (a_{.}) + \text{Log}[(c_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.})}]* (b_{.})\right)^{(p_{.})}/(x_{.}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p+1)}/(b*n*(p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m-1)}*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p+1)}/(e + f*x^m), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[d*e, 1]$

rule 2830 $\text{Int}[\left(\left((a_{.}) + \text{Log}[(c_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.})}]* (b_{.})\right)^{(p_{.})}*\text{PolyLog}[k_{.}, (e_{.})*(x_{.})^{(q_{.})}\right)]/(x_{.}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[k+1, e*x^q]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p/q, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/q) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[k+1, e*x^q]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)}/x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, e, k, n, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 7143 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_{.}, (c_{.})*((a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.}))^{(p_{.})}]/((d_{.}) + (e_{.})*(x_{.})), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n+1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 281.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15171, normalized size of antiderivative = 94.23

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	15171

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(b^3*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*b^3*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*n*log(c) + a^2*b*n)*log(x)^2 + 6*(b^3*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*log(c) + a*b^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*n*log(c) + a*b^2*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) - 4*(b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(x))*log((f*x + e)^m) - integrate(-1/4*(b^3*f*m*n^3*x*log(x)^4 + 4*b^3*e*log(c)^3*log(d) + 12*a*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 12*a^2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a^3*e*log(d) - 4*(b^3*f*m*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*n^2)*x*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*f*m*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*f*m*n*log(c) + a^2*b*f*m*n)*x*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^3*f*m*x*log(x) - b^3*f*x*log(d) - b^3*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*f*m*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*f*m*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*f*m*log(c) + a^3*f*m)*x*log(x) + 6*(b^3*f*m*n*x*log(x)^2 + 2*b^3*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*e*log(d) - 2*(b^3*f*m*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m)*x*log(x) + 2*(b^3*f*log(c)*log(d) + a*b^2*f*log(d))*x)*log(x^n)^2 + 4*(b^3*f*log(c)^3*log(d) + 3*a*b^2*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^3*f*log(d))*x - 4*(b^3*f*m*n^2*x*log(x)^3 - 3*b^3*e*log(c)^2*log(d) - 6*a*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) - 3*a^2*b*e*log(d) - 3*(b^3*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*n)*x*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*f*m*log(c) + a^2*b*f*m)*x*log(x) - 3*(b^3*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*b*f*log(d))*x)*log(x^n))/(f*x^2 + e*x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d)}{f x^2 + e x} dx \right) a^3 e m + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 m + 6 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 m + 6 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b m + 6 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx+e)^m d)}{x} dx \right) a^3 m}{2m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((e + f*x)**m*d)/(e*x + f*x**2),x)*a**3*e*m + 2*int((log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3*m + 6*int((log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2*m + 6*int((log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b*m + log((e + f*x)**m*d)**2*a**3)/(2*m)`

3.94 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 411

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3 fmn^3 \log(x)}{e} - \frac{6b^2 fmn^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e}$$

$$- \frac{3bfmn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{e} - \frac{fm \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{e}$$

$$- \frac{6b^3 fmn^3 \log(e + fx)}{e} - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x}$$

$$- \frac{6b^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x} + \frac{6b^3 fmn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{6b^2 fmn^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{3bfmn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e} + \frac{6b^3 fmn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e}$$

$$+ \frac{6b^2 fmn^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e} + \frac{6b^3 fmn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
6*b^3*f*m*n^3*ln(x)/e-6*b^2*f*m*n^2*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-3*b*f*m*
n*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-f*m*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e-6*b^
3*f*m*n^3*ln(f*x+e)/e-6*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x-6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x+6*b^3*f*m*n^3*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e+6*b^2*f*m*n^2*(a
+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e+3*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e
/f/x)/e+6*b^3*f*m*n^3*polylog(3,-e/f/x)/e+6*b^2*f*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*po
lylog(3,-e/f/x)/e+6*b^3*f*m*n^3*polylog(4,-e/f/x)/e
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1347 vs. $2(411) = 822$.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1347, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/4*(-4*a^3*f*m*x*Log[x] - 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x*Log[x] - 24*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x] - 24*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x] + 6*a^2*b*f*m*n*x*Log[x]^2 + 12*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2 + 12*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x]^2 - 4*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^3 - 4*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x]^3 + b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x]^4 - 12*a^2*b*f*m*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 24*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*f*m*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 12*b^3*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*f*m*n*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 4*b^3*f*m*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 4*a^3*f*m*x*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x*Log[e + f*x] + 24*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[e + f*x] + 24*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 24*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 24*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 12*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 4*b^3*f*m*n^3*x*Log[x]^3*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a^2*b*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 24*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 24*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*b^3*f*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a*b^2*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 12*b^3*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 12*b^3*f*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x] + 4*b^3*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[e + f*x] + 4*a^3*e*L...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -fm \int \left(-\frac{6b^3n^3}{x(e+fx)} - \frac{6b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{x(e+fx)} - \frac{3b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{x(e+fx)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x(e+fx)} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{6b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{3bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} - \\
 & \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{6b^3n^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{6b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} - \\
 & fm \left(-\frac{6b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e} - \frac{6b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{6b^2n^2 \log\left(\frac{e}{fx} + \right)}{x} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{3bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} - \frac{6b^3n^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^2,x]`

output `(-6*b^3*n^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - (6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x - f*m*((-6*b^3*n^3*Log[x])/e + (6*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e + (3*b*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/e + (Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/e + (6*b^3*n^3*Log[e + f*x])/e - (6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/e - (6*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(e/(f*x))])/e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 181.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16533, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.23

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	16533

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**2,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-((b^3*f*m*x*log(f*x + e) - b^3*f*m*x*log(x) + b^3*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^3 +
(b^3*e*log(x^n)^3 + 3*(e*n + e*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*e*n^2 + 2*e*n*log(c) +
e*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (6*e*n^3 + 6*e*n^2*log(c) + 3*e*n*log(c)^2 + e*log(c)
^3)*b^3 + a^3*e + 3*((e*n + e*log(c))*b^3 + a*b^2*e)*log(x^n)^2 + 3*(2*(e
n + e*log(c))*a*b^2 + (2*e*n^2 + 2*e*n*log(c) + e*log(c)^2)*b^3 + a^2*b*e)
*log(x^n))*log((f*x + e)^m)/(e*x) + integrate((b^3*e^2*log(c)^3*log(d) +
3*a*b^2*e^2*log(c)^2*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*e^2*log(c)*log(d) + a^3*e^2*log(d) +
3*(a*b^2*e^2*log(d) + (e^2*n*log(d) + e^2*log(c)*log(d))*b^3 + ((e*f*m +
e*f*log(d))*a*b^2 + (e*f*m*n + e*f*n*log(d) + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c))
*b^3)*x + (b^3*f^2*m*n*x^2 + b^3*e*f*m*n*x)*log(f*x + e) - (b^3*f^2*m*n*x^
2 + b^3*e*f*m*n*x)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 + ((e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*a^3 + 3*(e*f
*m*n + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*e*f*m*n^2 + 2*e*f*m*n*log
(c) + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (6*e*f*m*n^3 + 6*e*f*m*n^2*lo
g(c) + 3*e*f*m*n*log(c)^2 + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x + 3*(b^3
*e^2*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*e^2*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*b*e^2*log(d) + ((e
f*m + e*f*log(d))*a^2*b + 2*(e*f*m*n + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b^2
+ (2*e*f*m*n^2 + 2*e*f*m*n*log(c) + (e*f*m + e*f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x)
*log(x^n))/(e*f*x^3 + e^2*x^2), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e**x**2 + f*x**3),x)*b**3*e**2*m*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**x**2 + f*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**x**2 + f*x**3),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**x**2 + f*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e**2*m*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**x**2 + f*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**x**2 + f*x**3),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n**2*x - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e - 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e - 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*n - 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*n - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*n**2 - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*e - log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*f*x - 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*e*n - 3*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*f*n*x - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*e*n**2 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*f*n**2*x - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*e*n**3 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*f*n**3*x - log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*m - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*m - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*m*n - 3*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*m - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*m*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*m*n**2 + log(x)*a**3*f*m*x + 3*log(x)*a**2*b*f*m*n*x + 6*log(x)*a*b**2*f*m*n**2*x + 6*log(x)*b**3*f*m*n**3*x - 3*a**2*b*e*m*n - 12*a*b**2*e*m*n**2 - 18*b**3*e*m*n**3)/(e*x)
```

3.95 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	763
Mathematica [B] (verified)	764
Rubi [A] (verified)	765
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	767
Fricas [F]	767
Sympy [F(-1)]	768
Maxima [F]	768
Giac [F]	769
Mupad [F(-1)]	770
Reduce [F]	770

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 555

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx \\
 = & -\frac{45b^3 fmn^3}{8ex} - \frac{3b^3 f^2 mn^3 \log(x)}{8e^2} - \frac{21b^2 fmn^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4ex} \\
 & + \frac{3b^2 f^2 mn^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^2} - \frac{9bfmn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4ex} \\
 & + \frac{3bf^2 mn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^2} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2ex} \\
 & + \frac{f^2 m \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} + \frac{3b^3 f^2 mn^3 \log(e + fx)}{8e^2} \\
 & - \frac{3b^3 n^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{8x^2} - \frac{3b^2 n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4x^2} \\
 & - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{2x^2} \\
 & - \frac{3b^3 f^2 mn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{4e^2} - \frac{3b^2 f^2 mn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{2e^2} \\
 & - \frac{3bf^2 mn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{2e^2} - \frac{3b^3 f^2 mn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{2e^2} \\
 & - \frac{3b^2 f^2 mn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{3b^3 f^2 mn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-45/8*b^3*f*m*n^3/e/x-3/8*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*ln(x)/e^2-21/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))/e/x+3/4*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-9/4*b*f*m*n
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x+3/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2-1/2
*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e/x+1/2*f^2*m*ln(1+e/f/x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^2+3/8
*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*ln(f*x+e)/e^2-3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2-3/4*b^2*n^2*(
a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2-3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x+e)^
m)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^2-3/4*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*polylog
(2,-e/f/x)/e^2-3/2*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e^2-3/2
*b*f^2*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e/f/x)/e^2-3/2*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*polyl
og(3,-e/f/x)/e^2-3*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e/f/x)/e^2-3*b
^3*f^2*m*n^3*polylog(4,-e/f/x)/e^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1736 vs. $2(555) = 1110$.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1736, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/8*(4*a^3*e*f*m*x + 18*a^2*b*e*f*m*n*x + 42*a*b^2*e*f*m*n^2*x + 45*b^3*e
*f*m*n^3*x + 4*a^3*f^2*m*x^2*Log[x] + 6*a^2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2
*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x] + 3*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x] - 6*a^2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*L
og[x]^2 - 6*a*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^2 +
4*a*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3 + 2*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^3 - b^3*f^2*m*
n^3*x^2*Log[x]^4 + 12*a^2*b*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 36*a*b^2*e*f*m*n*x*Log[c*
x^n] + 42*b^3*e*f*m*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a^2*b*f^2*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n
] + 12*a*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^3*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Lo
g[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b^3*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*
Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^3*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*e
*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 18*b^3*e*f*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 12*a*b^2*f^2*m*x^2*L
og[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*f^2*m*n
*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*e*f*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 4*b^3*f^2*m*x^2*
Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3 - 4*a^3*f^2*m*x^2*Log[e + f*x] - 6*a^2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*L
og[e + f*x] - 6*a*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[e + f*x] - 3*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log
[e + f*x] + 12*a^2*b*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 12*a*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*
x^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] + 6*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a*b
^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x] - 6*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[
e + f*x] + 4*b^3*f^2*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^3*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a^2*b*f^2*m*x^2*
Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] - 12*a*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x] ...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -fm \int \left(-\frac{3b^3n^3}{8x^2(e+fx)} - \frac{3b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{4x^2(e+fx)} - \frac{3b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{4x^2(e+fx)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2(e+fx)} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{3b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{3bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)} - \frac{4x^2}{8x^2} \\
 & \frac{3b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{4x^2} \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & fm \left(\frac{3b^2fn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{3b^2fn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^2} - \frac{3b^2fn^2 \log\left(\frac{e}{fx}\right)}{2x^2} \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{3bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^3n^3\log(d(e+fx)^m)}{8x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/x^3,x]`

output `(-3*b^3*n^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(8*x^2) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(4*x^2) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x)^m])/(2*x^2) - f*m*((45*b^3*n^3)/(8*e*x) + (3*b^3*f*n^3*Log[x])/(8*e^2) + (21*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e*x) - (3*b^2*f*n^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e^2) + (9*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e*x) - (3*b*f*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e^2) + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/(2*e*x) - (f*Log[1 + e/(f*x)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*e^2) - (3*b^3*f*n^3*Log[e + f*x])/(8*e^2) + (3*b^3*f*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/(4*e^2) + (3*b^2*f*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/(2*e^2) + (3*b*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x))])/(2*e^2) + (3*b^3*f*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/(2*e^2) + (3*b^2*f*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x))])/e^2 + (3*b^3*f*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(e/(f*x))])/e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 175.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21008, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.85

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	21008

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x+e)**m)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/8*(4*(b^3*f^2*m*x^2*log(f*x + e) - b^3*f^2*m*x^2*log(x) - b^3*e*f*m*x -
b^3*e^2*log(d))*log(x^n)^3 - (4*b^3*e^2*log(x^n)^3 + 4*a^3*e^2 + 6*(e^2*n
+ 2*e^2*log(c))*a^2*b + 6*(e^2*n^2 + 2*e^2*n*log(c) + 2*e^2*log(c)^2)*a*b^
2 + (3*e^2*n^3 + 6*e^2*n^2*log(c) + 6*e^2*n*log(c)^2 + 4*e^2*log(c)^3)*b^3
+ 6*(2*a*b^2*e^2 + (e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*b^3)*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(2*a^2*b*e^
2 + 2*(e^2*n + 2*e^2*log(c))*a*b^2 + (e^2*n^2 + 2*e^2*n*log(c) + 2*e^2*log
(c)^2)*b^3)*log(x^n)*log((f*x + e)^m)/(e^2*x^2) - integrate(-1/8*(8*b^3*
e^3*log(c)^3*log(d) + 24*a*b^2*e^3*log(c)^2*log(d) + 24*a^2*b*e^3*log(c)*l
og(d) + 8*a^3*e^3*log(d) + 6*(2*b^3*e*f^2*m*n*x^2 + 4*a*b^2*e^3*log(d) + 2
*(e^3*n*log(d) + 2*e^3*log(c)*log(d))*b^3 + (2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*
a*b^2 + (3*e^2*f*m*n + 2*e^2*f*n*log(d) + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log
(c))*b^3)*x - 2*(b^3*f^3*m*n*x^3 + b^3*e*f^2*m*n*x^2)*log(f*x + e) + 2*(b^
3*f^3*m*n*x^3 + b^3*e*f^2*m*n*x^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 + (4*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^
2*f*log(d))*a^3 + 6*(e^2*f*m*n + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log(c))*a^2*
b + 6*(e^2*f*m*n^2 + 2*e^2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log
(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (3*e^2*f*m*n^3 + 6*e^2*f*m*n^2*log(c) + 6*e^2*f*m*n*log(c)^
2 + 4*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x + 6*(4*b^3*e^3*log(c)^2*
log(d) + 8*a*b^2*e^3*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a^2*b*e^3*log(d) + (2*(e^2*f*m + 2*
e^2*f*log(d))*a^2*b + 2*(e^2*f*m*n + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))*log(c))*
a*b^2 + (e^2*f*m*n^2 + 2*e^2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(e^2*f*m + 2*e^2*f*log(d))...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*b**3*e**3*m*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**3*m*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*a**2*b*e**3*m*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**3*m*n*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**4),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n**2*x**2 - 8*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2 - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*n - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2 - 24*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**2*n - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*n**2 - 8*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*e**2 + 8*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**3*f**2*x**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*e**2*n + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a**2*b*f**2*n*x**2 - 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*e**2*n**2 + 12*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*a*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*e**2*n**3 + 6*log((e + f*x)**m*d)*b**3*f**2*n**3*x**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*m*n - 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2*m - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*m*n**2 - 8*log(x)*a**3*f**2*m*x**2 - 12*log(x)*a**2*b*f**2*m*n*x**2 - 12*log(x)*a*b**2*f**2*m*n**2*x**2 - 6*log(x)*b**3*f**2*m*n**3*x**2 - 8*a**3*e*f*m*x - 6*a**2*b*e**2*m*n - 12*a**2*b*e*f*m*n*x - 12*a*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - 12*a*b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x - 9*b**3*e**2*m*n**3 - 6*b**3*...
```


3.96 $\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	772
Mathematica [C] (verified)	773
Rubi [A] (verified)	773
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	775
Fricas [F]	776
Sympy [F(-1)]	776
Maxima [F]	776
Giac [F]	777
Mupad [F(-1)]	777
Reduce [F]	777

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 221

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\ &= -\frac{3bemnx^2}{16f} + \frac{1}{16}bmnx^4 + \frac{emx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f} - \frac{1}{8}mx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\ &+ \frac{be^2mn \log(e + fx^2)}{16f^2} + \frac{be^2mn \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^2)}{8f^2} \\ &- \frac{e^2m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^2)}{4f^2} - \frac{1}{16}bnx^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\ &+ \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{be^2mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{8f^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3/16*b*e*m*n*x^2/f+1/16*b*m*n*x^4+1/4*e*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-1/8*m*x^4
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/16*b*e^2*m*n*ln(f*x^2+e)/f^2+1/8*b*e^2*m*n*ln(-f*x^2/e)
*ln(f*x^2+e)/f^2-1/4*e^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x^2+e)/f^2-1/16*b*n*x^4*ln
(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*x^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/8*b*e^2*m*n*po
lylog(2,1+f*x^2/e)/f^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx =$$

$$-4aefmx^2 + 3befmnx^2 + 2af^2mx^4 - bf^2mnx^4 - 4befmx^2 \log(cx^n) + 2bf^2mx^4 \log(cx^n) + 4be^2mn$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
-1/16*(-4*a*e*f*m*x^2 + 3*b*e*f*m*n*x^2 + 2*a*f^2*m*x^4 - b*f^2*m*n*x^4 -
4*b*e*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*f^2*m*x^4*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*L
og[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b*e^2*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[e]] + 4*a*e^2*m*Log[e + f*x^2] - b*e^2*m*n*Log[e + f*x^2] - 4*b*e^2*m*
n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 4*b*e^2*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 4*a*f^2*x^
4*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b*f^2*m*x^4*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 4*b*f^2*x^4*L
og[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 4*b*e^2*m*n*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[e]] + 4*b*e^2*m*n*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{mx^3}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) x^3 + \frac{emx}{4f} - \frac{e^2m \log(fx^2 + e)}{4f^2x} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{e^2m \log(e + fx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{emx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f} - \frac{1}{8}mx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{e^2m \log(e + fx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{emx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f} - \frac{1}{8}mx^4(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(\frac{1}{16}x^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{e^2m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)}{8f^2} - \frac{e^2m \log(e + fx^2)}{16f^2} - \frac{e^2m \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^2)}{8f^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]`

output `(e*m*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*f) - (m*x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 - (e^2*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^2])/(4*f^2) + (x^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/4 - b*n*((3*e*m*x^2)/(16*f) - (m*x^4)/16 - (e^2*m*Log[e + f*x^2])/(16*f^2) - (e^2*m*Log[-((f*x^2)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^2])/(8*f^2) + (x^4*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/16 - (e^2*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(8*f^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b\log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^3*log(c*x^n) + a*x^3)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b\log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(4*b*x^4*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 4*log(c)) - 4*a)*x^4)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) + integrate(-1/8*((4*(f*m - 2*f*log(d))*a - (f*m*n - 4*(f*m - 2*f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^5 - 8*(b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d))*x^3 + 4*((f*m - 2*f*log(d))*b*x^5 - 2*b*e*x^3*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^2 + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^3*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int x^3 \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a+b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^3*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^3 + e x} dx \right) b e^3 m n + 4 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b f^2 n x^4 - 4 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e^2 n + 4 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e^2 n + 4 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e^2 n}{1}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(8*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*b*e**3*m*n + 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)
*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*n*x**4 - 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*e**2*n + 4*log((e
+ f*x**2)**m*d)*a*f**2*n*x**4 + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*e**2*n**2 - log((
e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*f**2*n**2*x**4 - 4*log(x**n*c)**2*b*e**2*m + 4*log(x**
n*c)*b*e*f*m*n*x**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*m*n*x**4 + 4*a*e*f*m*n*x**2 - 2
*a*f**2*m*n*x**4 - 3*b*e*f*m*n**2*x**2 + b*f**2*m*n**2*x**4)/(16*f**2*n)
```

3.97 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	779
Mathematica [C] (verified)	780
Rubi [A] (verified)	780
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	781
Fricas [F]	782
Sympy [F(-1)]	783
Maxima [F]	783
Giac [F]	783
Mupad [F(-1)]	784
Reduce [F]	784

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b m n x^2 - \frac{1}{2} m x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{b n (e + fx^2) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4f}$$

$$- \frac{b e n \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4f}$$

$$+ \frac{(e + fx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2f} - \frac{b e m n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f}$$

output

```
1/2*b*m*n*x^2-1/2*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/4*b*n*(f*x^2+e)*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/f-1/4*b*e*n*ln(-f*x^2/e)*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/f+1/2*(f*x^2+e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/f-1/4*b*e*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^2/e)/f
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2afmx^2 + 2bfmnx^2 - 2bfmx^2 \log(cx^n) + 2bemn \log(x) \log\left(1 - \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) + 2bemn \log(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{4f}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*f*m*x^2 + 2*b*f*m*n*x^2 - 2*b*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*
Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - b*e*m*n*Log[e + f*x^2] - 2*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*a*e*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*a*f*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - b*f*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b*f*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b*e*m*n*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*e*m*n*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(4*f)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{(fx^2 + e) \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{2fx} - \frac{mx}{2} \right) dx + \frac{(e + fx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2f} - \frac{1}{2}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{(e + fx^2)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2f} - \frac{1}{2}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
 & bn \left(\frac{(e + fx^2) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4f} + \frac{e \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4f} + \frac{em \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)}{4f} - \frac{mx^2}{2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]`

output `-1/2*(m*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) + ((e + f*x^2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(2*f) - b*n*(-1/2*(m*x^2) + ((e + f*x^2)*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(4*f) + (e*Log[-((f*x^2)/e)]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(4*f) + (e*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(4*f))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 46.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 828, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.59

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	828

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(1/2*b*x^2*ln(x^n)+1/4*x^2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)-n*b+2*a))*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*x^2+b*x^2*ln(x^n)-1/2*b*n*x^2)+1/4*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/4*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/4*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/4*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/2*x^2*ln(c)*b*m+1/2*b*m*n*x^2-1/2*x^2*a*m-1/4*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m*x^2*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/4*I*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*b*ln(c)-1/4*m/f*b*n*e*ln(f*x^2+e)+1/2*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*a-1/2*m*b*ln(x^n)*x^2+1/2*m/f*b*ln(x^n)*e*ln(f*x^2+e)+1/2*m/f*b*n*e*ln(x)*ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+1/2*m/f*b*n*e*ln(x)*ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/2*m/f*b*n*e*ln(x)*ln(f*x^2+e)+1/2*m/f*b*n*e*dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+1/2*m/f*b*n*e*dilog((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b*x^2*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a)*x^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) +
integrate(-1/2*((2*(f*m - f*log(d))*a - (f*m*n - 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))
)*b)*x^3 - 2*(b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d))*x + 2*((f*m - f*log(d))*b*x
^3 - b*e*x*log(d))*log(x^n)/(f*x^2 + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int x \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^3 + e} dx \right) b e^2 m n + 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b f n x^2 + 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e n + 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e n + 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e n}{4 f n}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `(- 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*b*e**2*m*n + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f*n*x**2 + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*e*n + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*f*n*x**2 - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*e*n**2 - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*f*n**2*x**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b*e*m - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*f*m*n*x**2 - 2*a*f*m*n*x**2 + 2*b*f*m*n**2*x**2)/(4*f*n)`

3.98
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	785
Mathematica [C] (verified)	786
Rubi [A] (verified)	787
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	789
Fricas [F]	790
Sympy [F(-1)]	790
Maxima [F]	791
Giac [F]	791
Mupad [F(-1)]	792
Reduce [F]	792

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2bn} - \frac{m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{2bn} - \frac{1}{2}m(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) + \frac{1}{4}bmn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)$$

output `1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/b/n-1/2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/b/n-1/2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)+1/4*b*m*n*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(bmn \log^2(x) \log\left(1 - \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \right. \\
- 2bm \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 - \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \\
+ bmn \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \\
- 2bm \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log\left(1 + \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \\
- bn \log^2(x) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
+ a \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
+ 2b \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
- 2bm \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \\
- 2bm \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \\
+ am \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \\
+ 2bmn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \\
\left. + 2bmn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x,x]
```

output

```
(b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + a*Log[-((f*x^2)/e)]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*b*m*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b*m*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + a*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^2)/e] + 2*b*m*n*PolyLog[3, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*m*n*PolyLog[3, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2bn} - \frac{fm \int \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fx^2+e} dx}{bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{2f} - \frac{bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right) dx}{f^x} \right)}{bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{f m \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{f x^2}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2f} - \frac{bn \left(\frac{1}{2} bn f \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f x^2}{e}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f x^2}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{f} \right)}{bn}$$

\downarrow 7143

$$\frac{f m \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{f x^2}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2f} - \frac{bn \left(\frac{1}{4} bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f x^2}{e}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f x^2}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{f} \right)}{bn}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(2*b*n) - (f*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(2*f) - (b*n*(-1/2*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x^2)/e)]) + (b*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*x^2)/e)]/4))/f))/(b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] & & EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x^p)/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 18.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 649, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{nb \ln(x)^2 \ln((f x^2 + e)^m)}{2} - \frac{nbm \ln(x)^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{f x^2}{e}\right)}{2} - \frac{nbm \ln(x) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{f x^2}{e}\right)}{2} + \frac{bmn \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{f x^2}{e}\right)}{4} + \frac{(\ln((f x^2 + e)^m))^2}{2}$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2*n*b*ln(x)^2*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)-1/2*n*b*m*ln(x)^2*ln(1+f*x^2/e)-1/2*n*b*m*
ln(x)*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)+1/4*b*m*n*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)+1/2*(ln((f*x^2+e)^
m)-m*ln(f*x^2+e))*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(
I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*b*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))+2*a)*ln(x)+1/2*m*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*
csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c
*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*b*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))+2
*a)*(ln(x)*ln(f*x^2+e)-2*f*(1/2*ln(x)*(ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2)))/(-e*f)^(1/2)
)+ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2)))/(-e*f)^(1/2)))/f+1/2*(dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2)))/(-
e*f)^(1/2))+dilog((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2)))/(-e*f)^(1/2))/f))+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*
d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(
f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*P
i*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(I*Pi*ln(x)*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^
n)^2+I*Pi*ln(x)*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*ln(x)*a+2*ln(c)*b*ln(x)+b/n*
ln(x^n)^2-I*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-I*ln(x)*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x
^n)*csgn(I*c))

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) - integrate(-(b*f*m*n*x^2*log(x)^2 + b*e*log(c)*log(d) - 2*(b*f*m*log(c) + a*f*m)*x^2*log(x) + (b*f*log(c)*log(d) + a*f*log(d))*x^2 + a*e*log(d) - (2*b*f*m*x^2*log(x) - b*f*x^2*log(d) - b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^3 + e*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d)}{fx^3+ex} dx \right) aem + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) bm + \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)^2 a}{4m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x)`

output `(4*int(log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a*e*m + 4*int((log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b*m + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)**2*a)/(4*m)`

3.99 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	798
Reduce [F]	798

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 195

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx \\ &= \frac{bfmn \log(x)}{2e} - \frac{bfmn \log^2(x)}{2e} + \frac{fm \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} \\ & \quad - \frac{bfmn \log(e + fx^2)}{4e} + \frac{bfmn \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^2)}{4e} \\ & \quad - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^2)}{2e} - \frac{bn \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} + \frac{bfmn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4e} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*b*f*m*n*ln(x)/e-1/2*b*f*m*n*ln(x)^2/e+f*m*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/4*
b*f*m*n*ln(f*x^2+e)/e+1/4*b*f*m*n*ln(-f*x^2/e)*ln(f*x^2+e)/e-1/2*f*m*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x^2+e)/e-1/4*b*n*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2+1/4*b*f*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^2/e)/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-4afmx^2 \log(x) - 2bfmnx^2 \log(x) + 2bfmnx^2 \log^2(x) - 4bfmx^2 \log(x) \log(cx^n) + 2bfmnx^2 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(-4*a*f*m*x^2*Log[x] - 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x] + 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2
- 4*b*f*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*
x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*a*f*
m*x^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[e + f*x^2] - 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*L
og[e + f*x^2] + 2*b*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*a*e*Log[d*(e + f
*x^2)^m] + b*e*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)
^m] + 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*f*m*n*x^2*P
olyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(e*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{fm \log(x)}{ex} - \frac{fm \log(fx^2 + e)}{2ex} - \frac{\log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{2x^3} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} + \frac{fm \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\frac{2e}{fm \log(e + fx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))}} - \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} + \frac{fm \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\frac{2e}{fm \log(e + fx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))}} - \\
& bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{fm \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)}{4e} + \frac{fm \log(e + fx^2)}{4e} - \frac{fm \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^2)}{4e} + \frac{fm}{4e} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^3,x]`

output `(f*m*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e - (f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^2])/(2*e) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(2*x^2) - b*n*(-1/2*(f*m*Log[x])/e + (f*m*Log[x]^2)/(2*e) + (f*m*Log[e + f*x^2])/(4*e) - (f*m*Log[-((f*x^2)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^2])/(4*e) + Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/(4*x^2) - (f*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(4*e))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 19.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 862, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	862

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/2*b/x^2*\ln(x^n)-1/4*(I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2-I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c)-I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^3+I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2 \\ & * \text{csgn}(I*c)+2*b*\ln(c)+n*b+2*a)/x^2)*\ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*\text{Pi}*\text{csgn}(I*d)*\text{csgn}(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*\text{csgn}(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*\text{Pi}*\text{csgn}(I*d)*\text{csgn}(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*\text{Pi}*\text{csgn}(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*\text{csgn}(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*\text{Pi}*\text{csgn}(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*\ln(d))*(-1/2*(I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2-I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c)-I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^3+I*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2*\text{csgn}(I*c)+2*b*\ln(c)+2*a)/x^2-b/x^2*\ln(x^n)-1/2*b*n/x^2)-1/4 \\ & *I*m*f/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2+1/2*I*m*f/e*\ln(x)*\text{Pi} \\ & *b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2*\text{csgn}(I*c)+1/4*I*m*f/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^3- \\ & 1/4*I*m*f/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2*\text{csgn}(I*c)+m*f/e*\ln(x)*b*\ln(c) \\ & +1/2*b*f*m*n*\ln(x)/e+m*f/e*\ln(x)*a+1/2*I*m*f/e*\ln(x)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^2+1/4*I*m*f/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c)-1/2*I*m*f/e*\ln(x)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)^3-1/2*I*m*f/e*\ln(x)*\text{Pi}*b*\text{csgn}(I*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c*x^n)*\text{csgn}(I*c)-1/2*m*f/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)*b*\ln(c)-1/4*b*f*m*n*\ln(f*x^2+e)/e-1/2*m*f/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)*a+m*f*b*\ln(x^n)/e*\ln(x)-1/2*m*f*b*\ln(x^n)/e \\ & * \ln(f*x^2+e)-1/2*b*f*m*n*\ln(x)^2/e-1/2*m*f*b*n/e*\ln(x)*\ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/2*m*f*b*n/e*\ln(x)*\ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+ \\ & 1/2*b*f*m*n*\ln(x)/e*\ln(f*x^2+e)-1/2*m*f*b*n/e*\text{dilog}((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/2*m*f*b*n/e*\text{dilog}((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2)) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*b*log(x^n) + 2*a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m)/x^2 + integrate(1/2*(2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + (2*(f*m + f*log(d))*a + (f*m*n + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 2*a*e*log(d) + 2*((f*m + f*log(d))*b*x^2 + b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^5 + e*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^5 + e x^3} dx \right) b e^2 m x^2 - 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b e - 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e - 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d)$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*b*e**2*m*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x*
*2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*e - 2*log((e + f*x*
*2)**m*d)*a*f*x**2 - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*e*n - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)
*b*f*n*x**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e*m + 4*log(x)*a*f*m*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b*f*m*n
*x**2 - b*e*m*n)/(4*e*x**2)
```

3.100
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	800
Mathematica [C] (verified)	801
Rubi [A] (verified)	801
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	803
Fricas [F]	804
Sympy [F(-1)]	804
Maxima [F]	804
Giac [F]	805
Mupad [F(-1)]	805
Reduce [F]	805

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 248

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx \\ &= -\frac{3bfmn}{16ex^2} - \frac{bf^2mn \log(x)}{8e^2} + \frac{bf^2mn \log^2(x)}{4e^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{fm(a+b \log(cx^n))}{4ex^2} - \frac{f^2m \log(x)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{bf^2mn \log(e+fx^2)}{16e^2} - \frac{bf^2mn \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(e+fx^2)}{8e^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{f^2m(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(e+fx^2)}{4e^2} - \frac{bn \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{16x^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^4} - \frac{bf^2mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{8e^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3/16*b*f*m*n/e/x^2-1/8*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)^2/e^2-1/4*
f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^2-1/2*f^2*m*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2+1/16*b*f^2*m
*n*ln(f*x^2+e)/e^2-1/8*b*f^2*m*n*ln(-f*x^2/e)*ln(f*x^2+e)/e^2+1/4*f^2*m*(a
+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(f*x^2+e)/e^2-1/16*b*n*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4-1/4*(a+b*ln(c
*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4-1/8*b*f^2*m*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^2/e)/e^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx =$$

$$4aefmx^2 + 3befmnx^2 + 8af^2mx^4 \log(x) + 2bf^2mnx^4 \log(x) - 4bf^2mnx^4 \log^2(x) + 4befmx^2 \log(cx$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/16*(4*a*e*f*m*x^2 + 3*b*e*f*m*n*x^2 + 8*a*f^2*m*x^4*Log[x] + 2*b*f^2*m*
n*x^4*Log[x] - 4*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]^2 + 4*b*e*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 8*b*f
^2*m*x^4*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/
Sqrt[e]] - 4*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*a*f^2
*m*x^4*Log[e + f*x^2] - b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[e + f*x^2] + 4*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log
[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 4*b*f^2*m*x^4*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 4*a*e^2*Log
[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b*e^2*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 4*b*e^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[
d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 4*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] -
4*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(e^2*x^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96,
 number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules
 used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{m \log(x) f^2}{2e^2 x} + \frac{m \log(fx^2 + e) f^2}{4e^2 x} - \frac{mf}{4ex^3} - \frac{\log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{4x^5} \right) dx - \\
& \quad \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^4} - \frac{f^2 m \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{f^2 m \log(e + fx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^2} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4ex^2} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \quad -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^4} - \frac{f^2 m \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{f^2 m \log(e + fx^2) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^2} - \frac{fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4ex^2} - \\
& bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{16x^4} + \frac{f^2 m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)}{8e^2} - \frac{f^2 m \log(e + fx^2)}{16e^2} + \frac{f^2 m \log\left(-\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^2)}{8e^2} - \dots \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x^2) - (f^2*m*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^2) + (f^2*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^2])/(4*e^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(4*x^4) - b*n*((3*f*m)/(16*e*x^2) + (f^2*m*Log[x])/(8*e^2) - (f^2*m*Log[x]^2)/(4*e^2) - (f^2*m*Log[e + f*x^2])/(16*e^2) + (f^2*m*Log[-((f*x^2)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^2])/(8*e^2) + Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(16*x^4) + (f^2*m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(8*e^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 106.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1074, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1074

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*m*f^2*b*n/e^2*ln(x)*ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+1/4*m*f^2*b*n/e^2*ln(x)*ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/2*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*a+(-1/4*b/x^4*ln(x^n)-1/16*(2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+2*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+4*b*ln(c)+n*b+4*a)/x^4)*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x^2+e)*a+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-1/4*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x^4-1/2*b/x^4*ln(x^n)-1/8*b/x^4*n)-1/4*m*f/e/x^2*a-1/8*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)^2/e^2-3/16*b*f*m*n/e/x^2-1/4*b*f^2*m*n*ln(x)/e^2*ln(f*x^2+e)-1/4*m*f/e/x^2*b*ln(c)-1/4*m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e/x^2+1/4*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x^2+e)*b*ln(c)-1/2*m*f^2*b*ln(x^n)/e^2*ln(x)+1/4*m*f^2*b*ln(x^n)/e^2*ln(f*x^2+e)+1/4*m*f^2*b*n/e^2*dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+1/4*m*f^2*b*n/e^2*dilog((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/2*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*b*ln(c)-1/8*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(f*x^2+e)*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/8*I*m*f/e/x^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/8*I*m*f/e/x^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/8*I*m*f/e/x^2*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/4*I*m*f^2/e^2*ln(x)*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/4*I*m*f^2/e^...
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^5, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*(b*(n + 4*log(c)) + 4*b*log(x^n) + 4*a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m)/x^4 + integrate(1/8*(8*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + (4*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*a + (f*m*n + 4*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 8*a*e*log(d) + 4*((f*m + 2*f*log(d))*b*x^2 + 2*b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^7 + e*x^5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^5,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^7 + e x^5} dx \right) b e^3 m x^4 - 8 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) \log(x^n c) b e^2 - 8 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e^2 + 8 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d) a e^2}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x)`

output

```
( - 16*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**5 + f*x**7),x)*b*e**3*m*x**4 - 8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2 - 8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*e**2 + 8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*f**2*x**4 - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*e**2*n + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*f**2*n*x**4 - 4*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*m - 16*log(x)*a*f**2*m*x**4 - 4*log(x)*b*f**2*m*n*x**4 - 8*a*e*f*m*x**2 - b*e**2*m*n - 2*b*e*f*m*n*x**2)/(32*e**2*x**4)
```

3.101 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	807
Mathematica [A] (verified)	808
Rubi [A] (verified)	808
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	810
Fricas [F]	811
Sympy [F(-1)]	811
Maxima [F(-2)]	811
Giac [F]	812
Mupad [F(-1)]	812
Reduce [F]	812

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= -\frac{8bemnx}{9f} + \frac{4}{27}bmnx^3 + \frac{2be^{3/2}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{9f^{3/2}} + \frac{2emx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f}$$

$$- \frac{2}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{2e^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{ibe^{3/2}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3f^{3/2}} - \frac{ibe^{3/2}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3f^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-8/9*b*e*m*n*x/f+4/27*b*m*n*x^3+2/9*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2)
)/f^(3/2)+2/3*e*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-2/9*m*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2/3*e^(3/2)
)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^(3/2)-1/9*b*n*x^3*ln(d*(f*
x^2+e)^m)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/3*I*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*po
lylog(2,-I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-1/3*I*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*polylog(2,I*f^(1
/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{18ae\sqrt{f}mx - 24be\sqrt{f}mnx - 6af^{3/2}mx^3 + 4bf^{3/2}mnx^3 - 18ae^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) + 6be^{3/2}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(18*a*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x - 24*b*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x - 6*a*f^(3/2)*m*x^3 + 4*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3 - 18*a*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] *Log[x] + 18*b*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 18*b*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - (9*I)*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (9*I)*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 9*a*f^(3/2)*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 3*b*f^(3/2)*n*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 9*b*f^(3/2)*x^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + (9*I)*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (9*I)*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(27*f^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{2mx^2}{9} + \frac{1}{3} \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) x^2 + \frac{2em}{3f} - \frac{2e^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3f^{3/2}x} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{2e^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \\
& \frac{2emx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f} - \frac{2}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{2e^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \\
& \frac{2emx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f} - \frac{2}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(-\frac{2e^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{9f^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{9}x^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{ie^{3/2}m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3f^{3/2}} + \frac{ie^{3/2}m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3f^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]`

output `(2*e*m*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f) - (2*m*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 - (2*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f^(3/2)) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/3 - b*n*((8*e*m*x)/(9*f) - (4*m*x^3)/27 - (2*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(9*f^(3/2)) + (x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/9 - ((I/3)*e^(3/2)*m*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) + ((I/3)*e^(3/2)*m*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 102.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1082, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.31

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1082

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/3*m/f*e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*ln(c)+2/9*m/f*e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*b-2/3*m/f*b*e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)-1/3*m/f*b*n*e^2/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-2/9*x^3*ln(c)*b*m+2/3*m/f*b*e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)-1/3*m/f*b*n*e^2*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+1/3*m/f*b*n*e^2*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/3*I*m/f*e*x*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/9*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+(1/3*b*x^3*ln(x^n)+1/18*x^3*(3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+6*b*ln(c)-2*n*b+6*a))*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(1/3*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)*x^3+2/3*b*x^3*ln(x^n)-2/9*b*n*x^3)-2/9*m*b*ln(x^n)*x^3-2/3*m/f*e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*a+1/9*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/3*m/f*b*n*e^2/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/9*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/9*I*m*x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/3*I*m/f*e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b\log(cx^n) + a)x^2\log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a*x^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int x^2 \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a+b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) aem + 6\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) bemn - 18\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{fx^2+e} dx\right) b e^2 fm + 9 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{1}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*e*m + 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b*e*m*n - 18*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b*e**2*f*m + 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*x**3 + 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*f**2*x**3 - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*f**2*n*x**3 + 18*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f*m*x - 6*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*m*x**3 + 18*a*e*f*m*x - 6*a*f**2*m*x**3 - 24*b*e*f*m*n*x + 4*b*f**2*m*n*x**3)/(27*f**2)
```

3.102 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	814
Mathematica [A] (verified)	815
Rubi [A] (verified)	815
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	817
Fricas [F]	818
Sympy [F(-1)]	818
Maxima [F(-2)]	818
Giac [F]	819
Mupad [F(-1)]	819
Reduce [F]	819

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = 4bmnx - \frac{2b\sqrt{e}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} - 2mx(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2\sqrt{e}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{f}} - bnx \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{ib\sqrt{e}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} + \frac{ib\sqrt{e}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}}$$

output

```
4*b*m*n*x-2*b*e^(1/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-2*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2*e^(1/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^(1/2)-b*n*x*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-I*b*e^(1/2)*m*n*polylog(2,-I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+I*b*e^(1/2)*m*n*polylog(2,I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a\sqrt{f}mx + 4b\sqrt{f}mnx + 2a\sqrt{e}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) - 2b\sqrt{e}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) - 2b\sqrt{e}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m], x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*Sqrt[f]*m*x + 4*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x + 2*a*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + I*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - I*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + a*Sqrt[f]*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - b*Sqrt[f]*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b*Sqrt[f]*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - I*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + I*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[f]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2817

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{2\sqrt{e} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) m}{\sqrt{fx}} - 2m + \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) \right) dx + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{em} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{f}} + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 2mx(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{em} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{f}} + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 2mx(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(\frac{2\sqrt{em} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} + x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{i\sqrt{em} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} - \frac{i\sqrt{em} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} - 4m \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m], x]`

output `-2*m*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + (2*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[f] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - b*n*(-4*m*x + (2*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[f] + x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + (I*Sqrt[e]*m*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[f] - (I*Sqrt[e]*m*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[f]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p-1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 19.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 841, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	841

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(b*x*ln(x^n)+1/2*x*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*
csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn
(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)-2*n*b+2*a))*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f
*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^
2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(
f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(I*Pi*b*x*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+I*Pi*b*x*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*a*x+2*ln(c)*b*x+2*b*x*ln(x^n)-2*b*n*x-I*Pi*b*x*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)^3-I*Pi*b*x*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c))-I*m*x*Pi*b*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*m*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arcta
n(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+I*m*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arct
an(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-2*x*ln(c)*b*m+4*b*m*n*x
-2*a*m*x-I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+I*m*x*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csg
n(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*m*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi
*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+2*m*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*ln(c)-2*m*e
/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*b+2*a*m*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e
*f)^(1/2))-2*m*b*ln(x^n)*x-2*m*b*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*l
n(x)+2*m*b*e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)+m*b*n*e*ln(x)/(-e
*f)^(1/2)*ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-m*b*n*e*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*
ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+m*b*n*e/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((-f*x+(-...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) am - 2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) bmn + 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{fx^2+e} dx\right) bef m + \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) \log}{f}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*m - 2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*a
tan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b*m*n + 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b*e
*f*m + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f*x + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a
*f*x - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*f*n*x - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*f*m*x - 2*a*f*m*x
+ 4*b*f*m*n*x)/f
```

3.103
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	821
Mathematica [A] (verified)	822
Rubi [A] (verified)	822
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	824
Fricas [F]	825
Sympy [F(-1)]	825
Maxima [F(-2)]	825
Giac [F]	826
Mupad [F(-1)]	826
Reduce [F]	826

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{f}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{2\sqrt{f}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{bn \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{ib\sqrt{f}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{ib\sqrt{f}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}}$$

output

```
2*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+2*f^(1/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^(1/2)-b*n*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-I*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*polylog(2,-I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+I*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*polylog(2,I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a\sqrt{fmx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) + 2b\sqrt{fmx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) - 2b\sqrt{fmx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \log(x) + 2b\sqrt{fmx} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/x^2,x]`

output `(2*a*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + I*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - I*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - a*Sqrt[e]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - b*Sqrt[e]*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - b*Sqrt[e]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - I*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + I*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(Sqrt[e]*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{2\sqrt{f}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{ex}} - \frac{\log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{x^2} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{f}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{f}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} - \\
& bn \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{f}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{\log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} + \frac{i\sqrt{f}m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{i\sqrt{f}m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/x^2,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[f]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[e] - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - b*n*((-2*Sqrt[f]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[e] + Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/x + (I*Sqrt[f]*m*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[e] - (I*Sqrt[f]*m*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/Sqrt[e])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 19.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

method	result
risch	$\left(-\frac{b \ln(x^n)}{x} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2 - ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ic) - ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^3 + ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(ic) + 2b \ln(x^n)}{2x} \right)$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-b/x*ln(x^n)-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*n*b+2*a)/x)*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x-2*b/x*ln(x^n)-2*b*n/x+I*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*ln(c)+2*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*b+2*m*f/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*a-2*m*f*b/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)+2*m*f*b/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)+m*f*b*n*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-m*f*b*n*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+m*f*b*n/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-m*f*b*n/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) amx + 2\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) bmnx - 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{fx^4+ex^2} dx\right) be^2mx - \log((fx^2 + e)^m) a}{ex}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*m*x + 2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)
*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b*m*n*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**
4),x)*b*e**2*m*x - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e - log((e + f*x**
2)**m*d)*a*e - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*e*n - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e*m - 2*b*e*
m*n)/(e*x)
```


3.104
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	828
Mathematica [C] (verified)	829
Rubi [A] (verified)	830
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	831
Fricas [F]	832
Sympy [F(-1)]	833
Maxima [F(-2)]	833
Giac [F]	833
Mupad [F(-1)]	834
Reduce [F]	834

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{8bfmn}{9ex} - \frac{2bf^{3/2}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{9e^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{2fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3ex}$$

$$-\frac{2f^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{bn \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{9x^3}$$

$$-\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3x^3}$$

$$+\frac{ibf^{3/2}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3e^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{ibf^{3/2}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3e^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-8/9*b*f*m*n/e/x-2/9*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(3/2)-2/3*f
*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x-2/3*f^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))/e^(3/2)-1/9*b*n*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2
+e)^m)/x^3+1/3*I*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*polylog(2,-I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(3/2)-1/3
*I*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*polylog(2,I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8b\sqrt{e}fmnx^2 - 2bf^{3/2}mnx^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) - 6a\sqrt{e}fmnx^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) + 6bf^3}{x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-8*b*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n*x^2 - 2*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]
- 6*a*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -((f*x^2)/e)] + 6*b*
f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 6*b*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^2*L
og[c*x^n] - 6*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - (3*
I)*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (3*I)*b*f^(3/
2)*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 3*a*e^(3/2)*Log[d*(e +
f*x^2)^m] - b*e^(3/2)*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 3*b*e^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[
d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + (3*I)*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqr
t[e]] - (3*I)*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]/(9*e^(3
/2)*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{2m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) f^{3/2}}{3e^{3/2}x} - \frac{2mf}{3ex^2} - \frac{\log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{3x^4} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{2f^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^{3/2}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3x^3} -$$

$\frac{2fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3ex}$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2f^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^{3/2}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3x^3} -$$

$$\frac{2fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3ex}$$

$$bn \left(\frac{2f^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{9e^{3/2}} + \frac{\log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{if^{3/2}m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3e^{3/2}} + \frac{if^{3/2}m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{3e^{3/2}} + \right.$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e*x) - (2*f^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^(3/2)) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(3*x^3) - b*n*((8*f*m)/(9*e*x) + (2*f^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(9*e^(3/2)) + Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/(9*x^3) - ((I/3)*f^(3/2)*m*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/e^(3/2) + ((I/3)*f^(3/2)*m*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/e^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 41.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 965, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	965

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-1/3*b/x^3*ln(x^n)-1/18*(3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+3*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+6*b*ln(c)+2*n*b+6*a)/x^3)*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-1/3*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x^3-2/3*b/x^3*ln(x^n)-2/9*b/x^3*n)+1/3*I*m*f/e/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/3*I*m*f/e/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/3*I*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/3*I*m*f/e/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-2/3*m*f/e/x*b*ln(c)-8/9*b*f*m*n/e/x-2/3*m*f/e/x*a+1/3*I*m*f/e/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/3*I*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+1/3*I*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/3*I*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-2/3*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*ln(c)-2/9*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*b-2/3*m*f^2/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*a-2/3*m*f*b*ln(x^n)/e/x+2/3*m*f^2*b/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)-2/3*m*f^2*b/e/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)-1/3*m*f^2*b*n/e*ln(...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**4,x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) afm x^3 - 6\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) bfmn x^3 - 18\left(\int \frac{\log(x^nc)}{fx^6+ex^4} dx\right) be^3m x^3 - 9 \log\left(\frac{d(e + fx^2)^m}{x^4}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*f*m*x**3 - 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b*f*m*n*x**3 - 18*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*b*e**3*m*x**3 - 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2 - 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*e**2 - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*e**2*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*m - 18*a*e*f*m*x**2 - 2*b*e**2*m*n - 6*b*e*f*m*n*x**2)/(27*e**2*x**3)`

3.105
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	835
Mathematica [C] (verified)	836
Rubi [A] (verified)	836
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	838
Fricas [F]	839
Sympy [F(-1)]	839
Maxima [F(-2)]	839
Giac [F]	840
Mupad [F(-1)]	840
Reduce [F]	840

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 267

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx \\ &= -\frac{16bfmn}{225ex^3} + \frac{12bf^2mn}{25e^2x} + \frac{2bf^{5/2}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{25e^{5/2}} - \frac{2fm(a+b \log(cx^n))}{15ex^3} \\ &+ \frac{2f^2m(a+b \log(cx^n))}{5e^2x} + \frac{2f^{5/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{5e^{5/2}} \\ &- \frac{bn \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{25x^5} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{5x^5} \\ &- \frac{ibf^{5/2}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{5e^{5/2}} + \frac{ibf^{5/2}mn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{5e^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-16/225*b*f*m*n/e/x^3+12/25*b*f^2*m*n/e^2/x+2/25*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(5/2)-2/15*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^3+2/5*f^2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/x+2/5*f^(5/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^(5/2)-1/25*b*n*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5-1/5*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5-1/5*I*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*polylog(2,-I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(5/2)+1/5*I*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*polylog(2,I*f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{16be^{3/2}fmnx^2 - 108b\sqrt{e}f^2mnx^4 - 18bf^{5/2}mnx^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) + 30ae^{3/2}fmnx^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}}{x^6}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^6,x]`

output

```
-1/225*(16*b*e^(3/2)*f*m*n*x^2 - 108*b*Sqrt[e]*f^2*m*n*x^4 - 18*b*f^(5/2)*
m*n*x^5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 30*a*e^(3/2)*f*m*x^2*Hypergeometric2
F1[-3/2, 1, -1/2, -(f*x^2)/e] + 90*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*x^5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/
Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 30*b*e^(3/2)*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 90*b*Sqrt[e]*f^2*m*x^4
*Log[c*x^n] - 90*b*f^(5/2)*m*x^5*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] -
(45*I)*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*x^5*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (45*I)*b*
f^(5/2)*m*n*x^5*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 45*a*e^(5/2)*Log[d
*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 9*b*e^(5/2)*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 45*b*e^(5/2)*Log[c*
x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + (45*I)*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*x^5*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt
[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (45*I)*b*f^(5/2)*m*n*x^5*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e
]])/(e^(5/2)*x^5)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{2m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) f^{5/2}}{5e^{5/2}x} + \frac{2mf^2}{5e^2x^2} - \frac{2mf}{15ex^4} - \frac{\log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{5x^6} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{2f^{5/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^{5/2}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{5x^5} + \\
& \frac{2f^2m(a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^2x} - \frac{2fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{15ex^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2f^{5/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^{5/2}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{5x^5} + \\
& \frac{2f^2m(a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^2x} - \frac{2fm(a + b \log(cx^n))}{15ex^3} - \\
& bn \left(-\frac{2f^{5/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{25e^{5/2}} + \frac{\log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{25x^5} + \frac{if^{5/2}m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{5e^{5/2}} - \frac{if^{5/2}m \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{5e^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(-2*f*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(15*e*x^3) + (2*f^2*m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*e^2*x) + (2*f^(5/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*e^(5/2)) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(5*x^5) - b*n*((16*f*m)/(225*e*x^3) - (12*f^2*m)/(25*e^2*x) - (2*f^(5/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(25*e^(5/2)) + Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/(25*x^5) + ((I/5)*f^(5/2)*m*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]/e^(5/2) - ((I/5)*f^(5/2)*m*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]/e^(5/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 189.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1146, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1146

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/15*m*f/e/x^3*a+(-1/5*b/x^5*ln(x^n)-1/50*(5*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-5*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-5*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+5*I*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+10*b*ln(c)+2*n*b+10*a)/x^5)*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)-2/5*m*f^3*b/e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*ln(x)+1/5*m*f^3*b*n/e^2*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*ln((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/5*m*f^3*b*n/e^2*ln(x)/(-e*f)^(1/2)*ln((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/5*I*m*f^2/e^2/x*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/15*I*m*f/e/x^3*b*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/5*I*m*f^3/e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-2/15*m*f/e/x^3*b*ln(c)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*(f*x^2+e)^m)*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^2-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*d*(f*x^2+e)^m)^3+1/2*ln(d))*(-1/5*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*a)/x^5-2/5*b/x^5*ln(x^n)-2/25*b/x^5*n)+2/5*m*f^3/e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*a+2/5*m*f^3/e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*b*ln(c)+2/25*m*f^3/e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*n*b+2/5*m*f^3*b/e^2/(e*f)^(1/2)*arctan(x*f/(e*f)^(1/2))*ln(x^n)+1/5*m*f^3*b*n/e^2/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))-1/5*m*f^3*b*n/e^2/(-e*f)^(1/2)*dilog((f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))+2/5*m*f^2/e^2/x*a+12/25*b*f^2*m*n/e^2/x+2/5*m*f^2/e^2/x*b*ln(c)+2/5*m*f^2*b*ln(x^n)/e^...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^6, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^6,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{150\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) a f^2 m x^5 + 30\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) b f^2 m n x^5 - 150 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^8 + e x^6} dx \right) b e^4 m x^5 - 7}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^6,x)`

output

```
(150*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*f**2*m*x**5 + 30*sqrt
(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b*f**2*m*n*x**5 - 150*int(log(x*
*n*c)/(e*x**6 + f*x**8),x)*b*e**4*m*x**5 - 75*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x
**n*c)*b*e**3 - 75*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*e**3 - 15*log((e + f*x**2)**m*
d)*b*e**3*n - 30*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*m - 50*a*e**2*f*m*x**2 + 150*a*e*f**2*
m*x**4 - 6*b*e**3*m*n - 10*b*e**2*f*m*n*x**2 + 30*b*e*f**2*m*n*x**4)/(375*
e**3*x**5)
```

3.106 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	842
Mathematica [C] (verified)	843
Rubi [A] (verified)	844
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	845
Fricas [F]	846
Sympy [F(-1)]	847
Maxima [F]	847
Giac [F]	848
Mupad [F(-1)]	848
Reduce [F]	848

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 310

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\
 &= -\frac{3}{4}b^2mn^2x^2 + bmnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 & \quad + \frac{b^2emn^2 \log(e + fx^2)}{4f} + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
 & \quad - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
 & \quad + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{bemn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{2f} \\
 & \quad + \frac{em(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{2f} - \frac{b^2emn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f} \\
 & \quad + \frac{bemn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{2f} - \frac{b^2emn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3/4*b^2*m*n^2*x^2+b*m*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*ln(f*x^2+e)/f+1/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-1/2*b*m*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-1/2*b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/f+1/2*e*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/f-1/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)/f+1/2*b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)/f-1/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)/f
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 814, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^2*f*m*x^2 + 4*a*b*f*m*n*x^2 - 3*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2 - 4*a*b*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 2*b^2*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*a*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*a*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*a^2*e*m*Log[e + f*x^2] - 2*a*b*e*m*n*Log[e + f*x^2] + b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[e + f*x^2] - 4*a*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 4*a*b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 2*b^2*e*m*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 4*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*b^2*e*m*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 2*a^2*f*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*a*b*f*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b^2*f*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 4*a*b*f*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*b^2*f*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b^2*f*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b*e*m*n*(2*a - b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b*e*m*n*(2*a - b*n + 2*b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*b^2*e*m*n^2*PolyLog[3, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*b^2*e*m*n^2*PolyLog[3, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]/(4*f)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-2fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^3}{2(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^3}{2(fx^2 + e)} + \frac{b^2 n^2 x^3}{4(fx^2 + e)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{1}{2} b n x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} b^2 n^2 x^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2fm \left(-\frac{ben \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} + \frac{ben \log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} - \frac{e \log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{1}{2} b n x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} b^2 n^2 x^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]`

output `(b^2*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/4 - (b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/2 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/2 - 2*f*m*((3*b^2*n^2*x^2)/(8*f) - (b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*f) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f) - (b^2*e*n^2*Log[e + f*x^2])/(8*f^2) + (b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(4*f^2) - (e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(4*f^2) + (b^2*e*n^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x^2)/e)])/(8*f^2) - (b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*x^2)/e)])/(4*f^2) + (b^2*e*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x^2)/e)])/(8*f^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 214.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4839, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.61

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	4839

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(1/2*b^2*x^2*ln(x^n)^2+1/2*b*x^2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*
b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)-n*b+2*a)*ln(x^n)+1/8*x^2*(2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*
x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*cs
gn(I*c)^2-4*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn
(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-4*b^2*ln
(c)*n+8*a*b*ln(c)+4*a^2+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+4*b^2*ln(c)^
2+2*b^2*n^2-4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5*cs
gn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)^2-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I
*c*x^n)^4+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5-4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*cs
gn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*csgn(I*c)^2+4
*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-4*a*n*b-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*
c*x^n)^6-2*I*Pi*b^2*n*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-2*I*Pi*b^2*n*csgn(I*x^n)*c
sgn(I*c*x^n)^2+2*I*Pi*b^2*n*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+2*I*csgn(I*x^n)*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^
n)*csgn(I*c)*b^2*n))*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)-1/2*a^2*m*x^2-m*ln(x^n)*x^2*b^2*ln(c)
+m*n*x^2*b^2*ln(c)+m*b^2*n*ln(x^n)*x^2+1/8*m*x^2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^6-
m*b*ln(x^n)*x^2*a+m*b*n*x^2*a+1/2*m/f*e*ln(f*x^2+e)*ln(c)^2*b^2-1/2*m/f*n^
2*e*dilog((-f*x+(-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))*b^2-1/2*m/f*n^2*e*dilog((f*x+(
-e*f)^(1/2))/(-e*f)^(1/2))*b^2+1/2*m/f*b^2*ln(x^n)^2*e*ln(f*x^2+e)+1/2*...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x)*log((f*x^2 + e)
^m*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b^2*x^2*log(x^n)^2 - 2*(b^2*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a*b)*x^2*log(x^n) + ((n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^2 - 2*a*b*(n - 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2)*x^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) + integrate(-1/2*((2*(f*m - f*log(d))*a^2 - 2*(f*m*n - 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (f*m*n^2 - 2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^3 + 2*((f*m - f*log(d))*b^2*x^3 - b^2*e*x*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 - 2*(b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*e*log(d))*x + 2*((2*(f*m - f*log(d))*a*b - (f*m*n - 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x^3 - 2*(b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*b*e*log(d))*x)*log(x^n)/(f*x^2 + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int x \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^3 + e x} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m n - 24 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^3 + e x} dx \right) a b e^2 m n + 12 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^3 + e x} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m n^2 + 6 \log((f x^2 + e)^m)}{1}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*b**2*e**2*m*n - 24*int(log(x**
n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a*b*e**2*m*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)
*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 + 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f*n*x**2
+ 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f*n*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)*
*m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*e*n + 6
*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*f*n*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*e*n**
2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*f*n**2*x**2 + 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b*
**2*e*n**3 + 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*f*n**3*x**2 + 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b
**2*e*m + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b*e*m - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*m*n - 6*log(
x**n*c)**2*b**2*f*m*n*x**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f*m*n*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c
)*b**2*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 6*a**2*f*m*n*x**2 + 12*a*b*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 9*b**2*f
*m*n**3*x**2)/(12*f*n)
```

3.107
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	850
Mathematica [C] (verified)	851
Rubi [A] (verified)	851
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	854
Fricas [F]	855
Sympy [F(-1)]	855
Maxima [F]	855
Giac [F]	856
Mupad [F(-1)]	856
Reduce [F]	857

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3bn} - \frac{m(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{3bn} - \frac{1}{2}m(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) + \frac{1}{2}bmn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) - \frac{1}{4}b^2mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/b/n-1/3*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/b/n-1/2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)+1/2*b*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)-1/4*b^2*m*n^2*polylog(4,-f*x^2/e)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x,x]`

output

```

-(a^2*m*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]) + a*b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 -
(I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]
)/3 - 2*a*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + b^2*m*n*
Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - b^2*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^
n]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - a^2*m*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[e]] + a*b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (b^2*m*n^2*Log
[x]^3*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/3 - 2*a*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1
+ (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + b^2*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*
x)/Sqrt[e]] - b^2*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + a
^2*Log[x]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - a*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + (b^
2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/3 + 2*a*b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e
+ f*x^2)^m] - b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b^2*Log[x]*
Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I
)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sq
rt[e]] + 2*a*b*m*n*PolyLog[3, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b^2*m*n*Log[c*
x^n]*PolyLog[3, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*a*b*m*n*PolyLog[3, (I*Sqrt[f
]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 2*b^2*m*n*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[3, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2
*b^2*m*n^2*PolyLog[4, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 2*b^2*m*n^2*PolyLog[4, (
I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3bn} - \frac{2fm \int \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{fx^2+e} dx}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{2fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f} - \frac{3bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right) dx}{2f^x} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{2fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f} - \frac{3bn \left(bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{2f} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{2fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f} - \frac{3bn \left(bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} bn \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{2f} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{2fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f} - \frac{3bn \left(bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{2f} \right)}{3bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/(3*b*n) - (2*f*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(2*f) - (3*b*n*(-1/2*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*x^2)/e)]) + b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*x^2)/e)]))/2 - (b*n*PolyLog[4, -((f*x^2)/e)]/4))/(2*f))/(3*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))/((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] && EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 96.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1930, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.13

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1930

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*b^2*n^2*ln(x)^3*ln((f*x^2+e)^m)-1/3*b^2*n^2*m*ln(x)^3*ln(1+f*x^2/e)-1/
2*b^2*n^2*m*ln(x)^2*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)+1/2*b^2*n^2*m*ln(x)*polylog(3,-f*x
^2/e)-1/4*b^2*m*n^2*polylog(4,-f*x^2/e)+b*n*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x
^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*
Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)+2*b*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))+2*a)*(1/2*(
ln((f*x^2+e)^m)-m*ln(f*x^2+e))*ln(x)^2+m*(1/2*ln(f*x^2+e)*ln(x)^2-1/2*ln(x
)^2*ln(1+f*x^2/e)-1/2*ln(x)*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)+1/4*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)))+
1/4*(ln((f*x^2+e)^m)-m*ln(f*x^2+e))*(2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n
)^3*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)^2-4*Pi^2*b^
2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)+4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^
n)^2+4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+8*a*b*ln(c)+4*a^2+4*I*Pi*a
*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+4*b^2*ln(c)^2-4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^
3+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^5*csgn(I*c)-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4*csgn(I*c)^
2-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^4+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x
^n)^5-4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+2*Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*x^n
)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*csgn(I*c)^2+4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2
-4*I*Pi*ln(c)*b^2*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-4*I*Pi*a*b*csgn(I*c*
x^n)^3-Pi^2*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^6-4*I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x
))+4*b^2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))^2+8*a*b*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))+8*ln(c)*b^2*(ln(x^n)-
n*ln(x))+4*I*Pi*b^2*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))-4*I*Pi*...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*(b^2*n^2*log(x)^3 + 3*b^2*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(c) + a*b*n)
*log(x)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*log(c) + a*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) + 3*
(b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(x))*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) - integrate
(1/3*(2*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*log(x)^3 - 3*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) - 6*a*b*e*log(c)
)*log(d) - 6*(b^2*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b*f*m*n)*x^2*log(x)^2 - 3*a^2*e*log(d)
+ 6*(b^2*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*f*m*log(c) + a^2*f*m)*x^2*log(x) - 3*(b^2*f*
log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*f*log(d))*x^2 + 3*(2*b^2*f*m
*x^2*log(x) - b^2*f*x^2*log(d) - b^2*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 - 6*(b^2*f*m*n*x
^2*log(x)^2 + b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*b*e*log(d) - 2*(b^2*f*m*log(c) + a*b
*f*m)*x^2*log(x) + (b^2*f*log(c)*log(d) + a*b*f*log(d))*x^2)*log(x^n))/(f*
x^3 + e*x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d)}{fx^3+ex} dx \right) a^2 em + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 m + 8 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) abm + 1}{4m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x)`

output `(4*int(log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a**2*e*m + 4*int((log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2*m + 8*int((log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b*m + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)**2*a**2)/(4*m)`

3.108
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	858
Mathematica [C] (verified)	859
Rubi [A] (verified)	860
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	861
Fricas [F]	861
Sympy [F(-1)]	862
Maxima [F]	862
Giac [F]	863
Mupad [F(-1)]	863
Reduce [F]	863

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 276

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx \\ &= \frac{b^2 f m n^2 \log(x)}{2e} - \frac{b f m n \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e} \\ & \quad - \frac{f m \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e} - \frac{b^2 f m n^2 \log(e+fx^2)}{4e} \\ & \quad - \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{b n (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} + \frac{b^2 f m n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{4e} \\ & \quad + \frac{b f m n (a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{2e} + \frac{b^2 f m n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{4e} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*b^2*f*m*n^2*ln(x)/e-1/2*b*f*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/2*f*
m*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-1/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*ln(f*x^2+e)/e-1/4*b^2*
n^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2-1/
2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2+1/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*polylog(2,-e/f/x
^2)/e+1/2*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-e/f/x^2)/e+1/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*po
lylog(3,-e/f/x^2)/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 946, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(-12*a^2*f*m*x^2*Log[x] - 12*a*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x] - 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^
2*Log[x] + 12*a*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 4*b^2*
f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3 - 24*a*b*f*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^2*f*m*n*x^2
*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^2*f*m*x^2
*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 12*a*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[
e]] + 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 6*b^2*f*m*
n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*
Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*a*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1
+ (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/
Sqrt[e]] - 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*
b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*a^2*f*m
*x^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 6*a*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 3*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*L
og[e + f*x^2] - 12*a*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2
*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 6*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 12*a*
b*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 6*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f
*x^2] - 12*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 6*b^2*f*m*x^2*
Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 6*a^2*e*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 6*a*b*e*n*Log
[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 3*b^2*e*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 12*a*b*e*Log[c*x^n]
*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 6*b^2*e*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 6*b^2*
e*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 6*b*f*m*n*x^2*(2*a + b*n + 2*b*Lo...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-2fm \int \left(-\frac{b^2 n^2}{4x(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{b(a + b \log(cx^n))n}{2x(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x(fx^2 + e)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} -$$

$$\frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$-2fm \left(-\frac{bn \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e} + \frac{bn \log\left(\frac{e}{fx^2} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{e}{fx^2} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e} \right)$$

$$\frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} -$$

$$\frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^2 - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(2*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(2*x^2) - 2*f*m*(-1/4*(b^2*n^2*Log[x])/e + (b*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e) + (Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e) + (b^2*n^2*Log[e + f*x^2])/(8*e) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(8*e) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(4*e) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(8*e))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 93.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5175, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.75

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	5175

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*b^2*log(x^n)^2 + (n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 2*a*b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2 + 2*(b^2*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a*b)*log(x^n))*log((f*x^2 + e)^m)/x^2 + integrate(1/2*(2*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 4*a*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a^2*e*log(d) + (2*(f*m + f*log(d))*a^2 + 2*(f*m*n + 2*(f*m + f*log(d)))*log(c))*a*b + (f*m*n^2 + 2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2*x^2 + 2*((f*m + f*log(d))*b^2*x^2 + b^2*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(2*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*log(d) + (2*(f*m + f*log(d))*a*b + (f*m*n + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x^2)*log(x^n))/(f*x^5 + e*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^5 + e x^3} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m x^2 - 8 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^5 + e x^3} dx \right) a b e^2 m x^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^5 + e x^3} dx \right) b^2 e^2 m n x^2 - 2 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d)}{f x^5 + e x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*b**2*e**2*m*x**2 - 8*int(log
(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*a*b*e**2*m*x**2 - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3
+ f*x**5),x)*b**2*e**2*m*n*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*
b**2*e - 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**
m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*e - 2*log((e + f
*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*f*x**2 - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*e*n - 2*log((e + f
*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*f*n*x**2 - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*e*n**2 - log((e +
f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*f*n**2*x**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*m - 4*log(x**n*c)
*a*b*e*m - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*m*n + 4*log(x)*a**2*f*m*x**2 + 4*log(x)*a*
b*f*m*n*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b**2*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 2*a*b*e*m*n - 2*b**2*e*m*n**2
)/(4*e*x**2)
```

$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	865
Mathematica [C] (verified)	866
Rubi [A] (verified)	867
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	869
Fricas [F]	869
Sympy [F(-1)]	870
Maxima [F]	870
Giac [F]	871
Mupad [F(-1)]	871
Reduce [F]	871

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 356

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx \\ &= -\frac{7b^2 fmn^2}{32ex^2} - \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \log(x)}{16e^2} - \frac{3bfmn(a+b \log(cx^n))}{8ex^2} \\ &+ \frac{bf^2 mn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{8e^2} - \frac{fm(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{4ex^2} \\ &+ \frac{f^2 m \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \log(e+fx^2)}{32e^2} \\ &- \frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{32x^4} - \frac{bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{8x^4} \\ &- \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^4} - \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{16e^2} \\ &- \frac{bf^2 mn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{4e^2} - \frac{b^2 f^2 mn^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{8e^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-7/32*b^2*f*m*n^2/e/x^2-1/16*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*ln(x)/e^2-3/8*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c
*x^n))/e/x^2+1/8*b*f^2*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-1/4*f*m*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x^2+1/4*f^2*m*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2+1/32*b^2*
f^2*m*n^2*ln(f*x^2+e)/e^2-1/32*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4-1/8*b*n*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x
^4-1/16*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*polylog(2,-e/f/x^2)/e^2-1/4*b*f^2*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)*polylog(2,-e/f/x^2)/e^2-1/8*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*polylog(3,-e/f/x^2)/e^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1111, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^5,x]
```

output

```

-1/96*(24*a^2*e*f*m*x^2 + 36*a*b*e*f*m*n*x^2 + 21*b^2*e*f*m*n^2*x^2 + 48*a
^2*f^2*m*x^4*Log[x] + 24*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x] + 6*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[
x] - 48*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]^2 - 12*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]^2 + 16*b^2*
f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]^3 + 48*a*b*e*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b^2*e*f*m*n*x^2*
Log[c*x^n] + 96*a*b*f^2*m*x^4*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 24*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x
]*Log[c*x^n] - 48*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 24*b^2*e*f*m*x^2*L
og[c*x^n]^2 + 48*b^2*f^2*m*x^4*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 48*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Lo
g[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]*Log[1 -
(I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 24*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*
x)/Sqrt[e]] - 48*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[e]] - 48*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^
2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 24*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x
^4*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 48*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log
[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 24*a^2*f^2*m*x^4*Log[e + f*x^2] -
12*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[e + f*x^2] - 3*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[e + f*x^2] +
48*a*b*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^2] + 12*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]*Log
[e + f*x^2] - 24*b^2*f^2*m*n^2*x^4*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^2] - 48*a*b*f^2*m*
x^4*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 12*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^
2] + 48*b^2*f^2*m*n*x^4*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^2] - 24*b^2*f^2*m*x^
4*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^2] + 24*a^2*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 12*a...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx$$

\downarrow 2825

$$-2fm \int \left(-\frac{b^2 n^2}{32x^3 (fx^2 + e)} - \frac{b(a + b \log(cx^n)) n}{8x^3 (fx^2 + e)} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4x^3 (fx^2 + e)} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{8x^4} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^4} -$$

$$\frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{32x^4}$$

↓ 2009

$$-2fm \left(\frac{bfn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{8e^2} - \frac{bfn \log\left(\frac{e}{fx^2} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{16e^2} - \frac{f \log\left(\frac{e}{fx^2} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{8e^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{8x^4} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4x^4} -$$

$$\frac{b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{32x^4}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/32*(b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4 - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(8*x^4) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(4*x^4) - 2*f*m*((7*b^2*n^2)/(64*e*x^2) + (b^2*f*n^2*Log[x])/(32*e^2) + (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(16*e*x^2) - (b*f*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(16*e^2) + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(8*e*x^2) - (f*Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*e^2) - (b^2*f*n^2*Log[e + f*x^2])/(64*e^2) + (b^2*f*n^2*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(32*e^2) + (b*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(8*e^2) + (b^2*f*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(16*e^2)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 93.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6432, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.07

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	6432

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^5, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/32*(8*b^2*log(x^n)^2 + (n^2 + 4*n*log(c) + 8*log(c)^2)*b^2 + 4*a*b*(n + 4*log(c)) + 8*a^2 + 4*(b^2*(n + 4*log(c)) + 4*a*b)*log(x^n))*log((f*x^2 + e)^m)/x^4 + integrate(1/16*(16*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 32*a*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 16*a^2*e*log(d) + (8*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*a^2 + 4*(f*m*n + 4*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b + (f*m*n^2 + 4*f*m*n*log(c) + 8*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x^2 + 8*((f*m + 2*f*log(d))*b^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^2 + 4*(8*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + 8*a*b*e*log(d) + (4*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*a*b + (f*m*n + 4*(f*m + 2*f*log(d))*log(c))*b^2)*x^2)*log(x^n))/(f*x^7 + e*x^5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^5,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^5, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^7 + e x^5} dx \right) b^2 e^3 m x^4 - 32 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^7 + e x^5} dx \right) a b e^3 m x^4 - 8 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{f x^7 + e x^5} dx \right) b^2 e^3 m n x^4 - 8 \log((f x^2 + e)^m d)}{x^5}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^5,x)`

output

```
( - 16*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**5 + f*x**7),x)*b**2*e**3*m*x**4 - 32*int(1
og(x**n*c)/(e*x**5 + f*x**7),x)*a*b*e**3*m*x**4 - 8*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**
5 + f*x**7),x)*b**2*e**3*m*n*x**4 - 8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**
2*b**2*e**2 - 16*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2 - 4*log((e +
f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n - 8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*e**2
+ 8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*f**2*x**4 - 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*
e**2*n + 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*f**2*n*x**4 - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)
*b**2*e**2*n**2 + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**4 - 4*log(x**n*
c)**2*b**2*e**2*m - 8*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*m - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*m*n
- 16*log(x)*a**2*f**2*m*x**4 - 8*log(x)*a*b*f**2*m*n*x**4 - 2*log(x)*b**2
*f**2*m*n**2*x**4 - 8*a**2*e*f*m*x**2 - 2*a*b*e**2*m*n - 4*a*b*e*f*m*n*x**
2 - b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x**2)/(32*e**2*x**4)
```

3.110 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	873
Mathematica [C] (verified)	874
Rubi [C] (verified)	875
Maple [F]	877
Fricas [F]	877
Sympy [F(-1)]	878
Maxima [F(-2)]	878
Giac [F]	878
Mupad [F(-1)]	879
Reduce [F]	879

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 576

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = & -\frac{16abemnx}{9f} + \frac{52b^2emn^2x}{27f} - \frac{4}{27}b^2mn^2x^3 \\
 & - \frac{4b^2e^{3/2}mn^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{27f^{3/2}} - \frac{16b^2emnx \log(cx^n)}{9f} + \frac{8}{27}bmnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & + \frac{4be^{3/2}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9f^{3/2}} + \frac{2emx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f} \\
 & - \frac{2}{9}mx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{2e^{3/2}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-16/9*a*b*e*m*n*x/f+52/27*b^2*e*m*n^2*x/f-4/27*b^2*m*n^2*x^3-4/27*b^2*e^(3
/2)*m*n^2*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-16/9*b^2*e*m*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/f+8
/27*b*m*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+4/9*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^(3/2)+2/3*e*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f-2/9*m*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2-2/3*e^(3/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^(3/2)+
2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-2/9*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2
+e)^m)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-2/9*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^
2*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/3*b*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/9*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*po
lylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2/3*b*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2/3*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*polylog(
3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/3*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*polylog(3,f^(1/2
)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(18*a^2*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x - 48*a*b*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x + 52*b^2*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x
- 6*a^2*f^(3/2)*m*x^3 + 8*a*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3 - 4*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3 -
18*a^2*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*a*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(
Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 36
*a*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 12*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2
*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 18*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]
*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 + 36*a*b*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n] - 48*b^2*e*Sqrt[f]
*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n] + 8*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^
3*Log[c*x^n] - 36*a*b*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 1
2*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b^2*e^(3/2)*
m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b^2*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x*L
og[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 18*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(
Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - (18*I)*a*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 - (
I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (6*I)*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*
x)/Sqrt[e]] + (9*I)*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[
e]] - (18*I)*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[
e]] + (18*I)*a*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (6*I)
*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (9*I)*b^2*e^(3/
2)*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (18*I)*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n*
Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 9*a^2*f^(3/2)*x^3*Lo...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-2fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^4}{3(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^4}{9(fx^2 + e)} + \frac{2b^2 n^2 x^4}{27(fx^2 + e)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{2}{9} b n x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27} b^2 n^2 x^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2fm \left(-\frac{2be^{3/2} n \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9f^{5/2}} - \frac{b(-e)^{3/2} n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^{5/2}} + \frac{b(-e)^{3/2} n}{3f^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{2}{9} b n x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27} b^2 n^2 x^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m], x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*n^2*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/27 - (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/9 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/3 - 2*f*m*((8*a*b*e*n*x)/(9*f^2) - (26*b^2*e*n^2*x)/(27*f^2) + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3)/(27*f) + (2*b^2*e^(3/2)*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(27*f^(5/2)) + (8*b^2*e*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^2) - (4*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(27*f) - (2*b*e^(3/2)*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*f^(5/2))) - (e*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*f^2) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(9*f) + ((-e)^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*f^(5/2)) - ((-e)^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*f^(5/2)) - (b*(-e)^(3/2)*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(3*f^(5/2)) + (b*(-e)^(3/2)*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(3*f^(5/2)) + ((I/9)*b^2*e^(3/2)*n^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(5/2) - ((I/9)*b^2*e^(3/2)*n^2*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(5/2) + (b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(3*f^(5/2)) - (b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*n^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(3*f^(5/2))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\ & = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \int x^2 \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) a^2em + 12\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) abemn - 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) b^2em n^2 - 18\left(\int\right)}{}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `(- 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*e*m + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b*e*m*n - 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**2*e*m*n**2 - 18*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**2*f*m - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*a*b*e**2*f*m + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e**2*f*m*n + 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**2*x**3 + 18*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**2*x**3 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**2*n*x**3 + 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*f**2*x**3 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*f**2*n*x**3 + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**3 + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*f*m*x - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**2*m*x**3 + 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*f*m*x - 12*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**2*m*x**3 - 48*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*f*m*n*x + 8*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**2*m*n*x**3 + 18*a**2*e*f*m*x - 6*a**2*f**2*m*x**3 - 48*a*b*e*f*m*n*x + 8*a*b*f**2*m*n*x**3 + 52*b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x - 4*b**2*f**2*m*n**2*x**3)/(27*f**2)`

3.111 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	880
Mathematica [C] (verified)	881
Rubi [C] (verified)	882
Maple [F]	884
Fricas [F]	884
Sympy [F(-1)]	885
Maxima [F(-2)]	885
Giac [F]	885
Mupad [F(-1)]	886
Reduce [F]	886

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 495

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\
 &= 4abmnx - 8b^2mn^2x + 4bmn(a - bn)x - \frac{4b\sqrt{e}mn(a - bn) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} \\
 &+ 8b^2mnx \log(cx^n) - \frac{4b^2\sqrt{e}mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \log(cx^n)}{\sqrt{f}} - 2mx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
 &+ \frac{2\sqrt{e}m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{f}} - 2abnx \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
 &+ 2b^2n^2x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 2b^2nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
 &+ x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-e}mn^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} \\
 &+ \frac{2b\sqrt{-e}mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} \\
 &+ \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-e}mn^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{-e}mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} \\
 &- \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-e}mn^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}} + \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-e}mn^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{f}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

4*a*b*m*n*x-8*b^2*m*n^2*x+4*b*m*n*(-b*n+a)*x-4*b*e^(1/2)*m*n*(-b*n+a)*arct
an(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+8*b^2*m*n*x*ln(c*x^n)-4*b^2*e^(1/2)*m*n*arct
an(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*ln(c*x^n)/f^(1/2)-2*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2*e^(1/2)*
m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^(1/2)-2*a*b*n*x*ln(d*(f*x^
2+e)^m)+2*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m
)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-2*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*polylog(2,-
f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+2*b*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2
,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+2*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x
/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-2*b*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*
x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-2*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*polylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/
2))/f^(1/2)+2*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*polylog(3,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 993, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^2*Sqrt[f]*m*x + 8*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x - 12*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x + 2*a^2
*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*a*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]
*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*a*b*Sqr
t[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 4*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(
Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 2*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e
]]*Log[x]^2 - 4*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 8*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n
] + 4*a*b*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^2*Sqrt[e]
*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sq
rt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 2*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 2*b
^2*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + (2*I)*a*b*Sqrt[e]*
m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*Log[x]
*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - I*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*
Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*S
qrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (2*I)*a*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sq
rt[e]] + (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + I
*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (2*I)*b^2*Sqr
t[e]*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + a^2*Sqrt[f]*x*
Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*a*b*Sqrt[f]*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b^2*Sqrt
[f]*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*a*b*Sqrt[f]*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x
^2)^m] - 2*b^2*Sqrt[f]*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b^2*Sqrt[f]...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 553, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {2818, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2818

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^2}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{2b^2 n \log(cx^n) x^2}{fx^2 + e} + \frac{2b^2 n^2 x^2}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{2abnx^2}{fx^2 + e} \right) dx + \\
& \quad x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 2abnx \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \\
& \quad \quad 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + 2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 6 \\
& -2fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^2}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{2b^2 n \log(cx^n) x^2}{fx^2 + e} + \frac{(2b^2 n^2 - 2abn) x^2}{fx^2 + e} \right) dx + \\
& \quad x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 2abnx \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \\
& \quad \quad 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + 2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -2fm \left(\frac{2b\sqrt{en}(a - bn) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{f^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{-en} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{-en} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \quad x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 2abnx \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \\
& \quad \quad \quad 2b^2 nx \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + 2b^2 n^2 x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m], x]`

output

```

-2*a*b*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 2*b^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*b^2
*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f
*x^2)^m] - 2*f*m*((-2*a*b*n*x)/f + (4*b^2*n^2*x)/f - (2*b*n*(a - b*n)*x)/f
+ (2*b*Sqrt[e]*n*(a - b*n)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) - (4*b^2*
n*x*Log[c*x^n])/f + (2*b^2*Sqrt[e]*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n
])/f^(3/2) + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f + (Sqrt[-e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*L
og[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*f^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[-e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2
*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*f^(3/2)) - (b*Sqrt[-e]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x
^n])*PolyLog[2, -(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/f^(3/2) + (b*Sqrt[-e]*n*(a + b*L
og[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/f^(3/2) - (I*b^2*Sqrt[e]*n^2*
PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) + (I*b^2*Sqrt[e]*n^2*PolyLog
[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) + (b^2*Sqrt[-e]*n^2*PolyLog[3, -(Sqrt
[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/f^(3/2) - (b^2*Sqrt[-e]*n^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt
[-e]])/f^(3/2)

```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2818 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) a^2 m - 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) abmn + 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) b^2 m n^2 + 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2}{f x^2 + e}\right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*m - 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b*m*n + 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**2*m*n**2 + 2*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e*f*m + 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*a*b*e*f*m - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**2*e*f*m*n + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f*x + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f*x - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f*n*x + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*f*x - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*f*n*x + 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*f*n**2*x - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f*m*x - 4*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f*m*x + 8*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f*m*n*x - 2*a**2*f*m*x + 8*a*b*f*m*n*x - 12*b**2*f*m*n**2*x)/f`

$$3.112 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	887
Mathematica [C] (verified)	888
Rubi [C] (verified)	889
Maple [F]	891
Fricas [F]	891
Sympy [F(-1)]	892
Maxima [F(-2)]	892
Giac [F]	892
Mupad [F(-1)]	893
Reduce [F]	893

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 427

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx \\ &= \frac{4b^2 \sqrt{f} m n^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}} + \frac{4b \sqrt{f} m n \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e}} \\ &+ \frac{2 \sqrt{f} m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{\sqrt{e}} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} \\ &- \frac{2bn(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} \\ &- \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{f} m n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}} - \frac{2b \sqrt{f} m n (a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}} \\ &+ \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{f} m n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}} + \frac{2b \sqrt{f} m n (a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}} \\ &+ \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{f} m n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}} - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{f} m n^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

4*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+4*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*arct
an(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^(1/2)+2*f^(1/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x
/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^(1/2)-2*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-2*b*n*(a
+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-2*
b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-2*b*f^(1/2)*
m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+2*b^2*f^(1
/2)*m*n^2*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+2*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+2*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*
polylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-2*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*polylog(3,
f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 917, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*a^2*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 4*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 2*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 + 4*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + (2*I)*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - I*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (2*I)*a*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + I*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (2*I)*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - a^2*Sqrt[e]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*a*b*Sqrt[e]*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*b^2*Sqrt[e]*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*a*b*Sqrt[e]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*b^2*Sqrt[e]*n*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - b^2*Sqrt[e]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - (2*I)*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (2*I)*b*Sqrt[f]...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 476, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2fm \int \left(-\frac{2b^2n^2}{fx^2+e} - \frac{2b(a+b\log(cx^n))n}{fx^2+e} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{fx^2+e} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{2bn(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} - \\
 & \frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -2fm \left(-\frac{2bn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{f}} \right) \\
 & \frac{2bn(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} - \\
 & \frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - 2*f*m*((-2*b^2*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (2*b*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (I*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, ((-1)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (I*b^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (b^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(dfx^2 + e)^m (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) a^2 m x + 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) ab m n x + 4\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) b^2 m n^2 x - 2\left(\int \frac{\log(a}{f x^4}\right)}{}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*m*x + 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b*m*n*x + 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**2*m*n**2*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*b**2*e**2*m*x - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*a*b*e**2*m*x - 4*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*b**2*e**2*m*n*x - log((e + f*x**2)*m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*e - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*e*n - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*e*n**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*m - 4*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*m - 8*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*m*n - 4*a*b*e*m*n - 8*b**2*e*m*n**2)/(e*x)`

3.113
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	894
Mathematica [C] (verified)	895
Rubi [C] (verified)	896
Maple [F]	898
Fricas [F]	898
Sympy [F(-1)]	899
Maxima [F(-2)]	899
Giac [F]	899
Mupad [F(-1)]	900
Reduce [F]	900

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 517

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{52b^2 fmn^2}{27ex} - \frac{4b^2 f^{3/2} mn^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{27e^{3/2}} - \frac{16bfmn(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9ex}$$

$$- \frac{4bf^{3/2} mn \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^{3/2}} - \frac{2fm(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3ex}$$

$$- \frac{2f^{3/2} m \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3e^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{27x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{2b^2 f^{3/2} mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{9(-e)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bf^{3/2} mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{3(-e)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 f^{3/2} mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{9(-e)^{3/2}} + \frac{2bf^{3/2} mn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{3(-e)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 f^{3/2} mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{3(-e)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b^2 f^{3/2} mn^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{3(-e)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-52/27*b^2*f*m*n^2/e/x-4/27*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(3/2)-16/9*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x-4/9*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^(3/2)-2/3*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x-2/3*f^(3/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^(3/2)-2/27*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-2/9*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-2/9*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-2/3*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2/9*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2/3*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2/3*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*polylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-2/3*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*polylog(3,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1083, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-18*a^2*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^2 - 48*a*b*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n*x^2 - 52*b^2*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n
^2*x^2 - 18*a^2*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*a*b*f^(3/2)
*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqr
t[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 36*a*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[
x] + 12*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 18*b^2*
f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 - 36*a*b*Sqrt[e]*f*
m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 48*b^2*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 36*a*b*f^(3/2)*m*
x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan
[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*
x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 18*b^2*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 18*b
^2*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - (18*I)*a*b*f^(
3/2)*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (6*I)*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n
^2*x^3*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (9*I)*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3
*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (18*I)*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*Log[
x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (18*I)*a*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*
Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (6*I)*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]
*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (9*I)*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*Log[x]^2*Log
[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (18*I)*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]
*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 9*a^2*e^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 6*a
*b*e^(3/2)*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*b^2*e^(3/2)*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2fm \int \left(-\frac{2b^2n^2}{27x^2(fx^2+e)} - \frac{2b(a+b\log(cx^n))n}{9x^2(fx^2+e)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{3x^2(fx^2+e)} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{2bn(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{3x^3} - \\
& \frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{27x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -2fm \left(\frac{2b\sqrt{f}n \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{9e^{3/2}} + \frac{b\sqrt{f}n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3(-e)^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{f}n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3(-e)^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \frac{2bn(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{3x^3} - \\
& \frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{27x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4,x]`

output

```

(-2*b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(27*x^3) - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log
[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(9*x^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(
3*x^3) - 2*f*m*((26*b^2*n^2)/(27*e*x) + (2*b^2*Sqrt[f]*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]
*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(27*e^(3/2)) + (8*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e*x) + (2*b*Sqr
t[f]*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e^(3/2)) + (a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(3*e*x) - (Sqrt[f]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x
)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*(-e)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[f]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[
f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*(-e)^(3/2)) + (b*Sqrt[f]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[
2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(3*(-e)^(3/2)) - (b*Sqrt[f]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x
^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(3*(-e)^(3/2)) - ((I/9)*b^2*Sqrt[f]*
n^2*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/e^(3/2) + ((I/9)*b^2*Sqrt[f]*n^2
*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/e^(3/2) - (b^2*Sqrt[f]*n^2*PolyLog[3,
-((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(3*(-e)^(3/2)) + (b^2*Sqrt[f]*n^2*PolyLog[3, (Sq
rt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(3*(-e)^(3/2))

```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-54\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) a^2 f m x^3 - 36\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) ab f m n x^3 - 12\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) b^2 f m n^2}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 54*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*f*m*x**3 - 36*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b*f*m*n*x**3 - 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**2*f*m*n**2*x**3 - 54*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*b**2*e**3*m*x**3 - 108*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*a*b*e**3*m*x**3 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*b**2*e**3*m*n*x**3 - 27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2 - 54*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2 - 18*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n - 27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*e**2 - 18*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b*e**2*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**2*e**2*n**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*m - 36*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2*m - 24*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*m*n - 54*a**2*e*f*m*x**2 - 12*a*b*e**2*m*n - 36*a*b*e*f*m*n*x**2 - 8*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - 12*b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x**2)/(81*e**2*x**3)`

3.114 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	901
Mathematica [C] (verified)	902
Rubi [A] (verified)	903
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	905
Fricas [F]	905
Sympy [F(-1)]	906
Maxima [F]	906
Giac [F]	907
Mupad [F(-1)]	907
Reduce [F]	907

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 514

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\
&= \frac{3}{2}b^3mn^3x^2 - \frac{9}{4}b^2mn^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{3}{2}bmnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}mx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{3b^3emn^3 \log(e + fx^2)}{8f} \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{3b^2emn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f} \\
&\quad - \frac{3bemn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f} + \frac{em(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(1 + \frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{2f} \\
&\quad + \frac{3b^3emn^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{8f} - \frac{3b^2emn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f} \\
&\quad + \frac{3bemn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f} + \frac{3b^3emn^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{8f} \\
&\quad - \frac{3b^2emn^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4f} + \frac{3b^3emn^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{8f}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

3/2*b^3*m*n^3*x^2-9/4*b^2*m*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+3/2*b*m*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))^2-1/2*m*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-3/8*b^3*e*m*n^3*ln(f*x^2+e)/f-3/8*b^
3*n^3*x^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+3/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)
^m)-3/4*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+3/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/f-3/4*
b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/f+1/2*e*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(1+f
*x^2/e)/f+3/8*b^3*e*m*n^3*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)/f-3/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)/f+3/4*b*e*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^2
/e)/f+3/8*b^3*e*m*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)/f-3/4*b^2*e*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)/f+3/8*b^3*e*m*n^3*polylog(4,-f*x^2/e)/f

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1911, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-4*a^3*f*m*x^2 + 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x^2 - 18*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2 + 12*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2 - 12*a^2*b*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 18*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 12*b^3*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 4*b^3*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 12*a^2*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]^3*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 24*a*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^3*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^3*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*b^3*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*a^2*b*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^3*e*m*n^3*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 24*a*b^2*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^3*e*m*n^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^3*e*m*n^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*b^3*e*m*n*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-2fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 x^3}{2(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^3}{4(fx^2 + e)} + \frac{3b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) x^3}{4(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{3b^3n^3 x^3}{8(fx^2 + e)} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$2fm \left(\frac{\frac{3}{4}b^2n^2x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 3b^2en^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8f^2} + \frac{3b^2en^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - 3b^2en^2 \log\left(\frac{3}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{3}{8}b^3n^3x^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)\right)}{8f^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-3*b^3*n^3*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/8 + (3*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
)*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/4 - (3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x
^2)^m])/4 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/2 - 2*f*m*((-3
*b^3*n^3*x^2)/(4*f) + (9*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*f) - (3*b*n*x^
2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*f) + (3*b^3*
e*n^3*Log[e + f*x^2])/(16*f^2) - (3*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 + (
f*x^2)/e])/(8*f^2) + (3*b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(8*
f^2) - (e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(4*f^2) - (3*b^3*e*n^3*
PolyLog[2, -((f*x^2)/e)]/(16*f^2) + (3*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyL
og[2, -((f*x^2)/e)]/(8*f^2) - (3*b*e*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(
(f*x^2)/e)]/(8*f^2) - (3*b^3*e*n^3*PolyLog[3, -((f*x^2)/e)]/(16*f^2) + (
3*b^2*e*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*x^2)/e)]/(8*f^2) - (3*b^3*
e*n^3*PolyLog[4, -((f*x^2)/e)]/(16*f^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21242, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.33

output too large to display

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*x*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(4*b^3*x^2*log(x^n)^3 - 6*(b^3*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a*b^2)*x^2*log(x^n)^2 + 6*((n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^3 - 2*a*b^2*(n - 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2*b)*x^2*log(x^n) + (6*(n^2 - 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*n^3 - 6*n^2*log(c) + 6*n*log(c)^2 - 4*log(c)^3)*b^3 - 6*a^2*b*(n - 2*log(c)) + 4*a^3)*x^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) + integrate(-1/4*((4*(f*m - f*log(d))*a^3 - 6*(f*m*n - 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*a^2*b + 6*(f*m*n^2 - 2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 - (3*f*m*n^3 - 6*f*m*n^2*log(c) + 6*f*m*n*log(c)^2 - 4*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^3 + 4*((f*m - f*log(d))*b^3*x^3 - b^3*e*x*log(d))*log(x^n)^3 + 6*((2*(f*m - f*log(d))*a*b^2 - (f*m*n - 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*b^3)*x^3 - 2*(b^3*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*b^2*e*log(d))*x)*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3*e*log(c)^3*log(d) + 3*a*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a^3*e*log(d))*x + 6*((2*(f*m - f*log(d))*a^2*b - 2*(f*m*n - 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b^2 + (f*m*n^2 - 2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f*m - f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^3 - 2*(b^3*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*b*e*log(d))*x)*log(x^n))/(f*x^2 + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \int x \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 8*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n - 24*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e**2*m*n + 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n**3 + 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*f*n*x**2 + 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f*n*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f*n**2*x**2 + 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f*n*x**2 - 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f*n**3*x**2 + 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**3*e*n + 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**3*f*n*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*e*n**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*f*n**2*x**2 + 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*e*n**3 + 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*f*n**3*x**2 - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**3*e*n**4 - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**3*f*n**4*x**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)**4*b**3*e*m + 8*log(x**n*c)**3*a*b**2*e*m - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*m*n - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*f*m*n*x**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*b*e*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*m*n - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f*m*n*x**2 + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*m*n**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f*m*n*x**2 + 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f*m*n**3*x**2 - 4*a**3*f*m*n*x**2 + 12*a**2*b*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 1...
```

3.115
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	909
Mathematica [C] (verified)	910
Rubi [A] (verified)	911
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	913
Fricas [F]	914
Sympy [F(-1)]	914
Maxima [F]	914
Giac [F]	915
Mupad [F(-1)]	916
Reduce [F]	916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{m(a+b \log(cx^n))^4 \log\left(1+\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{4bn} - \frac{1}{2}m(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) + \frac{3}{4}bmn(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) - \frac{3}{4}b^2mn^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right) + \frac{3}{8}b^3mn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/b/n-1/4*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(1+f*x^2/e)/b/n-1/2*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-f*x^2/e)+3/4*b*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-f*x^2/e)-3/4*b^2*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-f*x^2/e)+3/8*b^3*m*n^3*polylog(5,-f*x^2/e)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1348, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.45

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x,x]`

output

```
-(a^3*m*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]) + (3*a^2*b*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log
[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/2 - a*b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x
)/Sqrt[e]] + (b^3*m*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/4 - 3*a^2
*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 3*a*b^2*m*n*Log[x]
^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - b^3*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^
n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 3*a*b^2*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 -
(I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (3*b^3*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[
f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/2 - b^3*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e
]] - a^3*m*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (3*a^2*b*m*n*Log[x]^2*L
og[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/2 - a*b^2*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]
*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (b^3*m*n^3*Log[x]^4*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/4 - 3*a
^2*b*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 3*a*b^2*m*n*Log[
x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - b^3*m*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[c*
x^n]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 3*a*b^2*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1
+ (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (3*b^3*m*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + (I*Sqr
t[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/2 - b^3*m*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt
[e]] + a^3*Log[x]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - (3*a^2*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*
x^2)^m])/2 + a*b^2*n^2*Log[x]^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - (b^3*n^3*Log[x]^4*L
og[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/4 + 3*a^2*b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] -
3*a*b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + b^3*n^2*Log[x]^3*L...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

↓ 2822

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{fm \int \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{fx^2+e} dx}{2bn}$$

↓ 2775

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{2f} - 2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)}{f} dx \right)}{2bn}$$

↓ 2821

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{2f} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{3}{2}bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right)}{2bn}$$

↓ 2830

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \frac{fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{2f} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{3}{2}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 - bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) - \frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right)}{2bn}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2830 \\
 \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \\
 fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{2f} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{3}{2}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2}bn f \right) \right)}{f} \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. - \frac{2bn}{f} \right) \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 7143 \\
 \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{4bn} - \\
 fm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^2}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{2f} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{3}{2}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^2}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bn \text{Poly} \right) \right)}{f} \right. \right. \\
 \left. \left. - \frac{2bn}{f} \right) \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m]/(4*b*n) - (f*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[1 + (f*x^2)/e])/(2*f) - (2*b*n*(-1/2*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -(f*x^2)/e])) + (3*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -(f*x^2)/e]))/2 - b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -(f*x^2)/e])/2 - (b*n*PolyLog[5, -(f*x^2)/e])/4))/2)/f)/(2*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] && EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 $\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_)^{(m_)}])*((a_)+\text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^{(n_)]*(b_)}))^{(p_)}]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a+b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{p/m}), x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/m) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a+b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]$

rule 2822 $\text{Int}[(\text{Log}[(d_)*(e_)+(f_)*(x_)^{(m_)}])^{(r_)}*((a_)+\text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^{(n_)]*(b_)}))^{(p_)}]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[d*(e+f*x^m)^r]*((a+b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p+1)/(b*n*(p+1))}), x] - \text{Simp}[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m-1)}*((a+b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p+1)/(e+f*x^m)}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e, 1]$

rule 2830 $\text{Int}[(((a_)+\text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^{(n_)]*(b_)}))^{(p_)}*\text{PolyLog}[k_, (e_)*(x_)^{(q_)}])/x], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[k+1, e*x^q]*((a+b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{p/q}), x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*(p/q) \text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[k+1, e*x^q]*((a+b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, e, k, n, q\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0]$

rule 7143 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[n_, (c_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(p_)}])]/((d_)+(e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{PolyLog}[n+1, c*(a+b*x^p)/(e*p)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[b*d, a*e]$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5812, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.11

output too large to display

input $\text{int}((a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^3*\ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x)$

output result too large to display

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/4*(b^3*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*b^3*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(c) + a*b
^2*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*n*log(c) + a^2*b*n)*log(x)^
2 + 6*(b^3*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*log(c) + a*b^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3
*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*n*log(c) + a*b^2*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*
a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) - 4*(b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^
2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(x))*log((f*x^2 + e)^m) - integrate(-1/2*(b^3
*f*m*n^3*x^2*log(x)^4 + 2*b^3*e*log(c)^3*log(d) + 6*a*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d
) + 6*a^2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) - 4*(b^3*f*m*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*n^2)*x^2*l
og(x)^3 + 2*a^3*e*log(d) + 6*(b^3*f*m*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*f*m*n*log(c) +
a^2*b*f*m*n)*x^2*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^3*f*m*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*f*m*log(c)^2 + 3
*a^2*b*f*m*log(c) + a^3*f*m)*x^2*log(x) - 2*(2*b^3*f*m*x^2*log(x) - b^3*f*
x^2*log(d) - b^3*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^3 + 2*(b^3*f*log(c)^3*log(d) + 3*a*b^2
*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^3*f*log(d))*x^2 + 6*(b^3*
f*m*n*x^2*log(x)^2 + b^3*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*b^2*e*log(d) - 2*(b^3*f*m*log
(c) + a*b^2*f*m)*x^2*log(x) + (b^3*f*log(c)*log(d) + a*b^2*f*log(d))*x^2)*
log(x^n)^2 - 2*(2*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*log(x)^3 - 3*b^3*e*log(c)^2*log(d) - 6*a
*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) - 3*a^2*b*e*log(d) - 6*(b^3*f*m*n*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*
n)*x^2*log(x)^2 + 6*(b^3*f*m*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*f*m*log(c) + a^2*b*f*m)*x^
2*log(x) - 3*(b^3*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*f*log(c)*log(d) + a^2*b*f*lo
g(d))*x^2)*log(x^n))/(f*x^3 + e*x), x)

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x, x)
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d)}{fx^3+ex} dx \right) a^3 em + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 m + 12 \left(\int \frac{\log((fx^2+e)^m d) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 m}{4m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x,x)`

output `(4*int(log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)/(e*x + f*x**3),x)*a**3*e*m + 4*int((log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3*m + 12*int((log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2*m + 12*int((log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b*m + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)**2*a**3)/(4*m)`

3.116
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [C] (verified)	918
Rubi [A] (verified)	919
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	921
Fricas [F]	921
Sympy [F(-1)]	922
Maxima [F]	922
Giac [F]	923
Mupad [F(-1)]	923
Reduce [F]	923

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 451

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx \\ &= \frac{3b^3 fmn^3 \log(x)}{4e} - \frac{3b^2 fmn^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{4e} \\ & \quad - \frac{3bfmn \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e} \\ & \quad - \frac{fm \log\left(1 + \frac{e}{fx^2}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e} - \frac{3b^3 fmn^3 \log(e+fx^2)}{8e} \\ & \quad - \frac{3b^3 n^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{8x^2} - \frac{3b^2 n^2 (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{3bn(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{3b^3 fmn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{8e} + \frac{3b^2 fmn^2 (a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{4e} \\ & \quad + \frac{3bfmn(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{4e} + \frac{3b^3 fmn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{8e} \\ & \quad + \frac{3b^2 fmn^2 (a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{4e} + \frac{3b^3 fmn^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{8e} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

3/4*b^3*f*m*n^3*ln(x)/e-3/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-3/
4*b*f*m*n*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e-1/2*f*m*ln(1+e/f/x^2)*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))^3/e-3/8*b^3*f*m*n^3*ln(f*x^2+e)/e-3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^
2-3/4*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2-3/4*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2+3/8*
b^3*f*m*n^3*polylog(2,-e/f/x^2)/e+3/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(
2,-e/f/x^2)/e+3/4*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-e/f/x^2)/e+3/8*b^3*
f*m*n^3*polylog(3,-e/f/x^2)/e+3/4*b^2*f*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-e
/f/x^2)/e+3/8*b^3*f*m*n^3*polylog(4,-e/f/x^2)/e

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2248, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/8*(-8*a^3*f*m*x^2*Log[x] - 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x] - 12*a*b^2*f*m*n^2
*x^2*Log[x] - 6*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x] + 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 12*
a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 6*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 8*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*
x^2*Log[x]^3 - 4*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^3 + 2*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^4 - 2
4*a^2*b*f*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] -
12*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*
x^n] + 12*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 8*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3
*Log[c*x^n] - 24*a*b^2*f*m*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 12*b^3*f*m*n*x^2*Log[
x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 12*b^3*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 8*b^3*f*m*x^2*L
og[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 12*a^2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[
e]] + 12*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^3*f
*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*x^2*Lo
g[x]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 6*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[1 -
(I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 4*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]^3*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)
/Sqrt[e]] + 24*a*b^2*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqr
t[e]] + 12*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]
] - 12*b^3*f*m*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]
+ 12*b^3*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12
*a^2*b*f*m*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*a*b^2*f*m*n^2*
x^2*Log[x]*Log[1 + (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*b^3*f*m*n^3*x^2*Log[x]*Lo...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2fm \int \left(-\frac{3b^3n^3}{8x(fx^2+e)} - \frac{3b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{4x(fx^2+e)} - \frac{3b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{4x(fx^2+e)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{2x(fx^2+e)} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{3b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{3bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} - \\
& \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{8x^2} - \frac{3b^3n^3\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{8x^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{3b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} - \\
& 2fm \left(-\frac{3b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{8e} - \frac{3b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{8e} + \frac{3b^2n^2 \log\left(\frac{e}{fx^2}\right)}{8e} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{3bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{4x^2} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^3n^3\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{8x^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-3*b^3*n^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(8*x^2) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*
Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(4*x^2) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x
^2)^m])/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(2*x^2) - 2*
f*m*((-3*b^3*n^3*Log[x])/(8*e) + (3*b^2*n^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n]))/(8*e) + (3*b*n*Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*e) + (
Log[1 + e/(f*x^2)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*e) + (3*b^3*n^3*Log[e + f*x^2]
)/(16*e) - (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(16*e) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b
*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(8*e) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2
*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(8*e) - (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(1
6*e) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(8*e) - (3*
b^3*n^3*PolyLog[4, -(e/(f*x^2))])/(16*e))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22905, normalized size of antiderivative = 50.79

output too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(4*b^3*log(x^n)^3 + 6*(n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (3*n^3 + 6*n^2*log(c) + 6*n*log(c)^2 + 4*log(c)^3)*b^3 + 6*a^2*b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 4*a^3 + 6*(b^3*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a*b^2)*log(x^n)^2 + 6*((n^2 + 2*n*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)*b^3 + 2*a*b^2*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*a^2*b)*log(x^n)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m)/x^2 + integrate(1/4*(4*b^3*e*log(c)^3*log(d) + 12*a*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 12*a^2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a^3*e*log(d) + 4*((f*m + f*log(d))*b^3*x^2 + b^3*e*log(d))*log(x^n)^3 + (4*(f*m + f*log(d))*a^3 + 6*(f*m*n + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c))*a^2*b + 6*(f*m*n^2 + 2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (3*f*m*n^3 + 6*f*m*n^2*log(c) + 6*f*m*n*log(c)^2 + 4*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c)^3)*b^3)*x^2 + 6*(2*b^3*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*e*log(d) + (2*(f*m + f*log(d))*a*b^2 + (f*m*n + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c))*b^3)*x^2)*log(x^n)^2 + 6*(2*b^3*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 4*a*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a^2*b*e*log(d) + (2*(f*m + f*log(d))*a^2*b + 2*(f*m*n + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c))*a*b^2 + (f*m*n^2 + 2*f*m*n*log(c) + 2*(f*m + f*log(d))*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x^2)*log(x^n))/(f*x^5 + e*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*b**3*e**2*m*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*a**2*b*e**2*m*x**2 - 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**3 + f*x**5),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n**2*x**2 - 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e - 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*n - 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e - 12*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*n**2 - 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**3*e - 4*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**3*f*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*e*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*f*n*x**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*e*n**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*f*n**2*x**2 - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**3*e*n**3 - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**3*f*n**3*x**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*m*n - 12*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*m - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*m*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*m*n**2 + 8*log(x)*a**3*f*m*x**2 + 12*log(x)*a**2*b*f*m*n*x**2 + 12*log(x)*a*b**2*f*m*n**2*x**2 + 6*log(x)*b**3*f*m*n**3*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*e*m*n - 12*a*b**2*e*m*n**2 - 9*b**3*e*m*n**3)/(8*e*x**2)
```

3.117 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	925
Mathematica [C] (verified)	926
Rubi [C] (verified)	927
Maple [F]	929
Fricas [F]	929
Sympy [F(-1)]	930
Maxima [F(-2)]	930
Giac [F]	930
Mupad [F(-1)]	931
Reduce [F]	931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 983

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

2*b^3*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^3*polylog(4,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/3*b^3*(-
e)^(3/2)*m*n^3*polylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/9*b^3*(-e)^(3/2)
*m*n^3*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2*b^3*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^3*pol
ylog(4,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2/3*b^3*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^3*polylog(3,f^
(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2/9*b^3*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^3*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(
-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+4/27*b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^3*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(3/2)
)-4/9*b^2*m*n^2*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+4/9*b*m*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+2/9*b^
2*n^2*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-1/3*b*m*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*
ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-2/3*e^(3/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^
3/f^(3/2)+52/9*a*b^2*e*m*n^2*x/f+52/9*b^3*e*m*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)/f-8/3*b*e*m*
n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f-b*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,f^(1/
2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,
f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polyl
og(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-2/3*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/3*b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)-4/9*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*a
rctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^(3/2)+2/3*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(
f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^(3/2)+b*(-e)^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))^2*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(3/2)+2/3*e*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3
/f-160/27*b^3*e*m*n^3*x/f+16/81*b^3*m*n^3*x^3-2/27*b^3*n^3*x^3*ln(d*(f*...

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2544, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(54*a^3*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x - 216*a^2*b*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x + 468*a*b^2*e*Sqrt[f]*m*
n^2*x - 480*b^3*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x - 18*a^3*f^(3/2)*m*x^3 + 36*a^2*b*f^(3/2)
)*m*n*x^3 - 36*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3 + 16*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*x^3 - 54*a^3
*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 54*a^2*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt
[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 36*a*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*
b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 162*a^2*b*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcT
an[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 108*a*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x
)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 36*b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x
] - 162*a*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 + 54*b^3*
e^(3/2)*m*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 + 54*b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^3*
ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^3 + 162*a^2*b*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n]
- 432*a*b^2*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 468*b^3*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[c*x
^n] - 54*a^2*b*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*Log[c*x^n] + 72*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*Log[c*x
^n] - 36*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*Log[c*x^n] - 162*a^2*b*e^(3/2)*m*ArcTan[(Sq
rt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 108*a*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sq
rt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 36*b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c
*x^n] + 324*a*b^2*e^(3/2)*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n
] - 108*b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] -
162*b^3*e^(3/2)*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 16
2*a*b^2*e*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 216*b^3*e*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1085, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2fm \int \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 x^4}{3(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 x^4}{3(fx^2 + e)} + \frac{2b^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) x^4}{9(fx^2 + e)} - \frac{2b^3 n^3 x^4}{27(fx^2 + e)} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{2}{9} b^2 n^2 x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \\
& \frac{1}{3} b n x^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - \frac{2}{27} b^3 n^3 x^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -\frac{2}{27} b^3 n^3 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) x^3 + \frac{1}{3} (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) x^3 - \\
& \frac{1}{3} b n (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) x^3 + \frac{2}{9} b^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) x^3 - \\
& 2fm \left(-\frac{8n^3 x^3 b^3}{81f} + \frac{80en^3 x b^3}{27f^2} - \frac{2e^{3/2} n^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) b^3}{27f^{5/2}} - \frac{26en^2 x \log(cx^n) b^3}{9f^2} - \frac{ie^{3/2} n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) b}{9f^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m], x]`

output

```

(-2*b^3*n^3*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/27 + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n
])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/9 - (b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^
2)^m])/3 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/3 - 2*f*m*((-26
*a*b^2*e*n^2*x)/(9*f^2) + (80*b^3*e*n^3*x)/(27*f^2) - (8*b^3*n^3*x^3)/(81*
f) - (2*b^3*e^(3/2)*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(27*f^(5/2)) - (26*b^
3*e*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^2) + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*f) +
(2*b^2*e^(3/2)*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*f^(
5/2)) + (4*b*e*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*f^2) - (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^2)/(9*f) - (e*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(3*f^2) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x
^n])^3)/(9*f) - (b*(-e)^(3/2)*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[-e]])/(6*f^(5/2)) + ((-e)^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*
x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*f^(5/2)) + (b*(-e)^(3/2)*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (
Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*f^(5/2)) - ((-e)^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1
+ (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(6*f^(5/2)) + (b^2*(-e)^(3/2)*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x
^n])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(3*f^(5/2)) - (b*(-e)^(3/2)*n*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(2*f^(5/2)) - (b^2
*(-e)^(3/2)*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(3*f^
(5/2)) + (b*(-e)^(3/2)*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[
-e]])/(2*f^(5/2)) - ((I/9)*b^3*e^(3/2)*n^3*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqr
t[e]])/f^(5/2) + ((I/9)*b^3*e^(3/2)*n^3*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]...

```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\ & = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*x^2*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x^2)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx \\ & = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x^2 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x^2*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

$$= \int x^2 \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`output `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
( - 54*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**3*e*m + 54*sqrt(f)
*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*b*e*m*n - 36*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*a
tan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b**2*e*m*n**2 + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*
x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**3*e*m*n**3 - 54*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e + f*x**2),x
)*b**3*e**2*f*m - 162*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**2*f*m +
54*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**2*f*m*n - 162*int(log(x**n*
c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e**2*f*m + 108*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*a
*b**2*e**2*f*m*n - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e**2*f*m*n**2 +
27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*f**2*x**3 + 81*log((e + f*x
**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f**2*x**3 - 27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log
(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f**2*n*x**3 + 81*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*
b*f**2*x**3 - 54*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f**2*n*x**3 + 1
8*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f**2*n**2*x**3 + 27*log((e + f*x
**2)**m*d)*a**3*f**2*x**3 - 27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*f**2*n*x**3 +
18*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*f**2*n**2*x**3 - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d
)*b**3*f**2*n**3*x**3 + 54*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*f*m*x - 18*log(x**n*c)**3
*b**3*f**2*m*x**3 + 162*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*f*m*x - 54*log(x**n*c)**2*
a*b**2*f**2*m*x**3 - 216*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*f*m*n*x + 36*log(x**n*c)**2
*b**3*f**2*m*n*x**3 + 162*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*f*m*x - 54*log(x**n*c)*a**2
*b*f**2*m*x**3 - 432*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*f*m*n*x + 72*log(x**n*c)*a*b...
```

3.118 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$

Optimal result	933
Mathematica [C] (verified)	934
Rubi [C] (verified)	935
Maple [F]	938
Fricas [F]	938
Sympy [F(-1)]	938
Maxima [F(-2)]	939
Giac [F]	939
Mupad [F(-1)]	939
Reduce [F]	940

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 873

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

6*b^3*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(4,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+6*b^3*(-e)
^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+6*b^3*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n
^3*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-6*b^3*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog
(4,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-6*b^3*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(3,f^(1/2)*
x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-6*b^3*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2)
))/f^(1/2)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+6*a*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(f*x^2
+e)^m)+6*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)-3*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln
(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)+2*e^(1/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f
^(1/2)-2*m*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+3*b*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylo
g(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+6*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))*polylog(3,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+6*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-3*b*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+12*b^2*e^(1/2)*m*n^2*(-b*n
+a)*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/f^(1/2)+12*b^3*e^(1/2)*m*n^2*arctan(f^(1/2)*
x/e^(1/2))*ln(c*x^n)/f^(1/2)-6*b*e^(1/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^(1/2)-6*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f
^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-6*b^2*(-e)^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylo
g(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/f^(1/2)-24*a*b^2*m*n^2*x-12*b^2*m*n^2*(-b*n+a)*
x-36*b^3*m*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)+12*b*m*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+36*b^3*m*n^3*x-6*b
^3*n^3*x*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2302, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m],x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^3*Sqrt[f]*m*x + 12*a^2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x - 36*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x +
48*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x + 2*a^3*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 6*a
^2*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcT
an[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 12*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]
- 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[
e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 12*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n^3*ArcTan[
(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqr
t[e]]*Log[x]^2 - 6*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2
- 2*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^3 - 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[
f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n] + 24*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - 36*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n
^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]
- 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^3*Sq
rt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*n*
ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTa
n[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqr
t[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 6*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 +
12*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[
c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*n*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^
2 - 2*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*x*Log[c*x^n]^3 + 2*b^3*Sqrt[e]*m*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 988, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$, Rules used = {2818, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx$$

↓ 2818

$$-2fm \int \left(\frac{6n^2x^2 \log(cx^n) b^3}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{6n^3x^2b^3}{fx^2 + e} + \frac{6an^2x^2b^2}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{3nx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 b}{fx^2 + e} + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{fx^2 + e} \right) dx +$$

$$6ab^2n^2x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 3bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) -$$

$$6b^3n^3x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

↓ 6

$$-2fm \int \left(\frac{6n^2x^2 \log(cx^n) b^3}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{3nx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 b}{fx^2 + e} + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{fx^2 + e} + \frac{(6ab^2n^2 - 6b^3n^3)x^2}{fx^2 + e} \right) dx +$$

$$6ab^2n^2x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) - 3bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) +$$

$$x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) + 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) -$$

$$6b^3n^3x \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)$$

↓ 2009

$$-6n^3x \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) b^3 + 6n^2x \log(cx^n) \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) b^3 +$$

$$6an^2x \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) b^2 - 3nx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) b +$$

$$x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) -$$

$$2fm \left(-\frac{18n^3xb^3}{f} + \frac{18n^2x \log(cx^n) b^3}{f} - \frac{6\sqrt{en^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) \log(cx^n) b^3}{f^{3/2}} + \frac{3i\sqrt{en^3} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) b^3}{f^{3/2}} - \dots \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m], x]
```

output

```

6*a*b^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 6*b^3*n^3*x*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + 6*
b^3*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 3*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log
[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m] - 2*f*m*
((12*a*b^2*n^2*x)/f - (18*b^3*n^3*x)/f + (6*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n)*x)/f - (6*b^
2*Sqrt[e]*n^2*(a - b*n)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) + (18*b^3*n^2
*x*Log[c*x^n])/f - (6*b^3*Sqrt[e]*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^
n])/f^(3/2) - (6*b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f + (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/
f - (3*b*Sqrt[-e]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2
*f^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[-e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/
(2*f^(3/2)) + (3*b*Sqrt[-e]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqr
t[-e]])/(2*f^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[-e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[-e]])/(2*f^(3/2)) + (3*b^2*Sqrt[-e]*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2,
-((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]))/f^(3/2) - (3*b*Sqrt[-e]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*P
olyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]))/(2*f^(3/2)) - (3*b^2*Sqrt[-e]*n^2*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/f^(3/2) + (3*b*Sqrt[-e]*n
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*f^(3/2)) + ((3*I
)*b^3*Sqrt[e]*n^3*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) - ((3*I)*
b^3*Sqrt[e]*n^3*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/f^(3/2) - (3*b^3*Sqrt[-
e]*n^3*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]))/f^(3/2) + (3*b^2*Sqrt[-e]*n^2*
(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]))/f^(3/2) + (3*b^...

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6

```

Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v
+ (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]

```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

```

rule 2818

```

Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]},
Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m)
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && Inte
gerQ[m]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \int \ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**3*m - 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)
)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*b*m*n + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)
)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e))*a*b**2*m*n**2 - 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)
)*sqrt(e))*b**3*m*n**3 + 2*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e*f*m +
6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e*f*m - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/
(e + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e*f*m*n + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e*
f*m - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e*f*m*n + 12*int(log(x**n*
c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b**3*e*f*m*n**2 + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3
*b**3*f*x + 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f*x - 3*log((e
+ f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f*n*x + 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x
**n*c)*a**2*b*f*x - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f*n*x + 6*
log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f*n**2*x + log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*
a**3*f*x - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*f*n*x + 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d
)*a*b**2*f*n**2*x - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**3*f*n**3*x - 2*log(x**n*c)
**3*b**3*f*m*x - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*f*m*x + 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f*
m*n*x - 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f*m*x + 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f*m*n*x - 36*lo
g(x**n*c)*b**3*f*m*n**2*x - 2*a**3*f*m*x + 12*a**2*b*f*m*n*x - 36*a*b**2*f
*m*n**2*x + 48*b**3*f*m*n**3*x)/f
```

3.119
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	941
Mathematica [C] (verified)	942
Rubi [C] (verified)	943
Maple [F]	945
Fricas [F]	945
Sympy [F(-1)]	945
Maxima [F(-2)]	946
Giac [F]	946
Mupad [F(-1)]	946
Reduce [F]	947

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 775

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
12*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e^(1/2)+12*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^
2*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^(1/2)+6*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*arctan
(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^(1/2)+2*f^(1/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x
/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^(1/2)-6*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-6*b^2*n^
2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+
e)^m)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x-6*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(
2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-6*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*po
lylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-3*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^
2*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+6*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(
2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+6*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*pol
ylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+3*b*f^(1/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*
polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+6*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(3,-
f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+6*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polyl
og(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-6*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(3,f^(1/
2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-6*b^2*f^(1/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,
f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)-6*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(4,-f^(1/2)*x/
(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)+6*b^3*f^(1/2)*m*n^3*polylog(4,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))
/(-e)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*a^3*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 12*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] - 12*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 + 6*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 - 2*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^3 + 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 6*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 6*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 2*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*x*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^3 + (3*I)*a^2*b*Sqrt[f]*m*n*x*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (6*I)*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + (6*I)*b^3*Sqrt[f]*m*n^3*x*Log[x]*Log[1 - (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (3*I)*a*b^2*Sqrt[f]*m*n^2*x*Log[x]^2*Log[1...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$-2fm \int \left(-\frac{6b^3 n^3}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{6b^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) n^2}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{3b(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 n}{fx^2 + e} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{fx^2 + e} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{6b^2 n^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x} - \frac{6b^3 n^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{6b^3 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) n^3}{x} - \frac{6b^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) n^2}{x} -$$

$$\frac{3b(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m) n}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(fx^2 + e)^m)}{x} -$$

$$2fm \left(-\frac{6b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) n^3}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{3ib^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) n^3}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{3ib^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) n^3}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{3b^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) n^3}{\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{f}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-6*b^3*n^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - (6*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x - 2*f*m*((-6*b^3*n^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (6*b^2*n^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 - (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) - (3*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + ((3*I)*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - ((3*I)*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]])/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) - (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e])])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]])/(Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f]) + (3*b^3*n^3*PolyLog[4, ...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2825

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^2,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**3*m*x + 6*sqrt(f)*sqrt
(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*b*m*n*x + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((
f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b**2*m*n**2*x + 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(s
qrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**3*m*n**3*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)
*b**3*e**2*m*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*x
- 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*b**3*e**2*m*n*x - 6*int(log(x
**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*a**2*b*e**2*m*x - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 +
f*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n*x - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**2 + f*x**4),x)*b
*3*e**2*m*n**2*x - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e - 3*log((e
+ f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x*
n*c)**2*b**3*e*n - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e - 6*log(
(e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x
**n*c)*b**3*e*n**2 - log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**3*e - 3*log((e + f*x**2)**m
*d)*a**2*b*e*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*e*n**2 - 6*log((e + f*x**
2)**m*d)*b**3*e*n**3 - 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*m - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2
*e*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*m*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*m - 24*log(x*
n*c)*a*b**2*e*m*n - 36*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e*m*n**2 - 6*a**2*b*e*m*n - 24*a*
b**2*e*m*n**2 - 36*b**3*e*m*n**3)/(e*x)
```


$$3.120 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	948
Mathematica [C] (verified)	949
Rubi [C] (verified)	950
Maple [F]	952
Fricas [F]	952
Sympy [F(-1)]	953
Maxima [F(-2)]	953
Giac [F]	953
Mupad [F(-1)]	954
Reduce [F]	954

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 898

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-160/27*b^3*f*m*n^3/e/x-4/27*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))/e
^(3/2)-52/9*b^2*f*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x-4/9*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*arctan(f
^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^(3/2)-8/3*b*f*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/
x-2/3*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^(3/2)-2/
3*f*m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e/x-2/3*f^(3/2)*m*arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^3/e^(3/2)-2/27*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-2/9*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-1/3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)
/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^3-2/9*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*pol
ylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-2/3*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-b*f^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))^2*polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2/9*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*p
olylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2/3*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+b*f^(3/2)*m*n*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))^2*polylog(2,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2/3*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*po
lylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))*polylog(3,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-2/3*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*pol
ylog(3,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-2*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
*polylog(3,f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)-2*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*polylog(4,
-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)+2*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*polylog(4,f^(1/2)*x/
(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(3/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2488, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-18*a^3*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^2 - 72*a^2*b*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n*x^2 - 156*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*
f*m*n^2*x^2 - 160*b^3*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n^3*x^2 - 18*a^3*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*ArcTan[(S
qrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 18*a^2*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]
- 12*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - 4*b^3*f^(3/2)*m
*n^3*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] + 54*a^2*b*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sq
rt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x] + 36*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[e]]*Log[x] + 12*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[
x] - 54*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 - 18*
b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^3*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2 + 18*b^3*f^(3/2
)*m*n^3*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^3 - 54*a^2*b*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^
2*Log[c*x^n] - 144*a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 156*b^3*Sqrt[e]*f*
m*n^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 54*a^2*b*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*
Log[c*x^n] - 36*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^
n] - 12*b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n] + 108
*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 36*
b^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 54*b
^3*f^(3/2)*m*n^2*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - 54*
a*b^2*Sqrt[e]*f*m*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 72*b^3*Sqrt[e]*f*m*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2
- 54*a*b^2*f^(3/2)*m*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 18*b^
3*f^(3/2)*m*n*x^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 54*b^3*f^(...
```

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 989, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2825, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2825

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2fm \int \left(-\frac{2b^3n^3}{27x^2(fx^2+e)} - \frac{2b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))n^2}{9x^2(fx^2+e)} - \frac{b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2n}{3x^2(fx^2+e)} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3x^2(fx^2+e)} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{2b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{9x^3} - \frac{bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{3x^3} - \\
 & \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{27x^3} - \frac{2b^3n^3\log(d(e+fx^2)^m)}{27x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{2b^3\log(d(fx^2+e)^m)n^3}{27x^3} - \frac{2b^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\log(d(fx^2+e)^m)n^2}{9x^3} - \\
 & \frac{b(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\log(d(fx^2+e)^m)n}{3x^3} - \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3\log(d(fx^2+e)^m)}{9e^{3/2}} - \\
 & 2fm \left(\frac{2b^3\sqrt{f}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)n^3}{27e^{3/2}} - \frac{ib^3\sqrt{f}\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)n^3}{9e^{3/2}} + \frac{ib^3\sqrt{f}\text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)n^3}{9e^{3/2}} - \frac{b^3\sqrt{f}\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)n^3}{3(-e)^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/x^4,x]`

output

```

(-2*b^3*n^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(27*x^3) - (2*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(9*x^3) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^
2)^m])/(3*x^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^2)^m])/(3*x^3) - 2*f
*m*((80*b^3*n^3)/(27*e*x) + (2*b^3*sqrt[f]*n^3*ArcTan[(sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[e]]
)/(27*e^(3/2)) + (26*b^2*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e*x) + (2*b^2*sqrt[f]*
n^2*ArcTan[(sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e^(3/2)) + (4*b*n*(
a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(3*e*x) + (a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/(3*e*x) - (b*sqrt[f]*n
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 - (sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(6*(-e)^(3/2)) - (Sqr
t[f]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 - (sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(6*(-e)^(3/2)) +
(b*sqrt[f]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(6*(-e)^(
3/2)) + (sqrt[f]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(6*(-
e)^(3/2)) + (b^2*sqrt[f]*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(sqrt[f]*x)/S
qrt[-e]])/(3*(-e)^(3/2)) + (b*sqrt[f]*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -
((sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e])])/(2*(-e)^(3/2)) - (b^2*sqrt[f]*n^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^
n])*PolyLog[2, (sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(3*(-e)^(3/2)) - (b*sqrt[f]*n*(a + b
*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, (sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(2*(-e)^(3/2)) - ((I/9)*b
^3*sqrt[f]*n^3*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[e]])/e^(3/2) + ((I/9)*b^3*
sqrt[f]*n^3*PolyLog[2, (I*sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[e]])/e^(3/2) - (b^3*sqrt[f]*n^3*
PolyLog[3, -(sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(3*(-e)^(3/2)) - (b^2*sqrt[f]*n^2*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(sqrt[f]*x)/sqrt[-e]])/(-e)^(3/2) + (b^3*...
    
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2825 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] u, x] - Simp[f*m*r Int[x^(m - 1)/(e + f*x^m) u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(dx^2 + e)^m}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(f*x**2+e)**m)/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^2 + e)^m d)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^2 + e)^m*d)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(fx^2 + e)^m) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^4,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^2)^m)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^2)^m)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(f*x^2+e)^m)/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**3*f*m*x**3 - 18*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a**2*b*f*m*n*x**3 - 12*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a*b**2*f*m*n**2*x**3 - 4*sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*b**3*f*m*n**3*x**3 - 18*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*b**3*e**3*m*x**3 - 54*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*a*b**2*e**3*m*x**3 - 18*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n*x**3 - 54*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*a**2*b*e**3*m*x**3 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*a*b**2*e**3*m*n*x**3 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e*x**4 + f*x**6),x)*b**3*e**3*m*n**2*x**3 - 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2 - 27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2 - 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*n - 27*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2 - 18*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**2*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*n**2 - 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**3*e**2 - 9*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a**2*b*e**2*n - 6*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*a*b**2*e**2*n**2 - 2*log((e + f*x**2)**m*d)*b**3*e**2*n**3 - 6*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**2*m - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2*m - 12*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*m*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2*m - 24*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**2*m*n - 12*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*m*n**2 - 18*a**3*e*f*m*x**2 - 6*a**2*b*e**2*m*n - 18*a**2*b*e*f*m*n*x**2 - 8*a*b**2*e**2*m*n**2 - 12*a*b**2*e*f*m*n**2*x**2 - 4*b**3*e**2*m*n**3 - ...
```


3.121 $\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	956
Mathematica [A] (verified)	957
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Maple [F]	959
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Sympy [F(-1)]	960
Maxima [F]	960
Giac [F]	961
Mupad [F(-1)]	961
Reduce [F]	962

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 403

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{7be^5kn\sqrt{x}}{9f^5} + \frac{2be^4knx}{9f^4} - \frac{be^3knx^{3/2}}{9f^3} + \frac{5be^2knx^2}{72f^2} - \frac{11beknx^{5/2}}{225f} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{27}bknx^3 + \frac{be^6kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9f^6} - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) \\
 &+ \frac{2be^6kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{3f^6} + \frac{e^5k\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^5} - \frac{e^4kx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f^4} \\
 &+ \frac{e^3kx^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9f^3} - \frac{e^2kx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{12f^2} + \frac{ekx^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{15f} \\
 &- \frac{1}{18}kx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e^6k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^6} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) +
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -7/9*b*e^5*k*n*x^{(1/2)}/f^5+2/9*b*e^4*k*n*x/f^4-1/9*b*e^3*k*n*x^{(3/2)}/f^3+5 \\
& /72*b*e^2*k*n*x^2/f^2-11/225*b*e*k*n*x^{(5/2)}/f+1/27*b*k*n*x^3+1/9*b*e^6*k* \\
& n*\ln(e+f*x^{(1/2)})/f^6-1/9*b*n*x^3*\ln(d*(e+f*x^{(1/2)})^k)+2/3*b*e^6*k*n*\ln(e \\
& +f*x^{(1/2)})*\ln(-f*x^{(1/2)}/e)/f^6+1/3*e^5*k*x^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/f^5-1/6 \\
& *e^4*k*x*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/f^4+1/9*e^3*k*x^{(3/2)}*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/f^3-1/12*e^ \\
& 2*k*x^2*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/f^2+1/15*e*k*x^{(5/2)}*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/f-1/18*k*x^3* \\
& (a+b*\ln(c*x^n))-1/3*e^6*k*\ln(e+f*x^{(1/2)})*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/f^6+1/3*x^3*\ln(d \\
& *(e+f*x^{(1/2)})^k)*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))+2/3*b*e^6*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^{(1/2)}/e)/f \\
& ^6
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx =$$

$$\frac{-1800ae^5fk\sqrt{x} + 4200be^5fkn\sqrt{x} + 900ae^4f^2kx - 1200be^4f^2knx - 600ae^3f^3kx^{3/2} + 600be^3f^3knx^{3/2}}{-}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/5400*(-1800*a*e^5*f*k*Sqrt[x] + 4200*b*e^5*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] + 900*a*e^4*f^ \\
& 2*k*x - 1200*b*e^4*f^2*k*n*x - 600*a*e^3*f^3*k*x^{(3/2)} + 600*b*e^3*f^3*k*n \\
& *x^{(3/2)} + 450*a*e^2*f^4*k*x^2 - 375*b*e^2*f^4*k*n*x^2 - 360*a*e*f^5*k*x^{(5/2)} \\
& + 264*b*e*f^5*k*n*x^{(5/2)} + 300*a*f^6*k*x^3 - 200*b*f^6*k*n*x^3 - 180 \\
& 0*a*f^6*x^3*\Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 600*b*f^6*n*x^3*\Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x] \\
&)^k] + 1800*b*e^6*k*n*\Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*\Log[x] - 1800*b*e^5*f*k*Sqrt \\
& [x]*\Log[c*x^n] + 900*b*e^4*f^2*k*x*\Log[c*x^n] - 600*b*e^3*f^3*k*x^{(3/2)}*\Lo \\
& g[c*x^n] + 450*b*e^2*f^4*k*x^2*\Log[c*x^n] - 360*b*e*f^5*k*x^{(5/2)}*\Log[c*x \\
& n] + 300*b*f^6*k*x^3*\Log[c*x^n] - 1800*b*f^6*x^3*\Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]* \\
& \Log[c*x^n] + 600*e^6*k*\Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(3*a - b*n - 3*b*n*\Log[x] + 3*b* \\
& \Log[c*x^n]) + 3600*b*e^6*k*n*\PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]/f^6
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) e^6}{3f^6 x} + \frac{ke^5}{3f^5 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{ke^4}{6f^4} + \frac{k\sqrt{x}e^3}{9f^3} - \frac{kxe^2}{12f^2} + \frac{kx^{3/2}e}{15f} - \frac{kx^2}{18} + \frac{1}{3}x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) \right) dx$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^6} +$$

$$\frac{e^5 k \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^5} - \frac{e^4 k x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f^4} + \frac{e^3 k x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9f^3} -$$

$$\frac{e^2 k x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{12f^2} + \frac{ekx^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{15f} - \frac{1}{18}kx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^6} +$$

$$\frac{e^5 k \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^5} - \frac{e^4 k x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f^4} + \frac{e^3 k x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9f^3} -$$

$$\frac{e^2 k x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{12f^2} + \frac{ekx^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{15f} - \frac{1}{18}kx^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{1}{9}x^3 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{2e^6 k \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{3f^6} - \frac{e^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9f^6} - \frac{2e^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{3f^6} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
(e^5*k*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f^5) - (e^4*k*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/
(6*f^4) + (e^3*k*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*f^3) - (e^2*k*x^2*(a + b*L
og[c*x^n]))/(12*f^2) + (e*k*x^(5/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(15*f) - (k*x^3*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n]))/18 - (e^6*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f^
6) + (x^3*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/3 - b*n*((7*e^5*k*S
qrt[x])/(9*f^5) - (2*e^4*k*x)/(9*f^4) + (e^3*k*x^(3/2))/(9*f^3) - (5*e^2*k
*x^2)/(72*f^2) + (11*e*k*x^(5/2))/(225*f) - (k*x^3)/27 - (e^6*k*Log[e + f*
Sqrt[x]])/(9*f^6) + (x^3*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])/9 - (2*e^6*k*Log[e + f*
Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/(3*f^6) - (2*e^6*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[
x])/e])/3*f^6))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a*x^2)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/441*(147*b*e*x^3*log(d)*log(x^n) + 49*(3*a*e*log(d) - (e*n*log(d) - 3*e*
log(c)*log(d))*b)*x^3 + 49*(3*b*e*x^3*log(x^n) - ((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*b - 3
*a*e)*x^3)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) - (21*b*f*k*x^4*log(x^n) + (21*a*f*k - (
13*f*k*n - 21*f*k*log(c))*b)*x^4)/sqrt(x))/e + integrate(1/18*(3*b*f^2*k*x
^3*log(x^n) + (3*a*f^2*k - (f^2*k*n - 3*f^2*k*log(c))*b)*x^3)/(e*f*sqrt(x)
+ e^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int x^2 \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-1800 \log(\sqrt{x} f + e) a e^6 k^2 + 1800 \log\left((\sqrt{x} f + e)^k d\right)^2 b e^6 n - 300 a f^6 k^2 x^3 + 1800 \log\left((\sqrt{x} f + e)^k d\right)}{}$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `(1800*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b***5*f*k**2 + 600*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b***3*f**3*k**2*x + 360*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f**5*k**2*x**2 + 1800*sqrt(x)*a***5*f*k**2 + 600*sqrt(x)*a***3*f**3*k**2*x + 360*sqrt(x)*a*e*f**5*k**2*x**2 - 4200*sqrt(x)*b***5*f*k**2*n - 600*sqrt(x)*b***3*f**3*k**2*n*x - 264*sqrt(x)*b*e*f**5*k**2*n*x**2 + 1800*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b***8*k*n - 1800*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b***7*f*k*n - 1800*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a***6*k**2 + 600*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b***6*k**2*n + 1800*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*2*b***6*n - 1800*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b***6*k + 1800*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**6*k*x**3 + 1800*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*f**6*k*x**3 - 600*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**6*k*n*x**3 - 900*log(x**n*c)*b***4*f**2*k**2*x - 450*log(x**n*c)*b***2*f**4*k**2*x**2 - 300*log(x**n*c)*b*f**6*k**2*x**3 - 900*a***4*f**2*k**2*x - 450*a***2*f**4*k**2*x**2 - 300*a*f**6*k**2*x**3 + 1200*b***4*f**2*k**2*n*x + 375*b***2*f**4*k**2*n*x**2 + 200*b*f**6*k**2*n*x**3)/(5400*f**6*k)`

3.122 $\int x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	963
Mathematica [A] (verified)	964
Rubi [A] (verified)	965
Maple [F]	966
Fricas [F]	967
Sympy [F(-1)]	967
Maxima [F]	967
Giac [F]	968
Mupad [F(-1)]	968
Reduce [F]	968

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 313

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{5be^3kn\sqrt{x}}{4f^3} + \frac{3be^2knx}{8f^2} - \frac{7beknx^{3/2}}{36f} + \frac{1}{8}bknx^2 + \frac{be^4kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{4f^4} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) + \frac{be^4kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log \left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right)}{f^4} \\
 &\quad + \frac{e^3k\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2kx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} + \frac{ekx^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f} \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{8}kx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e^4k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^4} \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{be^4kn \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right)}{f^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/4*b*e^3*k*n*x^(1/2)/f^3+3/8*b*e^2*k*n*x/f^2-7/36*b*e*k*n*x^(3/2)/f+1/8*
b*k*n*x^2+1/4*b*e^4*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^4-1/4*b*n*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))
^k)+b*e^4*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4+1/2*e^3*k*x^(1/2)*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))/f^3-1/4*e^2*k*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+1/6*e*k*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))/f-1/8*k*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*e^4*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/f^4+1/2*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+b*e^4*k*n*polylog(2,1+f
*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx =$$

$$\frac{-36ae^3fk\sqrt{x} + 90be^3kn\sqrt{x} + 18ae^2f^2kx - 27be^2f^2knx - 12aef^3kx^{3/2} + 14bef^3knx^{3/2} + 9af^4kx^2}{-}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
-1/72*(-36*a*e^3*f*k*Sqrt[x] + 90*b*e^3*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] + 18*a*e^2*f^2*k*x -
27*b*e^2*f^2*k*n*x - 12*a*e*f^3*k*x^(3/2) + 14*b*e*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2) + 9*a*
f^4*k*x^2 - 9*b*f^4*k*n*x^2 - 36*a*f^4*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 18*b
*f^4*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 36*b*e^4*k*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*
Log[x] - 36*b*e^3*f*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b*e^2*f^2*k*x*Log[c*x^n] - 1
2*b*e*f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 9*b*f^4*k*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 36*b*f^4*x^2*L
og[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] + 18*e^4*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(2*a - b*
n - 2*b*n*Log[x] + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]) + 72*b*e^4*k*n*PolyLog[2, -(f*Sqrt[x]
/e)]/f^4
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) e^4}{2f^4 x} + \frac{ke^3}{2f^3 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{ke^2}{4f^2} + \frac{k\sqrt{x}e}{6f} - \frac{kx}{8} + \frac{1}{2}x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^4} +$$

$$\frac{e^3 k \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2 k x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} + \frac{ekx^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f} -$$

$$\frac{1}{8}kx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^4} +$$

$$\frac{e^3 k \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2 k x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} + \frac{ekx^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f} -$$

$$\frac{1}{8}kx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{1}{4}x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^4 k \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{f^4} - \frac{e^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{4f^4} - \frac{e^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^4} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
(e^3*k*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(2*f^3) - (e^2*k*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/
(4*f^2) + (e*k*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*f) - (k*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n
]))/8 - (e^4*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(2*f^4) + (x^2*Log[d
*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - b*n*((5*e^3*k*Sqrt[x])/(4*f^3)
- (3*e^2*k*x)/(8*f^2) + (7*e*k*x^(3/2))/(36*f) - (k*x^2)/8 - (e^4*k*Log[e
+ f*Sqrt[x]])/(4*f^4) + (x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])/4 - (e^4*k*Log[e +
f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^4 - (e^4*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x]
)/e])/f^4)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \log \left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a+b \log (cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log (cx^n) + a)x \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a+b \log (cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \log \left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a+b \log (cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log (cx^n) + a)x \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/100*(50*b*e*x^2*log(d)*log(x^n) + 25*(2*a*e*log(d) - (e*n*log(d) - 2*e*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 25*(2*b*e*x^2*log(x^n) - ((e*n - 2*e*log(c))*b - 2*a*e)*x^2)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) - (10*b*f*k*x^3*log(x^n) + (10*a*f*k - (9*f*k*n - 10*f*k*log(c))*b)*x^3)/sqrt(x))/e + integrate(1/8*(2*b*f^2*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (2*a*f^2*k - (f^2*k*n - 2*f^2*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/(e*f*sqrt(x) + e^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int x \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{36\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b e^3 f k^2 + 12\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b e f^3 k^2 x + 36\sqrt{x} a e^3 f k^2 + 12\sqrt{x} a e f^3 k^2 x - 90\sqrt{x} b e^3 f k^2 n - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output

```
(36*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b***3*f*k**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f**3*k*
*2*x + 36*sqrt(x)*a*e**3*f*k**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*a*e*f**3*k**2*x - 90*sqrt(x)*
b*e**3*f*k**2*n - 14*sqrt(x)*b*e*f**3*k**2*n*x + 36*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e
)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**6*k*n - 36*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*
f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**5*f*k*n - 36*log(sqrt(x)*f + e
)*a*e**4*k**2 + 18*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*e**4*k**2*n + 36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e
)**k*d)**2*b*e**4*n - 36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*k +
36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**4*k*x**2 + 36*log((sqrt(x)*f
+ e)**k*d)*a*f**4*k*x**2 - 18*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**4*k*n*x**2 -
18*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f**2*k**2*x - 9*log(x**n*c)*b*f**4*k**2*x**2 - 18*a
*e**2*f**2*k**2*x - 9*a*f**4*k**2*x**2 + 27*b*e**2*f**2*k**2*n*x + 9*b*f**
4*k**2*n*x**2)/(72*f**4*k)
```

3.123 $\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	970
Mathematica [A] (verified)	971
Rubi [A] (verified)	971
Maple [F]	973
Fricas [F]	973
Sympy [F(-1)]	973
Maxima [F]	974
Giac [F]	974
Mupad [F(-1)]	974
Reduce [F]	975

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 209

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= -\frac{3b e k n \sqrt{x}}{f} + b k n x + \frac{b e^2 k n \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{f^2} - b n x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) \\ &+ \frac{2b e^2 k n \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{e k \sqrt{x} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f} \\ &- \frac{1}{2} k x (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} \\ &+ x \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2b e^2 k n \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3*b*e*k*n*x^(1/2)/f+b*k*n*x+b*e^2*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^2-b*n*x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)+2*b*e^2*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2+e*k*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-1/2*k*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-e^2*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2*b*e^2*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \frac{aek\sqrt{x}}{f} - \frac{3bekn\sqrt{x}}{f} - \frac{akx}{2} + bknx + ax \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) \\ & \quad - bnx \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) - \frac{be^2kn \log \left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right) \log(x)}{f^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{bek\sqrt{x} \log(cx^n)}{f} - \frac{1}{2} b k x \log(cx^n) + bx \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) \log(cx^n) \\ & \quad - \frac{e^2k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a - bn - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} - \frac{2be^2kn \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right)}{f^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(a*e*k*Sqrt[x])/f - (3*b*e*k*n*Sqrt[x])/f - (a*k*x)/2 + b*k*n*x + a*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] - b*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] - (b*e^2*k*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x])/f^2 + (b*e*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n])/f - (b*k*x*Log[c*x^n])/2 + b*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] - (e^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a - b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n]))/f^2 - (2*b*e^2*k*n*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/f^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) dx$$

↓ 2817

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(-\frac{k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) e^2}{f^2 x} + \frac{ke}{f\sqrt{x}} - \frac{k}{2} + \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) \right) dx + \\
& x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{ek\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{f} - \frac{1}{2} kx(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{e^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} + \\
& \quad \frac{ek\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{f} - \frac{1}{2} kx(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{2e^2 k \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{f^2} - \frac{e^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{f^2} - \frac{2e^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(e*k*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/f - (k*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (e^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/f^2 + x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - b*n*((3*e*k*Sqrt[x])/f - k*x - (e^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/f^2 + x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] - (2*e^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^2 - (2*e^2*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/f^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p-1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*(9*b*e*x*log(d)*log(x^n) + 9*(a*e*log(d) - (e*n*log(d) - e*log(c))*log(d))*b)*x + 9*(b*e*x*log(x^n) - ((e*n - e*log(c))*b - a*e)*x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) - (3*b*f*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (3*a*f*k - (5*f*k*n - 3*f*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/sqrt(x))/e + integrate(1/2*(b*f^2*k*x*log(x^n) + (a*f^2*k - (f^2*k*n - f^2*k*log(c))*b)*x)/(e*f*sqrt(x) + e^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b e f k^2 + 2\sqrt{x} a e f k^2 - 6\sqrt{x} b e f k^2 n + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((\sqrt{x} f + e)^k d)}{-f^2 x^2 + e^2 x} dx \right) b e^4 k n - 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log((\sqrt{x} f + e)}{-f^2 x^2 + e^2 x} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f*k**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*a*e*f*k**2 - 6*sqrt(x)*b*e*f*k**2*n + 2*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**4*k*n - 2*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**3*f*k*n - 2*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*e**2*k**2 + 2*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*e**2*k**2*n + 2*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*e**2*n - 2*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)*k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*k + 2*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*k*x + 2*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*f**2*k*x - 2*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**2*k*n*x - log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*k**2*x - a*f**2*k**2*x + 2*b*f**2*k**2*n*x)/(2*f**2*k)`

3.124
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	976
Mathematica [A] (verified)	977
Rubi [A] (verified)	977
Maple [F]	979
Fricas [F]	980
Sympy [F(-1)]	980
Maxima [F]	980
Giac [F]	981
Mupad [F(-1)]	981
Reduce [F]	982

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2bn} - \frac{k\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2bn} - 2k(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 4bkn\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/b/n-1/2*k*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/b/n-2*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)+4*b*k*n*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(4a \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - bn \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right) \log^2(x) + bkn \log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \log^2(x) + 2b \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right) \log(x) \log(cx^n) - 2bk \log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \log(x) \log(cx^n) + 4ak \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 4bk \log(cx^n) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 8bkn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x,x]
```

output

```
(4*a*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] - b*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[x]^2 + b*k*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 + 2*b*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 2*b*k*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 4*a*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e] - 4*b*k*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] + 8*b*k*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2bn} - \frac{fk \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{(e+f\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fk \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{4bn \int \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{f^x} dx}{f} \right)}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fk \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{4bn \left(2bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{x} dx - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{f} \right)}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fk \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{4bn \left(4bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{f} \right)}{4bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x,x]`

output

`(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*b*n) - (f*k*((2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f - (4*b*n*(-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] + 4*b*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]))/f))/(4*b*n)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2775

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^(r_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*
x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] &
& EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]
```

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b
_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2822

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n
_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m
- 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b\ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x,x)
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(b*e*n*log(d)*log(x)^2 - 2*b*e*log(d)*log(x)*log(x^n) + (b*e*n*log(x)
^2 - 2*b*e*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*e*log(c) + a*e)*log(x))*log((f*sqrt(x) +
e)^k) - 2*(b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d))*log(x) - (b*f*k*n*x*log(x)^2 -
2*(b*f*k*log(c) + a*f*k)*x*log(x) + 4*(a*f*k - (2*f*k*n - f*k*log(c))*b)*
x - 2*(b*f*k*x*log(x) - 2*b*f*k*x)*log(x^n))/sqrt(x))/e + integrate(-1/4*(
b*f^2*k*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*f^2*k*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*f^2*k*log(c) + a*f^2
*k)*log(x))/(e*f*sqrt(x) + e^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\int \frac{\log((\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d)}{-f^2x^2+e^2x} dx\right) a e^2 k + \left(\int \frac{\log((\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d)\log(x^n c)}{x} dx\right) b k - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\log((\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d)}{-f^2x^2+e^2x} dx\right) a e f k + \log((\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d) a}{k}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x,x)`

output `(int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*e**2*k + int((log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b*k - int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*e*f*k + log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*a)/k`

3.125
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	983
Mathematica [A] (verified)	984
Rubi [A] (verified)	984
Maple [F]	986
Fricas [F]	986
Sympy [F(-1)]	986
Maxima [F]	987
Giac [F]	987
Mupad [F(-1)]	987
Reduce [F]	988

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 248

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{3bfkn}{e\sqrt{x}} + \frac{bf^2kn \log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{e^2} - \frac{bn \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{x} \\ & \quad - \frac{2bf^2kn \log(e+f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{bf^2kn \log(x)}{2e^2} + \frac{bf^2kn \log^2(x)}{4e^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{fk(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e\sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^2k \log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} \\ & \quad - \frac{f^2k \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{2bf^2kn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-3*b*f*k*n/e/x^(1/2)+b*f^2*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^2-b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)/x-2*b*f^2*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2-1/2*b*f^2*k*n*ln(x)/e^2+1/4*b*f^2*k*n*ln(x)^2/e^2-f*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^(1/2)+f^2*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-1/2*f^2*k*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-2*b*f^2*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \frac{4aefk\sqrt{x} + 12befkn\sqrt{x} + 4ae^2 \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right) + 4be^2n \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right) + 2af^2kx \log(x) + 2}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^2,x]`

output `-1/4*(4*a*e*f*k*Sqrt[x] + 12*b*e*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] + 4*a*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 4*b*e^2*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 2*a*f^2*k*x*Log[x] + 2*b*f^2*k*n*x*Log[x] - 4*b*f^2*k*n*x*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - b*f^2*k*n*x*Log[x]^2 + 4*b*e*f*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*f^2*k*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*f^2*k*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n]) - 8*b*f^2*k*n*x*PolyLog[2, -(f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(e^2*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -bn \int \left(\frac{k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) f^2}{e^2 x} - \frac{k \log(x) f^2}{2e^2 x} - \frac{kf}{ex^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x^2} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{e^2} + \frac{f^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e^2} - \\
 & \frac{f^2 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{fk(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{e^2} + \frac{f^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e^2} - \\
 & \frac{f^2 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{fk(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e\sqrt{x}} - \\
 & bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x} + \frac{2f^2 k \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{e^2} - \frac{f^2 k \log^2(x)}{4e^2} - \frac{f^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{e^2} + \frac{2f^2 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{e^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((f*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*Sqrt[x])) + (f^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e^2 - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x - (f^2*k*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^2) - b*n*((3*f*k)/(e*Sqrt[x]) - (f^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/e^2 + Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]/x + (2*f^2*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 + (f^2*k*Log[x])/(2*e^2) - (f^2*k*Log[x]^2)/(4*e^2) + (2*f^2*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/e^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*e*log(d)*log(x^n) + a*e*log(d) + (e*n*log(d) + e*log(c)*log(d))*b + (b*e*log(x^n) + (e*n + e*log(c))*b + a*e)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) + (b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (a*f*k + (3*f*k*n + f*k*log(c))*b)*x)/sqrt(x))/(e*x) - integrate(1/2*(b*f^2*k*log(x^n) + a*f^2*k + (f^2*k*n + f^2*k*log(c))*b)/(e*f*x^(3/2) + e^2*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b e f k^2 n - 4\sqrt{x} a e f k^2 n - 12\sqrt{x} b e f k^2 n^2 - 4 \left(\int \frac{\log((\sqrt{x} f + e)^k d)}{-f^2 x^2 + e^2 x} dx \right) b e^2 f^2 k n^2 x + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x} f + e)}{-f^2 x^2 + e^2 x} dx \right) b e^2 f^2 k n^2 x}{1}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2,x)`

output `(- 4*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f*k**2*n - 4*sqrt(x)*a*e*f*k**2*n - 12*sqrt(x)*b*e*f*k**2*n**2 - 4*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2), x)*b*e**2*f**2*k*n**2*x + 4*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2), x)*b*e*f**3*k*n**2*x + 4*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*f**2*k**2*n*x + 16*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*f**2*k**2*n**2*x + 12*log(sqrt(x))*b*f**2*k**2*n**2*x - 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*f**2*n**2*x - 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*k*n + 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*k*n*x - 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**2*k*n - 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**2*k*n**2 - 12*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**2*k*n**2*x - log(x**n*c)**2*b*f**2*k**2*x - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*f**2*k**2*x - 8*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*k**2*n*x)/(4*e**2*k*n*x)`

3.126
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	989
Mathematica [A] (verified)	990
Rubi [A] (verified)	991
Maple [F]	992
Fricas [F]	993
Sympy [F(-1)]	993
Maxima [F]	993
Giac [F]	994
Mupad [F(-1)]	994
Reduce [F]	995

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{7bfkn}{36ex^{3/2}} + \frac{3bf^2kn}{8e^2x} - \frac{5bf^3kn}{4e^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{bf^4kn \log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{4e^4} - \frac{bn \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{4x^2}$$

$$- \frac{bf^4kn \log(e+f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{bf^4kn \log(x)}{8e^4} + \frac{bf^4kn \log^2(x)}{8e^4}$$

$$- \frac{fk(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6ex^{3/2}} + \frac{f^2k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4e^2x} - \frac{f^3k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^3\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{f^4k \log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^4} - \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{f^4k \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4e^4} - \frac{bf^4kn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^4}$$

output

```
-7/36*b*f*k*n/e/x^(3/2)+3/8*b*f^2*k*n/e^2/x-5/4*b*f^3*k*n/e^3/x^(1/2)+1/4*
b*f^4*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^4-1/4*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)/x^2-b*f^4*k*n*
ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4-1/8*b*f^4*k*n*ln(x)/e^4+1/8*b*f^4*k*n
*ln(x)^2/e^4-1/6*f*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^(3/2)+1/4*f^2*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e
^2/x-1/2*f^3*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3/x^(1/2)+1/2*f^4*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))/e^4-1/2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2-1/4*f^4*k*ln(
x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^4-b*f^4*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{12ae^3fk\sqrt{x} + 14be^3fkn\sqrt{x} - 18ae^2f^2kx - 27be^2f^2knx + 36aef^3kx^{3/2} + 90bef^3knx^{3/2} + 36ae^4\log\left(\frac{d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/72*(12*a*e^3*f*k*Sqrt[x] + 14*b*e^3*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] - 18*a*e^2*f^2*k*x -
27*b*e^2*f^2*k*n*x + 36*a*e*f^3*k*x^(3/2) + 90*b*e*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2) + 36*a*
e^4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 18*b*e^4*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 18*a*
f^4*k*x^2*Log[x] + 9*b*f^4*k*n*x^2*Log[x] - 36*b*f^4*k*n*x^2*Log[1 + (f*Sq
rt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 9*b*f^4*k*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 12*b*e^3*f*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x
^n] - 18*b*e^2*f^2*k*x*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b*e*f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 36*b
*e^4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b*f^4*k*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n
] - 18*f^4*k*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(2*a + b*n - 2*b*n*Log[x] + 2*b*Log[c*
x^n]) - 72*b*f^4*k*n*x^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]/(e^4*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) f^4}{2e^4 x} - \frac{k \log(x) f^4}{4e^4 x} - \frac{k f^3}{2e^3 x^{3/2}} + \frac{k f^2}{4e^2 x^2} - \frac{k f}{6e x^{5/2}} - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2x^3} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2x^2} + \frac{f^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^4} -$$

$$\frac{f^4 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^4} - \frac{f^3 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^3 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^2 x} - \frac{f k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e x^{3/2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{2x^2} + \frac{f^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^4} -$$

$$\frac{f^4 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^4} - \frac{f^3 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^3 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e^2 x} -$$

$$\frac{f k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e x^{3/2}}$$

$$bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{4x^2} + \frac{f^4 k \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{e^4} - \frac{f^4 k \log^2(x)}{8e^4} - \frac{f^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{4e^4} + \frac{f^4 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{e^4} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(f*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x^(3/2)) + (f^2*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*
e^2*x) - (f^3*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^3*Sqrt[x]) + (f^4*k*Log[e + f*Sqr
t[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^4) - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c
*x^n]))/(2*x^2) - (f^4*k*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e^4) - b*n*((7*f*k)
/(36*e*x^(3/2)) - (3*f^2*k)/(8*e^2*x) + (5*f^3*k)/(4*e^3*Sqrt[x]) - (f^4*k
*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(4*e^4) + Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]/(4*x^2) + (f^4*k*L
og[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]/e^4 + (f^4*k*Log[x])/(8*e^4) - (f
^4*k*Log[x]^2)/(8*e^4) + (f^4*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/e^4
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*(a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/36*(18*b*e*log(d)*log(x^n) + 18*a*e*log(d) + 9*(e*n*log(d) + 2*e*log(c)
*log(d))*b + 9*(2*b*e*log(x^n) + (e*n + 2*e*log(c))*b + 2*a*e)*log((f*sqrt
(x) + e)^k) + (6*b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (6*a*f*k + (7*f*k*n + 6*f*k*log(c))*b
*x)/sqrt(x))/(e*x^2) - integrate(1/8*(2*b*f^2*k*log(x^n) + 2*a*f^2*k + (f^
2*k*n + 2*f^2*k*log(c))*b)/(e*f*x^(5/2) + e^2*x^2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d\right)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^3, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b e^3 f k^2 n - 36\sqrt{x} \log(x^n c) b e f^3 k^2 n x - 12\sqrt{x} a e^3 f k^2 n - 36\sqrt{x} a e f^3 k^2 n x - 14\sqrt{x} b e^3}{72 e^4 k^2 n x^2}$$

input

```
int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*f*k**2*n - 36*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f*
*3*k**2*n*x - 12*sqrt(x)*a*e**3*f*k**2*n - 36*sqrt(x)*a*e*f**3*k**2*n*x -
14*sqrt(x)*b*e**3*f*k**2*n**2 - 90*sqrt(x)*b*e*f**3*k**2*n**2*x - 36*int(1
og((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**2*f**4*k*n**2*x**2 +
36*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e*f*
*5*k*n**2*x**2 + 36*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*f**4*k**2*n*x**2 + 168*log(sqrt(x)
)*f + e)*b*f**4*k**2*n**2*x**2 + 150*log(sqrt(x))*b*f**4*k**2*n**2*x**2 -
36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)*
*k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*k*n + 36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*
f**4*k*n*x**2 - 36*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**4*k*n - 18*log((sqrt(x)*
f + e)**k*d)*b*e**4*k*n**2 - 150*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**4*k*n**2*x
**2 - 9*log(x**n*c)**2*b*f**4*k**2*x**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)*a*f**4*k**2*x**2
+ 18*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f**2*k**2*n*x - 84*log(x**n*c)*b*f**4*k**2*n*x**2
+ 18*a*e**2*f**2*k**2*n*x + 27*b*e**2*f**2*k**2*n**2*x)/(72*e**4*k*n*x**2)
```


$$3.127 \quad \int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	996
Mathematica [A] (verified)	997
Rubi [A] (verified)	998
Maple [F]	999
Fricas [F]	1000
Sympy [F(-1)]	1000
Maxima [F]	1000
Giac [F]	1001
Mupad [F(-1)]	1001
Reduce [F]	1002

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 434

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx \\ &= -\frac{11bfkn}{225e^{5/2}} + \frac{5bf^2kn}{72e^2x^2} - \frac{bf^3kn}{9e^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{2bf^4kn}{9e^4x} - \frac{7bf^5kn}{9e^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{bf^6kn\log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{9e^6} \\ & \quad - \frac{bn\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{9x^3} - \frac{2bf^6kn\log(e+f\sqrt{x})\log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{3e^6} \\ & \quad - \frac{bf^6kn\log(x)}{18e^6} + \frac{bf^6kn\log^2(x)}{12e^6} - \frac{fk(a+b\log(cx^n))}{15e^{5/2}} + \frac{f^2k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{12e^2x^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{f^3k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{9e^3x^{3/2}} + \frac{f^4k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6e^4x} - \frac{f^5k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^5\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad + \frac{f^6k\log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^6} - \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3x^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{f^6k\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6e^6} - \frac{2bf^6kn\text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{3e^6} \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) f^6}{3e^6 x} - \frac{k \log(x) f^6}{6e^6 x} - \frac{k f^5}{3e^5 x^{3/2}} + \frac{k f^4}{6e^4 x^2} - \frac{k f^3}{9e^3 x^{5/2}} + \frac{k f^2}{12e^2 x^3} - \frac{k f}{15e x^{7/2}} - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{3x^4} \right.$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{3x^3} + \frac{f^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^6} -$$

$$\frac{f^6 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e^6} - \frac{f^5 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^5 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^4 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e^4 x} -$$

$$\frac{f^3 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^3 x^{3/2}} + \frac{f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{12e^2 x^2} - \frac{f k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{15e x^{5/2}} \left. \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$- \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{3x^3} + \frac{f^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^6} -$$

$$\frac{f^6 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e^6} - \frac{f^5 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^5 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^4 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e^4 x} -$$

$$\frac{f^3 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^3 x^{3/2}} + \frac{f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{12e^2 x^2} - \frac{f k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{15e x^{5/2}} -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{9x^3} + \frac{2f^6 k \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{3e^6} - \frac{f^6 k \log^2(x)}{12e^6} - \frac{f^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9e^6} + \frac{2f^6 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{3e^6} \right)$$

input

`Int[(Log[d*(e + f*sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^4,x]`

output

```
-1/15*(f*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x^(5/2)) + (f^2*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(1
2*e^2*x^2) - (f^3*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(9*e^3*x^(3/2)) + (f^4*k*(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n]))/(6*e^4*x) - (f^5*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^5*Sqrt[x]) + (f^6*k
*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^6) - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k
]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*x^3) - (f^6*k*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*e^6)
- b*n*((11*f*k)/(225*e*x^(5/2)) - (5*f^2*k)/(72*e^2*x^2) + (f^3*k)/(9*e^3*
x^(3/2)) - (2*f^4*k)/(9*e^4*x) + (7*f^5*k)/(9*e^5*Sqrt[x]) - (f^6*k*Log[e
+ f*Sqrt[x]])/(9*e^6) + Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]/(9*x^3) + (2*f^6*k*Log[e
+ f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/(3*e^6) + (f^6*k*Log[x])/(18*e^6) - (f
^6*k*Log[x]^2)/(12*e^6) + (2*f^6*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(3*e^6))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^4,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/225*(75*b*e*log(d)*log(x^n) + 75*a*e*log(d) + 25*(e*n*log(d) + 3*e*log(c)*log(d))*b + 25*(3*b*e*log(x^n) + (e*n + 3*e*log(c))*b + 3*a*e)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) + (15*b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (15*a*f*k + (11*f*k*n + 15*f*k*log(c))*b)*x)/sqrt(x))/(e*x^3) - integrate(1/18*(3*b*f^2*k*log(x^n) + 3*a*f^2*k + (f^2*k*n + 3*f^2*k*log(c))*b)/(e*f*x^(7/2) + e^2*x^3), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log\left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d\right)}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^4, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^4,x)`

output `(- 120*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**5*f**k**2*n - 200*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*f**3*k**2*n*x - 600*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**5*f**k**2*n*x**2 - 120*sqrt(x)*a**5*f**k**2*n - 200*sqrt(x)*a**3*f**3*k**2*n*x - 600*sqrt(x)*a**5*f**k**2*n*x**2 - 88*sqrt(x)*b**5*f**k**2*n**2 - 200*sqrt(x)*b**3*f**3*k**2*n**2*x - 1400*sqrt(x)*b**5*f**k**2*n**2*x**2 - 600*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*f**6*k**n**2*x**3 + 600*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**7*k**n**2*x**3 + 600*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a**6*k**2*n*x**3 + 3140*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b**6*k**2*n**2*x**3 + 2940*log(sqrt(x))*b**6*k**2*n**2*x**3 - 600*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b**6*n**2*x**3 - 600*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**6*k*n + 600*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**6*k*n*x**3 - 600*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a**6*k*n - 200*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b**6*k*n**2 - 2940*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b**6*k*n**2*x**3 - 150*log(x**n*c)**2*b**6*k**2*x**3 - 300*log(x**n*c)*a**6*k**2*x**3 + 150*log(x**n*c)*b**4*f**2*k**2*n*x + 300*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**4*k**2*n*x**2 - 1570*log(x**n*c)*b**6*k**2*n*x**3 + 150*a**4*f**2*k**2*n*x + 300*a**2*f**4*k**2*n*x**2 + 125*b**4*f**2*k**2*n**2*x + 400*b**2*f**4*k**2*n**2*x**2)/(1800*e**6*k*n*x**3)`

3.128 $\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1003
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1004
Rubi [A] (verified)	1004
Maple [F]	1007
Fricas [F]	1007
Sympy [F(-1)]	1007
Maxima [F]	1008
Giac [F]	1008
Mupad [F(-1)]	1008
Reduce [F]	1009

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 750

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-4/9*b^2*e^6*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^6-4/3*b*e^6*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^6+2/9*b*e^6*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^6-14/9*b*e^5*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^5-13/27*b^2*e^4*n^2*x/f^4+14/81*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^(3/2)/f^3-19/216*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2/f^2+182/3375*b^2*e*n^2*x^(5/2)/f+8/3*b^2*e^6*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^6-2/27*b^2*e^6*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^6-2/9*b*n*x^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+86/27*b^2*e^5*n^2*x^(1/2)/f^5-4/9*b^2*e^6*n^2*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^6+1/3*x^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/18*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/3*e^6*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^6+1/3*e^5*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^5+2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))+1/3*b^2*e^4*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/f^4+1/9*b*e^4*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^4-2/9*b*e^3*n*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^3+5/36*b*e^2*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2-22/225*b*e*n*x^(5/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f+1/3*a*b*e^4*n*x/f^4+1/15*e*x^(5/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f+2/27*b*n*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/6*e^4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^4+1/9*e^3*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^3-1/12*e^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^2-1/27*b^2*n^2*x^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]`

output

```
(a^2*e^5*Sqrt[x])/(3*f^5) - (14*a*b*e^5*n*Sqrt[x])/(9*f^5) + (86*b^2*e^5*n^2*Sqrt[x])/(27*f^5) - (a^2*e^4*x)/(6*f^4) + (4*a*b*e^4*n*x)/(9*f^4) - (13*b^2*e^4*n^2*x)/(27*f^4) + (a^2*e^3*x^(3/2))/(9*f^3) - (2*a*b*e^3*n*x^(3/2))/(9*f^3) + (14*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^(3/2))/(81*f^3) - (a^2*e^2*x^2)/(12*f^2) + (5*a*b*e^2*n*x^2)/(36*f^2) - (19*b^2*e^2*n^2*x^2)/(216*f^2) + (a^2*e*x^(5/2))/(15*f) - (22*a*b*e*n*x^(5/2))/(225*f) + (182*b^2*e*n^2*x^(5/2))/(3375*f) - (a^2*x^3)/18 + (2*a*b*n*x^3)/27 - (b^2*n^2*x^3)/27 - (a^2*e^6*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(3*f^6) + (2*a*b*e^6*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(9*f^6) - (2*b^2*e^6*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(27*f^6) + (a^2*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/3 - (2*a*b*n*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/9 + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/27 + (2*a*b*e^6*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x])/(3*f^6) - (2*b^2*e^6*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x])/(9*f^6) - (2*a*b*e^6*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x])/(3*f^6) + (2*b^2*e^6*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x])/(9*f^6) - (b^2*e^6*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2)/(3*f^6) + (b^2*e^6*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2)/(3*f^6) + (2*a*b*e^5*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n])/(3*f^5) - (14*b^2*e^5*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^5) - (a*b*e^4*x*Log[c*x^n])/(3*f^4) + (4*b^2*e^4*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^4) + (2*a*b*e^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^3) - (2*b^2*e^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(9*f^3) - (a*b*e^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n])/(6*f^2) + (5*b^2*e^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n])/(36*f^2) + (2*a*b*e*x^(5/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(15*f) - (22*b^2*e*n*x^(5/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(225*f) - (a*b*x^3*Lo...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 764, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-2bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))e^6}{3f^6x} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))e^5}{3f^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))e^4}{6f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9f^3} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^6 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^6} + \frac{e^5 \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^5} - \frac{e^4 x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6f^4} + \frac{e^3 x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{9f^3} - \frac{e^2 x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12f^2} + \frac{ex^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{15f} - \frac{1}{18}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2bn \left(\frac{1}{9}x^3 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2e^6 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^6} - \frac{e^6 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6bf^6} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^6 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^6} + \frac{e^5 \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3f^5} - \frac{e^4 x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6f^4} + \frac{e^3 x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{9f^3} - \frac{e^2 x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{12f^2} + \frac{ex^{5/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{15f} - \frac{1}{18}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*Log[d*(e + f*sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (e^{5\sqrt{x}}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2)/(3f^5) - (e^{4x}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2)/ \\
& (6f^4) + (e^{3x^{3/2}}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2)/(9f^3) - (e^{2x^2}(a + b\log \\
& [cx^n])^2)/(12f^2) + (e^{x^{5/2}}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2)/(15f) - (x^3(a + \\
& b\log[cx^n])^2)/18 - (e^{6\log[e + f\sqrt{x}]}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2)/(3f^6) \\
& + (x^3\log[d(e + f\sqrt{x})])(a + b\log[cx^n])^2/3 - 2bn((-43be^{5n\sqrt{x}})/(27f^5) - (a e^{4x})/(6f^4) + (13b e^{4nx})/(54f^4) - (7 \\
& b e^{3nx^{3/2}})/(81f^3) + (19b e^{2nx^2})/(432f^2) - (91b e^{nx^{5/2}}) \\
&)/(3375f) + (bnx^3)/54 + (b e^{6n\log[e + f\sqrt{x}]})/(27f^6) - (bnx \\
& ^3\log[d(e + f\sqrt{x})])/27 + (2b e^{6n\log[e + f\sqrt{x}]} \log[-((f\sqrt{x})/e)])/ \\
& (9f^6) - (b e^{4x\log[cx^n]})/(6f^4) + (7e^{5\sqrt{x}}(a + b\log[cx^n]))/(9f^5) - \\
& (e^{4x}(a + b\log[cx^n]))/(18f^4) + (e^{3x^{3/2}}(a + b\log[cx^n]))/(9f^3) - \\
& (5e^{2x^2}(a + b\log[cx^n]))/(72f^2) + (11e^{x^{5/2}}(a + b\log[cx^n]))/(225f) - \\
& (x^3(a + b\log[cx^n]))/27 - (e^{6\log[e + f\sqrt{x}]}(a + b\log[cx^n]))/(9f^6) + \\
& (x^3\log[d(e + f\sqrt{x})])(a + b\log[cx^n])/9 - (e^{6\log[e + f\sqrt{x}]}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2) \\
&)/(6bf^6n) + (e^{6\log[1 + (f\sqrt{x})/e]}(a + b\log[cx^n])^2)/(6bf^6n) + \\
& (2b e^{6n\text{PolyLog}[2, 1 + (f\sqrt{x})/e]})/(9f^6) + (2e^{6(a + b\log[cx^n])} \text{PolyLog}[2, \\
& -((f\sqrt{x})/e)])/ (3f^6) - (4b e^{6n\text{PolyLog}[3, -(f\sqrt{x})/e]})/(3f^6)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[\text{Log}[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)})]*((a_.) + \text{Log}[(c_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})*(b_. \\
& .)^{(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^{(q_.)})}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(g*x)^q*\text{Log}[d* \\
& (e + f*x^m)], x\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p \text{ u}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*p \text{ Int}[(a \\
& + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)}/x \text{ u}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, \\
& q\}, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[m] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& \text{NeQ}[q, -1] \&\& (\text{EqQ} \\
& [p, 1] \text{ || } (\text{FractionQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(q+1)/m]) \text{ || } (\text{IGtQ}[q, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ} \\
& [(q+1)/m] \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]))
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x^2)*log(d*f*s
qrt(x) + d*e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e+f\sqrt{x})) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e+f\sqrt{x})) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e+f\sqrt{x})) (a+b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int x^2 \ln(d(e+f\sqrt{x})) (a+b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output

```
(27000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**5*f*n + 9000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*
b**2*e**3*f**3*n*x + 5400*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*f**5*n*x**2 + 5400
0*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**5*f*n + 18000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3*f*
*3*n*x + 10800*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*f**5*n*x**2 - 126000*sqrt(x)*log(
x**n*c)*b**2*e**5*f*n**2 - 18000*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*f**3*n**2*x
- 7920*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*f**5*n**2*x**2 + 27000*sqrt(x)*a**2*e**
5*f*n + 9000*sqrt(x)*a**2*e**3*f**3*n*x + 5400*sqrt(x)*a**2*e*f**5*n*x**2
- 126000*sqrt(x)*a*b*e**5*f*n**2 - 18000*sqrt(x)*a*b*e**3*f**3*n**2*x - 79
20*sqrt(x)*a*b*e*f**5*n**2*x**2 + 258000*sqrt(x)*b**2*e**5*f*n**3 + 14000*
sqrt(x)*b**2*e**3*f**3*n**3*x + 4368*sqrt(x)*b**2*e*f**5*n**3*x**2 + 13500
*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**8*n + 27000*int(log(x*
n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b*e**8*n - 9000*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x -
f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**8*n**2 - 13500*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x
- f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**7*f*n - 27000*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x -
f**2*x**2),x)*a*b*e**7*f*n + 9000*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x - f**2
*x**2),x)*b**2*e**7*f*n**2 + 27000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b
**2*f**6*n*x**3 + 54000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**6*n*x**3
- 18000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**6*n**2*x**3 - 27000*lo
g(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*e**6*n + 27000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*f**6*
n*x**3 + 18000*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*e**6*n**2 - 18000*log(sqrt(x)...
```

3.129 $\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1011
Rubi [A] (verified)	1012
Maple [F]	1014
Fricas [F]	1014
Sympy [F(-1)]	1015
Maxima [F]	1015
Giac [F]	1015
Mupad [F(-1)]	1016
Reduce [F]	1016

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 598

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx &= \frac{21b^2e^3n^2\sqrt{x}}{4f^3} + \frac{abe^2nx}{2f^2} - \frac{7b^2e^2n^2x}{8f^2} \\
&+ \frac{37b^2en^2x^{3/2}}{108f} - \frac{3}{16}b^2n^2x^2 - \frac{b^2e^4n^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{4f^4} + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) \\
&- \frac{b^2e^4n^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^4} + \frac{b^2e^2nx \log(cx^n)}{2f^2} - \frac{5be^3n\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^3} \\
&+ \frac{be^2nx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^2} - \frac{7benx^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{18f} + \frac{1}{4}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&+ \frac{be^4n \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^4} - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&+ \frac{e^3\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4f^2} + \frac{ex^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6f} \\
&- \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^4 \log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2f^4} - \dots
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

21/4*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^(1/2)/f^3+1/2*a*b*e^2*n*x/f^2-7/8*b^2*e^2*n^2*x/f^2+37/
108*b^2*e*n^2*x^(3/2)/f-3/16*b^2*n^2*x^2-1/4*b^2*e^4*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f
^4+1/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))-b^2*e^4*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x
^(1/2)/e)/f^4+1/2*b^2*e^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)/f^2-5/2*b*e^3*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))/f^3+1/4*b*e^2*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2-7/18*b*e*n*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))/f+1/4*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/2*b*e^4*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))/f^4-1/2*b*n*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+1/2*e^3*x^(1/2)*(
a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^3-1/4*e^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^2+1/6*e*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^2/f-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/2*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^2-1/2*e^4*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^4-b^2*e^4*n^2*pol
ylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4-2*b*e^4*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e
)/f^4+4*b^2*e^4*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 960, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```


output

```
(216*a^2*e^3*f*Sqrt[x] - 1080*a*b*e^3*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 2268*b^2*e^3*f*n^2*Sqr
t[x] - 108*a^2*e^2*f^2*x + 324*a*b*e^2*f^2*n*x - 378*b^2*e^2*f^2*n^2*x + 7
2*a^2*e*f^3*x^(3/2) - 168*a*b*e*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 148*b^2*e*f^3*n^2*x^(3/2)
- 54*a^2*f^4*x^2 + 108*a*b*f^4*n*x^2 - 81*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2 - 216*a^2*e^4*Lo
g[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 216*a*b*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 108*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[
e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 216*a^2*f^4*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] - 216*a*b*f^4*n*x^
2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 108*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 43
2*a*b*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] - 216*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]
*Log[x] - 432*a*b*e^4*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] + 216*b^2*e^4*n^2*Lo
g[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 216*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2
+ 216*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 + 432*a*b*e^3*f*Sqrt[x]*
Log[c*x^n] - 1080*b^2*e^3*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 216*a*b*e^2*f^2*x*Log[c
*x^n] + 324*b^2*e^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 144*a*b*e*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]
- 168*b^2*e*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 108*a*b*f^4*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + 108*b^
2*f^4*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 432*a*b*e^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 216*b
^2*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 432*a*b*f^4*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt
[x])]*Log[c*x^n] - 216*b^2*f^4*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[c*x^n] + 4
32*b^2*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 432*b^2*e^4*n*Log[1 +
(f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 216*b^2*e^3*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 10
8*b^2*e^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 72*b^2*e*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 54*b...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b\log(cx^n))e^4}{2f^4x} + \frac{(a + b\log(cx^n))e^3}{2f^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(a + b\log(cx^n))e^2}{4f^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b\log(cx^n))}{6f} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{2f^4} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{e^3\sqrt{x}(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2x(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{4f^2} + \frac{ex^{3/2}(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{6f} - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2bn \left(\frac{1}{4}x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{e^4 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{f^4} - \frac{e^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b\log(cx^n))}{4bf^{4n}} \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{2f^4} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{e^3\sqrt{x}(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2x(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{4f^2} + \frac{ex^{3/2}(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{6f} - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]`

output

```

(e^3*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*f^3) - (e^2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(
(4*f^2) + (e*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(6*f) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
^2)/8 - (e^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*f^4) + (x^2*Log[d
*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 - 2*b*n*((-21*b*e^3*n*Sqrt[x])/(
8*f^3) - (a*e^2*x)/(4*f^2) + (7*b*e^2*n*x)/(16*f^2) - (37*b*e*n*x^(3/2))/(
216*f) + (3*b*n*x^2)/32 + (b*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*f^4) - (b*n*x^2*
Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/8 + (b*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/
e))]/(2*f^4) - (b*e^2*x*Log[c*x^n])/(4*f^2) + (5*e^3*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*
x^n]))/(4*f^3) - (e^2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*f^2) + (7*e*x^(3/2)*(a + b*
Log[c*x^n]))/(36*f) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/8 - (e^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]
*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*f^4) + (x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^
n]))/4 - (e^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*b*f^4*n) + (e^4*
Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*b*f^4*n) + (b*e^4*n*PolyLo
g[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(2*f^4) + (e^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f
*Sqrt[x])/e)]/f^4 - (2*b*e^4*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]/f^4)

```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.)^(p_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int x \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output

```
(216*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**3*f*n + 72*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2
*e**3*n*x + 432*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**3*f*n + 144*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*
c)*a*b*e**3*n*x - 1080*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*f*n**2 - 168*sqrt(x
)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**3*n**2*x + 216*sqrt(x)*a**2*e**3*f*n + 72*sqrt(x)*
a**2*e**3*n*x - 1080*sqrt(x)*a*b*e**3*f*n**2 - 168*sqrt(x)*a*b*e**3*n*
**2*x + 2268*sqrt(x)*b**2*e**3*f*n**3 + 148*sqrt(x)*b**2*e**3*n**3*x + 10
8*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**6*n + 216*int(log(x**
n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b*e**6*n - 108*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x - f*
**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**6*n**2 - 108*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x - f*
**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**5*f*n - 216*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x - f**2*x
**2),x)*a*b*e**5*f*n + 108*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),
x)*b**2*e**5*f*n**2 + 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**4*
n*x**2 + 432*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**4*n*x**2 - 216*log(
sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
d*e)*a**2*e**4*n + 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*f**4*n*x**2 + 216*log(
sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*e**4*n**2 - 216*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*f**4*n**
2*x**2 - 108*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*b**2*e**4*n**3 + 108*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
d*e)*b**2*f**4*n**3*x**2 - 36*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2*e**4 - 108*log(x**n*c)*
**2*a*b*e**4 + 54*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**4*n - 108*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2
*f**2*n*x - 54*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**4*n*x**2 - 216*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e...
```

3.130 $\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1018
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1019
Rubi [A] (verified)	1020
Maple [F]	1022
Fricas [F]	1022
Sympy [F(-1)]	1022
Maxima [F]	1023
Giac [F]	1023
Mupad [F(-1)]	1024
Reduce [F]	1024

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 405

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx \\
&= \frac{14b^2en^2\sqrt{x}}{f} + abnx - 3b^2n^2x - \frac{2b^2e^2n^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{f^2} + 2b^2n^2x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) \\
&\quad - \frac{4b^2e^2n^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} + b^2nx \log(cx^n) - \frac{6ben\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{f} \\
&\quad + bnx(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2be^2n \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} \\
&\quad - 2bnx \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{e\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
&\quad - \frac{e^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2} - \frac{4b^2e^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{4be^2n(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{8b^2e^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

14*b^2*e*n^2*x^(1/2)/f+a*b*n*x-3*b^2*n^2*x-2*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f
^2+2*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))-4*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(
1/2)/e)/f^2+b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)-6*b*e*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f+b*n*x*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))+2*b*e^2*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2-2*b*n*x*ln(d*(e+
f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+e*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f-1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))^2+x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-e^2*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b
*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^2-4*b^2*e^2*n^2*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2-4*b*e^2*n*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2+8*b^2*e^2*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2
)/e)/f^2

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 718, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{-2a^2ef\sqrt{x} + 12abefn\sqrt{x} - 28b^2efn^2\sqrt{x} + a^2f^2x - 4abf^2nx + 6b^2f^2n^2x + 2a^2e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) - 4}{-}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```


output

```

-1/2*(-2*a^2*e*f*Sqrt[x] + 12*a*b*e*f*n*Sqrt[x] - 28*b^2*e*f*n^2*Sqrt[x] +
a^2*f^2*x - 4*a*b*f^2*n*x + 6*b^2*f^2*n^2*x + 2*a^2*e^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]
] - 4*a*b*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 4*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 2*
a^2*f^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 4*a*b*f^2*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] -
4*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] - 4*a*b*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Lo
g[x] + 4*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] + 4*a*b*e^2*n*Log[1 + (f*Sq
rt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 4*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] + 2*b^2*e^2
*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 - 2*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Lo
g[x]^2 - 4*a*b*e*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^2*e*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] +
2*a*b*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 4*a*b*e^2*Log[e + f*Sq
rt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^2*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 4*a*b*f^2*
x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]
*Log[c*x^n] - 4*b^2*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 4*b^2*e^2
*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 2*b^2*e*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]
^2 + b^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 2*b^2*e^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n]^2 -
2*b^2*f^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + 8*b*e^2*n*(a - b*n + b*L
og[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] - 16*b^2*e^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*S
qrt[x])/e)))/f^2

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2817}$$

$$-2bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))e^2}{f^2x} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))e}{f\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2}(-a - b \log(cx^n)) + \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2bn \left(x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2e^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} - \frac{e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2bf^2n} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - \frac{e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2} + \frac{e\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]`

output

```

(e*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/2 - (e^2*Log
[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f^2 + x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^2 - 2*b*n*((-7*b*e*n*Sqrt[x])/f - (a*x)/2 + (3*b*n*x)/2 + (b
*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/f^2 - b*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + (2*b*e^2*n
*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/f^2 - (b*x*Log[c*x^n])/2 + (3*e
*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/f - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (e^2*Log[e + f
*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/f^2 + x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*
x^n]) - (e^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*b*f^2*n) + (e^2*L
og[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*b*f^2*n) + (2*b*e^2*n*PolyL
og[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/f^2 + (2*e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*
Sqrt[x])/e))]/f^2 - (4*b*e^2*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/f^2

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]},
Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p
- 1)/x u, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
&& RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r,
1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/27*(27*b^2*e*x*log(d)*log(x^n)^2 + 54*(a*b*e*log(d) - (e*n*log(d) - e*log(c))*log(d))*b^2)*x*log(x^n) + 27*(a^2*e*log(d) - 2*(e*n*log(d) - e*log(c))*log(d))*a*b + (2*e*n^2*log(d) - 2*e*n*log(c)*log(d) + e*log(c)^2*log(d))*b^2*x + 27*(b^2*e*x*log(x^n)^2 - 2*((e*n - e*log(c))*b^2 - a*b*e)*x*log(x^n) - (2*(e*n - e*log(c))*a*b - (2*e*n^2 - 2*e*n*log(c) + e*log(c)^2)*b^2 - a^2*e)*x)*log(f*sqrt(x) + e) - (9*b^2*f*x^2*log(x^n)^2 - 6*((5*f*n - 3*f*log(c))*b^2 - 3*a*b*f)*x^2*log(x^n) - (6*(5*f*n - 3*f*log(c))*a*b - (38*f*n^2 - 30*f*n*log(c) + 9*f*log(c)^2)*b^2 - 9*a^2*f)*x^2)/sqrt(x))/e + integrate(1/2*(b^2*f^2*x*log(x^n)^2 + 2*(a*b*f^2 - (f^2*n - f^2*log(c))*b^2)*x*log(x^n) + (a^2*f^2 - 2*(f^2*n - f^2*log(c))*a*b + (2*f^2*n^2 - 2*f^2*n*log(c) + f^2*log(c)^2)*b^2)*x)/(e*f*sqrt(x) + e^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \int \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*f*n + 12*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*f*n -
36*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*f*n**2 + 6*sqrt(x)*a**2*e*f*n - 36*sqrt(x)*a
*b*e*f*n**2 + 84*sqrt(x)*b**2*e*f*n**3 + 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x - f
**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**4*n + 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b*e*
**4*n - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**4*n**2 - 3*int((s
qrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**3*f*n - 6*int((sqrt
(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b*e**3*f*n + 6*int((sqrt(x)*log
(x**n*c))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**2*e**3*f*n**2 + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d
*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**2*n*x + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a
*b*f**2*n*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*e**2*n + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*f**2*n*x
+ 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*e**2*n**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b
*f**2*n**2*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*b**2*e**2*n**3 + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d
*f + d*e)*b**2*f**2*n**3*x - log(x**n*c)**3*b**2*e**2 - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a
*b*e**2 + 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2*n - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*f**2*n*x -
6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*f**2*n*x + 12*log(x**n*c)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x - 3*a**2*f**2
*n*x + 12*a*b*f**2*n**2*x - 18*b**2*f**2*n**3*x)/(6*f**2*n)
```

3.131
$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1025
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1026
Rubi [A] (verified)	1027
Maple [F]	1029
Fricas [F]	1029
Sympy [F(-1)]	1030
Maxima [F]	1030
Giac [F]	1030
Mupad [F(-1)]	1031
Reduce [F]	1031

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} - \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} - 2(a+b\log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 8bn(a+b\log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 16b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/3*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/b/n-1/3*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/b/n-2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)+8*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)-16*b^2*n^2*polylog(4,-f*x^(1/2)/e)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) \log(x) (b^2 n^2 \log^2(x) - 3bn \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + 3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2) \right. \\ \left. - 3(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))^2 \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \log(x) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - 3bn(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n)) \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \log^2(x) + 4 \log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 8 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - b^2 n^2 \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \log^3(x) + 6 \log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 24 \log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 48 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/x,x]`

output `(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[x]*(b^2*n^2*Log[x]^2 - 3*b*n*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + 3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2) - 3*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] + 2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]) - 3*b*n*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 + 4*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]) - 8*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]) - b^2*n^2*(Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^3 + 6*Log[x]^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] - 24*Log[x]*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] + 48*PolyLog[4, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]))/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} - \frac{f \int \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{(e+f\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx}{6bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{f \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{6bn \int \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{f x} dx \right)}{6bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{f \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{6bn \left(4bn \int \frac{(a+b\log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{x} dx - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{f} \right)}{6bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{f \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}+1\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{6bn \left(4bn \left(2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n)) - 2bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) - 2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2 \right)}{f} \right)}{6bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 7143 \\
 \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{3bn} \\
 \hline
 f \left(\frac{2\log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{6bn(4bn(2\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n)) - 4bn\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)) - 2\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))}{f} \right) \\
 \hline
 6bn
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2]/x,x]`

output `(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(3*b*n) - (f*((2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/f - (6*b*n*(-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] + 4*b*n*(2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] - 4*b*n*PolyLog[4, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])))/f))/(6*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((d_. + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] && EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x,x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e)/x, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de)}{-f^2x^2 + e^2x} dx \right) a^2e^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de)\log(x^nc)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de)\log(x^nc)}{x} dx \right) ab \\ &- \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x}df + de)}{-f^2x^2 + e^2x} dx \right) a^2ef \\ &+ \log(\sqrt{x}df + de)^2 a^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x,x)`

output `int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a**2*e**2 + int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2 + 2*int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b - int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a**2*e*f + log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)**2*a**2`

$$3.132 \quad \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1032
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1033
Rubi [A] (verified)	1034
Maple [F]	1036
Fricas [F]	1036
Sympy [F(-1)]	1037
Maxima [F]	1037
Giac [F]	1037
Mupad [F(-1)]	1038
Reduce [F]	1038

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 441

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx \\
&= -\frac{14b^2fn^2}{e\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^2f^2n^2\log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{e^2} - \frac{2b^2n^2\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))}{x} \\
&\quad - \frac{4b^2f^2n^2\log(e+f\sqrt{x})\log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{b^2f^2n^2\log(x)}{e^2} + \frac{b^2f^2n^2\log^2(x)}{2e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{6bfna+b\log(cx^n)}{e\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2bf^2n\log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{2bn\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} \\
&\quad - \frac{bf^2n\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^2} - \frac{f(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{e\sqrt{x}} \\
&\quad - \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} + \frac{f^2\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{6be^2n} - \frac{4b^2f^2n^2\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{4bf^2n(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{8b^2f^2n^2\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-14*b^2*f*n^2/e/x^(1/2)+2*b^2*f^2*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^2-2*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(
e+f*x^(1/2)))/x-4*b^2*f^2*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2-b^2*f^2
*n^2*ln(x)/e^2+1/2*b^2*f^2*n^2*ln(x)^2/e^2-6*b*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^(1/
2)+2*b*f^2*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-2*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-b*f^2*n*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e
/x^(1/2)-ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x+f^2*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2-1/6*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/b/e^2/n-4*b^2*f^2*n^2*polylog
(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2+4*b*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^
2-8*b^2*f^2*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/3*(3*a^2*e*f*Sqrt[x] + 18*a*b*e*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 42*b^2*e*f*n^2*Sqrt[x] -
3*a^2*f^2*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 6*a*b*f^2*n*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 6*b^2*
f^2*n^2*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 3*a^2*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 6*a*b*e^
2*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 6*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + (3*a^2
*f^2*x*Log[x])/2 + 3*a*b*f^2*n*x*Log[x] + 3*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[x] + 6*a*b*f
^2*n*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] + 6*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[
x] - 6*a*b*f^2*n*x*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 6*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[1 +
(f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - (3*a*b*f^2*n*x*Log[x]^2)/2 - (3*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log
[x]^2)/2 - 3*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 + 3*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*L
og[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 + (b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[x]^3)/2 + 6*a*b*e*f*Sq
rt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b^2*e*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*a*b*f^2*x*Log[e + f
*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a*b
*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*e^2*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])
]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*a*b*f^2*x*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[x]*Log[c*
x^n] + 6*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b^2*f^2*n*x*
Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - (3*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x
^n])/2 + 3*b^2*e*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2 - 3*b^2*f^2*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*L
og[c*x^n]^2 + 3*b^2*e^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[c*x^n]^2 + (3*b^2*f^2*x
*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2)/2 - 12*b*f^2*n*x*(a + b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2,
-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] + 24*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/(e^...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-2bn \int \left(\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^2}{e^2 x} - \frac{\log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^2}{2e^2 x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) f}{ex^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} + \frac{f^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} - \frac{e^2}{e\sqrt{x}} - \frac{f(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2bn \left(\frac{f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{12b^2e^2n^2} + \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{2f^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e^2} + \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} + \frac{f^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{e^2} - \frac{f(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{e\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(e*Sqrt[x])) + (f^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/e^2 - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x - (f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*e^2) - 2*b*n*((7*b*f*n)/(e*Sqrt[x]) - (b*f^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/e^2 + (b*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/x + (2*b*f^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 + (b*f^2*n*Log[x])/(2*e^2) - (b*f^2*n*Log[x]^2)/(4*e^2) + (3*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*Sqrt[x]) - (f^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e^2 + (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x + (f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^2) + (f^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*b*e^2*n) - (f^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*b*e^2*n) - (f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*b*e^2*n) + (f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(12*b^2*e^2*n^2) + (2*b*f^2*n*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/e^2 - (2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 + (4*b*f^2*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.)^(p_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\ln(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{-f^2 x^3 + e^2 x^2} dx\right) b^2 e^4 x - 2 \log(\sqrt{x} df + de) a^2 e^2 - 4b^2 e^2 n^2 - 4\sqrt{x} b^2 e f n^2 - 2\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{-f^2 x^3 + e^2 x^2} dx\right) a b e^4}{1}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^2,x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(x)*a**2*e*f - 4*sqrt(x)*a*b*e*f*n - 4*sqrt(x)*b**2*e*f*n**2 - int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**2*e**4*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a*b*e**4*x - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**2*e**4*n*x + int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**2*e**3*f*x + 2*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a*b*e**3*f*x + 2*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**2*e**3*f*n*x - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2 - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2 - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*e**2 + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*f**2*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*e**2*n + 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*f**2*n*x - 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*b**2*e**2*n**2 + 4*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*b**2*f**2*n**2*x - 2*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*f**2*x - 4*log(sqrt(x))*a*b*f**2*n*x - 4*log(sqrt(x))*b**2*f**2*n**2*x - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**2 - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**2 - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**2*n - 2*a*b*e**2*n - 4*b**2*e**2*n**2)/(2*e**2*x)`

$$3.133 \quad \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1039
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1040
Rubi [A] (verified)	1041
Maple [F]	1043
Fricas [F]	1043
Sympy [F(-1)]	1044
Maxima [F]	1044
Giac [F]	1044
Mupad [F(-1)]	1045
Reduce [F]	1045

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 608

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{37b^2fn^2}{108ex^{3/2}} + \frac{7b^2f^2n^2}{8e^2x} - \frac{21b^2f^3n^2}{4e^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2f^4n^2\log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{4e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{b^2n^2\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))}{4x^2} - \frac{b^2f^4n^2\log(e+f\sqrt{x})\log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{b^2f^4n^2\log(x)}{8e^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{b^2f^4n^2\log^2(x)}{8e^4} - \frac{7bfn(a+b\log(cx^n))}{18ex^{3/2}} + \frac{3bf^2n(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4e^2x} \\ & \quad - \frac{5bf^3n(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{bf^4n\log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{bn\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bf^4n\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{4e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{f(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{6ex^{3/2}} + \frac{f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{4e^2x} - \frac{f^3(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2e^3\sqrt{x}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} + \frac{f^4\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{2e^4} \\ & \quad - \frac{f^4(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{12be^4n} - \frac{b^2f^4n^2\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^4} \\ & \quad + \frac{2bf^4n(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^4} - \frac{4b^2f^4n^2\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^4} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-37/108*b^2*f*n^2/e/x^(3/2)+7/8*b^2*f^2*n^2/e^2/x-21/4*b^2*f^3*n^2/e^3/x^(1/2)+1/4*b^2*f^4*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^4-1/4*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))/x^2-b^2*f^4*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4-1/8*b^2*f^4*n^2*ln(x)/e^4+1/8*b^2*f^4*n^2*ln(x)^2/e^4-7/18*b*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^(3/2)+3/4*b*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/x-5/2*b*f^3*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3/x^(1/2)+1/2*b*f^4*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^4-1/2*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2-1/4*b*f^4*n*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^4-1/6*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x^(3/2)+1/4*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2/x-1/2*f^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^3/x^(1/2)-1/2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2+1/2*f^4*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^4-1/12*f^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/b/e^4/n-b^2*f^4*n^2*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4+2*b*f^4*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4-4*b^2*f^4*n^2*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1078, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/x^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/216*(36*a^2*e^3*f*Sqrt[x] + 84*a*b*e^3*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 74*b^2*e^3*f*n^2*S
qrt[x] - 54*a^2*e^2*f^2*x - 162*a*b*e^2*f^2*n*x - 189*b^2*e^2*f^2*n^2*x +
108*a^2*e*f^3*x^(3/2) + 540*a*b*e*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 1134*b^2*e*f^3*n^2*x^(3/
2) - 108*a^2*f^4*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 108*a*b*f^4*n*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt
[x]] - 54*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 108*a^2*e^4*Log[d*(e + f*Sq
rt[x])] + 108*a*b*e^4*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 54*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[d*(e +
f*Sqrt[x])] + 54*a^2*f^4*x^2*Log[x] + 54*a*b*f^4*n*x^2*Log[x] + 27*b^2*f^
4*n^2*x^2*Log[x] + 216*a*b*f^4*n*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] + 108*b^2*f
^4*n^2*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] - 216*a*b*f^4*n*x^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x
])/e]*Log[x] - 108*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 54*a*b*
f^4*n*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 27*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 - 108*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log
[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 + 108*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[
x]^2 + 18*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[x]^3 + 72*a*b*e^3*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 84*
b^2*e^3*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 108*a*b*e^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 162*b^2*e^
2*f^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + 216*a*b*e*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 540*b^2*e*f^3*n*
x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] - 216*a*b*f^4*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 108*b
^2*f^4*n*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 216*a*b*e^4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt
[x])]*Log[c*x^n] + 108*b^2*e^4*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*Log[c*x^n] + 108*a
*b*f^4*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 54*b^2*f^4*n*x^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 216*b^
2*f^4*n*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 216*b^2*f^4*n*x^2*Lo...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 693, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2bn \int \left(\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^4}{2e^4 x} - \frac{\log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^4}{4e^4 x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^3}{2e^3 x^{3/2}} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) f^3}{4e^2 x^2} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} + \frac{f^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^4} - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{f^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^4} - \frac{f^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^3 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^2 x} - \frac{f(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6ex^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -2bn \left(\frac{f^4(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{24b^2 e^4 n^2} + \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x^2} - \frac{f^4 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e^4} + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2x^2} + \frac{f^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^4} - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{f^4 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^4} - \frac{f^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2e^3 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{4e^2 x} - \frac{f(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{6ex^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/6*(f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(e*x^(3/2)) + (f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e^2*x) - (f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(2*e^3*Sqrt[x]) + (f^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(2*e^4) - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(2*x^2) - (f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e^4) - 2*b*n*((37*b*f*n)/(216*e*x^(3/2)) - (7*b*f^2*n)/(16*e^2*x) + (21*b*f^3*n)/(8*e^3*Sqrt[x])) - (b*f^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*e^4) + (b*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/(8*x^2) + (b*f^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/(2*e^4) + (b*f^4*n*Log[x])/(16*e^4) - (b*f^4*n*Log[x]^2)/(16*e^4) + (7*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(36*e*x^(3/2)) - (3*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*e^2*x) + (5*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e^3*Sqrt[x]) - (f^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e^4) + (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x^2) + (f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*e^4) + (f^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*b*e^4*n) - (f^4*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*b*e^4*n) - (f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*b*e^4*n) + (f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(24*b^2*e^4*n^2) + (b*f^4*n*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(2*e^4) - (f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^4 + (2*b*f^4*n*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.)^(p_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x)*a**2*e**3*f - 12*sqrt(x)*a**2*e*f**3*x - 4*sqrt(x)*a*b*e**3*
f*n - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*e*f**3*n*x - 2*sqrt(x)*b**2*e**3*f*n**2 - 6*sqrt(x)*b
**2*e*f**3*n**2*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**2*e
**6*x**2 - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a*b*e**6*x**2 - 6
*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**2*e**6*n*x**2 + 6*int((sqrt
(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**2*e**5*f*x**2 + 12*int((
sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a*b*e**5*f*x**2 + 6*int((s
qrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**2*e**5*f*n*x**2 - 12*log
(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e**4 - 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*l
og(x**n*c)*a*b*e**4 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**4*n -
12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*e**4 + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*f**4*
x**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b*e**4*n + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*
b*f**4*n*x**2 - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*b**2*e**4*n**2 + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*
f + d*e)*b**2*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*f**4*x**2 - 12*log(sqrt
(x))*a*b*f**4*n*x**2 - 6*log(sqrt(x))*b**2*f**4*n**2*x**2 - 3*log(x**n*c)
**2*b**2*e**4 - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e**4 - 6*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e**4*n + 6*a**
2*e**2*f**2*x - 3*a*b*e**4*n + 6*a*b*e**2*f**2*n*x - 3*b**2*e**4*n**2 + 3*
b**2*e**2*f**2*n**2*x)/(24*e**4*x**2)
```

3.134 $\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1046
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1047
Rubi [A] (verified)	1048
Maple [F]	1050
Fricas [F]	1050
Sympy [F(-1)]	1050
Maxima [F]	1051
Giac [F]	1051
Mupad [F(-1)]	1051
Reduce [F]	1052

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 907

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

3/2*b^3*e^4*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4+12*b^2*e^4*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4+3*b^2*e^4*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4-3*b^2*e^4*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4+3/4*b^2*e^4*n^2*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^4-3/4*b^2*e^4*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^4+63/4*b^2*e^3*n^2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^3-15/4*b^2*e^3*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^3-6*b^3*e^4*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4+3/8*b^3*e^4*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^4+3/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3/4*b*n*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-255/8*b^3*e^3*n^3*x^(1/2)/f^3+3/2*b^3*e^4*n^3*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4-24*b^3*e^4*n^3*polylog(4,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^4+1/2*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-3/8*b^3*n^3*x^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))-1/2*e^4*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f^4+1/2*e^3*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f^3-9/16*b^2*n^2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+3/8*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+45/16*b^3*e^2*n^3*x/f^2-175/216*b^3*e*n^3*x^(3/2)/f-9/4*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*x/f^2-9/4*b^3*e^2*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)/f^2-3/8*b^2*e^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+37/36*b^2*e*n^2*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f+9/8*b*e^2*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^2-7/12*b*e*n*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f-1/4*e^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f^2+1/6*e*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f+3/8*b^3*n^3*x^2
    
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1968 vs. $2(907) = 1814$.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1968, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]`

output

```
(216*a^3*e^3*f*Sqrt[x] - 1620*a^2*b*e^3*f*n*Sqrt[x] + 6804*a*b^2*e^3*f*n^2
*Sqrt[x] - 13770*b^3*e^3*f*n^3*Sqrt[x] - 108*a^3*e^2*f^2*x + 486*a^2*b*e^2
*f^2*n*x - 1134*a*b^2*e^2*f^2*n^2*x + 1215*b^3*e^2*f^2*n^3*x + 72*a^3*e*f^
3*x^(3/2) - 252*a^2*b*e*f^3*n*x^(3/2) + 444*a*b^2*e*f^3*n^2*x^(3/2) - 350*
b^3*e*f^3*n^3*x^(3/2) - 54*a^3*f^4*x^2 + 162*a^2*b*f^4*n*x^2 - 243*a*b^2*f
^4*n^2*x^2 + 162*b^3*f^4*n^3*x^2 - 216*a^3*e^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 324*a^
2*b*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 324*a*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 162*
b^3*e^4*n^3*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 216*a^3*f^4*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] -
324*a^2*b*f^4*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 324*a*b^2*f^4*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(
e + f*Sqrt[x])] - 162*b^3*f^4*n^3*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 648*a^2*b*e
^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] - 648*a*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[
x] + 324*b^3*e^4*n^3*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] - 648*a^2*b*e^4*n*Log[1 + (
f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] + 648*a*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 3
24*b^3*e^4*n^3*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 648*a*b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e + f
*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 + 324*b^3*e^4*n^3*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 + 648*a*b
^2*e^4*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 - 324*b^3*e^4*n^3*Log[1 + (f*Sq
rt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 + 216*b^3*e^4*n^3*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^3 - 216*b^3
*e^4*n^3*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^3 + 648*a^2*b*e^3*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x
^n] - 3240*a*b^2*e^3*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6804*b^3*e^3*f*n^2*Sqrt[x]*L
og[c*x^n] - 324*a^2*b*e^2*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 972*a*b^2*e^2*f^2*n*x*Log[...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 935, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2824$$

$$-3bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 e^4}{2f^4 x} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 e^3}{2f^3 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 e^2}{4f^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6f} \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{e^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f^4} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2f^3} - \frac{e^2 x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4f^2} + \frac{e x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6f} - \frac{1}{8} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 e^4}{2f^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 e^3}{2f^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 e^2}{4f^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 e}{6f} - \frac{1}{8} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 -$$

$$3bn \left(-\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 e^4}{6bf^4 n} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 e^4}{6bf^4 n} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4f^4} \right)$$

input `Int[x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]`

output

```
(e^3*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*f^3) - (e^2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/
(4*f^2) + (e*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*f) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
^3)/8 - (e^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*f^4) + (x^2*Log[d
*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/2 - 3*b*n*((85*b^2*e^3*n^2*Sqrt[x]
)/(8*f^3) + (3*a*b*e^2*n*x)/(4*f^2) - (15*b^2*e^2*n^2*x)/(16*f^2) + (175*b
^2*e*n^2*x^(3/2))/(648*f) - (b^2*n^2*x^2)/8 - (b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[
x]])/(8*f^4) + (b^2*n^2*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/8 - (b^2*e^4*n^2*Log[e
+ f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/2*f^4) + (3*b^2*e^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n])/
(4*f^2) - (21*b*e^3*n*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*f^3) + (b*e^2*n*x*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*f^2) - (37*b*e*n*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(108*f) +
(3*b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/16 + (b*e^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n]))/(4*f^4) - (b*n*x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4
+ (5*e^3*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f^3) - (3*e^2*x*(a + b*Log[c*x
n])^2)/(8*f^2) + (7*e*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(36*f) - (x^2*(a + b*L
og[c*x^n])^2)/8 + (x^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/4 - (e
^4*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*f^4) - (e^4*Log[e + f*S
qrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*f^4*n) + (e^4*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*f^4*n) - (b^2*e^4*n^2*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/
e])/2*f^4) - (b*e^4*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f
^4 + (e^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^4 + (2*b^...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2824

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*x*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int x \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (\log(x^n c) b + a)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

3.135 $\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1054
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1055
Rubi [A] (verified)	1056
Maple [F]	1058
Fricas [F]	1058
Sympy [F(-1)]	1059
Maxima [F]	1059
Giac [F]	1060
Mupad [F(-1)]	1061
Reduce [F]	1061

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 639

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx \\
&= -\frac{90b^3en^3\sqrt{x}}{f} - 6ab^2n^2x + 12b^3n^3x + \frac{6b^3e^2n^3 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{f^2} \\
&\quad - 6b^3n^3x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) + \frac{12b^3e^2n^3 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \\
&\quad - 6b^3n^2x \log(cx^n) + \frac{42b^2en^2\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{f} - 3b^2n^2x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&\quad - \frac{6b^2e^2n^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{f^2} + 6b^2n^2x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
&\quad - \frac{9ben\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f} + 3bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \\
&\quad - 3bnx \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{3be^2n \log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{e\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \\
&\quad + x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{e^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{12b^3e^2n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} + \frac{12b^2e^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{6be^2n(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{24b^3e^2n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{24b^2e^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} - \frac{48b^3e^2n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

12*b^3*e^2*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2+24*b^2*e^2*n^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2+12*b^2*e^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylo
g(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2-6*b*e^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/
f^2+3*b*e^2*n*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f^2-6*b^2*e^2*n^2*ln(e+f
*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+42*b^2*e*n^2*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-9*b*e
*n*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/f+12*b^3*e^2*n^3*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2
-48*b^3*e^2*n^3*polylog(4,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^2-24*b^3*e^2*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x^
(1/2)/e)/f^2+6*b^3*e^2*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^2+6*b^2*n^2*x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/
2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3*b*n*x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-90*b^3*
e*n^3*x^(1/2)/f+x*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3-e^2*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)
/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f^2+e*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/f-6*b^3*n^3*x*ln(d*(
e+f*x^(1/2)))-6*a*b^2*n^2*x-6*b^3*n^2*x*ln(c*x^n)-3*b^2*n^2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))+3*b*n*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-1/2*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3+12*b^3*n^3*x

```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1522 vs. $2(639) = 1278$.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1522, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]
```

output

```

-1/2*(-2*a^3*e*f*Sqrt[x] + 18*a^2*b*e*f*n*Sqrt[x] - 84*a*b^2*e*f*n^2*Sqrt[x]
+ 180*b^3*e*f*n^3*Sqrt[x] + a^3*f^2*x - 6*a^2*b*f^2*n*x + 18*a*b^2*f^2*
n^2*x - 24*b^3*f^2*n^3*x + 2*a^3*e^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*Lo
g[e + f*Sqrt[x]] + 12*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 12*b^3*e^2*n^3*Lo
g[e + f*Sqrt[x]] - 2*a^3*f^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 6*a^2*b*f^2*n*x*Lo
g[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] - 12*a*b^2*f^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] + 12*b^3*
f^2*n^3*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] - 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]
+ 12*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x] - 12*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log[e + f*S
qrt[x]]*Log[x] + 6*a^2*b*e^2*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 12*a*b^2*e^
2*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] + 12*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e
]*Log[x] + 6*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 - 6*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log
[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^2 - 6*a*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2
+ 6*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^2 - 2*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log[e + f
*Sqrt[x]]*Log[x]^3 + 2*b^3*e^2*n^3*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x]^3 - 6*a^2
*b*e*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 36*a*b^2*e*f*n*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 84*b^3*e*f
*n^2*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*a^2*b*f^2*x*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[
c*x^n] + 18*b^3*f^2*n^2*x*Log[c*x^n] + 6*a^2*b*e^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[
c*x^n] - 12*a*b^2*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b^3*e^2*n^2*Log
[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[c*x^n] - 6*a^2*b*f^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] *Log[c*x^
n] + 12*a*b^2*f^2*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])] *Log[c*x^n] - 12*b^3*f^2*n^...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$, Rules used = {2817, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx$$

↓ 2817

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bn \int \left(-\frac{e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f^2 x} + \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 + \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{f\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f^2} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{e\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bn \left(x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2bnx \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2e^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{f^2} \right. \\
& \quad \left. x \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 - \frac{e^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f^2} + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{e\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f} - \frac{1}{2}x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3,x]
```

output

```
(e*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/f - (x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/2 - (e^2*Log
[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/f^2 + x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^3 - 3*b*n*((30*b^2*e*n^2*Sqrt[x])/f + 2*a*b*n*x - 4*b^2*n^2*x
- (2*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/f^2 + 2*b^2*n^2*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt
[x])]) - (4*b^2*e^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^2 + 2*b
^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] - (14*b*e*n*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/f + b*n*x*(a + b
*Log[c*x^n]) + (2*b*e^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/f^2 - 2*b
*n*x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + (3*e*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^2)/f - x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2 + x*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log
[c*x^n])^2 - (e^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/f^2 - (e^2*
Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(3*b*f^2*n) + (e^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqr
t[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(3*b*f^2*n) - (4*b^2*e^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, 1 +
(f*Sqrt[x])/e])/f^2 - (4*b*e^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x]
)/e)])/f^2 + (2*e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f
^2 + (8*b^2*e^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^2 - (8*b*e^2*n*(a + b
Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^2 + (16*b^2*e^2*n^2*PolyLog[4,
-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/f^2)
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2817 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[1/m]) || (EqQ[r, 1] && EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/27*(27*b^3*e*x*log(d)*log(x^n)^3 + 81*(a*b^2*e*log(d) - (e*n*log(d) - e*
log(c)*log(d))*b^3)*x*log(x^n)^2 + 81*(a^2*b*e*log(d) - 2*(e*n*log(d) - e*
log(c)*log(d))*a*b^2 + (2*e*n^2*log(d) - 2*e*n*log(c)*log(d) + e*log(c)^2*
log(d))*b^3)*x*log(x^n) + 27*(a^3*e*log(d) - 3*(e*n*log(d) - e*log(c)*log(
d))*a^2*b + 3*(2*e*n^2*log(d) - 2*e*n*log(c)*log(d) + e*log(c)^2*log(d))*a
*b^2 - (6*e*n^3*log(d) - 6*e*n^2*log(c)*log(d) + 3*e*n*log(c)^2*log(d) - e
*log(c)^3*log(d))*b^3)*x + 27*(b^3*e*x*log(x^n)^3 - 3*((e*n - e*log(c))*b^
3 - a*b^2*e)*x*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(2*(e*n - e*log(c))*a*b^2 - (2*e*n^2 - 2*e*n
*log(c) + e*log(c)^2)*b^3 - a^2*b*e)*x*log(x^n) - (3*(e*n - e*log(c))*a^2*
b - 3*(2*e*n^2 - 2*e*n*log(c) + e*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (6*e*n^3 - 6*e*n^2*log
(c) + 3*e*n*log(c)^2 - e*log(c)^3)*b^3 - a^3*e)*x*log(f*sqrt(x) + e) - (9
*b^3*f*x^2*log(x^n)^3 - 9*((5*f*n - 3*f*log(c))*b^3 - 3*a*b^2*f)*x^2*log(x
^n)^2 - 3*(6*(5*f*n - 3*f*log(c))*a*b^2 - (38*f*n^2 - 30*f*n*log(c) + 9*f*
log(c)^2)*b^3 - 9*a^2*b*f)*x^2*log(x^n) - (9*(5*f*n - 3*f*log(c))*a^2*b -
3*(38*f*n^2 - 30*f*n*log(c) + 9*f*log(c)^2)*a*b^2 + (130*f*n^3 - 114*f*n^2
*log(c) + 45*f*n*log(c)^2 - 9*f*log(c)^3)*b^3 - 9*a^3*f)*x^2)/sqrt(x))/e +
integrate(1/2*(b^3*f^2*x*log(x^n)^3 + 3*(a*b^2*f^2 - (f^2*n - f^2*log(c))
*b^3)*x*log(x^n)^2 + 3*(a^2*b*f^2 - 2*(f^2*n - f^2*log(c))*a*b^2 + (2*f^2*
n^2 - 2*f^2*n*log(c) + f^2*log(c)^2)*b^3)*x*log(x^n) + (a^3*f^2 - 3*(f^2*n
- f^2*log(c))*a^2*b + 3*(2*f^2*n^2 - 2*f^2*n*log(c) + f^2*log(c)^2)*a*...

```

Giac [F]

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \int \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output

```

(8*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e*f*n + 24*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e*
f*n - 72*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e*f*n**2 + 24*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a**
2*b**e*f*n - 144*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*f*n**2 + 336*sqrt(x)*log(x**n
*c)*b**3*e*f*n**3 + 8*sqrt(x)*a**3*e*f*n - 72*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*e*f*n**2 + 33
6*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*e*f*n**3 - 720*sqrt(x)*b**3*e*f*n**4 + 4*int(log(x**n*c)*
**3/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**3*e**4*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x - f
**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**4*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)
*b**3*e**4*n**2 + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e**4*n
- 24*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**4*n**2 + 24*int(lo
g(x**n*c)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**3*e**4*n**3 - 4*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n
*c)**3)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**3*e**3*f*n - 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c
)**2)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**3*f*n + 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c
)**2)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**3*e**3*f*n**2 - 12*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*
c))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e**3*f*n + 24*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))
/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e**3*f*n**2 - 24*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))
/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b**3*e**3*f*n**3 + 8*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x
**n*c)**3*b**3*f**2*n*x + 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*
f**2*n*x - 24*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*f**2*n**2*x + 24*
log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*f**2*n*x - 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*f**2*n**2*x + 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**...

```

3.136
$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1063
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1064
Rubi [A] (verified)	1065
Maple [F]	1068
Fricas [F]	1068
Sympy [F(-1)]	1068
Maxima [F]	1069
Giac [F]	1069
Mupad [F(-1)]	1069
Reduce [F]	1070

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \frac{\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - 2(a+b\log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 12bn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 48b^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 96b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/b/n-1/4*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/b/n-2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)+12*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)-48*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-f*x^(1/2)/e)+96*b^3*n^3*polylog(5,-f*x^(1/2)/e)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 403 vs. $2(178) = 356$.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(-2\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))\log(x)(b^3n^3\log^3(x) - 4b^2n^2\log^2(x)(a + b\log(cx^n))) \right. \\ \left. + 6bn\log(x)(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 - 4(a + b\log(cx^n))^3 \right. \\ \left. - 8(a - bn\log(x) + b\log(cx^n))^3 \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)\log(x) + 2\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - 12bn(a - bn\log(x) + b\log(cx^n))^2 \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)\log^2(x) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + 4\log(x)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) - 8\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) - 8b^2n^2(a - bn\log(x) \right. \\ \left. + b\log(cx^n)) \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)\log^3(x) + 6\log^2(x)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - 24\log(x)\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 48\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - 2b^3n^3 \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)\log^4(x) + 8\log^3(x)\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - 48\log^2(x)\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) + 192\log(x)\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - 384\text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (-2*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*\text{Sqrt}[x])] * \text{Log}[x] * (b^3*n^3*\text{Log}[x]^3 - 4*b^2*n^2*\text{Log}[x]^2 * \\
 & (a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]) + 6*b*n*\text{Log}[x] * (a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2 - 4*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n] \\
 &)^3) - 8*(a - b*n*\text{Log}[x] + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3 * (\text{Log}[1 + (f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e] * \text{Log}[x] \\
 & + 2*\text{PolyLog}[2, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)]) - 12*b*n*(a - b*n*\text{Log}[x] + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n] \\
 &)^2 * (\text{Log}[1 + (f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e] * \text{Log}[x]^2 + 4*\text{Log}[x] * \text{PolyLog}[2, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e \\
 &)]) - 8*\text{PolyLog}[3, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)]) - 8*b^2*n^2*(a - b*n*\text{Log}[x] + b*\text{Log}[c \\
 & *x^n]) * (\text{Log}[1 + (f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e] * \text{Log}[x]^3 + 6*\text{Log}[x]^2 * \text{PolyLog}[2, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[\\
 & x])/e)] - 24*\text{Log}[x] * \text{PolyLog}[3, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)] + 48*\text{PolyLog}[4, -((f*\text{Sqrt} \\
 & [x])/e)]) - 2*b^3*n^3 * (\text{Log}[1 + (f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e] * \text{Log}[x]^4 + 8*\text{Log}[x]^3 * \text{PolyLo \\
 & g}[2, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)] - 48*\text{Log}[x]^2 * \text{PolyLog}[3, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)] + 192*\text{Lo \\
 & g}[x] * \text{PolyLog}[4, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)] - 384*\text{PolyLog}[5, -((f*\text{Sqrt}[x])/e)])) / 8
 \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \frac{f \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{(e + f\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx}{8bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \\
 & f \left(\frac{2 \log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{f} - \frac{8bn \int \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f x} dx}{f} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{8bn} - \frac{f \int \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{f x} dx}{f}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \\
 f \left(\frac{2\log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{f} - \frac{8bn \left(6bn \int \frac{(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{x} dx - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right) \\
 \hline
 8bn \\
 \downarrow 2830 \\
 \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \\
 f \left(\frac{2\log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{f} - \frac{8bn \left(6bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 - 4bn \int \frac{(a + b\log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right) \\
 \hline
 8bn \\
 \downarrow 2830 \\
 \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \\
 f \left(\frac{2\log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{f} - \frac{8bn \left(6bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 - 4bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n)) - 2bn \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{x} dx \right) \right) - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right) \\
 \hline
 8bn \\
 \downarrow 7143 \\
 \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{4bn} - \\
 f \left(\frac{2\log\left(\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} + 1\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^4}{f} - \frac{8bn \left(6bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^2 - 4bn \left(2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n)) - 4bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right) \right) \right) - 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a + b\log(cx^n))^3 \right)}{f} \right) \\
 \hline
 8bn
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/x,x]`

output `(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4)/(4*b*n) - (f*((2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4)/f - (8*b*n*(-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] + 6*b*n*(2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] - 4*b*n*(2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)] - 4*b*n*PolyLog[5, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])))/f))/(8*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))/((d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^(r_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*
x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] &
& EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]
```

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b
_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p,
0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2822

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n
_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m
- 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_
.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q)
, x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p -
1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```


Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e)/x, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de)}{-f^2x^2 + e^2x} dx \right) a^3e^2$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de) \log(x^nc)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de) \log(x^nc)^2}{x} dx \right) ab^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(\sqrt{x}df + de) \log(x^nc)}{x} dx \right) a^2b$$

$$- \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}df + de)}{-f^2x^2 + e^2x} dx \right) a^3ef$$

$$+ \log(\sqrt{x}df + de)^2 a^3$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x,x)`

output `int(log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a**3*e**2 + int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3 + 3*int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2 + 3*int((log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b - int((sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*a**3*e*f + log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)**2*a**3`

$$3.137 \quad \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1073
Rubi [A] (verified)	1074
Maple [F]	1076
Fricas [F]	1076
Sympy [F(-1)]	1077
Maxima [F]	1077
Giac [F]	1077
Mupad [F(-1)]	1078
Reduce [F]	1078

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 673

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx \\
&= -\frac{90b^3fn^3}{e\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6b^3f^2n^3\log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{e^2} - \frac{6b^3n^3\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))}{x} \\
&\quad - \frac{12b^3f^2n^3\log(e+f\sqrt{x})\log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{3b^3f^2n^3\log(x)}{e^2} + \frac{3b^3f^2n^3\log^2(x)}{2e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{42b^2fn^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6b^2f^2n^2\log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{6b^2n^2\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{3b^2f^2n^2\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{9bfn(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{e\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3bn\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{x} \\
&\quad + \frac{3bf^2n\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{e^2} - \frac{f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{f(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{e\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x} \\
&\quad + \frac{f^2\log\left(1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{e^2} - \frac{f^2(a+b\log(cx^n))^4}{8be^2n} \\
&\quad - \frac{12b^3f^2n^3\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{12b^2f^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{6bf^2n(a+b\log(cx^n))^2\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} - \frac{24b^3f^2n^3\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} \\
&\quad - \frac{24b^2f^2n^2(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{PolyLog}\left(3,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2} + \frac{48b^3f^2n^3\text{PolyLog}\left(4,-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-90*b^3*f*n^3/e/x^(1/2)+6*b^3*f^2*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^2-6*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(
e+f*x^(1/2)))/x-12*b^3*f^2*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2-3*b^3*
f^2*n^3*ln(x)/e^2+3/2*b^3*f^2*n^3*ln(x)^2/e^2-42*b^2*f*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/e/x^(1/2)+6*b^2*f^2*n^2*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-6*b^2*n^2*ln(
d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-3*b^2*f^2*n^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2
-9*b*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x^(1/2)-3*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))^2/x+3*b*f^2*n*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2-1/2*f^2*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n))^3/e^2-f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e/x^(1/2)-ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c
*x^n))^3/x+f^2*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^2-1/8*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))^4/b/e^2/n-12*b^3*f^2*n^3*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2+12*b^2*f^2*n^2*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2+6*b*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*po
lylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2-24*b^3*f^2*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2-24*b^
2*f^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2+48*b^3*f^2*n^3*polyl
og(4,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 976, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-((e^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*n^3 +
3*b*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b^2*(a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n]^2
+ b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3) + e*f*Sqrt[x]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*
n^3 + 3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*
x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[
c*x^n])^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[
c*x^n])^3) - f^2*x*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b
^3*n^3 + 3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log
[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + L
og[c*x^n])^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + L
og[c*x^n])^3) + (f^2*x*Log[x]*(a^3 + 3*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 6*b^3*n^3 +
3*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])
+ 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 3*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n
])^2 + 3*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n
])^3))/2 + 3*b*f*n*Sqrt[x]*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2 + 2*a*b*(-(n*Log[x])
+ Log[c*x^n]) + 2*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + L
og[c*x^n])^2)*(2*e + (e - f*Sqrt[x]*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])*Log[x] + (f*Sq
rt[x]*Log[x]^2)/4 - 2*f*Sqrt[x]*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]) + b^2*f*n^2*
Sqrt[x]*(a + b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(24*e + 12*e*Log[x] + 3*e*Lo
g[x]^2 - 3*f*Sqrt[x]*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])*Log[x]^2 + (f*Sqrt[x]*Log[x...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -3bn \int \left(\frac{f^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{e^2 x} - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x^2} - \frac{f^2 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2 x} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} + \frac{f^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} - \frac{f^2 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} - \frac{f(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{e\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -3bn \left(\frac{f^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{24b^2 e^2 n^2} + \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} + \frac{2bn \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{2}{x} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} + \frac{f^2 \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} - \frac{f^2 \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^2} - \frac{f(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{e\sqrt{x}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/x^2,x]`

output

```

-((f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(e*Sqrt[x])) + (f^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/e^2 - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/x - (f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*e^2) - 3*b*n*((30*b^2*f*n^2)/(e*Sqrt[x]) - (2*b^2*f^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/e^2 + (2*b^2*n^2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/x + (4*b^2*f^2*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 + (b^2*f^2*n^2*Log[x])/e^2 - (b^2*f^2*n^2*Log[x]^2)/(2*e^2) + (14*b*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*Sqrt[x]) - (2*b*f^2*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e^2 + (2*b*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x + (b*f^2*n*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e^2 + (3*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(e*Sqrt[x]) + (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/x - (f^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/e^2 + (f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*e^2*n) + (f^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(3*b*e^2*n) - (f^2*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(3*b*e^2*n) - (f^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*e^2*n) + (f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4)/(24*b^2*e^2*n^2) + (4*b^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/e^2 - (4*b*f^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 - (2*f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 + (8*b^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 + (8*b*f^2*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2 - (16*b^2*f^2*n^2*PolyLog[4, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/e^2
    
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2824 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.)^(p_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(x)*a**3*e*f - 6*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*e*f*n - 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*e*f*n*
*2 - 12*sqrt(x)*b**3*e*f*n**3 - int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3)
,x)*b**3*e**4*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e
**4*x - 3*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**3*e**4*n*x - 3*
int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e**4*x - 6*int(log(x**n*
c)/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**4*n*x - 6*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x*
**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**3*e**4*n**2*x + int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**3)/(e**2*x
**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**3*e**3*f*x + 3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x
**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**3*f*x + 3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2
*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**3*e**3*f*n*x + 3*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*
x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e**3*f*x + 6*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x
**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e**3*f*n*x + 6*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*
x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b**3*e**3*f*n**2*x - 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**
n*c)**3*b**3*e**2 - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**2 -
6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**2*n - 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f +
d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**
2*e**2*n - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**2*n**2 - 2*log(sq
rt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**3*e**2 + 2*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**3*f**2*x - 6*log(
sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*b*e**2*n + 6*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**2*b*f**2*n*
x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a*b**2*e**2*n**2 + 12*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d...
```

3.138
$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1080
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1081
Rubi [A] (verified)	1081
Maple [F]	1084
Fricas [F]	1084
Sympy [F(-1)]	1084
Maxima [F]	1085
Giac [F]	1085
Mupad [F(-1)]	1085
Reduce [F]	1086

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 914

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+f\sqrt{x}))(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-3/2*b^3*f^4*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4-12*b^2*f^4*n^2*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4+3*b^2*f^4*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polyl
og(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4+3*b*f^4*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^(1/2)/e)
/e^4+3/4*b*f^4*n*ln(1+f*x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^4+3/4*b^2*f^4*n^2*l
n(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^4-63/4*b^2*f^3*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3/x^
(1/2)-15/4*b*f^3*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^3/x^(1/2)-3/2*b^3*f^4*n^3*polylog(2
,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4+3/8*b^3*f^4*n^3*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^4-3/4*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*
x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/x^2-3/4*b^2*n^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))/x^2-255/8*b^3*f^3*n^3/e^3/x^(1/2)-6*b^3*f^4*n^3*polylog(3,-f*x^(1/2)
/e)/e^4+24*b^3*f^4*n^3*polylog(4,-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^4-1/2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))
*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^2-3/8*b^3*n^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))/x^2+1/2*f^4*ln(1+f*
x^(1/2)/e)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^4-1/2*f^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^3/x^(1/2)-3/1
6*b^3*f^4*n^3*ln(x)/e^4-1/16*f^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/b/e^4/n+3/16*b^3*f^4*n^
3*ln(x)^2/e^4-175/216*b^3*f*n^3/e/x^(3/2)+45/16*b^3*f^2*n^3/e^2/x-37/36*b^
2*f*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x^(3/2)+21/8*b^2*f^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/x-7
/12*b*f*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e/x^(3/2)+9/8*b*f^2*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2/e^2/x-
3/8*b^2*f^4*n^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^4-1/6*f*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e/x^(3/2)
)+1/4*f^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^2/x-1/8*f^4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/e^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1549, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x}))(a + b\log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/432*(54*e^4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3
*b^3*n^3 + 6*b*(2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b^2*(2*a + b*n)*
Log[c*x^n]^2 + 4*b^3*Log[c*x^n]^3) + 18*e^3*f*Sqrt[x]*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n +
6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*
n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a
*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 +
4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) - 27*e^2*f^2*x*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6
*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*n*
(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b
^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 4
*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) + 54*e*f^3*x^(3/2)*(4*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n +
6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*
n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 12*a
*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 +
4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) - 54*f^4*x^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(4*a^
3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^
n]) + 12*a*b^2*n*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]) + 6*b^3*n^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log
[c*x^n]) + 12*a*b^2*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^2 + 6*b^3*n*(-(n*Log[x]) +
Log[c*x^n])^2 + 4*b^3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])^3) + 27*f^4*x^2*Log[x]*(4
*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*n + 6*a*b^2*n^2 + 3*b^3*n^3 + 12*a^2*b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Lo...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1011, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$, Rules used = {2824, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2824

$$-3bn \int \left(\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 f^4}{2e^4 x} - \frac{\log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 f^4}{4e^4 x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 f^3}{2e^3 x^{3/2}} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^4} \right. \\ \left. \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} + \frac{f^4 \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^4} - \frac{f^4 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^4} - \frac{f^3 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2e^3 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{f^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{4e^2 x} - \frac{f (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6e x^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4}{2e^4} - \frac{\log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4}{4e^4} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^3}{2e^3 \sqrt{x}} + \\ \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^2}{4e^2 x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f}{6e x^{3/2}} - \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{2x^2} - \\ 3bn \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 f^4}{48b^2 e^4 n^2} + \frac{\log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4}{6be^4 n} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 f^4}{6be^4 n} - \frac{\log(x)}{6be^4 n} \right)$$

input Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x]))*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3]/x^3,x]

output

```

-1/6*(f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(e*x^(3/2)) + (f^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*
e^2*x) - (f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*e^3*Sqrt[x]) + (f^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[
x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(2*e^4) - (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x
^n])^3)/(2*x^2) - (f^4*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(4*e^4) - 3*b*n*((175*
b^2*f*n^2)/(648*e*x^(3/2)) - (15*b^2*f^2*n^2)/(16*e^2*x) + (85*b^2*f^3*n^2
)/(8*e^3*Sqrt[x]) - (b^2*f^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(8*e^4) + (b^2*n^2*Lo
g[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])])/(8*x^2) + (b^2*f^4*n^2*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*S
qrt[x])/e)))/(2*e^4) + (b^2*f^4*n^2*Log[x])/(16*e^4) - (b^2*f^4*n^2*Log[x]
^2)/(16*e^4) + (37*b*f*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(108*e*x^(3/2)) - (7*b*f^2*n*
(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(8*e^2*x) + (21*b*f^3*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e^3*Sqr
t[x]) - (b*f^4*n*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*e^4) + (b*n*Log
[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(4*x^2) + (b*f^4*n*Log[x]*(a + b*L
og[c*x^n]))/(8*e^4) + (7*f*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(36*e*x^(3/2)) - (3*f^2*(
a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(8*e^2*x) + (5*f^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e^3*Sqrt[
x]) + (Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*x^2) - (f^4*Log[1 +
(f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2)/(4*e^4) + (f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)
/(24*b*e^4*n) + (f^4*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*e^4*n)
- (f^4*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(6*b*e^4*n) - (f^4*Log
[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3)/(12*b*e^4*n) + (f^4*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4)/(48*b^
2*e^4*n^2) + (b^2*f^4*n^2*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(2*e^4) - (b*f...

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2824

```

Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_
.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p u, x] - Simp[b*n*p Int[(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n,
q}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q] && NeQ[q, -1] && (EqQ
[p, 1] || (FractionQ[m] && IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m]) || (IGtQ[q, 0] && IntegerQ[
(q + 1)/m] && EqQ[d*e, 1]))

```


Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*log(d*f*sqrt(x) + d*e)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2)))*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2)))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2)))*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(x)*a**3*e**3*f - 48*sqrt(x)*a**3*e*f**3*x - 24*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*
e**3*f*n - 72*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*e*f**3*n*x - 24*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*e**3*f*n**2 -
72*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*e*f**3*n**2*x - 12*sqrt(x)*b**3*e**3*f*n**3 - 36*sqrt(x)
*b**3*e*f**3*n**3*x - 24*int(log(x**n*c)**3/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**
3*e**6*x**2 - 72*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**6
*x**2 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)**2/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**3*e**6*n*x**2
- 72*int(log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*e**6*x**2 - 72*int(
log(x**n*c)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**6*n*x**2 - 36*int(log(x**
n*c)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**3*e**6*n**2*x**2 + 24*int((sqrt(x)*log(
x**n*c)**3)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**3*e**5*f*x**2 + 72*int((sqrt(x)*
log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**5*f*x**2 + 36*int((sq
rt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2)/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**3*e**5*f*n*x**2 + 72*i
nt((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*e**5*f*x**2 + 7
2*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e**5*f*n*x**
2 + 36*int((sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c))/(e**2*x**3 - f**2*x**4),x)*b**3*e**5*f*n*
*2*x**2 - 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*e**4 - 144*log(sqrt
(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*e**4 - 72*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log
(x**n*c)**2*b**3*e**4*n - 144*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*e*
**4 - 144*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e**4*n - 72*log(sqrt(x)
*d*f + d*e)*log(x**n*c)*b**3*e**4*n**2 - 48*log(sqrt(x)*d*f + d*e)*a**3...
```

3.139 $\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	1087
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1088
Rubi [A] (verified)	1088
Maple [F]	1090
Fricas [F]	1090
Sympy [F(-1)]	1091
Maxima [F]	1091
Giac [F]	1092
Mupad [F(-1)]	1092
Reduce [F]	1092

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 367

$$\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \frac{24be^4kn\sqrt{x}}{25f^4} - \frac{7be^3knx}{25f^3} + \frac{32be^2knx^{3/2}}{225f^2} - \frac{9beknx^2}{100f} + \frac{8}{125}bknx^{5/2} - \frac{4be^5kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{25f^5} - \frac{4}{25}bnx^{5/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) - \frac{4be^5kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log \left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right)}{5f^5} - \frac{2e^4k\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^4} + \frac{e^3kx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^3}$$

output

```
24/25*b*e^4*k*n*x^(1/2)/f^4-7/25*b*e^3*k*n*x/f^3+32/225*b*e^2*k*n*x^(3/2)/f^2-9/100*b*e*k*n*x^2/f+8/125*b*k*n*x^(5/2)-4/25*b*e^5*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^5-4/25*b*n*x^(5/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)-4/5*b*e^5*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^5-2/5*e^4*k*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^4+1/5*e^3*k*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^3-2/15*e^2*k*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2+1/10*e*k*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-2/25*k*x^(5/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2/5*e^5*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^5+2/5*x^(5/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-4/5*b*e^5*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^5
```


$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{2k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) e^5}{5f^5 x} - \frac{2ke^4}{5f^4 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{ke^3}{5f^3} - \frac{2k\sqrt{x}e^2}{15f^2} + \frac{kxe}{10f} - \frac{2}{25} kx^{3/2} + \frac{2}{5} x^{3/2} \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) \right) dx + \\
& \frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) + \frac{2e^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^5} - \\
& \frac{2e^4 k \sqrt{x} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^4} + \frac{e^3 kx (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^3} - \frac{2e^2 kx^{3/2} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{15f^2} + \\
& \frac{ekx^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))}{10f} - \frac{2}{25} kx^{5/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) + \frac{2e^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^5} - \\
& \frac{2e^4 k \sqrt{x} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^4} + \frac{e^3 kx (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5f^3} - \frac{2e^2 kx^{3/2} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{15f^2} + \\
& \frac{ekx^2 (a + b \log(cx^n))}{10f} - \frac{2}{25} kx^{5/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(\frac{4}{25} x^{5/2} \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) + \frac{4e^5 k \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{5f^5} + \frac{4e^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{25f^5} + \frac{4e^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{5f^5} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(-2*e^4*k*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*f^4) + (e^3*k*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*f^3) - (2*e^2*k*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(15*f^2) + (e*k*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(10*f) - (2*k*x^(5/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/25 + (2*e^5*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*f^5) + (2*x^(5/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/5 - b*n*((-24*e^4*k*Sqrt[x])/(25*f^4) + (7*e^3*k*x)/(25*f^3) - (32*e^2*k*x^(3/2))/(225*f^2) + (9*e*k*x^2)/(100*f) - (8*k*x^(5/2))/125 + (4*e^5*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(25*f^5) + (4*x^(5/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])/25 + (4*e^5*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e))]/(5*f^5) + (4*e^5*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(5*f^5))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^{3/2} \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^(3/2)*log(c*x^n) + a*x^(3/2))*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(3/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/500*(50*b*e*k*x^2*log(x^n) + 40*(5*b*f*x*log(x^n) - ((2*f*n - 5*f*log(c)) * b - 5*a*f)*x)*x^(3/2)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) + 5*(10*a*e*k - (9*e*k*n - 10*e*k*log(c))*b)*x^2 + 40*(5*b*f*x*log(d)*log(x^n) + (5*a*f*log(d) - (2*f*n*log(d) - 5*f*log(c)*log(d))*b)*x)*x^(3/2) - 8*(5*b*f*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (5*a*f*k - (4*f*k*n - 5*f*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)*sqrt(x))/f - integrate(1/25*(5*b*e^2*k*x*log(x^n) + (5*a*e^2*k - (2*e^2*k*n - 5*e^2*k*log(c))*b)*x)/(f^2*sqrt(x) + e*f), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^{3/2} \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^(3/2)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \int x^{3/2} \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^(3/2)*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \frac{1800\sqrt{x} \log \left((\sqrt{x} f + e)^k d \right) \log(x^n c) b f^5 k x^2 + 1800\sqrt{x} \log \left((\sqrt{x} f + e)^k d \right) a f^5 k x^2 -}{}$$

input `int(x^(3/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output

```
(1800*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**5*k*x**2 + 1800*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*f**5*k*x**2 - 720*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**5*k*n*x**2 - 1800*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*f*k**2 - 600*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f**3*k**2*x - 360*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**5*k**2*x**2 - 1800*sqrt(x)*a*e**4*f*k**2 - 600*sqrt(x)*a*e**2*f**3*k**2*x - 360*sqrt(x)*a*f**5*k**2*x**2 + 4320*sqrt(x)*b*e**4*f*k**2*n + 640*sqrt(x)*b*e**2*f**3*k**2*n*x + 288*sqrt(x)*b*f**5*k**2*n*x**2 - 1800*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**7*k*n + 1800*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**6*f*k*n + 1800*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*e**5*k**2 - 720*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*e**5*k**2*n - 1800*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*e**5*n + 1800*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**5*k + 900*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*f**2*k**2*x + 450*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*k**2*x**2 + 900*a*e**3*f**2*k**2*x + 450*a*e*f**4*k**2*x**2 - 1260*b*e**3*f**2*k**2*n*x - 405*b*e*f**4*k**2*n*x**2)/(4500*f**5*k)
```

3.140 $\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$

Optimal result	1094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1095
Rubi [A] (verified)	1095
Maple [F]	1097
Fricas [F]	1097
Sympy [F(-1)]	1097
Maxima [F]	1098
Giac [F]	1098
Mupad [F(-1)]	1099
Reduce [F]	1099

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 283

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \frac{16be^2kn\sqrt{x}}{9f^2} - \frac{5beknx}{9f}$$

$$+ \frac{8}{27}bknx^{3/2} - \frac{4be^3kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9f^3} - \frac{4}{9}bnx^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right)$$

$$- \frac{4be^3kn \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log \left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right)}{3f^3} - \frac{2e^2k\sqrt{x}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2} + \frac{ekx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f}$$

$$- \frac{2}{9}kx^{3/2}(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2e^3k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3} + \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))$$

output

```
16/9*b*e^2*k*n*x^(1/2)/f^2-5/9*b*e*k*n*x/f+8/27*b*k*n*x^(3/2)-4/9*b*e^3*k*
n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/f^3-4/9*b*n*x^(3/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)-4/3*b*e^3*k*n*
ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^3-2/3*e^2*k*x^(1/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2
+1/3*e*k*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f-2/9*k*x^(3/2)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2/3*e^3*k*ln(e+
f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^3+2/3*x^(3/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c
*x^n))-4/3*b*e^3*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/f^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18ae^2fk\sqrt{x} + 48be^2fkn\sqrt{x} + 9aef^2kx - 15bef^2knx - 6af^3kx^{3/2} + 8bf^3knx^{3/2} + 18af^3x^{3/2} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{27f^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[x]*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]
```

output

```
(-18*a*e^2*f*k*Sqrt[x] + 48*b*e^2*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] + 9*a*e*f^2*k*x - 15*b*e*f^2*k*n*x - 6*a*f^3*k*x^(3/2) + 8*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2) + 18*a*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] - 12*b*f^3*n*x^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 18*b*e^3*k*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - 18*b*e^2*f*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 9*b*e*f^2*k*x*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b*f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b*f^3*x^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*e^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(3*a - 2*b*n - 3*b*n*Log[x] + 3*b*Log[c*x^n]) + 36*b*e^3*k*n*PolyLog[2, -(f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(27*f^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{2k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) e^3}{3f^3 x} - \frac{2ke^2}{3f^2 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{ke}{3f} + \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x} \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) - \frac{2k\sqrt{x}}{9} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) + \frac{2e^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3} - \\
& \frac{2e^2 k \sqrt{x} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2} + \frac{ekx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f} - \frac{2}{9} kx^{3/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) + \frac{2e^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3} - \\
& \frac{2e^2 k \sqrt{x} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2} + \frac{ekx(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f} - \frac{2}{9} kx^{3/2} (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& bn \left(\frac{4}{9} x^{3/2} \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k) + \frac{4e^3 k \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{3f^3} + \frac{4e^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9f^3} + \frac{4e^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) \log(-)}{3f^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]),x]`

output `(-2*e^2*k*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f^2) + (e*k*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f) - (2*k*x^(3/2)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 + (2*e^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f^3) + (2*x^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/3 - b*n*((-16*e^2*k*Sqrt[x])/(9*f^2) + (5*e*k*x)/(9*f) - (8*k*x^(3/2))/27 + (4*e^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(9*f^3) + (4*x^(3/2)*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])/9 + (4*e^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/ (3*f^3) + (4*e^3*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/ (3*f^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \sqrt{x} \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x)*log(c*x^n) + a*sqrt(x))*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)*ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \sqrt{x} \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*(3*b*x*log(x^n) - (b*(2*n - 3*log(c)) - 3*a)*x)*sqrt(x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k) + 2/9*(3*b*x*log(d)*log(x^n) - ((2*n*log(d) - 3*log(c)*log(d))*b - 3*a*log(d))*x)*sqrt(x) - integrate(1/9*(3*b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (3*a*f*k - (2*f*k*n - 3*f*k*log(c))*b)*x)/(f*sqrt(x) + e), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \sqrt{x} \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right) dx$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*sqrt(x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{x} \ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^(1/2)*log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{x} \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{18\sqrt{x} \log \left((\sqrt{x}f + e)^k d \right) \log(x^n c) b f^3 k x + 18\sqrt{x} \log \left((\sqrt{x}f + e)^k d \right) a f^3 k x - 12\sqrt{x} \log \left((\sqrt{x}f + e)^k \right)}{27 f^3 k}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `(18*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**3*k*x + 18*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*f**3*k*x - 12*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**3*k*n*x - 18*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f*k**2 - 6*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**3*k**2*x - 18*sqrt(x)*a*e**2*f*k**2 - 6*sqrt(x)*a*f**3*k**2*x + 4*8*sqrt(x)*b*e**2*f*k**2*n + 8*sqrt(x)*b*f**3*k**2*n*x - 18*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**5*k*n + 18*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**4*f*k*n + 18*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*e**3*k**2 - 12*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*e**3*k**2*n - 18*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*e**3*n + 18*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*k + 9*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f**2*k**2*x + 9*a*e*f**2*k**2*x - 15*b*e*f**2*k**2*n*x)/(27*f**3*k)`

3.141
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1100
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1101
Rubi [A] (verified)	1101
Maple [F]	1103
Fricas [F]	1103
Sympy [F(-1)]	1103
Maxima [F]	1104
Giac [F]	1104
Mupad [F(-1)]	1105
Reduce [F]	1105

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{4bfkn \log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{e} - \frac{4bn \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{4bfkn \log(e+f\sqrt{x}) \log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{2bfkn \log(x)}{e} - \frac{bfkn \log^2(x)}{2e}$$

$$- \frac{2fk \log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e} - \frac{2 \log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ \frac{fk \log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{4bfkn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{e}$$

output

```
-4*b*f*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e-4*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)/x^(1/2)+4*b*f*k*n
*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e+2*b*f*k*n*ln(x)/e-1/2*b*f*k*n*ln(x)^2/
e-2*f*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-2*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(
c*x^n))/x^(1/2)+f*k*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e+4*b*f*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)
)/e/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + 2bn + b \log(cx^n))}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$- \frac{2fk \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + 2bn - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))}{e}$$

$$- \frac{fk \log(x) \left(4bn \log \left(1 + \frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right) + bn \log(x) - 2(a + 2bn + b \log(cx^n)) \right)}{2e}$$

$$- \frac{4bfkn \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + 2*b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[x] - (2*f*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + 2*b*n - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e - (f*k*Log[x]*(4*b*n*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e] + b*n*Log[x] - 2*(a + 2*b*n + b*Log[c*x^n])))/(2*e) - (4*b*f*k*n*PolyLog[2, -(f*Sqrt[x])/e])/e`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right)}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -bn \int \left(-\frac{2fk \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{ex} - \frac{2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{fk \log(x)}{ex} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2fk \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \\
 & \frac{fk \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2fk \log(e + f\sqrt{x})(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \\
 & \frac{fk \log(x)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - \\
 & bn \left(\frac{4 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4fk \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{e} + \frac{fk \log^2(x)}{2e} - \frac{2fk \log(x)}{e} + \frac{4fk \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{e} - \frac{4fk}{e} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*f*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e - (2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/Sqrt[x] + (f*k*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e - b*n*((4*f*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/e + (4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])/Sqrt[x] - (4*f*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e]))/e - (2*f*k*Log[x])/e + (f*k*Log[x]^2)/(2*e) - (4*f*k*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log \left((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d \right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x)*log(c*x^n) + a*sqrt(x))*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log \left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k \right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (a*f*k + (2*f*k*n + f*k*log(c))*b)*x)/x^2, x)/e - 1/9*(2*(3*b*f^4*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (3*a*f^4*k + (4*f^4*k*n + 3*f^4*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/sqrt(x) + 18*(b*e^4*x*log(x^n) + (a*e^4 + (2*e^4*n + e^4*log(c))*b)*x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k)/x^(3/2) - 9*(b*e*f^3*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (a*e*f^3*k + (e*f^3*k*n + e*f^3*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/x + 18*((b*e^2*f^2*k*log(c) + a*e^2*f^2*k)*x^2 + (a*e^4*log(d) + (2*e^4*n*log(d) + e^4*log(c)*log(d))*b)*x + (b*e^2*f^2*k*x^2 + b*e^4*x*log(d))*log(x^n))/x^(3/2))/e^4 + integrate((b*f^5*k*x*log(x^n) + (a*f^5*k + (2*f^5*k*n + f^5*k*log(c))*b)*x)/(e^4*f*sqrt(x) + e^5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\ln(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x} \left(\int \frac{\log\left(\frac{(\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d}{-f^2x^2+e^2x}\right) dx \right) b e^2 f k n^2 - 4\sqrt{x} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{(\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d}{-f^2x^3+e^2x^2}\right) dx \right)}{x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(3/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(x)*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**2*f*k**n**2 - 4*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x**2 - f**2*x**3),x)*b*e**3*k*n**2 - 4*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*f*k**2*n - 16*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*f*k**2*n**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*f*n**2 - 4*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f*k*n + sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b*f*k**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*f*k**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*f*k**2*n - 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*k*n - 4*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*e*k*n - 16*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*e*k*n**2)/(2*sqrt(x)*e*k*n)`

3.142
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1106
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1107
Rubi [A] (verified)	1107
Maple [F]	1109
Fricas [F]	1109
Sympy [F(-1)]	1110
Maxima [F]	1110
Giac [F]	1111
Mupad [F(-1)]	1111
Reduce [F]	1111

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 310

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \\ &-\frac{5bfkn}{9ex} + \frac{16bf^2kn}{9e^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4bf^3kn\log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{9e^3} \\ &-\frac{4bn\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{9x^{3/2}} + \frac{4bf^3kn\log(e+f\sqrt{x})\log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{3e^3} \\ &+\frac{2bf^3kn\log(x)}{9e^3} - \frac{bf^3kn\log^2(x)}{6e^3} - \frac{fk(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3ex} \\ &+\frac{2f^2k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2f^3k\log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^3} \\ &-\frac{2\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3x^{3/2}} \\ &+\frac{f^3k\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{4bf^3kn\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{3e^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/9*b*f*k*n/e/x+16/9*b*f^2*k*n/e^2/x^(1/2)-4/9*b*f^3*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/
e^3-4/9*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)/x^(3/2)+4/3*b*f^3*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln
(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^3+2/9*b*f^3*k*n*ln(x)/e^3-1/6*b*f^3*k*n*ln(x)^2/e^3-1/3*f
*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/x+2/3*f^2*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/x^(1/2)-2/3*f^3*k*ln(
e+f*x^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3-2/3*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/x^(3/2)+1/3*f^3*k*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3+4/3*b*f^3*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x
^(1/2)/e)/e^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3ae^2fk\sqrt{x} - 5be^2fkn\sqrt{x} + 6ae^2kx + 16bef^2knx - 6ae^3kx^2}{x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-3*a*e^2*f*k*Sqrt[x] - 5*b*e^2*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] + 6*a*e*f^2*k*x + 16*b*e*f^2
*k*n*x - 6*a*e^3*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] - 4*b*e^3*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])
]^k) + 3*a*f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[x] + 2*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2)*Log[x] - 6*b*f^3*k*n
*x^(3/2)*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Log[x] - (3*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2)*Log[x]^2)/2
- 3*b*e^2*f*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*b*e*f^2*k*x*Log[c*x^n] - 6*b*e^3*Log[
d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b*f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 2*
f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(3*a + 2*b*n - 3*b*n*Log[x] + 3*b*Log[c*x
^n]) - 12*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2)*PolyLog[2, -((f*Sqrt[x])/e)]/(9*e^3*x^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{2k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) f^3}{3e^3 x} + \frac{k \log(x) f^3}{3e^3 x} + \frac{2kf^2}{3e^2 x^{3/2}} - \frac{kf}{3ex^2} - \frac{2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{3x^{5/2}} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2f^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} +$$

$$\frac{f^3 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{2f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{fk(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3ex}$$

↓ 2009

$$- \frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2f^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} +$$

$$\frac{f^3 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{2f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{fk(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3ex} -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{4 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{9x^{3/2}} - \frac{4f^3 k \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{3e^3} + \frac{f^3 k \log^2(x)}{6e^3} + \frac{4f^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9e^3} - \frac{4f^3 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{9e^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(f*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x) + (2*f^2*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^2*
Sqrt[x]) - (2*f^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^3) - (2*Lo
g[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*x^(3/2)) + (f^3*k*Log[x]*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^3) - b*n*((5*f*k)/(9*e*x) - (16*f^2*k)/(9*e^2*Sqrt[x
]) + (4*f^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(9*e^3) + (4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])/
(9*x^(3/2)) - (4*f^3*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)])/(3*e^3) -
(2*f^3*k*Log[x])/(9*e^3) + (f^3*k*Log[x]^2)/(6*e^3) - (4*f^3*k*PolyLog[2,
1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(3*e^3))
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(5/2),x)`

output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(5/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((f\sqrt{x} + e)^k d)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x)*log(c*x^n) + a*sqrt(x))*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*integrate((3*b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (3*a*f*k + (2*f*k*n + 3*f*k*log(c))*b)*x)/x^3, x)/e + 1/9*integrate((3*b*f^3*k*x*log(x^n) + (3*a*f^3*k + (2*f^3*k*n + 3*f^3*k*log(c))*b)*x)/x^2, x)/e^3 - 1/9*(2*(b*f^6*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (b*f^6*k*log(c) + a*f^6*k)*x^2)/sqrt(x) - (3*b*e*f^5*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (3*a*e*f^5*k - (e*f^5*k*n - 3*e*f^5*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/x + 2*(3*b*e^2*f^4*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (3*a*e^2*f^4*k - (4*e^2*f^4*k*n - 3*e^2*f^4*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/x^(3/2) + 2*(3*b*e^6*x*log(x^n) + (3*a*e^6 + (2*e^6*n + 3*e^6*log(c))*b)*x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k)/x^(5/2) - 2*((3*a*e^4*f^2*k + (8*e^4*f^2*k*n + 3*e^4*f^2*k*log(c))*b)*x^2 - (3*a*e^6*log(d) + (2*e^6*n*log(d) + 3*e^6*log(c))*log(d))*b)*x + 3*(b*e^4*f^2*k*x^2 - b*e^6*x*log(d))*log(x^n))/x^(5/2))/e^6 + integrate(1/9*(3*b*f^7*k*x*log(x^n) + (3*a*f^7*k + (2*f^7*k*n + 3*f^7*k*log(c))*b)*x)/(e^6*f*sqrt(x) + e^7), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^(5/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\ln(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^(5/2),x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^(5/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{x}\left(\int \frac{\log\left((\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d\right)}{-f^2x^2+e^2x} dx\right) b e^2 f^3 k n^2 x - 12\sqrt{x}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x}\log\left((\sqrt{x}f+e)^k d\right)}{-f^2x^2+e^2x} dx\right)}{1}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(x)*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**2*f
**3*k*n**2*x - 12*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x
- f**2*x**2),x)*b*e*f**4*k*n**2*x - 12*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*f**3*k
**2*n*x - 52*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*f**3*k**2*n**2*x - 44*sqrt(x)*lo
g(sqrt(x))*b*f**3*k**2*n**2*x + 12*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*
f**3*n**2*x - 12*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**3*k*n*
x + 44*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**3*k*n**2*x + 3*sqrt(x)*log(x
**n*c)**2*b*f**3*k**2*x + 6*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*f**3*k**2*x - 6*sqrt(x)*
log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f*k**2*n + 26*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**3*k**2*n*x - 6*s
qrt(x)*a*e**2*f*k**2*n - 10*sqrt(x)*b*e**2*f*k**2*n**2 - 12*log((sqrt(x)*f
+ e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*k*n - 12*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**3*k
*n - 8*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**3*k*n**2 + 12*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f**2*k
**2*n*x + 12*a*e*f**2*k**2*n*x + 32*b*e*f**2*k**2*n**2*x)/(18*sqrt(x)*e**3
*k*n*x)
```

3.143
$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1113
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1114
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Maple [F]	1116
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Sympy [F(-1)]	1117
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Reduce [F]	1119

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 394

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = & -\frac{9bfkn}{100ex^2} + \frac{32bf^2kn}{225e^2x^{3/2}} \\ & -\frac{7bf^3kn}{25e^3x} + \frac{24bf^4kn}{25e^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4bf^5kn\log(e+f\sqrt{x})}{25e^5} - \frac{4bn\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)}{25x^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{4bf^5kn\log(e+f\sqrt{x})\log\left(-\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{5e^5} + \frac{2bf^5kn\log(x)}{25e^5} - \frac{bf^5kn\log^2(x)}{10e^5} \\ & - \frac{fk(a+b\log(cx^n))}{10ex^2} + \frac{2f^2k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{15e^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{f^3k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{5e^3x} \\ & + \frac{2f^4k(a+b\log(cx^n))}{5e^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2f^5k\log(e+f\sqrt{x})(a+b\log(cx^n))}{5e^5} \\ & - \frac{2\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{5x^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{f^5k\log(x)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{5e^5} + \frac{4bf^5kn\text{PolyLog}\left(2,1+\frac{f\sqrt{x}}{e}\right)}{5e^5} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-9/100*b*f*k*n/e/x^2+32/225*b*f^2*k*n/e^2/x^(3/2)-7/25*b*f^3*k*n/e^3/x+24/
25*b*f^4*k*n/e^4/x^(1/2)-4/25*b*f^5*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))/e^5-4/25*b*n*ln(d*
(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)/x^(5/2)+4/5*b*f^5*k*n*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*ln(-f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^
5+2/25*b*f^5*k*n*ln(x)/e^5-1/10*b*f^5*k*n*ln(x)^2/e^5-1/10*f*k*(a+b*ln(c*x
^n))/e/x^2+2/15*f^2*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/x^(3/2)-1/5*f^3*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)/e^3/x+2/5*f^4*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^4/x^(1/2)-2/5*f^5*k*ln(e+f*x^(1/2))*(a
+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^5-2/5*ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(5/2)+1/5*f^
5*k*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^5+4/5*b*f^5*k*n*polylog(2,1+f*x^(1/2)/e)/e^5
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-90ae^4fk\sqrt{x} - 81be^4fkn\sqrt{x} + 120ae^3f^2kx + 128be^3f^2knx}{x^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(-90*a*e^4*f*k*Sqrt[x] - 81*b*e^4*f*k*n*Sqrt[x] + 120*a*e^3*f^2*k*x + 128*
b*e^3*f^2*k*n*x - 180*a*e^2*f^3*k*x^(3/2) - 252*b*e^2*f^3*k*n*x^(3/2) + 36
0*a*e*f^4*k*x^2 + 864*b*e*f^4*k*n*x^2 - 360*a*e^5*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]
- 144*b*e^5*n*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k] + 180*a*f^5*k*x^(5/2)*Log[x] + 72*
b*f^5*k*n*x^(5/2)*Log[x] - 360*b*f^5*k*n*x^(5/2)*Log[1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e]*Lo
g[x] - 90*b*f^5*k*n*x^(5/2)*Log[x]^2 - 90*b*e^4*f*k*Sqrt[x]*Log[c*x^n] + 1
20*b*e^3*f^2*k*x*Log[c*x^n] - 180*b*e^2*f^3*k*x^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n] + 360*b*e
*f^4*k*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 360*b*e^5*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*Log[c*x^n] + 18
0*b*f^5*k*x^(5/2)*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n] - 72*f^5*k*x^(5/2)*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*
(5*a + 2*b*n - 5*b*n*Log[x] + 5*b*Log[c*x^n]) - 720*b*f^5*k*n*x^(5/2)*Poly
Log[2, -(f*Sqrt[x])/e)]/(900*e^5*x^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{2k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) f^5}{5e^5 x} + \frac{k \log(x) f^5}{5e^5 x} + \frac{2kf^4}{5e^4 x^{3/2}} - \frac{kf^3}{5e^3 x^2} + \frac{2kf^2}{15e^2 x^{5/2}} - \frac{kf}{10ex^3} - \frac{2 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{5x^{7/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2f^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^5} + \frac{f^5 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^5} + \frac{2f^4 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{f^3 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^3 x} + \frac{2f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{15e^2 x^{3/2}} - \frac{fk(a + b \log(cx^n))}{10ex^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{2f^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x}) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^5} + \frac{f^5 k \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^5} + \frac{2f^4 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{f^3 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{5e^3 x} + \frac{2f^2 k (a + b \log(cx^n))}{15e^2 x^{3/2}} - \frac{fk(a + b \log(cx^n))}{10ex^2}$$

$$bn \left(\frac{4 \log(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)}{25x^{5/2}} - \frac{4f^5 k \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{x}f}{e} + 1\right)}{5e^5} + \frac{f^5 k \log^2(x)}{10e^5} + \frac{4f^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{25e^5} - \frac{4f^5 k \log(e + f\sqrt{x})}{25e^5} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x^(7/2), x]
```


output

```
-1/10*(f*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*x^2) + (2*f^2*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(15*
e^2*x^(3/2)) - (f^3*k*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*e^3*x) + (2*f^4*k*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n]))/(5*e^4*Sqrt[x]) - (2*f^5*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))
/(5*e^5) - (2*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*x^(5/2)) + (
f^5*k*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(5*e^5) - b*n*((9*f*k)/(100*e*x^2) - (32*
f^2*k)/(225*e^2*x^(3/2)) + (7*f^3*k)/(25*e^3*x) - (24*f^4*k)/(25*e^4*Sqrt[
x]) + (4*f^5*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]])/(25*e^5) + (4*Log[d*(e + f*Sqrt[x])^k])
/(25*x^(5/2)) - (4*f^5*k*Log[e + f*Sqrt[x]]*Log[-((f*Sqrt[x])/e)))/(5*e^5)
- (2*f^5*k*Log[x])/(25*e^5) + (f^5*k*Log[x]^2)/(10*e^5) - (4*f^5*k*PolyLo
g[2, 1 + (f*Sqrt[x])/e])/(5*e^5)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k)(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
int(ln(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^(7/2),x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x)*log(c*x^n) + a*sqrt(x))*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**(1/2))**k)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/25*integrate((5*b*f*k*x*log(x^n) + (5*a*f*k + (2*f*k*n + 5*f*k*log(c))*b)*x)/x^4, x)/e + 1/25*integrate((5*b*f^3*k*x*log(x^n) + (5*a*f^3*k + (2*f^3*k*n + 5*f^3*k*log(c))*b)*x)/x^3, x)/e^3 + 1/25*integrate((5*b*f^5*k*x*log(x^n) + (5*a*f^5*k + (2*f^5*k*n + 5*f^5*k*log(c))*b)*x)/x^2, x)/e^5 - 1/25*(2*(15*b*f^8*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (15*a*f^8*k - (4*f^8*k*n - 15*f^8*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/sqrt(x) - 9*(5*b*e*f^7*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (5*a*e*f^7*k - (3*e*f^7*k*n - 5*e*f^7*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/x + 18*(5*b*e^2*f^6*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (5*a*e^2*f^6*k - (8*e^2*f^6*k*n - 5*e^2*f^6*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/x^(3/2) - 18*(5*b*e^4*f^4*k*x^2*log(x^n) + (5*a*e^4*f^4*k + (12*e^4*f^4*k*n + 5*e^4*f^4*k*log(c))*b)*x^2)/x^(5/2) + 18*(5*b*e^8*x*log(x^n) + (5*a*e^8 + (2*e^8*n + 5*e^8*log(c))*b)*x)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k)/x^(7/2) - 2*((15*a*e^6*f^2*k + (16*e^6*f^2*k*n + 15*e^6*f^2*k*log(c))*b)*x^2 - 9*(5*a*e^8*log(d) + (2*e^8*n*log(d) + 5*e^8*log(c)*log(d))*b)*x + 15*(b*e^6*f^2*k*x^2 - 3*b*e^8*x*log(d))*log(x^n))/x^(7/2))/e^8 + integrate(1/25*(5*b*f^9*k*x*log(x^n) + (5*a*f^9*k + (2*f^9*k*n + 5*f^9*k*log(c))*b)*x)/(e^8*f*sqrt(x) + e^9), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b\log(cx^n)+a)\log\left((f\sqrt{x}+e)^k d\right)}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*sqrt(x) + e)^k*d)/x^(7/2), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\ln\left(d(e+f\sqrt{x})^k\right)(a+b\ln(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^(7/2),x)
```

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^(7/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log\left(d(e + f\sqrt{x})^k\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^{7/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^(1/2))^k)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^(7/2),x)`

output `(360*sqrt(x)*int(log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e**2*f**5*k*n**2*x**2 - 360*sqrt(x)*int((sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d))/(e**2*x - f**2*x**2),x)*b*e*f**6*k*n**2*x**2 - 360*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*a*f**5*k**2*n*x**2 - 1788*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*f + e)*b*f**5*k**2*n**2*x**2 - 1644*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*b*f**5*k**2*n**2*x**2 + 360*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)**2*b*f**5*n**2*x**2 - 360*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**5*k*n*x**2 + 1644*sqrt(x)*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**5*k*n**2*x**2 + 90*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)**2*b*f**5*k**2*x**2 + 180*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*a*f**5*k**2*x**2 - 90*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**4*f*k**2*n - 180*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f**3*k**2*n*x + 894*sqrt(x)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**5*k**2*n*x**2 - 90*sqrt(x)*a*e**4*f*k**2*n - 180*sqrt(x)*a*e**2*f**3*k**2*n*x - 81*sqrt(x)*b*e**4*f*k**2*n**2 - 252*sqrt(x)*b*e**2*f**3*k**2*n**2*x - 360*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**5*k*n - 360*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**5*k*n - 144*log((sqrt(x)*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**5*k*n**2 + 120*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*f**2*k**2*n*x + 360*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f**4*k**2*n*x**2 + 120*a*e**3*f**2*k**2*n*x + 360*a*e*f**4*k**2*n*x**2 + 128*b*e**3*f**2*k**2*n**2*x + 864*b*e*f**4*k**2*n**2*x**2)/(900*sqrt(x)*e**5*k*n*x**2)`

3.144 $\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1120
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1120
Rubi [N/A]	1121
Maple [N/A]	1122
Fricas [N/A]	1122
Sympy [F(-1)]	1123
Maxima [N/A]	1123
Giac [N/A]	1124
Mupad [N/A]	1124
Reduce [N/A]	1125

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \text{Int}\left((gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((g*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. 2(31) = 62.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.86

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(gx)^q \left(-akm + 2bkmn - akmq - bkmn {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{1}{m} + \frac{q}{m}, \frac{1}{m} + \frac{q}{m}; 1 + \frac{1}{m} + \frac{q}{m}, 1 + \frac{1}{m} + \frac{q}{m}; -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) - bkmn\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]`

output

```
(x*(g*x)^q*(-(a*k*m) + 2*b*k*m*n - a*k*m*q - b*k*m*n*HypergeometricPFQ[{1,
m^(-1) + q/m, m^(-1) + q/m}, {1 + m^(-1) + q/m, 1 + m^(-1) + q/m}, -((f*x
^m)/e)] - b*k*m*Log[c*x^n] - b*k*m*q*Log[c*x^n] + k*m*Hypergeometric2F1[1,
(1 + q)/m, (1 + m + q)/m, -((f*x^m)/e)]*(a - b*n + a*q + b*(1 + q)*Log[c*
x^n]) + a*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 2*a*q*Log[d*(e
+ f*x^m)^k] - b*n*q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + a*q^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + b
*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 2*b*q*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] +
b*q^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]))/(1 + q)^3
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2826$$

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
Int[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int((g*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int((g*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\begin{aligned} \int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^q \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((g*x)^q*b*log(c*x^n) + (g*x)^q*a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**q*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.86

$$\begin{aligned} \int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^q \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*g^q*(q + 1)*x*x^q*log(x^n) + (a*g^q*(q + 1) + (g^q*(q + 1)*log(c) - g^q*n)*b)*x*x^q*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + integrate((((q^2 + 2*q + 1)*b*e*g^q*log(d) - (f*g^q*k*(q + 1) - (q^2 + 2*q + 1)*f*g^q*log(d))*b*x^m)*x^q*log(x^n) + ((q^2 + 2*q + 1)*b*e*g^q*log(c)*log(d) + (q^2 + 2*q + 1)*a*e*g^q*log(d) - ((f*g^q*k*(q + 1) - (q^2 + 2*q + 1)*f*g^q*log(d))*a - (f*g^q*k*m*n - (f*g^q*k*(q + 1) - (q^2 + 2*q + 1)*f*g^q*log(d))*log(c)))*b)*x^m)*x^q)/((q^2 + 2*q + 1)*f*x^m + (q^2 + 2*q + 1)*e), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^q \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^q*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (gx)^q (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 944, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.71

$$\int (gx)^q (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((g*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output

```
(g**q*(x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**q**2*x + 2*x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**q*x + x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*x + x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a**q**2*x + 2*x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a**q*x + x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*x - x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b**n*q*x - x**q*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b**n*x - x**q*log(x**n*c)*b**k*m*q*x - x**q*log(x**n*c)*b**k*m*x - x**q*a**k*m*q*x - x**q*a**k*m*x + 2*x**q*b**k*m*n*x + int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*a**k*m*q**4 + 4*int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*a**e*k*m*q**3 + 6*int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*a**e*k*m*q**2 + 4*int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*a**e*k*m*q + int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*a**e*k*m - int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*b**e*k*m*n*q**3 - 3*int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*b**e*k*m*n*q**2 - 3*int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*b**e*k*m*n*q - int(x**q/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*b**e*k*m*n + int((x**q*log(x**n*c))/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*b**e*k*m*q**4 + 4*int((x**q*log(x**n*c))/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e*q + e),x)*b**e*k*m*q**3 + 6*int((x**q*log(x**n*c))/(x**m*f*q**2 + 2*x**m*f*q + x**m*f + e*q**2 + 2*e...
```

3.145 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1126
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1127
Rubi [A] (verified)	1128
Maple [F]	1131
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1132
Sympy [F(-2)]	1132
Maxima [F]	1133
Giac [F]	1134
Mupad [F(-1)]	1134
Reduce [F]	1134

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} - \frac{r(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{4bn} - \frac{r(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m} + \frac{3bnr(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^2} - \frac{6b^2n^2r(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(4, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^3} + \frac{6b^3n^3r \text{PolyLog}(5, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^4}$$

output

```
1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/b/n-1/4*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4*ln(1+f*x^m/e)/b/n-r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(2,-f*x^m/e)/m+3*b*n*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(3,-f*x^m/e)/m^2-6*b^2*n^2*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,-f*x^m/e)/m^3+6*b^3*n^3*r*polylog(5,-f*x^m/e)/m^4
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1395 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1395, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.54

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/x,x]`

output

```
-1/2*(a^2*b*m*n*r*Log[x]^3) + (3*a*b^2*m*n^2*r*Log[x]^4)/4 - (3*b^3*m*n^3*
r*Log[x]^5)/10 - a*b^2*m*n*r*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n] + (3*b^3*m*n^2*r*Log[x]^4
*Log[c*x^n])/4 - (b^3*m*n*r*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]^2)/2 - (3*a^2*b*n*r*Log[x]
^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)])/2 + 2*a*b^2*n^2*r*Log[x]^3*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)] - (3*
b^3*n^3*r*Log[x]^4*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)])/4 - 3*a*b^2*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]
*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)] + 2*b^3*n^2*r*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)] -
(3*b^3*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)])/2 - a^3*r*Log[x]*Log
[e + f*x^m] + 3*a^2*b*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^m] - 3*a*b^2*n^2*r*Log[x]^3
*Log[e + f*x^m] + b^3*n^3*r*Log[x]^4*Log[e + f*x^m] + (a^3*r*Log[-((f*x^m)
/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (3*a^2*b*n*r*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x
^m])/m + (3*a*b^2*n^2*r*Log[x]^2*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (b^
3*n^3*r*Log[x]^3*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - 3*a^2*b*r*Log[x]*Lo
g[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m] + 6*a*b^2*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m] -
3*b^3*n^2*r*Log[x]^3*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m] + (3*a^2*b*r*Log[-((f*x^m)
/e)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (6*a*b^2*n*r*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*
Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m + (3*b^3*n^2*r*Log[x]^2*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log
[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - 3*a*b^2*r*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^m] +
3*b^3*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^m] + (3*a*b^2*r*Log[-((f*x^m)
/e)]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (3*b^3*n*r*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*
Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - b^3*r*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^3*Log[e + f*x^...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} - \frac{fmr \int \frac{x^{m-1}(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{fx^m + e} dx}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{fm} - \frac{4bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{fx^m} dx}{fm} \right)}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^4}{fm} - \frac{4bn \left(\frac{3bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{4bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$fmr \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{fm} - \frac{4bn \left(\frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) dx}{m^x} \right)}{m} - \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \dots\right)}{fm} \right)}{4bn}$$

4bn

↓ 2830

$$fmr \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{fm} - \frac{4bn \left(\frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{m} - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(4, \dots\right)}{m^x} \right)}{m} \right)}{m} \right)}{fm}$$

4bn

↓ 7143

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^4 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{4bn} \\
 \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{fm} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{3bn} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}\left(5, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m^2} \right)}{4bn} \right) \\
 \frac{fmr}{fm}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(4*b*n) - (f*m*r*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^4*Log[1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(f*m) - (4*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[2, -((f*x^m)/e)]/m) + (3*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[3, -((f*x^m)/e)]/m) - (2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, -((f*x^m)/e)]/m) - (b*n*PolyLog[5, -((f*x^m)/e)]/m^2))/m))/m)/(f*m))/(4*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] && EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821

```
Int[(Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_.))]*(a_.) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_))^(p_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m, x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2822

```
Int[(Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_.))]^(r_.))*((a_.) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q, x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \ln(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 765 vs. $2(180) = 360$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 765, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*(b^3*m^4*n^3*log(d)*log(x)^4 + 24*b^3*n^3*r*polylog(5, -f*x^m/e) + 4*(
b^3*m^4*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*m^4*n^2)*log(d)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*m^4*n*log(c)^
2 + 2*a*b^2*m^4*n*log(c) + a^2*b*m^4*n)*log(d)*log(x)^2 + 4*(b^3*m^4*log(c)
)^3 + 3*a*b^2*m^4*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*m^4*log(c) + a^3*m^4)*log(d)*log(x) -
4*(b^3*m^3*n^3*r*log(x)^3 + b^3*m^3*r*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*m^3*r*log(c)^2 +
3*a^2*b*m^3*r*log(c) + a^3*m^3*r + 3*(b^3*m^3*n^2*r*log(c) + a*b^2*m^3*n^
2*r)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*m^3*n*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*m^3*n*r*log(c) + a^2*b*m
^3*n*r)*log(x))*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) + (b^3*m^4*n^3*r*log(x)^4 + 4*(b
^3*m^4*n^2*r*log(c) + a*b^2*m^4*n^2*r)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*m^4*n*r*log(c)^2
+ 2*a*b^2*m^4*n*r*log(c) + a^2*b*m^4*n*r)*log(x)^2 + 4*(b^3*m^4*r*log(c)^3
+ 3*a*b^2*m^4*r*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*m^4*r*log(c) + a^3*m^4*r)*log(x))*log(
f*x^m + e) - (b^3*m^4*n^3*r*log(x)^4 + 4*(b^3*m^4*n^2*r*log(c) + a*b^2*m^4
*n^2*r)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*m^4*n*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*m^4*n*r*log(c) + a^2*
b*m^4*n*r)*log(x)^2 + 4*(b^3*m^4*r*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*m^4*r*log(c)^2 + 3*a
^2*b*m^4*r*log(c) + a^3*m^4*r)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)/e) - 24*(b^3*m*n^3*
r*log(x) + b^3*m*n^2*r*log(c) + a*b^2*m*n^2*r)*polylog(4, -f*x^m/e) + 12*(
b^3*m^2*n^3*r*log(x)^2 + b^3*m^2*n*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*m^2*n*r*log(c) + a
^2*b*m^2*n*r + 2*(b^3*m^2*n^2*r*log(c) + a*b^2*m^2*n^2*r)*log(x))*polylog(
3, -f*x^m/e))/m^4
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**r)/x,x)`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*(b^3*n^3*log(x)^4 - 4*b^3*log(x)*log(x^n)^3 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*n^2)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*n*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*n*log(c) + a^2*b*n)*log(x)^2 + 6*(b^3*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^3*log(c) + a*b^2)*log(x))*log(x^n)^2 - 4*(b^3*n^2*log(x)^3 - 3*(b^3*n*log(c) + a*b^2*n)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*log(c) + a^2*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) - 4*(b^3*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c) + a^3)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)^r) - integrate(-1/4*(4*b^3*e*log(c)^3*log(d) + 12*a*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 12*a^2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a^3*e*log(d) + 4*(b^3*e*log(d) - (b^3*f*m*r*log(x) - b^3*f*log(d))*x^m)*log(x^n)^3 + 6*(2*b^3*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*e*log(d) + (b^3*f*m*n*r*log(x)^2 + 2*b^3*f*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*b^2*f*log(d) - 2*(b^3*f*m*r*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*r)*log(x))*x^m)*log(x^n)^2 + (b^3*f*m*n^3*r*log(x)^4 + 4*b^3*f*log(c)^3*log(d) + 12*a*b^2*f*log(c)^2*log(d) + 12*a^2*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a^3*f*log(d) - 4*(b^3*f*m*n^2*r*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*n^2*r)*log(x)^3 + 6*(b^3*f*m*n*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*f*m*n*r*log(c) + a^2*b*f*m*n*r)*log(x)^2 - 4*(b^3*f*m*r*log(c)^3 + 3*a*b^2*f*m*r*log(c)^2 + 3*a^2*b*f*m*r*log(c) + a^3*f*m*r)*log(x))*x^m + 4*(3*b^3*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 6*a*b^2*e*log(c)*log(d) + 3*a^2*b*e*log(d) - (b^3*f*m*n^2*r*log(x)^3 - 3*b^3*f*log(c)^2*log(d) - 6*a*b^2*f*log(c)*log(d) - 3*a^2*b*f*log(d) - 3*(b^3*f*m*n*r*log(c) + a*b^2*f*m*n*r)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^3*f*m*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b^2*f*m*r*log(c) + a^2*b*f*m*r)*log(x))*x^m)*log(x^n))/(f*x*x^m + e*x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^r) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d)}{x^m f x + e x} dx \right) a^3 e m r + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d) \log(x^n c)^3}{x} dx \right) b^3 m r + 6 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) a b^2 m r}{2 m r}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*a**3*e*m*r + 2*int((log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c)**3)/x,x)*b**3*m*r + 6*int((log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*a*b**2*m*r + 6*int((log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a**2*b*m*r + log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)**2*a**3)/(2*m*r)`

3.146 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1135
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1136
Rubi [A] (verified)	1136
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Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1139
Sympy [F(-2)]	1140
Maxima [F]	1140
Giac [F]	1141
Mupad [F(-1)]	1141
Reduce [F]	1142

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{3bn} - \frac{r(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{3bn} - \frac{r(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m} + \frac{2bnr(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^2} - \frac{2b^2n^2r \text{PolyLog}(4, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^3}$$

output

```
1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/b/n-1/3*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*ln(1+f*x^m/e)/b/n-r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2,-f*x^m/e)/m+2*b*n*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,-f*x^m/e)/m^2-2*b^2*n^2*r*polylog(4,-f*x^m/e)/m^3
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 741 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/x,x]`

output

```
-1/3*(a*b*m*n*r*Log[x]^3) + (b^2*m*n^2*r*Log[x]^4)/4 - (b^2*m*n*r*Log[x]^3
*Log[c*x^n])/3 - a*b*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)] + (2*b^2*n^2*r*Log[x]
^3*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)])/3 - b^2*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)]
- a^2*r*Log[x]*Log[e + f*x^m] + 2*a*b*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^m] - b^2*n^
2*r*Log[x]^3*Log[e + f*x^m] + (a^2*r*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m -
(2*a*b*n*r*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m + (b^2*n^2*r*Log[x]
^2*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - 2*a*b*r*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e +
f*x^m] + 2*b^2*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m] + (2*a*b*r*Log[-((f
*x^m)/e)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (2*b^2*n*r*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e
)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - b^2*r*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^m]
+ (b^2*r*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[c*x^n]^2*Log[e + f*x^m])/m + a^2*Log[x]*Lo
g[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] - a*b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] + (b^2*n^2*Log[x]
^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/3 + 2*a*b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]
- b^2*n*Log[x]^2*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] + b^2*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]^2
*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] + (b*n*r*Log[x]*(-(b*n*Log[x]) + 2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]
)))*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^m))]/m + (r*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Poly
Log[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/m + (2*a*b*n*r*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^m))])/m^2 + (2*b
^2*n*r*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^m))])/m^2 + (2*b^2*n^2*r*PolyLog[4,
-(e/(f*x^m))])/m^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{3bn} - \frac{fmr \int \frac{x^{m-1}(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{fx^m + e} dx}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{fm} - \frac{3bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{fx^m} dx}{fm} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{fm} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m} dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2830} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{3bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^3}{fm} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m} dx}{m} \right)}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{3bn} - \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{fm} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{m} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}\left(4, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m^2} \right)}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{m} \right)}{3bn}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(3*b*n) - (f*m*r*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*Log[1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(f*m) - (3*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2, -(f*x^m)/e])/m) + (2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, -(f*x^m)/e])/m - (b*n*PolyLog[4, -(f*x^m)/e])/m^2)/m)/(f*m))/(3*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))/((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] & & EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822

```
Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
.])*(b_.))^(p_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[
c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m
- 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]
```

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)
.])]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q)
, x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p -
1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \ln(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 m^3 n^2 \log(d) \log(x)^3 - 6 b^2 n^2 r \text{polylog}(4, -\frac{fx^m}{e}) + 3(b^2 m^3 n \log(c) + abm^3 n) \log(d) \log(x)^2 + 3(b^2 m^3 n \log(d) \log(x) + abm^3 n \log(e)) \log(x) + abm^3 n \log(d) \log(e)}{1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(b^2*m^3*n^2*log(d)*log(x)^3 - 6*b^2*n^2*r*polylog(4, -f*x^m/e) + 3*(b^2*m^3*n*log(c) + a*b*m^3*n)*log(d)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*m^3*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*m^3*log(c) + a^2*m^3)*log(d)*log(x) - 3*(b^2*m^2*n^2*r*log(x)^2 + b^2*m^2*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*m^2*r*log(c) + a^2*m^2*r + 2*(b^2*m^2*n*r*log(c) + a*b*m^2*n*r)*log(x))*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) + (b^2*m^3*n^2*r*log(x)^3 + 3*(b^2*m^3*n*r*log(c) + a*b*m^3*n*r)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*m^3*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*m^3*r*log(c) + a^2*m^3*r)*log(x))*log(f*x^m + e) - (b^2*m^3*n^2*r*log(x)^3 + 3*(b^2*m^3*n*r*log(c) + a*b*m^3*n*r)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*m^3*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*m^3*r*log(c) + a^2*m^3*r)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + 6*(b^2*m*n^2*r*log(x) + b^2*m*n*r*log(c) + a*b*m*n*r)*polylog(3, -f*x^m/e))/m^3`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**r)/x,x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*(b^2*n^2*log(x)^3 + 3*b^2*log(x)*log(x^n)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(c) + a*b*n)
*log(x)^2 - 3*(b^2*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*log(c) + a*b)*log(x))*log(x^n) + 3*
(b^2*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c) + a^2)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)^r) - integrate
(-1/3*(3*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(d) + 6*a*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 3*a^2*e*log(d) +
3*(b^2*e*log(d) - (b^2*f*m*r*log(x) - b^2*f*log(d))*x^m)*log(x^n)^2 - (b^2
*f*m*n^2*r*log(x)^3 - 3*b^2*f*log(c)^2*log(d) - 6*a*b*f*log(c)*log(d) - 3*
a^2*f*log(d) - 3*(b^2*f*m*n*r*log(c) + a*b*f*m*n*r)*log(x)^2 + 3*(b^2*f*m*
r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*f*m*r*log(c) + a^2*f*m*r)*log(x))*x^m + 3*(2*b^2*e*log(
c)*log(d) + 2*a*b*e*log(d) + (b^2*f*m*n*r*log(x)^2 + 2*b^2*f*log(c)*log(d)
+ 2*a*b*f*log(d) - 2*(b^2*f*m*r*log(c) + a*b*f*m*r)*log(x))*x^m)*log(x^n)
)/(f*x*x^m + e*x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/x, x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^r) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d)}{x^m f x + e x} dx \right) a^2 e m r + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d) \log(x^n c)^2}{x} dx \right) b^2 m r + 4 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) a b m r}{2 m r}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*a**2*e*m*r + 2*int((log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c)**2)/x,x)*b**2*m*r + 4*int((log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*a*b*m*r + log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)**2*a**2)/(2*m*r)`

3.147 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1143
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1144
Rubi [A] (verified)	1145
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Mupad [F(-1)]	1148
Reduce [F]	1149

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{2bn} - \frac{r(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{2bn} - \frac{r(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m} + \frac{bnr \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^2}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/b/n-1/2*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x^m/e)/b/n-r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^m/e)/m+b*n*r*polylog(3,-f*x^m/e)/m^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6} b m n r \log^3(x) - \frac{1}{2} b n r \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{ex^{-m}}{f}\right)$$

$$+ b n r \log^2(x) \log(e + fx^m) - \frac{b n r \log(x) \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^m)}{m}$$

$$- b r \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(e + fx^m) + \frac{b r \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(cx^n) \log(e + fx^m)}{m}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} b n \log^2(x) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r) + \frac{a \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{m}$$

$$+ b \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r) + \frac{b n r \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ex^{-m}}{f}\right)}{m}$$

$$+ \frac{r(a - b n \log(x) + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m} + \frac{b n r \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{ex^{-m}}{f}\right)}{m^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/x,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(b*m*n*r*Log[x]^3) - (b*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)])/2 + b*n*r*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^m] - (b*n*r*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - b*r*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m] + (b*r*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/2 + (a*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/m + b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r] + (b*n*r*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^m))])/m + (r*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/m + (b*n*r*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^m))])/m^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{2bn} - \frac{fmr \int \frac{x^{m-1}(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fx^m + e} dx}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fm} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{fx^m} dx}{fm} \right)}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fm} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m} dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fmr \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fm} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{bn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m^2} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{2bn}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(2*b*n) - (f*m*r*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(f*m) - (2*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(f*x^m)/e])/m) + (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(f*x^m)/e])/m^2))/(f*m))/(2*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))/((d_. + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] && EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m])*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{bm^2n \log(d) \log(x)^2 + 2bnr \operatorname{polylog}(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}) + 2(bm^2 \log(c) + am^2) \log(d) \log(x) - 2(bmnr \log(x) -$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*m^2*n*log(d)*log(x)^2 + 2*b*n*r*polylog(3, -f*x^m/e) + 2*(b*m^2*log(c) + a*m^2)*log(d)*log(x) - 2*(b*m*n*r*log(x) + b*m*r*log(c) + a*m*r)*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) + (b*m^2*n*r*log(x)^2 + 2*(b*m^2*r*log(c) + a*m^2*r)*log(x))*log(f*x^m + e) - (b*m^2*n*r*log(x)^2 + 2*(b*m^2*r*log(c) + a*m^2*r)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)/e))/m^2`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**r)/x,x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)^r) - integrate(-1/2*(2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*e*log(d) + (b*f*m*n*r*log(x)^2 + 2*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*f*log(d) - 2*(b*f*m*r*log(c) + a*f*m*r)*log(x))*x^m + 2*(b*e*log(d) - (b*f*m*r*log(x) - b*f*log(d))*x^m)*log(x^n)/(f*x*x^m + e*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^r) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d)}{x^m f x + e x} dx \right) a e m r + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) b m r + \log((x^m f + e)^r d)^2 a}{2 m r}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*a*e*m*r + 2*int((log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b*m*r + log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)**2*a)/(2*m*r)`

3.148 $\int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))} dx$

Optimal result	1150
Mathematica [N/A]	1150
Rubi [N/A]	1151
Maple [N/A]	1152
Fricas [N/A]	1152
Sympy [F(-1)]	1152
Maxima [N/A]	1153
Giac [N/A]	1153
Mupad [N/A]	1153
Reduce [N/A]	1154

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

output `Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

↓ 2826

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Int[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2826 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, p, q}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f x^m)^r)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f x^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log((f x^m + e)^r d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/(b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x), x)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f x^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^r d)}{\log(x^n c) bx + ax} dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)/(log(x**n*c)*b*x + a*x),x)`

3.149 $\int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1155
Mathematica [N/A]	1155
Rubi [N/A]	1156
Maple [N/A]	1157
Fricas [N/A]	1157
Sympy [F(-1)]	1157
Maxima [N/A]	1158
Giac [N/A]	1158
Mupad [N/A]	1158
Reduce [N/A]	1159

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log(d(e+fx^m)^r)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

↓ 2826

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `Int[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2826 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, p, q}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\ln(d(e + f x^m)^r)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int(ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`**Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f x^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log((f x^m + e)^r d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/(b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*x), x)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + f x^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**r)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `f*m*r*integrate(x^m/((b^2*f*n*log(c) + a*b*f*n)*x*x^m + (b^2*e*n*log(c) + a*b*e*n)*x + (b^2*f*n*x*x^m + b^2*e*n*x)*log(x^n)), x) - (log((f*x^m + e)^r) + log(d))/(b^2*n*log(c) + b^2*n*log(x^n) + a*b*n)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\log((fx^m + e)^r d)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log((f*x^m + e)^r*d)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^r)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.00

$$\int \frac{\log(d(e + fx^m)^r)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

$$= - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m \log(x^n c) b f x + x^m a f x + \log(x^n c) b e x + a e x} dx \right) \log(x^n c) a b^2 e m n r - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m \log(x^n c) b f x + x^m a f x + \log(x^n c) b e x + a e x} dx \right)$$

input `int(log(d*(e+f*x^m)^r)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `(- int(1/(x**m*log(x**n*c))*b*f*x + x**m*a*f*x + log(x**n*c)*b*e*x + a*e*x),x)*log(x**n*c)*a*b**2*e*m*n*r - int(1/(x**m*log(x**n*c))*b*f*x + x**m*a*f*x + log(x**n*c)*b*e*x + a*e*x),x)*a**2*b*e*m*n*r - log(x**m*f + e)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*r - log(x**m*f + e)*a*b*n*r + log(log(x**n*c)*b + a)*log(x**n*c)*a*b*m*r + log(log(x**n*c)*b + a)*a**2*m*r + log((x**m*f + e)**r*d)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*n)/(a*b**2*n**2*(log(x**n*c)*b + a))`

3.150 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1160
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1160
Rubi [N/A]	1161
Maple [N/A]	1162
Fricas [N/A]	1162
Sympy [F(-1)]	1163
Maxima [N/A]	1163
Giac [N/A]	1163
Mupad [N/A]	1164
Reduce [N/A]	1164

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \text{Int}\left(x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k), x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.23

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx =$$

$$x^3 \left(-6bekmn - 2bekm^2n + 9afkmx^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3+m}{m}, 2 + \frac{3}{m}, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) + bek m(3 + m)n \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]`

output

```
-1/27*(x^3*(-6*b*e*k*m*n - 2*b*e*k*m^2*n + 9*a*f*k*m*x^m*Hypergeometric2F1
[1, (3 + m)/m, 2 + 3/m, -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*m*(3 + m)*n*HypergeometricPF
Q[{1, 3/m, 3/m}, {1 + 3/m, 1 + 3/m}, -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*m*(3 + m)*Hyper
geometric2F1[1, 3/m, (3 + m)/m, -((f*x^m)/e)]*(n - 3*Log[c*x^n]) + 9*b*e*k
*m*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b*e*k*m^2*Log[c*x^n] - 27*a*e*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 9*a
*e*m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 9*b*e*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 3*b*e*m*n*Log[d
*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 27*b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 9*b*e*m*Log[c*x
^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]))/(e*(3 + m))
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00,
 number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules
 used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the
 transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed
 below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2826$$

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^2*log(c*x^n) + a*x^2)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*(3*b*x^3*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 3*log(c)) - 3*a)*x^3)*log((f*x^m + e)^k) +
integrate(-1/9*((3*(f*k*m - 3*f*log(d))*a - (f*k*m*n - 3*(f*k*m - 3*f*log
(d))*log(c))*b)*x^2*x^m - 9*(b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d))*x^2 + 3*((f*k
*m - 3*f*log(d))*b*x^2*x^m - 3*b*e*x^2*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^m + e), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^k) dx = \int x^2 \ln(d(e+fx^m)^k) (a+b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x^2*log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.27

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \frac{\left(\int \frac{x^2}{x^m f + e} dx\right) a e k m}{3} - \frac{\left(\int \frac{x^2}{x^m f + e} dx\right) b e k m n}{9} + \frac{\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) x^2}{x^m f + e} dx\right) b e k m}{3} \\ &+ \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c) b x^3}{3} + \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) a x^3}{3} \\ &- \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) b n x^3}{9} - \frac{\log(x^n c) b k m x^3}{9} - \frac{a k m x^3}{9} + \frac{2 b k m n x^3}{27} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output

```
(9*int(x**2/(x**m*f + e),x)*a*e*k*m - 3*int(x**2/(x**m*f + e),x)*b*e*k*m*n
+ 9*int((log(x**n*c)*x**2)/(x**m*f + e),x)*b*e*k*m + 9*log((x**m*f + e)**
k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*x**3 + 9*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*x**3 - 3*log((x**m*f
+ e)**k*d)*b*n*x**3 - 3*log(x**n*c)*b*k*m*x**3 - 3*a*k*m*x**3 + 2*b*k*m*n*
x**3)/27
```

3.151 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1166
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1166
Rubi [N/A]	1167
Maple [N/A]	1168
Fricas [N/A]	1168
Sympy [F(-1)]	1169
Maxima [N/A]	1169
Giac [N/A]	1169
Mupad [N/A]	1170
Reduce [N/A]	1170

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Int}(x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k), x)$$

output

`Defer(Int)(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. 2(27) = 54.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.17

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx =$$

$$x^2 \left(-4bekmn - 2bekm^2n + 4afkmx^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, \frac{2+m}{m}, 2 + \frac{2}{m}, -\frac{fx^m}{e} \right) + bek m(2 + m)n \right)$$

input

`Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]`

output

```
-1/8*(x^2*(-4*b*e*k*m*n - 2*b*e*k*m^2*n + 4*a*f*k*m*x^m*Hypergeometric2F1[
1, (2 + m)/m, 2 + 2/m, -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*m*(2 + m)*n*HypergeometricPFQ
[{1, 2/m, 2/m}, {1 + 2/m, 1 + 2/m}, -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*m*(2 + m)*Hyperg
eometric2F1[1, 2/m, (2 + m)/m, -((f*x^m)/e)]*(n - 2*Log[c*x^n]) + 4*b*e*k*
m*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*e*k*m^2*Log[c*x^n] - 8*a*e*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 4*a*e
*m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 4*b*e*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 2*b*e*m*n*Log[d*(
e + f*x^m)^k] - 8*b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 4*b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]
*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]))/(e*(2 + m))
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00,
 number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules
 used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the
 transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed
 below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2826$$

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r,
m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b*x^2*log(x^n) - (b*(n - 2*log(c)) - 2*a)*x^2)*log((f*x^m + e)^k) +
integrate(-1/4*((2*(f*k*m - 2*f*log(d))*a - (f*k*m*n - 2*(f*k*m - 2*f*log
(d))*log(c))*b)*x*x^m - 4*(b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d))*x + 2*((f*k*m -
2*f*log(d))*b*x*x^m - 2*b*e*x*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^m + e), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int x \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(x*log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)x}{x^m f + e} dx\right) bek m}{2} + \frac{\left(\int \frac{x}{x^m f + e} dx\right) aek m}{2}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\int \frac{x}{x^m f + e} dx\right) bek m n}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c) b x^2}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) a x^2}{2}$$

$$- \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) b n x^2}{4}$$

$$- \frac{\log(x^n c) b k m x^2}{4} - \frac{a k m x^2}{4} + \frac{b k m n x^2}{4}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output

```
(2*int((log(x**n*c)*x)/(x**m*f + e),x)*b*e*k*m + 2*int(x/(x**m*f + e),x)*a
*e*k*m - int(x/(x**m*f + e),x)*b*e*k*m*n + 2*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x*
*n*c)*b*x**2 + 2*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*x**2 - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*
n*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b*k*m*x**2 - a*k*m*x**2 + b*k*m*n*x**2)/4
```


3.152 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1172
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1172
Rubi [N/A]	1173
Maple [N/A]	1174
Fricas [N/A]	1174
Sympy [N/A]	1175
Maxima [N/A]	1175
Giac [N/A]	1176
Mupad [N/A]	1176
Reduce [N/A]	1176

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Int}\left((a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k), x\right)$$

output

```
Defer(Int)((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. 2(26) = 52.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.17

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= bkmnx - kmx(a + b(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \\ & \quad + x \left(bkmn - bkmn {}_3F_2 \left(1, \frac{1}{m}, \frac{1}{m}; 1 + \frac{1}{m}, 1 + \frac{1}{m}; -\frac{fx^m}{e} \right) - bkmn \log(x) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + km \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, \frac{1}{m}, 1 + \frac{1}{m}, -\frac{fx^m}{e} \right) (a - bn + b \log(cx^n)) \right) \\ & \quad + a \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) - bn \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) + b \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]`

output `b*k*m*n*x - k*m*x*(a + b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])) + x*(b*k*m*n - b*k*m*n*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, m^(-1), m^(-1)}, {1 + m^(-1), 1 + m^(-1)}, -(f*x^m)/e]) - b*k*m*n*Log[x] + k*m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, m^(-1), 1 + m^(-1), -(f*x^m)/e]*(a - b*n + b*Log[c*x^n]) + a*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + b*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k)`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2819}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2819$$

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2819

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e +
f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)
```

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 75.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*log(d*(e + f*x**m)**k), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.61

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*x*log(x^n) - (b*(n - log(c)) - a)*x)*log((f*x^m + e)^k) + integrate((b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d) - ((f*k*m - f*log(d))*a - (f*k*m*n - (f*k*m - f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^m - ((f*k*m - f*log(d))*b*x^m - b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^m + e), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \int \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{x^m f + e} dx \right) bek m + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m f + e} dx \right) aek m - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m f + e} dx \right) bek mn \\ & \quad + \log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c) bx + \log((x^m f + e)^k d) ax \\ & \quad - \log((x^m f + e)^k d) bnx - \log(x^n c) bkmx - akmx + 2bk mnx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)/(x**m*f + e),x)*b*e*k*m + int(1/(x**m*f + e),x)*a*e*k*m -
int(1/(x**m*f + e),x)*b*e*k*m*n + log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*x +
log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*x - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*n*x - log(x**n*c)*b
*k*m*x - a*k*m*x + 2*b*k*m*n*x`

3.153
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^k)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1178
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1179
Rubi [A] (verified)	1180
Maple [F]	1182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Sympy [F(-2)]	1183
Maxima [F]	1183
Giac [F]	1183
Mupad [F(-1)]	1184
Reduce [F]	1184

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2bn} - \frac{k(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{2bn} - \frac{k(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m} + \frac{bkn \text{PolyLog}(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e})}{m^2}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/b/n-1/2*k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*ln(1+f*x^m/e)/b/n-k*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,-f*x^m/e)/m+b*k*n*polylog(3,-f*x^m/e)/m^2
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. $2(114) = 228$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}bkmn \log^3(x) - \frac{1}{2}bkn \log^2(x) \log\left(1 + \frac{ex^{-m}}{f}\right)$$

$$+ bkn \log^2(x) \log(e + fx^m) - \frac{bkn \log(x) \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^m)}{m}$$

$$- bk \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(e + fx^m) + \frac{bk \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(cx^n) \log(e + fx^m)}{m}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}bn \log^2(x) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) + \frac{a \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{m}$$

$$+ b \log(x) \log(cx^n) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) + \frac{bkn \log(x) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{ex^{-m}}{f}\right)}{m}$$

$$+ \frac{k(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m} + \frac{bkn \text{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{ex^{-m}}{f}\right)}{m^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/x,x]`

output `-1/6*(b*k*m*n*Log[x]^3) - (b*k*n*Log[x]^2*Log[1 + e/(f*x^m)])/2 + b*k*n*Log[x]^2*Log[e + f*x^m] - (b*k*n*Log[x]*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - b*k*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m] + (b*k*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e + f*x^m])/m - (b*n*Log[x]^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/2 + (a*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/m + b*Log[x]*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + (b*k*n*Log[x]*PolyLog[2, -(e/(f*x^m))])/m + (k*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/m + (b*k*n*PolyLog[3, -(e/(f*x^m))])/m^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2822, 2775, 2821, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2822} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2bn} - \frac{fkm \int \frac{x^{m-1}(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fx^m+e} dx}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2775} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fkm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fm} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right) dx}{fx^m} \right)}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2821} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2bn} - \\
 & \frac{fkm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{fm} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{x} dx}{m} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{2bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2bn} - \frac{fkm \left(\frac{\log\left(\frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{fm} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{m^2} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{fx^m}{e}\right)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{m} \right)}{fm} \right)}{2bn}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]/(2*b*n) - (f*k*m*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*Log[1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(f*m) - (2*b*n*(-((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, -(f*x^m)/e])/m) + (b*n*PolyLog[3, -(f*x^m)/e])/m^2))/(f*m))/(2*b*n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2775 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(r_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^m*Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(e*r)), x] - Simp[b*f^m*n*(p/(e*r)) Int[Log[1 + e*(x^r/d)]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, r}, x] && EqQ[m, r - 1] && IGtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[f, 0]) && NeQ[r, n]`

rule 2821 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]*(a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/m), x] + Simp[b*n*(p/m) Int[PolyLog[2, (-d)*f*x^m]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && EqQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 2822 `Int[(Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))]^(r_.))*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[f*m*(r/(b*n*(p + 1))) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(e + f*x^m)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[d*e, 1]`

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{bm^2n \log(d) \log(x)^2 + 2bknpolylog(3, -\frac{fx^m}{e}) + 2(bm^2 \log(c) + am^2) \log(d) \log(x) - 2(bkmn \log(x))}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(b*m^2*n*log(d)*log(x)^2 + 2*b*k*n*polylog(3, -f*x^m/e) + 2*(b*m^2*log(c) + a*m^2)*log(d)*log(x) - 2*(b*k*m*n*log(x) + b*k*m*log(c) + a*k*m)*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) + (b*k*m^2*n*log(x)^2 + 2*(b*k*m^2*log(c) + a*k*m^2)*log(x))*log(f*x^m + e) - (b*k*m^2*n*log(x)^2 + 2*(b*k*m^2*log(c) + a*k*m^2)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)/e))/m^2
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k)/x,x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log((f*x^m + e)^k) - integrate(-1/2*(2*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*e*log(d) + (b*f*k*m*n*log(x)^2 + 2*b*f*log(c)*log(d) + 2*a*f*log(d) - 2*(b*f*k*m*log(c) + a*f*k*m)*log(x))*x^m + 2*(b*e*log(d) - (b*f*k*m*log(x) - b*f*log(d))*x^m)*log(x^n)/(f*x*x^m + e*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d)}{x^m f x + e x} dx \right) a e k m + 2 \left(\int \frac{\log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c)}{x} dx \right) b k m + \log((x^m f + e)^k d)^2 a}{2 k m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x,x)`

output `(2*int(log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*a*e*k*m + 2*int((log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c))/x,x)*b*k*m + log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)**2*a)/(2*k*m)`

3.154
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1185
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1185
Rubi [N/A]	1186
Maple [N/A]	1187
Fricas [N/A]	1187
Sympy [N/A]	1188
Maxima [N/A]	1188
Giac [N/A]	1189
Mupad [N/A]	1189
Reduce [N/A]	1189

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \text{Int} \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2bekmn - 2bekm^2n + afkmx^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, \frac{-1+m}{m}, 2 - \frac{1}{m}, -\frac{fx^m}{e} \right) + bek(-1 + m)mn {}_3F_2(1, \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/x^2,x]`

output `(2*b*e*k*m*n - 2*b*e*k*m^2*n + a*f*k*m*x^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-1 + m)/m, 2 - m^(-1), -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*(-1 + m)*m*n*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, -m^(-1), -m^(-1)}, {1 - m^(-1), 1 - m^(-1)}, -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*m*Log[c*x^n] - b*e*k*m^2*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*k*(-1 + m)*m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -m^(-1), (-1 + m)/m, -((f*x^m)/e)]*(n + Log[c*x^n]) + a*e*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - a*e*m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + b*e*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*e*m*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(e*(-1 + m)*x)`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2826

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r,
m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d)/x^2, x)
```


Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 93.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*log(d*(e + f*x**m)**k)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*(n + log(c)) + b*log(x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/x + integrate((b*e*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*log(d) + ((f*k*m + f*log(d))*a + (f*k*m*n + (f*k*m + f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^m + ((f*k*m + f*log(d))*b*x^m + b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^2*x^m + e*x^2), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{x^m f x^2 + e x^2} dx\right) bek m x - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m f x^2 + e x^2} dx\right) aek m x - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m f x^2 + e x^2} dx\right) bek m n x - \log((x^m f + e)^k d)}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^2,x)`

output `(- int(log(x**n*c)/(x**m*f*x**2 + e*x**2),x)*b*e*k*m*x - int(1/(x**m*f*x**2 + e*x**2),x)*a*e*k*m*x - int(1/(x**m*f*x**2 + e*x**2),x)*b*e*k*m*n*x - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*n - log(x**n*c)*b*k*m - a*k*m - 2*b*k*m*n)/x`

3.155
$$\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e+fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1191
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1191
Rubi [N/A]	1192
Maple [N/A]	1193
Fricas [N/A]	1193
Sympy [F(-1)]	1194
Maxima [N/A]	1194
Giac [N/A]	1194
Mupad [N/A]	1195
Reduce [N/A]	1195

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \text{Int} \left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3}, x \right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4bekmn - 2bekm^2n + 4afkmx^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, \frac{-2+m}{m}, 2 - \frac{2}{m}, -\frac{fx^m}{e} \right) + bek(-2 + m)mn {}_3F_2(1, \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/x^3,x]`

output `(4*b*e*k*m*n - 2*b*e*k*m^2*n + 4*a*f*k*m*x^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-2 + m)/m, 2 - 2/m, -((f*x^m)/e)] + b*e*k*(-2 + m)*m*n*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, -2/m, -2/m}, {1 - 2/m, 1 - 2/m}, -((f*x^m)/e)] + 4*b*e*k*m*Log[c*x^n] - 2*b*e*k*m^2*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*k*(-2 + m)*m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/m, (-2 + m)/m, -((f*x^m)/e)]*(n + 2*Log[c*x^n]) + 8*a*e*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 4*a*e*m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 4*b*e*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 2*b*e*m*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 8*b*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 4*b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(8*e*(-2 + m)*x^2)`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2826

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/x^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r,
m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d)/x^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(b*(n + 2*log(c)) + 2*b*log(x^n) + 2*a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/x^2 + integrate(1/4*(4*b*e*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a*e*log(d) + (2*(f*k*m + 2*f*log(d))*a + (f*k*m*n + 2*(f*k*m + 2*f*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^m + 2*((f*k*m + 2*f*log(d))*b*x^m + 2*b*e*log(d))*log(x^n))/(f*x^3*x^m + e*x^3), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \log((fx^m + e)^k d)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.50

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{x^m f x^3 + e x^3} dx \right) bek m x^2 - 2 \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m f x^3 + e x^3} dx \right) aek m x^2 - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^m f x^3 + e x^3} dx \right) bek m n x^2 - 2 \log\left(\left(x^m\right.\right.}{4x}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(x**m*f*x**3 + e*x**3),x)*b*e*k*m*x**2 - 2*int(1/(x*  
*m*f*x**3 + e*x**3),x)*a*e*k*m*x**2 - int(1/(x**m*f*x**3 + e*x**3),x)*b*e*  
k*m*n*x**2 - 2*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b - 2*log((x**m*f + e)**  
k*d)*a - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*n - log(x**n*c)*b*k*m - a*k*m - b*k*m*n)  
/(4*x**2)
```

3.156 $\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1197
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1198
Rubi [A] (verified)	1199
Maple [F]	1200
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1201
Sympy [F(-1)]	1201
Maxima [F]	1202
Giac [F]	1202
Mupad [F(-1)]	1203
Reduce [F]	1203

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 433

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\
 &= \frac{2bkn(gx)^{3m}}{27gm^2} + \frac{4be^2knx^{-2m}(gx)^{3m}}{9f^2gm^2} - \frac{5beknx^{-m}(gx)^{3m}}{36fgm^2} - \frac{k(gx)^{3m}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9gm} \\
 & - \frac{e^2kx^{-2m}(gx)^{3m}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2gm} + \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^{3m}(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6fgm} \\
 & - \frac{be^3knx^{-3m}(gx)^{3m} \log(e + fx^m)}{9f^3gm^2} - \frac{be^3knx^{-3m}(gx)^{3m} \log(-\frac{fx^m}{e}) \log(e + fx^m)}{3f^3gm^2} \\
 & + \frac{e^3kx^{-3m}(gx)^{3m}(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^m)}{3f^3gm} - \frac{bn(gx)^{3m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{9gm^2} \\
 & + \frac{(gx)^{3m}(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} \\
 & - \frac{be^3knx^{-3m}(gx)^{3m} \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{3f^3gm^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2/27*b*k*n*(g*x)^(3*m)/g/m^2+4/9*b*e^2*k*n*(g*x)^(3*m)/f^2/g/m^2/(x^(2*m))
-5/36*b*e*k*n*(g*x)^(3*m)/f/g/m^2/(x^m)-1/9*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/
g/m-1/3*e^2*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f^2/g/m/(x^(2*m))+1/6*e*k*(g*x)^(
3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/f/g/m/(x^m)-1/9*b*e^3*k*n*(g*x)^(3*m)*ln(e+f*x^m)/f^
3/g/m^2/(x^(3*m))-1/3*b*e^3*k*n*(g*x)^(3*m)*ln(-f*x^m/e)*ln(e+f*x^m)/f^3/g
/m^2/(x^(3*m))+1/3*e^3*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e+f*x^m)/f^3/g/m/(
x^(3*m))-1/9*b*n*(g*x)^(3*m)*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m^2+1/3*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a+b*
ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m-1/3*b*e^3*k*n*(g*x)^(3*m)*polylog(2,1+f*x
^m/e)/f^3/g/m^2/(x^(3*m))

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-3m} (gx)^{3m} \left(-36ae^2 fkmx^m + 48be^2 fknx^m + 18ae^2 f^2 kmx^{2m} - 15be^2 f^2 knx^{2m} - 12af^3 kmx^{3m} + 8bf^3 knx^{3m} \right)}{108f^3 g^2 m^2 x^{3m}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^(-1 + 3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k], x]
```

output

```

((g*x)^(3*m)*(-36*a*e^2*f*k*m*x^m + 48*b*e^2*f*k*n*x^m + 18*a*e*f^2*k*m*x^(
2*m) - 15*b*e*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m) - 12*a*f^3*k*m*x^(3*m) + 8*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)
) - 36*b*e^3*k*m^2*n*Log[x]^2 - 36*b*e^2*f*k*m*x^m*Log[c*x^n] + 18*b*e*f^2
*k*m*x^(2*m)*Log[c*x^n] - 12*b*f^3*k*m*x^(3*m)*Log[c*x^n] + 36*a*e^3*k*m*L
og[e - e*x^m] - 12*b*e^3*k*n*Log[e - e*x^m] + 36*b*e^3*k*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[
e - e*x^m] - 36*b*e^3*k*n*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m] + 12*e^3*k*m*Lo
g[x]*(3*a*m - b*n + 3*b*m*Log[c*x^n] - 3*b*n*Log[e - e*x^m] + 3*b*n*Log[e
+ f*x^m]) + 36*a*f^3*m*x^(3*m)*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 12*b*f^3*n*x^(3*m)*L
og[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 36*b*f^3*m*x^(3*m)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] -
36*b*e^3*k*n*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e]))/(108*f^3*g*m^2*x^(3*m))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^{3m-1} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(\frac{e^3 k (gx)^{3m} \log(fx^m + e) x^{-3m-1}}{3f^3 gm} - \frac{e^2 k (gx)^{3m} x^{-2m-1}}{3f^2 gm} + \frac{ek (gx)^{3m} x^{-m-1}}{6fgm} - \frac{k (gx)^{3m}}{9gmx} + \frac{(gx)^{3m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} \right. \\ \left. \frac{(gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} + \frac{e^3 k x^{-3m} (gx)^{3m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3 gm} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2 gm} + \frac{ek x^{-m} (gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6fgm} - \frac{k (gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9gm} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} + \frac{e^3 k x^{-3m} (gx)^{3m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^3 gm} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3f^2 gm} + \frac{ek x^{-m} (gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6fgm} - \frac{k (gx)^{3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{9gm} \\ bn \left(\frac{(gx)^{3m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{9gm^2} + \frac{e^3 k x^{-3m} (gx)^{3m} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{3f^3 gm^2} + \frac{e^3 k x^{-3m} (gx)^{3m} \log(e + fx^m)}{9f^3 gm^2} + \frac{e^3 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{3m} \log(e + fx^m)}{9f^2 gm^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(g*x)^(-1 + 3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(g*m) - (e^2*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a + b*
Log[c*x^n]))/(3*f^2*g*m*x^(2*m)) + (e*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6
*f*g*m*x^m) + (e^3*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^m])/(3*f^3
*g*m*x^(3*m)) + ((g*x)^(3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(3*g
*m) - b*n*((-2*k*(g*x)^(3*m))/(27*g*m^2) - (4*e^2*k*(g*x)^(3*m))/(9*f^2*g*
m^2*x^(2*m)) + (5*e*k*(g*x)^(3*m))/(36*f*g*m^2*x^m) + (e^3*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*L
og[e + f*x^m])/(9*f^3*g*m^2*x^(3*m)) + (e^3*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)
]*Log[e + f*x^m])/(3*f^3*g*m^2*x^(3*m)) + ((g*x)^(3*m)*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k
])/(9*g*m^2) + (e^3*k*(g*x)^(3*m)*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(3*f^3*g*m^2*
x^(3*m)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]} /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int((g*x)^(-1+3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int((g*x)^(-1+3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 b e^3 g^{3m-1} k m n \log(x) \log\left(\frac{fx^m+e}{e}\right) + 36 b e^3 g^{3m-1} k n \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{fx^m+e}{e} + 1\right) - 4(3 b f^3 k m \log(c) + 3 a f^3 k m \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/108*(36*b*e^3*g^(3*m - 1)*k*m*n*log(x)*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + 36*b*e^3*g^(3*m - 1)*k*n*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) - 4*(3*b*f^3*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*f^3*k*m - 2*b*f^3*k*n - 3*(3*b*f^3*m*log(c) + 3*a*f^3*m - b*f^3*n)*log(d) + 3*(b*f^3*k*m*n - 3*b*f^3*m*n*log(d))*log(x))*g^(3*m - 1)*x^(3*m) + 3*(6*b*e*f^2*k*m*n*log(x) + 6*b*e*f^2*k*m*log(c) + 6*a*e*f^2*k*m - 5*b*e*f^2*k*n)*g^(3*m - 1)*x^(2*m) - 12*(3*b*e^2*f*k*m*n*log(x) + 3*b*e^2*f*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*e^2*f*k*m - 4*b*e^2*f*k*n)*g^(3*m - 1)*x^m + 12*((3*b*f^3*k*m*n*log(x) + 3*b*f^3*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*f^3*k*m - b*f^3*k*n)*g^(3*m - 1)*x^(3*m) + (3*b*e^3*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*e^3*k*m - b*e^3*k*n)*g^(3*m - 1))*log(f*x^m + e))/(f^3*m^2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**(-1+3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{3m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*(3*b*g^(3*m)*m*x^(3*m)*log(x^n) + (3*a*g^(3*m)*m + (3*g^(3*m)*m*log(c) - g^(3*m)*n)*b)*x^(3*m))*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(g*m^2) + integrate(-1/9*((3*(f*g^(3*m)*k*m - 3*f*g^(3*m)*m*log(d))*a - (f*g^(3*m)*k*n - 3*(f*g^(3*m)*k*m - 3*f*g^(3*m)*m*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^(4*m) - 9*(b*e*g^(3*m)*m*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*g^(3*m)*m*log(d))*x^(3*m) - 3*(3*b*e*g^(3*m)*m*x^(3*m)*log(d) - (f*g^(3*m)*k*m - 3*f*g^(3*m)*m*log(d))*b*x^(4*m))*log(x^n)/(f*g*m*x*x^m + e*g*m*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{3m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^(3*m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (gx)^{3m-1} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^(3*m - 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^(3*m - 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{g^{3m} \left(36x^{3m} \log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c) b f^3 m + 36x^{3m} \log((x^m f + e)^k d) a f^3 m - 12x^{3m} \log((x^m f + e)^k d) \right)}{108 f^3 g m^2}$$

input `int((g*x)^(-1+3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `(g**(3*m)*(36*x**(3*m)*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**3*m + 36*x**
 (3*m)*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*f**3*m - 12*x**(3*m)*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)
)*b*f**3*n - 12*x**(3*m)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**3*k*m - 12*x**(3*m)*a*f**3*k*m +
 8*x**(3*m)*b*f**3*k*n + 18*x**(2*m)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f**2*k*m + 18*x**(2*m)
)*a*e*f**2*k*m - 15*x**(2*m)*b*e*f**2*k*n - 36*x**m*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*f*k
 *m - 36*x**m*a*e**2*f*k*m + 48*x**m*b*e**2*f*k*n + 36*int((x**m*log(x**n*c
))/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*b*e**3*f*k*m**2 + 36*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**3*
 m - 12*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**3*n))/(108*f**3*g*m**2)`

3.157 $\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1204
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1205
Rubi [A] (verified)	1206
Maple [F]	1207
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1208
Sympy [F(-1)]	1208
Maxima [F]	1209
Giac [F]	1209
Mupad [F(-1)]	1210
Reduce [F]	1210

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 363

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\
 &= \frac{bkn(gx)^{2m}}{4gm^2} - \frac{3beknx^{-m}(gx)^{2m}}{4fgm^2} - \frac{k(gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4gm} \\
 &+ \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2fgm} + \frac{be^2knox^{-2m}(gx)^{2m} \log(e + fx^m)}{4f^2gm^2} \\
 &+ \frac{be^2knox^{-2m}(gx)^{2m} \log(-\frac{fx^m}{e}) \log(e + fx^m)}{2f^2gm^2} \\
 &- \frac{e^2kx^{-2m}(gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^m)}{2f^2gm} \\
 &- \frac{bn(gx)^{2m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{4gm^2} + \frac{(gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} \\
 &+ \frac{be^2knox^{-2m}(gx)^{2m} \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{2f^2gm^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{1/4*b*k*n*(g*x)^{(2*m)}/g/m^2-3/4*b*e*k*n*(g*x)^{(2*m)}/f/g/m^2/(x^m)-1/4*k*(g*x)^{(2*m)*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))}/g/m+1/2*e*k*(g*x)^{(2*m)*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))}/f/g/m/(x^m)+1/4*b*e^{2*k*n*(g*x)^{(2*m)*\ln(e+f*x^m)}/f^2/g/m^2/(x^{(2*m)})+1/2*b*e^{2*k*n*(g*x)^{(2*m)*\ln(-f*x^m/e)*\ln(e+f*x^m)}/f^2/g/m^2/(x^{(2*m)})-1/2*e^{2*k*(g*x)^{(2*m)*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(e+f*x^m)}/f^2/g/m/(x^{(2*m)})-1/4*b*n*(g*x)^{(2*m)*\ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)}/g/m^2+1/2*(g*x)^{(2*m)*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)}/g/m+1/2*b*e^{2*k*n*(g*x)^{(2*m)*\text{polylog}(2,1+f*x^m/e)}/f^2/g/m^2/(x^{(2*m)})}$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-2m}(gx)^{2m} \left(2aefkmx^m - 3befknx^m - af^2kmx^{2m} + bf^2knx^{2m} + 2be^2km^2n \log^2(x) + 2befkmx^m \log \right)}{\dots}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(g*x)^{-1 + 2*m}*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]$$

output

$$\frac{((g*x)^{(2*m)*(2*a*e*f*k*m*x^m - 3*b*e*f*k*n*x^m - a*f^2*k*m*x^{(2*m)} + b*f^2*k*n*x^{(2*m)} + 2*b*e^{2*k*m^2*n*\text{Log}[x]^2 + 2*b*e*f*k*m*x^m*\text{Log}[c*x^n] - b*f^2*k*m*x^{(2*m)*\text{Log}[c*x^n] - 2*a*e^{2*k*m*\text{Log}[e - e*x^m] + b*e^{2*k*n*\text{Log}[e - e*x^m] - 2*b*e^{2*k*m*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[e - e*x^m] + 2*b*e^{2*k*n*\text{Log}[-((f*x^m)/e)]*\text{Log}[e + f*x^m] + e^{2*k*m*\text{Log}[x]*(-2*a*m + b*n - 2*b*m*\text{Log}[c*x^n] + 2*b*n*\text{Log}[e - e*x^m] - 2*b*n*\text{Log}[e + f*x^m]) + 2*a*f^2*m*x^{(2*m)*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*f^2*n*x^{(2*m)*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 2*b*f^2*m*x^{(2*m)*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 2*b*e^{2*k*n*\text{PolyLog}[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e]})})}{(4*f^2*g*m^2*x^{(2*m)})}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^{2m-1} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2823}$$

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{e^2 k (gx)^{2m} \log(fx^m + e) x^{-2m-1}}{2f^2 gm} + \frac{ek (gx)^{2m} x^{-m-1}}{2fgm} - \frac{k (gx)^{2m}}{4gmx} + \frac{(gx)^{2m} \log(d(fx^m + e)^k)}{2gmx} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{2m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^2 gm} +$$

$$\frac{ekx^{-m} (gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2fgm} - \frac{k (gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4gm}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{2m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2f^2 gm} +$$

$$\frac{ekx^{-m} (gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2fgm} - \frac{k (gx)^{2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{4gm} -$$

$$bn \left(\frac{(gx)^{2m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{4gm^2} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{2m} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{2f^2 gm^2} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{2m} \log(e + fx^m)}{4f^2 gm^2} - \frac{e^2 k x^{-2m} (gx)^{2m}}{4f^2 gm^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(g*x)^(-1 + 2*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k], x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(k*(g*x)^(2*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(g*m) + (e*k*(g*x)^(2*m)*(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n]))/(2*f*g*m*x^m) - (e^2*k*(g*x)^(2*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f
*x^m])/(2*f^2*g*m*x^(2*m)) + ((g*x)^(2*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*
x^m)^k])/(2*g*m) - b*n*(-1/4*(k*(g*x)^(2*m))/(g*m^2) + (3*e*k*(g*x)^(2*m))
/(4*f*g*m^2*x^m) - (e^2*k*(g*x)^(2*m)*Log[e + f*x^m])/(4*f^2*g*m^2*x^(2*
m)) - (e^2*k*(g*x)^(2*m)*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/(2*f^2*g*m^2*x^(2
*m)) + ((g*x)^(2*m)*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(4*g*m^2) - (e^2*k*(g*x)^(2*m)*P
olyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(2*f^2*g*m^2*x^(2*m)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int((g*x)^(-1+2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int((g*x)^(-1+2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx =$$

$$\frac{2be^2g^{2m-1}kmn \log(x) \log\left(\frac{fx^m+e}{e}\right) + 2be^2g^{2m-1}kn \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{fx^m+e}{e} + 1\right) + (bf^2km \log(c) + af^2km - bf^2km)}{f^2m^2}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*b*e^2*g^(2*m - 1)*k*m*n*log(x)*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + 2*b*e^2*g^(2*m - 1)*k*n*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) + (b*f^2*k*m*log(c) + a*f^2*k*m - b*f^2*k*n - (2*b*f^2*m*log(c) + 2*a*f^2*m - b*f^2*n)*log(d) + (b*f^2*k*m*n - 2*b*f^2*m*n*log(d))*log(x))*g^(2*m - 1)*x^(2*m) - (2*b*e*f*k*m*n*log(x) + 2*b*e*f*k*m*log(c) + 2*a*e*f*k*m - 3*b*e*f*k*n)*g^(2*m - 1)*x^m - ((2*b*f^2*k*m*n*log(x) + 2*b*f^2*k*m*log(c) + 2*a*f^2*k*m - b*f^2*k*n)*g^(2*m - 1)*x^(2*m) - (2*b*e^2*k*m*log(c) + 2*a*e^2*k*m - b*e^2*k*n)*g^(2*m - 1))*log(f*x^m + e))/(f^2*m^2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**(-1+2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{2m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(2*b*g^(2*m)*m*x^(2*m)*log(x^n) + (2*a*g^(2*m)*m + (2*g^(2*m)*m*log(c) - g^(2*m)*n)*b)*x^(2*m))*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(g*m^2) + integrate(-1/4*((2*(f*g^(2*m)*k*m - 2*f*g^(2*m)*m*log(d))*a - (f*g^(2*m)*k*n - 2*(f*g^(2*m)*k*m - 2*f*g^(2*m)*m*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^(3*m) - 4*(b*e*g^(2*m)*m*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*g^(2*m)*m*log(d))*x^(2*m) - 2*(2*b*e*g^(2*m)*m*x^(2*m)*log(d) - (f*g^(2*m)*k*m - 2*f*g^(2*m)*m*log(d))*b*x^(3*m))*log(x^n)/(f*g*m*x*x^m + e*g*m*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{2m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^(2*m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (gx)^{2m-1} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^(2*m - 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^(2*m - 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1+2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{g^{2m} \left(2x^{2m} \log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c) b f^2 m + 2x^{2m} \log((x^m f + e)^k d) a f^2 m - x^{2m} \log((x^m f + e)^k d) \right)}{g^{2m}}$$

input `int((g*x)^(-1+2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `(g**(2*m)*(2*x**(2*m)*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*m + 2*x**(2*m)*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*f**2*m - x**(2*m)*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*f**2*m - x**(2*m)*log(x**n*c)*b*f**2*k*m - x**(2*m)*a*f**2*k*m + x**(2*m)*b*f**2*k*n + 2*x**m*log(x**n*c)*b*e*f*k*m + 2*x**m*a*e*f*k*m - 3*x**m*b*e*f*k*n - 2*int((x**m*log(x**n*c))/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*b*e**2*f*k*m**2 - 2*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**2*m + log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**2*n))/(4*f**2*g*m**2)`

3.158 $\int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1211
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1212
Rubi [A] (verified)	1212
Maple [F]	1214
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1214
Sympy [F(-1)]	1215
Maxima [F]	1215
Giac [F]	1216
Mupad [F(-1)]	1216
Reduce [F]	1216

Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 255

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \frac{2bkn(gx)^m}{gm^2} - \frac{k(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))}{gm} - \frac{beknx^{-m}(gx)^m \log(e + fx^m)}{fgm^2} \\ & \quad - \frac{beknx^{-m}(gx)^m \log(-\frac{fx^m}{e}) \log(e + fx^m)}{fgm^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^m)}{fgm} - \frac{bn(gx)^m \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm} - \frac{beknx^{-m}(gx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{fgm^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2*b*k*n*(g*x)^m/g/m^2-k*(g*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/g/m-b*e*k*n*(g*x)^m*ln(e+f*x^m)/f/g/m^2/(x^m)-b*e*k*n*(g*x)^m*ln(-f*x^m/e)*ln(e+f*x^m)/f/g/m^2/(x^m)+e*k*(g*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e+f*x^m)/f/g/m/(x^m)-b*n*(g*x)^m*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m^2+(g*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m-b*e*k*n*(g*x)^m*polylog(2,1+f*x^m/e)/f/g/m^2/(x^m)
```


Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx =$$

$$\frac{x^{-m}(gx)^m \left(afkmx^m - 2bfknx^m + bek m^2 n \log^2(x) + bfkmx^m \log(cx^n) - aekm \log(e - ex^m) + bek \right)}{}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^(-1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

```
-(((g*x)^m*(a*f*k*m*x^m - 2*b*f*k*n*x^m + b*e*k*m^2*n*Log[x]^2 + b*f*k*m*x^m*Log[c*x^n] - a*e*k*m*Log[e - e*x^m] + b*e*k*n*Log[e - e*x^m] - b*e*k*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[e - e*x^m] + b*e*k*n*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m] - e*k*m*Log[x]*(a*m - b*n + b*m*Log[c*x^n] - b*n*Log[e - e*x^m] + b*n*Log[e + f*x^m]) - a*f*m*x^m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + b*f*n*x^m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*f*m*x^m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + b*e*k*n*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e]))/(f*g*m^2*x^m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^{m-1} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \int \left(\frac{ek(gx)^m \log(fx^m + e) x^{-m-1}}{fgm} - \frac{k(gx)^m}{gmx} + \frac{(gx)^m \log(d(fx^m + e)^k)}{gmx} \right) dx + \\
& \frac{(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm} + \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^m \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{fgm} - \\
& \frac{k(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))}{gm} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm} + \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^m \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{fgm} - \\
& \frac{k(gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))}{gm} - \\
& bn \left(\frac{(gx)^m \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm^2} + \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^m \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{fgm^2} + \frac{ekx^{-m}(gx)^m \log(e + fx^m)}{fgm^2} + \frac{ekx^{-m}(g}{
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^(-1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k], x]`

output `-((k*(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(g*m)) + (e*k*(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^m]/(f*g*m*x^m) + ((g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(g*m) - b*n*((-2*k*(g*x)^m)/(g*m^2) + (e*k*(g*x)^m*Log[e + f*x^m])/(f*g*m^2*x^m) + (e*k*(g*x)^m*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/(f*g*m^2*x^m) + ((g*x)^m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(g*m^2) + (e*k*(g*x)^m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(f*g*m^2*x^m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^{m-1} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input `int((g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `int((g*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{beg^{m-1}kmn \log(x) \log\left(\frac{fx^m+e}{e}\right) + beg^{m-1}kn \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{fx^m+e}{e} + 1\right) - (bfkm \log(c) + afkm - 2bfkn - (bfm$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*e*g^(m - 1)*k*m*n*log(x)*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + b*e*g^(m - 1)*k*n*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) - (b*f*k*m*log(c) + a*f*k*m - 2*b*f*k*n - (b*f*m*log(c) + a*f*m - b*f*n)*log(d) + (b*f*k*m*n - b*f*m*n*log(d))*log(x))*g^(m - 1)*x^m + ((b*f*k*m*n*log(x) + b*f*k*m*log(c) + a*f*k*m - b*f*k*n)*g^(m - 1)*x^m + (b*e*k*m*log(c) + a*e*k*m - b*e*k*n)*g^(m - 1))*log(f*x^m + e))/(f*m^2)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**(-1+m)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k), x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*g^m*m*x^m*log(x^n) + (a*g^m*m + (g^m*m*log(c) - g^m*n)*b)*x^m)*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(g*m^2) + integrate(-(((f*g^m*k*m - f*g^m*m*log(d))*a - (f*g^m*k*n - (f*g^m*k*m - f*g^m*m*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^(2*m) - (b*e*g^m*m*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*g^m*m*log(d))*x^m - (b*e*g^m*m*x^m*log(d) - (f*g^m*k*m - f*g^m*m*log(d))*b*x^(2*m))*log(x^n))/(f*g*m*x*x^m + e*g*m*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1+m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (gx)^{m-1} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \frac{g^m \left(x^m \log((x^m f + e)^k d) \log(x^n c) b f m + x^m \log((x^m f + e)^k d) a f m - x^m \log((x^m f + e)^k d) b f n - x^n \right)}{\dots} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((g*x)^(-1+m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output

```
(g**m*(x**m*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*f*m + x**m*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*f*m - x**m*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*f*n - x**m*log(x**n*c)*b*f*k*m - x**m*a*f*k*m + 2*x**m*b*f*k*n + int((x**m*log(x**n*c))/(x**m*f*x + e*x),x)*b*e*f*k*m**2 + log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*e*m - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*e*n))/(f*g*m**2)
```

3.159 $\int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log \left(d(e + fx^m)^k \right) dx$

Optimal result	1218
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1219
Rubi [A] (verified)	1219
Maple [F]	1221
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1221
Sympy [F(-1)]	1222
Maxima [F]	1222
Giac [F]	1223
Mupad [F(-1)]	1223
Reduce [F]	1223

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 304

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log \left(d(e + fx^m)^k \right) dx \\
 &= \frac{bfknx^m(gx)^{-m} \log(x)}{egm} - \frac{bfknx^m(gx)^{-m} \log^2(x)}{2eg} \\
 &+ \frac{fkx^m(gx)^{-m} \log(x) (a + b \log (cx^n))}{eg} - \frac{bfknx^m(gx)^{-m} \log(e + fx^m)}{egm^2} \\
 &+ \frac{bfknx^m(gx)^{-m} \log\left(-\frac{fx^m}{e}\right) \log(e + fx^m)}{egm^2} \\
 &- \frac{fkx^m(gx)^{-m} (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log(e + fx^m)}{egm} - \frac{bn(gx)^{-m} \log\left(d(e + fx^m)^k\right)}{gm^2} \\
 &- \frac{(gx)^{-m} (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log\left(d(e + fx^m)^k\right)}{gm} \\
 &+ \frac{bfknx^m(gx)^{-m} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e}\right)}{egm^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{b^2 f k n x^m \ln(x) / e / g / m / ((g x)^m) - 1/2 b^2 f k n x^m \ln(x)^2 / e / g / ((g x)^m) + f k x^m \ln(x) * (a + b \ln(c x^n)) / e / g / ((g x)^m) - b^2 f k n x^m \ln(e + f x^m) / e / g / m^2 / ((g x)^m) + b^2 f k n x^m \ln(-f x^m / e) * \ln(e + f x^m) / e / g / m^2 / ((g x)^m) - f k x^m * (a + b \ln(c x^n)) * \ln(e + f x^m) / e / g / m / ((g x)^m) - b^2 n \ln(d * (e + f x^m)^k) / g / m^2 / ((g x)^m) - (a + b \ln(c x^n)) * \ln(d * (e + f x^m)^k) / g / m / ((g x)^m) + b^2 f k n x^m \text{polylog}(2, 1 + f x^m / e) / e / g / m^2 / ((g x)^m)}$$
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (g x)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(c x^n)) \log(d(e + f x^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{(g x)^{-m} \left(-b f k m^2 n x^m \log^2(x) - 2(a m + b n + b m \log(c x^n)) \left(f k x^m \log(f - f x^{-m}) + e \log(d(e + f x^m)^k) \right) \right)}{g m^2 (g x)^m}$$

input

`Integrate[(g*x)^(-1 - m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k], x]`

output

$$\frac{-(b^2 f k m^2 n x^m \text{Log}[x]^2) - 2*(a m + b n + b m \text{Log}[c x^n])*(f k x^m \text{Log}[f - f/x^m] + e \text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]) + 2*f k m x^m \text{Log}[x]*(a m + b n + b m \text{Log}[c x^n] + b n \text{Log}[f - f/x^m] - b n \text{Log}[1 + (f*x^m)/e]) - 2*b^2 f k n x^m \text{PolyLog}[2, -(f*x^m)/e]}{(2*e*g*m^2*(g*x)^m)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (g x)^{-m-1} (a + b \log(c x^n)) \log(d(e + f x^m)^k) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -bn \int \left(\frac{fk(gx)^{-m} \log(x)x^{m-1}}{eg} - \frac{fk(gx)^{-m} \log(fx^m + e)x^{m-1}}{egm} - \frac{(gx)^{-m} \log(d(fx^m + e)^k)}{gm x} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{(gx)^{-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm} + \frac{fkx^m \log(x)(gx)^{-m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{egm} - \\
 & \frac{fkx^m (gx)^{-m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{egm} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{(gx)^{-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm} + \frac{fkx^m \log(x)(gx)^{-m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{egm} - \\
 & bn \left(\frac{(gx)^{-m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{gm^2} - \frac{fkx^m (gx)^{-m} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{egm^2} + \frac{fkx^m (gx)^{-m} \log(e + fx^m)}{egm^2} - \frac{fkx^m (gx)^{-m}}{egm^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^(-1 - m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]`

output `(f*k*x^m*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*g*(g*x)^m) - (f*k*x^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^m])/(e*g*m*(g*x)^m) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(g*m*(g*x)^m) - b*n*(-((f*k*x^m*Log[x])/(e*g*m*(g*x)^m)) + (f*k*x^m*Log[x]^2)/(2*e*g*(g*x)^m) + (f*k*x^m*Log[e + f*x^m])/(e*g*m^2*(g*x)^m) - (f*k*x^m*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/(e*g*m^2*(g*x)^m) + Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]/(g*m^2*(g*x)^m) - (f*k*x^m*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(e*g*m^2*(g*x)^m))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input `int((g*x)^(-1-m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `int((g*x)^(-1-m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 b f g^{-m-1} k m n x^m \log(x) \log\left(\frac{f x^m + e}{e}\right) + 2 b f g^{-m-1} k n x^m \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{f x^m + e}{e} + 1\right) - (b f k m^2 n \log(x)^2 + 2 b f g^{-m-1} k m n x^m \log(x) \log\left(\frac{f x^m + e}{e}\right) + 2 b f g^{-m-1} k n x^m \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{f x^m + e}{e} + 1\right))}{1}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(2*b*f*g^(-m - 1)*k*m*n*x^m*log(x)*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + 2*b*f*g^(-m - 1)*k*n*x^m*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) - (b*f*k*m^2*n*log(x)^2 + 2*(b*f*k*m^2*log(c) + a*f*k*m^2 + b*f*k*m*n)*log(x))*g^(-m - 1)*x^m + 2*(b*e*m*n*log(d)*log(x) + (b*e*m*log(c) + a*e*m + b*e*n)*log(d))*g^(-m - 1) + 2*((b*f*k*m*log(c) + a*f*k*m + b*f*k*n)*g^(-m - 1)*x^m + (b*e*k*m*n*log(x) + b*e*k*m*log(c) + a*e*k*m + b*e*k*n)*g^(-m - 1))*log(f*x^m + e))/(e*m^2*x^m)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)**(-1-m)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)
```

output

Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{-m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((g*x)^(-1-m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(b*m*log(x^n) + (m*log(c) + n)*b + a*m)*g^(-m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(m^2*x^m) + integrate((b*e*m*log(c)*log(d) + a*e*m*log(d) + ((f*k*m + f*m*log(d))*a + (f*k*n + (f*k*m + f*m*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^m + (b*e*m*log(d) + (f*k*m + f*m*log(d))*b*x^m)*log(x^n))/(f*g^(m + 1)*m*x*x^(2*m) + e*g^(m + 1)*m*x*x^m), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{-m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^(-m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{(gx)^{m+1}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(g*x)^(m + 1),x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(g*x)^(m + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^{-1-m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\ &= \frac{-x^m \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{x^{2m} f x + x^m e x} dx \right) b e^2 k m^2 - x^m \log(x^m f + e) a f k m - x^m \log(x^m f + e) b f k n + x^m \log(x) a f k m^2 + \dots}{\dots} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((g*x)^(-1-m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output

```
( - x**m*int(log(x**n*c)/(x**(2*m)*f*x + x**m*e*x),x)*b*e**2*k*m**2 - x**m
*log(x**m*f + e)*a*f*k*m - x**m*log(x**m*f + e)*b*f*k*n + x**m*log(x)*a*f*
k*m**2 + x**m*log(x)*b*f*k*m*n - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e*m
- log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*e*m - log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*e*n - log(x**n*c
)*b*e*k*m - b*e*k*n)/(x**m*g**m*e*g*m**2)
```

3.160 $\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1225
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1226
Rubi [A] (verified)	1227
Maple [F]	1228
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1229
Sympy [F(-1)]	1229
Maxima [F]	1230
Giac [F]	1230
Mupad [F(-1)]	1231
Reduce [F]	1231

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 414

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\
 &= -\frac{3bfknx^m(gx)^{-2m}}{4egm^2} - \frac{bf^2knx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \log(x)}{4e^2gm} + \frac{bf^2knx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \log^2(x)}{4e^2g} \\
 & \quad - \frac{fknx^m(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2egm} - \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2g} \\
 & \quad + \frac{bf^2knx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \log(e + fx^m)}{4e^2gm^2} - \frac{bf^2knx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \log(-\frac{fx^m}{e}) \log(e + fx^m)}{2e^2gm^2} \\
 & \quad + \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^m)}{2e^2gm} - \frac{bn(gx)^{-2m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{4gm^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} \\
 & \quad - \frac{bf^2knx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{2e^2gm^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -3/4*b*f*k*n*x^m/e/g/m^2/((g*x)^(2*m))-1/4*b*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m)*\ln(x)/e^2/g/m \\ & /((g*x)^(2*m))+1/4*b*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m)*\ln(x)^2/e^2/g/((g*x)^(2*m))-1/2*f*k*x \\ & ^m*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))/e/g/m/((g*x)^(2*m))-1/2*f^2*k*x^(2*m)*\ln(x)*(a+b*\ln(c*x \\ & ^n))/e^2/g/((g*x)^(2*m))+1/4*b*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m)*\ln(e+f*x^m)/e^2/g/m^2/((g*x \\ &)^(2*m))-1/2*b*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m)*\ln(-f*x^m/e)*\ln(e+f*x^m)/e^2/g/m^2/((g*x)^(\\ & 2*m))+1/2*f^2*k*x^(2*m)*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(e+f*x^m)/e^2/g/m/((g*x)^(2*m))- \\ & 1/4*b*n*\ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m^2/((g*x)^(2*m))-1/2*(a+b*\ln(c*x^n))*\ln(d*(e+ \\ & f*x^m)^k)/g/m/((g*x)^(2*m))-1/2*b*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m)*\text{polylog}(2,1+f*x^m/e)/e^2 \\ & /g/m^2/((g*x)^(2*m)) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^{-2m} \left(-2aefkmx^m - 3befknx^m + bf^2km^2nx^{2m} \log^2(x) - 2befkmx^m \log(cx^n) + 2af^2kmx^{2m} \log(f) \right)}{4e^2g^2m^2(gx)^{2m}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^(-1 - 2*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*a*e*f*k*m*x^m - 3*b*e*f*k*n*x^m + b*f^2*k*m^2*n*x^(2*m))*\text{Log}[x]^2 - 2*b \\ & *e*f*k*m*x^m*\text{Log}[c*x^n] + 2*a*f^2*k*m*x^(2*m))*\text{Log}[f - f/x^m] + b*f^2*k*n*x \\ & ^{(2*m)}*\text{Log}[f - f/x^m] + 2*b*f^2*k*m*x^(2*m))*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[f - f/x^m] - 2* \\ & a*e^{2*m}*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - b*e^{2*n}*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 2*b*e^{2*m}*Lo \\ & g[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - f^2*k*m*x^(2*m))*\text{Log}[x]*(2*a*m + b*n + 2*b* \\ & m*\text{Log}[c*x^n] + 2*b*n*\text{Log}[f - f/x^m] - 2*b*n*\text{Log}[1 + (f*x^m)/e]) + 2*b*f^2*k \\ & *n*x^(2*m)*\text{PolyLog}[2, -((f*x^m)/e)]/(4*e^2*g*m^2*(g*x)^(2*m)) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^{-2m-1} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

↓ 2823

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{fk(gx)^{-2m}x^{m-1}}{2egm} - \frac{f^2k(gx)^{-2m} \log(x)x^{2m-1}}{2e^2g} + \frac{f^2k(gx)^{-2m} \log(fx^m + e)x^{2m-1}}{2e^2gm} - \frac{(gx)^{-2m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} \right. \\ \left. \frac{(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} - \frac{f^2kx^{2m} \log(x)(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2gm} + \frac{f^2kx^{2m} \log(x)(gx)^{-2m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2gm} - \frac{fkx^m(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2egm} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$- \frac{(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{2gm} - \frac{f^2kx^{2m} \log(x)(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2gm} + \frac{f^2kx^{2m} \log(x)(gx)^{-2m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2gm} - \frac{fkx^m(gx)^{-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2egm} \\ bn \left(\frac{(gx)^{-2m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{4gm^2} + \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{2e^2gm^2} - \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-2m} \log(e + fx^m)}{4e^2gm^2} + \dots \right)$$

input

```
Int[(g*x)^(-1 - 2*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k], x]
```


output

```
-1/2*(f*k*x^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*g*m*(g*x)^(2*m)) - (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*Log
[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e^2*g*(g*x)^(2*m)) + (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*(a + b*Log[
c*x^n])*Log[e + f*x^m])/(2*e^2*g*m*(g*x)^(2*m)) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[
d*(e + f*x^m)^k])/(2*g*m*(g*x)^(2*m)) - b*n*((3*f*k*x^m)/(4*e*g*m^2*(g*x)^(
2*m)) + (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*Log[x])/(4*e^2*g*m*(g*x)^(2*m)) - (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*L
og[x]^2)/(4*e^2*g*(g*x)^(2*m)) - (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*Log[e + f*x^m])/(4*e^2*g*m
^2*(g*x)^(2*m)) + (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*Log[-((f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/(2*e^2*
g*m^2*(g*x)^(2*m)) + Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k]/(4*g*m^2*(g*x)^(2*m)) + (f^2*k*x
^(2*m)*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(2*e^2*g*m^2*(g*x)^(2*m)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int((g*x)^(-1-2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int((g*x)^(-1-2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{2bf^2g^{-2m-1}kmnx^{2m} \log(x) \log\left(\frac{fx^m+e}{e}\right) + 2bf^2g^{-2m-1}knx^{2m} \text{Li}_2\left(-\frac{fx^m+e}{e} + 1\right) - (bf^2km^2n \log(x)^2 +$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(2*b*f^2*g^(-2*m - 1)*k*m*n*x^(2*m)*log(x)*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + 2*b*f^2*g^(-2*m - 1)*k*n*x^(2*m)*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e + 1) - (b*f^2*k*m^2*n*log(x)^2 + (2*b*f^2*k*m^2*log(c) + 2*a*f^2*k*m^2 + b*f^2*k*m*n)*log(x))*g^(-2*m - 1)*x^(2*m) - (2*b*e*f*k*m*n*log(x) + 2*b*e*f*k*m*log(c) + 2*a*e*f*k*m + 3*b*e*f*k*n)*g^(-2*m - 1)*x^m - (2*b*e^2*m*n*log(d)*log(x) + (2*b*e^2*m*log(c) + 2*a*e^2*m + b*e^2*n)*log(d))*g^(-2*m - 1) + ((2*b*f^2*k*m*log(c) + 2*a*f^2*k*m + b*f^2*k*n)*g^(-2*m - 1)*x^(2*m) - (2*b*e^2*k*m*n*log(x) + 2*b*e^2*k*m*log(c) + 2*a*e^2*k*m + b*e^2*k*n)*g^(-2*m - 1))*log(f*x^m + e)/(e^2*m^2*x^(2*m))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**(-1-2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{-2m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(2*b*m*log(x^n) + (2*m*log(c) + n)*b + 2*a*m)*g^(-2*m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(m^2*x^(2*m)) + integrate(1/4*(4*b*e*m*log(c)*log(d) + 4*a*e*m*log(d) + (2*(f*k*m + 2*f*m*log(d))*a + (f*k*n + 2*(f*k*m + 2*f*m*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^m + 2*(2*b*e*m*log(d) + (f*k*m + 2*f*m*log(d))*b*x^m)*log(x^n))/(f*g^(2*m + 1)*m*x*x^(3*m) + e*g^(2*m + 1)*m*x*x^(2*m)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{-2m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^(-2*m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{(gx)^{2m+1}} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(g*x)^(2*m + 1),x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(g*x)^(2*m + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-2m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{-4x^{2m} \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{x^{3m} f x + x^{2m} e x} dx \right) b e^3 k m^2 + 4x^{2m} \log(x^m f + e) a f^2 k m + 2x^{2m} \log(x^m f + e) b f^2 k n - 4x^{2m} \log($$

input `int((g*x)^(-1-2*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `(- 4*x**(2*m)*int(log(x**n*c)/(x**(3*m)*f*x + x**(2*m)*e*x),x)*b*e**3*k*m**2 + 4*x**(2*m)*log(x**m*f + e)*a*f**2*k*m + 2*x**(2*m)*log(x**m*f + e)*b*f**2*k*n - 4*x**(2*m)*log(x)*a*f**2*k*m**2 - 2*x**(2*m)*log(x)*b*f**2*k*m*n - 4*x**m*a*e*f*k*m - 2*x**m*b*e*f*k*n - 4*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*m - 4*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**2*m - 2*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**2*n - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*e**2*k*m - b*e**2*k*n)/(8*x**(2*m)*g**(2*m)*e**2*g*m**2)`

3.161 $\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$

Optimal result	1232
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1233
Rubi [A] (verified)	1234
Maple [F]	1235
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1236
Sympy [F(-1)]	1236
Maxima [F]	1237
Giac [F]	1237
Mupad [F(-1)]	1238
Reduce [F]	1238

Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 484

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx \\
 &= -\frac{5bfknx^m(gx)^{-3m}}{36egm^2} + \frac{4bf^2knx^{2m}(gx)^{-3m}}{9e^2gm^2} + \frac{bf^3knx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(x)}{9e^3gm} \\
 & - \frac{bf^3knx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log^2(x)}{6e^3g} - \frac{fknx^m(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6egm} \\
 & + \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2gm} + \frac{f^3kx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3g} \\
 & - \frac{bf^3knx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(e + fx^m)}{9e^3gm^2} + \frac{bf^3knx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(-\frac{fx^m}{e}) \log(e + fx^m)}{3e^3gm^2} \\
 & - \frac{f^3kx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(e + fx^m)}{3e^3gm} \\
 & - \frac{bn(gx)^{-3m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{9gm^2} - \frac{(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} \\
 & + \frac{bf^3knx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \text{PolyLog}(2, 1 + \frac{fx^m}{e})}{3e^3gm^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/36*b*f*k*n*x^m/e/g/m^2/((g*x)^(3*m))+4/9*b*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m)/e^2/g/m^2/((g*x)^(3*m))+1/9*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*ln(x)/e^3/g/m/((g*x)^(3*m))-1/6*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*ln(x)^2/e^3/g/((g*x)^(3*m))-1/6*f*k*x^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/g/m/((g*x)^(3*m))+1/3*f^2*k*x^(2*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2/g/m/((g*x)^(3*m))+1/3*f^3*k*x^(3*m)*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^3/g/((g*x)^(3*m))-1/9*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*ln(e+f*x^m)/e^3/g/m^2/((g*x)^(3*m))+1/3*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*ln(-f*x^m/e)*ln(e+f*x^m)/e^3/g/m^2/((g*x)^(3*m))-1/3*f^3*k*x^(3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(e+f*x^m)/e^3/g/m/((g*x)^(3*m))-1/9*b*n*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m^2/((g*x)^(3*m))-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k)/g/m/((g*x)^(3*m))+1/3*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*polylog(2,1+f*x^m/e)/e^3/g/m^2/((g*x)^(3*m))
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{(gx)^{-3m} \left(-6ae^2 fkmx^m - 5be^2 fknx^m + 12ae^2 f^2 kmx^{2m} + 16bef^2 knx^{2m} - 6bf^3 km^2 nx^{3m} \log^2(x) - 6be^2 \right)}{36e^3 g^2 m^2 (gx)^{3m}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(g*x)^(-1 - 3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k],x]
```

output

```
(-6*a*e^2*f*k*m*x^m - 5*b*e^2*f*k*n*x^m + 12*a*e*f^2*k*m*x^(2*m) + 16*b*e*f^2*k*n*x^(2*m) - 6*b*f^3*k*m^2*n*x^(3*m)*Log[x]^2 - 6*b*e^2*f*k*m*x^m*Log[c*x^n] + 12*b*e*f^2*k*m*x^(2*m)*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*f^3*k*m*x^(3*m)*Log[f - f/x^m] - 4*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*Log[f - f/x^m] - 12*b*f^3*k*m*x^(3*m)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[f - f/x^m] - 12*a*e^3*m*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 4*b*e^3*n*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] - 12*b*e^3*m*Log[c*x^n]*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k] + 4*f^3*k*m*x^(3*m)*Log[x]*(3*a*m + b*n + 3*b*m*Log[c*x^n] + 3*b*n*Log[f - f/x^m] - 3*b*n*Log[1 + (f*x^m)/e]) - 12*b*f^3*k*n*x^(3*m)*PolyLog[2, -(f*x^m)/e])/(36*e^3*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$, Rules used = {2823, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^{-3m-1} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2823$$

$$-bn \int \left(-\frac{fk(gx)^{-3m}x^{m-1}}{6egm} + \frac{f^2k(gx)^{-3m}x^{2m-1}}{3e^2gm} + \frac{f^3k(gx)^{-3m} \log(x)x^{3m-1}}{3e^3g} - \frac{f^3k(gx)^{-3m} \log(fx^m + e)x^{3m}}{3e^3gm} \right. \\ \left. \frac{(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} + \frac{f^3kx^{3m} \log(x)(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3g} - \frac{f^3kx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3gm} + \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2gm} - \frac{fkx^m(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6egm} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{3gm} + \frac{f^3kx^{3m} \log(x)(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3g} - \frac{f^3kx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(e + fx^m) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3gm} + \frac{f^2kx^{2m}(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2gm} - \frac{fkx^m(gx)^{-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n))}{6egm}$$

$$bn \left(\frac{(gx)^{-3m} \log(d(e + fx^m)^k)}{9gm^2} - \frac{f^3kx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{fx^m}{e} + 1\right)}{3e^3gm^2} + \frac{f^3kx^{3m}(gx)^{-3m} \log(e + fx^m)}{9e^3gm^2} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(g*x)^(-1 - 3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k], x]`

output

```
-1/6*(f*k*x^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*g*m*(g*x)^(3*m)) + (f^2*k*x^(2*m)*(a
+ b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^2*g*m*(g*x)^(3*m)) + (f^3*k*x^(3*m)*Log[x]*(a + b*Lo
g[c*x^n]))/(3*e^3*g*(g*x)^(3*m)) - (f^3*k*x^(3*m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[e
+ f*x^m))/(3*e^3*g*m*(g*x)^(3*m)) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)
^k])/(3*g*m*(g*x)^(3*m)) - b*n*((5*f*k*x^m)/(36*e*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m)) - (4*
f^2*k*x^(2*m))/(9*e^2*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m)) - (f^3*k*x^(3*m)*Log[x])/(9*e^3*g
*m*(g*x)^(3*m)) + (f^3*k*x^(3*m)*Log[x]^2)/(6*e^3*g*(g*x)^(3*m)) + (f^3*k*
x^(3*m)*Log[e + f*x^m])/(9*e^3*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m)) - (f^3*k*x^(3*m)*Log[-((
f*x^m)/e)]*Log[e + f*x^m])/(3*e^3*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m)) + Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^k
]/(9*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m)) - (f^3*k*x^(3*m)*PolyLog[2, 1 + (f*x^m)/e])/(3*e^3
*g*m^2*(g*x)^(3*m))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.
)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

input

```
int((g*x)^(-1-3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```

output

```
int((g*x)^(-1-3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx =$$

$$\frac{12bf^3g^{-3m-1}kmnx^{3m} \log(x) \log\left(\frac{fx^m+e}{e}\right) + 12bf^3g^{-3m-1}knx^{3m} \text{Li}_2\left(-\frac{fx^m+e}{e} + 1\right) - 2(3bf^3km^2n \log$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/36*(12*b*f^3*g^(-3*m - 1)*k*m*n*x^(3*m)*log(x)*log((f*x^m + e)/e) + 12*b*f^3*g^(-3*m - 1)*k*n*x^(3*m)*dilog(-(f*x^m + e)/e+ 1) - 2*(3*b*f^3*k*m^2*n*log(x)^2 + 2*(3*b*f^3*k*m^2*log(c) + 3*a*f^3*k*m^2 + b*f^3*k*m*n)*log(x))*g^(-3*m - 1)*x^(3*m) - 4*(3*b*e*f^2*k*m*n*log(x) + 3*b*e*f^2*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*e*f^2*k*m + 4*b*e*f^2*k*n)*g^(-3*m - 1)*x^(2*m) + (6*b*e^2*f*k*m*n*log(x) + 6*b*e^2*f*k*m*log(c) + 6*a*e^2*f*k*m + 5*b*e^2*f*k*n)*g^(-3*m - 1)*x^m + 4*(3*b*e^3*m*n*log(d)*log(x) + (3*b*e^3*m*log(c) + 3*a*e^3*m + b*e^3*n)*log(d))*g^(-3*m - 1) + 4*((3*b*f^3*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*f^3*k*m + b*f^3*k*n)*g^(-3*m - 1)*x^(3*m) + (3*b*e^3*k*m*n*log(x) + 3*b*e^3*k*m*log(c) + 3*a*e^3*k*m + b*e^3*k*n)*g^(-3*m - 1))*log(f*x^m + e))/(e^3*m^2*x^(3*m))`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**(-1-3*m)*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(d*(e+f*x**m)**k),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{-3m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*(3*b*m*log(x^n) + (3*m*log(c) + n)*b + 3*a*m)*g^(-3*m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k)/(m^2*x^(3*m)) + integrate(1/9*(9*b*e*m*log(c)*log(d) + 9*a*e*m*log(d) + (3*(f*k*m + 3*f*m*log(d))*a + (f*k*n + 3*(f*k*m + 3*f*m*log(d))*log(c))*b)*x^m + 3*(3*b*e*m*log(d) + (f*k*m + 3*f*m*log(d))*b*x^m)*log(x^n))/(f*g^(3*m + 1)*m*x*x^(4*m) + e*g^(3*m + 1)*m*x*x^(3*m)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(gx)^{-3m-1} \log((fx^m + e)^k d) dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^(-1-3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(g*x)^(-3*m - 1)*log((f*x^m + e)^k*d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\ln(d(e + fx^m)^k) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{(gx)^{3m+1}} dx$$

input `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(g*x)^(3*m + 1),x)`

output `int((log(d*(e + f*x^m)^k)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(g*x)^(3*m + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (gx)^{-1-3m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d(e + fx^m)^k) dx$$

$$= \frac{-18x^{3m} \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{x^{4m} f x + x^{3m} e x} dx \right) b e^4 k m^2 - 18x^{3m} \log(x^m f + e) a f^3 k m - 6x^{3m} \log(x^m f + e) b f^3 k n + 18x^{3m}}$$

input `int((g*x)^(-1-3*m)*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(d*(e+f*x^m)^k),x)`

output `(- 18*x**(3*m)*int(log(x**n*c)/(x**(4*m)*f*x + x**(3*m)*e*x),x)*b*e**4*k*m**2 - 18*x**(3*m)*log(x**m*f + e)*a*f**3*k*m - 6*x**(3*m)*log(x**m*f + e)*b*f**3*k*n + 18*x**(3*m)*log(x)*a*f**3*k*m**2 + 6*x**(3*m)*log(x)*b*f**3*k*m*n + 18*x**(2*m)*a*e*f**2*k*m + 6*x**(2*m)*b*e*f**2*k*n - 9*x**m*a*e**2*f*k*m - 3*x**m*b*e**2*f*k*n - 18*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*m - 18*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*a*e**3*m - 6*log((x**m*f + e)**k*d)*b*e**3*n - 6*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*k*m - 2*b*e**3*k*n)/(54*x**(3*m)*g**(3*m)*e**3*g*m**2)`

3.162 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1239
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1239
Rubi [A] (verified)	1240
Maple [A] (verified)	1241
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1242
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1242
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1243
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1243
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1244
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1244

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{27}benrx^3 - \frac{1}{27}erx^3(3a - bn + 3b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
1/27*b*e*n*r*x^3-1/27*e*r*x^3*(3*a-b*n+3*b*ln(c*x^n))-1/9*b*n*x^3*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{27}x^3(9ad - 3bdn - 3aer + 2benr + (9ae - 3ben) \log(fx^r) + 3b \log(cx^n)(3d - er + 3e \log(fx^r)))$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^3(9ad - 3bdn - 3aer + 2b*en*r + (9ae - 3be*n)*\text{Log}[f*x^r] + 3b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*(3d - er + 3e*\text{Log}[f*x^r])))}{27}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2813$$

$$-er \int \frac{1}{9}x^2(3a - bn + 3b \log(cx^n)) dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{9}er \int x^2(3a - bn + 3b \log(cx^n)) dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

$$\downarrow 2741$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{9}er \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3(3a + 3b \log(cx^n) - bn) - \frac{1}{3}bnx^3 \right) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]),x]$$

output

$$-1/9*(er*(-1/3*(b*n*x^3) + (x^3*(3*a - b*n + 3*b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/3)) - (b*n*x^3*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/9 + (x^3*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/3$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m+1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m+1)/(d*(m+1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^(m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}], Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3x^3bdn^8 - 9x^3adn^7 - 9x^3 \ln(cx^n)bdn^7 + 3x^3 \ln(fx^r)ben^8 - 9x^3 \ln(fx^r)ae n^7 - 2x^3ben^8r + 3x^3ae n^7r + 3x^3 \ln(cx^n)ben^7r}{27n^7}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/27*(3*x^3*b*d*n^8-9*x^3*a*d*n^7-9*x^3*ln(c*x^n)*b*d*n^7+3*x^3*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^8-9*x^3*ln(f*x^r)*a*e*n^7-2*x^3*b*e*n^8*r+3*x^3*a*e*n^7*r+3*x^3*ln(c*x^n)*b*e*n^7*r-9*x^3*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^7)/n^7`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} benrx^3 \log(x)^2 - \frac{1}{9} (ber - 3bd)x^3 \log(c) - \frac{1}{27} (3bdn - 9ad - (2ben - 3ae)r)x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} (3bex^3 \log(c) - (ben - 3ae)x^3) \log(f)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} (3berx^3 \log(c) + 3benx^3 \log(f) + (3bdn - (2ben - 3ae)r)x^3) \log(x)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*b*e*n*r*x^3*log(x)^2 - 1/9*(b*e*r - 3*b*d)*x^3*log(c) - 1/27*(3*b*d*n - 9*a*d - (2*b*e*n - 3*a*e)*r)*x^3 + 1/9*(3*b*e*x^3*log(c) - (b*e*n - 3*a*e)*x^3)*log(f) + 1/9*(3*b*e*r*x^3*log(c) + 3*b*e*n*x^3*log(f) + (3*b*d*n - (2*b*e*n - 3*a*e)*r)*x^3)*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{adx^3}{3} - \frac{aerx^3}{9} + \frac{aex^3 \log(fx^r)}{3} - \frac{bdnx^3}{9}$$

$$+ \frac{bdx^3 \log(cx^n)}{3} + \frac{2benrx^3}{27} - \frac{benx^3 \log(fx^r)}{9}$$

$$- \frac{berx^3 \log(cx^n)}{9} + \frac{bex^3 \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `a*d*x**3/3 - a*e*r*x**3/9 + a*e*x**3*log(f*x**r)/3 - b*d*n*x**3/9 + b*d*x**3*log(c*x**n)/3 + 2*b*e*n*r*x**3/27 - b*e*n*x**3*log(f*x**r)/9 - b*e*r*x**3*log(c*x**n)/9 + b*e*x**3*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = -\frac{1}{9} bdnx^3 - \frac{1}{9} aerx^3 + \frac{1}{3} bdx^3 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} aex^3 \log(fx^r) + \frac{1}{3} adx^3 + \frac{1}{27} ((2r - 3 \log(f))x^3 - 3x^3 \log(x^r))ben - \frac{1}{9} (rx^3 - 3x^3 \log(fx^r))be \log(cx^n)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*b*d*n*x^3 - 1/9*a*e*r*x^3 + 1/3*b*d*x^3*log(c*x^n) + 1/3*a*e*x^3*log(f*x^r) + 1/3*a*d*x^3 + 1/27*((2*r - 3*log(f))*x^3 - 3*x^3*log(x^r))*b*e*n - 1/9*(r*x^3 - 3*x^3*log(f*x^r))*b*e*log(c*x^n)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{3} benrx^3 \log(x)^2 - \frac{2}{9} benrx^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} berx^3 \log(c) \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} benx^3 \log(f) \log(x) + \frac{2}{27} benrx^3 - \frac{1}{9} berx^3 \log(c) - \frac{1}{9} benx^3 \log(f) + \frac{1}{3} beax^3 \log(c) \log(f) + \frac{1}{3} bdnx^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{3} aerx^3 \log(x) - \frac{1}{9} bdnx^3 - \frac{1}{9} aerx^3 + \frac{1}{3} bdx^3 \log(c) + \frac{1}{3} aex^3 \log(f) + \frac{1}{3} adx^3$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/3*b*e*n*r*x^3*log(x)^2 - 2/9*b*e*n*r*x^3*log(x) + 1/3*b*e*r*x^3*log(c)*log(x) + 1/3*b*e*n*x^3*log(f)*log(x) + 2/27*b*e*n*r*x^3 - 1/9*b*e*r*x^3*log(c) - 1/9*b*e*n*x^3*log(f) + 1/3*b*e*x^3*log(c)*log(f) + 1/3*b*d*n*x^3*log(x) + 1/3*a*e*r*x^3*log(x) - 1/9*b*d*n*x^3 - 1/9*a*e*r*x^3 + 1/3*b*d*x^3*log(c) + 1/3*a*e*x^3*log(f) + 1/3*a*d*x^3
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r)) dx = \ln(fx^r) \left(\frac{aex^3}{3} - \frac{benx^3}{9} + \frac{bex^3 \ln(cx^n)}{3} \right) + x^3 \left(\frac{ad}{3} - \frac{bdn}{9} - \frac{aer}{9} + \frac{2benr}{27} \right) + \frac{bx^3 \ln(cx^n)(3d-er)}{9}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
log(f*x^r)*((a*e*x^3)/3 - (b*e*n*x^3)/9 + (b*e*x^3*log(c*x^n))/3) + x^3*((a*d)/3 - (b*d*n)/9 - (a*e*r)/9 + (2*b*e*n*r)/27) + (b*x^3*log(c*x^n)*(3*d - e*r))/9
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{x^3(9 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b e + 9 \log(x^n c) b d - 3 \log(x^n c) b e r + 9 \log(x^r f) a e - 3 \log(x^r f) b e n + 9 a d - 3 a e r)}{27}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(9*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b*e + 9*log(x**n*c)*b*d - 3*log(x**n*c)*b
*e*r + 9*log(x**r*f)*a*e - 3*log(x**r*f)*b*e*n + 9*a*d - 3*a*e*r - 3*b*d*n
+ 2*b*e*n*r))/27
```

3.163 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1246
Rubi [A] (verified)	1247
Maple [A] (verified)	1248
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1249
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1249
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1251
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1251

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{8}benrx^2 - \frac{1}{8}erx^2(2a - bn + 2b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
1/8*b*e*n*r*x^2-1/8*e*r*x^2*(2*a-b*n+2*b*ln(c*x^n))-1/4*b*n*x^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{4}x^2(2ad - bdn - aer + benr + e(2a - bn) \log(fx^r) + b \log(cx^n)(2d - er + 2e \log(fx^r)))$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^2(2ad - bdn - ae^r + be^nr + e(2a - bn)\log[fx^r] + b\log[cx^n])(2d - e^r + 2e\log[fx^r]))}{4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2813$$

$$-er \int \frac{1}{4}x(2a - bn + 2b \log(cx^n)) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$-\frac{1}{4}er \int x(2a - bn + 2b \log(cx^n)) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

$$\downarrow 2741$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{4}er \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(2a + 2b \log(cx^n) - bn) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2 \right) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]), x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(e^r*(-1/2*(b*n*x^2) + (x^2*(2*a - b*n + 2*b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))/2)) - (b*n*x^2*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/4 + (x^2*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/2$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^(m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-x^2 \ln(f x^r) b e n^7 - 2x^2 \ln(f x^r) a e n^6 - x^2 b e n^7 r + x^2 a e n^6 r - 2x^2 \ln(c x^n) b d n^6 + x^2 b d n^7 - 2x^2 a d n^6 + x^2 \ln(c x^n) b e n^6 r - 2x^2 \ln(c x^n) a e n^6}{4n^6}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*(x^2*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^7-2*x^2*ln(f*x^r)*a*e*n^6-x^2*b*e*n^7*r+x^2*a*e*n^6*r-2*x^2*ln(c*x^n)*b*d*n^6+x^2*b*d*n^7-2*x^2*a*d*n^6+x^2*ln(c*x^n)*b*e*n^6*r-2*x^2*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^6)/n^6`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} benrx^2 \log(x)^2 - \frac{1}{4} (ber - 2bd)x^2 \log(c) - \frac{1}{4} (bdn - 2ad - (ben - ae)r)x^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} (2bex^2 \log(c) - (ben - 2ae)x^2) \log(f)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (berx^2 \log(c) + benx^2 \log(f) + (bdn - (ben - ae)r)x^2) \log(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*b*e*n*r*x^2*log(x)^2 - 1/4*(b*e*r - 2*b*d)*x^2*log(c) - 1/4*(b*d*n - 2*a*d - (b*e*n - a*e)*r)*x^2 + 1/4*(2*b*e*x^2*log(c) - (b*e*n - 2*a*e)*x^2)*log(f) + 1/2*(b*e*r*x^2*log(c) + b*e*n*x^2*log(f) + (b*d*n - (b*e*n - a*e)*r)*x^2)*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{adx^2}{2} - \frac{aerx^2}{4} + \frac{aex^2 \log(fx^r)}{2} - \frac{bdnx^2}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{bdx^2 \log(cx^n)}{2} + \frac{benrx^2}{4} - \frac{benx^2 \log(fx^r)}{4}$$

$$- \frac{berx^2 \log(cx^n)}{4} + \frac{bex^2 \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `a*d*x**2/2 - a*e*r*x**2/4 + a*e*x**2*log(f*x**r)/2 - b*d*n*x**2/4 + b*d*x**2*log(c*x**n)/2 + b*e*n*r*x**2/4 - b*e*n*x**2*log(f*x**r)/4 - b*e*r*x**2*log(c*x**n)/4 + b*e*x**2*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = -\frac{1}{4} bdnx^2 - \frac{1}{4} aernx^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} bdx^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{2} aex^2 \log(fx^r)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} ((r - \log(f))x^2 - x^2 \log(x^r))ben$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} adx^2$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} (rx^2 - 2x^2 \log(fx^r))be \log(cx^n)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b*d*n*x^2 - 1/4*a*e*r*x^2 + 1/2*b*d*x^2*log(c*x^n) + 1/2*a*e*x^2*log(f*x^r) + 1/4*((r - log(f))*x^2 - x^2*log(x^r))*b*e*n + 1/2*a*d*x^2 - 1/4*(r*x^2 - 2*x^2*log(f*x^r))*b*e*log(c*x^n)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{2} benrx^2 \log(x)^2 - \frac{1}{2} benrx^2 \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} berx^2 \log(c) \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} benx^2 \log(f) \log(x) + \frac{1}{4} benrx^2$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} berx^2 \log(c) - \frac{1}{4} benx^2 \log(f)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} bex^2 \log(c) \log(f) + \frac{1}{2} bdnx^2 \log(x)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} aernx^2 \log(x) - \frac{1}{4} bdnx^2 - \frac{1}{4} aernx^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} bdx^2 \log(c) + \frac{1}{2} aex^2 \log(f) + \frac{1}{2} adx^2$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*b*e*n*r*x^2*\log(x)^2 - 1/2*b*e*n*r*x^2*\log(x) + 1/2*b*e*r*x^2*\log(c)*\log(x) \\ & + 1/2*b*e*n*x^2*\log(f)*\log(x) + 1/4*b*e*n*r*x^2 - 1/4*b*e*r*x^2*\log(c) \\ & - 1/4*b*e*n*x^2*\log(f) + 1/2*b*e*x^2*\log(c)*\log(f) + 1/2*b*d*n*x^2*\log(x) \\ & + 1/2*a*e*r*x^2*\log(x) - 1/4*b*d*n*x^2 - 1/4*a*e*r*x^2 + 1/2*b*d*x^2*\log(c) \\ & + 1/2*a*e*x^2*\log(f) + 1/2*a*d*x^2 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx &= \ln(fx^r) \left(\frac{aex^2}{2} - \frac{benx^2}{4} + \frac{bex^2 \ln(cx^n)}{2} \right) \\ &+ x^2 \left(\frac{ad}{2} - \frac{bdn}{4} - \frac{aer}{4} + \frac{benr}{4} \right) \\ &+ \frac{bx^2 \ln(cx^n)(2d - er)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \log(f*x^r)*((a*e*x^2)/2 - (b*e*n*x^2)/4 + (b*e*x^2*\log(c*x^n))/2) + x^2*((a*d)/2 \\ & - (b*d*n)/4 - (a*e*r)/4 + (b*e*n*r)/4) + (b*x^2*\log(c*x^n))*(2*d - e*r))/4 \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\ &= \frac{x^2(2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b e + 2 \log(x^n c) b d - \log(x^n c) b e r + 2 \log(x^r f) a e - \log(x^r f) b e n + 2 a d - a e r - b e n)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`

output

```
(x**2*(2*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b*e + 2*log(x**n*c)*b*d - log(x**n*c)*b*e
*r + 2*log(x**r*f)*a*e - log(x**r*f)*b*e*n + 2*a*d - a*e*r - b*d*n + b*e*n
*r))/4
```

3.164 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1253
Rubi [A] (verified)	1254
Maple [A] (verified)	1255
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1255
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1257
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = benrx - e(a - bn)rx - berx \log(cx^n) \\ + ax(d + e \log(fx^r)) - bnx(d + e \log(fx^r)) \\ + bx \log(cx^n)(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
b*e*n*r*x-e*(-b*n+a)*r*x-b*e*r*x*ln(c*x^n)+a*x*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))-b*n*x*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+b*x*ln(c*x^n)*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = x(ad - bdn - aer + 2benr + e(a - bn) \log(fx^r) \\ + b \log(cx^n)(d - er + e \log(fx^r)))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]
```

output

```
x*(a*d - b*d*n - a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r + e*(a - b*n)*Log[f*x^r] + b*Log[c*x^n] * (d - e*r + e*Log[f*x^r]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2808, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2808$$

$$-er \int (a - bn + b \log(cx^n)) dx + ax(d + e \log(fx^r)) + bx \log(cx^n)(d + e \log(fx^r)) - bnx(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-er(x(a - bn) + bx \log(cx^n) - bnx) + ax(d + e \log(fx^r)) + bx \log(cx^n)(d + e \log(fx^r)) - bnx(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-(e*r*(-(b*n*x) + (a - b*n)*x + b*x*Log[c*x^n])) + a*x*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) - b*n*x*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) + b*x*Log[c*x^n]*(d + e*Log[f*x^r])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2808 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p, r}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-x \ln(f x^r) b e n^6 - 2 x b e n^6 r - x \ln(c x^n) b d n^5 - x \ln(f x^r) a e n^5 + x a e n^5 r + x b d n^6 - x a d n^5 - x \ln(c x^n) \ln(f x^r) b e n^5 + x \ln(c x^n) b e n^5 r}{n^5}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(x*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^6-2*x*b*e*n^6*r-x*ln(c*x^n)*b*d*n^5-x*ln(f*x^r)*a*e*n^5+x*a*e*n^5*r+x*b*d*n^6-x*a*d*n^5-x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^5+x*ln(c*x^n)*b*e*n^5*r)/n^5`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= benrx \log(x)^2 - (ber - bd)x \log(c) - (bdn - ad - (2ben - ae)r)x$$

$$+ (bex \log(c) - (ben - ae)x) \log(f)$$

$$+ (berx \log(c) + benx \log(f) + (bdn - (2ben - ae)r)x) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b*e*n*r*x*log(x)^2 - (b*e*r - b*d)*x*log(c) - (b*d*n - a*d - (2*b*e*n - a*e)*r)*x + (b*e*x*log(c) - (b*e*n - a*e)*x)*log(f) + (b*e*r*x*log(c) + b*e*n*x*log(f) + (b*d*n - (2*b*e*n - a*e)*r)*x)*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = adx - aerx + aex \log(fx^r) - bdnx \\ + bdx \log(cx^n) + 2benrx - benx \log(fx^r) \\ - berx \log(cx^n) + bex \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`output `a*d*x - a*e*r*x + a*e*x*log(f*x**r) - b*d*n*x + b*d*x*log(c*x**n) + 2*b*e*n*r*x - b*e*n*x*log(f*x**r) - b*e*r*x*log(c*x**n) + b*e*x*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = ((2r - \log(f))x - x \log(x^r))ben - bdnx \\ - aerx - (rx - x \log(fx^r))be \log(cx^n) \\ + bdx \log(cx^n) + aex \log(fx^r) + adx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((2*r - log(f))*x - x*log(x^r))*b*e*n - b*d*n*x - a*e*r*x - (r*x - x*log(f*x^r))*b*e*log(c*x^n) + b*d*x*log(c*x^n) + a*e*x*log(f*x^r) + a*d*x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = benrx \log(x)^2 - 2benrx \log(x) + berx \log(c) \log(x) + benx \log(f) \log(x) + 2benrx - berx \log(c) - benx \log(f) + bex \log(c) \log(f) + bdnx \log(x) + aerx \log(x) - bdnx - aerx + bdx \log(c) + aex \log(f) + adx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*e*n*r*x*log(x)^2 - 2*b*e*n*r*x*log(x) + b*e*r*x*log(c)*log(x) + b*e*n*x*log(f)*log(x) + 2*b*e*n*r*x - b*e*r*x*log(c) - b*e*n*x*log(f) + b*e*x*log(c)*log(f) + b*d*n*x*log(x) + a*e*r*x*log(x) - b*d*n*x - a*e*r*x + b*d*x*log(c) + a*e*x*log(f) + a*d*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = x(ad - bdn - aer + 2benr) + \ln(fx^r)(aex - benx + bex \ln(cx^n)) + bx \ln(cx^n)(d - er)$$

input `int((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `x*(a*d - b*d*n - a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r) + log(f*x^r)*(a*e*x - b*e*n*x + b*e*x*log(c*x^n)) + b*x*log(c*x^n)*(d - e*r)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = x(\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) be + \log(x^n c) bd - \log(x^n c) ber + \log(x^r f) ae - \log(x^r f) ben + ad - aer - bdn + 2benr)$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`

output `x*(log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b*e + log(x**n*c)*b*d - log(x**n*c)*b*e*r + log(x**r*f)*a*e - log(x**r*f)*b*e*n + a*d - a*e*r - b*d*n + 2*b*e*n*r)`

3.165 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1259
Rubi [A] (verified)	1260
Maple [A] (verified)	1261
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1262
Sympy [F]	1262
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1262
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1263
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1263
Reduce [F]	1264

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))(d + e \log (fx^r))}{x} dx = -\frac{er(a + b \log (cx^n))^3}{6b^2n^2} + \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 (d + e \log (fx^r))}{2bn}$$

output

```
-1/6*e*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3/b^2/n^2+1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/b/n
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))(d + e \log (fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{6} \log(x) (2benr \log^2(x) + 6(a + b \log (cx^n))(d + e \log (fx^r)) - 3 \log(x) (bdn + aer + ber \log (cx^n) + ben \log (fx^r)))$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x,x]
```


output

$$\frac{(\text{Log}[x]*(2*b*e*n*r*\text{Log}[x]^2 + 6*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]))*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]) - 3*\text{Log}[x]*(b*d*n + a*e*r + b*e*r*\text{Log}[c*x^n] + b*e*n*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))}{6}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2739, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2813} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2bn} - er \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{2bnx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2bn} - \frac{er \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx}{2bn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2739} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2bn} - \frac{er \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 d(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2b^2n^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2bn} - \frac{er(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{6b^2n^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r])}{x}, x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(e*r*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3)/(b^2*n^2) + ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/(2*b*n)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2739 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*n) Subst[Int[x^p, x], x, a + b*Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\ln(cx^n)^3 b e n^2 r + 3 \ln(cx^n)^2 \ln(fx^r) b e n^3 + 6 \ln(x) a d n^4 - 3 \ln(cx^n)^2 a e n^2 r + 3 \ln(cx^n)^2 b d n^3 + 6 \ln(cx^n) \ln(fx^r) a e n^3}{6n^4}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*(-ln(c*x^n)^3*b*e*n^2*r+3*ln(c*x^n)^2*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^3+6*ln(x)*a*d*n^4-3*ln(c*x^n)^2*a*e*n^2*r+3*ln(c*x^n)^2*b*d*n^3+6*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*a*e*n^3)/n^4`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} benr \log(x)^3 + \frac{1}{2} (ber \log(c) + ben \log(f) + bdn + aer) \log(x)^2$$

$$+ (bd \log(c) + ad + (be \log(c) + ae) \log(f)) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*b*e*n*r*log(x)^3 + 1/2*(b*e*r*log(c) + b*e*n*log(f) + b*d*n + a*e*r)*log(x)^2 + (b*d*log(c) + a*d + (b*e*log(c) + a*e)*log(f))*log(x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*(d + e*log(f*x**r))/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{be \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)^2}{2r} - \frac{ben \log(fx^r)^3}{6r^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \log(cx^n)^2}{2n} + \frac{ae \log(fx^r)^2}{2r} + ad \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*b*e*log(c*x^n)*log(f*x^r)^2/r - 1/6*b*e*n*log(f*x^r)^3/r^2 + 1/2*b*d*log(c*x^n)^2/n + 1/2*a*e*log(f*x^r)^2/r + a*d*log(x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} benr \log(x)^3 + \frac{1}{2} ber \log(c) \log(x)^2 + \frac{1}{2} ben \log(f) \log(x)^2 + be \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} bdn \log(x)^2 + \frac{1}{2} aer \log(x)^2 + bd \log(c) \log(x) + ae \log(f) \log(x) + ad \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3*b*e*n*r*log(x)^3 + 1/2*b*e*r*log(c)*log(x)^2 + 1/2*b*e*n*log(f)*log(x)^2 + b*e*log(c)*log(f)*log(x) + 1/2*b*d*n*log(x)^2 + 1/2*a*e*r*log(x)^2 + b*d*log(c)*log(x) + a*e*log(f)*log(x) + a*d*log(x)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = ad \ln(x) + \frac{bd \ln(cx^n)^2}{2n} + \frac{ae \ln(fx^r)^2}{2r} - \frac{ber \ln(cx^n)^3}{6n^2} + \frac{be \ln(cx^n)^2 \ln(fx^r)}{2n}$$

input

```
int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)
```

output

```
a*d*log(x) + (b*d*log(c*x^n)^2)/(2*n) + (a*e*log(f*x^r)^2)/(2*r) - (b*e*r*log(c*x^n)^3)/(6*n^2) + (b*e*log(c*x^n)^2*log(f*x^r))/(2*n)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f)}{x} dx \right) benr + \log(x^n c)^2 bdr + \log(x^r f)^2 aen + 2 \log(x) adnr}{2nr}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x)`

output `(2*int((log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/x,x)*b*e*n*r + log(x**n*c)**2*b*d*r + log(x**r*f)**2*a*e*n + 2*log(x)*a*d*n*r)/(2*n*r)`

3.166 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1265
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1265
Rubi [A] (verified)	1266
Maple [A] (verified)	1267
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1268
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1268
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1270
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1270

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{benr}{x} - \frac{er(a + bn + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

output `-b*e*n*r/x-e*r*(a+b*n+b*ln(c*x^n))/x-b*n*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*
*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{ad + bdn + aer + 2benr + e(a + bn) \log(fx^r) + b \log(cx^n)(d + er + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^2,x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{a*d + b*d*n + a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r + e*(a + b*n)*\text{Log}[f*x^r] + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]}{d + e*r + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]}\right)/x$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {2813, 25, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2813}$$

$$-er \int -\frac{a + bn + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2} dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$er \int \frac{a + bn + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2} dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2741}$$

$$-\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} + er \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n) + bn}{x} - \frac{bn}{x} \right) - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r])/x^2,x]$$

output

$$e*r*(-((b*n)/x) - (a + b*n + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])/x) - (b*n*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/x - ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/x$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(
m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_
.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[Simp
lifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r},
x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\ln(cx^n)\ln(fx^r)ben^3 + \ln(cx^n)ben^3r + \ln(fx^r)ben^4 + 2ben^4r + \ln(cx^n)bdn^3 + \ln(fx^r)ae n^3 + aen^3r + bdn^4 + adn^3}{xn^3}$	10
risch	Expression too large to display	14

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/x*(ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^3+ln(c*x^n)*b*e*n^3*r+ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^4+2*
b*e*n^4*r+ln(c*x^n)*b*d*n^3+ln(f*x^r)*a*e*n^3+a*e*n^3*r+b*d*n^4+a*d*n^3)/n
^3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -be \left(\frac{r}{x} + \frac{\log(fx^r)}{x} \right) \log(cx^n) - \frac{ben(2r + \log(f) + \log(x^r))}{x} - \frac{bdn}{x} - \frac{aer}{x} - \frac{bd \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{ae \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{ad}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*e*(r/x + log(f*x^r)/x)*log(c*x^n) - b*e*n*(2*r + log(f) + log(x^r))/x - b*d*n/x - a*e*r/x - b*d*log(c*x^n)/x - a*e*log(f*x^r)/x - a*d/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{benr \log(x)^2}{x} - \frac{(2benr + ber \log(c) + ben \log(f) + bdn + aer) \log(x)}{x} - \frac{2benr + ber \log(c) + ben \log(f) + be \log(c) \log(f) + bdn + aer + bd \log(c) + ae \log(f) + ad}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*e*n*r*log(x)^2/x - (2*b*e*n*r + b*e*r*log(c) + b*e*n*log(f) + b*d*n + a*e*r)*log(x)/x - (2*b*e*n*r + b*e*r*log(c) + b*e*n*log(f) + b*e*log(c)*log(f) + b*d*n + a*e*r + b*d*log(c) + a*e*log(f) + a*d)/x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\ln(fx^r) \left(\frac{ae}{x} + \frac{ben}{x} + \frac{be \ln(cx^n)}{x} \right) - \frac{ad + bdn + aer + 2benr}{x} - \frac{b \ln(cx^n)(d + er)}{x}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`output `- log(f*x^r)*((a*e)/x + (b*e*n)/x + (b*e*log(c*x^n))/x) - (a*d + b*d*n + a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r)/x - (b*log(c*x^n)*(d + e*r))/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b e - \log(x^n c) b d - \log(x^n c) b e r - \log(x^r f) a e - \log(x^r f) b e n - a d - a e r - b d n - 2 b e n r}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x)`output `(- log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b*e - log(x**n*c)*b*d - log(x**n*c)*b*e*r - log(x**r*f)*a*e - log(x**r*f)*b*e*n - a*d - a*e*r - b*d*n - 2*b*e*n*r)/x`

3.167 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1271
Rubi [A] (verified)	1272
Maple [A] (verified)	1273
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1274
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1276
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1276

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{benr}{8x^2} - \frac{er(2a + bn + 2b \log(cx^n))}{8x^2} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/8*b*e*n*r/x^2-1/8*e*r*(2*a+b*n+2*b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2-1/4*b*n*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{2ad + bdn + aer + benr + e(2a + bn) \log(fx^r) + b \log(cx^n) (2d + er + 2e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^3,x]`

output

$$-1/4*(2*a*d + b*d*n + a*e*r + b*e*n*r + e*(2*a + b*n)*\text{Log}[f*x^r] + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*(2*d + e*r + 2*e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/x^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2813$$

$$-er \int -\frac{2a + bn + 2b \log(cx^n)}{4x^3} dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{4}er \int \frac{2a + bn + 2b \log(cx^n)}{x^3} dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2741$$

$$-\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{4}er \left(-\frac{2a + 2b \log(cx^n) + bn}{2x^2} - \frac{bn}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r])/x^3,x]$$

output

$$(e*r*(-1/2*(b*n)/x^2 - (2*a + b*n + 2*b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])/(2*x^2)))/4 - (b*n*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/(2*x^2)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(c x^n) \ln(f x^r) b e n^2 + \ln(c x^n) b e n^2 r + \ln(f x^r) b e n^3 + b e n^3 r + 2 \ln(c x^n) b d n^2 + 2 \ln(f x^r) a e n^2 + a e n^2 r + b d n^3 + 2 a d n^2}{4 x^2 n^2}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4/x^2*(2*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^2+\ln(c*x^n)*b*e*n^2*r+\ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n^3+b*e*n^3*r+2*\ln(c*x^n)*b*d*n^2+2*\ln(f*x^r)*a*e*n^2+a*e*n^2*r+b*d*n^3+2*a*d*n^2)/n^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{2benr \log(x)^2 + bdn + 2ad + (ben + ae)r + (ber + 2bd) \log(c) + (ben + 2be \log(c) + 2ae) \log(f) + 4x^2}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*b*e*n*r*log(x)^2 + b*d*n + 2*a*d + (b*e*n + a*e)*r + (b*e*r + 2*b*d)*log(c) + (b*e*n + 2*b*e*log(c) + 2*a*e)*log(f) + 2*(b*e*r*log(c) + b*e*n*log(f) + b*d*n + (b*e*n + a*e)*r)*log(x))/x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{ad}{2x^2} - \frac{aer}{4x^2} - \frac{ae \log(fx^r)}{2x^2} - \frac{bdn}{4x^2} - \frac{bd \log(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{benr}{4x^2} - \frac{ben \log(fx^r)}{4x^2} - \frac{ber \log(cx^n)}{4x^2} - \frac{be \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**3,x)`

output `-a*d/(2*x**2) - a*e*r/(4*x**2) - a*e*log(f*x**r)/(2*x**2) - b*d*n/(4*x**2) - b*d*log(c*x**n)/(2*x**2) - b*e*n*r/(4*x**2) - b*e*n*log(f*x**r)/(4*x**2) - b*e*r*log(c*x**n)/(4*x**2) - b*e*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4} be \left(\frac{r}{x^2} + \frac{2 \log(fx^r)}{x^2} \right) \log(cx^n) - \frac{ben(r + \log(f) + \log(x^r))}{4x^2} - \frac{bdn}{4x^2} - \frac{aer}{4x^2} - \frac{bd \log(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{ae \log(fx^r)}{2x^2} - \frac{ad}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b*e*(r/x^2 + 2*log(f*x^r)/x^2)*log(c*x^n) - 1/4*b*e*n*(r + log(f) + log(x^r))/x^2 - 1/4*b*d*n/x^2 - 1/4*a*e*r/x^2 - 1/2*b*d*log(c*x^n)/x^2 - 1/2*a*e*log(f*x^r)/x^2 - 1/2*a*d/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{benr \log(x)^2}{2x^2} - \frac{(benr + ber \log(c) + ben \log(f) + bdn + aer) \log(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{benr + ber \log(c) + ben \log(f) + 2be \log(c) \log(f) + bdn + aer + 2bd \log(c) + 2ae \log(f) + 2ad}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b*e*n*r*log(x)^2/x^2 - 1/2*(b*e*n*r + b*e*r*log(c) + b*e*n*log(f) + b*d*n + a*e*r)*log(x)/x^2 - 1/4*(b*e*n*r + b*e*r*log(c) + b*e*n*log(f) + 2*b*e*log(c)*log(f) + b*d*n + a*e*r + 2*b*d*log(c) + 2*a*e*log(f) + 2*a*d)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\ln(fx^r) \left(\frac{ae}{2x^2} + \frac{ben}{4x^2} + \frac{be \ln(cx^n)}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\frac{ad}{2} + \frac{bdn}{4} + \frac{aer}{4} + \frac{benr}{4}}{x^2} - \frac{b \ln(cx^n)(2d + er)}{4x^2}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`output `- log(f*x^r)*((a*e)/(2*x^2) + (b*e*n)/(4*x^2) + (b*e*log(c*x^n))/(2*x^2)) - ((a*d)/2 + (b*d*n)/4 + (a*e*r)/4 + (b*e*n*r)/4)/x^2 - (b*log(c*x^n)*(2*d + e*r))/(4*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) be - 2 \log(x^n c) bd - \log(x^n c) ber - 2 \log(x^r f) ae - \log(x^r f) ben - 2ad - aer - bd}{4x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x)`output `(- 2*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*d - log(x**n*c)*b*e*r - 2*log(x**r*f)*a*e - log(x**r*f)*b*e*n - 2*a*d - a*e*r - b*d*n - b*e*n*r) / (4*x**2)`

3.168 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1277
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1277
Rubi [A] (verified)	1278
Maple [A] (verified)	1279
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1281
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1281
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1282
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1282

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{benr}{27x^3} - \frac{er(3a + bn + 3b \log(cx^n))}{27x^3} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/27*b*e*n*r/x^3-1/27*e*r*(3*a+b*n+3*b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3-1/9*b*n*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{9ad + 3bdn + 3aer + 2benr + 3e(3a + bn) \log(fx^r) + 3b \log(cx^n)(3d + er + 3e \log(fx^r))}{27x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^4,x]`

output

$$-1/27*(9*a*d + 3*b*d*n + 3*a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r + 3*e*(3*a + b*n)*\text{Log}[f*x^r] + 3*b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*(3*d + e*r + 3*e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/x^3$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2813$$

$$-er \int -\frac{3a + bn + 3b \log(cx^n)}{9x^4} dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{9}er \int \frac{3a + bn + 3b \log(cx^n)}{x^4} dx - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2741$$

$$-\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} + \frac{1}{9}er \left(-\frac{3a + 3b \log(cx^n) + bn}{3x^3} - \frac{bn}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r])/x^4,x]$$

output

$$(e*r*(-1/3*(b*n)/x^3 - (3*a + b*n + 3*b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])/(3*x^3)))/9 - (b*n*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/(9*x^3) - ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/(3*x^3)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^(m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])]^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{-9 \ln(c x^n) \ln(f x^r) b e + 3 \ln(c x^n) b e r + 3 \ln(f x^r) b e n + 2 b e n r + 9 \ln(c x^n) b d + 9 \ln(f x^r) a e + 3 a e r + 3 b d n + 9 d a}{27 x^3}$	85
risch	Expression too large to display	1451

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/27/x^3*(9*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*b*e+3*ln(c*x^n)*b*e*r+3*ln(f*x^r)*b*e*n+2*b*e*n*r+9*ln(c*x^n)*b*d+9*ln(f*x^r)*a*e+3*a*e*r+3*b*d*n+9*d*a)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \frac{9benr \log(x)^2 + 3bdn + 9ad + (2ben + 3ae)r + 3(ber + 3bd) \log(c) + 3(ben + 3be \log(c) + 3ae) \log(f) + 3(3b^2e^2r^2 \log(c) + 3b^2e^2n \log(f) + 3b^2d^2n + (2b^2e^2n + 3a^2e^2)r) \log(x)}{27x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/27*(9*b*e*n*r*log(x)^2 + 3*b*d*n + 9*a*d + (2*b*e*n + 3*a*e)*r + 3*(b*e*r + 3*b*d)*log(c) + 3*(b*e*n + 3*b*e*log(c) + 3*a*e)*log(f) + 3*(3*b*e*r*log(c) + 3*b*e*n*log(f) + 3*b*d*n + (2*b*e*n + 3*a*e)*r)*log(x))/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \frac{ad}{3x^3} - \frac{aer}{9x^3} - \frac{ae \log(fx^r)}{3x^3} - \frac{bdn}{9x^3} - \frac{bd \log(cx^n)}{3x^3} - \frac{2benr}{27x^3} - \frac{ben \log(fx^r)}{9x^3} - \frac{ber \log(cx^n)}{9x^3} - \frac{be \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**4,x)`

output `-a*d/(3*x**3) - a*e*r/(9*x**3) - a*e*log(f*x**r)/(3*x**3) - b*d*n/(9*x**3) - b*d*log(c*x**n)/(3*x**3) - 2*b*e*n*r/(27*x**3) - b*e*n*log(f*x**r)/(9*x**3) - b*e*r*log(c*x**n)/(9*x**3) - b*e*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/(3*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{9} be \left(\frac{r}{x^3} + \frac{3 \log(fx^r)}{x^3} \right) \log(cx^n) - \frac{ben(2r + 3 \log(f) + 3 \log(x^r))}{27x^3} - \frac{bdn}{9x^3} - \frac{aer}{9x^3} - \frac{bd \log(cx^n)}{3x^3} - \frac{ae \log(fx^r)}{3x^3} - \frac{ad}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*b*e*(r/x^3 + 3*log(f*x^r)/x^3)*log(c*x^n) - 1/27*b*e*n*(2*r + 3*log(f) + 3*log(x^r))/x^3 - 1/9*b*d*n/x^3 - 1/9*a*e*r/x^3 - 1/3*b*d*log(c*x^n)/x^3 - 1/3*a*e*log(f*x^r)/x^3 - 1/3*a*d/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{benr \log(x)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{(2benr + 3ber \log(c) + 3ben \log(f) + 3bdn + 3aer) \log(x)}{9x^3} - \frac{2benr + 3ber \log(c) + 3ben \log(f) + 9be \log(c) \log(f) + 3bdn + 3aer + 9bd \log(c) + 9ae \log(f) + 9ad}{27x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*b*e*n*r*log(x)^2/x^3 - 1/9*(2*b*e*n*r + 3*b*e*r*log(c) + 3*b*e*n*log(f) + 3*b*d*n + 3*a*e*r)*log(x)/x^3 - 1/27*(2*b*e*n*r + 3*b*e*r*log(c) + 3*b*e*n*log(f) + 9*b*e*log(c)*log(f) + 3*b*d*n + 3*a*e*r + 9*b*d*log(c) + 9*a*e*log(f) + 9*a*d)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\ln(fx^r) \left(\frac{ae}{3x^3} + \frac{ben}{9x^3} + \frac{be \ln(cx^n)}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\frac{ad}{3} + \frac{bdn}{9} + \frac{aer}{9} + \frac{2benr}{27}}{x^3} - \frac{b \ln(cx^n) (3d + er)}{9x^3}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^4,x)`output `- log(f*x^r)*((a*e)/(3*x^3) + (b*e*n)/(9*x^3) + (b*e*log(c*x^n))/(3*x^3)) - ((a*d)/3 + (b*d*n)/9 + (a*e*r)/9 + (2*b*e*n*r)/27)/x^3 - (b*log(c*x^n)*(3*d + e*r))/(9*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \frac{-9 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) be - 9 \log(x^n c) bd - 3 \log(x^n c) ber - 9 \log(x^r f) ae - 3 \log(x^r f) ben - 9ad - 3aer}{27x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x)`output `(- 9*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b*e - 9*log(x**n*c)*b*d - 3*log(x**n*c)*b*e*r - 9*log(x**r*f)*a*e - 3*log(x**r*f)*b*e*n - 9*a*d - 3*a*e*r - 3*b*d*n - 2*b*e*n*r)/(27*x**3)`

3.169 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1283
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1284
Rubi [A] (verified)	1284
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1291

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 207

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
 &= -\frac{2}{81}b^2en^2rx^3 + \frac{2}{81}ben(3a - bn)rx^3 - \frac{1}{81}e(9a^2 - 6abn + 2b^2n^2)rx^3 \\
 &+ \frac{2}{27}b^2enrx^3 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27}be(3a - bn)rx^3 \log(cx^n) \\
 &- \frac{1}{9}b^2erx^3 \log^2(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3(d + e \log(fx^r)) \\
 &- \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-2/81*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^3+2/81*b*e*n*(-b*n+3*a)*r*x^3-1/81*e*(2*b^2*n^2-6*a*b*
n+9*a^2)*r*x^3+2/27*b^2*e*n*r*x^3*ln(c*x^n)-2/27*b*e*(-b*n+3*a)*r*x^3*ln(c
*x^n)-1/9*b^2*e*r*x^3*ln(c*x^n)^2+2/27*b^2*n^2*x^3*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))-2/9*b*n
*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x
^r))

```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))^2(d+e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{27}x^3(9a^2d-6abd n+2b^2dn^2-3a^2er+4abenr -2b^2en^2r+e(9a^2-6abn+2b^2n^2) \log(fx^r) +3b^2 \log^2(cx^n)(3d-er+3e \log(fx^r)) +2b \log(cx^n)(9ad-3bdn-3aer+2benr + (9ae-3ben) \log(fx^r)))$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output

```
(x^3*(9*a^2*d - 6*a*b*d*n + 2*b^2*d*n^2 - 3*a^2*e*r + 4*a*b*e*n*r - 2*b^2*
e*n^2*r + e*(9*a^2 - 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[f*x^r] + 3*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*
(3*d - e*r + 3*e*Log[f*x^r]) + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]*(9*a*d - 3*b*d*n - 3*a*e*r +
2*b*e*n*r + (9*a*e - 3*b*e*n)*Log[f*x^r]))/27
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))^2(d+e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int \frac{1}{27}x^2(2b^2n^2-6b(a+b \log(cx^n))n+9(a+b \log(cx^n))^2) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \log(cx^n))^2(d+e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a+b \log(cx^n))(d+e \log(fx^r)) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3(d+e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{27}er \int x^2 \left(2b^2n^2 - 6b(a + b \log(cx^n))n + 9(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 2010

$$-\frac{1}{27}er \int (9b^2 \log^2(cx^n)x^2 + (9a^2 - 6bna + 2b^2n^2)x^2 - 6b(bn - 3a) \log(cx^n)x^2) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) +$$

$$\frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{27}er \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3(9a^2 - 6abn + 2b^2n^2) + 2bx^3(3a - bn) \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{3}bnx^3(3a - bn) + 3b^2x^3 \log^2(cx^n) - 2b^2nx^3 \log \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{2}{9}bnx^3(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2}{27}b^2n^2x^3(d + e \log(fx^r)) \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]
```

output

```
-1/27*(e*r*((2*b^2*n^2*x^3)/3 - (2*b*n*(3*a - b*n)*x^3)/3 + ((9*a^2 - 6*a*
b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*x^3)/3 - 2*b^2*n*x^3*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*(3*a - b*n)*x^3*Log
[c*x^n] + 3*b^2*x^3*Log[c*x^n]^2)) + (2*b^2*n^2*x^3*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/27
- (2*b*n*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/9 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c
*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_.)*(v_) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 28.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-4x^3 \ln(cx^n) b^2 e^{10r} - 18x^3 \ln(cx^n) a b d n^9 + 6x^3 \ln(fx^r) a b e n^{10} + 3x^3 \ln(cx^n)^2 b^2 e n^9 r - 4x^3 a b e n^{10} r + 6x^3 \ln(cx^n) \ln(fx^r) a b e n^{10} r}{n^9}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/27*(-4*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*e^n^{10}*r-18*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*d*n^9+6*x^3*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e^n^{10}+3*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*e^n^9*r-4*x^3*a*b*e^n^{10}*r+6*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^n^{10}-9*b^2*e*\ln(f*x^r)*\ln(c*x^n)^2*x^3*n^9-2*x^3*b^2*d*n^{11}-9*x^3*a^2*d*n^9+6*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*d*n^{10}-2*x^3*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^n^{11}-9*x^3*\ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e^n^9-9*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*d*n^9+2*x^3*b^2*e^n^{11}*r+3*x^3*a^2*e^n^9*r+6*x^3*a*b*d*n^{10}+6*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*e^n^9*r-18*x^3*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e^n^9)/n^9$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{3} b^2 e n^2 r x^3 \log(x)^3$$

$$- \frac{1}{9} (b^2 e r - 3 b^2 d) x^3 \log(c)^2 - \frac{2}{27} (3 b^2 d n - 9 a b d - (2 b^2 e n - 3 a b e) r) x^3 \log(c)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{27} (2 b^2 d n^2 - 6 a b d n + 9 a^2 d - (2 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n + 3 a^2 e) r) x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} (2 b^2 e n r x^3 \log(c) + b^2 e n^2 x^3 \log(f) + (b^2 d n^2 - (b^2 e n^2 - 2 a b e n) r) x^3) \log(x)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{27} (9 b^2 e x^3 \log(c)^2 - 6 (b^2 e n - 3 a b e) x^3 \log(c) + (2 b^2 e n^2 - 6 a b e n + 9 a^2 e) x^3) \log(f)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} (3 b^2 e r x^3 \log(c)^2 + 2 (3 b^2 d n - (2 b^2 e n - 3 a b e) r) x^3 \log(c) - (2 b^2 d n^2 - 6 a b d n - (2 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^3*log(x)^3 - 1/9*(b^2*e*r - 3*b^2*d)*x^3*log(c)^2 - 2/27*(3*b^2*d*n - 9*a*b*d - (2*b^2*e*n - 3*a*b*e)*r)*x^3*log(c) + 1/27*(2*b^2*d*n^2 - 6*a*b*d*n + 9*a^2*d - (2*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n + 3*a^2*e)*r)*x^3 + 1/3*(2*b^2*e*n*r*x^3*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*x^3*log(f) + (b^2*d*n^2 - (b^2*e*n^2 - 2*a*b*e*n)*r)*x^3)*log(x)^2 + 1/27*(9*b^2*e*x^3*log(c)^2 - 6*(b^2*e*n - 3*a*b*e)*x^3*log(c) + (2*b^2*e*n^2 - 6*a*b*e*n + 9*a^2*e)*x^3)*log(f) + 1/9*(3*b^2*e*r*x^3*log(c)^2 + 2*(3*b^2*d*n - (2*b^2*e*n - 3*a*b*e)*r)*x^3*log(c) - (2*b^2*d*n^2 - 6*a*b*d*n - (2*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n + 3*a^2*e)*r)*x^3 + 2*(3*b^2*e*n*x^3*log(c) - (b^2*e*n^2 - 3*a*b*e*n)*x^3)*log(f))*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
&= \frac{a^2 dx^3}{3} - \frac{a^2 e r x^3}{9} + \frac{a^2 e x^3 \log(fx^r)}{3} - \frac{2 a b d n x^3}{9} + \frac{2 a b d x^3 \log(cx^n)}{3} \\
&+ \frac{4 a b e n r x^3}{27} - \frac{2 a b e n x^3 \log(fx^r)}{9} - \frac{2 a b e r x^3 \log(cx^n)}{9} \\
&+ \frac{2 a b e x^3 \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{3} + \frac{2 b^2 d n^2 x^3}{27} - \frac{2 b^2 d n x^3 \log(cx^n)}{9} \\
&+ \frac{b^2 d x^3 \log(cx^n)^2}{3} - \frac{2 b^2 e n^2 r x^3}{27} + \frac{2 b^2 e n^2 x^3 \log(fx^r)}{27} + \frac{4 b^2 e n r x^3 \log(cx^n)}{27} \\
&- \frac{2 b^2 e n x^3 \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{9} - \frac{b^2 e r x^3 \log(cx^n)^2}{9} + \frac{b^2 e x^3 \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)}{3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `a**2*d*x**3/3 - a**2*e*r*x**3/9 + a**2*e*x**3*log(f*x**r)/3 - 2*a*b*d*n*x**3/9 + 2*a*b*d*x**3*log(c*x**n)/3 + 4*a*b*e*n*r*x**3/27 - 2*a*b*e*n*x**3*log(f*x**r)/9 - 2*a*b*e*r*x**3*log(c*x**n)/9 + 2*a*b*e*x**3*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/3 + 2*b**2*d*n**2*x**3/27 - 2*b**2*d*n*x**3*log(c*x**n)/9 + b**2*d*x**3*log(c*x**n)**2/3 - 2*b**2*e*n**2*r*x**3/27 + 2*b**2*e*n**2*x**3*log(f*x**r)/27 + 4*b**2*e*n*r*x**3*log(c*x**n)/27 - 2*b**2*e*n*x**3*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/9 - b**2*e*r*x**3*log(c*x**n)**2/9 + b**2*e*x**3*log(c*x**n)**2*log(f*x**r)/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{3} b^2 dx^3 \log(cx^n)^2 - \frac{2}{9} abdnx^3$$

$$- \frac{1}{9} a^2 ex^3 + \frac{2}{3} abdx^3 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} a^2 ex^3 \log(fx^r) + \frac{1}{3} a^2 dx^3$$

$$- \frac{1}{9} (rx^3 - 3x^3 \log(fx^r)) b^2 e \log(cx^n)^2 + \frac{2}{27} ((2r - 3 \log(f))x^3 - 3x^3 \log(x^r)) aben$$

$$- \frac{2}{9} (rx^3 - 3x^3 \log(fx^r)) abe \log(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27} (n^2 x^3 - 3nx^3 \log(cx^n)) b^2 d$$

$$- \frac{2}{27} (((r - \log(f))x^3 - x^3 \log(x^r))n^2 - ((2r - 3 \log(f))x^3 - 3x^3 \log(x^r))n \log(cx^n)) b^2 e$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b^2*d*x^3*log(c*x^n)^2 - 2/9*a*b*d*n*x^3 - 1/9*a^2*e*r*x^3 + 2/3*a*b*d*x^3*log(c*x^n) + 1/3*a^2*e*x^3*log(f*x^r) + 1/3*a^2*d*x^3 - 1/9*(r*x^3 - 3*x^3*log(f*x^r))*b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2/27*((2*r - 3*log(f))*x^3 - 3*x^3*log(x^r))*a*b*e*n - 2/9*(r*x^3 - 3*x^3*log(f*x^r))*a*b*e*log(c*x^n) + 2/27*(n^2*x^3 - 3*n*x^3*log(c*x^n))*b^2*d - 2/27(((r - log(f))*x^3 - x^3*log(x^r))*n^2 - ((2*r - 3*log(f))*x^3 - 3*x^3*log(x^r))*n*log(c*x^n))*b^2*e`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 480 vs. 2(187) = 374.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 480, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/3*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^3*log(x)^3 - 1/3*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^3*log(x)^2 + 2/3*b^2*e*n*
r*x^3*log(c)*log(x)^2 + 1/3*b^2*e*n^2*x^3*log(f)*log(x)^2 + 2/9*b^2*e*n^2*
r*x^3*log(x) - 4/9*b^2*e*n*r*x^3*log(c)*log(x) + 1/3*b^2*e*r*x^3*log(c)^2*
log(x) - 2/9*b^2*e*n^2*x^3*log(f)*log(x) + 2/3*b^2*e*n*x^3*log(c)*log(f)*l
og(x) + 1/3*b^2*d*n^2*x^3*log(x)^2 + 2/3*a*b*e*n*r*x^3*log(x)^2 - 2/27*b^2
*e*n^2*r*x^3 + 4/27*b^2*e*n*r*x^3*log(c) - 1/9*b^2*e*r*x^3*log(c)^2 + 2/27
*b^2*e*n^2*x^3*log(f) - 2/9*b^2*e*n*x^3*log(c)*log(f) + 1/3*b^2*e*x^3*log(
c)^2*log(f) - 2/9*b^2*d*n^2*x^3*log(x) - 4/9*a*b*e*n*r*x^3*log(x) + 2/3*b^
2*d*n*x^3*log(c)*log(x) + 2/3*a*b*e*r*x^3*log(c)*log(x) + 2/3*a*b*e*n*x^3*
log(f)*log(x) + 2/27*b^2*d*n^2*x^3 + 4/27*a*b*e*n*r*x^3 - 2/9*b^2*d*n*x^3*
log(c) - 2/9*a*b*e*r*x^3*log(c) + 1/3*b^2*d*x^3*log(c)^2 - 2/9*a*b*e*n*x^3
*log(f) + 2/3*a*b*e*x^3*log(c)*log(f) + 2/3*a*b*d*n*x^3*log(x) + 1/3*a^2*e
*r*x^3*log(x) - 2/9*a*b*d*n*x^3 - 1/9*a^2*e*r*x^3 + 2/3*a*b*d*x^3*log(c) +
1/3*a^2*e*x^3*log(f) + 1/3*a^2*d*x^3

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
&= \ln(fx^r) \left(\ln(cx^n) \left(\frac{2abex^3}{3} - \frac{2b^2enx^3}{9} \right) + \frac{a^2ex^3}{3} + \frac{2b^2en^2x^3}{27} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{b^2ex^3 \ln(cx^n)^2}{3} - \frac{2abex^3}{9} \right) \\
&+ x^3 \left(\frac{a^2d}{3} + \frac{2b^2dn^2}{27} - \frac{a^2er}{9} - \frac{2b^2en^2r}{27} - \frac{2abd n}{9} + \frac{4abenr}{27} \right) \\
&+ \frac{b^2x^3 \ln(cx^n)^2 (3d - er)}{9} + \frac{2bx^3 \ln(cx^n) (9ad - 3bdn - 3aer + 2benr)}{27}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```

log(f*x^r)*(log(c*x^n)*((2*a*b*e*x^3)/3 - (2*b^2*e*n*x^3)/9) + (a^2*e*x^3)
/3 + (2*b^2*e*n^2*x^3)/27 + (b^2*e*x^3*log(c*x^n)^2)/3 - (2*a*b*e*n*x^3)/9
) + x^3*((a^2*d)/3 + (2*b^2*d*n^2)/27 - (a^2*e*r)/9 - (2*b^2*e*n^2*r)/27 -
(2*a*b*d*n)/9 + (4*a*b*e*n*r)/27) + (b^2*x^3*log(c*x^n)^2*(3*d - e*r))/9
+ (2*b*x^3*log(c*x^n)*(9*a*d - 3*b*d*n - 3*a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r))/27

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(9\log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e + 9\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d - 3\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e r + 18\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e - 6\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e n + 18\log(x^n c) a b d - 6\log(x^n c) a b e r - 6\log(x^n c) b^2 d n + 4\log(x^n c) b^2 e n r + 9\log(x^r f) a^2 e - 6\log(x^r f) a b e n + 2\log(x^r f) b^2 e n^2 + 9a^2 d - 3a^2 e r - 6a b d n + 4a b e n r + 2b^2 d n^2 - 2b^2 e n^2 r)}{27}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(9*log(x**n*c)**2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e + 9*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*r + 18*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e - 6*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n + 18*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*r - 6*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*n + 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n*r + 9*log(x**r*f)*a**2*e - 6*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e*n + 2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n**2 + 9*a**2*d - 3*a**2*e*r - 6*a*b*d*n + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 2*b**2*d*n**2 - 2*b**2*e*n**2*r))/27
```


3.170 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1292
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1293
Rubi [A] (verified)	1293
Maple [A] (verified)	1295
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1296
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1297
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1297
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1298
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1299
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1300

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{8}b^2en^2rx^2 + \frac{1}{8}ben(2a - bn)rx^2 - \frac{1}{8}e(2a^2 - 2abn + b^2n^2)rx^2 + \frac{1}{4}b^2enrx^2 \log(cx^n)$$

$$- \frac{1}{4}be(2a - bn)rx^2 \log(cx^n) - \frac{1}{4}b^2erx^2 \log^2(cx^n) + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
-1/8*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^2+1/8*b*e*n*(-b*n+2*a)*r*x^2-1/8*e*(b^2*n^2-2*a*b*n+2*a^2)*r*x^2+1/4*b^2*e*n*r*x^2*ln(c*x^n)-1/4*b*e*(-b*n+2*a)*r*x^2*ln(c*x^n)-1/4*b^2*e*r*x^2*ln(c*x^n)^2+1/4*b^2*n^2*x^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))-1/2*b*n*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{8}x^2(4a^2d - 4abd n + 2b^2dn^2 - 2a^2er + 4abenr - 3b^2en^2r + 2e(2a^2 - 2abn + b^2n^2) \log(fx^r) + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n)(2d - er + 2e \log(fx^r)) - 4b \log(cx^n)(-2ad + bdn + aer - benr + (-2ae + ben) \log(fx^r)))$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(4*a^2*d - 4*a*b*d*n + 2*b^2*d*n^2 - 2*a^2*e*r + 4*a*b*e*n*r - 3*b^2*e*n^2*r + 2*e*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)*Log[f*x^r] + 2*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*(2*d - e*r + 2*e*Log[f*x^r]) - 4*b*Log[c*x^n]*(-2*a*d + b*d*n + a*e*r - b*e*n*r + (-2*a*e + b*e*n)*Log[f*x^r]))/8
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int \frac{1}{4}x(2a^2 - 2bna + b^2n^2 + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 2b(2a - bn) \log(cx^n)) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{4}er \int x(2a^2 - 2bna + b^2n^2 + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 2b(2a - bn) \log(cx^n)) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 2010

$$-\frac{1}{4}er \int (2b^2x \log^2(cx^n) - 2b(bn - 2a)x \log(cx^n) + (2a^2 - 2bna + b^2n^2)x) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{4}er \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(2a^2 - 2abn + b^2n^2) + b^2x^2(2a - bn) \log(cx^n) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(2a - bn) + b^2x^2 \log^2(cx^n) - b^2nx^2 \log(cx^n) \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \frac{1}{2}bnx^2(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r)) + \frac{1}{4}b^2n^2x^2(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-1/4*(e*r*((b^2*n^2*x^2)/2 - (b*n*(2*a - b*n)*x^2)/2 + ((2*a^2 - 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)*x^2)/2 - b^2*n*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + b*(2*a - b*n)*x^2*Log[c*x^n] + b^2*x^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)) + (b^2*n^2*x^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/4 - (b*n*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/2 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_.)*(v_) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 12.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-2x^2b^2dn^{10}-4x^2a^2dn^8-4b^2e\ln(fx^r)\ln(cx^n)^2x^2n^8-4x^2\ln(cx^n)b^2en^9r-8x^2\ln(cx^n)abd n^8+4x^2\ln(fx^r)abe n^9+2x^2}{n^8}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8*(-2*x^2*b^2*d*n^{10}-4*x^2*a^2*d*n^8-4*b^2*e*\ln(f*x^r)*\ln(c*x^n)^2*x^2*n^8-4*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*e*n^9*r-8*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*d*n^8+4*x^2*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^9+2*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*e*n^8*r+4*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^9-4*x^2*a*b*e*n^9*r+4*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*e*n^8*r-8*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^8+4*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*d*n^9-2*x^2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^{10}-4*x^2*\ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e*n^8-4*x^2*\ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*d*n^8+3*x^2*b^2*e*n^{10}*r+2*x^2*a^2*e*n^8*r+4*x^2*a*b*d*n^9)/n^8$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs. $2(186) = 372$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{2} b^2 e n^2 r x^2 \log(x)^3 - \frac{1}{4} (b^2 e r - 2 b^2 d) x^2 \log(c)^2 - \frac{1}{2} (b^2 d n - 2 a b d - (b^2 e n - a b e) r) x^2 \log(c) + \frac{1}{8} (2 b^2 d n^2 - 4 a b d n + 4 a^2 d - (3 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n + 2 a^2 e) r) x^2 + \frac{1}{4} (4 b^2 e n r x^2 \log(c) + 2 b^2 e n^2 x^2 \log(f) + (2 b^2 d n^2 - (3 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n) r) x^2) \log(x)^2 + \frac{1}{4} (2 b^2 e x^2 \log(c)^2 - 2 (b^2 e n - 2 a b e) x^2 \log(c) + (b^2 e n^2 - 2 a b e n + 2 a^2 e) x^2) \log(f) + \frac{1}{4} (2 b^2 e r x^2 \log(c)^2 + 4 (b^2 d n - (b^2 e n - a b e) r) x^2 \log(c) - (2 b^2 d n^2 - 4 a b d n - (3 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n + 2 a^2 e) r) x^2) \log(x)$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^2*log(x)^3 - 1/4*(b^2*e*r - 2*b^2*d)*x^2*log(c)^2 - 1/2*(b^2*d*n - 2*a*b*d - (b^2*e*n - a*b*e)*r)*x^2*log(c) + 1/8*(2*b^2*d*n^2 - 4*a*b*d*n + 4*a^2*d - (3*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n + 2*a^2*e)*r)*x^2 + 1/4*(4*b^2*e*n*r*x^2*log(c) + 2*b^2*e*n^2*x^2*log(f) + (2*b^2*d*n^2 - (3*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n)*r)*x^2)*log(x)^2 + 1/4*(2*b^2*e*x^2*log(c)^2 - 2*(b^2*e*n - 2*a*b*e)*x^2*log(c) + (b^2*e*n^2 - 2*a*b*e*n + 2*a^2*e)*x^2)*log(f) + 1/4*(2*b^2*e*r*x^2*log(c)^2 + 4*(b^2*d*n - (b^2*e*n - a*b*e)*r)*x^2*log(c) - (2*b^2*d*n^2 - 4*a*b*d*n - (3*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n + 2*a^2*e)*r)*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*e*n*x^2*log(c) - (b^2*e*n^2 - 2*a*b*e*n)*x^2)*log(f))*log(x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
&= \frac{a^2 dx^2}{2} - \frac{a^2 e r x^2}{4} + \frac{a^2 e x^2 \log(fx^r)}{2} - \frac{a b d n x^2}{2} + a b d x^2 \log(cx^n) \\
&+ \frac{a b e n r x^2}{2} - \frac{a b e n x^2 \log(fx^r)}{2} - \frac{a b e r x^2 \log(cx^n)}{2} \\
&+ a b e x^2 \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r) + \frac{b^2 d n^2 x^2}{4} - \frac{b^2 d n x^2 \log(cx^n)}{2} \\
&+ \frac{b^2 d x^2 \log(cx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{3 b^2 e n^2 r x^2}{8} + \frac{b^2 e n^2 x^2 \log(fx^r)}{4} + \frac{b^2 e n r x^2 \log(cx^n)}{2} \\
&- \frac{b^2 e n x^2 \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{2} - \frac{b^2 e r x^2 \log(cx^n)^2}{4} + \frac{b^2 e x^2 \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `a**2*d*x**2/2 - a**2*e*r*x**2/4 + a**2*e*x**2*log(f*x**r)/2 - a*b*d*n*x**2/2 + a*b*d*x**2*log(c*x**n) + a*b*e*n*r*x**2/2 - a*b*e*n*x**2*log(f*x**r)/2 - a*b*e*r*x**2*log(c*x**n)/2 + a*b*e*x**2*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r) + b**2*d*n**2*x**2/4 - b**2*d*n*x**2*log(c*x**n)/2 + b**2*d*x**2*log(c*x**n)**2/2 - 3*b**2*e*n**2*r*x**2/8 + b**2*e*n**2*x**2*log(f*x**r)/4 + b**2*e*n*r*x**2*log(c*x**n)/2 - b**2*e*n*x**2*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/2 - b**2*e*r*x**2*log(c*x**n)**2/4 + b**2*e*x**2*log(c*x**n)**2*log(f*x**r)/2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{1}{2} b^2 d x^2 \log(cx^n)^2 - \frac{1}{2} a b d n x^2 \\
&- \frac{1}{4} a^2 e r x^2 + a b d x^2 \log(cx^n) - \frac{1}{4} (r x^2 - 2 x^2 \log(fx^r)) b^2 e \log(cx^n)^2 \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} a^2 e x^2 \log(fx^r) + \frac{1}{2} ((r - \log(f)) x^2 - x^2 \log(x^r)) a b e n + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d x^2 \\
&- \frac{1}{2} (r x^2 - 2 x^2 \log(fx^r)) a b e \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{4} (n^2 x^2 - 2 n x^2 \log(cx^n)) b^2 d \\
&- \frac{1}{8} (((3 r - 2 \log(f)) x^2 - 2 x^2 \log(x^r)) n^2 - 4 ((r - \log(f)) x^2 - x^2 \log(x^r)) n \log(cx^n)) b^2 e
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*b^2*d*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2 - 1/2*a*b*d*n*x^2 - 1/4*a^2*e*r*x^2 + a*b*d*x^2 \\ & *log(c*x^n) - 1/4*(r*x^2 - 2*x^2*log(f*x^r))*b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^2 + 1/2*a^2* \\ & e*x^2*log(f*x^r) + 1/2*((r - log(f))*x^2 - x^2*log(x^r))*a*b*e*n + 1/2*a^2 \\ & *d*x^2 - 1/2*(r*x^2 - 2*x^2*log(f*x^r))*a*b*e*log(c*x^n) + 1/4*(n^2*x^2 - \\ & 2*n*x^2*log(c*x^n))*b^2*d - 1/8*((3*r - 2*log(f))*x^2 - 2*x^2*log(x^r))*n \\ & ^2 - 4*((r - log(f))*x^2 - x^2*log(x^r))*n*log(c*x^n))*b^2*e \end{aligned}$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 471 vs. $2(186) = 372$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\ & = \frac{1}{2} b^2 e n^2 r x^2 \log(x)^3 - \frac{3}{4} b^2 e n^2 r x^2 \log(x)^2 + b^2 e n r x^2 \log(c) \log(x)^2 \\ & + \frac{1}{2} b^2 e n^2 x^2 \log(f) \log(x)^2 + \frac{3}{4} b^2 e n^2 r x^2 \log(x) - b^2 e n r x^2 \log(c) \log(x) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} b^2 e r x^2 \log(c)^2 \log(x) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 e n^2 x^2 \log(f) \log(x) + b^2 e n x^2 \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} b^2 d n^2 x^2 \log(x)^2 + a b e n r x^2 \log(x)^2 - \frac{3}{8} b^2 e n^2 r x^2 + \frac{1}{2} b^2 e n r x^2 \log(c) \\ & - \frac{1}{4} b^2 e r x^2 \log(c)^2 + \frac{1}{4} b^2 e n^2 x^2 \log(f) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 e n x^2 \log(c) \log(f) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} b^2 e x^2 \log(c)^2 \log(f) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 d n^2 x^2 \log(x) - a b e n r x^2 \log(x) \\ & + b^2 d n x^2 \log(c) \log(x) + a b e r x^2 \log(c) \log(x) + a b e n x^2 \log(f) \log(x) \\ & + \frac{1}{4} b^2 d n^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a b e n r x^2 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 d n x^2 \log(c) - \frac{1}{2} a b e r x^2 \log(c) + \frac{1}{2} b^2 d x^2 \log(c)^2 \\ & - \frac{1}{2} a b e n x^2 \log(f) + a b e x^2 \log(c) \log(f) + a b d n x^2 \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} a^2 e r x^2 \log(x) \\ & - \frac{1}{2} a b d n x^2 - \frac{1}{4} a^2 e r x^2 + a b d x^2 \log(c) + \frac{1}{2} a^2 e x^2 \log(f) + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^2*log(x)^3 - 3/4*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^2*log(x)^2 + b^2*e*n*r*x^
2*log(c)*log(x)^2 + 1/2*b^2*e*n^2*x^2*log(f)*log(x)^2 + 3/4*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^
2*log(x) - b^2*e*n*r*x^2*log(c)*log(x) + 1/2*b^2*e*r*x^2*log(c)^2*log(x) -
1/2*b^2*e*n^2*x^2*log(f)*log(x) + b^2*e*n*x^2*log(c)*log(f)*log(x) + 1/2*
b^2*d*n^2*x^2*log(x)^2 + a*b*e*n*r*x^2*log(x)^2 - 3/8*b^2*e*n^2*r*x^2 + 1/
2*b^2*e*n*r*x^2*log(c) - 1/4*b^2*e*r*x^2*log(c)^2 + 1/4*b^2*e*n^2*x^2*log(
f) - 1/2*b^2*e*n*x^2*log(c)*log(f) + 1/2*b^2*e*x^2*log(c)^2*log(f) - 1/2*b
^2*d*n^2*x^2*log(x) - a*b*e*n*r*x^2*log(x) + b^2*d*n*x^2*log(c)*log(x) + a
*b*e*r*x^2*log(c)*log(x) + a*b*e*n*x^2*log(f)*log(x) + 1/4*b^2*d*n^2*x^2 +
1/2*a*b*e*n*r*x^2 - 1/2*b^2*d*n*x^2*log(c) - 1/2*a*b*e*r*x^2*log(c) + 1/2
*b^2*d*x^2*log(c)^2 - 1/2*a*b*e*n*x^2*log(f) + a*b*e*x^2*log(c)*log(f) + a
*b*d*n*x^2*log(x) + 1/2*a^2*e*r*x^2*log(x) - 1/2*a*b*d*n*x^2 - 1/4*a^2*e*r
*x^2 + a*b*d*x^2*log(c) + 1/2*a^2*e*x^2*log(f) + 1/2*a^2*d*x^2

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
&= \ln(fx^r) \left(\ln(cx^n) \left(abex^2 - \frac{b^2 enx^2}{2} \right) + \frac{a^2 ex^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 en^2 x^2}{4} + \frac{b^2 ex^2 \ln(cx^n)^2}{2} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \frac{abenx^2}{2} \right) + x^2 \left(\frac{a^2 d}{2} + \frac{b^2 dn^2}{4} - \frac{a^2 er}{4} - \frac{3b^2 en^2 r}{8} - \frac{abd n}{2} + \frac{abenr}{2} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2 x^2 \ln(cx^n)^2 (2d - er)}{4} + \frac{bx^2 \ln(cx^n) (2ad - bdn - aer + benr)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```

log(f*x^r)*(log(c*x^n)*(a*b*e*x^2 - (b^2*e*n*x^2)/2) + (a^2*e*x^2)/2 + (b^
2*e*n^2*x^2)/4 + (b^2*e*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2)/2 - (a*b*e*n*x^2)/2) + x^2*((a^2
*d)/2 + (b^2*d*n^2)/4 - (a^2*e*r)/4 - (3*b^2*e*n^2*r)/8 - (a*b*d*n)/2 + (a
*b*e*n*r)/2) + (b^2*x^2*log(c*x^n)^2*(2*d - e*r))/4 + (b*x^2*log(c*x^n)*(2
*a*d - b*d*n - a*e*r + b*e*n*r))/2

```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2(4\log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e + 4\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d - 2\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e r + 8\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e - 4\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b d + 4\log(x^n c) b^2 d n + 4\log(x^n c) b^2 e n r + 4\log(x^r f) a^2 e - 4\log(x^r f) a b e n + 2\log(x^r f) b^2 e n^2 + 4a^2 d - 2a^2 e r - 4a b d n + 4a b e n r + 2b^2 d n^2 - 3b^2 e n^2 r)}{8}$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(4*log(x**n*c)**2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e + 4*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d - 2*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*r + 8*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e - 4*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n + 8*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d - 4*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*r - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*n + 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n*r + 4*log(x**r*f)*a**2*e - 4*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e*n + 2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n**2 + 4*a**2*d - 2*a**2*e*r - 4*a*b*d*n + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 2*b**2*d*n**2 - 3*b**2*e*n**2*r))/8
```

3.171 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1302
Rubi [A] (verified)	1302
Maple [A] (verified)	1303
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1304
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1305
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1305
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1306
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1308

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = 2abenrx - 4b^2en^2rx + 2ben(a - bn)rx + 4b^2enrx \log(cx^n) - erx(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2abnx(d + e \log(fx^r)) + 2b^2n^2x(d + e \log(fx^r)) - 2b^2nx \log(cx^n)(d + e \log(fx^r)) + x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
2*a*b*e*n*r*x-4*b^2*e*n^2*r*x+2*b*e*n*(-b*n+a)*r*x+4*b^2*e*n*r*x*ln(c*x^n)
-e*r*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2-2*a*b*n*x*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+2*b^2*n^2*x*(d+e*ln(f*x
^r))-2*b^2*n*x*ln(c*x^n)*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r
))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = x(a^2d - 2abdn + 2b^2dn^2 - a^2er + 4abenr - 6b^2en^2r + e(a^2 - 2abn + 2b^2n^2) \log(fx^r) + b^2 \log^2(cx^n) (d - er + e \log(fx^r)) + 2b \log(cx^n) (ad - bdn - aer + 2benr + e(a - bn) \log(fx^r)))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]
```

output

```
x*(a^2*d - 2*a*b*d*n + 2*b^2*d*n^2 - a^2*e*r + 4*a*b*e*n*r - 6*b^2*e*n^2*r + e*(a^2 - 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[f*x^r] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*(d - e*r + e*Log[f*x^r]) + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]*(a*d - b*d*n - a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r + e*(a - b*n)*Log[f*x^r]))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {2808, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

↓ 2808

$$-er \int \left(-2n \log(cx^n) b^2 - 2n(a - bn)b + (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \right) dx + x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) - 2abnx(d + e \log(fx^r)) - 2b^2nx \log(cx^n) (d + e \log(fx^r)) + 2b^2n^2x(d + e \log(fx^r))$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -er\left(x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 - 2abnx - 2bnx(a - bn) - 4b^2nx \log(cx^n) + 4b^2n^2x\right) + \\
 & x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) - 2abnx(d + e \log(fx^r)) - \\
 & 2b^2nx \log(cx^n)(d + e \log(fx^r)) + 2b^2n^2x(d + e \log(fx^r))
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-(e*r*(-2*a*b*n*x + 4*b^2*n^2*x - 2*b*n*(a - b*n)*x - 4*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2) - 2*a*b*n*x*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) + 2*b^2*n^2*x*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) - 2*b^2*n*x*Log[c*x^n]*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2808 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^p_.]*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p, r}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
parallelrisch	$-x \ln(cx^n)^2 b^2 d n^7 - 2x \ln(fx^r) b^2 e n^9 - x \ln(fx^r) a^2 e n^7 + 2x \ln(cx^n) b^2 d n^8 + 6x b^2 e n^9 r + x a^2 e n^7 r + 2x a b d n^8 - 2x b^2 d n^9$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-(-x*ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*d*n^7-2*x*ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^9-x*ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e*n^7+2
*x*ln(c*x^n)*b^2*d*n^8+6*x*b^2*e*n^9+r*x*a^2*e*n^7*r+2*x*a*b*d*n^8-2*x*b^2
*d*n^9-x*a^2*d*n^7-4*x*a*b*e*n^8*r-x*ln(c*x^n)^2*ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^7+x*ln(
c*x^n)^2*b^2*e*n^7*r+2*x*ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^8-4*x*ln(c*x^n)*b^2*e*n^8*r-2*x
*ln(c*x^n)*a*b*d*n^7+2*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^8+2*x*ln(c*x^n)*a*b*e
*n^7*r-2*x*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^7)/n^7

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
& = b^2 e n^2 r x \log(x)^3 - (b^2 e r - b^2 d) x \log(c)^2 - 2(b^2 d n - a b d - (2 b^2 e n - a b e) r) x \log(c) \\
& \quad + (2 b^2 e n r x \log(c) + b^2 e n^2 x \log(f) + (b^2 d n^2 - (3 b^2 e n^2 - 2 a b e n) r) x) \log(x)^2 \\
& \quad + (2 b^2 d n^2 - 2 a b d n + a^2 d - (6 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n + a^2 e) r) x \\
& \quad + (b^2 e x \log(c)^2 - 2(b^2 e n - a b e) x \log(c) + (2 b^2 e n^2 - 2 a b e n + a^2 e) x) \log(f) \\
& \quad + (b^2 e r x \log(c)^2 + 2(b^2 d n - (2 b^2 e n - a b e) r) x \log(c) - (2 b^2 d n^2 - 2 a b d n - (6 b^2 e n^2 - 4 a b e n + a^2 e) r) x
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

b^2*e*n^2*r*x*log(x)^3 - (b^2*e*r - b^2*d)*x*log(c)^2 - 2*(b^2*d*n - a*b*d
- (2*b^2*e*n - a*b*e)*r)*x*log(c) + (2*b^2*e*n*r*x*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*x*l
og(f) + (b^2*d*n^2 - (3*b^2*e*n^2 - 2*a*b*e*n)*r)*x)*log(x)^2 + (2*b^2*d*n
^2 - 2*a*b*d*n + a^2*d - (6*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n + a^2*e)*r)*x + (b^2*e*x
*log(c)^2 - 2*(b^2*e*n - a*b*e)*x*log(c) + (2*b^2*e*n^2 - 2*a*b*e*n + a^2*
e)*x)*log(f) + (b^2*e*r*x*log(c)^2 + 2*(b^2*d*n - (2*b^2*e*n - a*b*e)*r)*x
*log(c) - (2*b^2*d*n^2 - 2*a*b*d*n - (6*b^2*e*n^2 - 4*a*b*e*n + a^2*e)*r)*x
+ 2*(b^2*e*n*x*log(c) - (b^2*e*n^2 - a*b*e*n)*x)*log(f))*log(x)

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
&= a^2 dx - a^2 e r x + a^2 e x \log(fx^r) - 2 a b d n x + 2 a b d x \log(cx^n) \\
&\quad + 4 a b e n r x - 2 a b e n x \log(fx^r) - 2 a b e r x \log(cx^n) \\
&\quad + 2 a b e x \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r) + 2 b^2 d n^2 x - 2 b^2 d n x \log(cx^n) \\
&\quad + b^2 d x \log(cx^n)^2 - 6 b^2 e n^2 r x + 2 b^2 e n^2 x \log(fx^r) + 4 b^2 e n r x \log(cx^n) \\
&\quad - 2 b^2 e n x \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r) - b^2 e r x \log(cx^n)^2 + b^2 e x \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`output `a**2*d*x - a**2*e*r*x + a**2*e*x*log(f*x**r) - 2*a*b*d*n*x + 2*a*b*d*x*log(c*x**n) + 4*a*b*e*n*r*x - 2*a*b*e*n*x*log(f*x**r) - 2*a*b*e*r*x*log(c*x**n) + 2*a*b*e*x*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r) + 2*b**2*d*n**2*x - 2*b**2*d*n*x*log(c*x**n) + b**2*d*x*log(c*x**n)**2 - 6*b**2*e*n**2*r*x + 2*b**2*e*n**2*x*log(f*x**r) + 4*b**2*e*n*r*x*log(c*x**n) - 2*b**2*e*n*x*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r) - b**2*e*r*x*log(c*x**n)**2 + b**2*e*x*log(c*x**n)**2*log(f*x**r)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\
&= -(rx - x \log(fx^r)) b^2 e \log(cx^n)^2 + b^2 d x \log(cx^n)^2 \\
&\quad + 2((2r - \log(f))x - x \log(x^r)) a b e n - 2 a b d n x - a^2 e r x \\
&\quad - 2(rx - x \log(fx^r)) a b e \log(cx^n) + 2 a b d x \log(cx^n) \\
&\quad + a^2 e x \log(fx^r) + 2(n^2 x - n x \log(cx^n)) b^2 d \\
&\quad - 2(((3r - \log(f))x - x \log(x^r))n^2 - ((2r - \log(f))x - x \log(x^r))n \log(cx^n)) b^2 e \\
&\quad + a^2 d x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(r*x - x*log(f*x^r))*b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^2 + b^2*d*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*((2*r
- log(f))*x - x*log(x^r))*a*b*e*n - 2*a*b*d*n*x - a^2*e*r*x - 2*(r*x - x*log
og(f*x^r))*a*b*e*log(c*x^n) + 2*a*b*d*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*e*x*log(f*x^r) +
2*(n^2*x - n*x*log(c*x^n))*b^2*d - 2*((3*r - log(f))*x - x*log(x^r))*n^2
- ((2*r - log(f))*x - x*log(x^r))*n*log(c*x^n))*b^2*e + a^2*d*x

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 399 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = & b^2 e n^2 r x \log(x)^3 - 3 b^2 e n^2 r x \log(x)^2 \\
& + 2 b^2 e n r x \log(c) \log(x)^2 \\
& + b^2 e n^2 x \log(f) \log(x)^2 + 6 b^2 e n^2 r x \log(x) \\
& - 4 b^2 e n r x \log(c) \log(x) \\
& + b^2 e r x \log(c)^2 \log(x) \\
& - 2 b^2 e n^2 x \log(f) \log(x) \\
& + 2 b^2 e n x \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) \\
& + b^2 d n^2 x \log(x)^2 + 2 a b e n r x \log(x)^2 \\
& - 6 b^2 e n^2 r x + 4 b^2 e n r x \log(c) - b^2 e r x \log(c)^2 \\
& + 2 b^2 e n^2 x \log(f) - 2 b^2 e n x \log(c) \log(f) \\
& + b^2 e x \log(c)^2 \log(f) - 2 b^2 d n^2 x \log(x) \\
& - 4 a b e n r x \log(x) + 2 b^2 d n x \log(c) \log(x) \\
& + 2 a b e r x \log(c) \log(x) \\
& + 2 a b e n x \log(f) \log(x) + 2 b^2 d n^2 x \\
& + 4 a b e n r x - 2 b^2 d n x \log(c) - 2 a b e r x \log(c) \\
& + b^2 d x \log(c)^2 - 2 a b e n x \log(f) \\
& + 2 a b e x \log(c) \log(f) + 2 a b d n x \log(x) \\
& + a^2 e r x \log(x) - 2 a b d n x - a^2 e r x \\
& + 2 a b d x \log(c) + a^2 e x \log(f) + a^2 d x
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

b^2*e*n^2*r*x*log(x)^3 - 3*b^2*e*n^2*r*x*log(x)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n*r*x*log(c)*l
og(x)^2 + b^2*e*n^2*x*log(f)*log(x)^2 + 6*b^2*e*n^2*r*x*log(x) - 4*b^2*e*n
*r*x*log(c)*log(x) + b^2*e*r*x*log(c)^2*log(x) - 2*b^2*e*n^2*x*log(f)*log(x)
+ 2*b^2*e*n*x*log(c)*log(f)*log(x) + b^2*d*n^2*x*log(x)^2 + 2*a*b*e*n*r
*x*log(x)^2 - 6*b^2*e*n^2*r*x + 4*b^2*e*n*r*x*log(c) - b^2*e*r*x*log(c)^2
+ 2*b^2*e*n^2*x*log(f) - 2*b^2*e*n*x*log(c)*log(f) + b^2*e*x*log(c)^2*log(
f) - 2*b^2*d*n^2*x*log(x) - 4*a*b*e*n*r*x*log(x) + 2*b^2*d*n*x*log(c)*log(
x) + 2*a*b*e*r*x*log(c)*log(x) + 2*a*b*e*n*x*log(f)*log(x) + 2*b^2*d*n^2*x
+ 4*a*b*e*n*r*x - 2*b^2*d*n*x*log(c) - 2*a*b*e*r*x*log(c) + b^2*d*x*log(c
)^2 - 2*a*b*e*n*x*log(f) + 2*a*b*e*x*log(c)*log(f) + 2*a*b*d*n*x*log(x) +
a^2*e*r*x*log(x) - 2*a*b*d*n*x - a^2*e*r*x + 2*a*b*d*x*log(c) + a^2*e*x*lo
g(f) + a^2*d*x

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = x (a^2 d + 2b^2 dn^2 - a^2 er - 6b^2 en^2 r$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - 2abd n + 4abenr) + \ln(fx^r) (a^2 ex \\
 & - \ln(cx^n) (2b^2 enx - 2abex) + 2b^2 en^2 x \\
 & \quad + b^2 ex \ln(cx^n)^2 - 2abex) \\
 & + 2bx \ln(cx^n) (ad - bdn - aer + 2benr) \\
 & + b^2 x \ln(cx^n)^2 (d - er)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```

x*(a^2*d + 2*b^2*d*n^2 - a^2*e*r - 6*b^2*e*n^2*r - 2*a*b*d*n + 4*a*b*e*n*r
) + log(f*x^r)*(a^2*e*x - log(c*x^n)*(2*b^2*e*n*x - 2*a*b*e*x) + 2*b^2*e*n
^2*x + b^2*e*x*log(c*x^n)^2 - 2*a*b*e*n*x) + 2*b*x*log(c*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*n
- a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r) + b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2*(d - e*r)

```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = x(\log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e + \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d$$

$$- \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e r + 2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e$$

$$- 2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e n + 2 \log(x^n c) a b d$$

$$- 2 \log(x^n c) a b e r - 2 \log(x^n c) b^2 d n$$

$$+ 4 \log(x^n c) b^2 e n r + \log(x^r f) a^2 e$$

$$- 2 \log(x^r f) a b e n + 2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e n^2 + a^2 d$$

$$- a^2 e r - 2 a b d n + 4 a b e n r + 2 b^2 d n^2 - 6 b^2 e n^2 r)$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`output `x*(log(x**n*c)**2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e + log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d - log(x**n*c)
2*b2*e*r + 2*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)
*b**2*e*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*r - 2*log(x**n*c)*b*
*2*d*n + 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n*r + log(x**r*f)*a**2*e - 2*log(x**r*f)*a*b
*e*n + 2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n**2 + a**2*d - a**2*e*r - 2*a*b*d*n + 4*a*b*e
*n*r + 2*b**2*d*n**2 - 6*b**2*e*n**2*r)`

3.172 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1309
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1309
Rubi [A] (verified)	1310
Maple [B] (verified)	1311
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1312
Sympy [F]	1312
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1313
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1313
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1315
Reduce [F]	1315

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 (d + e \log (fx^r))}{x} dx = -\frac{er(a + b \log (cx^n))^4}{12b^2n^2} + \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^3 (d + e \log (fx^r))}{3bn}$$

output

```
-1/12*e*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^4/b^2/n^2+1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/b/n
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 (d + e \log (fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{12} \log(x) (-3b^2en^2r \log^3(x) + 12(a + b \log (cx^n))^2 (d + e \log (fx^r)) + 4bn \log^2(x) (bdn + 2aer + 2ber \log (cx^n) + ben \log (fx^r)) - 6 \log(x) (a + b \log (cx^n)) (2bdn + aer + ber \log (cx^n) + 2ben \log (fx^r)))$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x,x]`

output `(Log[x]*(-3*b^2*e*n^2*r*Log[x]^3 + 12*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) + 4*b*n*Log[x]^2*(b*d*n + 2*a*e*r + 2*b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]) - 6*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(2*b*d*n + a*e*r + b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + 2*b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))/12`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2739, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2813} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{3bn} - er \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{3bnx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{3bn} - \frac{er \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx}{3bn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2739} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{3bn} - \frac{er \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^3 d(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3b^2n^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{3bn} - \frac{er(a + b \log(cx^n))^4}{12b^2n^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x,x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/12*(e*r*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^4)/(b^2*n^2) + ((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^3*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]))/(3*b*n)}{1}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*(x^{(m+1)})/(m+1), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \ \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2739
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}](b_*)^{(p_*)}/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(b^n) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^p, x], x, a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, p\}, x]$$

rule 2813
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + \text{Log}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}](b_*)^{(p_*)}((d_*) + \text{Log}[(f_*)*(x_)^{(r_*)}](e_*)^{(g_*)}*(x_)^{(m_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(g*x)^m*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^r]) \ u, x] - \text{Simp}[e*r \ \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/x, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!(EqQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[d, 0])$$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\ln(cx^n)^4 b^2 e n^4 r + 4 \ln(cx^n)^3 \ln(fx^r) b^2 e n^5 + 4 \ln(cx^n)^3 b^2 d n^5 + 12 \ln(x) a^2 d n^6 - 4 \ln(cx^n)^3 a b e n^4 r + 12 \ln(cx^n)^2 \ln(fx^r)}{12n^6}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input
$$\text{int}((a+b*\ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*\ln(f*x^r))/x,x,\text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
1/12*(-ln(c*x^n)^4*b^2*e*n^4*r+4*ln(c*x^n)^3*ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^5+4*ln(c*x^n)^3*b^2*d*n^5+12*ln(x)*a^2*d*n^6-4*ln(c*x^n)^3*a*b*e*n^4*r+12*ln(c*x^n)^2*ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^5-6*ln(c*x^n)^2*a^2*e*n^4*r+12*ln(c*x^n)^2*a*b*d*n^5+12*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e*n^5)/n^6
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 170 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} b^2 e n^2 r \log(x)^4 + \frac{1}{3} (2 b^2 e n r \log(c) + b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + b^2 d n^2 + 2 a b e n r) \log(x)^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 a b d n + a^2 e r + 2 (b^2 d n + a b e r) \log(c) + 2 (b^2 e n \log(c) + a b e n) \log(f)) \log(x)^2$$

$$+ (b^2 d \log(c)^2 + 2 a b d \log(c) + a^2 d + (b^2 e \log(c)^2 + 2 a b e \log(c) + a^2 e) \log(f)) \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^4 + 1/3*(2*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + b^2*d*n^2 + 2*a*b*e*n*r)*log(x)^3 + 1/2*(b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*d*n + a^2*e*r + 2*(b^2*d*n + a*b*e*r)*log(c) + 2*(b^2*e*n*log(c) + a*b*e*n)*log(f))*log(x)^2 + (b^2*d*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*d*log(c) + a^2*d + (b^2*e*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*e*log(c) + a^2*e)*log(f))*log(x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**2*(d + e*log(f*x**r))/x, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx \\ &= \frac{b^2 e \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)^2}{2r} + \frac{b^2 d \log(cx^n)^3}{3n} + \frac{abe \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)^2}{r} \\ & \quad - \frac{aben \log(fx^r)^3}{3r^2} - \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{4n \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)^3}{r^2} - \frac{n^2 \log(fx^r)^4}{r^3} \right) b^2 e \\ & \quad + \frac{abd \log(cx^n)^2}{n} + \frac{a^2 e \log(fx^r)^2}{2r} + a^2 d \log(x) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^2*log(f*x^r)^2/r + 1/3*b^2*d*log(c*x^n)^3/n + a*b*e*log(c*x^n)*log(f*x^r)^2/r - 1/3*a*b*e*n*log(f*x^r)^3/r^2 - 1/12*(4*n*log(c*x^n)*log(f*x^r)^3/r^2 - n^2*log(f*x^r)^4/r^3)*b^2*e + a*b*d*log(c*x^n)^2/n + 1/2*a^2*e*log(f*x^r)^2/r + a^2*d*log(x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 e n^2 r \log(x)^4 + \frac{2}{3} b^2 e n r \log(c) \log(x)^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} b^2 e n^2 \log(f) \log(x)^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} b^2 e r \log(c)^2 \log(x)^2$$

$$+ b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) \log(x)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} b^2 d n^2 \log(x)^3 + \frac{2}{3} a b e n r \log(x)^3$$

$$+ b^2 e \log(c)^2 \log(f) \log(x)$$

$$+ b^2 d n \log(c) \log(x)^2 + a b e r \log(c) \log(x)^2$$

$$+ a b e n \log(f) \log(x)^2 + b^2 d \log(c)^2 \log(x)$$

$$+ 2 a b e \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) + a b d n \log(x)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} a^2 e r \log(x)^2 + 2 a b d \log(c) \log(x)$$

$$+ a^2 e \log(f) \log(x) + a^2 d \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^4 + 2/3*b^2*e*n*r*log(c)*log(x)^3 + 1/3*b^2*e*n^2*log(f)*log(x)^3 + 1/2*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2*log(x)^2 + b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f)*log(x)^2 + 1/3*b^2*d*n^2*log(x)^3 + 2/3*a*b*e*n*r*log(x)^3 + b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(f)*log(x) + b^2*d*n*log(c)*log(x)^2 + a*b*e*r*log(c)*log(x)^2 + a*b*e*n*log(f)*log(x)^2 + b^2*d*log(c)^2*log(x) + 2*a*b*e*log(c)*log(f)*log(x) + a*b*d*n*log(x)^2 + 1/2*a^2*e*r*log(x)^2 + 2*a*b*d*log(c)*log(x) + a^2*e*log(f)*log(x) + a^2*d*log(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \ln(fx^r) \left(\frac{b^2 e \ln(cx^n)^3}{3n} + \frac{a b e \ln(cx^n)^2}{n} \right) + \frac{\ln(cx^n)^3 (b^2 d n - a b e r)}{3n^2} + a^2 d \ln(x) + \frac{a^2 e \ln(fx^r)^2}{2r} + \frac{a b d \ln(cx^n)^2}{n} - \frac{b^2 e r \ln(cx^n)^4}{12n^2}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`output `log(f*x^r)*((b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^3)/(3*n) + (a*b*e*log(c*x^n)^2)/n) + (log(c*x^n)^3*(b^2*d*n - a*b*e*r))/(3*n^2) + a^2*d*log(x) + (a^2*e*log(f*x^r)^2)/(2*r) + (a*b*d*log(c*x^n)^2)/n - (b^2*e*r*log(c*x^n)^4)/(12*n^2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{6 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f)}{x} dx \right) b^2 e n r + 12 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \log(x^r f)}{x} dx \right) a b e n r + 2 \log(x^n c)^3 b^2 d r + 6 \log(x^n c)^2 a b d r + 3 \log(x^n c) a^2 d r + 3 a^2 e \log(fx^r)^2}{6nr}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x)`output `(6*int((log(x**n*c)**2*log(x**r*f))/x,x)*b**2*e*n*r + 12*int((log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/x,x)*a*b*e*n*r + 2*log(x**n*c)**3*b**2*d*r + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b*d*r + 3*log(x**r*f)**2*a**2*e*n + 6*log(x)*a**2*d*n*r)/(6*n*r)`

3.173 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1316
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1317
Rubi [A] (verified)	1317
Maple [A] (verified)	1319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1320
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1320
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1321
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1322
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1322
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1323

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2en^2r}{x} - \frac{2ben(a + bn)r}{x} - \frac{e(a^2 + 2abn + 2b^2n^2)r}{x} - \frac{2b^2enr \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2be(a + bn)r \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{b^2er \log^2(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*e*n^2*r/x-2*b*e*n*(b*n+a)*r/x-e*(2*b^2*n^2+2*a*b*n+a^2)*r/x-2*b^2*e
*n*r*ln(c*x^n)/x-2*b*e*(b*n+a)*r*ln(c*x^n)/x-b^2*e*r*ln(c*x^n)^2/x-2*b^2*n
^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^2 d + 2abd n + 2b^2 d n^2 + a^2 e r + 4ab e n r + 6b^2 e n^2 r + e(a^2 + 2ab n + 2b^2 n^2) \log(fx^r) + b^2 \log^2(cx^n) (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*d + 2*a*b*d*n + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + a^2*e*r + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 6*b^2*e*n^2*r + e*(a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[f*x^r] + b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*(d + e*r + e*Log[f*x^r]) + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]*(a*(d + e*r) + b*n*(d + 2*e*r) + e*(a + b*n))*Log[f*x^r]))/x`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2813, 25, 2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int -\frac{a^2 + b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 2bn(a + bn) + 2b(a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^2} dx - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{2b^2 n^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{er \int \frac{a^2 + b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 2bn(a + bn) + 2b(a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^2} dx -}{\frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2010} \\
 & \frac{er \int \left(\frac{b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{x^2} + \frac{2b(a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^2} + \frac{a^2 + 2bna + 2b^2n^2}{x^2} \right) dx -}{\frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & er \left(-\frac{a^2 + 2abn + 2b^2n^2}{x} - \frac{2b(a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2bn(a + bn)}{x} - \frac{b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2b^2n \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2b^2n^2}{x} \right) - \\
 & \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^2,x]`

output `e*r*((-2*b^2*n^2)/x - (2*b*n*(a + b*n))/x - (a^2 + 2*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)/x - (2*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n])/x - (2*b*(a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n])/x - (b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)/x) - (2*b^2*n^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_.)*(v_) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)])*(e_.)*((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4ab^n e^{6r} + \ln(cx^n)^2 b^2 e^{5r} + 2 \ln(cx^n) \ln(fx^r) b^2 e^{n^6} + 4 \ln(cx^n) b^2 e^{n^6 r} + 2 \ln(fx^r) a b e^{n^6} + 2 \ln(cx^n) a b d n^5 + \ln(cx^n)^2 \ln(fx^r) a^2 b e^{n^5 r}}{n^5}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/x*(4*a*b*e^{n^6*r} + \ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*e^{n^5*r} + 2*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^{n^6} + 4*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*e^{n^6*r} + 2*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e^{n^6} + 2*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*d*n^5 + \ln(c*x^n)^2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^{n^5} + 6*b^2*e^{n^7*r} + a^2*e^{n^5*r} + 2*a*b*d*n^6 + 2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^{n^7} + \ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*d*n^5 + 2*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*d*n^6 + \ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e^{n^5} + 2*b^2*d*n^7 + a^2*d*n^5 + 2*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e^{n^5} + 2*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*e^{n^5*r})/n^5$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^2 en^2 r \log(x)^3 + 2b^2 dn^2 + 2abdn + a^2 d + (b^2 er + b^2 d) \log(c)^2 + (2b^2 enr \log(c) + b^2 en^2 \log(f) + b^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-(b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^3 + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 2*a*b*d*n + a^2*d + (b^2*e*r + b^2*d)*log(c)^2 + (2*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + b^2*d*n^2 + (3*b^2*e*n^2 + 2*a*b*e*n)*r)*log(x)^2 + (6*b^2*e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n + a^2*e)*r + 2*(b^2*d*n + a*b*d + (2*b^2*e*n + a*b*e)*r)*log(c) + (2*b^2*e*n^2 + b^2*e*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*e*n + a^2*e + 2*(b^2*e*n + a*b*e)*log(c))*log(f) + (b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 2*a*b*d*n + (6*b^2*e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n + a^2*e)*r + 2*(b^2*d*n + (2*b^2*e*n + a*b*e)*r)*log(c) + 2*(b^2*e*n^2 + b^2*e*n*log(c) + a*b*e*n)*log(f))*log(x))/x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2 d}{x} - \frac{a^2 er}{x} - \frac{a^2 e \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{2abdn}{x} - \frac{2abd \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{4abenr}{x} - \frac{2aben \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{2aber \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2abe \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{2b^2 dn^2}{x} - \frac{2b^2 dn \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{b^2 d \log(cx^n)^2}{x} - \frac{6b^2 en^2 r}{x} - \frac{2b^2 en^2 \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{4b^2 enr \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{2b^2 en \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{b^2 er \log(cx^n)^2}{x} - \frac{b^2 e \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**2,x)`

output `-a**2*d/x - a**2*e*r/x - a**2*e*log(f*x**r)/x - 2*a*b*d*n/x - 2*a*b*d*log(c*x**n)/x - 4*a*b*e*n*r/x - 2*a*b*e*n*log(f*x**r)/x - 2*a*b*e*r*log(c*x**n)/x - 2*a*b*e*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/x - 2*b**2*d*n**2/x - 2*b**2*d*n*log(c*x**n)/x - b**2*d*log(c*x**n)**2/x - 6*b**2*e*n**2*r/x - 2*b**2*e*n**2*log(f*x**r)/x - 4*b**2*e*n*r*log(c*x**n)/x - 2*b**2*e*n*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/x - b**2*e*r*log(c*x**n)**2/x - b**2*e*log(c*x**n)**2*log(f*x**r)/x`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -b^2 e \left(\frac{r}{x} + \frac{\log(fx^r)}{x} \right) \log(cx^n)^2 - 2abe \left(\frac{r}{x} + \frac{\log(fx^r)}{x} \right) \log(cx^n)$$

$$- 2 \left(\frac{(r \log(x) + 3r + \log(f))n^2}{x} + \frac{n(2r + \log(f) + \log(x^r)) \log(cx^n)}{x} \right) b^2 e$$

$$- 2b^2 d \left(\frac{n^2}{x} + \frac{n \log(cx^n)}{x} \right) - \frac{2aben(2r + \log(f) + \log(x^r))}{x}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 d \log(cx^n)^2}{x} - \frac{2abdn}{x} - \frac{a^2 er}{x} - \frac{2abd \log(cx^n)}{x} - \frac{a^2 e \log(fx^r)}{x} - \frac{a^2 d}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b^2*e*(r/x + log(f*x^r)/x)*log(c*x^n)^2 - 2*a*b*e*(r/x + log(f*x^r)/x)*log(c*x^n) - 2*((r*log(x) + 3*r + log(f))*n^2/x + n*(2*r + log(f) + log(x^r)))*log(c*x^n)/x*b^2*e - 2*b^2*d*(n^2/x + n*log(c*x^n)/x) - 2*a*b*e*n*(2*r + log(f) + log(x^r))/x - b^2*d*log(c*x^n)^2/x - 2*a*b*d*n/x - a^2*e*r/x - 2*a*b*d*log(c*x^n)/x - a^2*e*log(f*x^r)/x - a^2*d/x`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b^2 e n^2 r \log(x)^3}{x} - \frac{(3 b^2 e n^2 r + 2 b^2 e n r \log(c) + b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + b^2 d n^2 + 2 a b e n r) \log(x)^2}{x} - \frac{(6 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 2 b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) + 2 b^2 d n^2 + 4 a b e n r) \log(x)}{x} - \frac{6 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 2 b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) + b^2 e \log(c)^2 \log(f)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^3/x - (3*b^2*e*n^2*r + 2*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*r*log(f) + b^2*d*n^2 + 2*a*b*e*n*r)*log(x)^2/x - (6*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 2*b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f) + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 2*b^2*d*n*log(c) + 2*a*b*e*r*log(c) + 2*a*b*e*n*log(f) + 2*a*b*d*n + a^2*e*r)*log(x)/x - (6*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 2*b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f) + b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(f) + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 2*b^2*d*n*log(c) + 2*a*b*e*r*log(c) + b^2*d*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*e*n*log(f) + 2*a*b*e*log(c)*log(f) + 2*a*b*d*n + a^2*e*r + 2*a*b*d*log(c) + a^2*e*log(f) + a^2*d)/x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = -\ln(fx^r) \left(\ln(cx^n) \left(\frac{2abe}{x} + \frac{2b^2en}{x} \right) + \frac{a^2e}{x} + \frac{2b^2en^2}{x} + \frac{b^2e \ln(cx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2aben}{x} \right) - \frac{a^2d + 2b^2dn^2 + a^2er + 6b^2en^2r + 2abd n + 4abenr}{x} - \frac{2b \ln(cx^n) (ad + bdn + aer + 2benr)}{x} - \frac{b^2 \ln(cx^n)^2 (d + er)}{x}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^2,x)`

output `- log(f*x^r)*(log(c*x^n)*((2*a*b*e)/x + (2*b^2*e*n)/x) + (a^2*e)/x + (2*b^2*e*n^2)/x + (b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^2)/x + (2*a*b*e*n)/x - (a^2*d + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + a^2*e*r + 6*b^2*e*n^2*r + 2*a*b*d*n + 4*a*b*e*n*r)/x - (2*b*log(c*x^n)*(a*d + b*d*n + a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r))/x - (b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*(d + e*r))/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e - \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d - \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e r - 2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e - 2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f)}{x}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x)`

output `(- log(x**n*c)**2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d - log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*r - 2*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d - 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*r - 2*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*n - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n*r - log(x**r*f)*a**2*e - 2*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e*n - 2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n**2 - a**2*d - a**2*e*r - 2*a*b*d*n - 4*a*b*e*n*r - 2*b**2*d*n**2 - 6*b**2*e*n**2*r)/x`

3.174 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1325
Rubi [A] (verified)	1325
Maple [A] (verified)	1327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1328
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1328
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1329
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1330
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1330
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1331

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 e n^2 r}{8x^2} - \frac{b e n(2a + b n)r}{8x^2} - \frac{e(2a^2 + 2abn + b^2 n^2) r}{8x^2} - \frac{b^2 e n r \log(cx^n)}{4x^2} - \frac{b e(2a + b n)r \log(cx^n)}{4x^2} - \frac{b^2 e r \log^2(cx^n)}{4x^2} - \frac{b^2 n^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2} - \frac{b n(a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-1/8*b^2*e*n^2*r/x^2-1/8*b*e*n*(b*n+2*a)*r/x^2-1/8*e*(b^2*n^2+2*a*b*n+2*a^2)*r/x^2-1/4*b^2*e*n*r*ln(c*x^n)/x^2-1/4*b*e*(b*n+2*a)*r*ln(c*x^n)/x^2-1/4*b^2*e*r*ln(c*x^n)^2/x^2-1/4*b^2*n^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2-1/2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{4a^2d + 4abd n + 2b^2dn^2 + 2a^2er + 4abenr + 3b^2en^2r + 2e(2a^2 + 2abn + b^2n^2) \log(fx^r) + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{8x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(4*a^2*d + 4*a*b*d*n + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 2*a^2*e*r + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 3*b^2*
e*n^2*r + 2*e*(2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)*Log[f*x^r] + 2*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2*
(2*d + e*r + 2*e*Log[f*x^r]) + 4*b*Log[c*x^n]*(2*a*d + b*d*n + a*e*r + b*e
*n*r + e*(2*a + b*n)*Log[f*x^r]))/x^2
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int -\frac{2a^2 + 2bna + b^2n^2 + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 2b(2a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{4x^3} dx - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}er \int \frac{2a^2 + 2bna + b^2n^2 + 2b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 2b(2a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^3} dx - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}}$$

↓ 2010

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}er \int \left(\frac{2b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{x^3} + \frac{2b(2a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^3} + \frac{2a^2 + 2bna + b^2n^2}{x^3} \right) dx - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}er \left(-\frac{2a^2 + 2abn + b^2n^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b(2a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{bn(2a + bn)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{b^2n \log(cx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{b^2n^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{4x^2}}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^3,x]`

output `(e*r*(-1/2*(b^2*n^2)/x^2 - (b*n*(2*a + b*n))/(2*x^2) - (2*a^2 + 2*a*b*n + b^2*n^2)/(2*x^2) - (b^2*n*Log[c*x^n])/x^2 - (b*(2*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n])/x^2 - (b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)/x^2)/4 - (b^2*n^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(4*x^2) - (b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(2*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_.)*(v_)] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^p]*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3b^2en^6r+2a^2en^4r+4abd n^5+4\ln(cx^n)b^2dn^5+4\ln(cx^n)^2b^2dn^4+2\ln(fx^r)b^2en^6+4\ln(cx^n)abe n^4r+8\ln(cx^n)\ln(fx^r)}{x^3}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8/x^2*(3*b^2*e*n^6*r+2*a^2*e*n^4*r+4*a*b*d*n^5+4*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*d*n^5+4*\ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*d*n^4+2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^6+4*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*e*n^4*r+8*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^4+4*\ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e*n^4+4*a*b*e*n^5*r+4*\ln(c*x^n)*b^2*e*n^5*r+8*\ln(c*x^n)*a*b*d*n^4+4*\ln(c*x^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^5+2*\ln(c*x^n)^2*b^2*e*n^4*r+4*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e*n^5+4*\ln(c*x^n)^2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e*n^4+2*b^2*d*n^6+4*a^2*d*n^4)/n^4$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{4b^2en^2r \log(x)^3 + 2b^2dn^2 + 4abdn + 4a^2d + 2(b^2er + 2b^2d) \log(c)^2 + 2(4b^2enr \log(c) + 2b^2en^2 \log(f)) \log(c) + 2(2b^2enr \log(c) + 2b^2dn + 4abdn + 4a^2d) \log(f) + 2(b^2en^2r \log(c)^2 + 2b^2dn^2 + 4abdn + 4a^2d) \log(c) \log(f) + 2(2b^2enr \log(c)^2 + 2b^2dn^2 + 4abdn + 4a^2d) \log(c) \log(f) + 2(b^2en^2r \log(c)^2 + 2b^2dn^2 + 4abdn + 4a^2d) \log(f) \log(c) + 2(b^2en^2r \log(c)^2 + 2b^2dn^2 + 4abdn + 4a^2d) \log(f) \log(f)}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*(4*b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^3 + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*d*n + 4*a^2*d + 2*(b^2*
e*r + 2*b^2*d)*log(c)^2 + 2*(4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 2*b
^2*d*n^2 + (3*b^2*e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n)*r)*log(x)^2 + (3*b^2*e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*
n + 2*a^2*e)*r + 4*(b^2*d*n + 2*a*b*d + (b^2*e*n + a*b*e)*r)*log(c) + 2*(b
^2*e*n^2 + 2*b^2*e*log(c)^2 + 2*a*b*e*n + 2*a^2*e + 2*(b^2*e*n + 2*a*b*e)*
log(c))*log(f) + 2*(2*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*d*n + (3*b^2*
e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n + 2*a^2*e)*r + 4*(b^2*d*n + (b^2*e*n + a*b*e)*r)*log(c)
+ 2*(b^2*e*n^2 + 2*b^2*e*n*log(c) + 2*a*b*e*n)*log(f))*log(x))/x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2d}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2er}{4x^2} - \frac{a^2e \log(fx^r)}{2x^2} - \frac{abdn}{2x^2} - \frac{abd \log(cx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{abenr}{2x^2} - \frac{aben \log(fx^r)}{2x^2} - \frac{aber \log(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{abe \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{x^2} - \frac{b^2dn^2}{4x^2} - \frac{b^2dn \log(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2d \log(cx^n)^2}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^2en^2r}{8x^2} - \frac{b^2en^2 \log(fx^r)}{4x^2} - \frac{b^2enr \log(cx^n)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2en \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2er \log(cx^n)^2}{4x^2} - \frac{b^2e \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**3,x)`

output `-a**2*d/(2*x**2) - a**2*e*r/(4*x**2) - a**2*e*log(f*x**r)/(2*x**2) - a*b*d*n/(2*x**2) - a*b*d*log(c*x**n)/x**2 - a*b*e*n*r/(2*x**2) - a*b*e*n*log(f*x**r)/(2*x**2) - a*b*e*r*log(c*x**n)/(2*x**2) - a*b*e*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/x**2 - b**2*d*n**2/(4*x**2) - b**2*d*n*log(c*x**n)/(2*x**2) - b**2*d*log(c*x**n)**2/(2*x**2) - 3*b**2*e*n**2*r/(8*x**2) - b**2*e*n**2*log(f*x**r)/(4*x**2) - b**2*e*n*r*log(c*x**n)/(2*x**2) - b**2*e*n*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/(2*x**2) - b**2*e*r*log(c*x**n)**2/(4*x**2) - b**2*e*log(c*x**n)**2*log(f*x**r)/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} b^2 e \left(\frac{r}{x^2} + \frac{2 \log(fx^r)}{x^2} \right) \log(cx^n)^2 - \frac{1}{2} a b e \left(\frac{r}{x^2} + \frac{2 \log(fx^r)}{x^2} \right) \log(cx^n)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} b^2 e \left(\frac{(2r \log(x) + 3r + 2 \log(f))n^2}{x^2} + \frac{4n(r + \log(f) + \log(x^r)) \log(cx^n)}{x^2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} b^2 d \left(\frac{n^2}{x^2} + \frac{2n \log(cx^n)}{x^2} \right) - \frac{a b e n (r + \log(f) + \log(x^r))}{2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 d \log(cx^n)^2}{2x^2} - \frac{a b d n}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2 e r}{4x^2} - \frac{a b d \log(cx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{a^2 e \log(fx^r)}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2 d}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*b^2*e*(r/x^2 + 2*log(f*x^r)/x^2)*log(c*x^n)^2 - 1/2*a*b*e*(r/x^2 + 2*log(f*x^r)/x^2)*log(c*x^n) - 1/8*b^2*e*((2*r*log(x) + 3*r + 2*log(f))*n^2/x^2 + 4*n*(r + log(f) + log(x^r))*log(c*x^n)/x^2) - 1/4*b^2*d*(n^2/x^2 + 2*n*log(c*x^n)/x^2) - 1/2*a*b*e*n*(r + log(f) + log(x^r))/x^2 - 1/2*b^2*d*log(c*x^n)^2/x^2 - 1/2*a*b*d*n/x^2 - 1/4*a^2*e*r/x^2 - a*b*d*log(c*x^n)/x^2 - 1/2*a^2*e*log(f*x^r)/x^2 - 1/2*a^2*d/x^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 e n^2 r \log(x)^3}{2 x^2} - \frac{(3 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 2 b^2 d n^2 + 4 a b e n r) \log(x)^2}{4 x^2} - \frac{(3 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + 2 b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 4 b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) + 2 b^2 d n^2 + 4 a b e n r) \log(x)}{4 x^2} - \frac{3 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + 2 b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 4 b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) + 4 b^2 e \log(c)^2 \log(f)}{4 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^3/x^2 - 1/4*(3*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r)*log(x)^2/x^2 - 1/4*(3*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + 2*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 4*b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f) + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 4*b^2*d*n*log(c) + 4*a*b*e*r*log(c) + 4*a*b*e*n*log(f) + 4*a*b*d*n + 2*a^2*e*r)*log(x)/x^2 - 1/8*(3*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + 2*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 4*b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f) + 4*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 4*b^2*d*n*log(c) + 4*a*b*e*r*log(c) + 4*b^2*d*log(c)^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*log(f) + 8*a*b*e*log(c)*log(f) + 4*a*b*d*n + 2*a^2*e*r + 8*a*b*d*log(c) + 4*a^2*e*log(f) + 4*a^2*d)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = -\ln(fx^r) \left(\ln(cx^n) \left(\frac{abe}{x^2} + \frac{b^2 en}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{a^2 e}{2x^2} + \frac{b^2 en^2}{4x^2} + \frac{b^2 e \ln(cx^n)^2}{2x^2} + \frac{aben}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\frac{a^2 d}{2} + \frac{b^2 d n^2}{4} + \frac{a^2 e r}{4} + \frac{3 b^2 e n^2 r}{8} + \frac{a b d n}{2} + \frac{a b e n r}{2}}{x^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(cx^n)^2 (2d + er)}{4x^2} - \frac{b \ln(cx^n) (2ad + bdn + aer + benr)}{2x^2}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^3,x)`

output
$$-\log(fx^r) \cdot (\log(cx^n) \cdot ((a \cdot b \cdot e)/x^2 + (b^2 \cdot e \cdot n)/(2 \cdot x^2)) + (a^2 \cdot e)/(2 \cdot x^2) + (b^2 \cdot e \cdot n^2)/(4 \cdot x^2) + (b^2 \cdot e \cdot \log(cx^n)^2)/(2 \cdot x^2) + (a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot n)/(2 \cdot x^2)) - ((a^2 \cdot d)/2 + (b^2 \cdot d \cdot n^2)/4 + (a^2 \cdot e \cdot r)/4 + (3 \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot n^2 \cdot r)/8 + (a \cdot b \cdot d \cdot n)/2 + (a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot n \cdot r)/2)/x^2 - (b^2 \cdot \log(cx^n)^2 \cdot (2 \cdot d + e \cdot r))/(4 \cdot x^2) - (b \cdot \log(cx^n) \cdot (2 \cdot a \cdot d + b \cdot d \cdot n + a \cdot e \cdot r + b \cdot e \cdot n \cdot r))/(2 \cdot x^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e - 4 \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d - 2 \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e r - 8 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e - 4 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a^2 e}{x^2} + \frac{2 a^2 d + 2 a b d n + 2 a^2 e r + 2 a b e n r}{2 x^2} - \frac{b^2 \log(x^n c)^2 (2 d + e r)}{4 x^2} - \frac{b \log(x^n c) (2 a d + b d n + a e r + b e n r)}{2 x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x)`

output
$$\left(-4 \cdot \log(x^n c)^2 \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot b^2 \cdot e - 4 \cdot \log(x^n c)^2 \cdot b^2 \cdot d - 2 \cdot \log(x^n c)^2 \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot r - 8 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot a \cdot b \cdot e - 4 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot a^2 \cdot e - 4 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot n - 8 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d - 4 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot r - 4 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot b^2 \cdot d \cdot n - 4 \cdot \log(x^n c) \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot n \cdot r - 4 \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot a^2 \cdot e - 4 \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot n - 2 \cdot \log(x^r f) \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot n^2 - 4 \cdot a^2 \cdot d - 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot e \cdot r - 4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d \cdot n - 4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot e \cdot n \cdot r - 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot d \cdot n^2 - 3 \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot n^2 \cdot r \right) / (8 \cdot x^2)$$

3.175 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1332
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1333
Rubi [A] (verified)	1333
Maple [A] (verified)	1335
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2b^2en^2r}{81x^3} - \frac{2ben(3a + bn)r}{81x^3} - \frac{e(9a^2 + 6abn + 2b^2n^2)r}{81x^3} - \frac{2b^2enr \log(cx^n)}{27x^3} - \frac{2be(3a + bn)r \log(cx^n)}{27x^3} - \frac{b^2er \log^2(cx^n)}{9x^3} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{27x^3} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-2/81*b^2*e*n^2*r/x^3-2/81*b*e*n*(b*n+3*a)*r/x^3-1/81*e*(2*b^2*n^2+6*a*b*n
+9*a^2)*r/x^3-2/27*b^2*e*n*r*ln(c*x^n)/x^3-2/27*b*e*(b*n+3*a)*r*ln(c*x^n)/
x^3-1/9*b^2*e*r*ln(c*x^n)^2/x^3-2/27*b^2*n^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3-2/9*b*n*(
a+b*ln(c*x^n))*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3-1/3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x
^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \frac{9a^2d + 6abd n + 2b^2dn^2 + 3a^2er + 4abenr + 2b^2en^2r + e(9a^2 + 6abn + 2b^2n^2) \log(fx^r) + 3b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{27x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/27*(9*a^2*d + 6*a*b*d*n + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 3*a^2*e*r + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 2*b^2*
*e*n^2*r + e*(9*a^2 + 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)*Log[f*x^r] + 3*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2
*(3*d + e*r + 3*e*Log[f*x^r]) + 2*b*Log[c*x^n]*(9*a*d + 3*b*d*n + 3*a*e*r
+ 2*b*e*n*r + 3*e*(3*a + b*n)*Log[f*x^r]))/x^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int -\frac{9a^2 + 6bna + 2b^2n^2 + 9b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 6b(3a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{27x^4} dx - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) (d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{27x^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{27}er \int \frac{9a^2 + 6bna + 2b^2n^2 + 9b^2 \log^2(cx^n) + 6b(3a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^4} dx - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{27x^3}}{27}$$

↓ 2010

$$\frac{\frac{1}{27}er \int \left(\frac{9b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{x^4} + \frac{6b(3a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^4} + \frac{9a^2 + 6bna + 2b^2n^2}{x^4} \right) dx - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{27x^3}}{27}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{1}{27}er \left(-\frac{9a^2 + 6abn + 2b^2n^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2b(3a + bn) \log(cx^n)}{x^3} - \frac{2bn(3a + bn)}{3x^3} - \frac{3b^2 \log^2(cx^n)}{x^3} - \frac{2b^2n \log(cx^n)}{x^3} - \frac{2b^2n^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))(d + e \log(fx^r))}{9x^3} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2n^2(d + e \log(fx^r))}{27x^3} \right)}{27}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^4,x]`

output `(e*r*((-2*b^2*n^2)/(3*x^3) - (2*b*n*(3*a + b*n))/(3*x^3) - (9*a^2 + 6*a*b*n + 2*b^2*n^2)/(3*x^3) - (2*b^2*n*Log[c*x^n])/x^3 - (2*b*(3*a + b*n)*Log[c*x^n])/x^3 - (3*b^2*Log[c*x^n]^2)/x^3))/27 - (2*b^2*n^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(27*x^3) - (2*b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(9*x^3) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(3*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_)*(v_)] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((d_) + Log[(f_)*(x_)^(r_)]*(e_))*((g_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2b^2e^{5r}+3a^2e^{n^3r}+6abd n^4+6\ln(cx^n)b^2d n^4+9\ln(cx^n)^2b^2d n^3+2\ln(fx^r)b^2e^{n^5}+9\ln(fx^r)a^2e^{n^3}+4\ln(cx^n)b^2e^{n^4r}+9\ln(cx^n)^2b^2e^{n^3r}+6\ln(fx^r)a^2e^{n^4}+9\ln(cx^n)^2\ln(fx^r)*b^2e^{n^3+4}+9\ln(cx^n)^2b^2e^{n^4r}+18\ln(cx^n)*a*b*d n^3+6\ln(cx^n)*\ln(fx^r)*b^2e^{n^4}+3\ln(cx^n)^2b^2e^{n^3r}+6\ln(fx^r)*a*b*e^{n^4}+9\ln(cx^n)^2\ln(fx^r)*b^2e^{n^3+4}+a*b*e^{n^4r}+6\ln(cx^n)*a*b*e^{n^3r}+18\ln(cx^n)*\ln(fx^r)*a*b*e^{n^3}+2*b^2*d n^5+9*a^2*d n^3)/n^3$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{1}{27}x^{-3}(2b^2e^{5r}+3a^2e^{n^3r}+6a*b*d n^4+6\ln(cx^n)*b^2*d n^4+9\ln(cx^n)^2*b^2*d n^3+2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^{n^5}+9*\ln(f*x^r)*a^2*e^{n^3}+4*\ln(cx^n)*b^2*e^{n^4r}+18*\ln(cx^n)*a*b*d n^3+6*\ln(cx^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^{n^4}+3*\ln(cx^n)^2*b^2*e^{n^3r}+6*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e^{n^4}+9*\ln(cx^n)^2*\ln(f*x^r)*b^2*e^{n^3+4}+a*b*e^{n^4r}+6*\ln(cx^n)*a*b*e^{n^3r}+18*\ln(cx^n)*\ln(f*x^r)*a*b*e^{n^3}+2*b^2*d n^5+9*a^2*d n^3)/n^3$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \frac{9b^2en^2r \log(x)^3 + 2b^2dn^2 + 6abdn + 9a^2d + 3(b^2er + 3b^2d) \log(c)^2 + 9(2b^2enr \log(c) + b^2en^2 \log(f) \log(c)) \log(x) + 2b^2dn \log(c) + 3a^2e \log(f) \log(x) + 2b^2e \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) + 3a^2e \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) + 2b^2e \log(c) \log(f) \log(x) + 3a^2e \log(c) \log(f) \log(x)}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/27*(9*b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^3 + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 6*a*b*d*n + 9*a^2*d + 3*(b^2*e*r + 3*b^2*d)*log(c)^2 + 9*(2*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + b^2*d*n^2 + (b^2*e*n^2 + 2*a*b*e*n)*r)*log(x)^2 + (2*b^2*e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n + 3*a^2*e)*r + 2*(3*b^2*d*n + 9*a*b*d + (2*b^2*e*n + 3*a*b*e)*r)*log(c) + (2*b^2*e*n^2 + 9*b^2*e*log(c)^2 + 6*a*b*e*n + 9*a^2*e + 6*(b^2*e*n + 3*a*b*e)*log(c))*log(f) + 3*(3*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 6*a*b*d*n + (2*b^2*e*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n + 3*a^2*e)*r + 2*(3*b^2*d*n + (2*b^2*e*n + 3*a*b*e)*r)*log(c) + 2*(b^2*e*n^2 + 3*b^2*e*n*log(c) + 3*a*b*e*n)*log(f))*log(x))/x^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2d}{3x^3} - \frac{a^2er}{9x^3} - \frac{a^2e \log(fx^r)}{3x^3} - \frac{2abdn}{9x^3} - \frac{2abd \log(cx^n)}{3x^3} - \frac{4abenr}{27x^3} - \frac{2aben \log(fx^r)}{9x^3} - \frac{2aber \log(cx^n)}{9x^3} - \frac{2abe \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2dn^2}{27x^3} - \frac{2b^2dn \log(cx^n)}{9x^3} - \frac{b^2d \log(cx^n)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^2en^2r}{27x^3} - \frac{2b^2en^2 \log(fx^r)}{27x^3} - \frac{4b^2enr \log(cx^n)}{27x^3} - \frac{2b^2en \log(cx^n) \log(fx^r)}{27x^3} - \frac{b^2er \log(cx^n)^2}{9x^3} - \frac{b^2e \log(cx^n)^2 \log(fx^r)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**4,x)`

output `-a**2*d/(3*x**3) - a**2*e*r/(9*x**3) - a**2*e*log(f*x**r)/(3*x**3) - 2*a*b*d*n/(9*x**3) - 2*a*b*d*log(c*x**n)/(3*x**3) - 4*a*b*e*n*r/(27*x**3) - 2*a*b*e*n*log(f*x**r)/(9*x**3) - 2*a*b*e*r*log(c*x**n)/(9*x**3) - 2*a*b*e*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/(3*x**3) - 2*b**2*d*n**2/(27*x**3) - 2*b**2*d*n*log(c*x**n)/(9*x**3) - b**2*d*log(c*x**n)**2/(3*x**3) - 2*b**2*e*n**2*r/(27*x**3) - 2*b**2*e*n**2*log(f*x**r)/(27*x**3) - 4*b**2*e*n*r*log(c*x**n)/(27*x**3) - 2*b**2*e*n*log(c*x**n)*log(f*x**r)/(9*x**3) - b**2*e*r*log(c*x**n)**2/(9*x**3) - b**2*e*log(c*x**n)**2*log(f*x**r)/(3*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{9} b^2 e \left(\frac{r}{x^3} + \frac{3 \log(fx^r)}{x^3} \right) \log(cx^n)^2 - \frac{2}{9} a b e \left(\frac{r}{x^3} + \frac{3 \log(fx^r)}{x^3} \right) \log(cx^n)$$

$$- \frac{2}{27} b^2 e \left(\frac{(r \log(x) + r + \log(f)) n^2}{x^3} + \frac{n(2r + 3 \log(f) + 3 \log(x^r)) \log(cx^n)}{x^3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{2}{27} b^2 d \left(\frac{n^2}{x^3} + \frac{3 n \log(cx^n)}{x^3} \right) - \frac{2 a b e n (2r + 3 \log(f) + 3 \log(x^r))}{27 x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 d \log(cx^n)^2}{3 x^3} - \frac{2 a b d n}{9 x^3} - \frac{a^2 e r}{9 x^3} - \frac{2 a b d \log(cx^n)}{3 x^3} - \frac{a^2 e \log(fx^r)}{3 x^3} - \frac{a^2 d}{3 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*b^2*e*(r/x^3 + 3*log(f*x^r)/x^3)*log(c*x^n)^2 - 2/9*a*b*e*(r/x^3 + 3*log(f*x^r)/x^3)*log(c*x^n) - 2/27*b^2*e*((r*log(x) + r + log(f))*n^2/x^3 + n*(2*r + 3*log(f) + 3*log(x^r))*log(c*x^n)/x^3) - 2/27*b^2*d*(n^2/x^3 + 3*n*log(c*x^n)/x^3) - 2/27*a*b*e*n*(2*r + 3*log(f) + 3*log(x^r))/x^3 - 1/3*b^2*d*log(c*x^n)^2/x^3 - 2/9*a*b*d*n/x^3 - 1/9*a^2*e*r/x^3 - 2/3*a*b*d*log(c*x^n)/x^3 - 1/3*a^2*e*log(f*x^r)/x^3 - 1/3*a^2*d/x^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\frac{b^2 e n^2 r \log(x)^3}{3 x^3} - \frac{(b^2 e n^2 r + 2 b^2 e n r \log(c) + b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + b^2 d n^2 + 2 a b e n r) \log(x)^2}{3 x^3} - \frac{(2 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + 3 b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 6 b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) + 2 b^2 d n^2 + 4 a b e n r) \log(x)}{9 x^3} - \frac{2 b^2 e n^2 r + 4 b^2 e n r \log(c) + 3 b^2 e r \log(c)^2 + 2 b^2 e n^2 \log(f) + 6 b^2 e n \log(c) \log(f) + 9 b^2 e \log(c)^2 \log(f)}{9 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*b^2*e*n^2*r*log(x)^3/x^3 - 1/3*(b^2*e*n^2*r + 2*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + b^2*d*n^2 + 2*a*b*e*n*r)*log(x)^2/x^3 - 1/9*(2*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + 3*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 6*b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f) + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 6*b^2*d*n*log(c) + 6*a*b*e*r*log(c) + 6*a*b*e*n*log(f) + 6*a*b*d*n + 3*a^2*e*r)*log(x)/x^3 - 1/27*(2*b^2*e*n^2*r + 4*b^2*e*n*r*log(c) + 3*b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 + 2*b^2*e*n^2*log(f) + 6*b^2*e*n*log(c)*log(f) + 9*b^2*e*log(c)^2*log(f) + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + 4*a*b*e*n*r + 6*b^2*d*n*log(c) + 6*a*b*e*r*log(c) + 9*b^2*d*log(c)^2 + 6*a*b*e*n*log(f) + 18*a*b*e*log(c)*log(f) + 6*a*b*d*n + 3*a^2*e*r + 18*a*b*d*log(c) + 9*a^2*e*log(f) + 9*a^2*d)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = -\ln(fx^r) \left(\ln(cx^n) \left(\frac{2abe}{3x^3} + \frac{2b^2en}{9x^3} \right) + \frac{a^2e}{3x^3} + \frac{2b^2en^2}{27x^3} + \frac{b^2e \ln(cx^n)^2}{3x^3} + \frac{2aben}{9x^3} \right) - \frac{\frac{a^2d}{3} + \frac{2b^2dn^2}{27} + \frac{a^2er}{9} + \frac{2b^2en^2r}{27} + \frac{2abdn}{9} + \frac{4abenr}{27}}{x^3} - \frac{b^2 \ln(cx^n)^2 (3d + er)}{9x^3} - \frac{2b \ln(cx^n) (9ad + 3bdn + 3aer + 2benr)}{27x^3}$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x^4,x)`

output `- log(f*x^r)*(log(c*x^n)*((2*a*b*e)/(3*x^3) + (2*b^2*e*n)/(9*x^3)) + (a^2*e)/(3*x^3) + (2*b^2*e*n^2)/(27*x^3) + (b^2*e*log(c*x^n)^2)/(3*x^3) + (2*a*b*e*n)/(9*x^3)) - ((a^2*d)/3 + (2*b^2*d*n^2)/27 + (a^2*e*r)/9 + (2*b^2*e*n^2*r)/27 + (2*a*b*d*n)/9 + (4*a*b*e*n*r)/27)/x^3 - (b^2*log(c*x^n)^2*(3*d + e*r))/(9*x^3) - (2*b*log(c*x^n)*(9*a*d + 3*b*d*n + 3*a*e*r + 2*b*e*n*r))/(27*x^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-9 \log(x^n c)^2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e - 9 \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 d - 3 \log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e r - 18 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e - 6 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e n - 18 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b d - 6 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) a b e r - 6 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 d n - 4 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e n r - 9 \log(x^r f) a^2 e - 6 \log(x^r f) a b e n - 2 \log(x^r f) b^2 e n^2 - 9 a^2 d - 3 a^2 e r - 6 a b d n - 4 a b e n r - 2 b^2 d n^2 - 2 b^2 e n^2 r}{27 x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x)`

output `(- 9*log(x**n*c)**2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e - 9*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*d - 3*log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*e*r - 18*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e - 6*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n - 18*log(x**n*c)*a*b*d - 6*log(x**n*c)*a*b*e*r - 6*log(x**n*c)*b**2*d*n - 4*log(x**n*c)*b**2*e*n*r - 9*log(x**r*f)*a**2*e - 6*log(x**r*f)*a*b*e*n - 2*log(x**r*f)*b**2*e*n**2 - 9*a**2*d - 3*a**2*e*r - 6*a*b*d*n - 4*a*b*e*n*r - 2*b**2*d*n**2 - 2*b**2*e*n**2*r)/(27*x**3)`

3.176 $\int \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$

Optimal result	1340
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1341
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1341
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1343
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Sympy [F]	1345
Maxima [F]	1345
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1346
Mupad [F(-1)]	1346
Reduce [F]	1347

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bnx^3}{3em} - \frac{be^{-\frac{3d}{em}}nx^3(fx^m)^{-3/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)(d+e \log(fx^m))}{e^2m^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-\frac{3d}{em}}x^3(fx^m)^{-3/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{em}$$

output

```
1/3*b*n*x^3/e/m-b*n*x^3*Ei(3*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e^2/exp(
3*d/e/m)/m^2/((f*x^m)^(3/m))+x^3*Ei(3*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/e/exp(3*d/e/m)/m/((f*x^m)^(3/m))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 \left(b e m n + 3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em} \right) (a e m - b d n - b e n \log(fx^m) + b e m \log(cx^n)) \right)}{3 e^2 m^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d + e*Log[f*x^m]),x]
```

output

```
(x^3*(b*e*m*n + (3*ExpIntegralEi[(3*(d + e*Log[f*x^m]))/(e*m)]*(a*e*m - b*d*n - b*e*n*Log[f*x^m] + b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]))/(E^((3*d)/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^(3/m))))/(3*e^2*m^2)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 3039, 7281, 7036}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2813}$$

$$\frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em} \right)}{em}$$

$$+ b n \int \frac{e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} x^2 (fx^m)^{-3/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em} \right)}{em} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{b n e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} \int x^2 (fx^m)^{-3/m} \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) dx}{em} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{31} \\
& \frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{b n x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} \int \frac{\operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{x} dx}{em} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3039} \\
& \frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{b n x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} \int \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) d \log(fx^m)}{em^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7281} \\
& \frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{b n x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} \int \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3d}{em} + \frac{3 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) d\left(\frac{3d}{em} + \frac{3 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right)}{3em} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7036} \\
& \frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{b n x^3 e^{-\frac{3d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-3/m} \left(\left(\frac{3d}{em} + \frac{3 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) \operatorname{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{3d}{em} + \frac{3 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) - fx^m\right)}{3em}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d + e*Log[f*x^m]),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(b*n*x^3*(-(f*x^m) + ExpIntegralEi[(3*d)/(e*m) + (3*Log[f*x^m])/m])*((3*d)/(e*m) + (3*Log[f*x^m])/m))/(e*E^((3*d)/(e*m))*m*(f*x^m)^(3/m)) + (x^3*3*ExpIntegralEi[(3*(d + e*Log[f*x^m]))/(e*m)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*E^((3*d)/(e*m))*m*(f*x^m)^(3/m))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((d_) + Log[(f_)*(x_)^(r_)]*(e_))*((g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7036 `Int[ExpIntegralEi[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(ExpIntegralEi[a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[E^(a + b*x)/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2350, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.67

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2350

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/(d+e*ln(f*x^m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c
)+2*a)/m/e*x^3*f^(-3/m)*(x^m)^(-3/m)*exp(-3/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)
*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*
f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-3*ln(x)+3/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn
(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I
*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln
(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)-b/m/e*x^3*f^(-3/m)*(x^m)^(-3/m)*exp(-3/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)
*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+I*Pi*csgn(I*
x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-3*ln(x)+3/2*
I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2
-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(
ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)*ln(x^n)+1/3*b*n*x^3/e/m-1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e*x^3*f
^(-3/m)*(x^m)^(-3/m)*exp(-3/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e
+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*
csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-3*ln(x)+3/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x
^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)
*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)+1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e*x^3*f^(-3/m)*(x^m)
^(-3/m)*exp(-3/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(bemnx^3 e^{\left(\frac{3(e \log(f) + d)}{em} \right)} + 3(bem \log(c) - ben \log(f) + aem - bdn) \log_integral \left(x^3 e^{\left(\frac{3(e \log(f) + d)}{em} \right)} \right) \right) e^{-\left(\frac{3(e \log(f) + d)}{em} \right)}}{3e^2 m^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(b*e*m*n*x^3*e^(3*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m)) + 3*(b*e*m*log(c) - b*e*n*log(f) + a*e*m - b*d*n)*log_integral(x^3*e^(3*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m))))*e^(-3*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m))/(e^2*m^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/(d+e*ln(f*x**m)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*log(c*x**n))/(d + e*log(f*x**m)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2}{e \log(fx^m) + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2/(e*log(f*x^m) + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \frac{bnx^3}{3em} + \frac{b\text{Ei}\left(\frac{3 \log(f)}{m} + \frac{3d}{em} + 3 \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{3d}{em}\right)} \log(c)}{ef^{\frac{3}{m}}m}$$

$$- \frac{bn\text{Ei}\left(\frac{3 \log(f)}{m} + \frac{3d}{em} + 3 \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{3d}{em}\right)} \log(f)}{ef^{\frac{3}{m}}m^2}$$

$$+ \frac{a\text{Ei}\left(\frac{3 \log(f)}{m} + \frac{3d}{em} + 3 \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{3d}{em}\right)}}{ef^{\frac{3}{m}}m}$$

$$- \frac{bdn\text{Ei}\left(\frac{3 \log(f)}{m} + \frac{3d}{em} + 3 \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{3d}{em}\right)}}{e^2 f^{\frac{3}{m}}m^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b*n*x^3/(e*m) + b*Ei(3*log(f)/m + 3*d/(e*m) + 3*log(x))*e^(-3*d/(e*m)) *log(c)/(e*f^(3/m)*m) - b*n*Ei(3*log(f)/m + 3*d/(e*m) + 3*log(x))*e^(-3*d/(e*m))*log(f)/(e*f^(3/m)*m^2) + a*Ei(3*log(f)/m + 3*d/(e*m) + 3*log(x))*e^(-3*d/(e*m))/(e*f^(3/m)*m) - b*d*n*Ei(3*log(f)/m + 3*d/(e*m) + 3*log(x))*e^(-3*d/(e*m))/(e^2*f^(3/m)*m^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{d + e \ln(fx^m)} dx$$

input `int((x^2*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(d + e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int((x^2*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(d + e*log(f*x^m)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\log(x^m f) e + d} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) x^2}{\log(x^m f) e + d} dx \right) b$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int(x**2/(log(x**m*f)*e + d),x)*a + int((log(x**n*c)*x**2)/(log(x**m*f)*e + d),x)*b`

3.177 $\int \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$

Optimal result	1348
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1348
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1349
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Sympy [F]	1353
Maxima [F]	1353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Mupad [F(-1)]	1354
Reduce [F]	1354

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bnx^2}{2em} - \frac{be^{-\frac{2d}{em}}nx^2(fx^m)^{-2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) (d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2m^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-\frac{2d}{em}}x^2(fx^m)^{-2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{em}$$

output

$$\frac{1/2*b*n*x^2/e/m-b*n*x^2*Ei(2*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e^2/exp(2*d/e/m)/m^2/((f*x^m)^(2/m))+x^2*Ei(2*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/exp(2*d/e/m)/m/((f*x^m)^(2/m))}{e^2m^2}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left(b e m n + 2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (f x^m)^{-2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi} \left(\frac{2(d+e \log(f x^m))}{em} \right) (a e m - b d n - b e n \log(f x^m) + b e m \log(c x^n)) \right)}{2 e^2 m^2}$$

input `Integrate[(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d + e*Log[f*x^m]),x]`

output `(x^2*(b*e*m*n + (2*ExpIntegralEi[(2*(d + e*Log[f*x^m]))/(e*m)]*(a*e*m - b*d*n - b*e*n*Log[f*x^m] + b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]))/(E^((2*d)/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^(2/m)))/(2*e^2*m^2)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 3039, 7281, 7036}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2813$$

$$\frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em}$$

$$bn \int \frac{e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} x (fx^m)^{-2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em}$$

$$\frac{bn e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} \int x (fx^m)^{-2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) dx}{em}$$

$$\downarrow 31$$

$$\frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em}$$

$$\frac{bn x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} \int \frac{\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{x} dx}{em}$$

$$\downarrow 3039$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{bnx^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) d \log(fx^m)}{em^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7281} \\
& \frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{bnx^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2d}{em} + \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) d\left(\frac{2d}{em} + \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right)}{2em} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7036} \\
& \frac{x^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{bnx^2 e^{-\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-2/m} \left(\left(\frac{2d}{em} + \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right)^{em} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{2d}{em} + \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) - fx^m\right)}{2em}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(d + e*Log[f*x^m]),x]`

output `-1/2*(b*n*x^2*(-(f*x^m) + ExpIntegralEi[(2*d)/(e*m) + (2*Log[f*x^m])/m])*((2*d)/(e*m) + (2*Log[f*x^m])/m))/(e*E^((2*d)/(e*m))*m*(f*x^m)^(2/m)) + (x^2*ExpIntegralEi[(2*(d + e*Log[f*x^m]))/(e*m)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*E^((2*d)/(e*m))*m*(f*x^m)^(2/m))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_)^(m_))*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2813

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)
.])*((e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[Simp
lifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r},
x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])
```

rule 3039

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst
[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /;
NonsumQ[u]
```

rule 7036

```
Int[ExpIntegralEi[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(ExpInte
gralEi[a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[E^(a + b*x)/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 7281

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]]
Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2350, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.67

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2350

input

```
int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/(d+e*ln(f*x^m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c
)+2*a)/m/e*x^2*f^(-2/m)*(x^m)^(-2/m)*exp(-(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csg
n(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^
m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-2*ln(x)+I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csg
n(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csg
n(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I
*d)/m/e)-b/m/e*x^2*f^(-2/m)*(x^m)^(-2/m)*exp(-(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)
*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*
f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-2*ln(x)+I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f
)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))
+2*I*d)/m/e)*ln(x^n)+1/2*b*n*x^2/e/m-1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e*x^2*f^(-2/m)*(x^m)^(-
2/m)*exp(-(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn
(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*
d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-2*ln(x)+I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csg
n(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)
^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)+1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e*x^2*f^(-2/m)*(x^m)^(-2/m)*exp(-(-I*Pi*csgn
(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(bemnx^2 e^{\left(\frac{2(e \log(f)+d)}{em}\right)} + 2(bem \log(c) - ben \log(f) + aem - bdn) \log_integral \left(x^2 e^{\left(\frac{2(e \log(f)+d)}{em}\right)} \right) \right) e^{-2(e \log(f) + d)/(em)}}{2e^2 m^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/2*(b*e*m*n*x^2*e^(2*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m)) + 2*(b*e*m*log(c) - b*e*n*log(
f) + a*e*m - b*d*n)*log_integral(x^2*e^(2*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m))))*e^(-2*(e
*log(f) + d)/(e*m))/(e^2*m^2)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))/(d+e*ln(f*x**m)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*log(c*x**n))/(d + e*log(f*x**m)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x}{e \log(fx^m) + d} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x/(e*log(f*x^m) + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \frac{bnx^2}{2em} + \frac{b\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2\log(f)}{m} + \frac{2d}{em} + 2\log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2d}{em}\right)} \log(c)}{ef^{\frac{2}{m}}m}$$

$$- \frac{bn\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2\log(f)}{m} + \frac{2d}{em} + 2\log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2d}{em}\right)} \log(f)}{ef^{\frac{2}{m}}m^2}$$

$$+ \frac{a\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2\log(f)}{m} + \frac{2d}{em} + 2\log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2d}{em}\right)}}{ef^{\frac{2}{m}}m}$$

$$- \frac{bdn\text{Ei}\left(\frac{2\log(f)}{m} + \frac{2d}{em} + 2\log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2d}{em}\right)}}{e^2 f^{\frac{2}{m}} m^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}bnx^2/(em) + bEi(2\log(f)/m + 2d/(em) + 2\log(x))e^{-2d/(em)} \cdot \log(c)/(ef^{2/m}m) - bnEi(2\log(f)/m + 2d/(em) + 2\log(x))e^{-2d/(em)} \cdot \log(f)/(ef^{2/m}m^2) + aEi(2\log(f)/m + 2d/(em) + 2\log(x))e^{-2d/(em)}/(ef^{2/m}m) - bdnEi(2\log(f)/m + 2d/(em) + 2\log(x))e^{-2d/(em)}/(e^2f^{2/m}m^2)$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))}{d + e \ln(fx^m)} dx$$

input `int((x*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(d + e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int((x*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/(d + e*log(f*x^m)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) x}{\log(x^m f) e + d} dx \right) b + \left(\int \frac{x}{\log(x^m f) e + d} dx \right) a$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int((log(x**n*c)*x)/(log(x**m*f)*e + d),x)*b + int(x/(log(x**m*f)*e + d),x)*a`

3.178 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{d+e \log(fx^m)} dx$

Optimal result	1355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1355
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1356
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1358
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1359
Sympy [F]	1360
Maxima [F]	1360
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1360
Mupad [F(-1)]	1361
Reduce [F]	1361

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{bnx}{em} - \frac{be^{-\frac{d}{em}} nx (fx^m)^{-1/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) (d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2 m^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-\frac{d}{em}} x (fx^m)^{-1/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{em}$$

output

```
b*n*x/e/m-b*n*x*Ei((d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e^2/exp(d/e/m)/m^2
/((f*x^m)^(1/m))+x*Ei((d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/exp(d/e/m)/m/
((f*x^m)^(1/m))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left(b e m n + e^{-\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{-1/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) (a e m - b d n - b e n \log(fx^m) + b e m \log(cx^n)) \right)}{e^2 m^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*Log[f*x^m]),x]`

output `(x*(b*e*m*n + (ExpIntegralEi[(d + e*Log[f*x^m])/(e*m)]*(a*e*m - b*d*n - b*e*n*Log[f*x^m] + b*e*m*Log[c*x^n]))/(E^(d/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^m^(-1))))/(e^2*m^2)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {2808, 27, 34, 3039, 7281, 7036}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2808} \\
 & \frac{xe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{bn \int \frac{e^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em} dx}{em} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{34} \\
 & \frac{bx e^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3039} \\
 & \frac{bnxe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} \int \frac{\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{x} dx}{em}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{xe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m}(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e\log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{bnxe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e\log(fx^m)}{em}\right) d\log(fx^m)}{em^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7281} \\
& \frac{xe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m}(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e\log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{bnxe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d}{em} + \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right) d\left(\frac{d}{em} + \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right)}{em} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7036} \\
& \frac{xe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m}(a+b\log(cx^n))\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e\log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em} \\
& \frac{bnxe^{-\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{-1/m} \left(\left(\frac{d}{em} + \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right)^{em} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d}{em} + \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right) - fx^m\right)}{em}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*Log[f*x^m]),x]`

output `-((b*n*x*(-(f*x^m) + ExpIntegralEi[d/(e*m) + Log[f*x^m]/m]*(d/(e*m) + Log[f*x^m]/m)))/(e*E^(d/(e*m))*m*(f*x^m)^m^(-1))) + (x*ExpIntegralEi[(d + e*Log[f*x^m])/(e*m)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*E^(d/(e*m))*m*(f*x^m)^m^(-1))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 34 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(m_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*x^m)^FracPart[p]/x^(m*FracPart[p])) Int[u*x^(m*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2808 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p, r}, x]`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7036 `Int[ExpIntegralEi[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(ExpIntegralEi[a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[E^(a + b*x)/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2329, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.92

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2329

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/(d+e*ln(f*x^m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c
)+2*a)/m/e*x*f^(-1/m)*(x^m)^(-1/m)*exp(-1/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*c
sgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*
x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-ln(x)+1/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f
)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))
+2*I*d)/m/e)-b/m/e*x*f^(-1/m)*(x^m)^(-1/m)*exp(-1/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(
I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*c
sgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-ln(x)+1/2*I*(e*Pi*
csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*cs
gn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-
m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)*ln(x^n)+b*n*x/e/m-1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e*x*f^(-1/m)*(x^m)^(-
1/m)*exp(-1/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*
csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*
e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,-ln(x)+1/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*
Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*
f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn
(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)+1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e*x*f^(-1/m)*(x^m)^(-1/m)*exp(-1/2*(-I
*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(b e m n x e^{\left(\frac{e \log(f) + d}{e m} \right)} + (b e m \log(c) - b e n \log(f) + a e m - b d n) \log_integral \left(x e^{\left(\frac{e \log(f) + d}{e m} \right)} \right) \right) e^{-\frac{e \log(f) + d}{e m}}}{e^2 m^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

(b*e*m*n*x*e^((e*log(f) + d)/(e*m)) + (b*e*m*log(c) - b*e*n*log(f) + a*e*m
- b*d*n)*log_integral(x*e^((e*log(f) + d)/(e*m))))*e^(-(e*log(f) + d)/(e*
m)))/(e^2*m^2)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/(d+e*ln(f*x**m)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(d + e*log(f*x**m)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{e \log(fx^m) + d} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/(e*log(f*x^m) + d), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \frac{bnx}{em} + \frac{b\text{Ei}\left(\frac{\log(f)}{m} + \frac{d}{em} + \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{d}{em}\right)} \log(c)}{ef^{\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)}m} - \frac{bn\text{Ei}\left(\frac{\log(f)}{m} + \frac{d}{em} + \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{d}{em}\right)} \log(f)}{ef^{\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)}m^2} + \frac{a\text{Ei}\left(\frac{\log(f)}{m} + \frac{d}{em} + \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{d}{em}\right)}}{ef^{\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)}m} - \frac{bdn\text{Ei}\left(\frac{\log(f)}{m} + \frac{d}{em} + \log(x)\right) e^{\left(-\frac{d}{em}\right)}}{e^2f^{\left(\frac{1}{m}\right)}m^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*n*x/(e*m) + b*Ei(log(f)/m + d/(e*m) + log(x))*e^(-d/(e*m))*log(c)/(e*f^(1/m)*m) - b*n*Ei(log(f)/m + d/(e*m) + log(x))*e^(-d/(e*m))*log(f)/(e*f^(1/m)*m^2) + a*Ei(log(f)/m + d/(e*m) + log(x))*e^(-d/(e*m))/(e*f^(1/m)*m) - b*d*n*Ei(log(f)/m + d/(e*m) + log(x))*e^(-d/(e*m))/(e^2*f^(1/m)*m^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{d + e \ln(fx^m)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*log(f*x^m)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{d + e \log(fx^m)} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{\log(x^m f) e + d} dx \right) b + \left(\int \frac{1}{\log(x^m f) e + d} dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**m*f)*e + d),x)*b + int(1/(log(x**m*f)*e + d),x)*a`

3.179 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x(d+e \log(fx^m))} dx$

Optimal result	1362
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1362
Rubi [A] (verified)	1363
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1364
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1365
Sympy [F]	1366
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1366
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1367
Mupad [F(-1)]	1367
Reduce [F]	1367

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \frac{bn \log(x)}{em} - \frac{bn(d + e \log(fx^m)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2 m^2} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{em}$$

output `b*n*ln(x)/e/m-b*n*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))*ln(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e^2/m^2+(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \frac{bemn \log(x) + (aem - bdn - ben \log(fx^m) + bem \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2 m^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])),x]`

output

$$(b*e*m*n*\text{Log}[x] + (a*e*m - b*d*n - b*e*n*\text{Log}[f*x^m] + b*e*m*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*\text{Log}[d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^m]])/(e^2*m^2)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.192$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 3039, 2836, 2732}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2813} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{em} - bn \int \frac{\log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{emx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{em} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{x} dx}{em} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3039} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{em} - \frac{bn \int \log(d + e \log(fx^m)) d \log(fx^m)}{em^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2836} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{em} - \frac{bn \int \log(d + e \log(fx^m)) d(d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2 m^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2732} \\ & \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m))}{em} - \frac{bn((d + e \log(fx^m)) \log(d + e \log(fx^m)) - d - e \log(fx^m))}{e^2 m^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])/(x*(d + e*\text{Log}[f*x^m])),x]$$

output
$$\frac{((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n]) \cdot \text{Log}[d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^m]]) / (e \cdot m) - (b \cdot n \cdot (-d - e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^m]) + (d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^m]) \cdot \text{Log}[d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^m]])}{(e^2 \cdot m^2)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)(F_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F, (b_)(G_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2732
$$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)(x_)^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n], x] - \text{Simp}[n \cdot x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, n\}, x]$$

rule 2813
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + \text{Log}[(c_)(x_)^{(n_)}] \cdot (b_))^{\{p_ \}} \cdot ((d_ + \text{Log}[(f_)(x_)^{(r_)}] \cdot (e_))^{\{m_ \}}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(g \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r]) \quad u, x] - \text{Simp}[e \cdot r \quad \text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/x, x], x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r\}, x] \ \&\& \ !(EqQ[p, 1] \ \&\& \ EqQ[a, 0] \ \&\& \ NeQ[d, 0])$$

rule 2836
$$\text{Int}[(a_ + \text{Log}[(c_)(d_ + (e_)(x_)^{(n_)}] \cdot (b_))^{\{p_ \}}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/e \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p, x], x, d + e \cdot x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x]$$

rule 3039
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{lst = \text{FunctionOfLog}[\text{Cancel}[x \cdot u], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/lst \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[lst[[1]], x], x, \text{Log}[lst[[2]]]], x] \text{ ; !FalseQ}[lst]] \text{ ; NonsumQ}[u]$$

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1239, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.45

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1239

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x/(d+e*ln(f*x^m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c)
+2*a)/m*ln(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*
f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)
+2*I*ln(x^m)*e+2*I*d)/e+b*n*ln(x)/e/m+1/2*I*b/m^2/e*ln(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn
(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn
(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*ln(x)*e*m+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-
m*ln(x))+2*I*d)*Pi*n*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-1/2*I*b/m^2/e*ln(
e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*
Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*ln(x)*e*m+2*I*e*ln
(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)*Pi*n*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-1/2*I*b/
m^2/e*ln(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*
x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*ln(x)*e*m
+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)*Pi*n*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)
^2+1/2*I*b/m^2/e*ln(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*
I*ln(x)*e*m+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)*Pi*n*csgn(I*f*x^m)^
3+b/m/e*ln(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*
f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*ln(x)*e
*m+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)*ln(x^n)-b/m^2/e*ln(e*Pi*c...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \frac{bemn \log(x) + (bem \log(c) - ben \log(f) + aem - bdn) \log(em \log(x) + e \log(f) + d)}{e^2 m^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*e*m*n*log(x) + (b*e*m*log(c) - b*e*n*log(f) + a*e*m - b*d*n)*log(e*m*log(x) + e*log(f) + d))/(e^2*m^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x/(d+e*ln(f*x**m)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(x*(d + e*log(f*x**m))), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx \\ &= \frac{b \log(cx^n) \log\left(\frac{e \log(f) + e \log(x^m) + d}{e}\right)}{em} \\ & \quad - \frac{bn \left(\frac{(e \log(f) + e \log(x^m) + d) \log\left(\frac{e \log(f) + e \log(x^m) + d}{e}\right)}{e} - \frac{e \log(f) + e \log(x^m) + d}{e} \right)}{em^2} \\ & \quad + \frac{a \log\left(\frac{e \log(f) + e \log(x^m) + d}{e}\right)}{em} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*log(c*x^n)*log((e*log(f) + e*log(x^m) + d)/e)/(e*m) - b*n*((e*log(f) + e*log(x^m) + d)*log((e*log(f) + e*log(x^m) + d)/e)/e - (e*log(f) + e*log(x^m) + d)/e)/(e*m^2) + a*log((e*log(f) + e*log(x^m) + d)/e)/(e*m)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \frac{bn \log(x)}{em} + \frac{(bem \log(c) - ben \log(f) + aem - bdn) \log\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi em(\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 1) + \pi e(\operatorname{sgn}(f) - 1))\right)^2 + (em \log(|x|) - em \log(|f|) + d)^2}{2e^2m^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*n*log(x)/(e*m) + 1/2*(b*e*m*log(c) - b*e*n*log(f) + a*e*m - b*d*n)*log(1/4*(pi*e*m*(sgn(x) - 1) + pi*e*(sgn(f) - 1))^2 + (e*m*log(abs(x)) + e*log(abs(f)) + d)^2)/(e^2*m^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{x(d + e \ln(fx^m))} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x*(d + e*log(f*x^m))),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x*(d + e*log(f*x^m))), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{\log(x^m f) e x + d} dx\right) b e m + \log(\log(x^m f) e + d) a}{e m}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `(int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**m*f)*e*x + d*x),x)*b*e**m + log(log(x**m*f)*e + d)*a)/(e*m)`

3.180 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x^2(d+e \log(fx^m))} dx$

Optimal result	1369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1370
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1370
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1372
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1373
Sympy [F]	1374
Maxima [F]	1374
Giac [F]	1374
Mupad [F(-1)]	1375
Reduce [F]	1375

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bn}{emx} - \frac{be^{\frac{d}{em}} n (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) (d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2 m^2 x} + \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{emx}$$

output

```
-b*n/e/m/x-b*exp(d/e/m)*n*(f*x^m)^(1/m)*Ei(-(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e^2/m^2/x+exp(d/e/m)*(f*x^m)^(1/m)*Ei(-(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/m/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

$$= \frac{-bemn + e^{\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) (aem - bdn - ben \log(fx^m) + bem \log(cx^n))}{e^2 m^2 x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])),x]
```

output

```
(-(b*e*m*n) + E^(d/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^m^(-1)*ExpIntegralEi[-((d + e*Log[f*x^m])/(e*m))])*(a*e*m - b*d*n - b*e*n*Log[f*x^m] + b*e*m*Log[c*x^n])/(e^2*m^2*x)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 3039, 7281, 7036}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2813}$$

$$\frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}}(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{emx} -$$

$$bn \int \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}}(fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{emx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{emx} - \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{d}{em}} \int \frac{(fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{x^2} dx}{em} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{31} \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{emx} - \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \int \frac{\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{x} dx}{emx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3039} \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{em^2x} - \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right) d \log(fx^m)}{em^2x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7281} \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d}{em} - \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right) d\left(-\frac{d}{em} - \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right)}{emx} + \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{emx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7036} \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d+e \log(fx^m)}{em}\right)}{emx} + \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{d}{em}} (fx^m)^{\frac{1}{m}} \left(-\frac{d}{em} - \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{d}{em} - \frac{\log(fx^m)}{m}\right) - fx^m}{emx}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x^2*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])),x]`

output `(b*E^(d/(e*m))*n*(f*x^m)^m^(-1)*(-(f*x^m) + ExpIntegralEi[-(d/(e*m)) - Log[f*x^m]/m]*(-(d/(e*m)) - Log[f*x^m]/m)))/(e*m*x) + (E^(d/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^m^(-1)*ExpIntegralEi[-((d + e*Log[f*x^m])/(e*m))]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*m*x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((d_) + Log[(f_)*(x_)^(r_)]*(e_))*((g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7036 `Int[ExpIntegralEi[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(ExpIntegralEi[a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[E^(a + b*x)/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2296, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.26

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2296

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^2/(d+e*ln(f*x^m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c
)+2*a)/m/e/x*f^(1/m)*(x^m)^(1/m)*exp(1/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn
(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m
)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,ln(x)-1/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*cs
gn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*cs
gn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I
*d)/m/e)-b/m/e/x*f^(1/m)*(x^m)^(1/m)*exp(1/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*
csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f
*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,ln(x)-1/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f
)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))
+2*I*d)/m/e)*ln(x^n)-b*n/e/m/x-1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e/x*f^(1/m)*(x^m)^(1/m)*exp(1
/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m
)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)
)*Ei(1,ln(x)-1/2*I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)
)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I
*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn
(I*f*x^m)+1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e/x*f^(1/m)*(x^m)^(1/m)*exp(1/2*(-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*cs
gn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx =$$

$$\frac{bemn - (bemx \log(c) - benx \log(f) + (aem - bdn)x)e^{\left(\frac{e \log(f)+d}{em}\right)} \log_integral\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{e \log(f)+d}{em}\right)}{x}\right)}{e^2 m^2 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-(b*e*m*n - (b*e*m*x*\log(c) - b*e*n*x*\log(f) + (a*e*m - b*d*n)*x)*e^{((e*\log(f) + d)/(e*m))*\log_integral(e^{-((e*\log(f) + d)/(e*m))/x)})/(e^2*m^2*x)}$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**2/(d+e*ln(f*x**m)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(x**2*(d + e*log(f*x**m))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{(e \log(fx^m) + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/((e*log(f*x^m) + d)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{(e \log(fx^m) + d)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/((e*log(f*x^m) + d)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \ln(fx^m))} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x^2*(d + e*log(f*x^m))),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x^2*(d + e*log(f*x^m))), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^2 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{\log(x^m f) e x^2 + d x^2} dx \right) b + \left(\int \frac{1}{\log(x^m f) e x^2 + d x^2} dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^2/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**m*f)*e*x**2 + d*x**2),x)*b + int(1/(log(x**m*f)*e*x**2 + d*x**2),x)*a`

3.181
$$\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d+e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

Optimal result	1376
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1377
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1377
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1379
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1380
Sympy [F]	1381
Maxima [F]	1381
Giac [F]	1381
Mupad [F(-1)]	1382
Reduce [F]	1382

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

$$= -\frac{bn}{2emx^2} - \frac{be^{\frac{2d}{em}}n(fx^m)^{2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) (d + e \log(fx^m))}{e^2m^2x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}}(fx^m)^{2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{emx^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*n/e/m/x^2-b*exp(2*d/e/m)*n*(f*x^m)^(2/m)*Ei((-2*d-2*e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(d+e*ln(f*x^m))/e^2/m^2/x^2+exp(2*d/e/m)*(f*x^m)^(2/m)*Ei((-2*d-2*e*ln(f*x^m))/e/m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e/m/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

$$= \frac{-bemn + 2e^{\frac{2d}{em}}(fx^m)^{2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) (aem - bdn - ben \log(fx^m) + bem \log(cx^n))}{2e^2 m^2 x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x^3*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])),x]
```

output

```
(-(b*e*m*n) + 2*E^((2*d)/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^(2/m)*ExpIntegralEi[(-2*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])/(e*m))*(a*e*m - b*d*n - b*e*n*Log[f*x^m] + b*e*m*Log[c*x^n])])/(2*e^2*m^2*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 3039, 7281, 7036}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2813}$$

$$\frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}}(fx^m)^{2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^2} -$$

$$bn \int \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}}(fx^m)^{2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^2} - \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{2d}{em}} \int \frac{(fx^m)^{2/m} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{x^3} dx}{em} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{31} \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^2} - \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} \int \frac{\text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{x} dx}{emx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3039} \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^2} - \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right) d \log(fx^m)}{em^2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7281} \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} \int \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2d}{em} - \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) d\left(-\frac{2d}{em} - \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right)}{2emx^2} + \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7036} \\
 & \frac{e^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2(d+e \log(fx^m))}{em}\right)}{emx^2} + \\
 & \frac{bne^{\frac{2d}{em}} (fx^m)^{2/m} \left(\left(-\frac{2d}{em} - \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(-\frac{2d}{em} - \frac{2 \log(fx^m)}{m}\right) - fx^m\right)}{2emx^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x^3*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])),x]`

output `(b*E^((2*d)/(e*m))*n*(f*x^m)^(2/m)*(-(f*x^m) + ExpIntegralEi[(-2*d)/(e*m) - (2*Log[f*x^m])/m]*((-2*d)/(e*m) - (2*Log[f*x^m])/m)))/(2*e*m*x^2) + (E^((2*d)/(e*m))*(f*x^m)^(2/m)*ExpIntegralEi[(-2*(d + e*Log[f*x^m])/(e*m))]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(e*m*x^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((d_) + Log[(f_)*(x_)^(r_)]*(e_))*((g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7036 `Int[ExpIntegralEi[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(ExpIntegralEi[a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[E^(a + b*x)/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 5.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2341, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.60

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	2341

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x^3/(d+e*ln(f*x^m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*(I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*
csgn(I*c)-I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*b*ln(c
)+2*a)/m/e/x^2*(x^m)^(2/m)*f^(2/m)*exp((-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I
*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^
2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,2*ln(x)-I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I
*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I
*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/
m/e)-b/m/e/x^2*(x^m)^(2/m)*f^(2/m)*exp((-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I
*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^
2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(1,2*ln(x)-I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I
*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I
*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/
m/e)*ln(x^n)-1/2*b*n/e/m/x^2-1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e/x^2*(x^m)^(2/m)*f^(2/m)*exp((
-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2
*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e-I*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3*e+2*d)/m/e)*Ei(
1,2*ln(x)-I*(e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)-e*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(
I*f*x^m)^2-e*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2+e*Pi*csgn(I*f*x^m)^3+2*I*e*ln(
f)+2*I*e*(ln(x^m)-m*ln(x))+2*I*d)/m/e)*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x^m)*csgn(I*f*x
^m)+1/2*I*b*n/m^2/e/x^2*(x^m)^(2/m)*f^(2/m)*exp((-I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*x
^m)*csgn(I*f*x^m)*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*f)*csgn(I*f*x^m)^2*e+I*Pi*csgn(I*x^m)*cs...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx =$$

$$\frac{bemn - 2(bemx^2 \log(c) - benx^2 \log(f) + (aem - bdn)x^2)e^{\left(\frac{2(e \log(f)+d)}{em}\right)} \log_integral\left(\frac{e\left(-\frac{2(e \log(f)+d)}{em}\right)}{x^2}\right)}{2e^2m^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(b*e*m*n - 2*(b*e*m*x^2*log(c) - b*e*n*x^2*log(f) + (a*e*m - b*d*n)*x^2)*e^(2*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m))*log_integral(e^(-2*(e*log(f) + d)/(e*m))/x^2))/(e^2*m^2*x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x**3/(d+e*ln(f*x**m)),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(x**3*(d + e*log(f*x**m))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{(e \log(fx^m) + d)x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/((e*log(f*x^m) + d)*x^3), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3(d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{(e \log(fx^m) + d)x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)/((e*log(f*x^m) + d)*x^3), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{x^3 (d + e \ln(fx^m))} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x^3*(d + e*log(f*x^m))),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x^3*(d + e*log(f*x^m))), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x^3 (d + e \log(fx^m))} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{\log(x^m f) e x^3 + d x^3} dx \right) b + \left(\int \frac{1}{\log(x^m f) e x^3 + d x^3} dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x^3/(d+e*log(f*x^m)),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**m*f)*e*x**3 + d*x**3),x)*b + int(1/(log(x**m*f)*e*x**3 + d*x**3),x)*a`

3.182 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{(d+e \log(cx^n))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1383
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1383
Rubi [A] (verified)	1384
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1385
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Sympy [F]	1386
Maxima [F]	1386
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1387
Mupad [F(-1)]	1388
Reduce [F]	1388

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{d}{en}}(-bd + ae + ben)x(cx^n)^{-1/n} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(cx^n)}{en}\right)}{e^3 n^2} + \frac{(bd - ae)x}{e^2 n (d + e \log(cx^n))}$$

output

```
(b*e*n+a*e-b*d)*x*Ei((d+e*ln(c*x^n))/e/n)/e^3/exp(d/e/n)/n^2/((c*x^n)^(1/n))
+(-a*e+b*d)*x/e^2/n/(d+e*ln(c*x^n))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{d}{en}}(-bd + ae + ben)x(cx^n)^{-1/n} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(cx^n)}{en}\right) - \frac{e(-bd+ae)nx}{d+e \log(cx^n)}}{e^3 n^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```

output

```
(((-(b*d) + a*e + b*e*n)*x*ExpIntegralEi[(d + e*Log[c*x^n])/(e*n)])/(E^(d/(e*n))*(c*x^n)^n^(-1)) - (e*(-(b*d) + a*e)*n*x)/(d + e*Log[c*x^n]))/(e^3*n^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$, Rules used = {2807, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(e \log(cx^n) + d)^2} dx$$

↓ 2807

$$\int \left(\frac{ae - bd}{e(e \log(cx^n) + d)^2} + \frac{b}{e(e \log(cx^n) + d)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{x(cx^n)^{-1/n} e^{-\frac{d}{en}} (bd - ae) \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(cx^n)}{en}\right)}{e^3 n^2} + \frac{x(bd - ae)}{e^2 n (e \log(cx^n) + d)} + \frac{bx(cx^n)^{-1/n} e^{-\frac{d}{en}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{d+e \log(cx^n)}{en}\right)}{e^2 n}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d + e*Log[c*x^n])^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((b*d - a*e)*x*ExpIntegralEi[(d + e*Log[c*x^n])/(e*n)])/(e^3*E^(d/(e*n))*n^2*(c*x^n)^n^(-1))) + (b*x*ExpIntegralEi[(d + e*Log[c*x^n])/(e*n)])/(e^2*E^(d/(e*n))*n*(c*x^n)^n^(-1)) + ((b*d - a*e)*x)/(e^2*n*(d + e*Log[c*x^n]))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2807 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(e_.) + (d_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[c*x^n])^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.16

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2x(ea-bd)}{e^{2n}(2d+2e\ln(c)+2e\ln(x^n)+ie\pi\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)\operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2-ie\pi\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)\operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)\operatorname{csgn}(ic)-ie\pi\operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^3+ie\pi\operatorname{csgn}(icx^n))}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/(d+e*ln(c*x^n))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/e^2/n*x*(a*e-b*d)/(2*d+2*e*\ln(c)+2*e*\ln(x^n)+I*e*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*e*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*e*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3 \\ & +I*e*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-(b*e*n+a*e-b*d)/e^3/n^2*x*c^{(-1/n)*(x^n)^{-1/n}} \\ & *exp(-1/2*(I*e*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*e*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c) \\ & -I*e*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*e*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*d)/e/n)*Ei(1,-\ln(x)-1/2*(I*e*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-I*e*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-I*e*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+I*e*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+2*e*\ln(c)+2*e*(\ln(x^n)-n*\ln(x))+2*d)/e/n) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((bde - ae^2)nx e^{\left(\frac{e \log(c) + d}{en}\right)} + (bden - bd^2 + ade + (be^2n - bde + ae^2) \log(c) + (be^2n^2 - (bde - ae^2)n) \log(x)) \right)}{e^4 n^3 \log(x) + e^4 n^2 \log(c) + de^3 n^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output ((b*d*e - a*e^2)*n*x*e^((e*log(c) + d)/(e*n)) + (b*d*e*n - b*d^2 + a*d*e +
(b*e^2*n - b*d*e + a*e^2)*log(c) + (b*e^2*n^2 - (b*d*e - a*e^2)*n)*log(x)
)*log_integral(x*e^((e*log(c) + d)/(e*n))))*e^(-(e*log(c) + d)/(e*n))/(e^4
*n^3*log(x) + e^4*n^2*log(c) + d*e^3*n^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/(d+e*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))/(d + e*log(c*x**n))**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log(cx^n) + a}{(e \log(cx^n) + d)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output $((e^n - d)*b + a*e)*\text{integrate}(1/(e^{3*n*\log(c)} + e^{3*n*\log(x^n)} + d*e^{2*n}), x) + (b*d - a*e)*x/(e^{3*n*\log(c)} + e^{3*n*\log(x^n)} + d*e^{2*n})$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 712 vs. $2(88) = 176$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 712, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.00

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $b*e^{2*n^2}*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}*\log(x)/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) + b*e^{2*n}*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}*\log(c)/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) - b*d*e*n*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}*\log(x)/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) + a*e^{2*n}*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}*\log(x)/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) + b*d*e*n*x/(e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2}) - a*e^{2*n}*x/(e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2}) + b*d*e*n*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) - b*d*e*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}*\log(c)/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) + a*e^{2*n}*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}*\log(c)/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) - b*d^2*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)}) + a*d*e*Ei(\log(c)/n + d/(e*n) + \log(x))*e^{-d/(e*n)}/((e^{4*n^3*\log(x)} + e^{4*n^2*\log(c)} + d*e^{3*n^2})*c^{(1/n)})$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{(d + e \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(d + e*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{(d + e \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/(d+e*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output

```
( - int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log
(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e**2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*log(x**n*c)
*a*d**e**2 + int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n
+ 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e**2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*log
(x**n*c)*a*e**3*n + int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**
2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e**2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n
),x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**2*e - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d**e**2 - log
(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e**2*n + d**3
- d**2*e*n),x)*log(x**n*c)*b*d**e**2*n + int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d*
e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e**
2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*log(x**n*c)*b*e**3*n**2 - int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x*
**n*c)**2*d**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**
n*c)*d**e**2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*a*d**2*e + int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)
)**2*d**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)
*d**e**2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*a*d**e**2*n + int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)*
**2*d**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d
**e**2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*b*d**3 - 2*int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d
**e**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e**
2*n + d**3 - d**2*e*n),x)*b*d**2*e*n + int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x**n*c)**2*d**e
**2 - log(x**n*c)**2*e**3*n + 2*log(x**n*c)*d**2*e - 2*log(x**n*c)*d**e...
```

3.183 $\int \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx$

Optimal result	1390
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1390
Rubi [A] (verified)	1391
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1392
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Mupad [F(-1)]	1394
Reduce [F]	1394

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = bn \log(x) - bn \log(x) \log(\log(x)) + (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(\log(x))$$

output

```
b*n*ln(x)-b*n*ln(x)*ln(ln(x))+(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(ln(x))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = bn \log(x) + a \log(\log(x)) + b(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)) \log(\log(x))$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x*Log[x]),x]
```

output

```
b*n*Log[x] + a*Log[Log[x]] + b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])*Log[Log[x]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2813, 3001}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$\log(\log(x)) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\log(\log(x))}{x} dx$$

↓ 3001

$$\log(\log(x)) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn(\log(x) \log(\log(x)) - \log(x))$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(x*Log[x]),x]`

output `(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[Log[x]] - b*n*(-Log[x] + Log[x]*Log[Log[x]])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3001 `Int[((a_.) + Log[Log[(d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]^(p_.)*(c_.)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[d*x^n]*((a + b*Log[c*Log[d*x^n]^p])/n), x] - Simp[b*p*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

method	result
risch	$-bn \ln(x) \ln(\ln(x)) + \ln(x) nb + \ln(x^n) \ln(\ln(x)) b + \left(\frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)^2}{2} - \frac{ib\pi \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(icx^n)}{2} \right)$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x/ln(x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b*n*ln(x)*ln(ln(x))+ln(x)*n*b+ln(x^n)*ln(ln(x))*b+(1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)-1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3+1/2*I*Pi*b*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)+b*ln(c)+a)*ln(ln(x))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = bn \log(x) + (b \log(c) + a) \log(\log(x))$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/log(x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b*n*log(x) + (b*log(c) + a)*log(log(x))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = a \log(\log(x)) - b(n(\log(x) \log(\log(x)) - \log(x)) - \log(cx^n) \log(\log(x)))$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))/x/ln(x),x)`

output `a*log(log(x)) - b*(n*(log(x)*log(log(x)) - log(x)) - log(c*x**n)*log(log(x)))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = -(\log(x) \log(\log(x)) - \log(x))bn + b \log(cx^n) \log(\log(x)) + a \log(\log(x))$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/log(x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(log(x)*log(log(x)) - log(x))*b*n + b*log(c*x^n)*log(log(x)) + a*log(log(x))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = bn \log(x) + (b \log(c) + a) \log(|\log(x)|)$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/log(x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*n*log(x) + (b*log(c) + a)*log(abs(log(x)))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(cx^n)}{x \ln(x)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x*log(x)),x)`output `int((a + b*log(c*x^n))/(x*log(x)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{x \log(x)} dx = \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)}{\log(x) x} dx \right) b + \log(\log(x)) a$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))/x/log(x),x)`output `int(log(x**n*c)/(log(x)*x),x)*b + log(log(x))*a`

3.184 $\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1395
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1396
Rubi [A] (verified)	1396
Maple [F]	1399
Fricas [F]	1400
Sympy [F(-1)]	1400
Maxima [F(-2)]	1400
Giac [F(-2)]	1401
Mupad [F(-1)]	1401
Reduce [F]	1401

Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 355

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx =$$

$$\frac{e e^{-\frac{a(1+m)}{bn}} r (gx)^{1+m} (cx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{a(1+m)}{bn} - \frac{(1+m) \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(1+m)^2}$$

$$- \frac{e e^{-\frac{a(1+m)}{bn}} r (gx)^{1+m} (cx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{a(1+m)}{bn} - \frac{(1+m) \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(-\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{bg(1+m)n}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{-\frac{a(1+m)}{bn}} (gx)^{1+m} (cx^n)^{-\frac{1+m}{n}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))}{g(1+m)}$$

output

```
-e*r*(g*x)^(1+m)*GAMMA(2+p,-a*(1+m)/b/n-(1+m)*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
^p/exp(a*(1+m)/b/n)/g/(1+m)^2/((c*x^n)^((1+m)/n))/((-1+m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
/b/n)^p-e*r*(g*x)^(1+m)*GAMMA(p+1,-a*(1+m)/b/n-(1+m)*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln
(c*x^n)^(p+1)/b/exp(a*(1+m)/b/n)/g/(1+m)/n/((c*x^n)^((1+m)/n))/((-1+m)*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p+(g*x)^(1+m)*GAMMA(p+1,-(1+m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/exp(a*(1+m)/b/n)/g/(1+m)/((c*x^n)^((1+m)/
n))/((-1+m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{(1+m)(a-bn \log(x)+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}} x^{-m} (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^{-1+p} \left(-\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{1-p} \left(-benr \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)\right)}{(1 + m) \Gamma(2 + p, -\frac{(1+m)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn})}$$

input `Integrate[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-(((g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*(-(((1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n))))^(1 - p)*(-((b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, -(((1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n))]) + (1 + m)*Gamma[1 + p, -(((1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n))])*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))/(E^(((1 + m)*(a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n)))*(1 + m)^3*x^m)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 27, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (gx)^m (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p dx$$

↓ 2813

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(m + 1)}$$

$$er \int \frac{e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (gx)^m (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{m + 1} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (d + e \log (fx^r)) (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(m+1)} \\ \frac{ere^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} \int (gx)^m (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} dx}{m+1}$$

↓ 31

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (d + e \log (fx^r)) (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(m+1)} \\ \frac{er(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p}}{gx} dx}{m+1}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (d + e \log (fx^r)) (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(m+1)} \\ \frac{er(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p}}{x} dx}{g(m+1)}$$

↓ 2033

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (d + e \log (fx^r)) (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(m+1)} \\ \frac{er(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x} dx}{g(m+1)}$$

↓ 3039

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (d + e \log (fx^r)) (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{g(m+1)} \\ \frac{er(gx)^{m+1} e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}} (a + b \log (cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn} \right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, -\frac{(m+1)(a+b \log (cx^n))}{bn}\right) d \log (cx^n)}{g(m+1)n}$$

↓ 7281

$$\frac{er(gx)^{m+1}e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{\log(cx^n)(m+1)}{n}-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}\right)d}{(gx)^{m+1}e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{g(m+1)^2}{g(m+1)}$$

↓ 7111

$$\frac{(gx)^{m+1}e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{er(gx)^{m+1}e^{-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-\frac{m+1}{n}}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)^{-p}\left(\left(-\frac{a(m+1)}{bn}-\frac{(m+1)\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{(m+1)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)\right)} \frac{g(m+1)}{g(m+1)^2}$$

input `Int[(g*x)^(m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `(e*r*(g*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(-Gamma[2 + p, -((a*(1 + m))/(b*n)) - ((1 + m)*Log[c*x^n])/n] + Gamma[1 + p, -((a*(1 + m))/(b*n)) - ((1 + m)*Log[c*x^n])/n]*(-((a*(1 + m))/(b*n)) - ((1 + m)*Log[c*x^n])/n))/(E^((a*(1 + m))/(b*n))*g*(1 + m)^2*(c*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)*(-(((1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n))))^p) + ((g*x)^(1 + m)*Gamma[1 + p, -(((1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n))]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(E^((a*(1 + m))/(b*n))*g*(1 + m)*(c*x^n)^((1 + m)/n)*(-(((1 + m)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n))))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_)*(x_))^(i_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2033 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + n) * ((b*v)^n/(a*v)^n) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)])*(e_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7111 `Int[Gamma[n_, (a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(Gamma[n, a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[Gamma[n + 1, a + b*x]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p (d + e \ln(fx^r)) dx$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)`

output `int((g*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= \int (e \log(fx^r) + d)(gx)^m (b \log(cx^n) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((g*x)^m*e*log(f*x^r) + (g*x)^m*d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((g*x)**m*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((g*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,2,2,2,0,2,0,0]}+%%{2,[0,2,2,2,0,1,0,0]}+%%{1,[0,2,2,2,0,0,0,0]}+%%{1,[0,2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx \\ &= \int (d + e \ln(fx^r)) (gx)^m (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(g*x)^m*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(g*x)^m*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (gx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((g*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`

output

```

(g**m*(x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e**m*x + x**m*(log(x**n*c)
*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e*x + x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d**m*x + x**m*
(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d*x - x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r*x + x**m*
(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d**n*p*x + int((x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x*
*n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*m**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*m + log(x**n*
c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2*m**2 + 2*a**
2*m + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e**m**3*n*p + 3*int((x**m*(log(
x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*m**2 + 2*log(x
**n*c)*a*b*m + log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + log(x**n*c)*b**2
*n*p + a**2*m**2 + 2*a**2*m + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e**m**2
*n*p + 3*int((x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x*
*n*c)*a*b*m**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*m + log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*
m*n*p + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2*m**2 + 2*a**2*m + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p + a
*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e**m*n*p + int((x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*l
og(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*m**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*m + log(x**n*c)*a*b
+ log(x**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2*m**2 + 2*a**2*m + a
**2 + a*b*m*n*p + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e**n*p + int((x**m*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)
**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*m**2 + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*m +
log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2*m*
*2 + 2*a**2*m + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*e**m**2*n**2*p**2 + ...

```

3.185 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1403
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1404
Rubi [A] (verified)	1404
Maple [F]	1407
Fricas [F]	1407
Sympy [F(-1)]	1407
Maxima [F(-2)]	1408
Giac [F]	1408
Mupad [F(-1)]	1408
Reduce [F]	1409

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = -3^{-2-p} e e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}} r x^3 (cx^n)^{-3/n} \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{3a}{bn} - \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} - \frac{3^{-1-p} e e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}} r x^3 (cx^n)^{-3/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{3a}{bn} - \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{bn} + 3^{-1-p} e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}} x^3 (cx^n)^{-3/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
-3^(-2-p)*e*r*x^3*GAMMA(2+p,-3*a/b/n-3*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p/exp(
3*a/b/n)/((c*x^n)^(3/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p-3^(-1-p)*e*r*x^3*GAMMA
(p+1,-3*a/b/n-3*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)/b/exp(3*a/b/n)/n/((c*x
n)^(3/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p+3^(-1-p)*x^3*GAMMA(p+1,(-3*a-3*b*ln(c
*x^n))/b/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/exp(3*a/b/n)/((c*x^n)^(3/n)
)/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= -3^{-2-p} e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}} x^3 (cx^n)^{-3/n} \left(a + b \log(cx^n) \right)^{-1+p} \left(-benr \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) + 3\Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (bdn - aer - ber \log(cx^n) + ben \log(fx^r)) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-((3^(-2 - p)*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^(1 - p)*(-(b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, (-3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))] + 3*Gamma[a[1 + p, (-3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)]*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))]/(E^((3*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(3/n))))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.269$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p dx$$

↓ 2813

$$3^{-p-1} x^3 e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-3/n} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$er \int 3^{-p-1} e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}} x^2 (cx^n)^{-3/n} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{3(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{-p} dx$$

↓ 27

$$3^{-p-1}x^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) \\ e3^{-p-1}re^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}\int x^2(cx^n)^{-3/n}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}dx$$

↓ 31

$$3^{-p-1}x^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) \\ e3^{-p-1}rx^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}\int\frac{\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x}dx$$

↓ 2033

$$3^{-p-1}x^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) \\ e3^{-p-1}rx^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\frac{\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x}dx$$

↓ 3039

$$3^{-p-1}x^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) \\ e3^{-p-1}rx^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)d\log(cx^n)$$

n

↓ 7281

$$e3^{-p-2}rx^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3a}{bn}-\frac{3\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)d\left(-\frac{3a}{bn}-\frac{3\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) \\ 3^{-p-1}x^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

↓ 7111

$$3^{-p-1}x^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) \\ e3^{-p-2}rx^3e^{-\frac{3a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-3/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\left(\left(-\frac{3a}{bn}-\frac{3\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{3a}{bn}-\frac{3\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `(3^(-2 - p)*e*r*x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(-Gamma[2 + p, (-3*a)/(b*n) - (3*Log[c*x^n])/n] + Gamma[1 + p, (-3*a)/(b*n) - (3*Log[c*x^n])/n]*((-3*a)/(b*n) - (3*Log[c*x^n])/n)))/(E^((3*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(3/n)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^p) + (3^(-1 - p)*x^3*Gamma[1 + p, (-3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(E^((3*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(3/n)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_)^(m_))*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2033 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + n)*((b*v)^n/(a*v)^n) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((d_) + Log[(f_)*(x_)^(r_)]*(e_))*((g_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7111 `Int[Gamma[n_, (a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(Gamma[n, a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[Gamma[n + 1, a + b*x]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n))^p(d + e \ln(fx^r)) dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2*log(f*x^r) + d*x^2)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p(d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int x^2 (d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`

output `(3*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e*x**3 + 3*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d*x**3 - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r*x**3 + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x**3 - 9*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a**2*b*d*n*p + 3*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a**2*b*e*n*p*r - 6*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*d*n**2*p**2 + int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e*n**2*p**2*r - int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*d*n**3*p**3 + 9*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p + 3*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*x**2)/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*e*n**2*p**2)/(3*(3*a + b*n*p))`

3.186 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1410
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1411
Rubi [A] (verified)	1411
Maple [F]	1414
Fricas [F]	1414
Sympy [F]	1414
Maxima [F(-2)]	1415
Giac [F]	1415
Mupad [F(-1)]	1415
Reduce [F]	1416

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = -2^{-2-p} e e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}} r x^2 (cx^n)^{-2/n} \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{2a}{bn} - \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} - \frac{2^{-1-p} e e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}} r x^2 (cx^n)^{-2/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{2a}{bn} - \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{bn} + 2^{-1-p} e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}} x^2 (cx^n)^{-2/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
-2^(-2-p)*e*r*x^2*GAMMA(2+p,-2*a/b/n-2*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p/exp(2*a/b/n)/((c*x^n)^(2/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p-2^(-1-p)*e*r*x^2*GAMMA(p+1,-2*a/b/n-2*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)/b/exp(2*a/b/n)/n/((c*x^n)^(2/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p+2^(-1-p)*x^2*GAMMA(p+1,(-2*a-2*b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/exp(2*a/b/n)/((c*x^n)^(2/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= -2^{-2-p} e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}} x^2 (cx^n)^{-2/n} \left(a + b \log(cx^n) \right)^{-1+p} \left(-benr \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) + 2\Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (bdn - aer - ber \log(cx^n) + ben \log(fx^r)) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-((2^(-2 - p)*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^(1 - p)*(-(b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, (-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n)]) + 2*Gamma[a[1 + p, (-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(b*n)]*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r])))/(E^((2*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(2/n)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 31, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p dx$$

↓ 2813

$$2^{-p-1} x^2 e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-2/n} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$er \int 2^{-p-1} e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}} x (cx^n)^{-2/n} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{-p} dx$$

↓ 27

$$2^{-p-1}x^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$e2^{-p-1}re^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}\int x(cx^n)^{-2/n}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}dx$$

↓ 31

$$2^{-p-1}x^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$e2^{-p-1}rx^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}\int\frac{\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x}dx$$

↓ 2033

$$2^{-p-1}x^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$e2^{-p-1}rx^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\frac{\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x}dx$$

↓ 3039

$$2^{-p-1}x^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$e2^{-p-1}rx^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)d\log(cx^n)$$

n

↓ 7281

$$e2^{-p-2}rx^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2a}{bn}-\frac{2\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)d\left(-\frac{2a}{bn}-\frac{2\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)$$

$$2^{-p-1}x^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

↓ 7111

$$2^{-p-1}x^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)$$

$$e2^{-p-2}rx^2e^{-\frac{2a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-2/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\left(\left(-\frac{2a}{bn}-\frac{2\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{2a}{bn}-\frac{2\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `(2^(-2 - p)*e*r*x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(-Gamma[2 + p, (-2*a)/(b*n) - (2*Log[c*x^n])/n] + Gamma[1 + p, (-2*a)/(b*n) - (2*Log[c*x^n])/n]*((-2*a)/(b*n) - (2*Log[c*x^n])/n)))/(E^((2*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(2/n)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^p) + (2^(-1 - p)*x^2*Gamma[1 + p, (-2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(E^((2*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(2/n)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_)^(m_))*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2033 `Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + n)*((b*v)^(n)/(a*v)^(n) Int[v^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((d_) + Log[(f_)*(x_)^(r_)]*(e_))*((g_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7111 `Int[Gamma[n_, (a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(Gamma[n, a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[Gamma[n + 1, a + b*x]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^p (d + e \ln(fx^r)) dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x*log(f*x^r) + d*x)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*log(c*x**n))**p*(d + e*log(f*x**r)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int x(d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p dx$$

input `int(x*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`

output `(2*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e*x**2 + 2*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d*x**2 - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r*x**2 + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x**2 + 4*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p + 2*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f)*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*e*n**2*p**2 - 4*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a**2*b*d*n*p + 2*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a**2*b*e*n*p*r - 4*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*d*n**2*p**2 + int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e*n**2*p**2*r - int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*x)/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*d*n**3*p**3)/(2*(2*a + b*n*p))`

3.187 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$

Optimal result	1417
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1418
Rubi [A] (verified)	1418
Maple [F]	1421
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1421
Sympy [F]	1422
Maxima [F(-2)]	1422
Giac [F]	1422
Mupad [F(-1)]	1423
Reduce [F]	1423

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 271

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = -e e^{-\frac{a}{bn}} r x (cx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{a}{bn} - \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} - \frac{e e^{-\frac{a}{bn}} r x (cx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{a}{bn} - \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{bn} + e^{-\frac{a}{bn}} x (cx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))$$

output

```
-e*r*x*GAMMA(2+p,-a/b/n-ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p/exp(a/b/n)/((c*x^n)^(1/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p-e*r*x*GAMMA(p+1,-a/b/n-ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)/b/exp(a/b/n)/n/((c*x^n)^(1/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p+x*GAMMA(p+1,-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/exp(a/b/n)/((c*x^n)^(1/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= -e^{-\frac{a}{bn}} x (cx^n)^{-1/n} \left(a + b \log(cx^n) \right)^{-1+p} \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{1-p} \left(-benr \Gamma\left(2 + p, -\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) + \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (bdn - aer - ber \log(cx^n) + ben \log(fx^r)) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]),x]`

output `-((x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*(-(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)))^(1 - p)*(-(b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, -(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)]) + Gamma[1 + p, -(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)])*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))/(E^(a/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^n^(-1))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {2808, 27, 34, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p dx$$

↓ 2808

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-1/n} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) - er \int e^{-\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{-1/n} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(cx^n)}{bn} \right)^{-p} dx$$

↓ 27

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)-$$

$$ere^{-\frac{a}{bn}}\int(cx^n)^{-1/n}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}dx$$

↓ 34

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)-$$

$$erxe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}\int\frac{\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x}dx$$

↓ 2033

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)-$$

$$erxe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\frac{\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x}dx$$

↓ 3039

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)-$$

$$\frac{erxe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)d\log(cx^n)}{n}$$

↓ 7281

$$erxe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\int\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a}{bn}-\frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)d\left(-\frac{a}{bn}-\frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)$$

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)$$

↓ 7111

$$xe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(d+e\log(fx^r))(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)+$$

$$erxe^{-\frac{a}{bn}}(cx^n)^{-1/n}(a+b\log(cx^n))^p\left(-\frac{a+b\log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}\left(\left(-\frac{a}{bn}-\frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(p+1,-\frac{a}{bn}-\frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\right)-$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p \cdot (d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r]), x]$

output $(e \cdot r \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p \cdot (-\text{Gamma}[2 + p, -(a/(b \cdot n)) - \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n]/n] + \text{Gamma}[1 + p, -(a/(b \cdot n)) - \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n]/n]) \cdot (-((a/(b \cdot n)) - \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n]/n))) / (E^{(a/(b \cdot n)) \cdot (c \cdot x^n)^n} \cdot (-((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])/(b \cdot n))))^p) + (x \cdot \text{Gamma}[1 + p, -(a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])/(b \cdot n)]) \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p \cdot (d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r]) / (E^{(a/(b \cdot n)) \cdot (c \cdot x^n)^n} \cdot (-((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])/(b \cdot n))))^p)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)(F_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F, (b_)(G_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 34 $\text{Int}[(u_)((a_)(x_)^{(m_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot ((a \cdot x^m)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / x^{(m \cdot \text{FracPart}[p])}) \text{ Int}[u \cdot x^{(m \cdot p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 2033 $\text{Int}[(F_)((a_)(v_)^{(m_)}) \cdot ((b_)(v_)^{(n_)})], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m+n)} \cdot ((b \cdot v)^n / (a \cdot v)^n) \text{ Int}[v^{(m+n)} \cdot F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m+n]$

rule 2808 $\text{Int}[(a_ + \text{Log}[(c_)(x_)^{(n_)})] \cdot (b_))^{(p_)} \cdot ((d_ + \text{Log}[(f_)(x_)^{(r_)}] \cdot (e_))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p, x]\}, \text{Simp}[(d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r]) u, x] - \text{Simp}[e \cdot r \text{ Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[u/x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p, r\}, x]$

rule 3039 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{lst = \text{FunctionOfLog}[\text{Cancel}[x \cdot u], x]\}, \text{Simp}[1/lst[[3]] \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[lst[[1]], x], x, \text{Log}[lst[[2]]]], x] /; \text{!FalseQ}[lst] /; \text{NonsumQ}[u]$

rule 7111 $\text{Int}[\text{Gamma}[n_, (a_ + (b_)(x_))], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b \cdot x) \cdot (\text{Gamma}[n, a + b \cdot x] / b), x] - \text{Simp}[\text{Gamma}[n + 1, a + b \cdot x] / b, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n\}, x]$

rule 7281

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]]
  Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p (d + e \ln(fx^r)) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r)),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx =$$

$$\frac{(ber \log(c) - ben \log(f) - bdn + (benp + ben + ae)r)e^{\left(-\frac{bnp \log(-\frac{1}{bn}) + b \log(c) + a}{bn}\right)} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{bn \log(x) + b \log(c)}{bn}\right)}{bn}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-((b*e*r*log(c) - b*e*n*log(f) - b*d*n + (b*e*n*p + b*e*n + a*e)*r)*e^(-b
*n*p*log(-1/(b*n)) + b*log(c) + a)/(b*n))*gamma(p + 1, -(b*n*log(x) + b*lo
g(c) + a)/(b*n)) - (b*e*n*r*x*log(x) + b*e*r*x*log(c) + a*e*r*x)*(b*n*log(
x) + b*log(c) + a)^p)/(b*n)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r)),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**p*(d + e*log(f*x**r)), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx = \int (d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p dx$$

input `int((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\log(x^n c) b + a)^p \log(x^r f) a e x + (\log(x^n c) b + a)^p a d x - (\log(x^n c) b + a)^p a e r x + (\log(x^n c) b + a)^p b d n p x}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r)),x)`

output `((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e*x + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d*x - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r*x + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x - int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a**2*b*d*n*p + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a**2*b*e*n*p*r - 2*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*d*n**2*p**2 + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e*n**2*p**2*r - int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*d*n**3*p**3 + int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b + log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p + a**2 + a*b*n*p),x)*b**3*e*n**2*p**2)/(a + b*n*p)`

3.188 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1424
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = -\frac{er(a + b \log(cx^n))^{2+p}}{b^2n^2(1 + p)(2 + p)} + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} (d + e \log(fx^r))}{bn(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-e*r*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(2+p)/b^2/n^2/(p+1)/(2+p)+(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/b/n/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} (2bdn + bdn p - aer - ber \log(cx^n) + ben(2 + p) \log(fx^r))}{b^2n^2(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x,x]
```

output $((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^{(1 + p)} \cdot (2 \cdot b \cdot d \cdot n + b \cdot d \cdot n \cdot p - a \cdot e \cdot r - b \cdot e \cdot r \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n] + b \cdot e \cdot n \cdot (2 + p) \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r])) / (b^2 \cdot n^2 \cdot (1 + p) \cdot (2 + p))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2813, 27, 2739, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$\frac{(d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)} - er \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)x} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)} - \frac{er \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1}}{x} dx}{bn(p+1)}$$

↓ 2739

$$\frac{(d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)} - \frac{er \int (a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1} d(a + b \log(cx^n))}{b^2 n^2 (p+1)}$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{(d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)} - \frac{er(a + b \log(cx^n))^{p+2}}{b^2 n^2 (p+1)(p+2)}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^p \cdot (d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r]) / x, x]$

output $-((e \cdot r \cdot (a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^{(2 + p)}) / (b^2 \cdot n^2 \cdot (1 + p) \cdot (2 + p))) + ((a + b \cdot \text{Log}[c \cdot x^n])^{(1 + p)} \cdot (d + e \cdot \text{Log}[f \cdot x^r])) / (b \cdot n \cdot (1 + p))$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2739 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*n) Subst[Int[x^p, x], x, a + b*Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 322 vs. $2(71) = 142$.

Time = 17.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(cx^n)\ln(fx^r)(a+b\ln(cx^n))^p b^5 e n^3 p + \ln(fx^r)(a+b\ln(cx^n))^p a b^4 e n^3 p - 2\ln(cx^n)(a+b\ln(cx^n))^p a b^4 e n^2 r - \ln(cx^n)^2 (a+b\ln(cx^n))^p b^5 e n^3 p}{(a+b\ln(cx^n))^p}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*b^5*e*n^3*p+ln(f*x^r)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*a*b^4*e*n^3*p-2*ln(c*x^n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*a*b^4*e*n^2*r-ln(c*x^n)^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*b^5*e*n^2*r+2*ln(c*x^n)*ln(f*x^r)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*b^5*e*n^3+ln(c*x^n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*b^5*d*n^3*p+2*ln(f*x^r)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*a*b^4*e*n^3+(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*a*b^4*d*n^3*p-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*a^2*b^3*e*n^2*r+2*ln(c*x^n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*b^5*d*n^3+2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*a*b^4*d*n^3)/(p+1)/(2+p)/b^5/n^4
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{(b^2 er \log(c)^2 - abdnp - 2 abdn + a^2 er - (b^2 en^2 p + b^2 en^2) r \log(x)^2 - (b^2 dnp + 2 b^2 dn - 2 aber) \log(c) + \dots}{(b^2 n^2 p^2 + 3 b^2 n^2 p + 2 b^2 n^2)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(b^2*e*r*log(c)^2 - a*b*d*n*p - 2*a*b*d*n + a^2*e*r - (b^2*e*n^2*p + b^2*e*n^2)*r*log(x)^2 - (b^2*d*n*p + 2*b^2*d*n - 2*a*b*e*r)*log(c) - (a*b*e*n*p + 2*a*b*e*n + (b^2*e*n*p + 2*b^2*e*n)*log(c))*log(f) - (b^2*e*n*p*r*log(c) + b^2*d*n^2*p + a*b*e*n*p*r + 2*b^2*d*n^2 + (b^2*e*n^2*p + 2*b^2*e*n^2)*log(f))*log(x)*(b*n*log(x) + b*log(c) + a)^p/(b^2*n^2*p^2 + 3*b^2*n^2*p + 2*b^2*n^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x,x)
```


output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**p*(d + e*log(f*x**r))/x, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^{p+1} e \log(fx^r)}{bn(p+1)} + \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^{p+1} d}{bn(p+1)} - \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^{p+2} er}{b^2 n^2 (p+2)(p+1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^(p + 1)*e*log(f*x^r)/(b*n*(p + 1)) + (b*log(c*x^n) + a)^(p + 1)*d/(b*n*(p + 1)) - (b*log(c*x^n) + a)^(p + 2)*e*r/(b^2*n^2*(p + 2)*(p + 1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \frac{(bn \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{p+1} e \log(f)}{p+1} + \frac{(bn \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{p+1} d}{p+1} - \frac{(bn \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)(bn \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p b p \log(c) - (bn \log(x) + a)^{p+2} e r}{b^2 n^2 (p+2)(p+1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{p+1} e^{\log(f)} / (p+1) + (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{p+1} d / (p+1) - ((b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p b^p \log(c) - (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{2p} (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p + (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{p^2} (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p + 2(b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p b \log(c) - (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{2p} (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p + 2(b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^p (b^n \log(x) + b \log(c) + a)^{p^2} e^r) / ((p^2 + 3p + 2)b^n)) / (b^n) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx = \int \frac{(d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p}{x} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x,x)`

output `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x} dx \\ & = \frac{(\log(x^n c) b + a)^p (-\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e^r + \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e^n p + 2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e^n - 2 \log(x^n c) a b e^n p + 2 \log(x^r f) a b e^n - a^2 e^r + a b d^n p + 2 a b d^n)}{b^2 n^2 (p^2 + 3p + 2)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((\log(x^n c) b + a)^p (-\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 e^r + \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e^n p + 2 \log(x^n c) \log(x^r f) b^2 e^n - 2 \log(x^n c) a b e^n p + 2 \log(x^r f) a b e^n - a^2 e^r + a b d^n p + 2 a b d^n)) / (b^2 n^2 (p^2 + 3p + 2)) \end{aligned}$$

3.189 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1430
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1431
Rubi [A] (verified)	1431
Maple [F]	1434
Fricas [F]	1434
Sympy [F]	1435
Maxima [F(-2)]	1435
Giac [F]	1435
Mupad [F(-1)]	1436
Reduce [F]	1436

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 260

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

$$= - \frac{e e^{\frac{a}{bn}} r (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(2 + p, \frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{e e^{\frac{a}{bn}} r (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{bnx}$$

$$- \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x}$$

output

```
-e*exp(a/b/n)*r*(c*x^n)^(1/n)*GAMMA(2+p,a/b/n+ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
^p/x/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)+e*exp(a/b/n)*r*(c*x^n)^(1/n)*GAMMA(p+1,a/b/
n+ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)/b/n/x/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)-exp(a
/b/n)*(c*x^n)^(1/n)*GAMMA(p+1,(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*
ln(f*x^r))/x/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (a + b \log(cx^n))^{-1+p} \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{1-p} \left(benr \Gamma\left(2 + p, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) + \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) \right) (b \dots)}{x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^2,x]`

output `-(E^(a/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^n^(-1)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/ (b*n))^(1 - p)*(b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, (a + b*Log[c*x^n])/ (b*n)] + Gamma [1 + p, (a + b*Log[c*x^n])/ (b*n)]*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))) / x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$, Rules used = {2813, 25, 27, 31, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int - \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^2} dx -$$

$$\frac{e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{er \int \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^2} dx - e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{ere^{\frac{a}{bn}} \int \frac{(cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^2} dx - e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x} \downarrow 31$$

$$\frac{ere^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x} dx - e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x} \downarrow 2033$$

$$\frac{ere^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x} dx - e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x} \downarrow 3039$$

$$\frac{ere^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right) d \log(cx^n) - e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{nx} \downarrow 7281$$

$$\frac{ere^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) d\left(\frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) - e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}{x} \downarrow 7111$$

$$\frac{e r e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \left(\left(\frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right) - \Gamma\left(p+2, \frac{a}{bn} + \frac{\log(cx^n)}{n}\right)\right)}{e^{\frac{a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)}$$

x

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^2,x]`

output `(e*E^(a/(b*n))*r*(c*x^n)^n^(-1)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(-Gamma[2 + p, a/(b*n) + Log[c*x^n]/n] + Gamma[1 + p, a/(b*n) + Log[c*x^n]/n]*(a/(b*n) + Log[c*x^n]/n)))/(x*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))^p) - (E^(a/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^n^(-1)*Gamma[1 + p, (a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n)]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/(x*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_)^(m_))*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2033 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^(m + n)*((b*v)^n/(a*v)^n) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7111 `Int[Gamma[n_, (a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(Gamma[n, a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[Gamma[n + 1, a + b*x]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^p (d + e \ln(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**p*(d + e*log(f*x**r))/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x^2,x)`

output `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^2,x)`

output `(- (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*a**2*b*d*n*p*x + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*a**2*b*e*n*p*r*x - 2*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*a*b**2*d*n**2*p**2*x - int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e*n**2*p**2*r*x + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*b**3*d*n**3*p**3*x - int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p*x + int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*n*p*x**2),x)*b**3*e*n**2*p**2*x)/(x*(a - b*n*p))`

3.190 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1438
Rubi [A] (verified)	1438
Maple [F]	1441
Fricas [F]	1441
Sympy [F]	1442
Maxima [F(-2)]	1442
Giac [F]	1442
Mupad [F(-1)]	1443
Reduce [F]	1443

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2^{-2-p} e e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} r (cx^n)^{2/n} \Gamma\left(2 + p, \frac{2a}{bn} + \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{-1-p} e e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} r (cx^n)^{2/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{2a}{bn} + \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{bnx^2}$$

$$- \frac{2^{-1-p} e e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^2}$$

output

```
-2^(-2-p)*e*exp(2*a/b/n)*r*(c*x^n)^(2/n)*GAMMA(2+p,2*a/b/n+2*ln(c*x^n)/n)*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p/x^2/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)+2^(-1-p)*e*exp(2*a/b/n)*r*
(c*x^n)^(2/n)*GAMMA(p+1,2*a/b/n+2*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)/b/n/x
^2/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)-2^(-1-p)*exp(2*a/b/n)*(c*x^n)^(2/n)*GAMMA(p+1
,2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^2/(((a+b*ln(c*
x^n))/b/n)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \frac{2^{-2-p} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (a + b \log(cx^n))^{-1+p} \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{1-p} \left(b e n r \Gamma\left(2 + p, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) + 2 \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) \right)}{x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^3,x]`output `-((2^(-2 - p)*E^((2*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(2/n)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))^(1 - p)*(b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, (2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))] + 2*Gamma[1 + p, (2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))]*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))) / x^2`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$, Rules used = {2813, 25, 27, 31, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int -\frac{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^3} dx -$$

$$\frac{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{er \int \frac{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^3} dx -}{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^2}{x^2} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{e 2^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} \int \frac{(cx^n)^{2/n} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^3} dx -}{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^2}{x^2} \downarrow 31$$

$$\frac{e 2^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x} dx -}{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^2}{x^2} \downarrow 2033$$

$$\frac{e 2^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x} dx -}{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^2}{x^2} \downarrow 3039$$

$$\frac{e 2^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) d \log(cx^n) -}{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{nx^2}{x^2} \downarrow 7281$$

$$\frac{e 2^{-p-2} r e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2a}{bn} + \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) d\left(\frac{2a}{bn} + \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) -}{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^2}{x^2} \downarrow 7111$$

$$\frac{e^{2-p-2} r e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{2a}{bn} + \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2a}{bn} + \frac{2 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) - \Gamma\left(p+2, \frac{2a}{bn}\right)}{x^2} \\ \frac{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{2/n} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x^2}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^3,x]`

output $(2^{(-2-p)} * e * E^{((2*a)/(b*n))} * r * (c*x^n)^{(2/n)} * (a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n])^p * (-\text{Gamma}[2 + p, (2*a)/(b*n) + (2 * \text{Log}[c*x^n])/n] + \text{Gamma}[1 + p, (2*a)/(b*n) + (2 * \text{Log}[c*x^n])/n]) * ((2*a)/(b*n) + (2 * \text{Log}[c*x^n])/n)) / (x^2 * ((a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n]) / (b*n))^p) - (2^{(-1-p)} * E^{((2*a)/(b*n))} * (c*x^n)^{(2/n)} * \text{Gamma}[1 + p, (2*(a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n])) / (b*n)] * (a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n])^p * (d + e * \text{Log}[f*x^r])) / (x^2 * ((a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n]) / (b*n))^p)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m+i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2033 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m+n) * ((b*v)^n/(a*v)^n) Int[v^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7111 `Int[Gamma[n_, (a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(Gamma[n, a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[Gamma[n + 1, a + b*x]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^p (d + e \ln(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**p*(d + e*log(f*x**r))/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x^3,x)`

output `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^3,x)`

output `(- 2*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e - 2*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p + 4*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*a**2*b*d*n*p*x**2 + 2*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*a**2*b*e*n*p*r*x**2 - 4*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*a*b**2*d*n**2*p**2*x**2 - int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p*x**2 + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*b**3*d*n**3*p**3*x**2 - 4*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p*x**2 + 2*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*n*p*x**3),x)*b**3*e*n**2*p**2*x**2)/(2*x**2*(2*a - b*n*p))`

3.191 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p (d+e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1444
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1445
Rubi [A] (verified)	1445
Maple [F]	1448
Fricas [F]	1448
Sympy [F(-1)]	1449
Maxima [F(-2)]	1449
Giac [F]	1449
Mupad [F(-1)]	1450
Reduce [F]	1450

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$$

$$= - \frac{3^{-2-p} e e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} r (cx^n)^{3/n} \Gamma\left(2 + p, \frac{3a}{bn} + \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3^{-1-p} e e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} r (cx^n)^{3/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{3a}{bn} + \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^{1+p} \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{bnx^3}$$

$$- \frac{3^{-1-p} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^3}$$

output

```
-3^(-2-p)*e*exp(3*a/b/n)*r*(c*x^n)^(3/n)*GAMMA(2+p,3*a/b/n+3*ln(c*x^n)/n)*
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p/x^3/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)+3^(-1-p)*e*exp(3*a/b/n)*r*
(c*x^n)^(3/n)*GAMMA(p+1,3*a/b/n+3*ln(c*x^n)/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^(p+1)/b/n/x
^3/(((a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)^p)-3^(-1-p)*exp(3*a/b/n)*(c*x^n)^(3/n)*GAMMA(p+1
,3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/b/n)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^3/(((a+b*ln(c
x^n))/b/n)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \frac{3^{-2-p} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (a + b \log(cx^n))^{-1+p} \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{1-p} \left(benr \Gamma\left(2 + p, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) + 3\Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)\right)}{x^3}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^4,x]`

output `-((3^(-2 - p)*E^((3*a)/(b*n))*(c*x^n)^(3/n)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(-1 + p)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))^(1 - p)*(b*e*n*r*Gamma[2 + p, (3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))] + 3*Gamma[1 + p, (3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(b*n))]*(b*d*n - a*e*r - b*e*r*Log[c*x^n] + b*e*n*Log[f*x^r]))) / x^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$, Rules used = {2813, 25, 27, 31, 2033, 3039, 7281, 7111}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^p}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2813

$$-er \int -\frac{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^4} dx -$$

$$\frac{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d + e \log(fx^r))(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x^3}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{er \int \frac{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^4} dx -}{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^3}{x^3} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{e3^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} \int \frac{(cx^n)^{3/n} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x^4} dx -}{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^3}{x^3} \downarrow 31$$

$$\frac{e3^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p}}{x} dx -}{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^3}{x^3} \downarrow 2033$$

$$\frac{e3^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x} dx -}{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^3}{x^3} \downarrow 3039$$

$$\frac{e3^{-p-1} r e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right) d \log(cx^n) -}{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{nx^3}{x^3} \downarrow 7281$$

$$\frac{e3^{-p-2} r e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \int \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3a}{bn} + \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) d\left(\frac{3a}{bn} + \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) -}{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d+e \log(fx^r)) (a+b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)} \frac{x^3}{x^3} \downarrow 7111$$

$$\frac{e^{3-p-2} r e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \left(\left(\frac{3a}{bn} + \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3a}{bn} + \frac{3 \log(cx^n)}{n}\right) - \Gamma\left(p+2, \frac{3a}{bn}\right)\right)}{x^3} \\ \frac{3^{-p-1} e^{\frac{3a}{bn}} (cx^n)^{3/n} (d + e \log(fx^r)) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(cx^n)}{bn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{3(a+b \log(cx^n))}{bn}\right)}{x^3}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*(d + e*Log[f*x^r]))/x^4,x]`

output $(3^{(-2-p)} * e * E^{((3*a)/(b*n))} * r * (c*x^n)^{(3/n)} * (a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n])^p * (-\text{Gamma}[2 + p, (3*a)/(b*n) + (3 * \text{Log}[c*x^n])/n] + \text{Gamma}[1 + p, (3*a)/(b*n) + (3 * \text{Log}[c*x^n])/n]) * ((3*a)/(b*n) + (3 * \text{Log}[c*x^n])/n)) / (x^3 * ((a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n]) / (b*n))^p) - (3^{(-1-p)} * E^{((3*a)/(b*n))} * (c*x^n)^{(3/n)} * \text{Gamma}[1 + p, (3*(a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n])) / (b*n)] * (a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n])^p * (d + e * \text{Log}[f*x^r])) / (x^3 * ((a + b * \text{Log}[c*x^n]) / (b*n))^p)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 31 `Int[(u_.)*((a_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(i_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*x^i)^p/(a*x)^(i*p) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2033 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + n) * ((b*v)^n/(a*v)^n Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 2813 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + Log[(f_.)*(x_)^(r_.)]*(e_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p, x]}, Simp[(d + e*Log[f*x^r]) u, x] - Simp[e*r Int[SimplifyIntegrand[u/x, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p, r}, x] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[a, 0] && NeQ[d, 0])`

rule 3039 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLog[Cancel[x*u], x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, Log[lst[[2]]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] /; NonsumQ[u]`

rule 7111 `Int[Gamma[n_, (a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)*(Gamma[n, a + b*x]/b), x] - Simp[Gamma[n + 1, a + b*x]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x]`

rule 7281 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = FunctionOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[3]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[2]] + lst[[3]]*x], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^p (d + e \ln(fx^r))}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*ln(f*x^r))/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*(d+e*ln(f*x**r))/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(e \log(fx^r) + d)(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*log(f*x^r) + d)*(b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(d + e \ln(fx^r)) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x^4,x)`

output `int(((d + e*log(f*x^r))*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p (d + e \log(fx^r))}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*(d+e*log(f*x^r))/x^4,x)`

output `(- 3*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**r*f)*a*e - 3*(log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*d - (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*e*r + (log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p + 9*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*a**2*b*d*n*p*x**3 + 3*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*a**2*b*e*n*p*r*x**3 - 6*int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*a*b**2*d*n**2*p**2*x**3 - int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e*n**2*p**2*r*x**3 + int((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*b**3*d*n**3*p**3*x**3 - 9*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*a*b**2*e*n*p*x**3 + 3*int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**n*c)*log(x**r*f))/(3*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x**4 - log(x**n*c)*b**2*n*p*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 - a*b*n*p*x**4),x)*b**3*e*n**2*p**2*x**3)/(3*x**3*(3*a - b*n*p))`

3.192 $\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1451
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1452
Rubi [A] (verified)	1452
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1454
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1455
Maxima [F]	1455
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1456
Mupad [F(-1)]	1457
Reduce [F]	1458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 246

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = & -\frac{dn\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - \frac{(3a^2d + e)n\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^3} \\
 & + \frac{2en(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{27a^3} - dnx \arcsin(ax) \\
 & - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \arcsin(ax) - \frac{en \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})}{9a^3} \\
 & + \frac{(3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})}{3a^3} \\
 & + \frac{(3a^2d + e)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} \\
 & - \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} \\
 & + dx \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-d*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-1/3*(3*a^2*d+e)*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+2/27*e*
n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3-d*n*x*arcsin(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arcsin(a*x)-1/9*e*n
*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3+1/3*(3*a^2*d+e)*n*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2))/a^3+1/3*(3*a^2*d+e)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3-1/9*e*(-a^2*x^2+
1)^(3/2)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3+d*x*arcsin(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arcsin(a*x)*ln(
c*x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-54a^2dn\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 7en\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 2a^2enx^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 3(9a^2d + 2e)n \log(x) + 27a^2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \log(cx^n)}{27a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n],x]
```

output

```
(-54*a^2*d*n*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 7*e*n*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 2*a^2*e*n*x^2*S
qrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 3*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*Log[x] + 27*a^2*d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]
*Log[c*x^n] + 6*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*a^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*
x^2]*Log[c*x^n] - 3*a^3*x*ArcSin[a*x]*(n*(9*d + e*x^2) - 3*(3*d + e*x^2)*L
og[c*x^n]) + 27*a^2*d*n*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]] + 6*e*n*Log[1 + Sqrt[1
- a^2*x^2]])/(27*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2834, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arcsin(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2834 \\
 & -n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arcsin(ax) x^2 + d \arcsin(ax) - \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{9a^3x} + \frac{(3da^2+e)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^3x} \right) dx + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3a^2d+e) \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} - \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) + \\
 & \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & -n \left(\frac{d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})(3a^2d+e)}{3a^3} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})}{9a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3a^2d+e)}{3a^3} - \frac{2e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{9a^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3a^2d+e) \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} - \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) + \\
 & \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-(n*((d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a + ((3*a^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a^3) - (2*e*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcSin[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcSin[a*x])/9 + (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/(9*a^3) - ((3*a^2*d + e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/(3*a^3))) + ((3*a^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n])/(3*a^3) - (e*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) + d*x*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 7.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6894, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.02

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	6894

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{18(a^3ex^3 + 3a^3dx) \arcsin(ax) \log(c) + 18(a^3enx^3 + 3a^3dnx) \arcsin(ax) \log(x) + 3(9a^2d + 2e)n \log(c) + 3(9a^2d + 2e)n \log(x) + 3(9a^2d + 2e)n \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}) - 3(9a^2d + 2e)n \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} - 1) - 6(a^3e*n*x^3 + 9a^3*d*n*x) \arcsin(a*x) - 2*(2*a^2*e*n*x^2 + (54*a^2*d + 7*e)*n - 3*(a^2*e*x^2 + 9*a^2*d + 2*e)*\log(c) - 3*(a^2*e*n*x^2 + (9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n)*\log(x)) \sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}}{a^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/54*(18*(a^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*x)*arcsin(a*x)*log(c) + 18*(a^3*e*n*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*n*x)*arcsin(a*x)*log(x) + 3*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 3*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) - 6*(a^3*e*n*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*n*x)*arcsin(a*x) - 2*(2*a^2*e*n*x^2 + (54*a^2*d + 7*e)*n - 3*(a^2*e*x^2 + 9*a^2*d + 2*e)*log(c) - 3*(a^2*e*n*x^2 + (9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n)*log(x))*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 52.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*asin(a*x)*ln(c*x**n),x)`

output `a*e*n*Piecewise((-Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/3 - sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (x**2/2, True))/(3*a**2) - 2*Piecewise((I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1) - log(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 + I*asin(1/(a*x)), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 - log(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + 1), True))/(3*a**4), (a > -oo) & (a < oo) & Ne(a, 0)), (x**4/16, True))/3 + a*e*n*Piecewise((-x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**4), Ne(a**2, 0)), (x**4/4, True))/9 - a*e*Piecewise((-x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**4), Ne(a**2, 0)), (x**4/4, True))*log(c*x**n)/3 - d*n*Piecewise((0, Eq(a, 0)), (Piecewise((x*asin(a*x) + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (0, True)) + Piecewise((I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1) - log(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 + I*asin(1/(a*x))), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 - log(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + 1), True))/a, True)) + d*Piecewise((0, Eq(a, 0)), (x*asin(a*x) + sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/a, True))*log(c*x**n) - e*n*x**3*asin(a*x)/9 + e*x**3*log(c*x**n)*asin(a*x)/3`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/54*(-I*(27*a^2*d*n*(2*x/a^2 - log(a*x + 1)/a^3 + log(a*x - 1)/a^3) + a^
2*e*n*(2*(a^2*x^3 + 3*x)/a^4 - 3*log(a*x + 1)/a^5 + 3*log(a*x - 1)/a^5) -
162*a^2*e*n*integrate(1/9*x^4*log(x)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 486*a^2*d*n*integ
rate(1/9*x^2*log(x)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 27*a^2*d*(2*x/a^2 - log(a*x + 1)/a
^3 + log(a*x - 1)/a^3)*log(c) - 3*a^2*e*(2*(a^2*x^3 + 3*x)/a^4 - 3*log(a*x
+ 1)/a^5 + 3*log(a*x - 1)/a^5)*log(c))*a^3 - 2*(-2*I*a^3*e*n + 3*I*a^3*e*
log(c))*x^3 - 54*a^3*integrate(-1/9*((a*e*n - 3*a*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(a*d*n
- a*d*log(c))*x - 3*(a*e*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*log(x^n))*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x
+ 1)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 9*(3*I*a^2*d + I*e)*n*dilog(a*x) - 9*(-3*I*a^2*d
- I*e)*n*dilog(-a*x) - 6*(9*I*a^3*d*log(c) + 3*I*a*e*log(c) + 2*(-9*I*a^3
*d - 2*I*a*e)*n)*x + 6*((a^3*e*n - 3*a^3*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(a^3*d*n - a^3*
d*log(c))*x)*arctan2(a*x, sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)) - 3*(-9*I*a^2*d*lo
g(c) + (9*I*a^2*d + I*e)*n - 3*I*e*log(c))*log(a*x + 1) - 3*(9*I*a^2*d*log
(c) + (-9*I*a^2*d - I*e)*n + 3*I*e*log(c))*log(a*x - 1) - 3*(2*I*a^3*e*x^3
+ 6*(3*I*a^3*d + I*a*e)*x + 6*(a^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*x)*arctan2(a*x, sqrt(a
*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)) + 3*(-3*I*a^2*d - I*e)*log(a*x + 1) + 3*(3*I*a^2*d
+ I*e)*log(-a*x + 1))*log(x^n))/a^3

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5306 vs. $2(216) = 432$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5306, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.57

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/54*(54*a^3*d*n*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(a*x) - 54*a^3*d*n*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(a)
+ 54*a^3*d*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(c) - 108*a^3*d*n*x*arcsin(a*x)/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2
+ 1)*a^2*x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + a^2*x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1
)^2 + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 54*a^4*d*n*x^2*log(abs(a)*abs(x))/((a^2*x^
2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 1)*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2) + 18*(a^2*x^
2 - 1)*a*e*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(c) + 54*a^4*d*n*x^2*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) +
1)/((a^2*x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 1)*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2) +
54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*d*n*log(a*x) - 54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*d*n*lo
g(a) + 108*a^4*d*n*x^2/((a^2*x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 1)*(sqrt(-a^
2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2) + 18*a*e*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(c) + 54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a
^2*d*log(c) - 54*a^2*d*n*log(abs(a)*abs(x))/(a^2*x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) +
1)^2 + 1) + 54*a^2*d*n*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/(a^2*x^2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^
2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 1) - 6*(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*e*log(c) - 108*a^2*d*n/(a^2*x^
2/(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2 + 1) + (18*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(
a*x) - 18*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(a) + 18*a*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(a*
x) - 18*a*x*arcsin(a*x)*log(a) - 6*(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*log(a*x) + 6*(-a^2
*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*log(a) + 18*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*log(a*x) - 18*sqrt(-a^2*x^2
+ 1)*log(a) - (192*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^2*a^8*x^8*log(abs(a)*abs(x))/((4*(-a^2*x^
^2 + 1)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^2*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)^6) -
192*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^2*a^8*x^8*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/((4*(-a^2*x^2 + ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{asin}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
int(log(c*x^n)*asin(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

output

```
int(log(c*x^n)*asin(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \arcsin(ax) \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \arcsin(ax) \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*asin(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(asin(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(asin(a*x)*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.193 $\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1459
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
Rubi [A] (verified)	1460
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1462
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1463
Maxima [F]	1463
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1464
Mupad [F(-1)]	1465
Reduce [F]	1466

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 245

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = & \frac{dn\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{(3a^2d + e)n\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{3a^3} \\
 & - \frac{2en(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{27a^3} - dnx \arccos(ax) \\
 & - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \arccos(ax) + \frac{en \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})}{9a^3} \\
 & - \frac{(3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})}{3a^3} \\
 & - \frac{(3a^2d + e)\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} \\
 & + \frac{e(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} \\
 & + dx \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
d*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a+1/3*(3*a^2*d+e)*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-2/27*e*n
*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3-d*n*x*arccos(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arccos(a*x)+1/9*e*n*
arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3-1/3*(3*a^2*d+e)*n*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2))/a^3-1/3*(3*a^2*d+e)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3+1/9*e*(-a^2*x^2+1
)^(3/2)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3+d*x*arccos(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arccos(a*x)*ln(c
*x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \frac{-54a^2dn\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 7en\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 2a^2enx^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 3(9a^2d + 2e)n \log(x) + 27a^2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```
-1/27*(-54*a^2*d*n*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 7*e*n*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 2*a^2*e*n
*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 3*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*Log[x] + 27*a^2*d*Sqrt[1 - a^
2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*a^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1
- a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] + 3*a^3*x*ArcCos[a*x]*(n*(9*d + e*x^2) - 3*(3*d + e
*x^2)*Log[c*x^n]) + 27*a^2*d*n*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]] + 6*e*n*Log[1 + S
qrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/a^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2834, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2834 \\
 & -n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arccos(ax) x^2 + d \arccos(ax) + \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{9a^3x} - \frac{(3da^2+e)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^3x} \right) dx - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3a^2d+e) \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} + \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) + \\
 & \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & -n \left(-\frac{d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})(3a^2d+e)}{3a^3} - \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})}{9a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3a^2d+e)}{3a^3} + \frac{2e}{3a^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3a^2d+e) \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} + \frac{e(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) + \\
 & \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-(n*(-((d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a) - ((3*a^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a^3) + (2*e*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcCos[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcCos[a*x])/9 - (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/(9*a^3) + ((3*a^2*d + e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/(3*a^3))) - ((3*a^2*d + e)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n])/(3*a^3) + (e*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) + d*x*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 47.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*acos(a*x)*ln(c*x**n),x)`

output `-a*e*n*Piecewise((-Piecewise((x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/3 - sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (x**2/2, True))/(3*a**2) - 2*Piecewise((I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1) - log(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 + I*asin(1/(a*x)), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 - log(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + 1), True))/(3*a**4), (a > -oo) & (a < oo) & Ne(a, 0)), (x**4/16, True))/3 - a*e*n*Piecewise((-x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**4), Ne(a**2, 0)), (x**4/4, True))/9 + a*e*Piecewise((-x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**4), Ne(a**2, 0)), (x**4/4, True))*log(c*x**n)/3 - d*n*Piecewise((pi*x/2, Eq(a, 0)), (Piecewise((x*acos(a*x) - sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x/2, True)) - Piecewise((I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1) - log(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 + I*asin(1/(a*x)), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + log(a**2*x**2)/2 - log(sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1) + 1), True))/a, True)) + d*Piecewise((pi*x/2, Eq(a, 0)), (x*acos(a*x) - sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/a, True))*log(c*x**n) - e*n*x**3*acos(a*x)/9 + e*x**3*log(c*x**n)*acos(a*x)/3`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/54*(-I*(27*a^2*d*n*(2*x/a^2 - log(a*x + 1)/a^3 + log(a*x - 1)/a^3) + a^
2*e*n*(2*(a^2*x^3 + 3*x)/a^4 - 3*log(a*x + 1)/a^5 + 3*log(a*x - 1)/a^5) -
162*a^2*e*n*integrate(1/9*x^4*log(x)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 486*a^2*d*n*integ
rate(1/9*x^2*log(x)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 27*a^2*d*(2*x/a^2 - log(a*x + 1)/a
^3 + log(a*x - 1)/a^3)*log(c) - 3*a^2*e*(2*(a^2*x^3 + 3*x)/a^4 - 3*log(a*x
+ 1)/a^5 + 3*log(a*x - 1)/a^5)*log(c))*a^3 - 2*(-2*I*a^3*e*n + 3*I*a^3*e*
log(c))*x^3 + 54*a^3*integrate(-1/9*((a*e*n - 3*a*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(a*d*n
- a*d*log(c))*x - 3*(a*e*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*log(x^n))*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x
+ 1)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 9*(3*I*a^2*d + I*e)*n*dilog(a*x) - 9*(-3*I*a^2*d
- I*e)*n*dilog(-a*x) - 6*(9*I*a^3*d*log(c) + 3*I*a*e*log(c) + 2*(-9*I*a^3
*d - 2*I*a*e)*n)*x + 6*((a^3*e*n - 3*a^3*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(a^3*d*n - a^3*
d*log(c))*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x) - 3*(-9*I*a^2*d*lo
g(c) + (9*I*a^2*d + I*e)*n - 3*I*e*log(c))*log(a*x + 1) - 3*(9*I*a^2*d*log
(c) + (-9*I*a^2*d - I*e)*n + 3*I*e*log(c))*log(a*x - 1) - 3*(2*I*a^3*e*x^3
+ 6*(3*I*a^3*d + I*a*e)*x + 6*(a^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x +
1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x) + 3*(-3*I*a^2*d - I*e)*log(a*x + 1) + 3*(3*I*a^2*d
+ I*e)*log(-a*x + 1))*log(x^n))/a^3

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11159 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11159, normalized size of antiderivative = 45.55

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/54*(18*a^3*e*x^3*arccos(a*x)*log(c) + 54*a^3*d*n*x*arccos(a*x)*log(a*x)
- 54*a^3*d*n*x*arccos(a*x)*log(a) + 54*a^3*d*x*arccos(a*x)*log(c) - 6*sqrt
(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*e*x^2*log(c) - 54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*d*n*log(a*x) +
54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*d*n*log(a) - 54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*d*log(c)
+ 54*a^2*d*n*arccos(a*x)/((a^2*x^2 - 1)/(a*x + 1)^2 - 1) + 54*a^2*d*n*log
(abs(a*x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/((a^2*x^2 - 1)/(a*x + 1)^2 - 1) - 54*a
^2*d*n*log(abs(-a*x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1))/((a^2*x^2 - 1)/(a*x + 1)^2
- 1) + 216*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*d*n/(a*x - (a^2*x^2 - 1)*a*x/(a*x + 1)^2
- (a^2*x^2 - 1)/(a*x + 1)^2 + 1) + (18*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)*log(a*x) - 18*
a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)*log(a) - 48*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a^4*x^4*arccos(a*x)/((16*(a^
2*x^2 - 1)*a^4*x^4/(4*a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2 - 16*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^2*a^4*x^4/
((4*a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2*(a*x + 1)^2) - 8*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a^2*x^2/(16*a^6*
x^6 - 24*a^4*x^4 + 8*a^3*x^3 + 9*a^2*x^2 - 6*a*x + 1) + 8*(a^2*x^2 - 1)^2*
a^2*x^2/((16*a^6*x^6 - 24*a^4*x^4 + 8*a^3*x^3 + 9*a^2*x^2 - 6*a*x + 1)*(a*
x + 1)^2) + (a^2*x^2 - 1)/(4*a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2 + (a^2*x^2 - 1)/(a*x +
1)^2 - (a^2*x^2 - 1)^2/((4*a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2*(a*x + 1)^2) - 1)*(4*a^
3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2) - 192*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a^4*x^4*log(abs(a*x + sqrt(-a^2*
x^2 + 1) + 1))/((16*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a^4*x^4/(4*a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2 - 16*(
a^2*x^2 - 1)^2*a^4*x^4/((4*a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x + 1)^2*(a*x + 1)^2) - 8*(a^2*x^
2 - 1)*a^2*x^2/(16*a^6*x^6 - 24*a^4*x^4 + 8*a^3*x^3 + 9*a^2*x^2 - 6*a*x...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{acos}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
int(log(c*x^n)*acos(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

output

```
int(log(c*x^n)*acos(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \arccos(ax) \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \arccos(ax) \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*acos(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(acos(a*x)*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.194 $\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1468
Rubi [A] (verified)	1468
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1469
Fricas [F]	1470
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1471
Maxima [F]	1472
Giac [F]	1472
Mupad [F(-1)]	1472
Reduce [F]	1473

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \frac{5enx^2}{36a} - dnx \arctan(ax) - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \arctan(ax) - \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} + dx \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{dn \log(1 + a^2x^2)}{2a} - \frac{en \log(1 + a^2x^2)}{18a^3} - \frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(cx^n) \log(1 + a^2x^2)}{6a^3} - \frac{(3a^2d - e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -a^2x^2)}{12a^3}$$

output

```
5/36*e*n*x^2/a-d*n*x*arctan(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arctan(a*x)-1/6*e*x^2*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arctan(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arctan(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/2*d*n*ln(a^2*x^2+1)/a-1/18*e*n*ln(a^2*x^2+1)/a^3-1/6*(3*a^2*d-e)*ln(c*x^n)*ln(a^2*x^2+1)/a^3-1/12*(3*a^2*d-e)*n*polylog(2,-a^2*x^2)/a^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{5a^2enx^2 - 6a^2ex^2 \log(cx^n) - 4a^3x \arctan(ax) (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2) \log(cx^n)) + 18a^2dn \log(1 + a^2x^2) - 2e \arctan(ax) \log[1 + a^2x^2] - 18a^2d \log[1 + a^2x^2] + 6e \log[1 + a^2x^2] + 3(-3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(a^2x^2)]}{36a^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcTan[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output $(5a^2enx^2 - 6a^2ex^2 \log(cx^n) - 4a^3x \arctan(ax) (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2) \log(cx^n)) + 18a^2dn \log(1 + a^2x^2) - 2e \arctan(ax) \log[1 + a^2x^2] - 18a^2d \log[1 + a^2x^2] + 6e \log[1 + a^2x^2] + 3(-3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(a^2x^2)]) / (36a^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2835, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arctan(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2835$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arctan(ax) x^2 - \frac{ex}{6a} + d \arctan(ax) - \frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(a^2x^2 + 1)}{6a^3x} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(a^2x^2 + 1) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} + dx \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) -$$

$$\frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -n \left(-\frac{d \log(a^2 x^2 + 1)}{2a} + \frac{(3a^2 d - e) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -a^2 x^2)}{12a^3} + \frac{e \log(a^2 x^2 + 1)}{18a^3} + dx \arctan(ax) + \frac{1}{9} ex^3 \arctan(ax) \right. \\
& \left. \frac{(3a^2 d - e) \log(a^2 x^2 + 1) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} + dx \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) - \right. \\
& \left. \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcTan[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-1/6*(e*x^2*Log[c*x^n])/a + d*x*ArcTan[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcTan[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3 - ((3*a^2*d - e)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + a^2*x^2])/(6*a^3) - n*((-5*e*x^2)/(36*a) + d*x*ArcTan[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcTan[a*x])/9 - (d*Log[1 + a^2*x^2])/(2*a) + (e*Log[1 + a^2*x^2])/(18*a^3) + ((3*a^2*d - e)*PolyLog[2, -(a^2*x^2)])/(12*a^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2835 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))], x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && MemberQ[{ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcTanh, ArcCoth}, F]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 66.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1490, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.19

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1490
default	Expression too large to display	76733

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arctan(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*d*n/a*dilog(-I*(I+a*x))+1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(-I*(I+a*x))+1/2*d*n/a*dilog
(-I*a*x)-1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(-I*a*x)+1/4*d*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^3*x-3/4*d*
n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*x+1/4*d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x+1/4*
d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x+1/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^3*Pi*ln(x)*x+1/4*
d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^2*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*x+3/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^2*Pi*ln(x)*x-1/
4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*x+1/12*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^3*x^3
-1/4*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*x^3+1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-
I))*x^3+1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x^3+1/12*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x
)^3*ln(x)*x^3+1/4*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2*ln(x)*x^3+1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2
*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*x^3-1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*x^3+1/6*(ln(x
^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a^3*ln(1+I*a*x)+11/18*e/a^3*n*ln(x)+1/2*d*n/a*ln(-I*(I-a*x)
)*ln(-I*a*x)-1/4*d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^3*x+3/4*d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^2*x-1/6*(ln
(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a*x^2-1/2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d/a*(ln(1-I*a*x)*(1-I*a*x)-1+
I*a*x)-1/2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d/a*(ln(1+I*a*x)*(1+I*a*x)-1-I*a*x)+1/6*(ln(x
^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a^3*ln(1-I*a*x)-1/4*d*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-
I))*x-1/4*d*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x-1/12*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csg
n(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x^3-1/12*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I
))*x^3-1/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^2*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*ln(x)*x+1/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x
)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*ln(x)*x+1/12*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*ln(x)
*x^3-1/12*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*ln(x)*x^3+1/6*I*(ln(x^n))...
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arctan(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arctan(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 44.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx \\
&= -dn \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ x \operatorname{atan}(ax) - \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{2a} \\ 0 \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} + \frac{\operatorname{Li}_2(a^2x^2e^{i\pi})}{4a} \begin{array}{l} \text{for } a = 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
&+ d \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ x \operatorname{atan}(ax) - \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{2a} \\ 0 \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } a = 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \log(cx^n) \\
&- \frac{enx^3 \operatorname{atan}(ax)}{9} + \frac{ex^3 \log(cx^n) \operatorname{atan}(ax)}{3} + \frac{5enx^2}{36a} \\
&- \frac{en \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^2}{2} \\ -\frac{\operatorname{Li}_2(a^2x^2e^{i\pi})}{2a^2} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } a = 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{6a} - \frac{en \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x^2 \\ \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{a^2} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } a^2 = 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{18a} \\
&- \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} + \frac{e \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x^2 \\ \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{a^2} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } a^2 = 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \log(cx^n)}{6a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*atan(a*x)*ln(c*x**n),x)`output `-d*n*Piecewise((0, Eq(a, 0)), (Piecewise((x*atan(a*x) - log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*a), Ne(a, 0)), (0, True)) + polylog(2, a**2*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*a), True)) + d*Piecewise((0, Eq(a, 0)), (x*atan(a*x) - log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*a), True))*log(c*x**n) - e*n*x**3*atan(a*x)/9 + e*x**3*log(c*x**n)*atan(a*x)/3 + 5*e*n*x**2/(36*a) - e*n*Piecewise((x**2/2, Eq(a, 0)), (-polylog(2, a**2*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*a**2), True))/(6*a) - e*n*Piecewise((x**2, Eq(a**2, 0)), (log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/a**2, True))/(18*a) - e*x**2*log(c*x**n)/(6*a) + e*Piecewise((x**2, Eq(a**2, 0)), (log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/a**2, True))*log(c*x**n)/(6*a)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arctan(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(a^2*e*x^2*log(c) - 3*a^3*integrate(2*(e*x^2 + d)*arctan(a*x)*log(x^n), x) - 2*(a^3*e*x^3*log(c) + 3*a^3*d*x*log(c))*arctan(a*x) + (3*a^2*d*log(c) - e*log(c))*log(a^2*x^2 + 1))/a^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arctan(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*arctan(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{atan}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*atan(a*x)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(log(c*x^n)*atan(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arctan(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 \operatorname{atan}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 d n x + 12 \operatorname{atan}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 e n x^3 - 36 \operatorname{atan}(ax) a^3 d n^2 x - 4 \operatorname{atan}(ax) a^3 e n^2 x^3 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*atan(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `(36*atan(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*d*n*x + 12*atan(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*e*n*x**3 - 36*atan(a*x)*a**3*d*n**2*x - 4*atan(a*x)*a**3*e*n**2*x**3 + 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**3 + x),x)*a**2*d*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**3 + x),x)*e*n + 18*log(a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d*n**2 - 2*log(a**2*x**2 + 1)*e*n**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*d + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*e - 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*e*n*x**2 + 5*a**2*e*n**2*x**2)/(36*a**3*n)`

3.195 $\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1474
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1475
Rubi [A] (verified)	1475
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1476
Fricas [F]	1477
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Maxima [F]	1479
Giac [F]	1479
Mupad [F(-1)]	1480
Reduce [F]	1480

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 182

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = & -\frac{5enx^2}{36a} - dnx \cot^{-1}(ax) - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \cot^{-1}(ax) \\ & + \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} + dx \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) \\ & + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) \\ & - \frac{dn \log(1 + a^2x^2)}{2a} + \frac{en \log(1 + a^2x^2)}{18a^3} \\ & + \frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(cx^n) \log(1 + a^2x^2)}{6a^3} \\ & + \frac{(3a^2d - e) n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -a^2x^2)}{12a^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/36*e*n*x^2/a-d*n*x*arccot(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arccot(a*x)+1/6*e*x^2*ln(c*x
^n)/a+d*x*arccot(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arccot(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)-1/2*d*n*ln
(a^2*x^2+1)/a+1/18*e*n*ln(a^2*x^2+1)/a^3+1/6*(3*a^2*d-e)*ln(c*x^n)*ln(a^2*
x^2+1)/a^3+1/12*(3*a^2*d-e)*n*polylog(2,-a^2*x^2)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a^2 enx^2 + 36a^2 dn \log\left(\frac{1}{a\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}\right) + 6a^2 ex^2 \log(cx^n) - 4a^3 x \cot^{-1}(ax) (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2))}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCot[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `(-5*a^2*e*n*x^2 + 36*a^2*d*n*Log[1/(a*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])*x]) + 6*a^2*e*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 4*a^3*x*ArcCot[a*x]*(n*(9*d + e*x^2) - 3*(3*d + e*x^2)*Log[c*x^n]) + 2*e*n*Log[1 + a^2*x^2] + 18*a^2*d*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + a^2*x^2] - 6*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + a^2*x^2] + (9*a^2*d*n - 3*e*n)*PolyLog[2, -(a^2*x^2)]/(36*a^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2835, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^{-1}(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2835}$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \cot^{-1}(ax) x^2 + \frac{ex}{6a} + d \cot^{-1}(ax) + \frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(a^2x^2 + 1)}{6a^3x} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(a^2x^2 + 1) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} + dx \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) +$$

$$\frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(3a^2d - e) \log(a^2x^2 + 1) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} - n \left(\frac{d \log(a^2x^2 + 1)}{2a} - \frac{(3a^2d - e) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -a^2x^2)}{12a^3} - \frac{e \log(a^2x^2 + 1)}{18a^3} + dx \cot^{-1}(ax) + \frac{1}{9} ex^3 \cot^{-1}(ax) + \frac{5}{3} dx \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCot[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `(e*x^2*Log[c*x^n])/(6*a) + d*x*ArcCot[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcCot[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3 + ((3*a^2*d - e)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 + a^2*x^2])/(6*a^3) - n*((5*e*x^2)/(36*a) + d*x*ArcCot[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcCot[a*x])/9 + (d*Log[1 + a^2*x^2])/(2*a) - (e*Log[1 + a^2*x^2])/(18*a^3) - ((3*a^2*d - e)*PolyLog[2, -(a^2*x^2)])/(12*a^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2835 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))], x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && MemberQ[{ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcTanh, ArcCoth}, F]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 63.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1633, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.97

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1633
default	Expression too large to display	147949

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arccot(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*d*n/a*dilog(-I*(I+a*x))-1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(-I*(I+a*x))-1/2*d*n/a*dilog(
-I*a*x)+1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(-I*a*x)-1/4*d*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^3*x+3/4*d*n
*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*x-1/4*d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x-1/4*d
*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x-1/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^3*Pi*ln(x)*x-1/4*d
*n*csgn(I+a*x)^2*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*x-3/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^2*Pi*ln(x)*x+1/4
*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*x-1/12*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^3*x^3+
1/4*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*x^3-1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-I
))*x^3-1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x^3-1/12*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)
^3*ln(x)*x^3-1/4*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2*ln(x)*x^3-1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2*
csgn(I*(I+a*x))*x^3+1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*x^3-11/18*e/a^
3*n*ln(x)+1/18*I*e*n*x^3*ln(I+a*x)+1/2*I*d*n*x*ln(I+a*x)-1/2*I*d*ln(1-I*a*x
)*ln(x^n)*x-1/6*I*ln(1-I*a*x)*ln(x^n)*e*x^3-1/2*d*n/a*ln(-I*(I-a*x))*ln(-
I*a*x)+1/4*d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^3*x-3/4*d*n*Pi*csgn(a*x-I)^2*x+1/4*d*n*Pi*ln
(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x+1/4*d*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a
*x-I))*x+1/12*e*n*Pi*ln(x)*csgn(a*x-I)^2*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x^3+1/12*e*n*Pi*ln
(x)*csgn(a*x-I)*csgn(I*(a*x-I))*x^3+1/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)^2*csgn(I*(I+a*x))
*Pi*ln(x)*x-1/4*d*n*csgn(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*Pi*ln(x)*x-1/12*e*n*Pi*csg
n(I+a*x)*csgn(I*(I+a*x))*ln(x)*x^3+1/12*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2*csgn(I*(I+a*x
))*ln(x)*x^3+1/2*d*n/a*ln(x)*ln(-I*(I+a*x))-1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(x)*ln(-I*(I+a*x
))+1/36*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^3*x^3+1/12*e*n*Pi*csgn(I+a*x)^2*x^3+1/4*d*n*...

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arccot}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccot(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arccot(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 39.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx \\
&= -dn \left(\left(\begin{cases} \frac{\pi x}{2} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ x \operatorname{acot}(ax) + \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{2a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_2(a^2x^2e^{i\pi})}{4a} \right) \right) \\
&+ d \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\pi x}{2} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ x \operatorname{acot}(ax) + \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \log(cx^n) \\
&- \frac{enx^3 \operatorname{acot}(ax)}{9} + \frac{ex^3 \log(cx^n) \operatorname{acot}(ax)}{3} - \frac{5enx^2}{36a} \\
&+ \frac{en \left(\begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{2} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{\operatorname{Li}_2(a^2x^2e^{i\pi})}{2a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6a} + \frac{en \left(\begin{cases} x^2 & \text{for } a^2 = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{18a} \\
&+ \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} - \frac{e \left(\begin{cases} x^2 & \text{for } a^2 = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a^2x^2+1)}{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \log(cx^n)}{6a}
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x**2+d)*acot(a*x)*ln(c*x**n),x)
```

```
output -d*n*Piecewise((pi*x/2, Eq(a, 0)), (Piecewise((x*acot(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*a), Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x/2, True)) - polylog(2, a**2*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi))/(4*a), True)) + d*Piecewise((pi*x/2, Eq(a, 0)), (x*acot(a*x) + log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*a), True))*log(c*x**n) - e*n*x**3*acot(a*x)/9 + e*x**3*log(c*x**n)*acot(a*x)/3 - 5*e*n*x**2/(36*a) + e*n*Piecewise((x**2/2, Eq(a, 0)), (-polylog(2, a**2*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*a**2), True))/(6*a) + e*n*Piecewise((x**2, Eq(a**2, 0)), (log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/a**2, True))/(18*a) + e*x**2*log(c*x**n)/(6*a) - e*Piecewise((x**2, Eq(a**2, 0)), (log(a**2*x**2 + 1)/a**2, True))*log(c*x**n)/(6*a)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arccot}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccot(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/36*(69984*a^4*e*n*integrate(1/11664*x^4*log(x)/(a^2*x^3 + x), x) + 20995
2*a^4*d*n*integrate(1/11664*x^2*log(x)/(a^2*x^3 + x), x) + 1944*a^4*e*inte
grate(1/216*(2*a*x^4*arctan2(1, a*x) + x^3*log(a^2*x^2 + 1))/(a^2*x^2 + 1)
, x)*log(c) + 1944*a^4*d*integrate(1/216*(2*a*x^2*arctan2(1, a*x) + x*log(
a^2*x^2 + 1))/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x)*log(c) + 1944*a^4*e*integrate(1/216*(2*a*x
^4*arctan2(1, a*x) + x^3*log(a^2*x^2 + 1))*log(x^n)/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x) + 19
44*a^4*d*integrate(1/216*(2*a*x^2*arctan2(1, a*x) + x*log(a^2*x^2 + 1))*lo
g(x^n)/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x) - 9*(216*a*integrate(1/216*x*log(a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^
2*x^2 + 1), x) - arctan(a*x)^2/a - 2*arctan(a*x)*arctan(1/(a*x))/a)*a^3*d*
log(c) - 1944*a^3*e*integrate(1/216*(a*x^3*log(a^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*x^2*arctan
2(1, a*x))/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x)*log(c) - 1944*a^3*e*integrate(1/216*(a*x^3*lo
g(a^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*x^2*arctan2(1, a*x))*log(x^n)/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x) - 1944*
a^3*d*integrate(1/216*(a*x*log(a^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*arctan2(1, a*x))*log(x^n)/
(a^2*x^2 + 1), x) - 2*(a^3*e*n*arctan2(1, a*x) - 3*a^3*e*arctan2(1, a*x)*l
og(c))*x^3 - (a^2*e*n - 3*a^2*e*log(c))*x^2 - 18*(a^3*d*n*arctan2(1, a*x)
- a^3*d*arctan2(1, a*x)*log(c))*x + (9*a^2*d*log(c) - (9*a^2*d - e)*n - 3*
e*log(c))*log(a^2*x^2 + 1) + 6*(a^3*e*x^3*arctan2(1, a*x) + 3*a^3*d*x*arct
an2(1, a*x))*log(x^n))/a^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arccot}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccot(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*arccot(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{acot}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*acot(a*x)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(log(c*x^n)*acot(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \cot^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 \operatorname{acot}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 d n x + 12 \operatorname{acot}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 e n x^3 - 36 \operatorname{acot}(ax) a^3 d n^2 x - 4 \operatorname{acot}(ax) a^3 e n^2 x^3 - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*acot(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `(36*acot(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*d*n*x + 12*acot(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*e*n*x**3 - 36*acot(a*x)*a**3*d*n**2*x - 4*acot(a*x)*a**3*e*n**2*x**3 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**3 + x),x)*a**2*d*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**3 + x),x)*e*n - 18*log(a**2*x**2 + 1)*a**2*d*n**2 + 2*log(a**2*x**2 + 1)*e*n**2 + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*d - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*e + 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*e*n*x**2 - 5*a**2*e*n**2*x**2)/(36*a**3*n)`

3.196 $\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1482
Rubi [A] (verified)	1482
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1483
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1484
Sympy [F]	1485
Maxima [F]	1485
Giac [F(-2)]	1486
Mupad [F(-1)]	1486
Reduce [F]	1487

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 244

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx \\
 &= \frac{dn\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}}{a} + \frac{(3a^2d - e)n\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}}{3a^3} + \frac{2en(1+a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{27a^3} \\
 & \quad - dn x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) - \frac{(3a^2d - e)n \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+a^2x^2})}{3a^3} \\
 & \quad \quad - \frac{en \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+a^2x^2})}{9a^3} - \frac{(3a^2d - e)\sqrt{1+a^2x^2} \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} \\
 & \quad - \frac{e(1+a^2x^2)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

d*n*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a+1/3*(3*a^2*d-e)*n*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+2/27*e*n*(
a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3-d*n*x*arcsinh(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arcsinh(a*x)-1/3*(3*a^
2*d-e)*n*arctanh((a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3-1/9*e*n*arctanh((a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
/a^3-1/3*(3*a^2*d-e)*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3-1/9*e*(a^2*x^2+1)^(3/
2)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3+d*x*arcsinh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arcsinh(a*x)*ln(c*x^
n)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{54a^2dn\sqrt{1+a^2x^2} - 7en\sqrt{1+a^2x^2} + 2a^2enx^2\sqrt{1+a^2x^2} + 3(9a^2d - 2e)n \log(x) - 27a^2d\sqrt{1+a^2x^2} \log}{27a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(54*a^2*d*n*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2] - 7*e*n*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2] + 2*a^2*e*n*x^2*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2] + 3*(9*a^2*d - 2*e)*n*Log[x] - 27*a^2*d*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] + 6*e*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] - 3*a^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n] - 3*a^3*x*ArcSinh[a*x]*(n*(9*d + e*x^2) - 3*(3*d + e*x^2)*Log[c*x^n]) - 27*a^2*d*n*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]] + 6*e*n*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]])/(27*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2834, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2834$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) x^2 + d \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) - \frac{e(a^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{9a^3x} - \frac{(3a^2d - e)\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{3a^3x} \right) dx - \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}(3a^2d - e) \log(cx^n)}{3a^3} - \frac{e(a^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -n \left(-\frac{d\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1})(3a^2d-e)}{3a^3} + \frac{e\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1})}{9a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}(3a^2d-e)}{3a^3} - \frac{2e}{9a^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}(3a^2d-e)\log(cx^n)}{3a^3} - \frac{e(a^2x^2+1)^{3/2}\log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)\log(cx^n) + \\
 & \frac{1}{3}ex^3\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)\log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-(n*((d*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2])/a) - ((3*a^2*d - e)*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2])/(3*a^3) - (2*e*(1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcSinh[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcSinh[a*x])/9 + ((3*a^2*d - e)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]])/(3*a^3) + (e*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]])/(9*a^3)) - ((3*a^2*d - e)*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*Log[c*x^n])/(3*a^3) - (e*(1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) + d*x*ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 4.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4121, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.89

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4121

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/9/a^3*n*(3*arcsinh(a*x)*x^3*a^3*e-(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x^2*a^2*e+9*arcsinh
(a*x)*x*a^3*d-9*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*a^2*d+2*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e)*ln(a*x+(a^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2))-1/54/a^3*(27*I*Pi*arcsinh(a*x)*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
)^2-1))*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*cs
gn(I/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*x*a^3*d*n+18*ln(a)*arcsinh(a*x)*x^3*a^3*e*n-
18*arcsinh(a*x)*ln((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x^3*a^3*e*n+54*ln(a)*arcsi
nh(a*x)*x*a^3*d*n-54*arcsinh(a*x)*ln((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)*x*a^3*d*
n-6*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*ln(2)*x^2*a^2*e*n+54*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*a^2*d*(ln(c*x
^n)-n*ln(x))-3*I*csgn(I/a)*Pi*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*csgn(I/a*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)
/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*x^2*a^2*e*n+9*I*Pi*arcsinh(a*x)*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1))*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)))*csgn(I/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*x^3*a^3*e*n+9*I*csgn(I/a)*Pi*arc
sinh(a*x)*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*cs
gn(I/a*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*x^3*a^3*e*n-
3*I*Pi*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1))*csgn(I*((a*
x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*csgn(I/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2)))*x^2*a^2*e*n+27*I*csgn(I/a)*Pi*arcsinh(a*x)*csgn(I*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2))^2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*csgn(I/a*((a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^
2-1)/(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))*x*a^3*d*n-12*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*e*(ln(c*x^...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(9a^2d - 2e)n \log(-ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1} + 1) - 3(9a^2d - 2e)n \log(-ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1} - 1) + 3(a^3enx^3 - 3a^2d^2x^2 + 3a^2d^2x - 3a^2d^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9a^3d^2 - 6a^2d^2e + 3a^2d^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/27*(3*(9*a^2*d - 2*e)*n*log(-a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 3*(9*a^2*d
- 2*e)*n*log(-a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) + 3*(a^3*e*n*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*n*x
- (9*a^3*d + a^3*e)*n - 3*(a^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*x - 3*a^3*d - a^3*e)*log(c)
- 3*(a^3*e*n*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*n*x)*log(x))*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1)) - 3*
((9*a^3*d + a^3*e)*n - 3*(3*a^3*d + a^3*e)*log(c))*log(-a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2
+ 1)) - (2*a^2*e*n*x^2 + (54*a^2*d - 7*e)*n - 3*(a^2*e*x^2 + 9*a^2*d - 2*
e)*log(c) - 3*(a^2*e*n*x^2 + (9*a^2*d - 2*e)*n)*log(x))*sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))
/a^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{asinh}(ax) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*asinh(a*x)*ln(c*x**n), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*asinh(a*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/2*a^2*d*n*(2*x/a^2 + I*(log(I*a*x + 1) - log(-I*a*x + 1))/a^3) + 1/54*a^
2*e*n*(2*(a^2*x^3 - 3*x)/a^4 - 3*I*(log(I*a*x + 1) - log(-I*a*x + 1))/a^5)
- 3*a^2*e*n*integrate(1/9*x^4*log(x)/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x) - 9*a^2*d*n*integr
ate(1/9*x^2*log(x)/(a^2*x^2 + 1), x) - 1/2*a^2*d*(2*x/a^2 + I*(log(I*a*x +
1) - log(-I*a*x + 1))/a^3)*log(c) - 1/18*a^2*e*(2*(a^2*x^3 - 3*x)/a^4 - 3
*I*(log(I*a*x + 1) - log(-I*a*x + 1))/a^5)*log(c) - 1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c)
)*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*x - 3*(e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*log(x^n))*log(a*x + sqrt(
a^2*x^2 + 1)) - integrate(-1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(
c))*a*x - 3*(a*e*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*log(x^n))/(a^3*x^3 + a*x + (a^2*x^2 + 1)^(
3/2)), x)

```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{1,[0,1,1,0]%%}+%%{-1,[0,1,0,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,1]%%}
Error: B

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{asinh}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
int(log(c*x^n)*asinh(a*x)*(d + e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int(log(c*x^n)*asinh(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \operatorname{asinh}(ax) \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \operatorname{asinh}(ax) \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*asinh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(asinh(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(asinh(a*x)*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.197 $\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1488
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1489
Rubi [A] (verified)	1489
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1491
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1492
Sympy [F]	1493
Maxima [F]	1493
Giac [F(-2)]	1494
Mupad [F(-1)]	1494
Reduce [F]	1495

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 312

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = & \frac{dn\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{a} + \frac{2en\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{27a^3} \\
 & + \frac{(9a^2d + 2e)n\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{9a^3} \\
 & + \frac{enx^2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}{27a} \\
 & + \frac{en(-1+ax)^{3/2}(1+ax)^{3/2}}{27a^3} \\
 & - dnx\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{1}{9}enx^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \\
 & - \frac{(9a^2d + 2e)n \arctan(\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax})}{9a^3} \\
 & - \frac{(9a^2d + 2e)\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} \\
 & - \frac{ex^2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax} \log(cx^n)}{9a} \\
 & + dx\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}ex^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
d*n*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a+2/27*e*n*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a^3
+1/9*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a^3+1/27*e*n*x^2*(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)/a+1/27*e*n*(a*x-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)/a^3-d*n*x*arcco
sh(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arccosh(a*x)-1/9*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*arctan((a*x-1)^(1/2)*
(a*x+1)^(1/2))/a^3-1/9*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(c*x^n)
/a^3-1/9*e*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arccosh(a*x)*ln
(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arccosh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(9a^2d + 2e)n \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}}\right) - 3a^3x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2) \log(cx^n)) + \sqrt{-1}}{27a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(3*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*ArcTan[1/(Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])] - 3*a^3*x*Ar
cCosh[a*x]*(n*(9*d + e*x^2) - 3*(3*d + e*x^2)*Log[c*x^n]) + Sqrt[-1 + a*x]
*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(n*(7*e + 2*a^2*(27*d + e*x^2)) - 3*(2*e + a^2*(9*d + e*x^2
))*Log[c*x^n]))/(27*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2834, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

↓ 2834

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) x^2 - \frac{e \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} x}{9a} + d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \frac{(9da^2 + 2e) \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a^3 x} \right) dx -$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (9a^2 d + 2e) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} e x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) - \frac{e x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} \log(cx^n)}{9a}$$

↓ 2009

$$-n \left(-\frac{e(ax-1)^{3/2} (ax+1)^{3/2}}{27a^3} - \frac{2e \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{27a^3} + \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}) (9a^2 d + 2e)}{9a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1}}{9a^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} (9a^2 d + 2e) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} e x^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) - \frac{e x^2 \sqrt{ax-1} \sqrt{ax+1} \log(cx^n)}{9a}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-(n*(-((d*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/a) - (2*e*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(27*a^3) - ((9*a^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(9*a^3) - (e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x])/(27*a) - (e*(-1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2))/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcCosh[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x])/9 + ((9*a^2*d + 2*e)*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]])/(9*a^3))) - ((9*a^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) - (e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a) + d*x*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 6.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4757, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.25

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4757

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/9/a^3*n*(3*arccosh(a*x)*x^3*a^3*e-(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*x^2*a^2*e
+9*arccosh(a*x)*x*a^3*d-9*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*a^2*d-2*(a*x+1)^(1/2
)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*e)*ln(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))+1/54*I/a^3*(-6*I*ln
(2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*x^2*a^2*e*n+27*Pi*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))^2*arccosh(a*x)*c
sgn(I/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))))*x*a^3*d*n+9*Pi*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*
x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))^2*arccosh(
a*x)*csgn(I/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))))*x^3*a^3*e*n+27*Pi*csgn(I*(1
+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))^2
*arccosh(a*x)*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2))*x*a^3*d*n+27
*Pi*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x
+1)^(1/2)))*arccosh(a*x)*csgn(I/a*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/
(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))^2*x*a^3*d*n+27*Pi*arccosh(a*x)*csgn(I/a
)*csgn(I/a*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x
+1)^(1/2)))^2*x*a^3*d*n+9*Pi*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2
)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))^2*arccosh(a*x)*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)
^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2))*x^3*a^3*e*n+9*Pi*csgn(I*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a
*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))*arccosh(a*x)*csgn(I/a*(
1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2))^2)/(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))^
2*x^3*a^3*e*n+9*Pi*arccosh(a*x)*csgn(I/a)*csgn(I/a*(1+(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \frac{6(9a^2d + 2e)n \arctan(-ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2 - 1}) + 3(a^3enx^3 + 9a^3dnx - (9a^3d + a^3e)n - 3(a^3ex^3 + 3a^3d))}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/27*(6*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*arctan(-a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) + 3*(a^3*e*n*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*n*x - (9*a^3*d + a^3*e)*n - 3*(a^3*e*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*x - 3*a^3*d - a^3*e)*log(c) - 3*(a^3*e*n*x^3 + 3*a^3*d*n*x)*log(x))*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - 3*((9*a^3*d + a^3*e)*n - 3*(3*a^3*d + a^3*e)*log(c))*log(-a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1)) - (2*a^2*e*n*x^2 + (54*a^2*d + 7*e)*n - 3*(a^2*e*x^2 + 9*a^2*d + 2*e)*log(c) - 3*(a^2*e*n*x^2 + (9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n)*log(x))*sqrt(a^2*x^2 - 1))/a^3
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{acosh}(ax) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x**2+d)*acosh(a*x)*ln(c*x**n), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*acosh(a*x), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(3*a^2*d*n + e*n)*(log(a*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(-a*x))/a^3 - 1/6*(3*a^2
*d*n + e*n)*(log(-a*x + 1)*log(x) + dilog(a*x))/a^3 - 1/18*(9*(d*n - d*log
(c))*a^2 + e*n - 3*e*log(c))*log(a*x + 1)/a^3 + 1/18*(9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a
^2 + e*n - 3*e*log(c))*log(a*x - 1)/a^3 + 1/54*(2*(2*e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a^3
*x^3 - 9*(3*a^2*d*n + e*n)*log(a*x + 1)*log(x) + 9*(3*a^2*d*n + e*n)*log(a
*x - 1)*log(x) + 6*(9*(2*d*n - d*log(c))*a^3 + (4*e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a)*x -
6*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a^3*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a^3*x - 3*(a^3*e*x^3 +
3*a^3*d*x)*log(x^n))*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1)) - 3*(2*a^3*e*
x^3 + 6*(3*a^3*d + a*e)*x - 3*(3*a^2*d + e)*log(a*x + 1) + 3*(3*a^2*d + e)
*log(a*x - 1))*log(x^n))/a^3 + integrate(-1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a*x^3 +
9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a*x - 3*(a*e*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*log(x^n))/(a^3*x^3 + (a^2*x
^2 - 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - a*x), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{acosh}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
int(log(c*x^n)*acosh(a*x)*(d + e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int(log(c*x^n)*acosh(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \operatorname{acosh}(ax) \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \operatorname{acosh}(ax) \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*acosh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(acosh(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(acosh(a*x)*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.198 $\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1496
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1497
Rubi [A] (verified)	1497
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1498
Fricas [F]	1499
Sympy [F]	1500
Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)	1500
Giac [F]	1501
Mupad [F(-1)]	1501
Reduce [F]	1501

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = -\frac{5enx^2}{36a} - dn\operatorname{arctanh}(ax) - \frac{1}{9}enx^3\operatorname{arctanh}(ax) + \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} + dx\operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3\operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) - \frac{dn \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{2a} - \frac{en \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{18a^3} + \frac{(3a^2d + e) \log(cx^n) \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{6a^3} + \frac{(3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, a^2x^2)}{12a^3}$$

output

```
-5/36*e*n*x^2/a-d*n*x*arctanh(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arctanh(a*x)+1/6*e*x^2*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arctanh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arctanh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)-1/2*d*n*ln(-a^2*x^2+1)/a-1/18*e*n*ln(-a^2*x^2+1)/a^3+1/6*(3*a^2*d+e)*ln(c*x^n)*ln(-a^2*x^2+1)/a^3+1/12*(3*a^2*d+e)*n*polylog(2,a^2*x^2)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a^2enx^2 + 6a^2ex^2 \log(cx^n) - 4a^3x \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2) \log(cx^n)) - 18a^2dn \log(1 - a^2x^2) + 18a^2d \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(1 - a^2x^2) + 6e \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(1 - a^2x^2) - 2en \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, a^2x^2] + 3(3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, a^2x^2]}{(36a^3)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcTanh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output $(-5a^2enx^2 + 6a^2ex^2 \log(cx^n) - 4a^3x \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a*x] * (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2) \log(cx^n)) - 18a^2dn \log(1 - a^2x^2) + 18a^2d \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a*x] \log(1 - a^2x^2) + 6e \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a*x] \log(1 - a^2x^2) - 2en \operatorname{ArcTanh}[a*x] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, a^2x^2] + 3(3a^2d + e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, a^2x^2]) / (36a^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2835, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2835$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) x^2 + \frac{ex}{6a} + d \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) + \frac{(3da^2 + e) \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{6a^3x} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{(3a^2d + e) \log(1 - a^2x^2) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} + d x \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} e x^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) +$$

$$\frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -n \left(\frac{d \log(1 - a^2 x^2)}{2a} - \frac{(3a^2 d + e) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, a^2 x^2)}{12a^3} + \frac{e \log(1 - a^2 x^2)}{18a^3} + dx \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) + \frac{1}{9} ex^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \right) \\
 & \frac{(3a^2 d + e) \log(1 - a^2 x^2) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} + dx \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \\
 & \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcTanh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

```
output (e*x^2*Log[c*x^n])/(6*a) + d*x*ArcTanh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcTanh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3 + ((3*a^2*d + e)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - a^2*x^2])/(6*a^3) - n*((5*e*x^2)/(36*a) + d*x*ArcTanh[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcTanh[a*x])/9 + (d*Log[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a) + (e*Log[1 - a^2*x^2])/(18*a^3) - ((3*a^2*d + e)*PolyLog[2, a^2*x^2])/(12*a^3))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2835 Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))], x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && MemberQ[{ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcTanh, ArcCoth}, F]
```

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 58.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.03

method	result
risch	$\frac{11en \ln(x)}{18a^3} + \frac{(\ln(x^n) - n \ln(x))d(\ln(ax+1)(ax+1) - ax - 1)}{2a} + \frac{(\ln(x^n) - n \ln(x))e \ln(ax+1)x^3}{6} + \frac{(\ln(x^n) - n \ln(x))e \ln(ax+1)}{6a^3} + \dots$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arctanh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

11/18*e/a^3*n*ln(x)+1/2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d/a*(ln(a*x+1)*(a*x+1)-a*x-1)+1/
6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e*ln(a*x+1)*x^3+1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a^3*ln(a*x+1)+
1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a*x^2+1/2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d/a*(ln(-a*x+1)*(-a*x+
1)+a*x-1)-1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e*ln(-a*x+1)*x^3+1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a
^3*ln(-a*x+1)+1/2*d*n*x*ln(-a*x+1)-1/2*d*n*dilog(a*x)/a-1/2*d*n/a*ln(a*x-1
)+1/18*e*n*x^3*ln(-a*x+1)-1/18*e*n/a^3*ln(a*x-1)-1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(a*x)+1/
6*e*n/a*x^2*ln(x)-1/2*d*n*x*ln(a*x+1)+1/2*d*n*dilog(a*x+1)/a-1/2*d*n*ln(a*
x+1)/a-1/18*e*n*x^3*ln(a*x+1)-1/18*e*n*ln(a*x+1)/a^3+1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(a*x
+1)-11/18*e/a^3*ln(x^n)+1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(a*x+1)*ln(x)-1/2*d*n*x*ln(-a*x+1)*l
n(x)+1/2*d*n*ln(-a*x+1)/a*ln(x)-1/2*d*n*ln(-a*x+1)/a*ln(a*x)-1/6*e*n*x^3*l
n(-a*x+1)*ln(x)+1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(-a*x+1)*ln(x)-1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(-a*x+1)*ln(a*x
)-5/36*e*n*x^2/a+1/2*d*n*x*ln(a*x+1)*ln(x)+1/2*d*n*ln(x)*ln(a*x+1)/a+1/6*e
*n*x^3*ln(a*x+1)*ln(x)+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csg
n(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*
c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/2*ln(c))*(-d/a*(ln(-a*x+1)*(-a*x+1)+a*x-1)+1/3*e*ln(-
a*x+1)*x^3-1/3*e/a^3*ln(-a*x+1)-1/3*e/a*x^2+11/9*e/a^3-d/a*(ln(a*x+1)*(a*x
+1)-a*x-1)-1/3*e*ln(a*x+1)*x^3-1/3*e/a^3*ln(a*x+1))

```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{artanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arctanh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arctanh(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{atanh}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*atanh(a*x)*ln(c*x**n), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*atanh(a*x), x)`

Maxima [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{36} n \left(\frac{18(i\pi d - 2d) \log(x)}{a} + \frac{6(3a^2d + e)(\log(ax - 1) \log(ax) + \operatorname{Li}_2(-ax + 1))}{a^3} + \frac{6(3a^2d + e)(\log(ax + 1) \log(ax) + \operatorname{Li}_2(ax + 1))}{a^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{36} \left(\left(6x^3 \log(ax + 1) - a \left(\frac{2a^2x^3 - 3ax^2 + 6x}{a^3} - \frac{6 \log(ax + 1)}{a^4} \right) \right) e - \left(6x^3 \log(-ax + 1) - a \left(\frac{2a^2x^3 - 3ax^2 + 6x}{a^3} - \frac{6 \log(-ax + 1)}{a^4} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arctanh(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/36*n*(18*(I*pi*d - 2*d)*log(x)/a + 6*(3*a^2*d + e)*(log(a*x - 1)*log(a*x) + dilog(-a*x + 1))/a^3 + 6*(3*a^2*d + e)*(log(a*x + 1)*log(-a*x) + dilog(a*x + 1))/a^3 + 2*(9*a^2*d + e)*log(a*x + 1)/a^3 + (-2*I*pi*a^3*e*x^3 - 18*I*pi*a^3*d*x + 5*a^2*e*x^2 + 2*(a^3*e*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*x)*log(a*x + 1) - 2*(a^3*e*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*x - 9*a^2*d - e)*log(a*x - 1))/a^3 + 1/36*((6*x^3*log(a*x + 1) - a*((2*a^2*x^3 - 3*a*x^2 + 6*x)/a^3 - 6*log(a*x + 1)/a^4))*e - (6*x^3*log(-a*x + 1) - a*((2*a^2*x^3 + 3*a*x^2 + 6*x)/a^3 + 6*log(a*x - 1)/a^4))*e - 18*(a*x - (a*x + 1)*log(a*x + 1) + 1)*d/a + 18*(a*x - (a*x - 1)*log(-a*x + 1) - 1)*d/a)*log(c*x^n)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{artanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arctanh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*arctanh(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{atanh}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*atanh(a*x)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(log(c*x^n)*atanh(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 \operatorname{atanh}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 d n x + 12 \operatorname{atanh}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 e n x^3 - 36 \operatorname{atanh}(ax) a^3 d n^2 x - 4 \operatorname{atanh}(ax) a^3 e n x^3}{1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*atanh(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output

```
(36*atanh(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*d*n*x + 12*atanh(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*e*n
*x**3 - 36*atanh(a*x)*a**3*d*n**2*x - 4*atanh(a*x)*a**3*e*n**2*x**3 - 36*a
tanh(a*x)*a**2*d*n**2 - 4*atanh(a*x)*e*n**2 + 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**
3 - x),x)*a**2*d*n + 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**3 - x),x)*e*n - 36*log(a*
*2*x - a)*a**2*d*n**2 - 4*log(a**2*x - a)*e*n**2 + 18*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*
d + 6*log(x**n*c)**2*e + 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*e*n*x**2 - 5*a**2*e*n**2*x**2)
/(36*a**3*n)
```

3.199 $\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1503
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1504
Rubi [A] (verified)	1504
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1505
Fricas [F]	1506
Sympy [F]	1507
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1507
Giac [F]	1508
Mupad [F(-1)]	1508
Reduce [F]	1508

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 180

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = & -\frac{5enx^2}{36a} - dnx \coth^{-1}(ax) - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \coth^{-1}(ax) \\ & + \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} + dx \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) \\ & + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) \\ & - \frac{dn \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{2a} - \frac{en \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{18a^3} \\ & + \frac{(3a^2d + e) \log(cx^n) \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{6a^3} \\ & + \frac{(3a^2d + e) n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, a^2x^2)}{12a^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/36*e*n*x^2/a-d*n*x*arccoth(a*x)-1/9*e*n*x^3*arccoth(a*x)+1/6*e*x^2*ln(c
*x^n)/a+d*x*arccoth(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arccoth(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)-1/2*d*
n*ln(-a^2*x^2+1)/a-1/18*e*n*ln(-a^2*x^2+1)/a^3+1/6*(3*a^2*d+e)*ln(c*x^n)*l
n(-a^2*x^2+1)/a^3+1/12*(3*a^2*d+e)*n*polylog(2,a^2*x^2)/a^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-5a^2enx^2 + 36a^2dn \log\left(\frac{1}{a\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}\right) + 6a^2ex^2 \log(cx^n) - 4a^3x \coth^{-1}(ax) (n(9d + ex^2) - 3(3d + ex^2))}{36a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCoth[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(-5*a^2*e*n*x^2 + 36*a^2*d*n*Log[1/(a*Sqrt[1 - 1/(a^2*x^2)])*x] + 6*a^2*e*x^2*Log[c*x^n] - 4*a^3*x*ArcCoth[a*x]*(n*(9*d + e*x^2) - 3*(3*d + e*x^2)*Log[c*x^n]) + 18*a^2*d*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - a^2*x^2] + 6*e*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - a^2*x^2] - 2*e*n*Log[-1 + a^2*x^2] + 3*(3*a^2*d + e)*n*PolyLog[2, a^2*x^2])/(36*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {2835, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \coth^{-1}(ax) (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2835}$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3}e \coth^{-1}(ax)x^2 + \frac{ex}{6a} + d \coth^{-1}(ax) + \frac{(3da^2 + e) \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{6a^3x} \right) dx +$$

$$\frac{(3a^2d + e) \log(1 - a^2x^2) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} + dx \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) +$$

$$\frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{(3a^2d + e) \log(1 - a^2x^2) \log(cx^n)}{6a^3} - n \left(\frac{d \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{2a} - \frac{(3a^2d + e) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, a^2x^2)}{12a^3} + \frac{e \log(1 - a^2x^2)}{18a^3} + dx \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(ax) + \frac{1}{9} ex^3 \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(ax) + \frac{5}{3} dx \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) + \frac{ex^2 \log(cx^n)}{6a} \right)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCoth[a*x]*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `(e*x^2*Log[c*x^n])/(6*a) + d*x*ArcCoth[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcCoth[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/3 + ((3*a^2*d + e)*Log[c*x^n]*Log[1 - a^2*x^2])/(6*a^3) - n*((5*e*x^2)/(36*a) + d*x*ArcCoth[a*x] + (e*x^3*ArcCoth[a*x])/9 + (d*Log[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a) + (e*Log[1 - a^2*x^2])/(18*a^3) - ((3*a^2*d + e)*PolyLog[2, a^2*x^2])/(12*a^3))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2835 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))], x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && MemberQ[{ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcTanh, ArcCoth}, F]`

Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 61.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{11en \ln(x)}{18a^3} + \frac{(\ln(x^n) - n \ln(x))d(\ln(ax+1)(ax+1) - ax - 1)}{2a} + \frac{(\ln(x^n) - n \ln(x))e \ln(ax+1)x^3}{6} + \frac{(\ln(x^n) - n \ln(x))e \ln(ax+1)}{6a^3} + \dots$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arccoth(a*x)*ln(c*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
11/18*e/a^3*n*ln(x)+1/2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d/a*(ln(a*x+1)*(a*x+1)-a*x-1)+1/
6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e*ln(a*x+1)*x^3+1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a^3*ln(a*x+1)+
1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e/a*x^2-1/2*d*n*dilog(a*x)/a-1/2*d*n/a*ln(a*x-1)-1/1
8*e*n/a^3*ln(a*x-1)-1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(a*x)+1/18*e*n*x^3*ln(a*x-1)+1/6*e*n/
a*x^2*ln(x)-1/2*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*d/a*(ln(a*x-1)*(a*x-1)-a*x+1)-1/2*d*n*x*
ln(a*x+1)+1/2*d*n*dilog(a*x+1)/a-1/2*d*n*ln(a*x+1)/a-1/18*e*n*x^3*ln(a*x+1
)-1/18*e*n*ln(a*x+1)/a^3+1/6*e*n/a^3*dilog(a*x+1)-1/2*d*n*x*ln(a*x-1)*ln(x
)-11/18*e/a^3*ln(x^n)-1/6*(ln(x^n)-n*ln(x))*e*ln(a*x-1)*x^3+1/6*(ln(x^n)-n
*ln(x))*e/a^3*ln(a*x-1)+1/2*d*n*x*ln(a*x-1)+1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(a*x+1)*ln(x)+1/
2*d*n*ln(-a*x+1)/a*ln(x)-1/2*d*n*ln(-a*x+1)/a*ln(a*x)+1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(-a*x+
1)*ln(x)-1/6*e*n/a^3*ln(-a*x+1)*ln(a*x)-5/36*e*n*x^2/a+(-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*x
^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2+1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*x^n)*csgn(I*c*x^n)*csgn(I*c)+1/4*I*Pi*
csgn(I*c*x^n)^3-1/4*I*Pi*csgn(I*c*x^n)^2*csgn(I*c)-1/2*ln(c))*(d/a*(ln(a*x
-1)*(a*x-1)-a*x+1)+1/3*e*ln(a*x-1)*x^3-1/3*e/a^3*ln(a*x-1)-1/3*e/a*x^2+11/
9*e/a^3-d/a*(ln(a*x+1)*(a*x+1)-a*x-1)-1/3*e*ln(a*x+1)*x^3-1/3*e/a^3*ln(a*x
+1))-1/6*e*n*x^3*ln(a*x-1)*ln(x)+1/2*d*n*x*ln(a*x+1)*ln(x)+1/2*d*n*ln(x)*l
n(a*x+1)/a+1/6*e*n*x^3*ln(a*x+1)*ln(x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccoth(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arccoth(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{acoth}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*acoth(a*x)*ln(c*x**n), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*acoth(a*x), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{36} n \left(\frac{6(3a^2d + e)(\log(ax - 1)\log(ax) + \operatorname{Li}_2(-ax + 1))}{a^3} + \frac{6(3a^2d + e)(\log(ax + 1)\log(-ax) + \operatorname{Li}_2(ax + 1))}{a^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \left(6 \left(x \log\left(\frac{1}{ax} + 1\right) + \frac{\log(ax + 1)}{a} \right) d - 6 \left(x \log\left(-\frac{1}{ax} + 1\right) - \frac{\log(ax - 1)}{a} \right) d + \left(2x^3 \log\left(\frac{1}{ax} + 1\right) + \frac{\log(ax + 1)}{a} \right) e - \left(2x^3 \log\left(-\frac{1}{ax} + 1\right) - \frac{\log(ax - 1)}{a} \right) e \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccoth(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/36*n*(6*(3*a^2*d + e)*(log(a*x - 1)*log(a*x) + dilog(-a*x + 1))/a^3 + 6*(3*a^2*d + e)*(log(a*x + 1)*log(-a*x) + dilog(a*x + 1))/a^3 + 2*(9*a^2*d + e)*log(a*x + 1)/a^3 + (5*a^2*e*x^2 + 2*(a^3*e*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*x)*log(a*x + 1) - 2*(a^3*e*x^3 + 9*a^3*d*x - 9*a^2*d - e)*log(a*x - 1))/a^3 + 1/12*(6*(x*log(1/(a*x) + 1) + log(a*x + 1)/a)*d - 6*(x*log(-1/(a*x) + 1) - log(a*x - 1)/a)*d + (2*x^3*log(1/(a*x) + 1) + ((a*x^2 - 2*x)/a + 2*log(a*x + 1)/a^2)/a*e - (2*x^3*log(-1/(a*x) + 1) - ((a*x^2 + 2*x)/a + 2*log(a*x - 1)/a^2)/a)*e)*log(c*x^n)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccoth(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*arccoth(a*x)*log(c*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*acoth(a*x)*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(log(c*x^n)*acoth(a*x)*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \coth^{-1}(ax) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{36 \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 d n x + 12 \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) \log(x^n c) a^3 e n x^3 - 36 \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) a^3 d n^2 x - 4 \operatorname{arccoth}(ax) a^3 e n^2 x}{1}$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*acoth(a*x)*log(c*x^n),x)`

output

```
(36*acoth(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*d*n*x + 12*acoth(a*x)*log(x**n*c)*a**3*e*n
*x**3 - 36*acoth(a*x)*a**3*d*n**2*x - 4*acoth(a*x)*a**3*e*n**2*x**3 - 36*a
coth(a*x)*a**2*d*n**2 - 4*acoth(a*x)*e*n**2 - 36*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**
3 - x),x)*a**2*d*n - 12*int(log(x**n*c)/(a**2*x**3 - x),x)*e*n + 36*log(a*
*2*x - a)*a**2*d*n**2 + 4*log(a**2*x - a)*e*n**2 - 18*log(x**n*c)**2*a**2*
d - 6*log(x**n*c)**2*e - 6*log(x**n*c)*a**2*e*n*x**2 + 5*a**2*e*n**2*x**2)
/(36*a**3*n)
```

3.200 $\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1512
Rubi [A] (verified)	1513
Maple [F]	1515
Fricas [F]	1515
Sympy [F]	1515
Maxima [F]	1516
Giac [F]	1516
Mupad [F(-1)]	1516
Reduce [F]	1517

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 482

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = & 2dnx + \frac{2enx}{27a^2} + \frac{4}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2}\right) nx \\
& + \frac{2}{27}enx^3 - \frac{2dn\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)}{a} \\
& - \frac{4en\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)}{27a^3} \\
& - \frac{2(9a^2d + 2e) n\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)}{9a^3} \\
& - \frac{2enx^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)}{27a} \\
& + \frac{2en(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \arcsin(ax)}{27a^3} \\
& - dnx \arcsin(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \arcsin(ax)^2 \\
& + \frac{4(9a^2d + 2e) n \arcsin(ax) \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{i \arcsin(ax)})}{9a^3} \\
& \quad - 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} \\
& \quad \quad - \frac{2}{27}ex^3 \log(cx^n) \\
& + \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} \\
& + \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} \\
& + \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} \\
& \quad + dx \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) \\
& \quad + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) \\
& - \frac{2i(9a^2d + 2e) n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{i \arcsin(ax)})}{9a^3} \\
& + \frac{2i(9a^2d + 2e) n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{i \arcsin(ax)})}{9a^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*d*n*x+2/27*e*n*x/a^2+4/9*(9*d+2*e/a^2)*n*x+2/27*e*n*x^3-2*d*n*(-a^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)*arcsin(a*x)/a-4/27*e*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(a*x)/a^3-2/9*(9*
a^2*d+2*e)*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(a*x)/a^3-2/27*e*n*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*arcsin(a*x)/a+2/27*e*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsin(a*x)/a^3-d*n*x*arcs
in(a*x)^2-1/9*e*n*x^3*arcsin(a*x)^2+4/9*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*arcsin(a*x)*arctan
h(I*a*x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3-2*d*x*ln(c*x^n)-4/9*e*x*ln(c*x^n)/a^2-2/27
*e*x^3*ln(c*x^n)+2*d*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a+4/9*e*(-a^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsin(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3+2/9*e*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcs
in(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arcsin(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arcsin(a*x)^2*ln
(c*x^n)+2/9*I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*polylog(2,I*a*x+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3-2/9*
I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*polylog(2,-I*a*x-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{162a^3dnx + 26aenx + 2a^3enx^3 - 108a^2dn\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) - 14en\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) - 4a^2enx}{}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSin[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n],x]
```

output

```

(162*a^3*d*n*x + 26*a*e*n*x + 2*a^3*e*n*x^3 - 108*a^2*d*n*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2
]*ArcSin[a*x] - 14*e*n*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x] - 4*a^2*e*n*x^2*Sqrt[
1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x] - 27*a^3*d*n*x*ArcSin[a*x]^2 - 3*a^3*e*n*x^3*ArcS
in[a*x]^2 - 54*a^2*d*n*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])] - 12*e*n*Arc
Sin[a*x]*Log[1 - E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])] + 54*a^2*d*n*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*
ArcSin[a*x])] + 12*e*n*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[1 + E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])] - 54*a^3*d*x
*Log[c*x^n] - 12*a*e*x*Log[c*x^n] - 2*a^3*e*x^3*Log[c*x^n] + 54*a^2*d*Sqrt
[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + 12*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x]*
Log[c*x^n] + 6*a^2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n] + 27*a^3
*d*x*ArcSin[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + 9*a^3*e*x^3*ArcSin[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n] - (6*
I)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*n*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])] + (6*I)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e
)*n*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])])/(27*a^3)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2834, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arcsin(ax)^2 (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2834$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arcsin(ax)^2 x^2 - \frac{2ex^2}{27} + \frac{2e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)x}{9a} + d \arcsin(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) + \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{ax} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} + \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} + \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \right. \\ \left. 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 6$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arcsin(ax)^2 x^2 - \frac{2ex^2}{27} + \frac{2e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)x}{9a} + d \arcsin(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{2d}{a} + \frac{4e}{9a^3} \right) \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{ax} \right. \\ \left. \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} + \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} + \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \right. \\ \left. 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} + \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} - \\ n \left(\frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)}{a} + \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax)}{27a} - \frac{4}{9} x \left(\frac{2e}{a^2} + 9d \right) - \frac{2ex}{27a^2} - \frac{4 \arcsin(ax) (9a^2d + 2e)}{9a^3} \right) \\ \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arcsin(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \\ 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n)$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSin[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-2*d*x*Log[c*x^n] - (4*e*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^2) - (2*e*x^3*Log[c*x^n])/27 + (2*d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/a + (4*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) + (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a) + d*x*ArcSin[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcSin[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n])/3 - n*(-2*d*x - (2*e*x)/(27*a^2) - (4*(9*d + (2*e)/a^2)*x)/9 - (2*e*x^3)/27 + (2*d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x])/a + (4*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x])/(27*a^3) + (2*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x])/ (9*a^3) + (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcSin[a*x])/(27*a) - (2*e*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSin[a*x])/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcSin[a*x]^2 + (e*x^3*ArcSin[a*x]^2)/9 - (4*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*ArcSin[a*x]*ArcTanh[E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])])/(9*a^3) + (((2*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])])/a^3 - (((2*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*PolyLog[2, E^(I*ArcSin[a*x])])/a^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d) \arcsin(ax)^2 \ln(cx^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{asin}^2(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*asin(a*x)**2*ln(c*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*asin(a*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*arctan2(a*x, sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))^2*log(x^n) - 1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*x)*arctan2(a*x, sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))^2 + integrate(2/9*(3*(a*e*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*arctan2(a*x, sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))*log(x^n) - ((a*e*n - 3*a*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(a*d*n - a*d*log(c))*x)*arctan2(a*x, sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)))*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*arcsin(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{asin}(ax)^2 (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*asin(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(log(c*x^n)*asin(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \arcsin(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*asin(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(asin(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(asin(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.201 $\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1519
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1520
Rubi [A] (verified)	1521
Maple [F]	1523
Fricas [F]	1523
Sympy [F]	1524
Maxima [F]	1524
Giac [F]	1524
Mupad [F(-1)]	1525
Reduce [F]	1525

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 490

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = & 2dnx + \frac{2enx}{27a^2} + \frac{4}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2}\right) nx \\
& + \frac{2}{27}enx^3 + \frac{2dn\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a} \\
& + \frac{4en\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{27a^3} \\
& + \frac{2(9a^2d + 2e) n\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{9a^3} \\
& + \frac{2enx^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{27a} \\
& - \frac{2en(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)}{27a^3} \\
& - dnx \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{9}enx^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
& + \frac{4i(9a^2d + 2e) n \arccos(ax) \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)})}{9a^3} \\
& \quad - 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} \\
& \quad \quad - \frac{2}{27}ex^3 \log(cx^n) \\
& - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} \\
& - \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} \\
& - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} \\
& \quad + dx \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) \\
& \quad + \frac{1}{3}ex^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) \\
& - \frac{2i(9a^2d + 2e) n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)})}{9a^3} \\
& + \frac{2i(9a^2d + 2e) n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})}{9a^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

2*d*n*x+2/27*e*n*x/a^2+4/9*(9*d+2*e/a^2)*n*x+2/27*e*n*x^3+2*d*n*(-a^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)/a+4/27*e*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)/a^3+2/9*(9*
a^2*d+2*e)*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)/a^3+2/27*e*n*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*arccos(a*x)/a-2/27*e*n*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)/a^3-d*n*x*arcc
os(a*x)^2-1/9*e*n*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2+4/9*I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*arccos(a*x)*arct
an(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3-2*d*x*ln(c*x^n)-4/9*e*x*ln(c*x^n)/a^2-2/2
7*e*x^3*ln(c*x^n)-2*d*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a-4/9*e*(-a
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3-2/9*e*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arc
cos(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2*l
n(c*x^n)+2/9*I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/a^3
-2/9*I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))/a^3

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx \\
&= 2dnx + \frac{4enx}{9a^2} + \frac{2}{81}enx^3 + \frac{en(-9ax - 12(1 - a^2x^2)^{3/2} \arccos(ax) + \cos(3 \arccos(ax)))}{162a^3} \\
&+ \frac{dn(-2ax - 2\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) + ax \arccos(ax)^2) \log(x)}{a} \\
&+ \frac{en(-12ax - 2a^3x^3 - 12\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) - 6a^2x^2\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) + 9a^3x^3 \arccos(ax)^2) \log(x)}{27a^3} \\
&+ \frac{d(-2\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) + ax(-2 + \arccos(ax)^2))(-n - n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))}{a} \\
&+ \frac{2dn(ax + \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) - \arccos(ax) \log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + \arccos(ax) \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)}))}{a} \\
&+ \frac{4en(ax + \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) - \arccos(ax) \log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + \arccos(ax) \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)}))}{9a^3} \\
&+ \frac{e(-n + 3(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n)))(27ax(-2 + \arccos(ax)^2) - (2 - 9 \arccos(ax)^2) \cos(3 \arccos(ax)))}{324a^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```

2*d*n*x + (4*e*n*x)/(9*a^2) + (2*e*n*x^3)/81 + (e*n*(-9*a*x - 12*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x] + Cos[3*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(162*a^3) + (d*n*(-2*a*x - 2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] + a*x*ArcCos[a*x]^2)*Log[x])/a + (e*n*(-12*a*x - 2*a^3*x^3 - 12*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] - 6*a^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] + 9*a^3*x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2)*Log[x])/(27*a^3) + (d*(-2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] + a*x*(-2 + ArcCos[a*x]^2))*(-n - n*Log[x] + Log[c*x^n]))/a + (2*d*n*(a*x + sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] - ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - I*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + I*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]))/a + (4*e*n*(a*x + sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] - ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - I*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + I*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]))/(9*a^3) + (e*(-n + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*(27*a*x*(-2 + ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (2 - 9*ArcCos[a*x]^2)*Cos[3*ArcCos[a*x]] - 6*ArcCos[a*x]*(9*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + Sin[3*ArcCos[a*x]])))/(324*a^3)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2834, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2834}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arccos(ax)^2 x^2 - \frac{2ex^2}{27} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)x}{9a} + d \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{ax} \right. \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} - \\
 & \left. \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \right. \\
 & \left. 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow \text{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \arccos(ax)^2 x^2 - \frac{2ex^2}{27} - \frac{2e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)x}{9a} + d \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) + \frac{\left(-\frac{2d}{a} - \frac{4e}{9a^3}\right) \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{9a^3} \right) dx \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} - \\
 & \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \\
 & 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} - \\
 & n \left(- \frac{2d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{27a} - \frac{4}{9} x \left(\frac{2e}{a^2} + 9d \right) - \frac{2ex}{27a^2} - \frac{4i \arccos(ax) (9a^2d + 2e)}{9a^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{4e\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \\
 & 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output `-2*d*x*Log[c*x^n] - (4*e*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^2) - (2*e*x^3*Log[c*x^n])/27 - (2*d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/a - (4*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) - (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a) + d*x*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n])/3 - n*(-2*d*x - (2*e*x)/(27*a^2) - (4*(9*d + (2*e)/a^2)*x)/9 - (2*e*x^3)/27 - (2*d*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a - (4*e*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/(27*a^3) - (2*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/(9*a^3) - (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/(27*a) + (2*e*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x])/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + (e*x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/9 - (((4*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*ArcCos[a*x]*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])/a^3 + (((2*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])/a^3 - (((2*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])/a^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex^2 + d) \arccos(ax)^2 \ln(cx^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arccos(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \arccos^2(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*acos(a*x)**2*ln(c*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*acos(a*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*log(x^n) - 1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2 - integrate(2/9*(3*(a*e*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*log(x^n) - ((a*e*n - 3*a*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(a*d*n - a*d*log(c))*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccos(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x^2 + d)*arccos(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \arccos(ax)^2 (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*acos(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2),x)`output `int(log(c*x^n)*acos(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (d + ex^2) \arccos(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*acos(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x)`output `int(acos(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(acos(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.202 $\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1527
Rubi [A] (verified)	1528
Maple [F]	1530
Fricas [F]	1530
Sympy [F]	1531
Maxima [F]	1531
Giac [F(-2)]	1531
Mupad [F(-1)]	1532
Reduce [F]	1532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 458

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx \\
 &= -2dnx + \frac{2enx}{27a^2} - \frac{4}{9} \left(9d - \frac{2e}{a^2}\right) nx - \frac{2}{27} enx^3 \\
 &+ \frac{2dn\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{a} + \frac{2(9a^2d-2e)n\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9a^3} \\
 &- \frac{4en\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{27a^3} + \frac{2enx^2\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{27a} \\
 &+ \frac{2en(1+a^2x^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{27a^3} - dnx\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{9}enx^3\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \\
 &- \frac{4(9a^2d-2e)n\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)\operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})}{9a^3} + 2dx \log(cx^n) - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} \\
 &\quad + \frac{2}{27}ex^3 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2d\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} \\
 &+ \frac{4e\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{1+a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} \\
 &\quad + dx\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3}ex^3\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) \\
 &- \frac{2(9a^2d-2e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})}{9a^3} + \frac{2(9a^2d-2e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})}{9a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-2*d*n*x+2/27*e*n*x/a^2-4/9*(9*d-2*e/a^2)*n*x-2/27*e*n*x^3+2*d*n*(a^2*x^2+
1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(a*x)/a+2/9*(9*a^2*d-2*e)*n*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(a*x)
/a^3-4/27*e*n*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(a*x)/a^3+2/27*e*n*x^2*(a^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)*arcsinh(a*x)/a+2/27*e*n*(a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*arcsinh(a*x)/a^3-d*n*x*arc
sinh(a*x)^2-1/9*e*n*x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^2-4/9*(9*a^2*d-2*e)*n*arcsinh(a*x)*ar
ctanh(a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3+2*d*x*ln(c*x^n)-4/9*e*x*ln(c*x^n)/a^2+2/2
7*e*x^3*ln(c*x^n)-2*d*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a+4/9*e*(a^
2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcsinh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3-2/9*e*x^2*(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arcs
inh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arcsinh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3*arcsinh(a*x)^2
*ln(c*x^n)-2/9*(9*a^2*d-2*e)*n*polylog(2,-a*x-(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3+2/9*(
9*a^2*d-2*e)*n*polylog(2,a*x+(a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/a^3

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 516, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx \\
&= -2dnx + \frac{4enx}{9a^2} - \frac{2}{81}enx^3 + \frac{2en\left(-\frac{ax}{3} - \frac{a^3x^3}{9} + \frac{1}{3}(1 + a^2x^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)\right)}{9a^3} \\
&+ \frac{dn(2ax - 2\sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + ax\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2) \log(x)}{a} \\
&+ \frac{en(-12ax + 2a^3x^3 + 12\sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) - 6a^2x^2\sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + 9a^3x^3\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2) \log(x)}{27a^3} \\
&+ \frac{d(-2\sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + ax(2 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2))(-n - n\log(x) + \log(cx^n))}{a} \\
&+ \frac{e(27\sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + ax(-26 - 9\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 + (2 + 9\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2) \cosh(2\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))))}{162a^3} \\
&+ \frac{2dn(-ax + \sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(1 - e^{-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) - \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(1 + e^{-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}))}{a} \\
&- \frac{4en(-ax + \sqrt{1 + a^2x^2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(1 - e^{-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) - \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(1 + e^{-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}))}{9a^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSinh[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```

-2*d*n*x + (4*e*n*x)/(9*a^2) - (2*e*n*x^3)/81 + (2*e*n*(-1/3*(a*x) - (a^3*x^3)/9 + ((1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*ArcSinh[a*x])/3))/(9*a^3) + (d*n*(2*a*x - 2*
Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] + a*x*ArcSinh[a*x]^2)*Log[x])/a + (e*n*(-12
*a*x + 2*a^3*x^3 + 12*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] - 6*a^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 +
a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] + 9*a^3*x^3*ArcSinh[a*x]^2)*Log[x])/(27*a^3) + (d*(-
2*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] + a*x*(2 + ArcSinh[a*x]^2))*(-n - n*Log[x]
] + Log[c*x^n]))/a + (e*(27*Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] + a*x*(-26 - 9*
ArcSinh[a*x]^2 + (2 + 9*ArcSinh[a*x]^2)*Cosh[2*ArcSinh[a*x]])) - 3*ArcSinh[
a*x]*Cosh[3*ArcSinh[a*x]]*(-n + 3*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n])))/(162*a^3)
+ (2*d*n*(-(a*x) + Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] + ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[1 - E
^(-ArcSinh[a*x])] - ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[1 + E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])] + PolyLog[2, -
E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])])))/a - (4*e*n*(-(a*x) +
Sqrt[1 + a^2*x^2]*ArcSinh[a*x] + ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[1 - E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])] -
ArcSinh[a*x]*Log[1 + E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])] + PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])]
- PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcSinh[a*x])])))/(9*a^3)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2834, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2834$$

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 x^2 + \frac{2ex^2}{27} - \frac{2e\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)x}{9a} + d \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 + \frac{2}{9} \left(9d - \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) - \frac{2d\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{a} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2d\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{4e\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \right.$$

$$\left. 2dx \log(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right)$$

$$\downarrow 6$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 x^2 + \frac{2ex^2}{27} - \frac{2e\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)x}{9a} + d \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 + \frac{2}{9} \left(9d - \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) + \frac{\left(\frac{4e}{9a^3} - \frac{2d}{a} \right) \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{9a^3} \right) dx \\
& \frac{2d\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} + \\
& \frac{4e\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \\
& 2dx \log(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{2d\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} - \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} - \\
& n \left(\frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \left(9d - \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})}{9a} - \frac{2 \left(9d - \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})}{9a} - \frac{2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{9a} \right) \\
& \frac{4e\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + dx \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \\
& 2dx \log(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcSinh[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2*d*x*\log[c*x^n] - (4*e*x*\log[c*x^n])/(9*a^2) + (2*e*x^3*\log[c*x^n])/27 - \\
& (2*d*\sqrt{1 + a^2*x^2}*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]*\log[c*x^n])/a + (4*e*\sqrt{1 + a^2*x^2} \\
& *\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]*\log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) - (2*e*x^2*\sqrt{1 + a^2*x^2}*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x] \\
& *\log[c*x^n])/(9*a) + d*x*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]^2*\log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]^ \\
& 2*\log[c*x^n])/3 - n*(2*d*x - (2*e*x)/(27*a^2) + (4*(9*d - (2*e)/a^2)*x)/9 \\
& + (2*e*x^3)/27 - (2*d*\sqrt{1 + a^2*x^2}*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x])/a + (4*e*\sqrt{1 + a^ \\
& 2*x^2}*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x])/(27*a^3) - (2*(9*d - (2*e)/a^2)*\sqrt{1 + a^2*x^2}*\operatorname{Arc} \\
& \operatorname{Sinh}[a*x])/(9*a) - (2*e*x^2*\sqrt{1 + a^2*x^2}*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x])/(27*a) - (2*e* \\
& (1 + a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x])/(27*a^3) + d*x*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]^2 + (e*x^3*A \\
& \operatorname{rcSinh}[a*x]^2)/9 + (4*(9*d - (2*e)/a^2)*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]} \\
&])/(9*a) + (2*(9*a^2*d - 2*e)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]}])/(9*a^3) - (2*(\\
& 9*d - (2*e)/a^2)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a*x]}])/(9*a)
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (e x^2 + d) \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x)^2 \ln(c x^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + e x^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x)^2 \log(c x^n) dx = \int (e x^2 + d) \operatorname{arsinh}(a x)^2 \log(c x^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arcsinh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{asinh}^2(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*asinh(a*x)**2*ln(c*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*asinh(a*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*x - 3*(e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*log(x^n))*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))^2 - integrate(-2/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a^3*x^5 + (9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a^3 + (e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a)*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a*x - 3*(a^3*e*x^5 + (3*a^3*d + a*e)*x^3 + 3*a*d*x)*log(x^n) + ((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a^2*x^4 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a^2*x^2 - 3*(a^2*e*x^4 + 3*a^2*d*x^2)*log(x^n))*sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))*log(a*x + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))/(a^3*x^3 + a*x + (a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arcsinh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{asinh}(ax)^2 (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input `int(log(c*x^n)*asinh(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2),x)`

output `int(log(c*x^n)*asinh(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \operatorname{asinh}(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \operatorname{asinh}(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*asinh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x)`

output `int(asinh(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(asinh(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c),x)*d`

3.203 $\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$

Optimal result	1534
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1535
Rubi [A] (verified)	1536
Maple [F]	1538
Fricas [F]	1538
Sympy [F]	1539
Maxima [F]	1539
Giac [F(-2)]	1539
Mupad [F(-1)]	1540
Reduce [F]	1540

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 508

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx \\
&= -2dnx - \frac{2enx}{27a^2} - \frac{4}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2}\right) nx - \frac{2}{27} enx^3 \\
&+ \frac{2dn\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{a} + \frac{4en\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{27a^3} \\
&+ \frac{2(9a^2d+2e)n\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{9a^3} \\
&+ \frac{2enx^2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{27a} + \frac{2en(-1+ax)^{3/2}(1+ax)^{3/2}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{27a^3} \\
&- dnx\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{9} enx^3\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \\
&- \frac{4(9a^2d+2e)n\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)\arctan(e^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{9a^3} + 2dx \log(cx^n) + \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} \\
&+ \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2d\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} \\
&- \frac{4e\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} \\
&- \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{-1+ax}\sqrt{1+ax}\operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} + dx\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) \\
&+ \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) + \frac{2i(9a^2d+2e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{9a^3} \\
&- \frac{2i(9a^2d+2e)n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{\operatorname{arccosh}(ax)})}{9a^3}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-2*d*n*x-2/27*e*n*x/a^2-4/9*(9*d+2*e/a^2)*n*x-2/27*e*n*x^3+2*d*n*(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)/a+4/27*e*n*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arc
cosh(a*x)/a^3+2/9*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)
/a^3+2/27*e*n*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)/a+2/27*e*n*(a*x
-1)^(3/2)*(a*x+1)^(3/2)*arccosh(a*x)/a^3-d*n*x*arccosh(a*x)^2-1/9*e*n*x^3*
arccosh(a*x)^2-4/9*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*arccosh(a*x)*arctan(a*x+(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(
a*x+1)^(1/2))/a^3+2*d*x*ln(c*x^n)+4/9*e*x*ln(c*x^n)/a^2+2/27*e*x^3*ln(c*x^
n)-2*d*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a-4/9*e*(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a^3-2/9*e*x^2*(a*x-1)^(1/2)*(a*
x+1)^(1/2)*arccosh(a*x)*ln(c*x^n)/a+d*x*arccosh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n)+1/3*e*x^3
*arccosh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n)+2/9*I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/a^3-2/9*I*(9*a^2*d+2*e)*n*polylog(2,I*(a*x+(a*x-1)^(
1/2)*(a*x+1)^(1/2)))/a^3

```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 4.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{-648a^3 dnx - 144aenx - 8a^3 enx^3 + 2en \left(9ax + 12 \left(\frac{-1+ax}{1+ax} \right)^{3/2} (1+ax)^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) - \cosh(3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)) \right)}{a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(-648*a^3*d*n*x - 144*a*e*n*x - 8*a^3*e*n*x^3 + 2*e*n*(9*a*x + 12*((-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x))^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^3*ArcCosh[a*x] - Cosh[3*ArcCosh[a*x]]) + 324*a^2*d*n*(2*a*x - 2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x] + a*x*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)*Log[x] + 12*e*n*(2*a*x*(6 + a^2*x^2) - 6*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*(2 + a^2*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x] + 9*a^3*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)*Log[x] + 324*a^2*d*(2*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x)*ArcCosh[a*x] - a*x*(2 + ArcCosh[a*x]^2))*(n + n*Log[x] - Log[c*x^n]) + 648*a^2*d*n*(-(a*x) + Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x] + a*x*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x] + I*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 - I/E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - I*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 + I/E^ArcCosh[a*x]] + I*PolyLog[2, (-I)/E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - I*PolyLog[2, I/E^ArcCosh[a*x]]) + 144*e*n*(-(a*x) + Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x] + a*x*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*ArcCosh[a*x] + I*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 - I/E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - I*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[1 + I/E^ArcCosh[a*x]] + I*PolyLog[2, (-I)/E^ArcCosh[a*x]] - I*PolyLog[2, I/E^ArcCosh[a*x]]) - e*(n + 3*n*Log[x] - 3*Log[c*x^n])*(27*a*x*(2 + ArcCosh[a*x]^2) + (2 + 9*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)*Cosh[3*ArcCosh[a*x]] - 6*ArcCosh[a*x]*(9*Sqrt[(-1 + a*x)/(1 + a*x)]*(1 + a*x) + Sinh[3*ArcCosh[a*x]])))/(324*a^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 497, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2834, 6, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) dx$$

↓ 2834

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 x^2 + \frac{2ex^2}{27} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)x}{9a} + d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 + \frac{2}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) - \frac{2d\sqrt{a}}{9a} \right. \\ \left. \frac{4e\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} + d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2d\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} + 2dx \log(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right) dx$$

↓ 6

$$-n \int \left(\frac{1}{3} e \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 x^2 + \frac{2ex^2}{27} - \frac{2e\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)x}{9a} + d \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 + \frac{2}{9} \left(9d + \frac{2e}{a^2} \right) + \frac{(-2d)}{a} \right. \\ \left. \frac{4e\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} + d x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \right. \\ \left. \frac{2d\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} + \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \right. \\ \left. \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} + 2dx \log(cx^n) + \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$- \frac{4e\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a^3} + \frac{4ex \log(cx^n)}{9a^2} - \\ n \left(- \frac{2e(ax-1)^{3/2}(ax+1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{27a^3} - \frac{4e\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)}{27a^3} + \frac{4}{9} x \left(\frac{2e}{a^2} + 9d \right) + \frac{2ex}{27a^2} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n)}{27} \right. \\ \left. d x \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2d\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{a} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{3} ex^3 \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) - \frac{2ex^2\sqrt{ax-1}\sqrt{ax+1} \operatorname{arccosh}(ax) \log(cx^n)}{9a} + 2dx \log(cx^n) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{2}{27} ex^3 \log(cx^n) \right)$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x^2)*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n], x]
```

output

```
2*d*x*Log[c*x^n] + (4*e*x*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^2) + (2*e*x^3*Log[c*x^n])/27 -
(2*d*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/a - (4*e*Sqrt[-
1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a^3) - (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[-1
+ a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]*Log[c*x^n])/(9*a) + d*x*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*
Log[c*x^n] + (e*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x]^2*Log[c*x^n])/3 - n*(2*d*x + (2*e*x)/(27*
a^2) + (4*(9*d + (2*e)/a^2)*x)/9 + (2*e*x^3)/27 - (2*d*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt
[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x])/a - (4*e*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]
)/(27*a^3) - (2*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x]
)/(9*a^3) - (2*e*x^2*Sqrt[-1 + a*x]*Sqrt[1 + a*x]*ArcCosh[a*x])/(27*a) - (2
*e*(-1 + a*x)^(3/2)*(1 + a*x)^(3/2)*ArcCosh[a*x])/(27*a^3) + d*x*ArcCosh[a
*x]^2 + (e*x^3*ArcCosh[a*x]^2)/9 + (4*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*ArcCosh[a*x]*ArcTan[
E^ArcCosh[a*x]])/(9*a^3) - (((2*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^Ar
cCosh[a*x]])/a^3 + (((2*I)/9)*(9*a^2*d + 2*e)*PolyLog[2, I*E^ArcCosh[a*x]
])/a^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 6 `Int[(u_.)*((v_.) + (a_.)*(Fx_) + (b_.)*(Fx_)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(v + (a + b)*Fx)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !FreeQ[Fx, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2834 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*(Px_.)*(F_)[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))]^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[Px*F[d*(e + f*x)]^m, x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && PolynomialQ[Px, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && MemberQ[{ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcSinh, ArcCosh}, F]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (e x^2 + d) \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2 \ln(c x^n) dx$$

input `int((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

output `int((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)^2*ln(c*x^n),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (d + e x^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2 \log(c x^n) dx = \int (e x^2 + d) \operatorname{arccosh}(a x)^2 \log(c x^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x^2 + d)*arccosh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (d + ex^2) \log(cx^n) \operatorname{acosh}^2(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x**2+d)*acosh(a*x)**2*ln(c*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x**2)*log(c*x**n)*acosh(a*x)**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int (ex^2 + d) \operatorname{arcosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*x^3 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*x - 3*(e*x^3 + 3*d*x)*log(x^n))*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))^2 - integrate(-2/9*((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a^3*x^5 + (9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a^3 - (e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a)*x^3 - 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a*x + ((e*n - 3*e*log(c))*a^2*x^4 + 9*(d*n - d*log(c))*a^2*x^2 - 3*(a^2*e*x^4 + 3*a^2*d*x^2)*log(x^n))*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - 3*(a^3*e*x^5 + (3*a^3*d - a*e)*x^3 - 3*a*d*x)*log(x^n))*log(a*x + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1))/(a^3*x^3 + (a^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(a*x - 1) - a*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x^2+d)*arccosh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \int \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 (ex^2 + d) dx$$

input

```
int(log(c*x^n)*acosh(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2),x)
```

output

```
int(log(c*x^n)*acosh(a*x)^2*(d + e*x^2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int (d + ex^2) \operatorname{arccosh}(ax)^2 \log(cx^n) dx = \left(\int \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) x^2 dx \right) e + \left(\int \operatorname{acosh}(ax)^2 \log(x^n c) dx \right) d$$

input

```
int((e*x^2+d)*acosh(a*x)^2*log(c*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int(acosh(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c)*x**2,x)*e + int(acosh(a*x)**2*log(x**n*c),x)
*d
```

$$3.204 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1541
Mathematica [N/A]	1541
Rubi [N/A]	1542
Maple [N/A]	1542
Fricas [N/A]	1543
Sympy [N/A]	1543
Maxima [N/A]	1544
Giac [N/A]	1544
Mupad [N/A]	1544
Reduce [N/A]	1545

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]`

output `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 2833

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))^p}{x} dx$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2833 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^p \text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 5.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**p*polylog(k,e*x**q)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**p*polylog(k, e*x**q)/x, x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^p \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^p*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 24.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x,x)`

output `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^p)/x, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^p \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\log(x^n c) b + a)^p \text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^p*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

output `int(((log(x**n*c)*b + a)**p*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)`

3.205 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1546
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1547
Rubi [A] (verified)	1547
Maple [F]	1549
Fricas [F]	1549
Sympy [F]	1549
Maxima [F]	1550
Giac [F]	1550
Mupad [F(-1)]	1550
Reduce [F]	1551

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q)}{q} - \frac{3bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2 + k, ex^q)}{q^2} + \frac{6b^2n^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3 + k, ex^q)}{q^3} - \frac{6b^3n^3 \text{PolyLog}(4 + k, ex^q)}{q^4}$$

```
output (a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(1+k,e*x^q)/q-3*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(2+k,e*x^q)/q^2+6*b^2*n^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3+k,e*x^q)/q^3-6*b^3*n^3*polylog(4+k,e*x^q)/q^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{q^3(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q) - 3bn(q^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2 + k, ex^q) + 2bn(-q(a + b \log(cx^n))) \text{PolyLog}(3 + k, ex^q) + b^n \text{PolyLog}(4 + k, ex^q))}{q^4}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]`

output `(q^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[1 + k, e*x^q] - 3*b*n*(q^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2 + k, e*x^q] + 2*b*n*(-(q*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3 + k, e*x^q]) + b*n*PolyLog[4 + k, e*x^q]))/q^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {2830, 2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2830$$

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{q} - \frac{3bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)}{x} dx}{q}$$

$$\downarrow 2830$$

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))^3}{q} - \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{q} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(k + 2, ex^q)}{x} dx}{q} \right)}{q}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2830 \\
 \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+1, ex^q)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{q} - \\
 \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+2, ex^q)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{q} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+3, ex^q)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{q} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+3, ex^q)}{x} dx}{q} \right)}{q} \right)}{q} \\
 \hline
 \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+1, ex^q)(a+b\log(cx^n))^3}{q} - \\
 \frac{3bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+2, ex^q)(a+b\log(cx^n))^2}{q} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+3, ex^q)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{q} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(k+4, ex^q)}{q^2} \right)}{q} \right)}{q} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 7143
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]`

output `((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3*PolyLog[1 + k, e*x^q])/q - (3*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[2 + k, e*x^q])/q - (2*b*n*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3 + k, e*x^q])/q - (b*n*PolyLog[4 + k, e*x^q])/q^2))/q`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3 \operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*log(c*x^n) + a^3)*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3*polylog(k,e*x**q)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**3*polylog(k, e*x**q)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x,x)`

output `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^3 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) a^3$$

$$+ \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^3 \text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) b^3$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2 \text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) a b^2$$

$$+ 3 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) a^2 b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^3*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

output `int(polylog(k,x**q*e)/x,x)*a**3 + int((log(x**n*c)**3*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)*b**3 + 3*int((log(x**n*c)**2*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)*a*b**2 + 3*int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)*a**2*b`

3.206 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1552
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1552
Rubi [A] (verified)	1553
Maple [F]	1554
Fricas [F]	1554
Sympy [F]	1555
Maxima [F]	1555
Giac [F]	1555
Mupad [F(-1)]	1556
Reduce [F]	1556

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q)}{q} - \frac{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2 + k, ex^q)}{q^2} + \frac{2b^2n^2 \text{PolyLog}(3 + k, ex^q)}{q^3}$$

output

```
(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(1+k,e*x^q)/q-2*b*n*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2+k,e*x^q)/q^2+2*b^2*n^2*polylog(3+k,e*x^q)/q^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \frac{q^2(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q) + 2bn(-q(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2 + k, ex^q) + bn \text{PolyLog}(3 + k, ex^q))}{q^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]
```

output $(q^2(a + b\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2\text{PolyLog}[1 + k, e*x^q] + 2*b*n*(-(q*(a + b\text{Log}[c*x^n])*\text{PolyLog}[2 + k, e*x^q]) + b*n*\text{PolyLog}[3 + k, e*x^q]))/q^3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$, Rules used = {2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

↓ 2830

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{q} - \frac{2bn \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)}{x} dx}{q}$$

↓ 2830

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{q} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 2, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{q} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 2, ex^q)}{x} dx}{q} \right)}{q}$$

↓ 7143

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}{q} - \frac{2bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 2, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{q} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(k + 3, ex^q)}{q^2} \right)}{q}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2*\text{PolyLog}[k, e*x^q]/x,x]$

output $((a + b\text{Log}[c*x^n])^2*\text{PolyLog}[1 + k, e*x^q])/q - (2*b*n*((a + b\text{Log}[c*x^n])*\text{PolyLog}[2 + k, e*x^q])/q - (b*n*\text{PolyLog}[3 + k, e*x^q])/q^2))/q$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/
(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q),
x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p -
1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b^2*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*log(c*x^n) + a^2)*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x,
x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2*polylog(k,e*x**q)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))**2*polylog(k, e*x**q)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 \text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \ln(cx^n))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x,x)`

output `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n))^2 \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) a^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c)^2 \text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) b^2 \\ &+ 2 \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) ab \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))^2*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`

output `int(polylog(k,x**q*e)/x,x)*a**2 + int((log(x**n*c)**2*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)*b**2 + 2*int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)*a*b`

3.207 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1557
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1557
Rubi [A] (verified)	1558
Maple [F]	1559
Fricas [F]	1559
Sympy [F]	1560
Maxima [F]	1560
Giac [F]	1560
Mupad [F(-1)]	1561
Reduce [F]	1561

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q)}{q} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2 + k, ex^q)}{q^2}$$

output `(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(1+k,e*x^q)/q-b*n*polylog(2+k,e*x^q)/q^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \frac{a \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q)}{q} + \frac{b \log(cx^n) \text{PolyLog}(1 + k, ex^q)}{q} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2 + k, ex^q)}{q^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]`

output $(a*\text{PolyLog}[1 + k, e*x^q])/q + (b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{PolyLog}[1 + k, e*x^q])/q - (b*n*\text{PolyLog}[2 + k, e*x^q])/q^2$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2830$$

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{q} - \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k+1, ex^q)}{x} dx}{q}$$

$$\downarrow 7143$$

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k + 1, ex^q)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{q} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(k + 2, ex^q)}{q^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*PolyLog[k, e*x^q])/x,x]$

output $((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*PolyLog[1 + k, e*x^q])/q - (b*n*PolyLog[2 + k, e*x^q])/q^2$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/
(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q),
x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p -
1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(k,e*x**q)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(k, e*x**q)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(k, e*x^q)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`output `int((polylog(k, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{x} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(k,e*x^q)/x,x)`output `int(polylog(k,x**q*e)/x,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(k,x**q*e))/x,x)*b`

3.208 $\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx$

Optimal result	1562
Mathematica [N/A]	1562
Rubi [N/A]	1563
Maple [N/A]	1563
Fricas [N/A]	1564
Sympy [N/A]	1564
Maxima [N/A]	1565
Giac [N/A]	1565
Mupad [N/A]	1565
Reduce [N/A]	1566

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}, x\right)$$

output `Defer(Int)(polylog(k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)), x)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Integrate[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

output `Integrate[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

↓ 2833

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `Int[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2833 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)),x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(b*x*log(c*x^n) + a*x), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k,e*x**q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n)),x)`

output `Integral(polylog(k, e*x**q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x**n))), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))} dx$$

input `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))),x)`

output `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{\log(x^n c) bx + ax} dx$$

input `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

output `int(polylog(k, x**q*e)/(log(x**n*c)*b*x + a*x), x)`

3.209 $\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$

Optimal result	1567
Mathematica [N/A]	1567
Rubi [N/A]	1568
Maple [N/A]	1569
Fricas [N/A]	1569
Sympy [N/A]	1570
Maxima [N/A]	1570
Giac [N/A]	1570
Mupad [N/A]	1571
Reduce [N/A]	1571

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = -\frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{bn(a+b \log(cx^n))} + \frac{q \text{Int}\left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}, x\right)}{bn}$$

output

```
-polylog(k, e*x^q)/b/n/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+q*Defer(Int)(polylog(-1+k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)), x)/b/n
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2831, 2833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

↓ 2831

$$\frac{q \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-1, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx}{bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))}$$

↓ 2833

$$\frac{q \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-1, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))} dx}{bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{bn(a + b \log(cx^n))}$$

input `Int [PolyLog [k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log [c*x^n])^2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2831

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(b*n*(p + 1)) Int [PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && LtQ [p, -1]
```

rule 2833

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[
k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input

```
int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

output

```
int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*
x), x)
```

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k, e*x**q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2, x)`

output `Integral(polylog(k, e*x**q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x**n))**2), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2), x)`

output `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 x + 2 \log(x^n c) a b x + a^2 x} dx$$

input `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2, x)`

output `int(polylog(k, x**q*e)/(log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*x + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x + a**2*x), x)`

3.210 $\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3} dx$

Optimal result	1572
Mathematica [N/A]	1572
Rubi [N/A]	1573
Maple [N/A]	1574
Fricas [N/A]	1574
Sympy [N/A]	1575
Maxima [N/A]	1575
Giac [N/A]	1576
Mupad [N/A]	1576
Reduce [N/A]	1576

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = -\frac{q \text{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{2b^2n^2(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{2bn(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} + \frac{q^2 \text{Int}\left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(-2+k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}, x\right)}{2b^2n^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*q*polylog(-1+k, e*x^q)/b^2/n^2/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/2*polylog(k, e*x^q)/b/n/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2+1/2*q^2*Defer(Int)(polylog(-2+k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n)), x)/b^2/n^2
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^3} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3), x]
```

output `Integrate[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3), x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2831, 2831, 2833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2831} \\
 & \frac{q \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-1, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} dx}{2bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2831} \\
 & \frac{q \left(\frac{q \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-2, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx}{bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-1, ex^q)}{bn(a+b \log(cx^n))} \right)}{2bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2833} \\
 & \frac{q \left(\frac{q \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-2, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))} dx}{bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k-1, ex^q)}{bn(a+b \log(cx^n))} \right)}{2bn} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{2bn(a + b \log(cx^n))^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^3), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2831

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/
(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/
(b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(b*n*(p + 1)) Int[PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*((a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1]
```

rule 2833

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[
k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])
^p*PolyLog[k, e*x^q], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3} dx$$

input

```
int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)
```

output

```
int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^3,x)
```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(b^3*x*log(c*x^n)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*log(c*x^n) + a^3*x), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k, e*x**q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**3, x)`

output `Integral(polylog(k, e*x**q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x**n))**3), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b \log(cx^n) + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^3*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 26.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx = \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^3} dx$$

input `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3),x)`

output `int(polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^3), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^3} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\text{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{\log(x^n c)^3 b^3 x + 3 \log(x^n c)^2 a b^2 x + 3 \log(x^n c) a^2 b x + a^3 x} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^3,x)`

output `int(polylog(k,x**q*e)/(log(x**n*c)**3*b**3*x + 3*log(x**n*c)**2*a*b**2*x + 3*log(x**n*c)*a**2*b*x + a**3*x),x)`

3.211 $\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1578
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1578
Rubi [A] (verified)	1579
Maple [F]	1580
Fricas [F]	1580
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1580
Maxima [F]	1581
Giac [F]	1581
Mupad [F(-1)]	1581
Reduce [F]	1582

Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(1 + n, ax) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2 + n, ax)$$

output `ln(x)*polylog(1+n,a*x)-polylog(2+n,a*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(1 + n, ax) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(2 + n, ax)$$

input `Integrate[(Log[x]*PolyLog[n, a*x])/x,x]`

output `Log[x]*PolyLog[1 + n, a*x] - PolyLog[2 + n, a*x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \text{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

↓ 2830

$$\log(x) \text{PolyLog}(n + 1, ax) - \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(n + 1, ax)}{x} dx$$

↓ 7143

$$\log(x) \text{PolyLog}(n + 1, ax) - \text{PolyLog}(n + 2, ax)$$

input `Int[(Log[x]*PolyLog[n, a*x])/x,x]`

output `Log[x]*PolyLog[1 + n, a*x] - PolyLog[2 + n, a*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(x) \operatorname{polylog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

input `int(ln(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)`

output `int(ln(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(log(x)*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \log(x) \operatorname{Li}_{n+1}(ax) - \operatorname{Li}_{n+2}(ax)$$

input `integrate(ln(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)`

output `log(x)*polylog(n + 1, a*x) - polylog(n + 2, a*x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(log(x)*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log(x)*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(x) \operatorname{polylog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(x)*polylog(n, a*x))/x,x)`

output `int((log(x)*polylog(n, a*x))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x) \operatorname{polylog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

input `int(log(x)*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)`

output `int((log(x)*polylog(n,a*x))/x,x)`

3.212 $\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1583
Rubi [A] (verified)	1584
Maple [F]	1585
Fricas [F]	1585
Sympy [F]	1585
Maxima [F]	1586
Giac [F]	1586
Mupad [F(-1)]	1586
Reduce [F]	1587

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(1 + n, ax) - 2 \log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2 + n, ax) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3 + n, ax)$$

output `ln(x)^2*polylog(1+n, a*x)-2*ln(x)*polylog(2+n, a*x)+2*polylog(3+n, a*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(1 + n, ax) - 2 \log(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2 + n, ax) + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3 + n, ax)$$

input `Integrate[(Log[x]^2*PolyLog[n, a*x])/x, x]`

output `Log[x]^2*PolyLog[1 + n, a*x] - 2*Log[x]*PolyLog[2 + n, a*x] + 2*PolyLog[3 + n, a*x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {2830, 2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \text{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2830$$

$$\log^2(x) \text{PolyLog}(n+1, ax) - 2 \int \frac{\log(x) \text{PolyLog}(n+1, ax)}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2830$$

$$\log^2(x) \text{PolyLog}(n+1, ax) - 2 \left(\log(x) \text{PolyLog}(n+2, ax) - \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(n+2, ax)}{x} dx \right)$$

$$\downarrow 7143$$

$$\log^2(x) \text{PolyLog}(n+1, ax) - 2(\log(x) \text{PolyLog}(n+2, ax) - \text{PolyLog}(n+3, ax))$$

input `Int[(Log[x]^2*PolyLog[n, a*x])/x,x]`

output `Log[x]^2*PolyLog[1 + n, a*x] - 2*(Log[x]*PolyLog[2 + n, a*x] - PolyLog[3 + n, a*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2830

```
Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/
(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] -
Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 7143

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
&& EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\ln(x)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

```
input int(ln(x)^2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)
```

```
output int(ln(x)^2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x)^2 \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate(log(x)^2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(log(x)^2*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x)^2 \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate(ln(x)**2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)
```

```
output Integral(log(x)**2*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x)^2 \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(x)^2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(log(x)^2*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x)^2 \operatorname{Li}_n(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(log(x)^2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(log(x)^2*polylog(n, a*x)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\ln(x)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

input `int((log(x)^2*polylog(n, a*x))/x,x)`

output `int((log(x)^2*polylog(n, a*x))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\log^2(x) \operatorname{PolyLog}(n, ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\log(x)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(n, ax)}{x} dx$$

input `int(log(x)^2*polylog(n,a*x)/x,x)`

output `int((log(x)**2*polylog(n,a*x))/x,x)`

3.213
$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	1588
Mathematica [F]	1588
Rubi [A] (verified)	1589
Maple [F]	1589
Fricas [F]	1590
Sympy [F]	1590
Maxima [F]	1591
Giac [F]	1591
Mupad [F(-1)]	1592
Reduce [F]	1592

Optimal result

Integrand size = 57, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx = \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{bn(a+b \log(cx^n))}$$

output `polylog(k,e*x^q)/b/n/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))`

Mathematica [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx \\ &= \int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(q*PolyLog[-1 + k, e*x^q])/(b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) - PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

output `Integrate[(q*PolyLog[-1 + k, e*x^q])/(b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) - PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.018$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(k-1, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{bn(a+b \log(cx^n))}$$

input `Int[(q*PolyLog[-1 + k, e*x^q])/(b*n*x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) - PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2), x]`

output `PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(b*n*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{polylog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b \ln(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b \ln(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

input `int(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x^q)/b/n/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `int(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x^q)/b/n/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b\log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{q \operatorname{Li}_{k-1}(ex^q)}{(b\log(cx^n)+a)bnx} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b\log(cx^n)+a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x^q)/b/n/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))-polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(b*n*polylog(k, e*x^q) - (b*q*log(c*x^n) + a*q)*polylog(k - 1, e*x^q))/(b^3*n*x*log(c*x^n)^2 + 2*a*b^2*n*x*log(c*x^n) + a^2*b*n*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b\log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{aq \operatorname{Li}_{k-1}(ex^q)}{a^2x+2abx\log(cx^n)+b^2x\log(cx^n)^2} dx + \int \left(-\frac{bn \operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{a^2x+2abx\log(cx^n)+b^2x\log(cx^n)^2} \right) dx + \int \frac{bq \log(cx^n) \operatorname{Li}_{k-1}(ex^q)}{a^2x+2abx\log(cx^n)+b^2x\log(cx^n)^2} dx}{bn}$$

input `integrate(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x**q)/b/n/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))-polylog(k,e*x**q)/x/(a+b*ln(c*x**n))**2,x)`

output `(Integral(a*q*polylog(k - 1, e*x**q)/(a**2*x + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x**n) + b**2*x*log(c*x**n)**2), x) + Integral(-b*n*polylog(k, e*x**q)/(a**2*x + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x**n) + b**2*x*log(c*x**n)**2), x) + Integral(b*q*log(c*x**n)*polylog(k - 1, e*x**q)/(a**2*x + 2*a*b*x*log(c*x**n) + b**2*x*log(c*x**n)**2), x))/(b*n)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b\log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{q \operatorname{Li}_{k-1}(ex^q)}{(b\log(cx^n)+a)bnx} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b\log(cx^n)+a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x^q)/b/n/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))-polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(q*polylog(k - 1, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*b*n*x) - polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1+k, ex^q)}{bnx(a+b\log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a+b\log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{q \operatorname{Li}_{k-1}(ex^q)}{(b\log(cx^n)+a)bnx} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_k(ex^q)}{(b\log(cx^n)+a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x^q)/b/n/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))-polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(q*polylog(k - 1, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*b*n*x) - polylog(k, e*x^q)/((b*log(c*x^n) + a)^2*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1 + k, ex^q)}{bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{q \operatorname{polylog}(k - 1, ex^q)}{bnx(a + b \ln(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \ln(cx^n))^2} dx$$

input `int((q*polylog(k - 1, e*x^q))/(b*n*x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))) - polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2),x)`

output `int((q*polylog(k - 1, e*x^q))/(b*n*x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))) - polylog(k, e*x^q)/(x*(a + b*log(c*x^n))^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(\frac{q \operatorname{PolyLog}(-1 + k, ex^q)}{bnx(a + b \log(cx^n))} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(k, ex^q)}{x(a + b \log(cx^n))^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k-1, x^q e)}{\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 x + 2 \log(x^n c) a b x + a^2 x} dx \right) a q - \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(k, x^q e)}{\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 x + 2 \log(x^n c) a b x + a^2 x} dx \right) b n + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(k-1, x^q e)}{\log(x^n c)^2 b^2 x + 2 \log(x^n c) a b x + a^2 x} dx \right)}{b n}$$

input `int(q*polylog(-1+k,e*x^q)/b/n/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))-polylog(k,e*x^q)/x/(a+b*log(c*x^n))^2,x)`

output `(int(polylog(k - 1,x**q*e)/(log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*x + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)*a*q - int(polylog(k,x**q*e)/(log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*x + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)*b*n + int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(k - 1,x**q*e))/(log(x**n*c)**2*b**2*x + 2*log(x**n*c)*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)*b*q)/(b*n)`

3.214 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$

Optimal result	1593
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1594
Rubi [A] (verified)	1594
Maple [A] (verified)	1597
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1598
Maxima [F]	1598
Giac [F]	1599
Mupad [F(-1)]	1599
Reduce [F]	1600

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \frac{5bnx}{27e^2} + \frac{7bnx^2}{108e} + \frac{1}{27}bnx^3 - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{9e^2} - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{18e} - \frac{1}{27}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2bn \log(1 - ex)}{27e^3} - \frac{2}{27}bnx^3 \log(1 - ex) - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{9e^3} + \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{9e^3} - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

output

```
5/27*b*n*x/e^2+7/108*b*n*x^2/e+1/27*b*n*x^3-1/9*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2-1/18*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/27*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2/27*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/e^3-2/27*b*n*x^3*ln(-e*x+1)-1/9*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)/e^3+1/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)-1/9*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/e^3-1/9*b*n*x^3*polylog(2,e*x)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))(-ex(6 + 3ex + 2e^2x^2) + 6(-1 + e^3x^3) \log(1 - ex) + 18e^3x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex))}{54e^3} + \frac{bn(20ex + 7e^2x^2 + 4e^3x^3 + 8 \log(1 - ex) - 8e^3x^3 \log(1 - ex) + 2 \log(x)(-ex(6 + 3ex + 2e^2x^2) + 6(-1 + e^3x^3) \log(1 - ex) + 18e^3x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)))}{108e^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x], x]`

output $((a - b*n*\text{Log}[x] + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])*(-(e*x*(6 + 3*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) + 6*(-1 + e^3*x^3)*\text{Log}[1 - e*x] + 18*e^3*x^3*\text{PolyLog}[2, e*x]))/(54*e^3) + (b*n*(20*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3 + 8*\text{Log}[1 - e*x] - 8*e^3*x^3*\text{Log}[1 - e*x] + 2*\text{Log}[x]*(-(e*x*(6 + 3*e*x + 2*e^2*x^2)) + 6*(-1 + e^3*x^3)*\text{Log}[1 - e*x]) + 12*(-1 - e^3*x^3 + 3*e^3*x^3*\text{Log}[x])*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/(108*e^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int -x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{9} bn \int -x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

↓ 2823

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(1 - ex)x^2 - \frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{x}{6e} - \frac{1}{3e^2} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{3e^3x} \right) dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2842

$$-\frac{1}{9} bn \left(\frac{1}{3} e \int \frac{x^3}{1 - ex} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 49

$$-\frac{1}{9} bn \left(\frac{1}{3} e \int \left(-\frac{x^2}{e} - \frac{x}{e^2} - \frac{1}{e^3(ex - 1)} - \frac{1}{e^3} \right) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{6e} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn \left(\frac{1}{3} e \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{e^4} - \frac{x}{e^3} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{x^3}{3e} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) \right) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x], x]`

output `-1/9*(b*n*((x^3*Log[1 - e*x])/3 + (e*(-(x/e^3) - x^2/(2*e^2) - x^3/(3*e) - Log[1 - e*x]/e^4))/3) - (b*n*x^3*PolyLog[2, e*x])/9 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/3 + (-1/3*(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e^2 - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*e) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/(3*e^3) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/3 - b*n*((-4*x)/(9*e^2) - (5*x^2)/(36*e) - (2*x^3)/27 - Log[1 - e*x]/(9*e^3) + (x^3*Log[1 - e*x])/9 + PolyLog[2, e*x]/(3*e^3)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

rule 2832 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)])*(b_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]`

rule 2842

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
))^ (q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/(
g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] &&
NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 21.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{-12a-6ae^2x^2+20benx-12b\ln(cx^n)+20nb-4ae^3x^3+12\ln(x)nb+36b\operatorname{polylog}(2,ex)\ln(cx^n)x^3e^3+12b\ln(-ex+1)\ln(cx^n)}{e^3}$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/108*(-12*a-6*a*e^2*x^2+20*b*e*n*x-12*b*ln(c*x^n)+20*n*b-4*a*e^3*x^3+12*1
n(x)*n*b+36*b*polylog(2,e*x)*ln(c*x^n)*x^3*e^3+12*b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*x
^3*e^3-12*x^3*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e^3*n-8*x^3*ln(-e*x+1)*b*e^3*n-12*ln(-e*x+1
)*a+7*b*e^2*n*x^2-12*a*e*x-12*b*e*x*ln(c*x^n)-6*b*ln(c*x^n)*x^2*e^2-4*b*ln
(c*x^n)*x^3*e^3+36*x^3*polylog(2,e*x)*a*e^3+12*x^3*ln(-e*x+1)*a*e^3+8*ln(-
e*x+1)*b*n-12*polylog(2,e*x)*b*n-12*b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)+4*b*e^3*n*x^3)/
e^3
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(be^3n - ae^3)x^3 + (7be^2n - 6ae^2)x^2 + 4(5ben - 3ae)x - 12((be^3n - 3ae^3)x^3 + bn)\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) - 4((2be^3n - 3ae^3)x^3 + 2bn)\operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{e^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/108*(4*(b*e^3*n - a*e^3)*x^3 + (7*b*e^2*n - 6*a*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(5*b*e*n -
3*a*e)*x - 12*((b*e^3*n - 3*a*e^3)*x^3 + b*n)*dilog(e*x) - 4*((2*b*e^3*n -
3*a*e^3)*x^3 - 2*b*n + 3*a)*log(-e*x + 1) + 2*(18*b*e^3*x^3*dilog(e*x) -
2*b*e^3*x^3 - 3*b*e^2*x^2 - 6*b*e*x + 6*(b*e^3*x^3 - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log
(c) + 2*(18*b*e^3*n*x^3*dilog(e*x) - 2*b*e^3*n*x^3 - 3*b*e^2*n*x^2 - 6*b*e
*n*x + 6*(b*e^3*n*x^3 - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x))/e^3
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 59.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{ax^3 \text{Li}_1(ex)}{9} + \frac{ax^3 \text{Li}_2(ex)}{3} - \frac{ax^3}{27} - \frac{ax^2}{18e} - \frac{ax}{9e^2} + \frac{a \text{Li}_1(ex)}{9e^3} + \frac{2bnx^3 \text{Li}_1(ex)}{27} - \frac{bnx^3 \text{Li}_2(ex)}{9} + \frac{bnx^3}{27} - \frac{bx^3 \log(cx^n) \text{Li}_1(ex)}{9} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a*x**3*polylog(1, e*x)/9 + a*x**3*polylog(2, e*x)/3 - a*x**3/2
7 - a*x**2/(18*e) - a*x/(9*e**2) + a*polylog(1, e*x)/(9*e**3) + 2*b*n*x**3
*polylog(1, e*x)/27 - b*n*x**3*polylog(2, e*x)/9 + b*n*x**3/27 - b*x**3*lo
g(c*x**n)*polylog(1, e*x)/9 + b*x**3*log(c*x**n)*polylog(2, e*x)/3 - b*x**
3*log(c*x**n)/27 + 7*b*n*x**2/(108*e) - b*x**2*log(c*x**n)/(18*e) + 5*b*n*
x/(27*e**2) - b*x*log(c*x**n)/(9*e**2) - 2*b*n*polylog(1, e*x)/(27*e**3) -
b*n*polylog(2, e*x)/(9*e**3) + b*log(c*x**n)*polylog(1, e*x)/(9*e**3), Ne
(e, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \text{Li}_2(ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/54*b*((6*(3*e^3*x^3*log(x^n) - (e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*x^3)*dilog(e*x) -
2*((2*e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*x^3 - 3*n*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1) - (2*e^3*x^3 +
3*e^2*x^2 + 6*e*x - 6*(e^3*x^3 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/e^3 - 54*int
egrate(-1/54*(e^2*n*x^2 + 6*(e^3*n - e^3*log(c))*x^3 + 3*e*n*x - 6*n*log(x
) - 6*n)/(e^3*x - e^2), x)) + 1/54*(18*e^3*x^3*dilog(e*x) - 2*e^3*x^3 - 3*
e^2*x^2 - 6*e*x + 6*(e^3*x^3 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*a/e^3
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \text{Li}_2(ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*dilog(e*x), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int x^2 \text{polylog}(2, ex) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \left(\int \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(2, ex) x^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \text{polylog}(2, ex) x^2 dx \right) a$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)*polylog(2,e*x)*x**2,x)*b + int(polylog(2,e*x)*x**2,x)*a`

3.215 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$

Optimal result	1601
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1602
Rubi [A] (verified)	1602
Maple [A] (verified)	1605
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1605
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1606
Maxima [F]	1606
Giac [F]	1607
Mupad [F(-1)]	1607
Reduce [F]	1608

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 185

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = & \frac{bnx}{2e} + \frac{3}{16}bnx^2 - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4e} \\
 & - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & + \frac{bn \log(1 - ex)}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \log(1 - ex) \\
 & - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{4e^2} \\
 & + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) \\
 & - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4e^2} - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/2*b*n*x/e+3/16*b*n*x^2-1/4*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+
/4*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/e^2-1/4*b*n*x^2*ln(-e*x+1)-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+
)/e^2+1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)-1/4*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/e^2-1/4*b*
n*x^2*polylog(2,e*x)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)

```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))(-ex(2 + ex) + 2(-1 + e^2x^2) \log(1 - ex) + 4e^2x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex))}{8e^2} + \frac{bn(8ex + 3e^2x^2 + 4 \log(1 - ex) - 4e^2x^2 \log(1 - ex) + \log(x)(-2ex(2 + ex) + 4(-1 + e^2x^2) \log(1 - ex)))}{16e^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x], x]`

output `((a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n))*(-(e*x*(2 + e*x)) + 2*(-1 + e^2*x^2)*Log[1 - e*x] + 4*e^2*x^2*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/(8*e^2) + (b*n*(8*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2 + 4*Log[1 - e*x] - 4*e^2*x^2*Log[1 - e*x] + Log[x]*(-2*e*x*(2 + e*x) + 4*(-1 + e^2*x^2)*Log[1 - e*x])) + (-4 - 4*e^2*x^2 + 8*e^2*x^2*Log[x])*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/(16*e^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2832}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int -x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{4} bn \int -x \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

↓ 2823

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-bn \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \log(1 - ex)x - \frac{x}{4} - \frac{1}{2e} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2e^2x} \right) dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{4} bn \int x \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2842

$$-\frac{1}{4} bn \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{x^2}{1 - ex} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 49

$$-\frac{1}{4} bn \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{x}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2(ex - 1)} - \frac{1}{e^2} \right) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} - \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} x^2 (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bn \left(\frac{1}{2} e \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{e^3} - \frac{x}{e^2} - \frac{x^2}{2e} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) \right) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x],x]`

output
$$-1/4*(b*n*((x^2*Log[1 - e*x])/2 + (e*(-(x/e^2) - x^2/(2*e) - Log[1 - e*x]/e^3))/2)) - (b*n*x^2*PolyLog[2, e*x])/4 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/2 + (-1/2*(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/e - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/(2*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/2 - b*n*((-3*x)/(4*e) - x^2/4 - Log[1 - e*x]/(4*e^2) + (x^2*Log[1 - e*x])/4 + PolyLog[2, e*x]/(2*e^2)))/2$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

rule 2832 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]`

rule 2842

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/(g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{8x^2 \ln(cx^n) \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) b e^2 + 4b \ln(-ex+1) \ln(cx^n) x^2 e^2 - 4x^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) b e^{2n} - 4x^2 \ln(-ex+1) b e^{2n} - 2b \ln(cx^n) x^2 e^2 + \dots}{e^2}$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16*(8*x^2*ln(c*x^n)*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e^2+4*b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*x^2*e^2-4*x^2*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e^2*n-4*x^2*ln(-e*x+1)*b*e^2*n-2*b*ln(c*x^n)*x^2*e^2+8*x^2*polylog(2,e*x)*a*e^2+4*x^2*ln(-e*x+1)*a*e^2+3*b*e^2*n*x^2-2*a*e^2*x^2-4*b*e*x*ln(c*x^n)+8*b*e*n*x+4*ln(x)*n*b-4*a*e*x-4*b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)-4*polylog(2,e*x)*b*n+4*ln(-e*x+1)*b*n-4*b*ln(c*x^n)-4*ln(-e*x+1)*a)/e^2
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3be^2n - 2ae^2)x^2 + 4(2ben - ae)x - 4((be^2n - 2ae^2)x^2 + bn)\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) - 4((be^2n - ae^2)x^2 - bn + a)\operatorname{Li}_2(-ex)}{e^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/16*((3*b*e^2*n - 2*a*e^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*b*e*n - a*e)*x - 4*((b*e^2*n - 2*a*
e^2)*x^2 + b*n)*dilog(e*x) - 4*((b*e^2*n - a*e^2)*x^2 - b*n + a)*log(-e*x
+ 1) + 2*(4*b*e^2*x^2*dilog(e*x) - b*e^2*x^2 - 2*b*e*x + 2*(b*e^2*x^2 - b)
*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + 2*(4*b*e^2*n*x^2*dilog(e*x) - b*e^2*n*x^2 - 2*b*e
*n*x + 2*(b*e^2*n*x^2 - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x))/e^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 19.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{ax^2 \text{Li}_1(ex)}{4} + \frac{ax^2 \text{Li}_2(ex)}{2} - \frac{ax^2}{8} - \frac{ax}{4e} + \frac{a \text{Li}_1(ex)}{4e^2} + \frac{bnx^2 \text{Li}_1(ex)}{4} - \frac{bnx^2 \text{Li}_2(ex)}{4} + \frac{3bnx^2}{16} - \frac{bx^2 \log(cx^n) \text{Li}_1(ex)}{4} + \frac{bx^2}{4} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a*x**2*polylog(1, e*x)/4 + a*x**2*polylog(2, e*x)/2 - a*x**2/8
- a*x/(4*e) + a*polylog(1, e*x)/(4*e**2) + b*n*x**2*polylog(1, e*x)/4 - b
*n*x**2*polylog(2, e*x)/4 + 3*b*n*x**2/16 - b*x**2*log(c*x**n)*polylog(1,
e*x)/4 + b*x**2*log(c*x**n)*polylog(2, e*x)/2 - b*x**2*log(c*x**n)/8 + b*n
*x/(2*e) - b*x*log(c*x**n)/(4*e) - b*n*polylog(1, e*x)/(4*e**2) - b*n*poly
log(2, e*x)/(4*e**2) + b*log(c*x**n)*polylog(1, e*x)/(4*e**2), Ne(e, 0)),
(0, True))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \text{Li}_2(ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*b*((2*(2*e^2*x^2*log(x^n) - (e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*x^2)*dilog(e*x) - 2
*((e^2*n - e^2*log(c))*x^2 - n*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e^2*x^2 + 2*e*x -
2*(e^2*x^2 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/e^2 - 8*integrate(-1/8*(e*n*x + (
3*e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*x^2 - 2*n*log(x) - 2*n)/(e^2*x - e), x) + 1/8*(4*
e^2*x^2*dilog(e*x) - e^2*x^2 - 2*e*x + 2*(e^2*x^2 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*a/e^
2
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \text{Li}_2(ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*dilog(e*x), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int x \text{polylog}(2, ex) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input

```
int(x*polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int(x*polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \left(\int \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(2, ex) x dx \right) b + \left(\int \text{polylog}(2, ex) x dx \right) a$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)*polylog(2,e*x)*x,x)*b + int(polylog(2,e*x)*x,x)*a`

3.216 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$

Optimal result	1609
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1610
Rubi [A] (verified)	1610
Maple [A] (verified)	1612
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1613
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1613
Maxima [F]	1614
Giac [F]	1614
Mupad [F(-1)]	1615
Reduce [F]	1615

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = 3bnx - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{2bn(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

output

```
3*b*n*x-x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))+2*b*n*(-e*x+1)*ln(-e*x+1)/e-(-e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)/e-b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/e-b*n*x*polylog(2,e*x)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= (a + b(-n \log(x) + \log(cx^n))) \left(-x + \left(-\frac{1}{e} + x \right) \log(1 - ex) + x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \frac{bn(3ex + 2 \log(1 - ex) - 2ex \log(1 - ex) + \log(x)(-ex + (-1 + ex) \log(1 - ex)) + (-1 - ex + ex \log(x))}{e}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x], x]`

output `(a + b*(-(n*Log[x]) + Log[c*x^n]))*(-x + (-e^(-1) + x)*Log[1 - e*x] + x*PolyLog[2, e*x]) + (b*n*(3*e*x + 2*Log[1 - e*x] - 2*e*x*Log[1 - e*x] + Log[x]*(-(e*x) + (-1 + e*x)*Log[1 - e*x]) + (-1 - e*x + e*x*Log[x])*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/e`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {2828, 25, 2817, 2009, 2836, 2732}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2828}$$

$$- \int -((a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)) dx + bn \int -\log(1 - ex) dx + x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx - bn \int \log(1 - ex) dx + x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2817 \\
& -bn \int \log(1 - ex) dx - bn \int \left(-\frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{ex} - 1 \right) dx + \\
& x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - \\
& \quad x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& -bn \int \log(1 - ex) dx + x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \\
& \quad bn \left(\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) \\
& \downarrow 2836 \\
& \frac{bn \int \log(1 - ex) d(1 - ex)}{e} + x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \\
& \quad bn \left(\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) \\
& \downarrow 2732 \\
& x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} - \\
& x(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bn \left(\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{bn(ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1)}{e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x], x]`

output `-(x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])) - ((1 - e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/e + (b*n*(-1 + e*x + (1 - e*x)*Log[1 - e*x]))/e - b*n*x*PolyLog[2, e*x] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x] - b*n*(-2*x - ((1 - e*x)*Log[1 - e*x])/e + PolyLog[2, e*x])/e`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$
- rule 2732 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*\text{Log}[c*x^n], x] - \text{Simp}[n*x, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{c, n\}, x]$
- rule 2817 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^{(m_)})^{(r_)}]*((a_) + \text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^{(n_)}])*(b_)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{u = \text{IntHide}[\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p \text{ u}, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n*p \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^{(p-1)/x} \text{ u}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, r, m, n\}, x \ \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \text{RationalQ}[m] \ \&\& (\text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || (\text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[1/m]) \ || (\text{EqQ}[r, 1] \ \&\& \text{EqQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e, 1]))]$
- rule 2828 $\text{Int}[(a_) + \text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]*b_)*\text{PolyLog}[k_, (e_)*(x_)^{(q_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*n*x*\text{PolyLog}[k, e*x^q], x] + (\text{Simp}[x*\text{PolyLog}[k, e*x^q]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]), x] - \text{Simp}[q \text{ Int}[\text{PolyLog}[k-1, e*x^q]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*q \text{ Int}[\text{PolyLog}[k-1, e*x^q], x], x]) \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, e, n, q\}, x \ \&\& \text{IGtQ}[k, 0]$
- rule 2836 $\text{Int}[(a_) + \text{Log}[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})*b_)]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/e \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{x \ln(cx^n) \text{polylog}(2, ex)ben + b \ln(-ex+1) \ln(cx^n) xen - x \text{polylog}(2, ex)be n^2 - 2x \ln(-ex+1)be n^2 - x \ln(cx^n)ben + x \text{polylog}(2, ex)ben}{en}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x*ln(c*x^n)*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e^n+b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*x*e^n-x*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e^n^2-2*x*ln(-e*x+1)*b*e^n^2-x*ln(c*x^n)*b*e^n+x*polylog(2,e*x)*a*e^n+x*ln(-e*x+1)*a*e^n+3*x*b*e^n^2+2*ln(e*x-1)*b*n^2-x*a*e^n-b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*n-n^2*b*polylog(2,e*x)-ln(e*x-1)*a*n)/e/n`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3ben - ae)x - (bn + (ben - ae)x)\text{Li}_2(ex) + (2bn - (2ben - ae)x - a) \log(-ex + 1) + (bex\text{Li}_2(ex) - e}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((3*b*e^n - a*e)*x - (b*n + (b*e^n - a*e)*x)*dilog(e*x) + (2*b*n - (2*b*e^n - a*e)*x - a)*log(-e*x + 1) + (b*e*x*dilog(e*x) - b*e*x + (b*e*x - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + (b*e^n*x*dilog(e*x) - b*e^n*x + (b*e^n*x - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x))/e`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -ax \text{Li}_1(ex) + ax \text{Li}_2(ex) - ax + \frac{a \text{Li}_1(ex)}{e} + 2bnx \text{Li}_1(ex) - bnx \text{Li}_2(ex) + 3bnx - bx \log(cx^n) \text{Li}_1(ex) \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-a*x*polylog(1, e*x) + a*x*polylog(2, e*x) - a*x + a*polylog(1,
e*x)/e + 2*b*n*x*polylog(1, e*x) - b*n*x*polylog(2, e*x) + 3*b*n*x - b*x*
log(c*x**n)*polylog(1, e*x) + b*x*log(c*x**n)*polylog(2, e*x) - b*x*log(c*
x**n) - 2*b*n*polylog(1, e*x)/e - b*n*polylog(2, e*x)/e + b*log(c*x**n)*po
lylog(1, e*x)/e, Ne(e, 0)), (0, True))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \text{Li}_2(ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b*(((e*x*log(x^n) - (e*n - e*log(c))*x)*dilog(e*x) - ((2*e*n - e*log(c))*x
- n*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e*x - (e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/e -
integrate(-((3*e*n - e*log(c))*x - n*log(x) - n)/(e*x - 1), x)) + (e*x*dil
og(e*x) - e*x + (e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*a/e
```

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \text{Li}_2(ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*dilog(e*x), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \int \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx = \left(\int \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) dx \right) a + \left(\int \log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x),x)`

output `int(polylog(2,e*x),x)*a + int(log(x**n*c)*polylog(2,e*x),x)*b`

$$3.217 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1616
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1616
Rubi [A] (verified)	1617
Maple [F]	1618
Fricas [F]	1618
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1618
Maxima [F]	1619
Giac [F]	1619
Mupad [F(-1)]	1619
Reduce [F]	1620

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) - bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ex)$$

output `(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)-b*n*polylog(4,e*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = a \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) + b \log(cx^n) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) - bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ex)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x,x]`

output `a*PolyLog[3, e*x] + b*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[3, e*x] - b*n*PolyLog[4, e*x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

↓ 2830

$$\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx$$

↓ 7143

$$\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}(4, ex)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x,x]`

output `(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x] - b*n*PolyLog[4, e*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/ (x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*dilog(e*x)*log(c*x^n) + a*dilog(e*x))/x, x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = a \operatorname{Li}_3(ex) + b(-n \operatorname{Li}_4(ex) + \log(cx^n) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex))$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x)`

output `a*polylog(3, e*x) + b*(-n*polylog(4, e*x) + log(c*x**n)*polylog(3, e*x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*dilog(e*x) + 1/2*integrate((2*b*log(-e*x + 1)*log(x)*log(x^n) - (b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1))/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*dilog(e*x)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

input `int((polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `int((polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(2, ex)}{x} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex)}{x} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x,x)`

output `int(polylog(2,e*x)/x,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c))*polylog(2,e*x))/x,x)*b`

3.218 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2,ex)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1621
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1622
Rubi [A] (verified)	1622
Maple [A] (verified)	1625
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1626
Sympy [F]	1626
Maxima [F]	1627
Giac [F]	1627
Mupad [F(-1)]	1627
Reduce [F]	1628

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx = 2ben \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}ben \log^2(x) + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - 2ben \log(1 - ex) + \frac{2bn \log(1 - ex)}{x} - e(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x} - ben \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x}$$

output

```
2*b*e*n*ln(x)-1/2*b*e*n*ln(x)^2+e*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-2*b*e*n*ln(-e*x+1)
+2*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/x-e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)+(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)
)/x-b*e*n*polylog(2,e*x)-b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*
x)/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n)) (ex \log(x) + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - \text{PolyLog}(2, ex))}{x} + \frac{bn (ex \log^2(x) - 4(-1 + ex) \log(1 - ex) + \log(x)(4ex + (2 - 2ex) \log(1 - ex)) - 2(1 + ex + \log(x)))}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `((a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(e*x*Log[x] + (1 - e*x)*Log[1 - e*x] - PolyLog[2, e*x]))/x + (b*n*(e*x*Log[x]^2 - 4*(-1 + e*x)*Log[1 - e*x] + Log[x]* (4*e*x + (2 - 2*e*x)*Log[1 - e*x]) - 2*(1 + e*x + Log[x])*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/(2*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2832}$$

$$\int -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx + bn \int -\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - \\
& \quad \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2823 \\
& -bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx + bn \int \left(-\frac{e \log(x)}{x} + \frac{e \log(1 - ex)}{x} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} \right) dx - \\
& \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
& \quad \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \\
& e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \\
& \quad bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2842 \\
& -bn \left(-e \int \frac{1}{x(1 - ex)} dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
& e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& \quad \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \\
& \quad bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 47 \\
& -bn \left(-e \left(e \int \frac{1}{1 - ex} dx + \int \frac{1}{x} dx \right) - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
& e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& \quad \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \\
& \quad bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 14
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -bn \left(-e \left(e \int \frac{1}{1-ex} dx + \log(x) \right) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
& e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \\
& bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 16 \\
& - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
& \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \\
& bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& bn \left(-e (\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `e*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x] + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/x - b*n*(-(e*(Log[x] - Log[1 - e*x])) - Log[1 - e*x])/x - (b*n*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x + b*n*(e*Log[x] - (e*Log[x]^2)/2 - e*Log[1 - e*x] + Log[1 - e*x]/x - e*PolyLog[2, e*x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 47 `Int[1/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*(a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_.)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_.)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

rule 2832 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_.)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_.)^(m_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_.)^(q_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]`

rule 2842 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/(g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[q, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
paralelrisch	$\frac{-2be^2 \ln(-ex+1) \ln(cx^n)xn-2x \operatorname{polylog}(2,ex)be^2n^2-4x \ln(-ex+1)be^2n^2+be^2 \ln(cx^n)^2x+4x \ln(cx^n)be^2n-2x \ln(-ex+1)}$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*(-2*b*e^2*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*x^n-2*x*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e^2*n^2-4*x*ln
(-e*x+1)*b*e^2*n^2+b*e^2*ln(c*x^n)^2*x+4*x*ln(c*x^n)*b*e^2*n-2*x*ln(-e*x+1
)*a*e^2*n+2*x*ln(c*x^n)*a*e^2-2*ln(c*x^n)*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e*n+2*b*ln(-e*x
+1)*ln(c*x^n)*e*n-2*polylog(2,e*x)*b*e*n^2+4*ln(-e*x+1)*b*e*n^2-2*polylog(
2,e*x)*a*e*n+2*ln(-e*x+1)*a*e*n)/x/e/n
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{benx \log(x)^2 - 2(benx + bn + a)\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) + 2(2bn - (2ben + ae)x + a) \log(-ex + 1) - 2(b\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) + ($$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(b*e*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2*(b*e*n*x + b*n + a)*dilog(e*x) + 2*(2*b*n - (2*b
*e*n + a*e)*x + a)*log(-e*x + 1) - 2*(b*dilog(e*x) + (b*e*x - b)*log(-e*x
+ 1))*log(c) + 2*(b*e*x*log(c) - b*n*dilog(e*x) + (2*b*e*n + a*e)*x - (b*e
*n*x - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x))/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(2, e*x)/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e*log(x) - ((e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1) + dilog(e*x))/x)*a - b*(((n + log(c) + log(x^n))*dilog(e*x) - (e*n*x*log(x) + 2*n + log(c))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e*x*log(x) - (e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n))/x + integrate((2*e*n + e*log(c) + (2*e^2*n*x - e*n)*log(x))/(e*x^2 - x), x))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*dilog(e*x)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `int((polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\text{polylog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2,x)`

output `int(polylog(2,e*x)/x**2,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(2,e*x))/x**2,x)*b`

3.219 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2,ex)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1629
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1630
Rubi [A] (verified)	1630
Maple [A] (verified)	1633
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1633
Sympy [F]	1634
Maxima [F]	1634
Giac [F]	1635
Mupad [F(-1)]	1635
Reduce [F]	1635

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{ben}{2x} + \frac{1}{4}be^2n \log(x) - \frac{1}{8}be^2n \log^2(x) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}be^2n \log(1 - ex) + \frac{bn \log(1 - ex)}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4}e^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4}be^2n \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{2x^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*e*n/x+1/4*b*e^2*n*ln(x)-1/8*b*e^2*n*ln(x)^2-1/4*e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/x
+1/4*e^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/4*b*e^2*n*ln(-e*x+1)+1/4*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/x
^2-1/4*e^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)+1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)/x^2-1
/4*b*e^2*n*polylog(2,e*x)-1/4*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*p
olylog(2,e*x)/x^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(a - bn \log(x) + b \log(cx^n))(-ex + e^2 x^2 \log(x) + \log(1 - ex) - e^2 x^2 \log(1 - ex) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex))}{4x^2} + \frac{bn(-4ex + e^2 x^2 \log^2(x) + 2 \log(1 - ex) - 2e^2 x^2 \log(1 - ex) - 2(-1 + ex) \log(x)(-ex + (1 + ex) \log(x))}{8x^2}$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x^3,x]`

output `((a - b*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*x^n])*(-(e*x) + e^2*x^2*Log[x] + Log[1 - e*x] - e^2*x^2*Log[1 - e*x] - 2*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/(4*x^2) + (b*n*(-4*e*x + e^2*x^2*Log[x]^2 + 2*Log[1 - e*x] - 2*e^2*x^2*Log[1 - e*x] - 2*(-1 + e*x)*Log[x]*(-(e*x) + (1 + e*x)*Log[1 - e*x]) - 2*(1 + e^2*x^2 + 2*Log[x])*PolyLog[2, e*x]))/(8*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx + \frac{1}{4} bn \int -\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2}$$

↓ 2823

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(x)e^2}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex)e^2}{2x} + \frac{e}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^3} \right) dx + \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2842

$$-\frac{1}{4} bn \left(-\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2(1 - ex)} dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 54

$$-\frac{1}{4} bn \left(-\frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{e^2}{ex - 1} + \frac{e}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4} bn \left(-\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} - \frac{1}{2} e \left(e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) - \frac{1}{x} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(b*n*(-1/2*Log[1 - e*x]/x^2 - (e*(-x^(-1) + e*Log[x] - e*Log[1 - e*x]))/2)) - (b*n*PolyLog[2, e*x])/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/(2*x^2) + (-1/2*(e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/x + (e^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/2 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/(2*x^2) + b*n*((-3*e)/(4*x) + (e^2*Log[x])/4 - (e^2*Log[x]^2)/4 - (e^2*Log[1 - e*x])/4 + Log[1 - e*x]/(4*x^2) - (e^2*PolyLog[2, e*x])/2))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_))^(r_)]*((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)*((g_)*(x_)^(q_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

rule 2832 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*PolyLog[k_, (e_)*(x_)^(q_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]`

rule 2842

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
))^ (q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/(
g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] &&
NeQ[q, -1]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{4 \ln(x)x^2 b e^{2n^2} - 2 b e^2 \ln(-ex+1) \ln(cx^n)x^2 n - 2 e^2 b n^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex)x^2 - 2 x^2 \ln(-ex+1) b e^{2n^2} + 2 \ln(x)x^2 a e^{2n} + b e^2 \ln(cx^n)}$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*(4*ln(x)*x^2*b*e^2*n^2-2*b*e^2*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*x^2*n-2*e^2*b*n^2*
polylog(2,e*x)*x^2-2*x^2*ln(-e*x+1)*b*e^2*n^2+2*ln(x)*x^2*a*e^2*n+b*e^2*ln
(c*x^n)^2*x^2-2*x^2*ln(c*x^n)*b*e^2*n-2*x^2*ln(-e*x+1)*a*e^2*n-4*x^2*b*e^2
*n^2-2*x^2*a*e^2*n-2*x*ln(c*x^n)*b*e*n-4*x*b*e*n^2-2*x*a*e*n-4*ln(c*x^n)*p
olylog(2,e*x)*b*n+2*b*ln(-e*x+1)*ln(c*x^n)*n-2*n^2*b*polylog(2,e*x)+2*ln(-
e*x+1)*b*n^2-4*polylog(2,e*x)*a*n+2*ln(-e*x+1)*a*n)/x^2/n
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{be^2 n x^2 \log(x)^2 - 2(2ben + ae)x - 2(be^2 n x^2 + bn + 2a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex) - 2((be^2 n + ae^2)x^2 - bn - a) \log(-ex)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/8*(b*e^2*n*x^2*log(x)^2 - 2*(2*b*e*n + a*e)*x - 2*(b*e^2*n*x^2 + b*n + 2
*a)*dilog(e*x) - 2*((b*e^2*n + a*e^2)*x^2 - b*n - a)*log(-e*x + 1) - 2*(b*
e*x + 2*b*dilog(e*x) + (b*e^2*x^2 - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + 2*(b*e^2*x^
2*log(c) - b*e*n*x + (b*e^2*n + a*e^2)*x^2 - 2*b*n*dilog(e*x) - (b*e^2*n*x
^2 - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x))/x^2
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(2, e*x)/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(e^2*log(x) - (e*x + (e^2*x^2 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1) + 2*dilog(e*x))/x^2)*
a - 1/4*b*((n + 2*log(c) + 2*log(x^n))*dilog(e*x) - (e^2*n*x^2*log(x) + n
+ log(c))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e^2*x^2*log(x) - e*x - (e^2*x^2 - 1)*log(-e*x
+ 1))*log(x^n))/x^2 + 4*integrate(-1/4*(e^2*n*x - 2*e*n - e*log(c) - (2*e^
3*n*x^2 - e^2*n*x)*log(x))/(e*x^3 - x^2), x))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_2(ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*dilog(e*x)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(2, ex) (a + b \ln(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `int((polylog(2, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx = \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^3,x)`

output `int(polylog(2,e*x)/x**3,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(2,e*x))/x**3,x)*b`

3.220 $\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$

Optimal result	1636
Mathematica [F]	1637
Rubi [A] (verified)	1637
Maple [F]	1641
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1642
Sympy [F]	1642
Maxima [F]	1643
Giac [F]	1643
Mupad [F(-1)]	1643
Reduce [F]	1644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 253

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = & -\frac{2bnx}{27e^2} - \frac{bnx^2}{36e} - \frac{4}{243}bnx^3 + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{27e^2} \\
 & + \frac{x^2(a + b \log(cx^n))}{54e} + \frac{1}{81}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & - \frac{bn \log(1 - ex)}{27e^3} + \frac{1}{27}bnx^3 \log(1 - ex) \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{27e^3} \\
 & - \frac{1}{27}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) \\
 & + \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{27e^3} + \frac{2}{27}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & - \frac{1}{9}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2/27*b*n*x/e^2-1/36*b*n*x^2/e-4/243*b*n*x^3+1/27*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e^2+1/54*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e+1/81*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-1/27*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/e^3+1/27*b*n*x^3*ln(-e*x+1)+1/27*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)/e^3-1/27*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)+1/27*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/e^3+2/27*b*n*x^3*polylog(2,e*x)-1/9*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)-1/9*b*n*x^3*polylog(3,e*x)+1/3*x^3*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {2832, 2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 49, 2009, 7145, 25, 2842, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int -x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{9} bn \int -x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{3} \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2823

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(bn \int \left(\frac{1}{3} \log(1 - ex) x^2 - \frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{x}{6e} - \frac{1}{3e^2} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{3e^3 x} \right) dx + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} \right) + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2842

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{9} bn \left(\frac{1}{3} e \int \frac{x^3}{1 - ex} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{9} bn \left(\frac{1}{3} e \int \left(-\frac{x^2}{e} - \frac{x}{e^2} - \frac{1}{e^3(ex - 1)} - \frac{1}{e^3} \right) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{9} bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9} bn x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{9}bn \int x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{6e} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 7145 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{9}bn \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{3} \int -x^2 \log(1-ex) dx \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{6e} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 25 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{9}bn \left(\frac{1}{3} \int x^2 \log(1-ex) dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{6e} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 2842 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{9}bn \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}e \int \frac{x^3}{1-ex} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{6e} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 49 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{9}bn \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}e \int \left(-\frac{x^2}{e} - \frac{x}{e^2} - \frac{1}{e^3(ex-1)} - \frac{1}{e^3} \right) dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b \log(cx^n))}{6e} \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 2009 \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^3} + \frac{x(a+b\log(cx^n))}{3e^2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3\log(1-ex)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{x^2(a+b\log(cx^n))}{6e} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{1}{3}x^3\text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b\log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{9}bn \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3}e \left(-\frac{\log(1-ex)}{e^4} - \frac{x}{e^3} - \frac{x^2}{2e^2} - \frac{x^3}{3e} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3\log(1-ex) \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) - \frac{1}{9}bnx^3\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]`

output `(b*n*((x^3*Log[1 - e*x])/3 + (e*(-(x/e^3) - x^2/(2*e^2) - x^3/(3*e) - Log[1 - e*x]/e^4))/3)/3 + (x^3*PolyLog[2, e*x])/3)/9 + ((b*n*((x^3*Log[1 - e*x])/3 + (e*(-(x/e^3) - x^2/(2*e^2) - x^3/(3*e) - Log[1 - e*x]/e^4))/3))/9 + (b*n*x^3*PolyLog[2, e*x])/9 - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/3 + ((x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(3*e^2) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(6*e) + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/9 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/(3*e^3) - (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/3 + b*n*((-4*x)/(9*e^2) - (5*x^2)/(36*e) - (2*x^3)/27 - Log[1 - e*x]/(9*e^3) + (x^3*Log[1 - e*x])/9 + PolyLog[2, e*x]/(3*e^3)))/3)/3 - (b*n*x^3*PolyLog[3, e*x])/9 + (x^3*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*(b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2832

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e
_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/
(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^
n])/d*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*
(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k
- 1, e*x^q], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]
```

rule 2842

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
))^^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/
(g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] &&
NeQ[q, -1]
```

rule 7145

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (a_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))^^(q_.)], x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[n, a*(b*x^p)^q]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p
*(q/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[n - 1, a*(b*x^p)^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex) dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx =$$

$$\frac{4(4be^3n - 3ae^3)x^3 + 9(3be^2n - 2ae^2)x^2 + 36(2ben - ae)x - 36((2be^3n - 3ae^3)x^3 + bn)\text{Li}_2(ex) - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/972*(4*(4*b*e^3*n - 3*a*e^3)*x^3 + 9*(3*b*e^2*n - 2*a*e^2)*x^2 + 36*(2*b*e*n - a*e)*x - 36*((2*b*e^3*n - 3*a*e^3)*x^3 + b*n)*dilog(e*x) - 36*((b*e^3*n - a*e^3)*x^3 - b*n + a)*log(-e*x + 1) + 6*(18*b*e^3*x^3*dilog(e*x) - 2*b*e^3*x^3 - 3*b*e^2*x^2 - 6*b*e*x + 6*(b*e^3*x^3 - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + 6*(18*b*e^3*n*x^3*dilog(e*x) - 2*b*e^3*n*x^3 - 3*b*e^2*n*x^2 - 6*b*e*n*x + 6*(b*e^3*n*x^3 - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x) - 108*(3*b*e^3*n*x^3*log(x) + 3*b*e^3*x^3*log(c) - (b*e^3*n - 3*a*e^3)*x^3)*polylog(3, e*x))/e^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(3, e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/162*b*((6*(3*e^3*x^3*log(x^n) - (2*e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*x^3)*dilog(e*x) - 6*((e^3*n - e^3*log(c))*x^3 - n*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1) - (2*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^2*x^2 + 6*e*x - 6*(e^3*x^3 - 1))*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n) - 18*(3*e^3*x^3*log(x^n) - (e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*x^3)*polylog(3, e*x))/e^3 - 162*integrate(-1/162*(e^2*n*x^2 + 2*(4*e^3*n - 3*e^3*log(c))*x^3 + 3*e*n*x - 6*n*log(x) - 6*n)/(e^3*x - e^2), x) - 1/162*(18*e^3*x^3*dilog(e*x) - 54*e^3*x^3*polylog(3, e*x) - 2*e^3*x^3 - 3*e^2*x^2 - 6*e*x + 6*(e^3*x^3 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*a/e^3`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x^2 \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x^2*polylog(3, e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(x^2*polylog(3, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \left(\int \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(3, ex) x^2 dx \right) b + \left(\int \text{polylog}(3, ex) x^2 dx \right) a$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)*polylog(3,e*x)*x**2,x)*b + int(polylog(3,e*x)*x**2,x)*a`

3.221 $\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$

Optimal result	1645
Mathematica [F]	1646
Rubi [A] (verified)	1646
Maple [F]	1650
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1651
Sympy [F]	1651
Maxima [F]	1652
Giac [F]	1652
Mupad [F(-1)]	1652
Reduce [F]	1653

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 221

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = & -\frac{5bnx}{16e} - \frac{1}{8}bnx^2 + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{8e} \\
 & + \frac{1}{16}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & - \frac{3bn \log(1 - ex)}{16e^2} + \frac{3}{16}bnx^2 \log(1 - ex) \\
 & + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{8e^2} \\
 & - \frac{1}{8}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) \\
 & + \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{8e^2} + \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & - \frac{1}{4}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \\
 & + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/16*b*n*x/e-1/8*b*n*x^2+1/8*x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))/e+1/16*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))
-3/16*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/e^2+3/16*b*n*x^2*ln(-e*x+1)+1/8*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e
*x+1)/e^2-1/8*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)+1/8*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/e^2+1/
4*b*n*x^2*polylog(2,e*x)-1/4*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)-1/4*b*n*x^
2*polylog(3,e*x)+1/2*x^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.765$, Rules used = {2832, 2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 49, 2009, 7145, 25, 2842, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bn x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{4} bn \int -x \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \log(1 - ex) dx - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2823

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(bn \int \left(\frac{1}{2} \log(1 - ex)x - \frac{x}{4} - \frac{1}{2e} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2e^2 x} \right) dx + \frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} \right) + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} bn \int x \log(1 - ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2842

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} bn \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{x^2}{1 - ex} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 49

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} bn \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{x}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2(ex - 1)} - \frac{1}{e^2} \right) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) + \frac{1}{4} bn \int x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4} bnx^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4}bn \int x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 7145 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} \int -x \log(1-ex) dx \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 25 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \int x \log(1-ex) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 2842 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}e \int \frac{x^2}{1-ex} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 49 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}e \int \left(-\frac{x}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2(ex-1)} - \frac{1}{e^2} \right) dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) + \right. \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a+b \log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log(1-ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a+b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \downarrow 2009 \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1-ex)(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e^2} + \frac{x(a+b\log(cx^n))}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}x^2\log(1-ex)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}x^2(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{2}x^2\text{PolyLog}(3,ex)(a+b\log(cx^n)) + \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2}e \left(-\frac{\log(1-ex)}{e^3} - \frac{x}{e^2} - \frac{x^2}{2e} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2\log(1-ex) \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2\text{PolyLog}(2,ex) \right) - \frac{1}{4}bnx^2\text{PolyLog}(3,ex) \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]`

output `(b*n*((x^2*Log[1 - e*x])/2 + (e*(-(x/e^2) - x^2/(2*e) - Log[1 - e*x]/e^3))/2)/2 + (x^2*PolyLog[2, e*x])/2)/4 + ((b*n*((x^2*Log[1 - e*x])/2 + (e*(-(x/e^2) - x^2/(2*e) - Log[1 - e*x]/e^3))/2))/4 + (b*n*x^2*PolyLog[2, e*x])/4 - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/2 + ((x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/(2*e) + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/4 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/(2*e^2) - (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/2 + b*n*((-3*x)/(4*e) - x^2/4 - Log[1 - e*x]/(4*e^2) + (x^2*Log[1 - e*x])/4 + PolyLog[2, e*x]/(2*e^2)))/2)/2 - (b*n*x^2*PolyLog[3, e*x])/4 + (x^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*
(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x
u, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q
+ 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2832

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e
_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/
(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^
n])/d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*
(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k
- 1, e*x^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]
```

rule 2842

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_
))^^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/
(g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] &&
NeQ[q, -1]
```

rule 7145

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (a_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))^^(q_.)], x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[n, a*(b*x^p)^q]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p
*(q/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[n - 1, a*(b*x^p)^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex) dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \frac{(2be^2n - ae^2)x^2 + (5ben - 2ae)x - 2(2(be^2n - ae^2)x^2 + bn)\text{Li}_2(ex) - ((3be^2n - 2ae^2)x^2 - 3bn +$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/16*((2*b*e^2*n - a*e^2)*x^2 + (5*b*e*n - 2*a*e)*x - 2*(2*(b*e^2*n - a*e^2)*x^2 + b*n)*dilog(e*x) - ((3*b*e^2*n - 2*a*e^2)*x^2 - 3*b*n + 2*a)*log(-e*x + 1) + (4*b*e^2*x^2*dilog(e*x) - b*e^2*x^2 - 2*b*e*x + 2*(b*e^2*x^2 - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + (4*b*e^2*n*x^2*dilog(e*x) - b*e^2*n*x^2 - 2*b*e*n*x + 2*(b*e^2*n*x^2 - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x) - 4*(2*b*e^2*n*x^2*log(x) + 2*b*e^2*x^2*log(c) - (b*e^2*n - 2*a*e^2)*x^2)*polylog(3, e*x))/e^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(3, e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*b*((4*(e^2*x^2*log(x^n) - (e^2*n - e^2*log(c))*x^2)*dilog(e*x) - ((3*e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*x^2 - 2*n*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e^2*x^2 + 2*e*x - 2*(e^2*x^2 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n) - 4*(2*e^2*x^2*log(x^n) - (e^2*n - 2*e^2*log(c))*x^2)*polylog(3, e*x))/e^2 - 16*integrate(-1/16*(e*n*x + 2*(2*e^2*n - e^2*log(c))*x^2 - 2*n*log(x) - 2*n)/(e^2*x - e), x) - 1/16*(4*e^2*x^2*dilog(e*x) - 8*e^2*x^2*polylog(3, e*x) - e^2*x^2 - 2*e*x + 2*(e^2*x^2 - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*a/e^2`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)x \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*x*polylog(3, e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(x*polylog(3, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `\text{\text{Hanged}}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \left(\int \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(3, ex) x dx \right) b + \left(\int \text{polylog}(3, ex) x dx \right) a$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `int(log(x**n*c)*polylog(3,e*x)*x,x)*b + int(polylog(3,e*x)*x,x)*a`

3.222 $\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$

Optimal result	1654
Mathematica [F]	1655
Rubi [A] (verified)	1655
Maple [F]	1659
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1659
Sympy [F]	1659
Maxima [F]	1660
Giac [F]	1660
Mupad [F(-1)]	1660
Reduce [F]	1661

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 131

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = & -4bnx + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \\
 & - \frac{3bn(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{e} \\
 & + \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} + 2bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & - x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) \\
 & - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \\
 & + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-4*b*n*x+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3*b*n*(-e*x+1)*ln(-e*x+1)/e+(-e*x+1)*(a+b*ln(c*
x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)/e+b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/e+2*b*n*x*polylog(2,e*x)-x*(a+b*ln(c
*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x)-b*n*x*polylog(3,e*x)+x*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x
)
    
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.688$, Rules used = {2828, 2828, 25, 2817, 2009, 2836, 2732, 7140, 25, 2836, 2732}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2828 \\ & - \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + \\ & \quad x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \\ & \quad \downarrow 2828 \\ & \int -((a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)) dx + bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx - bn \int -\log(1 - ex) dx - \\ & x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \\ & \quad bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & - \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) dx + bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + bn \int \log(1 - ex) dx - \\ & x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \\ & \quad bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2817

$$bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + bn \int \log(1 - ex) dx + bn \int \left(-\frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{ex} - 1 \right) dx - \frac{x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)$$

↓ 2009

$$bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx + bn \int \log(1 - ex) dx - x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) + bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right)$$

↓ 2836

$$bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx - \frac{bn \int \log(1 - ex) d(1 - ex)}{e} - x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) + bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right)$$

↓ 2732

$$bn \int \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) dx - x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) + bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) - \frac{bn(ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1)}{e}}$$

↓ 7140

$$bn(x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \int -\log(1 - ex) dx) - x \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) + bn \left(\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) - \frac{bn(ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1)}{e}}$$

↓ 25

$$bn \left(\int \log(1 - ex) dx + x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) \right) - x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\ x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \\ \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) +}{e} \\ bn \left(\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) - \frac{bn(ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1)}{e}$$

↓ 2836

$$bn \left(x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{\int \log(1 - ex) d(1 - ex)}{e} \right) - x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\ x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + \\ \frac{x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) +}{e} \\ bn \left(\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) - \frac{bn(ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1)}{e}$$

↓ 2732

$$\frac{-x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + x \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) +}{e} \\ \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{e} + x(a + b \log(cx^n)) + bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \\ bnx \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) + bn \left(\frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{e} - \frac{(1 - ex) \log(1 - ex)}{e} - 2x \right) + \\ bn \left(x \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1}{e} \right) - \frac{bn(ex + (1 - ex) \log(1 - ex) - 1)}{e}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x], x]`

output `x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) + ((1 - e*x)*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/e - (b*n*(-1 + e*x + (1 - e*x)*Log[1 - e*x]))/e + b*n*x*PolyLog[2, e*x] - x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x] + b*n*(-2*x - ((1 - e*x)*Log[1 - e*x])/e + PolyLog[2, e*x]/e) + b*n*(-((-1 + e*x + (1 - e*x)*Log[1 - e*x])/e) + x*PolyLog[2, e*x]) - b*n*x*PolyLog[3, e*x] + x*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_-), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_-, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; SumQ}[\text{u}]$
- rule 2732 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(\text{c}_-)(\text{x}_-)^{(\text{n}_-)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x*Log}[\text{c*x}^{\text{n}}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{n*x}, \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{c}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 2817 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(\text{d}_-)((\text{e}_- + (\text{f}_-)(\text{x}_-)^{(\text{m}_-))})^{(\text{r}_-)}] * ((\text{a}_- + \text{Log}[(\text{c}_-)(\text{x}_-)^{(\text{n}_-)}]) * (\text{b}_-))^{(\text{p}_-)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{u} = \text{IntHide}[\text{Log}[\text{d}*(\text{e} + \text{f*x}^{\text{m}})^{\text{r}}], \text{x}]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{a} + \text{b*Log}[\text{c*x}^{\text{n}}])^{\text{p}} \text{ u}, \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b*n*p} \text{ Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b*Log}[\text{c*x}^{\text{n}}])^{(\text{p} - 1)/\text{x}} \text{ u}, \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{r}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[\text{m}] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[\text{p}, 1] \text{ || } (\text{FractionQ}[\text{m}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{1/m}]) \text{ || } (\text{EqQ}[\text{r}, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{m}, 1] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{d*e}, 1]))$
- rule 2828 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_- + \text{Log}[(\text{c}_-)(\text{x}_-)^{(\text{n}_-)}]) * (\text{b}_-) * \text{PolyLog}[\text{k}_-, (\text{e}_-)(\text{x}_-)^{(\text{q}_-)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-b}) * \text{n} * \text{x} * \text{PolyLog}[\text{k}, \text{e*x}^{\text{q}}], \text{x}] + (\text{Simp}[\text{x*PolyLog}[\text{k}, \text{e*x}^{\text{q}}] * (\text{a} + \text{b*Log}[\text{c*x}^{\text{n}}]), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{q} \text{ Int}[\text{PolyLog}[\text{k} - 1, \text{e*x}^{\text{q}}] * (\text{a} + \text{b*Log}[\text{c*x}^{\text{n}}]), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{b*n*q} \text{ Int}[\text{PolyLog}[\text{k} - 1, \text{e*x}^{\text{q}}], \text{x}], \text{x}]) \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{e}, \text{n}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{k}, 0]$
- rule 2836 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_- + \text{Log}[(\text{c}_-)((\text{d}_- + (\text{e}_-)(\text{x}_-))^{(\text{n}_-)}]) * (\text{b}_-))^{(\text{p}_-)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{1/e} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b*Log}[\text{c*x}^{\text{n}}])^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{d} + \text{e*x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 7140 $\text{Int}[\text{PolyLog}[\text{n}_-, (\text{a}_-)((\text{b}_-)(\text{x}_-)^{(\text{p}_-))})^{(\text{q}_-)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{x*PolyLog}[\text{n}, \text{a}*(\text{b*x}^{\text{p}})^{\text{q}}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{p*q} \text{ Int}[\text{PolyLog}[\text{n} - 1, \text{a}*(\text{b*x}^{\text{p}})^{\text{q}}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{n}, 0]$

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex) dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \frac{(4ben - ae)x - (bn + (2ben - ae)x)\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) + (3bn - (3ben - ae)x - a)\log(-ex + 1) + (bex\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) - (4b^2e^2n^2 - a^2e^2)x - (b^2n^2 + (2b^2e^2n - a^2e^2)x)\operatorname{dilog}(ex) + (3b^2n - (3b^2e^2n - a^2e^2)x - a)\log(-ex + 1) + (b^2e^2x\operatorname{dilog}(ex) - b^2e^2x + (b^2e^2x - b^2n)\log(-ex + 1))\log(c) + (b^2e^2n^2x\operatorname{dilog}(ex) - b^2e^2n^2x + (b^2e^2n^2x - b^2n)\log(-ex + 1))\log(x) - (b^2e^2n^2x\log(x) + b^2e^2x\log(c) - (b^2e^2n - a^2e^2)x)\operatorname{polylog}(3, ex))}{e}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-((4*b*e*n - a*e)*x - (b*n + (2*b*e*n - a*e)*x)*dilog(e*x) + (3*b*n - (3*b*e*n - a*e)*x - a)*log(-e*x + 1) + (b*e*x*dilog(e*x) - b*e*x + (b*e*x - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + (b*e*n*x*dilog(e*x) - b*e*n*x + (b*e*n*x - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x) - (b*e*n*x*log(x) + b*e*x*log(c) - (b*e*n - a*e)*x)*polylog(3, e*x))/e`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(3, e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*(((e*x*log(x^n) - (2*e*n - e*log(c))*x)*dilog(e*x) - ((3*e*n - e*log(c))
)*x - n*log(x))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e*x - (e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n) -
(e*x*log(x^n) - (e*n - e*log(c))*x)*polylog(3, e*x))/e - integrate(-((4*e
*n - e*log(c))*x - n*log(x) - n)/(e*x - 1), x) - (e*x*dilog(e*x) - e*x*po
lylog(3, e*x) - e*x + (e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*a/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) \text{Li}_3(ex) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(3, e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(polylog(3, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) dx = \left(\int \text{polylog}(3, ex) dx \right) a + \left(\int \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(3, ex) dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x),x)`

output `int(polylog(3,e*x),x)*a + int(log(x**n*c)*polylog(3,e*x),x)*b`

$$3.223 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1662
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1662
Rubi [A] (verified)	1663
Maple [F]	1664
Fricas [F]	1664
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1664
Maxima [F]	1665
Giac [F]	1665
Mupad [F(-1)]	1665
Reduce [F]	1666

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = (a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ex) - bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(5, ex)$$

output `(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(4,e*x)-b*n*polylog(5,e*x)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = a \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ex) + b \log(cx^n) \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ex) - bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(5, ex)$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x,x]`

output `a*PolyLog[4, e*x] + b*Log[c*x^n]*PolyLog[4, e*x] - b*n*PolyLog[5, e*x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {2830, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} dx$$

↓ 2830

$$\text{PolyLog}(4, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(4, ex)}{x} dx$$

↓ 7143

$$\text{PolyLog}(4, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}(5, ex)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x,x]`

output `(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[4, e*x] - b*n*PolyLog[5, e*x]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2830 `Int[(((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)])/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/q), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/q) Int[PolyLog[k + 1, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, e, k, n, q}, x] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log(c*x^n)*polylog(3, e*x) + a*polylog(3, e*x))/x, x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = a \operatorname{Li}_4(ex) + b(-n \operatorname{Li}_5(ex) + \log(cx^n) \operatorname{Li}_4(ex))$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x)`

output `a*polylog(4, e*x) + b*(-n*polylog(5, e*x) + log(c*x**n)*polylog(4, e*x))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(2*b*n*log(x)^3 - 3*b*log(x)^2*log(x^n) - 3*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x)^2*dilog(e*x) - 1/2*(b*n*log(x)^2 - 2*b*log(x)*log(x^n) - 2*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x))*polylog(3, e*x) - 1/6*integrate((3*b*log(-e*x + 1)*log(x)^2*log(x^n) - (2*b*n*log(x)^3 - 3*(b*log(c) + a)*log(x)^2)*log(-e*x + 1))/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(3, e*x)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((polylog(3, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x,x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} dx = \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x,x)`

output `int(polylog(3,e*x)/x,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c))*polylog(3,e*x))/x,x)*b`

3.224 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3,ex)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1667
Mathematica [F]	1668
Rubi [A] (verified)	1668
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Maxima [F]	1675
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = 3ben \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}ben \log^2(x) + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - 3ben \log(1 - ex) + \frac{3bn \log(1 - ex)}{x} - e(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex) + \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x} - ben \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{2bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} - \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x}$$

output

```
3*b*e*n*ln(x)-1/2*b*e*n*ln(x)^2+e*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3*b*e*n*ln(-e*x+1)
+3*b*n*ln(-e*x+1)/x-e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)+(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)
)/x-b*e*n*polylog(2,e*x)-2*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,
e*x)/x-b*n*polylog(3,e*x)/x-(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x
```


Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x^2, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$, Rules used = {2832, 2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 47, 14, 16, 7145, 25, 2842, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2832} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx + bn \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - \\ & \quad \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2832} \\ & \int -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx + bn \int \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx + bn \int -\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - \\ & \quad \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \\ & \quad \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx + bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - \\
 & \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2823} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx + \\
 & \frac{bn \int \left(-\frac{e \log(x)}{x} + \frac{e \log(1 - ex)}{x} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} \right) dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x}}{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))} - \\
 & \frac{x}{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
 & \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x}}{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
 & \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2842} \\
 & \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \left(-e \int \frac{1}{x(1 - ex)} dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) -}{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))} + \\
 & e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
 & \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{47}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \left(-e \left(e \int \frac{1}{1-ex} dx + \int \frac{1}{x} dx \right) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
 & \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
 & e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
 & \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 14 \\
 & bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - bn \left(-e \left(e \int \frac{1}{1-ex} dx + \log(x) \right) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
 & \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
 & e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
 & \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} -}{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
 & \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 7145 \\
 & bn \left(\int -\frac{\log(1-ex)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
 & \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
 & \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& bn \left(- \int \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
& \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
& bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2842 \\
& bn \left(e \int \frac{1}{x(1-ex)} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \\
& \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
& bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 47 \\
& bn \left(e \left(e \int \frac{1}{1-ex} dx + \int \frac{1}{x} dx \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
& e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
& \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
& bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
& bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 14$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bn \left(e \left(e \int \frac{1}{1-ex} dx + \log(x) \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
 & e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
 & \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
 & bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} + \\
 & e \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - e \log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) + \frac{\log(1-ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x} - \\
 & \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x} + \\
 & bn \left(-e \text{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{1}{2} e \log^2(x) + e \log(x) - e \log(1-ex) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) + \\
 & bn \left(-\frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x} + e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) + \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right) - \\
 & bn \left(-e(\log(x) - \log(1-ex)) - \frac{\log(1-ex)}{x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x^2,x]`

output `e*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) - e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x] + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/x - b*n*(-(e*(Log[x] - Log[1 - e*x])) - Log[1 - e*x]/x) - (b*n*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x])/x + b*n*(e*Log[x] - (e*Log[x]^2)/2 - e*Log[1 - e*x] + Log[1 - e*x]/x - e*PolyLog[2, e*x]) + b*n*(e*(Log[x] - Log[1 - e*x]) + Log[1 - e*x]/x - PolyLog[2, e*x]/x) - (b*n*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 $\text{Int}[(a_)/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*\text{Log}[x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 16 $\text{Int}[(c_)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 47 $\text{Int}[1/(((a_)+(b_)*(x_))*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$
- rule 2823 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(d_)*((e_)+(f_)*(x_)^(m_))^(r_)]*((a_)+\text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))*((g_)*(x_)^(q_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{u = \text{IntHide}[(g*x)^q*\text{Log}[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]\}, \text{Simp}[(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]) u, x] - \text{Simp}[b*n \text{ Int}[1/x u, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q\}, x] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[(q + 1)/m] \text{ || } (\text{RationalQ}[m] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[q])) \&\& \text{NeQ}[q, -1]$
- rule 2832 $\text{Int}[(a_)+\text{Log}[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))*((d_)*(x_)^(m_))*\text{PolyLog}[k_, (e_)*(x_)^(q_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (\text{Simp}[(d*x)^(m + 1)*\text{PolyLog}[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])/d*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[q/(m + 1) \text{ Int}[(d*x)^m*\text{PolyLog}[k - 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) \text{ Int}[(d*x)^m*\text{PolyLog}[k - 1, e*x^q], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[k, 0]$
- rule 2842 $\text{Int}[(a_)+\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^(n_))]*(b_))*((f_)+(g_)*(x_)^(q_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d + e*x)^n])/(g*(q + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) \text{ Int}[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[e*f - d*g, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[q, -1]$

rule 7145

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (a_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))^(q_.)], x_Symbol]
  :-> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[n, a*(b*x^p)^q]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p
  *(q/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[n - 1, a*(b*x^p)^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2,x)
```

```
output int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{benx \log(x)^2 - 2(benx + 2bn + a)\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) + 2(3bn - (3ben + ae)x + a) \log(-ex + 1) - 2(b\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) +$$

```
input integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(b*e*n*x*log(x)^2 - 2*(b*e*n*x + 2*b*n + a)*dilog(e*x) + 2*(3*b*n - (3
*b*e*n + a*e)*x + a)*log(-e*x + 1) - 2*(b*dilog(e*x) + (b*e*x - b)*log(-e*
x + 1))*log(c) + 2*(b*e*x*log(c) - b*n*dilog(e*x) + (3*b*e*n + a*e)*x - (b
*e*n*x - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x) - 2*(b*n*log(x) + b*n + b*log(c) + a)*
polylog(3, e*x))/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(3, e*x)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(e*log(x) - ((e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1) + dilog(e*x) + polylog(3, e*x))/x)*a - b*(((2*n + log(c) + log(x^n))*dilog(e*x) - (e*n*x*log(x) + 3*n + log(c))*log(-e*x + 1) - (e*x*log(x) - (e*x - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n) + (n + log(c) + log(x^n))*polylog(3, e*x))/x + integrate((3*e*n + e*log(c) + (2*e^2*n*x - e*n)*log(x))/(e*x^2 - x), x))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(3, e*x)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((polylog(3, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^2,x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx = \left(\int \frac{\text{polylog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(3, ex)}{x^2} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2,x)`

output `int(polylog(3,e*x)/x**2,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(3,e*x))/x**2,x)*b`

$$3.225 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1677
Mathematica [F]	1678
Rubi [A] (verified)	1678
Maple [F]	1682
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1682
Sympy [F]	1683
Maxima [F]	1683
Giac [F]	1684
Mupad [F(-1)]	1684
Reduce [F]	1684

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 238

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = & -\frac{5ben}{16x} + \frac{3}{16}be^2n \log(x) \\ & - \frac{1}{16}be^2n \log^2(x) - \frac{e(a+b \log(cx^n))}{8x} \\ & + \frac{1}{8}e^2 \log(x) (a+b \log(cx^n)) \\ & - \frac{3}{16}be^2n \log(1-ex) + \frac{3bn \log(1-ex)}{16x^2} \\ & - \frac{1}{8}e^2(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex) \\ & + \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex)}{8x^2} \\ & - \frac{1}{8}be^2n \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex) - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \\ & - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \\ & - \frac{bn \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \\ & - \frac{(a+b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-5/16*b*e^n/x+3/16*b*e^2*n*ln(x)-1/16*b*e^2*n*ln(x)^2-1/8*e*(a+b*ln(c*x^n)
)/x+1/8*e^2*ln(x)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))-3/16*b*e^2*n*ln(-e*x+1)+3/16*b*n*ln(-e*x
+1)/x^2-1/8*e^2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)+1/8*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(-e*x+1)/
x^2-1/8*b*e^2*n*polylog(2,e*x)-1/4*b*n*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2-1/4*(a+b*ln(c*x^
n))*polylog(2,e*x)/x^2-1/4*b*n*polylog(3,e*x)/x^2-1/2*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*poly
log(3,e*x)/x^2
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x^3, x]
```

output

```
Integrate[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x^3, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {2832, 2832, 25, 2823, 2009, 2842, 54, 2009, 7145, 25, 2842, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx + \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx -$$

$$\frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx + \frac{1}{4} bn \int -\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{4x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2823

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(bn \int \left(-\frac{\log(x)e^2}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex)e^2}{2x} + \frac{e}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^3} \right) dx + \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2842

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} bn \left(-\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2(1 - ex)} dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 54

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} bn \left(-\frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{e^2}{ex - 1} + \frac{e}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx - \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) \right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{4} bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{4}bn \int \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{x^3} dx + \\
 \frac{1}{2} & \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7145} \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \right. \\
 \frac{1}{2} & \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \right. \\
 \frac{1}{2} & \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2842} \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \frac{1}{x^2(1 - ex)} dx + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \right. \\
 \frac{1}{2} & \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\
 & \left. \frac{1}{4}bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e \int \left(-\frac{e^2}{ex - 1} + \frac{e}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx + \frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \right. \\
 \frac{1}{2} & \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} - \frac{bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{4x^2} \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(x) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{1}{2} e^2 \log(1 - ex) (a + b \log(cx^n)) - \frac{e(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x} + \frac{\log(1 - ex)(a + b \log(cx^n))}{2x^2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{\text{PolyLog}(3, ex)(a + b \log(cx^n)) - bn \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{2x^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} bn \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\log(1 - ex)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2} e \left(e \log(x) - e \log(1 - ex) - \frac{1}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{\text{PolyLog}(2, ex)}{2x^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/x^3,x]`

output `(b*n*((Log[1 - e*x]/(2*x^2) + (e*(-x^(-1) + e*Log[x] - e*Log[1 - e*x]))/2)/2 - PolyLog[2, e*x]/(2*x^2)))/4 + (-1/4*(b*n*(-1/2*Log[1 - e*x]/x^2 - (e*(-x^(-1) + e*Log[x] - e*Log[1 - e*x]))/2)) - (b*n*PolyLog[2, e*x]/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x]/(2*x^2) + (-1/2*(e*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])))/x + (e^2*Log[x]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]))/2 - (e^2*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/2 + ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x])/(2*x^2) + b*n*((-3*e)/(4*x) + (e^2*Log[x])/4 - (e^2*Log[x]^2)/4 - (e^2*Log[1 - e*x])/4 + Log[1 - e*x]/(4*x^2) - (e^2*PolyLog[2, e*x])/2))/2)/2 - (b*n*PolyLog[3, e*x]/(4*x^2) - ((a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x])/(2*x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2823 `Int[Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_))^(r_)]*((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)]*(b_))*((g_)*(x_)^(q_)), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[(g*x)^q*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x]}, Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n]) u, x] - Simp[b*n Int[1/x u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r, m, n, q}, x] && (IntegerQ[(q + 1)/m] || (RationalQ[m] && RationalQ[q])) && NeQ[q, -1]`

rule 2832

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/d*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]
```

rule 2842

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]*(b_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x)^n])/(g*(q + 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*(n/(g*(q + 1))) Int[(f + g*x)^(q + 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n, q}, x] && NeQ[e*f - d*g, 0] && NeQ[q, -1]
```

rule 7145

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (a_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[n, a*(b*x^p)^q]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p*(q/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[n - 1, a*(b*x^p)^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(cx^n)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{be^2nx^2 \log(x)^2 - (5ben + 2ae)x - 2(be^2nx^2 + 2bn + 2a)\operatorname{Li}_2(ex) - ((3be^2n + 2ae^2)x^2 - 3bn - 2a) \log(x)}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{16}*(b*e^{2*n*x^2}*log(x)^2 - (5*b*e^n + 2*a*e)*x - 2*(b*e^{2*n*x^2} + 2*b*n + 2*a)*dilog(e*x) - ((3*b*e^{2*n} + 2*a*e^2)*x^2 - 3*b*n - 2*a)*log(-e*x + 1) - 2*(b*e*x + 2*b*dilog(e*x) + (b*e^{2*x^2} - b)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(c) + (2*b*e^{2*x^2}*log(c) - 2*b*e^n*x + (3*b*e^{2*n} + 2*a*e^2)*x^2 - 4*b*n*dilog(e*x) - 2*(b*e^{2*n*x^2} - b*n)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x) - 4*(2*b*n*log(x) + b*n + 2*b*log(c) + 2*a)*polylog(3, e*x))/x^2$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{Li}_3(ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(3, e*x)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \text{Li}_3(ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\frac{1}{8}*(e^{2*log(x)} - (e*x + (e^{2*x^2} - 1)*log(-e*x + 1) + 2*dilog(e*x) + 4*polylog(3, e*x))/x^2)*a - \frac{1}{16}*b*((4*(n + log(c) + log(x^n))*dilog(e*x) - (2*e^{2*n*x^2}*log(x) + 3*n + 2*log(c))*log(-e*x + 1) - 2*(e^{2*x^2}*log(x) - e*x - (e^{2*x^2} - 1)*log(-e*x + 1))*log(x^n) + 4*(n + 2*log(c) + 2*log(x^n))*polylog(3, e*x))/x^2 + 16*integrate(-1/16*(2*e^{2*n*x} - 5*e^n - 2*e*log(c) - 2*(2*e^{3*n*x^2} - e^{2*n*x})*log(x))/(e*x^3 - x^2), x))$$

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log(cx^n) + a) \operatorname{Li}_3(ex)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*polylog(3, e*x)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int((polylog(3, e*x)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)))/x^3,x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(cx^n)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx = \left(\int \frac{\operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx \right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^n c) \operatorname{polylog}(3, ex)}{x^3} dx \right) b$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x)/x^3,x)`

output `int(polylog(3,e*x)/x**3,x)*a + int((log(x**n*c)*polylog(3,e*x))/x**3,x)*b`

3.226 $\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log (1 - ex^q) dx$

Optimal result	1685
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1685
Rubi [N/A]	1686
Maple [N/A] (verified)	1687
Fricas [N/A]	1688
Sympy [F(-1)]	1689
Maxima [N/A]	1689
Giac [N/A]	1690
Mupad [N/A]	1690
Reduce [N/A]	1690

Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log (1 - ex^q) dx = -\text{Int}((dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log (1 - ex^q), x)$$

output

```
-Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1-e*x^q),x)
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.23

$$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log (1 - ex^q) dx =$$

$$x(dx)^m \left(-aq - amq + 2bnq - bnq {}_3F_2 \left(1, \frac{1}{q} + \frac{m}{q}, \frac{1}{q} + \frac{m}{q}; 1 + \frac{1}{q} + \frac{m}{q}, 1 + \frac{1}{q} + \frac{m}{q}; ex^q \right) - bq \log (cx^n) - \right.$$

input

```
Integrate[-((d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*Log[1 - e*x^q]),x]
```

output

$$-\left(\left(x(d*x)^m(-a*q) - a*m*q + 2*b*n*q - b*n*q*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\{1, q^{(-1)}\} + m/q, q^{(-1)} + m/q\right], \{1 + q^{(-1)} + m/q, 1 + q^{(-1)} + m/q\}, e*x^q\right] - b*q*\text{Log}[c*x^n] - b*m*q*\text{Log}[c*x^n] + q*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, (1 + m)/q, (1 + m + q)/q, e*x^q\right]*(a + a*m - b*n + b*(1 + m)*\text{Log}[c*x^n]) + a*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] + 2*a*m*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] + a*m^2*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] - b*n*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] - b*m*n*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] + 2*b*m*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q] + b*m^2*\text{Log}[c*x^n]*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q]\right)/(1 + m)^3$$
Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {25, 2826}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int -(dx)^m \log(1 - ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2826$$

$$-\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[-\left((d*x)^m*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*x^n])\right)*\text{Log}[1 - e*x^q], x\right]$$

output

\$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2826 Int[Log[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.)*((g_)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r,
m, n, p, q}, x]
```

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Time = 104.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 844, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.46

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{(dx)^m x^{-m} (-e)^{-\frac{m}{q} - \frac{1}{q}} a \left(\frac{q x^{1+m} (-e)^{\frac{m}{q} + \frac{1}{q}} \ln(1 - e x^q)}{1+m} - \frac{q x^{1+m+q} e^{-e} (-e)^{\frac{m}{q} + \frac{1}{q}} (-q-m-1) \text{LerchPhi}(e x^q, 1, \frac{1+m+q}{q})}{(1+m+q)(1+m)} \right)}{q} (dx)^m x^{-m}$

```
input int(-(d*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1-e*x^q),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-(d*x)^m*x^(-m)*(-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*a/q*(q*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)*ln(1-e
*x^q)-q/(1+m+q)*x^(1+m+q)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1
,(1+m+q)/q))-d*x)^m*x^(-m)*(-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*b*ln(c)/q*(q*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q
+1/q)/(1+m)*ln(1-e*x^q)-q/(1+m+q)*x^(1+m+q)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m
)*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))+((-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*ln(-e)/q^2*(d*x)^m*x^(-m)*
b*n*(q*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)*ln(1-e*x^q)-q/(1+m+q)*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+
1/q)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))-(-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*(d*x)^m*x
^(-m)*b*n/q*(q*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(x)/(1+m)*ln(1-e*x^q)+x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/
q)*ln(-e)/(1+m)*ln(1-e*x^q)-q*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^2*ln(1-e*x^q)+q/(1+
m+q)^2*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)
-q/(1+m+q)*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(x)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,
(1+m+q)/q)-1/(1+m+q)*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(-e)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)*LerchP
hi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)+q/(1+m+q)*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)*LerchPhi(e*
x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)+q/(1+m+q)*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)^2*Lerch
Phi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)+1/(1+m+q)*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*(-q-m-1)/(1+m)*L
erchPhi(e*x^q,2,(1+m+q)/q)))x

```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx$$

$$= \int -(b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \log(-ex^q + 1) dx$$

input

```
integrate(-(d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(1-e*x^q),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-(d*x)^m*b*log(c*x^n)*log(-e*x^q + 1) - (d*x)^m*a*log(-e*x^q + 1)
, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(-(d*x)**m*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*ln(1-e*x**q),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.62

$$\begin{aligned} & \int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx \\ &= \int -(b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \log(-ex^q + 1) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(-(d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(1-e*x^q),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*d^m*(m + 1)*x*x^m*log(x^n) + (a*d^m*(m + 1) + (d^m*(m + 1)*log(c) - d^m*n)*b)*x*x^m)*log(-e*x^q + 1)/(m^2 + 2*m + 1) + integrate(((m*q + q)*b*d^m*e*e^(m*log(x) + q*log(x))*log(x^n) + ((m*q + q)*a*d^m*e - (d^m*e*n*q - (m*q + q)*d^m*e*log(c))*b)*e^(m*log(x) + q*log(x)))/((m^2 + 2*m + 1)*e*x^q - m^2 - 2*m - 1), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\begin{aligned} \int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx \\ = \int -(b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \log(-ex^q + 1) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(-(d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(1-e*x^q),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(d*x)^m*log(-e*x^q + 1), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx = \int -\ln(1 - ex^q) (dx)^m (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx$$

input `int(-log(1 - e*x^q)*(d*x)^m*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int(-log(1 - e*x^q)*(d*x)^m*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 871, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.50

$$\int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(-(d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*log(1-e*x^q),x)`

output

```
(d**m*( - x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b**2*x - 2*x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*log(x**n*c)*b*x - x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*a**2*x - 2*x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*a*x - x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*a*x + x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*b**n*x + x**m*log( - x**q*e + 1)*b*n*x + x**m*log(x**n*c)*b**q*x + x**m*log(x**n*c)*b*q*x + x**m*a**q*x + x**m*a*q*x - 2*x**m*b**n*q*x + int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*a**4*q + 4*int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*a**3*q + 6*int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*a**2*q + 4*int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*a*q + int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b**3*n*q - 3*int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b**2*n*q - 3*int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b**n*q - int(x**m/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b*n*q + int((x**m*log(x**n*c))/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b**4*q + 4*int((x**m*log(x**n*c))/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b**3*q + 6*int((x**m*log(x**n*c))/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b**2*q + 4*int((x**m*log(x**n*c))/(x**q*e**m**2 + 2*x**q*e**m + x**q*e - m**2 - 2*m - 1),x)*b*q + int((x**m*log(x**n*c))...
```


3.227 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog} (2, ex^q) dx$

Optimal result	1692
Mathematica [N/A]	1693
Rubi [N/A]	1693
Maple [B] (verified)	1696
Fricas [N/A]	1697
Sympy [F(-1)]	1697
Maxima [N/A]	1697
Giac [N/A]	1698
Mupad [N/A]	1698
Reduce [N/A]	1699

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog} (2, ex^q) dx$$

$$= -\frac{benq^2x^{1+q}(dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m+q}{q}, \frac{1+m+2q}{q}, ex^q\right)}{(1+m)^3(1+m+q)}$$

$$- \frac{bnq(dx)^{1+m} \log(1-ex^q)}{d(1+m)^3} - \frac{bn(dx)^{1+m} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(1+m)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a + b \log (cx^n)) \text{PolyLog} (2, ex^q)}{d(1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{q \text{Int}((dx)^m (a + b \log (cx^n)) \log (1 - ex^q), x)}{1+m}$$

output

```
-b*e*n*q^2*x^(1+q)*(d*x)^m*hypergeom([1, (1+m+q)/q], [(1+m+2*q)/q], e*x^q)/(
1+m)^3/(1+m+q)-b*n*q*(d*x)^(1+m)*ln(1-e*x^q)/d/(1+m)^3-b*n*(d*x)^(1+m)*pol
ylog(2,e*x^q)/d/(1+m)^2+(d*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x^q)/d/(1+
m)+q*Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*ln(1-e*x^q),x)/(1+m)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx$$

$$= \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x^q], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x^q], x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2832, 25, 2826, 2905, 30, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2832}$$

$$-\frac{q \int -(dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{m + 1} + \frac{bnq \int -(dx)^m \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{(m + 1)^2} +$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m + 1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m + 1)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{m + 1} - \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{(m + 1)^2} +$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m + 1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m + 1)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2826 \\
 & \frac{q \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{m + 1} - \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{(m + 1)^2} + \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m + 1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m + 1)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 2905 \\
 & \frac{q \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{m + 1} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eq \int \frac{x^{q-1} (dx)^{m+1}}{1 - ex^q} dx}{d(m+1)} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1 - ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m + 1)^2} + \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m + 1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m + 1)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 30 \\
 & \frac{q \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{m + 1} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{-m} (dx)^m \int \frac{x^{m+q}}{1 - ex^q} dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1 - ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m + 1)^2} + \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m + 1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m + 1)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 888 \\
 & \frac{q \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1 - ex^q) dx}{m + 1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m + 1)} - \\
 & \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, \frac{m+2q+1}{q}, ex^q\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1 - ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m + 1)^2} - \\
 & \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m + 1)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int [(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[2, e*x^q], x]`

output

`$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_.), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 30 $\text{Int}[(\text{u}_.) * ((\text{a}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_.)} * ((\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{i}_.)})^{(\text{p}_.)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{b}^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * ((\text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{i}})^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (\text{a}^{(\text{i} * \text{IntPart}[p])} * (\text{a} * \text{x})^{(\text{i} * \text{FracPart}[p])})) \text{Int}[\text{u} * (\text{a} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + \text{i} * \text{p})}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{i}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{i}] \& \& \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 888 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_.)} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_.)})^{(\text{p}_.)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{p}} * ((\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} / (\text{c} * (\text{m} + 1))) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{p}, (\text{m} + 1) / \text{n}, (\text{m} + 1) / \text{n} + 1, (-\text{b}) * (\text{x}^{\text{n}} / \text{a})], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!IGtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \&\& (\text{ILtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0])$
- rule 2826 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(\text{d}_.) * ((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_.)})^{(\text{r}_.)}] * ((\text{a}_.) + \text{Log}[(\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_.)}]) * (\text{b}_.)^{(\text{p}_.)} * ((\text{g}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{q}_.)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Unintegrable}[(\text{g} * \text{x})^{\text{q}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{Log}[\text{c} * \text{x}^{\text{n}}])^{\text{p}} * \text{Log}[\text{d} * (\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x}^{\text{m}})^{\text{r}}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{r}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 2832 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + \text{Log}[(\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_.)}] * (\text{b}_.)] * ((\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_.)} * \text{PolyLog}[\text{k}_., (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{q}_.)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}) * \text{n} * (\text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * (\text{PolyLog}[\text{k}, \text{e} * \text{x}^{\text{q}}] / (\text{d} * (\text{m} + 1)^2)), \text{x}] + (\text{Simp}[(\text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * \text{PolyLog}[\text{k}, \text{e} * \text{x}^{\text{q}}] * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{Log}[\text{c} * \text{x}^{\text{n}}]) / (\text{d} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{q} / (\text{m} + 1) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * \text{PolyLog}[\text{k} - 1, \text{e} * \text{x}^{\text{q}}] * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{Log}[\text{c} * \text{x}^{\text{n}}]), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{b} * \text{n} * (\text{q} / (\text{m} + 1)^2) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * \text{PolyLog}[\text{k} - 1, \text{e} * \text{x}^{\text{q}}], \text{x}], \text{x}]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[\text{k}, 0]$
- rule 2905 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + \text{Log}[(\text{c}_.) * ((\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_.)})^{(\text{p}_.)}] * (\text{b}_.)] * ((\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_.)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{f} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{Log}[\text{c} * (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}]) / (\text{f} * (\text{m} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b} * \text{e} * \text{n} * (\text{p} / (\text{f} * (\text{m} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{n} - 1)} * ((\text{f} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} / (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m}, -1]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 866 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 867, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.70

$$(dx)^m x^{-m} (-e)^{-\frac{m}{q} - \frac{1}{q}} a \left(-\frac{q^2 x^{1+m} (-e)^{\frac{m}{q} + \frac{1}{q}} \ln(1 - e x^q)}{(1+m)^2} - \frac{q x^{1+m} (-e)^{\frac{m}{q} + \frac{1}{q}} \text{polylog}(2, e x^q)}{1+m} - \frac{q^2 x^{1+m+q} e (-e)^{\frac{m}{q} + \frac{1}{q}} \text{LerchPhi}}{(1+m)^2} \right)$$

q

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x^q),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -(d*x)^m*x^{(-m)}*(-e)^{(-m/q-1/q)}*a/q*(-q^2*x^{(1+m)}*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\ln(1-e*x^q)-q*x^{(1+m)}*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)*\text{polylog}(2,e*x^q)-q^2*x^{(1+m+q)}*e \\ & *(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))- (d*x)^m*x^{(-m)}*(-e)^{(-m/q-1/q)}*b*\ln(c)/q*(-q^2*x^{(1+m)}*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\ln(1-e*x^q)-q*x^{(1+m)} \\ & *(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)*\text{polylog}(2,e*x^q)-q^2*x^{(1+m+q)}*e*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))+((-e)^{(-m/q-1/q)}*\ln(-e)/q^2*(d*x)^m*x^{(-m)}*b*n*(-q^2*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\ln(1-e*x^q)-q*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)*\text{polylog}(2,e*x^q)-q^2*x^{(q+m)}*e*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))-(-e)^{(-m/q-1/q)}*(d*x)^m*x^{(-m)}*b*n/q*(-q^2*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}*\ln(x)/(1+m)^2*\ln(1-e*x^q)-q*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}*\ln(-e)/(1+m)^2*\ln(1-e*x^q)+2*q^2*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^3*\ln(1-e*x^q)-q*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}*\ln(x)/(1+m)*\text{polylog}(2,e*x^q)-x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}*\ln(-e)/(1+m)*\text{polylog}(2,e*x^q)+q*x^m*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\text{polylog}(2,e*x^q)-q^2*x^{(q+m)}*e*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}*\ln(x)/(1+m)^2*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)-q*x^{(q+m)}*e*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}*\ln(-e)/(1+m)^2*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)+2*q^2*x^{(q+m)}*e*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^3*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)+q*x^{(q+m)}*e*(-e)^{(m/q+1/q)}/(1+m)^2*\text{LerchPhi}(e*x^q,2,(1+m+q)/q))*x \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \text{Li}_2(ex^q) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x^q),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x)^m*b*dilog(e*x^q)*log(c*x^n) + (d*x)^m*a*dilog(e*x^q), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(2,e*x**q),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.13

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \text{Li}_2(ex^q) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x^q),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
((b*d^m*m^2 + 2*b*d^m*m + b*d^m)*x*x^m*log(x^n) + ((b*log(c) + a)*d^m*m^2
+ 2*(b*log(c) + a)*d^m*m + (b*log(c) + a)*d^m - (b*d^m*m + b*d^m)*n)*x*x^
m)*dilog(e*x^q) + ((b*d^m*m + b*d^m)*q*x*x^m*log(x^n) + ((b*log(c) + a)*d^
m*m - 2*b*d^m*n + (b*log(c) + a)*d^m)*q*x*x^m)*log(-e*x^q + 1))/(m^3 + 3*m
^2 + 3*m + 1) - integrate(-((b*d^m*e*m + b*d^m*e)*q^2*e^(m*log(x) + q*log(
x))*log(x^n) + ((b*log(c) + a)*d^m*e*m - 2*b*d^m*e*n + (b*log(c) + a)*d^m*
e)*q^2*e^(m*log(x) + q*log(x)))/(m^3 + 3*m^2 - (e*m^3 + 3*e*m^2 + 3*e*m +
e)*x^q + 3*m + 1), x)
```

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \text{Li}_2(ex^q) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x^q),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(d*x)^m*dilog(e*x^q), x)
```

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx \\ &= \int (dx)^m \text{polylog}(2, ex^q) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((d*x)^m*polylog(2, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x)^m*polylog(2, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)
```

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx$$

$$= d^m \left(\left(\int x^m \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(2, x^q e) dx \right) b + \left(\int x^m \text{polylog}(2, x^q e) dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(2,e*x^q),x)`output `d**m*(int(x**m*log(x**n*c)*polylog(2,x**q*e),x)*b + int(x**m*polylog(2,x**q*e),x)*a)`

3.228 $\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx$

Optimal result	1700
Mathematica [N/A]	1701
Rubi [N/A]	1701
Maple [N/A] (verified)	1706
Fricas [N/A]	1707
Sympy [N/A]	1708
Maxima [N/A]	1708
Giac [N/A]	1709
Mupad [N/A]	1709
Reduce [N/A]	1709

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx$$

$$= \frac{2benq^3x^{1+q}(dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m+q}{q}, \frac{1+m+2q}{q}, ex^q\right)}{(1+m)^4(1+m+q)}$$

$$+ \frac{2bnq^2(dx)^{1+m} \log(1-ex^q)}{d(1+m)^4} + \frac{2bnq(dx)^{1+m} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(1+m)^3}$$

$$- \frac{q(dx)^{1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(1+m)^2}$$

$$- \frac{bn(dx)^{1+m} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(1+m)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{1+m} (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(1+m)}$$

$$- \frac{q^2 \text{Int}((dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q), x)}{(1+m)^2}$$

output

```
2*b*e*n*q^3*x^(1+q)*(d*x)^m*hypergeom([1, (1+m+q)/q], [(1+m+2*q)/q], e*x^q)/
(1+m)^4/(1+m+q)+2*b*n*q^2*(d*x)^(1+m)*ln(1-e*x^q)/d/(1+m)^4+2*b*n*q*(d*x)^(
1+m)*polylog(2, e*x^q)/d/(1+m)^3-q*(d*x)^(1+m)*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(2, e
*x^q)/d/(1+m)^2-b*n*(d*x)^(1+m)*polylog(3, e*x^q)/d/(1+m)^2+(d*x)^(1+m)*(a+
b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3, e*x^q)/d/(1+m)-q^2*Defer(Int)((d*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n
))*ln(1-e*x^q), x)/(1+m)^2
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx$$

$$= \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x^q], x]`output `Integrate[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x^q], x]`**Rubi [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {2832, 2832, 25, 2826, 2905, 30, 888, 7145, 25, 2905, 30, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$-\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} +$$

$$\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a + b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2832$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & q \left(-\frac{q \int -(dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{bnq \int -(dx)^m \log(1-ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} - \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \log(1-ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2826}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} - \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \log(1-ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{2905}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eq \int \frac{x^{q-1}(dx)^{m+1}}{1-ex^q} dx}{d(m+1)} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1-ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)(a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{30}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{-m} (dx)^m \int \frac{x^{m+q}}{1-ex^q} dx + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1-ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} \right)$$

$$\frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2}$$

↓ 888

$$q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, m, \frac{ex^q}{1-ex^q}\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{bnq \int (dx)^m \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) dx}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2}$$

↓ 7145

$$q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, m, \frac{ex^q}{1-ex^q}\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{bnq \left(\frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)} - \frac{q \int - (dx)^m \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} \right)}{(m+1)^2} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 & q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, m, \frac{1}{1-ex^q}\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} + \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2905} \\
 & q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, m, \frac{1}{1-ex^q}\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \left(\frac{q \left(\frac{eq \int \frac{x^{q-1} (dx)^{m+1}}{1-ex^q} dx + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1-ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} + \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{30} \\
 & q \left(\frac{q \int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1-ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{eqx^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, m, \frac{1}{1-ex^q}\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} \right) \\
 & \frac{bnq \left(\frac{q \left(\frac{eqx^{-m} (dx)^m \int \frac{x^{m+q}}{1-ex^q} dx + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1-ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} + \\
 & \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{q \left(\frac{\int (dx)^m (a+b \log(cx^n)) \log(1- ex^q) dx}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} - \frac{bnq \left(\frac{e q x^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, ex^q\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2} \right)}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) (a+b \log(cx^n))}{d(m+1)} + \frac{bnq \left(\frac{q \left(\frac{e q x^{q+1} (dx)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+q+1}{q}, \frac{m+2q+1}{q}, ex^q\right)}{(m+1)(m+q+1)} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \log(1- ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{m+1} + \frac{(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(2, ex^q)}{d(m+1)} \right)}{(m+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{bn(dx)^{m+1} \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q)}{d(m+1)^2}$$

```
input Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])*PolyLog[3, e*x^q], x]
```

```
output $Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 30 Int[(u_)*((a_)*(x_))^(m_)*((b_)*(x_)^(i_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[p]*((b*x^i)^FracPart[p]/(a^(i*IntPart[p])*(a*x)^(i*FracPart[p])) Int[u*(a*x)^(m + i*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, i, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[i] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 888 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2826

```
Int[Log[(d_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(r_.)]*((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
])*((b_.))^(p_.)*((g_.)*(x_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(g*x)^q*(a +
b*Log[c*x^n])^p*Log[d*(e + f*x^m)^r], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, r,
m, n, p, q}, x]
```

rule 2832

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[k_, (e
_.)*(x_)^(q_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*n*(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[k, e*x^q]/
(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] + (Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*PolyLog[k, e*x^q]*((a + b*Log[c*x^
n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[q/(m + 1) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k - 1, e*x^q]*(
a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x], x] + Simp[b*n*(q/(m + 1)^2) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[k
- 1, e*x^q], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && IGtQ[k, 0]
```

rule 2905

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_)^(
m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*(d + e*x^n)^p])/(f*(m
+ 1))), x] - Simp[b*e*n*(p/(f*(m + 1))) Int[x^(n - 1)*((f*x)^(m + 1)/(d +
e*x^n)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 7145

```
Int[((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (a_.)*((b_.)*(x_)^(p_.))^(q_.)], x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*(PolyLog[n, a*(b*x^p)^q]/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[p
*(q/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*PolyLog[n - 1, a*(b*x^p)^q], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, d, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Maple [N/A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1065, normalized size of antiderivative = 46.30

method	result	size
meijerg	Expression too large to display	1065

input

```
int((d*x)^m*(a+b*ln(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x^q),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-(d*x)^m*x^(-m)*(-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*a/q*(q^3*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3*ln
(1-e*x^q)+q^2*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^2*polylog(2,e*x^q)-q*x^(1+m)*(-
e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)*polylog(3,e*x^q)+q^3*x^(1+m+q)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3
*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))- (d*x)^m*x^(-m)*(-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*b*ln(c)/q*(q^
3*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3*ln(1-e*x^q)+q^2*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1
+m)^2*polylog(2,e*x^q)-q*x^(1+m)*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)*polylog(3,e*x^q)+q^3
*x^(1+m+q)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))+((-e)^(-m
/q-1/q)*ln(-e)/q^2*(d*x)^m*x^(-m)*b*n*(q^3*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3*ln(1
-e*x^q)+q^2*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^2*polylog(2,e*x^q)-q*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/
q)/(1+m)*polylog(3,e*x^q)+q^3*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3*LerchPhi(e*
x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q))-(-e)^(-m/q-1/q)*(d*x)^m*x^(-m)*b*n/q*(q^3*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+
1/q)*ln(x)/(1+m)^3*ln(1-e*x^q)+q^2*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(-e)/(1+m)^3*ln(1-
e*x^q)-3*q^3*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^4*ln(1-e*x^q)+q^2*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)
*ln(x)/(1+m)^2*polylog(2,e*x^q)+q*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(-e)/(1+m)^2*polylo
g(2,e*x^q)-2*q^2*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^3*polylog(2,e*x^q)-q*x^m*(-e)^(m
/q+1/q)*ln(x)/(1+m)*polylog(3,e*x^q)-x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(-e)/(1+m)*polyl
og(3,e*x^q)+q*x^m*(-e)^(m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^2*polylog(3,e*x^q)+q^3*x^(q+m)*e*(-
e)^(m/q+1/q)*ln(x)/(1+m)^3*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)+q^2*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(
m/q+1/q)*ln(-e)/(1+m)^3*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)-3*q^3*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(
m/q+1/q)/(1+m)^4*LerchPhi(e*x^q,1,(1+m+q)/q)-q^2*x^(q+m)*e*(-e)^(m/q+1...

```

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a) (dx)^m \text{Li}_3(ex^q) dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x^q),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((d*x)^m*b*log(c*x^n) + (d*x)^m*a)*polylog(3, e*x^q), x)
```


Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 12.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx = \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{Li}_3(ex^q) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**m*(a+b*ln(c*x**n))*polylog(3,e*x**q),x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**m*(a + b*log(c*x**n))*polylog(3, e*x**q), x)`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.57

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \text{Li}_3(ex^q) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x^q),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(((m^2*q + 2*m*q + q)*b*d^m*x^m*log(x^n) + ((m^2*q + 2*m*q + q)*a*d^m + (m^2*q + 2*m*q + q)*d^m*log(c) - 2*(m*n*q + n*q)*d^m)*b)*x*x^m*dilog(e*x^q) + ((m*q^2 + q^2)*b*d^m*x^m*log(x^n) + ((m*q^2 + q^2)*a*d^m - (3*d^m*n*q^2 - (m*q^2 + q^2)*d^m*log(c))*b)*x*x^m*log(-e*x^q + 1) - ((m^3 + 3*m^2 + 3*m + 1)*b*d^m*x^m*log(x^n) + ((m^3 + 3*m^2 + 3*m + 1)*a*d^m + ((m^3 + 3*m^2 + 3*m + 1)*d^m*log(c) - (m^2*n + 2*m*n + n)*d^m)*b)*x*x^m)*polylog(3, e*x^q)/(m^4 + 4*m^3 + 6*m^2 + 4*m + 1) + integrate(-((m*q^3 + q^3)*b*d^m*e^e^(m*log(x) + q*log(x))*log(x^n) + ((m*q^3 + q^3)*a*d^m*e - (3*d^m*e*n*q^3 - (m*q^3 + q^3)*d^m*e*log(c))*b)*e^(m*log(x) + q*log(x)))/(m^4 + 4*m^3 - (m^4 + 4*m^3 + 6*m^2 + 4*m + 1)*e*x^q + 6*m^2 + 4*m + 1), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx = \int (b \log(cx^n) + a)(dx)^m \text{Li}_3(ex^q) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x^q),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log(c*x^n) + a)*(d*x)^m*polylog(3, e*x^q), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 25.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx \\ &= \int (dx)^m \text{polylog}(3, ex^q) (a + b \ln(cx^n)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*polylog(3, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^m*polylog(3, e*x^q)*(a + b*log(c*x^n)), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (dx)^m (a + b \log(cx^n)) \text{PolyLog}(3, ex^q) dx \\ &= d^m \left(\left(\int x^m \log(x^n c) \text{polylog}(3, x^q e) dx \right) b + \left(\int x^m \text{polylog}(3, x^q e) dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x)^m*(a+b*log(c*x^n))*polylog(3,e*x^q),x)`

output `d**m*(int(x**m*log(x**n*c)*polylog(3,x**q*e),x)*b + int(x**m*polylog(3,x**q*e),x)*a)`

3.229 $\int x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$

Optimal result	1711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1711
Rubi [A] (verified)	1712
Maple [A] (verified)	1713
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1713
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1713
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1714
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1714
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1714
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1715

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{1}{9}np x^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log (c(bx^n)^p)$$

output `-1/9*n*p*x^3+1/3*x^3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{1}{9}np x^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log (c(bx^n)^p)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p],x]`

output `-1/9*(n*p*x^3) + (x^3*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p])/3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2895, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$$

↓ 2741

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \log (c(bx^n)^p) - \frac{1}{9}np x^3$$

input `Int[x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p],x]`

output `-1/9*(n*p*x^3) + (x^3*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p])/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(
m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$-\frac{np x^3}{9} + \frac{x^3 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)}{3}$	24
parts	$-\frac{np x^3}{9} + \frac{x^3 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)}{3}$	24

input `int(x^2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/9*n*p*x^3+1/3*x^3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{3} np x^3 \log(x) - \frac{1}{9} np x^3 + \frac{1}{3} p x^3 \log(b) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(c)$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*n*p*x^3*log(x) - 1/9*n*p*x^3 + 1/3*p*x^3*log(b) + 1/3*x^3*log(c)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{np x^3}{9} + \frac{x^3 \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**2*ln(c*(b*x**n)**p),x)`output `-n*p*x**3/9 + x**3*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/3`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{1}{9} np x^3 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log((bx^n)^p c)$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*n*p*x^3 + 1/3*x^3*log((b*x^n)^p*c)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{3} np x^3 \log(x) - \frac{1}{9} np x^3 + \frac{1}{3} p x^3 \log(b) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(c)$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*n*p*x^3*log(x) - 1/9*n*p*x^3 + 1/3*p*x^3*log(b) + 1/3*x^3*log(c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 25.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{x^3 \ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{3} - \frac{np x^3}{9}$$

input `int(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x)`output `(x^3*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/3 - (n*p*x^3)/9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{x^3(3 \log(x^{np}b^pc) - np)}{9}$$

input `int(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x)`

output `(x**3*(3*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c) - n*p))/9`

3.230 $\int x \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$

Optimal result	1716
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1716
Rubi [A] (verified)	1717
Maple [A] (verified)	1718
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1718
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1718
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1719
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1719
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1719
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1720

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{1}{4}np x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p)$$

output `-1/4*n*p*x^2+1/2*x^2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{1}{4}np x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p)$$

input `Integrate[x*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p],x]`

output `-1/4*(n*p*x^2) + (x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p])/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {2895, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int x \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$$

↓ 2741

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) - \frac{1}{4}npx^2$$

input `Int[x*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p], x]`

output `-1/4*(n*p*x^2) + (x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p])/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(
m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$-\frac{np x^2}{4} + \frac{x^2 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)}{2}$	24
parts	$-\frac{np x^2}{4} + \frac{x^2 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)}{2}$	24

input `int(x*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output $-1/4*n*p*x^2+1/2*x^2*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{2} npx^2 \log(x) - \frac{1}{4} npx^2 + \frac{1}{2} px^2 \log(b) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(c)$$

input `integrate(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`output $1/2*n*p*x^2*\log(x) - 1/4*n*p*x^2 + 1/2*p*x^2*\log(b) + 1/2*x^2*\log(c)$ **Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{np x^2}{4} + \frac{x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2}$$

input `integrate(x*ln(c*(b*x**n)**p),x)`output $-n*p*x**2/4 + x**2*\log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/2$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = -\frac{1}{4} npx^2 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log((bx^n)^p c)$$

input `integrate(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*n*p*x^2 + 1/2*x^2*log((b*x^n)^p*c)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{2} npx^2 \log(x) - \frac{1}{4} npx^2 + \frac{1}{2} px^2 \log(b) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(c)$$

input `integrate(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*n*p*x^2*log(x) - 1/4*n*p*x^2 + 1/2*p*x^2*log(b) + 1/2*x^2*log(c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 25.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{x^2 \ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{2} - \frac{np x^2}{4}$$

input `int(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x)`output `(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/2 - (n*p*x^2)/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{x^2(2 \log(x^{np}b^pc) - np)}{4}$$

input `int(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x)`

output `(x**2*(2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c) - n*p))/4`

3.231 $\int \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$

Optimal result	1721
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1721
Rubi [A] (verified)	1722
Maple [A] (verified)	1723
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1723
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1723
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1724
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1724
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1724
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1725

Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx = -npx + x \log (c(bx^n)^p)$$

output `-n*p*x+x*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx = -npx + x \log (c(bx^n)^p)$$

input `Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p],x]`

output `-(n*p*x) + x*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {2895, 2732}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx$$

↓ 2732

$$x \log (c(bx^n)^p) - np x$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p], x]`

output `-(n*p*x) + x*Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2732 `Int [Log [(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp [x*Log [c*x^n], x] - Simp [n*x, x] /; FreeQ [{c, n}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int [((a_.) + Log [(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst [Int [u*(a + b*Log [c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ [{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ [n] && !(EqQ [d, 1] && EqQ [m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ [IntHide [u*(a + b*Log [c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$-xnp + x \ln(c(b x^n)^p)$	19
parallelrisc	$-xnp + x \ln(c(b x^n)^p)$	19
parts	$-xnp + x \ln(c(b x^n)^p)$	19

input `int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-x*n*p+x*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = np x \log(x) - np x + p x \log(b) + x \log(c)$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `n*p*x*log(x) - n*p*x + p*x*log(b) + x*log(c)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = -np x + x \log(c(bx^n)^p)$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p),x)`

output `-n*p*x + x*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = -npx + x \log((bx^n)^p c)$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-n*p*x + x*log((b*x^n)^p*c)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = npx \log(x) - npx + px \log(b) + x \log(c)$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`output `n*p*x*log(x) - n*p*x + p*x*log(b) + x*log(c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = x (\ln(c(bx^n)^p) - np)$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p),x)`output `x*(log(c*(b*x^n)^p) - n*p)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log(c(bx^n)^p) dx = x(\log(x^{np}b^pc) - np)$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p), x)`

output `x*(log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c) - n*p)`

3.232 $\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1726
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1728
Rubi [A] (verified)	1727
Maple [A] (verified)	1728
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1728
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1728
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1729
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1729
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1729
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1730

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{2np}$$

output `1/2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/n/p`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{2np}$$

input `Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/x,x]`

output `Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/(2*n*p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2895, 2738}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$$

↓ 2738

$$\frac{\log^2 (c(bx^n)^p)}{2np}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/x, x]`

output `Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/(2*n*p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2738 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^2/(2*b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2np}$	21
default	$\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2np}$	21
parts	$\ln(c(bx^n)^p) \ln(x) - \frac{np \ln(x)^2}{2}$	23

input `int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/n/p`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} np \log(x)^2 + (p \log(b) + \log(c)) \log(x)$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*n*p*log(x)^2 + (p*log(b) + log(c))*log(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = - \begin{cases} -\log(x) \log(b^p c) & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\log(c) \log(x) & \text{for } p = 0 \\ -\frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2np} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)/x,x)`

output `-Piecewise((-log(x)*log(b**p*c), Eq(n, 0)), (-log(c)*log(x), Eq(p, 0)), (-log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/(2*n*p), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)^2}{2np}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2/(n*p)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} np \log(x)^2 + p \log(b) \log(x) + \log(c) \log(x)$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*n*p*log(x)^2 + p*log(b)*log(x) + log(c)*log(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2np}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x,x)`

output `log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/(2*n*p)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log(x^{np}b^pc)^2}{2np}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x,x)`

output `log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**2/(2*n*p)`

3.233 $\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1731
Rubi [A] (verified)	1732
Maple [A] (verified)	1733
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1733
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1733
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1734
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1734
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1734
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{np}{x} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x}$$

output

```
-n*p/x-ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{np}{x} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((n*p)/x) - Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/x
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2895, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2741

$$-\frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x} - \frac{np}{x}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/x^2,x]`

output `-((n*p)/x) - Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/x`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)+np}{x}$	20
parts	$-\frac{np}{x} - \frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{x}$	24

input `int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/x*(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+n*p)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{np \log(x) + np + p \log(b) + \log(c)}{x}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(n*p*log(x) + n*p + p*log(b) + log(c))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{np}{x} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x}$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)/x**2,x)`output `-n*p/x - log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/x`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{np}{x} - \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)}{x}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-n*p/x - log((b*x^n)^p*c)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{np \log(x)}{x} - \frac{np + p \log(b) + \log(c)}{x}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-n*p*log(x)/x - (n*p + p*log(b) + log(c))/x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 25.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p) + np}{x}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x)`output `-(log(c*(b*x^n)^p) + n*p)/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-\log(x^{np}b^pc) - np}{x}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2,x)`

output `(- (log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c) + n*p))/x`

3.234 $\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1736
Rubi [A] (verified)	1737
Maple [A] (verified)	1738
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1738
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1738
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1739
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1739
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1739
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1740

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{np}{4x^2} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/4*n*p/x^2-1/2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{np}{4x^2} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(n*p)/x^2 - Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/(2*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2895, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2741

$$-\frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2} - \frac{np}{4x^2}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(n*p)/x^2 - Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/(2*x^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{np+2\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{4x^2}$	22
parts	$-\frac{np}{4x^2} - \frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}$	24

input `int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4/x^2*(n*p+2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2np \log(x) + np + 2p \log(b) + 2 \log(c)}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*n*p*log(x) + n*p + 2*p*log(b) + 2*log(c))/x^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{np}{4x^2} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)/x**3,x)`

output `-n*p/(4*x**2) - log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/(2*x**2)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{np}{4x^2} - \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*n*p/x^2 - 1/2*log((b*x^n)^p*c)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{np \log(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{np + 2p \log(b) + 2 \log(c)}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*n*p*log(x)/x^2 - 1/4*(n*p + 2*p*log(b) + 2*log(c))/x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 25.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2} - \frac{np}{4x^2}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x)`output `- log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/(2*x^2) - (n*p)/(4*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2 \log(x^{np} b^p c) - np}{4x^2}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3,x)`

output `(- 2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c) - n*p)/(4*x**2)`

3.235 $\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1741
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1741
Rubi [A] (verified)	1742
Maple [A] (verified)	1743
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1743
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1743
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1744
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{np}{9x^3} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*n*p/x^3-1/3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{np}{9x^3} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(n*p)/x^3 - Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/(3*x^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2895, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int \frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2741

$$-\frac{\log (c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3} - \frac{np}{9x^3}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/x^4,x]`

output `-1/9*(n*p)/x^3 - Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]/(3*x^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{np+3\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{9x^3}$	22
parts	$-\frac{np}{9x^3} - \frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}$	24

input `int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/9/x^3*(n*p+3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3np \log(x) + np + 3p \log(b) + 3 \log(c)}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/9*(3*n*p*log(x) + n*p + 3*p*log(b) + 3*log(c))/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{np}{9x^3} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)/x**4,x)`output `-n*p/(9*x**3) - log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/(3*x**3)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{np}{9x^3} - \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*n*p/x^3 - 1/3*log((b*x^n)^p*c)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{np \log(x)}{3x^3} - \frac{np + 3p \log(b) + 3 \log(c)}{9x^3}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*n*p*log(x)/x^3 - 1/9*(n*p + 3*p*log(b) + 3*log(c))/x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 25.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3} - \frac{np}{9x^3}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^4,x)`output `- log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/(3*x^3) - (n*p)/(9*x^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-3 \log(x^{np} b^p c) - np}{9x^3}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^4,x)`

output `(- 3*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c) - n*p)/(9*x**3)`

3.236 $\int x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx$

Optimal result	1746
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1746
Rubi [A] (verified)	1747
Maple [A] (verified)	1748
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1748
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1749
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1749
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1750
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1750
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1751

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{2}{27}n^2p^2x^3 - \frac{2}{9}npx^3 \log (c(bx^n)^p) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p)$$

output $2/27*n^2*p^2*x^3-2/9*n*p*x^3*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+1/3*x^3*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{2}{27}n^2p^2x^3 - \frac{2}{9}npx^3 \log (c(bx^n)^p) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2,x]`

output $(2*n^2*p^2*x^3)/27 - (2*n*p*x^3*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p])/9 + (x^3*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2)/3$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2742} \\ & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - \frac{2}{3}np \int x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2741} \\ & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - \frac{2}{3}np \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \log (c(bx^n)^p) - \frac{1}{9}npx^3 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2,x]`

output `(x^3*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2)/3 - (2*n*p*(-1/9*(n*p*x^3) + (x^3*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p])/3))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2742

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*
(p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{2n^2p^2x^3}{27} - \frac{2np^2x^3 \ln(cx^n)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \ln^2(cx^n)}{3}$	47

input

```
int(x^2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/27*n^2*p^2*x^3-2/9*n*p*x^3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+1/3*x^3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{3} n^2 p^2 x^3 \log(x)^2 + \frac{2}{27} n^2 p^2 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} n p^2 x^3 \log(b) + \frac{1}{3} p^2 x^3 \log(b)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(c)^2 - \frac{2}{9} (n p x^3 - 3 p x^3 \log(b)) \log(c)$$

$$- \frac{2}{9} (n^2 p^2 x^3 - 3 n p^2 x^3 \log(b) - 3 n p x^3 \log(c)) \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*n^2*p^2*x^3*log(x)^2 + 2/27*n^2*p^2*x^3 - 2/9*n*p^2*x^3*log(b) + 1/3*p^2*x^3*log(b)^2 + 1/3*x^3*log(c)^2 - 2/9*(n*p*x^3 - 3*p*x^3*log(b))*log(c) - 2/9*(n^2*p^2*x^3 - 3*n*p^2*x^3*log(b) - 3*n*p*x^3*log(c))*log(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{2n^2 p^2 x^3}{27} - \frac{2np x^3 \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \log(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2,x)
```

output

```
2*n**2*p**2*x**3/27 - 2*n*p*x**3*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/9 + x**3*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/3
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{2}{27} n^2 p^2 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} np x^3 \log((bx^n)^p c) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log((bx^n)^p c)^2$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/27*n^2*p^2*x^3 - 2/9*n*p*x^3*log((b*x^n)^p*c) + 1/3*x^3*log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx &= \frac{1}{3} n^2 p^2 x^3 \log(x)^2 - \frac{2}{9} n^2 p^2 x^3 \log(x) \\ &+ \frac{2}{3} n p^2 x^3 \log(b) \log(x) + \frac{2}{27} n^2 p^2 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} n p^2 x^3 \log(b) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} p^2 x^3 \log(b)^2 + \frac{2}{3} n p x^3 \log(c) \log(x) \\ &- \frac{2}{9} n p x^3 \log(c) + \frac{2}{3} p x^3 \log(b) \log(c) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log(c)^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*n^2*p^2*x^3*log(x)^2 - 2/9*n^2*p^2*x^3*log(x) + 2/3*n*p^2*x^3*log(b)*log(x) + 2/27*n^2*p^2*x^3 - 2/9*n*p^2*x^3*log(b) + 1/3*p^2*x^3*log(b)^2 + 2/3*n*p*x^3*log(c)*log(x) - 2/9*n*p*x^3*log(c) + 2/3*p*x^3*log(b)*log(c) + 1/3*x^3*log(c)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{2n^2 p^2 x^3}{27} - \frac{2n p x^3 \ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{9} + \frac{x^3 \ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{3}$$

input `int(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x)`

output `(x^3*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2)/3 + (2*n^2*p^2*x^3)/27 - (2*n*p*x^3*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/9`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{x^3 (9 \log(x^{np} b^p c)^2 - 6 \log(x^{np} b^p c) np + 2n^2 p^2)}{27}$$

input `int(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(9*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**2 - 6*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)*n*p + 2*n**2*p**2))/27`

3.237 $\int x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx$

Optimal result	1752
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1752
Rubi [A] (verified)	1753
Maple [A] (verified)	1754
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1754
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1755
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1755
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1756
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1756
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1757

Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{4}n^2p^2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}npx^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p)$$

output $1/4*n^2*p^2*x^2-1/2*n*p*x^2*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+1/2*x^2*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{4}x^2(n^2p^2 - 2np \log (c(bx^n)^p) + 2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p))$$

input `Integrate[x*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2,x]`

output $(x^2*(n^2*p^2 - 2*n*p*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p] + 2*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2))/4$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2742} \\ & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - np \int x \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2741} \\ & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - np \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \log (c(bx^n)^p) - \frac{1}{4}npx^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2,x]`

output `(x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2)/2 - n*p*(-1/4*(n*p*x^2) + (x^2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p])/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(
m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2742

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*
(p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)
*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$\frac{n^2 p^2 x^2}{4} - \frac{np x^2 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)}{2} + \frac{x^2 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)^2}{2}$	47

input

```
int(x*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*n^2*p^2*x^2-1/2*n*p*x^2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+1/2*x^2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{2} n^2 p^2 x^2 \log(x)^2 + \frac{1}{4} n^2 p^2 x^2 - \frac{1}{2} n p^2 x^2 \log(b) + \frac{1}{2} p^2 x^2 \log(b)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(c)^2 - \frac{1}{2} (n p x^2 - 2 p x^2 \log(b)) \log(c)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} (n^2 p^2 x^2 - 2 n p^2 x^2 \log(b) - 2 n p x^2 \log(c)) \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*n^2*p^2*x^2*\log(x)^2 + 1/4*n^2*p^2*x^2 - 1/2*n*p^2*x^2*\log(b) + 1/2*p^2*x^2*\log(b)^2 \\ & + 1/2*x^2*\log(c)^2 - 1/2*(n*p*x^2 - 2*p*x^2*\log(b))*\log(c) \\ & - 1/2*(n^2*p^2*x^2 - 2*n*p^2*x^2*\log(b) - 2*n*p*x^2*\log(c))*\log(x) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{n^2 p^2 x^2}{4} - \frac{np x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2} + \frac{x^2 \log(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2,x)
```

output

$$n**2*p**2*x**2/4 - n*p*x**2*\log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/2 + x**2*\log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/2$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{1}{4} n^2 p^2 x^2 - \frac{1}{2} np x^2 \log((bx^n)^p c) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log((bx^n)^p c)^2$$

input

```
integrate(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4}n^2*p^2*x^2 - \frac{1}{2}n*p*x^2*\log((b*x^n)^p*c) + \frac{1}{2}x^2*\log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx &= \frac{1}{2} n^2 p^2 x^2 \log(x)^2 - \frac{1}{2} n^2 p^2 x^2 \log(x) \\ &\quad + np^2 x^2 \log(b) \log(x) + \frac{1}{4} n^2 p^2 x^2 - \frac{1}{2} np^2 x^2 \log(b) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} p^2 x^2 \log(b)^2 + np x^2 \log(c) \log(x) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{2} np x^2 \log(c) + p x^2 \log(b) \log(c) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \log(c)^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*n^2*p^2*x^2*log(x)^2 - 1/2*n^2*p^2*x^2*log(x) + n*p^2*x^2*log(b)*log(x) + 1/4*n^2*p^2*x^2 - 1/2*n*p^2*x^2*log(b) + 1/2*p^2*x^2*log(b)^2 + n*p*x^2*log(c)*log(x) - 1/2*n*p*x^2*log(c) + p*x^2*log(b)*log(c) + 1/2*x^2*log(c)^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{n^2 p^2 x^2}{4} - \frac{np x^2 \ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{2} + \frac{x^2 \ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2}$$

input `int(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x)`

output `(x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2)/2 + (n^2*p^2*x^2)/4 - (n*p*x^2*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/2`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = \frac{x^2(2\log(x^{np}b^pc)^2 - 2\log(x^{np}b^pc)np + n^2p^2)}{4}$$

input `int(x*log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x)`

output `(x**2*(2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**2 - 2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)*n*p + n**2*p**2)/4`

3.238 $\int \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx$

Optimal result	1758
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1758
Rubi [A] (verified)	1759
Maple [A] (verified)	1760
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1760
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1761
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1761
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1762
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1762

Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = 2n^2p^2x - 2npx \log (c(bx^n)^p) + x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p)$$

output $2*n^2*p^2*x-2*n*p*x*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+x*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx = x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - 2np(-npx + x \log (c(bx^n)^p))$$

input $\text{Integrate}[\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2,x]$

output $x*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2 - 2*n*p*(-(n*p*x) + x*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {2895, 2733, 2732}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\
 \downarrow 2895 \\
 \int \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\
 \downarrow 2733 \\
 x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - 2np \int \log (c(bx^n)^p) dx \\
 \downarrow 2732 \\
 x \log^2 (c(bx^n)^p) - 2np(x \log (c(bx^n)^p) - np x)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]^2, x]`

output `x*Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]^2 - 2*n*p*(-(n*p*x) + x*Log [c*(b*x^n)^p])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2732 `Int [Log [(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp [x*Log [c*x^n], x] - Simp [n*x, x] /; FreeQ [{c, n}, x]`

rule 2733 `Int [((a_.) + Log [(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp [x*(a + b *Log [c*x^n])^p, x] - Simp [b*n*p Int [(a + b*Log [c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ [{a, b, c, n}, x] && GtQ [p, 0] && IntegerQ [2*p]`

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$2n^2p^2x - 2npx \ln(c(bx^n)^p) + x \ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2$	40

input

```
int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*n^2*p^2*x-2*n*p*x*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)+x*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = n^2p^2x \log(x)^2 + 2n^2p^2x - 2np^2x \log(b) + p^2x \log(b)^2 \\ + x \log(c)^2 - 2(np^2x - px \log(b)) \log(c) \\ - 2(n^2p^2x - np^2x \log(b) - np^2x \log(c)) \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
n^2*p^2*x*log(x)^2 + 2*n^2*p^2*x - 2*n*p^2*x*log(b) + p^2*x*log(b)^2 + x*1
og(c)^2 - 2*(n*p*x - p*x*log(b))*log(c) - 2*(n^2*p^2*x - n*p^2*x*log(b) -
n*p*x*log(c))*log(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = 2n^2p^2x - 2npx \log(c(bx^n)^p) + x \log(c(bx^n)^p)^2$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2,x)`

output `2*n**2*p**2*x - 2*n*p*x*log(c*(b*x**n)**p) + x*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = 2n^2p^2x - 2npx \log((bx^n)^p c) + x \log((bx^n)^p c)^2$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*n^2*p^2*x - 2*n*p*x*log((b*x^n)^p*c) + x*log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\begin{aligned} \int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx &= n^2p^2x \log(x)^2 - 2n^2p^2x \log(x) + 2np^2x \log(b) \log(x) \\ &\quad + 2n^2p^2x - 2np^2x \log(b) + p^2x \log(b)^2 + 2npx \log(c) \log(x) \\ &\quad - 2npx \log(c) + 2px \log(b) \log(c) + x \log(c)^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$n^2 p^2 x \log(x)^2 - 2 n^2 p^2 x \log(x) + 2 n p^2 x \log(b) \log(x) + 2 n^2 p^2 x \log(b) - 2 n p^2 x \log(b) + p^2 x \log(b)^2 + 2 n p x \log(c) \log(x) - 2 n p x \log(c) + 2 p x \log(b) \log(c) + x \log(c)^2$$
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = 2 x n^2 p^2 - 2 x n p \ln(c(bx^n)^p) + x \ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2$$

input

`int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x)`

output

$$x \log(c(bx^n)^p)^2 + 2 n^2 p^2 x - 2 n p x \log(c(bx^n)^p)$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) dx = x(\log(x^{np} b^p c)^2 - 2 \log(x^{np} b^p c) np + 2 n^2 p^2)$$

input

`int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2,x)`

output

$$x(\log(x^{np} b^p c)^2 - 2 \log(x^{np} b^p c) np + 2 n^2 p^2)$$

3.239 $\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1763
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1763
Rubi [A] (verified)	1764
Maple [A] (verified)	1765
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1765
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1766
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1766
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1767
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1767

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log^3(c(bx^n)^p)}{3np}$$

output

```
1/3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^3/n/p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log^3(c(bx^n)^p)}{3np}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x,x]
```

output

```
Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^3/(3*n*p)
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {2895, 2739, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 2895 \\ \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 2739 \\ \frac{\int \log^2(c(bx^n)^p) d \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{np} \\ \downarrow 15 \\ \frac{\log^3(c(bx^n)^p)}{3np} \end{array}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x, x]`

output `Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]^3/(3*n*p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int [(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2739 `Int [((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*n) Subst[Int[x^p, x], x, a + b*Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^3}{3np}$	21
default	$\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^3}{3np}$	21

input

```
int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^3/n/p
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 54 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} n^2 p^2 \log(x)^3 + (np^2 \log(b) + np \log(c)) \log(x)^2 + (p^2 \log(b)^2 + 2p \log(b) \log(c) + \log(c)^2) \log(x)$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*n^2*p^2*log(x)^3 + (n*p^2*log(b) + n*p*log(c))*log(x)^2 + (p^2*log(b)^
2 + 2*p*log(b)*log(c) + log(c)^2)*log(x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = - \begin{cases} -\log(x) \log(b^p c)^2 & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\log(c)^2 \log(x) & \text{for } p = 0 \\ -\frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)^3}{3np} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/x,x)`

output `-Piecewise((-log(x)*log(b**p*c)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (-log(c)**2*log(x), Eq(p, 0)), (-log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**3/(3*n*p), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)^3}{3np}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*log((b*x^n)^p*c)^3/(n*p)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs. 2(20) = 40.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{1}{3} n^2 p^2 \log(x)^3 + np^2 \log(b) \log(x)^2 + p^2 \log(b)^2 \log(x) \\ + np \log(c) \log(x)^2 + 2p \log(b) \log(c) \log(x) + \log(c)^2 \log(x)$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*n^2*p^2*log(x)^3 + n*p^2*log(b)*log(x)^2 + p^2*log(b)^2*log(x) + n*p*log(c)*log(x)^2 + 2*p*log(b)*log(c)*log(x) + log(c)^2*log(x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^3}{3np}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x,x)`

output `log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^3/(3*n*p)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} dx = \frac{\log(x^{np}b^pc)^3}{3np}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x,x)`

output `log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**3/(3*n*p)`

3.240 $\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1768
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1768
Rubi [A] (verified)	1769
Maple [A] (verified)	1770
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1770
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1772
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1772
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1773

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2n^2p^2}{x} - \frac{2np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x}$$

output

$$-2n^2p^2/x - 2n * p * \ln(c * (b * x^n)^p) / x - \ln(c * (b * x^n)^p)^2 / x$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2n^2p^2 + 2np \log(c(bx^n)^p) + \log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Log}[c * (b * x^n)^p]^2 / x^2, x]$$

output

$$-((2n^2p^2 + 2n * p * \text{Log}[c * (b * x^n)^p] + \text{Log}[c * (b * x^n)^p]^2) / x)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2742} \\ & 2np \int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2741} \\ & 2np \left(-\frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} - \frac{np}{x} \right) - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [Log [c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^2, x]`

output `-(Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x) + 2*n*p*(-((n*p)/x) - Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/x)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :>
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(
m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2742

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*
(p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
parallelsch	$-\frac{2p^2n^2+2\ln(cx^n)^pnp+\ln(cx^n)^{2p}}{x}$	41

input

```
int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/x*(2*p^2*n^2+2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)*n*p+ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx =$$

$$-\frac{n^2p^2 \log(x)^2 + 2n^2p^2 + 2np^2 \log(b) + p^2 \log(b)^2 + 2(np + p \log(b)) \log(c) + \log(c)^2 + 2(n^2p^2 + np^2)}{x}$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-(n^2 p^2 \log(x)^2 + 2 n^2 p^2 + 2 n p^2 \log(b) + p^2 \log(b)^2 + 2(n p + p \log(b)) \log(c) + \log(c)^2 + 2(n^2 p^2 + n p^2 \log(b) + n p \log(c)) \log(x))/x$$
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2n^2 p^2}{x} - \frac{2np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{x}$$

input

```
integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/x**2,x)
```

output

```
-2*n**2*p**2/x - 2*n*p*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/x - log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/x
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2n^2 p^2}{x} - \frac{2np \log((bx^n)^p c)}{x} - \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)^2}{x}$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2*n^2*p^2/x - 2*n*p*log((b*x^n)^p*c)/x - log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2/x
```


Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2 \log(x)^2}{x} - \frac{2(n^2 p^2 + np^2 \log(b) + np \log(c)) \log(x)}{x} - \frac{2n^2 p^2 + 2np^2 \log(b) + p^2 \log(b)^2 + 2np \log(c) + 2p \log(b) \log(c) + \log(c)^2}{x}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-n^2*p^2*log(x)^2/x - 2*(n^2*p^2 + n*p^2*log(b) + n*p*log(c))*log(x)/x - (2*n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p^2*log(b) + p^2*log(b)^2 + 2*n*p*log(c) + 2*p*log(b)*log(c) + log(c)^2)/x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 25.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2n^2 p^2 + 2np \ln(c(bx^n)^p) + \ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{x}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2,x)`output `-(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2 + 2*n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^2} dx = \frac{-\log(x^{np}b^pc)^2 - 2\log(x^{np}b^pc)np - 2n^2p^2}{x}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2,x)`

output `(- log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**2 - 2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)*n*p - 2*n**2*p**2)/x`

3.241 $\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1774
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1774
Rubi [A] (verified)	1775
Maple [A] (verified)	1776
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1776
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1777
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1777
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1778
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1778
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1779

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2}{4x^2} - \frac{np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2} - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}$$

output

$$-1/4*n^2*p^2/x^2-1/2*n*p*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^2-1/2*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2 + 2np \log(c(bx^n)^p) + 2 \log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{4x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^3, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p] + 2*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2)/x^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\
 & \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2742} \\
 & np \int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2741} \\
 & np \left(-\frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2} - \frac{np}{4x^2} \right) - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^2 + n*p*(-1/4*(n*p)/x^2 - Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/(2*x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1))/(d*(m + 1)^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2742

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*
(p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)
*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
parallelsch	$-\frac{p^2 n^2 + 2 \ln(c(b x^n)^p) n p + 2 \ln(c(b x^n)^p)^2}{4 x^2}$	42

input

```
int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4/x^2*(p^2*n^2+2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)*n*p+2*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2n^2p^2 \log(x)^2 + n^2p^2 + 2np^2 \log(b) + 2p^2 \log(b)^2 + 2(np + 2p \log(b)) \log(c) + 2 \log(c)^2 + 2(n^2p^2)}{4x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(2*n^2*p^2*log(x)^2 + n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p^2*log(b) + 2*p^2*log(b)^2 + 2*(n*p + 2*p*log(b))*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2 + 2*(n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p^2*log(b) + 2*n*p*log(c))*log(x))/x^2
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2}{4x^2} - \frac{np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/x**3,x)
```

output

```
-n**2*p**2/(4*x**2) - n*p*log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/(2*x**2) - log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/(2*x**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2}{4x^2} - \frac{np \log((bx^n)^p c)}{2x^2} - \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)^2}{2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*n^2*p^2/x^2 - 1/2*n*p*log((b*x^n)^p*c)/x^2 - 1/2*log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2/x^2
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2 \log(x)^2}{2x^2} - \frac{(n^2 p^2 + 2np^2 \log(b) + 2np \log(c)) \log(x)}{2x^2} - \frac{n^2 p^2 + 2np^2 \log(b) + 2p^2 \log(b)^2 + 2np \log(c) + 4p \log(b) \log(c) + 2 \log(c)^2}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*n^2*p^2*log(x)^2/x^2 - 1/2*(n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p^2*log(b) + 2*n*p*log(c))*log(x)/x^2 - 1/4*(n^2*p^2 + 2*n*p^2*log(b) + 2*p^2*log(b)^2 + 2*n*p*log(c) + 4*p*log(b)*log(c) + 2*log(c)^2)/x^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{2x^2} - \frac{n^2 p^2}{4x^2} - \frac{np \ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{2x^2}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3,x)`

output `- log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/(2*x^2) - (n^2*p^2)/(4*x^2) - (n*p*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/(2*x^2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2\log(x^{np}b^pc)^2 - 2\log(x^{np}b^pc)np - n^2p^2}{4x^2}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3,x)`output `(- 2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**2 - 2*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)*n*p - n**2*p**2)/(4*x**2)`

3.242 $\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1780
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1780
Rubi [A] (verified)	1781
Maple [A] (verified)	1782
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1782
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1783
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1783
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1784
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1784
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2n^2p^2}{27x^3} - \frac{2np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{9x^3} - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}$$

output

$$-2/27*n^2*p^2/x^3-2/9*n*p*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)/x^3-1/3*\ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^3$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2n^2p^2}{27x^3} - \frac{2np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{9x^3} - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^4,x]
```

output

$$(-2*n^2*p^2)/(27*x^3) - (2*n*p*\text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p])/(9*x^3) - \text{Log}[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/(3*x^3)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\
 & \int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2742} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}np \int \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2741} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}np \left(-\frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3} - \frac{np}{9x^3} \right) - \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]^2/x^3 + (2*n*p*(-1/9*(n*p)/x^3 - Log[c*(b*x^n)^p]/(3*x^3)))/3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2742

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*
(p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)
*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
parallelrisc	$-\frac{2p^2n^2+6\ln(cx^n)^p np+9\ln(cx^n)^{p^2}}{27x^3}$	43

input

```
int(ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/27/x^3*(2*p^2*n^2+6*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)*n*p+9*ln(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{9n^2p^2 \log(x)^2 + 2n^2p^2 + 6np^2 \log(b) + 9p^2 \log(b)^2 + 6(np + 3p \log(b)) \log(c) + 9 \log(c)^2 + 6(n^2p^2)}{27x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/27*(9*n^2*p^2*\log(x)^2 + 2*n^2*p^2 + 6*n*p^2*\log(b) + 9*p^2*\log(b)^2 + 6*(n*p + 3*p*\log(b))*\log(c) + 9*\log(c)^2 + 6*(n^2*p^2 + 3*n*p^2*\log(b) + 3*n*p*\log(c))*\log(x))/x^3}$$
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2n^2p^2}{27x^3} - \frac{2np \log(c(bx^n)^p)}{9x^3} - \frac{\log(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{3x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(ln(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/x**4,x)
```

output

$$-2*n**2*p**2/(27*x**3) - 2*n*p*\log(c*(b*x**n)**p)/(9*x**3) - \log(c*(b*x**n)**p)**2/(3*x**3)$$
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2n^2p^2}{27x^3} - \frac{2np \log((bx^n)^p c)}{9x^3} - \frac{\log((bx^n)^p c)^2}{3x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-2/27*n^2*p^2/x^3 - 2/9*n*p*\log((b*x^n)^p*c)/x^3 - 1/3*\log((b*x^n)^p*c)^2/x^3$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 95 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{n^2 p^2 \log(x)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2(n^2 p^2 + 3np^2 \log(b) + 3np \log(c)) \log(x)}{9x^3} - \frac{2n^2 p^2 + 6np^2 \log(b) + 9p^2 \log(b)^2 + 6np \log(c) + 18p \log(b) \log(c) + 9 \log(c)^2}{27x^3}$$

input `integrate(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*n^2*p^2*log(x)^2/x^3 - 2/9*(n^2*p^2 + 3*n*p^2*log(b) + 3*n*p*log(c))*log(x)/x^3 - 1/27*(2*n^2*p^2 + 6*n*p^2*log(b) + 9*p^2*log(b)^2 + 6*n*p*log(c) + 18*p*log(b)*log(c) + 9*log(c)^2)/x^3`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\ln(c(bx^n)^p)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2n^2 p^2}{27x^3} - \frac{2np \ln(c(bx^n)^p)}{9x^3}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^4,x)`

output `- log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/(3*x^3) - (2*n^2*p^2)/(27*x^3) - (2*n*p*log(c*(b*x^n)^p))/(9*x^3)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\log^2(c(bx^n)^p)}{x^4} dx = \frac{-9\log(x^{np}b^pc)^2 - 6\log(x^{np}b^pc)np - 2n^2p^2}{27x^3}$$

input `int(log(c*(b*x^n)^p)^2/x^4,x)`output `(- 9*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)**2 - 6*log(x**(n*p)*b**p*c)*n*p - 2*n**2*p**2)/
(27*x**3)`

3.243 $\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$

Optimal result	1786
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1787
Rubi [A] (verified)	1787
Maple [B] (verified)	1789
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1790
Sympy [F]	1791
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1791
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1792
Mupad [F(-1)]	1793
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1793

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx = -\frac{6b^3m^3n^3(ex)^{1+q}}{e(1+q)^4} + \frac{6b^2m^2n^2(ex)^{1+q}(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{e(1+q)^3} - \frac{3bmn(ex)^{1+q}(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^2}{e(1+q)^2} + \frac{(ex)^{1+q}(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^3}{e(1+q)}$$

output

```
-6*b^3*m^3*n^3*(e*x)^(1+q)/e/(1+q)^4+6*b^2*m^2*n^2*(e*x)^(1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/e/(1+q)^3-3*b*m*n*(e*x)^(1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2/e/(1+q)^2+(e*x)^(1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3/e/(1+q)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(ex)^q \left((a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 - \frac{3bmn((1+q)^2(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 + 2bmn(bmn - (1+q)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)))}{(1+q)^3} \right)}{1+q}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^3,x]`

output `(x*(e*x)^q*((a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^3 - (3*b*m*n*((1 + q)^2*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2 + 2*b*m*n*(b*m*n - (1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))))/(1 + q)^3)/(1 + q)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2895$$

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 2742$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3}{e(q+1)} - \frac{3bmn \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx}{q+1}$$

$$\downarrow 2742$$

$$\frac{\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3}{e(q+1)} - \frac{3bmn \left(\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2}{e(q+1)} - \frac{2bmn \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx}{q+1} \right)}{q+1}}{q+1}$$

↓ 2741

$$\frac{\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3}{e(q+1)} - \frac{3bmn \left(\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2}{e(q+1)} - \frac{2bmn \left(\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{e(q+1)} - \frac{bmn(ex)^{q+1}}{e(q+1)^2} \right)}{q+1} \right)}{q+1}}{q+1}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^3,x]`

output `((e*x)^(1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^3)/(e*(1 + q)) - (3*b*m*n*(((e*x)^(1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2)/(e*(1 + q)) - (2*b*m*n*(-((b*m*n*(e*x)^(1 + q))/(e*(1 + q)^2)) + ((e*x)^(1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(e*(1 + q)))))/(1 + q)))/(1 + q)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2742 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^p*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_)])*(b_.))^(p_.)
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 676 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 13.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 677, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

method	result
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) a b^2 m n q^2 + 12x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) a b^2 m n q + 3x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n)^2 b^3 m n q^2 - 6x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) b^3}{(e*x)^q * (a + b * \ln(c * (d*x^m)^n))^3}$

input

```
int((e*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(6*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a*b^2*m*n*q^2+12*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*
*b^2*m*n*q+3*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*b^3*m*n*q^2-6*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x
^m)^n)*b^3*m^2*n^2*q+6*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*b^3*m*n*q-6*x*(e*x)^q*a
*b^2*m^2*n^2*q+3*x*(e*x)^q*a^2*b*m*n*q^2+6*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a*b^2
*m*n+6*x*(e*x)^q*a^2*b*m*n*q-x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^3*b^3*q^3+6*x*(e*x)
^q*b^3*m^3*n^3-3*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^3*b^3*q^2-b^3*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^3
*(e*x)^q*x-x*(e*x)^q*a^3*q^3-3*x*(e*x)^q*a^3*q^2-3*x*(e*x)^q*a^3*q-3*x*(e
*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^3*b^3*q-3*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*a*b^2-3*x*(e*x)
^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a^2*b-x*(e*x)^q*a^3-3*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*a*b^2
*q^3-6*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*b^3*m^2*n^2-9*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2
*a*b^2*q^2+3*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*b^3*m*n-3*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^
n)*a^2*b*q^3-6*x*(e*x)^q*a*b^2*m^2*n^2-9*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*a*b^2
*q-9*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a^2*b*q^2-9*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a^2*b
*q+3*x*(e*x)^q*a^2*b*m*n)/(q^2+2*q+1)/(1+q)^2
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**3,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx \\ &= -\frac{3a^2be^qmnxx^q}{(q+1)^2} + \frac{(ex)^{q+1}b^3\log((dx^m)^nc)^3}{e(q+1)} \\ &+ 6\left(\frac{e^qm^2n^2xx^q}{(q+1)^3} - \frac{e^qmnxx^q\log((dx^m)^nc)}{(q+1)^2}\right)ab^2 \\ &- 3\left(\frac{e^qmnxx^q\log((dx^m)^nc)^2}{(q+1)^2} + \frac{2\left(\frac{e^{q+1}m^2n^2xx^q}{(q+1)^3} - \frac{e^{q+1}mnxx^q\log((dx^m)^nc)}{(q+1)^2}\right)mn}{e(q+1)}\right)b^3 \\ &+ \frac{3(ex)^{q+1}ab^2\log((dx^m)^nc)^2}{e(q+1)} + \frac{3(ex)^{q+1}a^2b\log((dx^m)^nc)}{e(q+1)} + \frac{(ex)^{q+1}a^3}{e(q+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3*a^2*b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q/(q + 1)^2 + (e*x)^(q + 1)*b^3*log((d*x^m)^n*c)^3/(e*(q + 1)) + 6*(e^q*m^2*n^2*x*x^q/(q + 1)^3 - e^q*m*n*x*x^q*log((d*x^m)^n*c))/(q + 1)^2*a*b^2 - 3*(e^q*m*n*x*x^q*log((d*x^m)^n*c)^2/(q + 1)^2 + 2*(e^(q + 1)*m^2*n^2*x*x^q/(q + 1)^3 - e^(q + 1)*m*n*x*x^q*log((d*x^m)^n*c)/(q + 1)^2)*m*n/(e*(q + 1))*b^3 + 3*(e*x)^(q + 1)*a*b^2*log((d*x^m)^n*c)^2/(e*(q + 1)) + 3*(e*x)^(q + 1)*a^2*b*log((d*x^m)^n*c)/(e*(q + 1)) + (e*x)^(q + 1)*a^3/(e*(q + 1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1857 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1857, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.76

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

b^3*e^q*m^3*n^3*q^3*x*x^q*log(x)^3/(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) + 3*b^3*
*e^q*m^3*n^3*q^2*x*x^q*log(x)^3/(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) - 3*b^3*e^
q*m^3*n^3*q^2*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m
^2*n^3*q^2*x*x^q*log(d)*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m^3*n
^3*q*x*x^q*log(x)^3/(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) - 6*b^3*e^q*m^3*n^3*q*
x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^2*q^2*x*x
^q*log(c)*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 6*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^3*q*x*x^q*log
(d)*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + b^3*e^q*m^3*n^3*x*x^q*log(x)^3/(q^4
+ 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) + 6*b^3*e^q*m^3*n^3*q*x*x^q*log(x)/(q^4 + 4*q^
3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) - 6*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^3*q*x*x^q*log(d)*log(x)/(q^3 + 3*q^
2 + 3*q + 1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m*n^3*q*x*x^q*log(d)^2*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) - 3
*b^3*e^q*m^3*n^3*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) + 3*a*b^2*
e^q*m^2*n^2*q^2*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 6*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^2
*q*x*x^q*log(c)*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^3*x*x^q
*log(d)*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 6*b^3*e^q*m^3*n^3*x*x^q*log(x)/
(q^4 + 4*q^3 + 6*q^2 + 4*q + 1) - 6*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^2*q*x*x^q*log(c)*log(x)/
(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) - 6*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^3*x*x^q*log(d)*log(x)/(q^3 + 3*q
^2 + 3*q + 1) + 6*b^3*e^q*m*n^2*q*x*x^q*log(c)*log(d)*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q +
1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m*n^3*x*x^q*log(d)^2*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + 6*a*b^2*e^q*m
^2*n^2*q*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 3*b^3*e^q*m^2*n^2*x*x...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3,x)`

output `int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 522, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^q e^q x (3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c)^2 a b^2 q^3 + \log(x^{mn} d^n c)^3 b^3 q^3 + 9 \log(x^{mn} d^n c)^2 a b^2 q^2 + 9 \log(x^{mn} d^n c)^2 a b^2 q - 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^2 q^3 + 9 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^2 q^2 + 9 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^2 q + 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^2 - 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^3 m^n q^2 - 6 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^3 m^n q - 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^2 b^3 m^n + 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^3 q^3 + 9 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^3 q^2 + 9 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^3 q + 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 q^3 + 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 q^2 + 3 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 q - 6 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 q^2 - 12 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 m^n q - 6 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 m^n q + 6 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 n^2 q + 6 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a^3 m^2 b^2 n^2 q^2 + a^3 m^3 q^3 + 3 a^3 m^3 q^2 + 3 a^3 m^3 q + a^3 - 3 a^3 m^2 b^3 m^n q^2 - 6 a^3 m^2 b^3 m^n q - 3 a^3 m^2 b^3 m^n + 6 a^3 m^2 b^3 n^2 q + 6 a^3 m^2 b^3 n^2 q^2 - 6 b^3 m^3 n^2 q - 6 b^3 m^3 n^2 q^2) / (q^4 + 4 q^3 + 6 q^2 + 4 q + 1)}$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^3,x)`

output `(x**q*e**q*x*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**3*b**3*q**3 + 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**3*b**3*q**2 + 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**3*b**3*q + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**3*b**3 + 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*a*b**2*q**3 + 9*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*a*b**2*q**2 + 9*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*a*b**2*q + 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*a*b**2 - 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*b**3*m*n*q**2 - 6*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*b**3*m*n*q - 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*b**3*m*n + 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a**2*b*q**3 + 9*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a**2*b*q**2 + 9*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a**2*b*q + 3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a**2*b - 6*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b**2*m*n*q**2 - 12*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b**2*m*n*q - 6*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b**2*m*n + 6*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**3*m**2*n**2*q + 6*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**3*m**2*n**2 q^2 + a**3*q**3 + 3*a**3*q**2 + 3*a**3*q + a**3 - 3*a**2*b**3*m*n*q**2 - 6*a**2*b**3*m*n*q - 3*a**2*b**3*m*n + 6*a**2*b**3*n**2*q + 6*a**2*b**3*n**2 q^2 - 6*b**3*m**3*n**2 q - 6*b**3*m**3*n**2 q^2)/(q**4 + 4*q**3 + 6*q**2 + 4*q + 1)`

3.244 $\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$

Optimal result	1794
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1794
Rubi [A] (verified)	1795
Maple [B] (verified)	1796
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1797
Sympy [F]	1797
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1798
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1798
Mupad [F(-1)]	1800
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1800

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx = \frac{2b^2m^2n^2(ex)^{1+q}}{e(1+q)^3} - \frac{2bmn(ex)^{1+q} (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{e(1+q)^2} + \frac{(ex)^{1+q} (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^2}{e(1+q)}$$

output

$2*b^2*m^2*n^2*(e*x)^(1+q)/e/(1+q)^3-2*b*m*n*(e*x)^(1+q)*(a+b*\ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/e/(1+q)^2+(e*x)^(1+q)*(a+b*\ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2/e/(1+q)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx = \frac{x(ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^2}{1 + q} - \frac{2bmnx^{-q}(ex)^q \left(-\frac{bmnx^{1+q}}{(1+q)^2} + \frac{x^{1+q}(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{1+q} \right)}{1 + q}$$

input

`Integrate[(e*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(x*(e*x)^q*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2)/(1 + q) - (2*b*m*n*(e*x)^q*(-((b*m*n*x^(1 + q))/(1 + q)^2) + (x^(1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(1 + q)))/(1 + q)*x^q}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {2895, 2742, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2742} \\ & \frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2}{e(q+1)} - \frac{2bmn \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx}{q+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2741} \\ & \frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2}{e(q+1)} - \frac{2bmn \left(\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{e(q+1)} - \frac{bmn(ex)^{q+1}}{e(q+1)^2} \right)}{q+1} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^q*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^(1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2)/(e*(1 + q)) - (2*b*m*n*(-((b*m*n*x^(1 + q))/(e*(1 + q)^2)) + ((e*x)^(1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(e*(1 + q))))/(1 + q)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(
m + 1)/(d*(m + 1)^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2742

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbo
l] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^p/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(
p/(m + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

method	result
paralelrisch	$-\frac{2x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) b^2 mnq + 2x(ex)^q abmnq + 2x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) b^2 mn - 4x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) abq + 2x(ex)^q abmn - x(e$

input

```
int((e*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(2*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*b^2*m*n*q+2*x*(e*x)^q*a*b*m*n*q+2*x*(e*x)^q*
ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*b^2*m*n-4*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a*b*q+2*x*(e*x)^q*a*b*
m*n-x*(e*x)^q*a^2*q^2-2*x*(e*x)^q*a^2*q-x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*b^2-x*
(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)^2*b^2*q^2-2*x*(e*x)^q*b^2*m^2*n^2-2*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c
*(d*x^m)^n)^2*b^2*q-2*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*a*b-2*x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^
m)^n)*a*b*q^2-x*(e*x)^q*a^2)/(q^2+2*q+1)/(1+q)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.20

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2q^2 + 2b^2q + b^2)x \log(c)^2 + (b^2n^2q^2 + 2b^2n^2q + b^2n^2)x \log(d)^2 + (b^2m^2n^2q^2 + 2b^2m^2n^2q + b^2m^2n^2))}{(q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b^2*q^2 + 2*b^2*q + b^2)*x*log(c)^2 + (b^2*n^2*q^2 + 2*b^2*n^2*q + b^2*n^2)*x*log(d)^2 + (b^2*m^2*n^2*q^2 + 2*b^2*m^2*n^2*q + b^2*m^2*n^2)*x*log(x)^2 - 2*(b^2*m*n - a*b*q^2 - a*b + (b^2*m*n - 2*a*b)*q)*x*log(c) + (2*b^2*m^2*n^2 - 2*a*b*m*n + a^2*q^2 + a^2 - 2*(a*b*m*n - a^2)*q)*x + 2*((b^2*n*q^2 + 2*b^2*n*q + b^2*n)*x*log(c) - (b^2*m*n^2 - a*b*n*q^2 - a*b*n + (b^2*m*n^2 - 2*a*b*n)*q)*x)*log(d) + 2*((b^2*m*n*q^2 + 2*b^2*m*n*q + b^2*m*n)*x*log(c) + (b^2*m*n^2*q^2 + 2*b^2*m*n^2*q + b^2*m*n^2)*x*log(d) - (b^2*m^2*n^2 - a*b*m*n*q^2 - a*b*m*n + (b^2*m^2*n^2 - 2*a*b*m*n)*q)*x)*log(x))*e^(q*log(e) + q*log(x))/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**2, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx = -\frac{2abe^q m n x x^q}{(q+1)^2} + 2 \left(\frac{e^q m^2 n^2 x x^q}{(q+1)^3} - \frac{e^q m n x x^q \log((dx^m)^n c)}{(q+1)^2} \right) b^2 + \frac{(ex)^{q+1} b^2 \log((dx^m)^n c)^2}{e(q+1)} + \frac{2(ex)^{q+1} ab \log((dx^m)^n c)}{e(q+1)} + \frac{(ex)^{q+1} a^2}{e(q+1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*a*b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q/(q+1)^2 + 2*(e^q*m^2*n^2*x*x^q/(q+1)^3 - e^q*m*n*x*x^q*log((d*x^m)^n*c)/(q+1)^2)*b^2 + (e*x)^(q+1)*b^2*log((d*x^m)^n*c)^2/(e*(q+1)) + 2*(e*x)^(q+1)*a*b*log((d*x^m)^n*c)/(e*(q+1)) + (e*x)^(q+1)*a^2/(e*(q+1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 576 vs. $2(93) = 186$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.19

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx = & \frac{b^2 e^q m^2 n^2 q^2 x x^q \log(x)^2}{q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1} + \frac{2 b^2 e^q m^2 n^2 q x x^q \log(x)^2}{q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1} \\
 & - \frac{2 b^2 e^q m^2 n^2 q x x^q \log(x)}{q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{2 b^2 e^q m n^2 q x x^q \log(d) \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 e^q m^2 n^2 x x^q \log(x)^2}{q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1} - \frac{2 b^2 e^q m^2 n^2 x x^q \log(x)}{q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{2 b^2 e^q m n q x x^q \log(c) \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{2 b^2 e^q m n^2 x x^q \log(d) \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} + \frac{2 b^2 e^q m^2 n^2 x x^q}{q^3 + 3q^2 + 3q + 1} \\
 & - \frac{2 b^2 e^q m n^2 x x^q \log(d)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} + \frac{2 a b e^q m n q x x^q \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{2 b^2 e^q m n x x^q \log(c) \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} - \frac{2 b^2 e^q m n x x^q \log(c)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{(ex)^q b^2 n^2 x \log(d)^2}{q + 1} + \frac{2 a b e^q m n x x^q \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \\
 & - \frac{2 a b e^q m n x x^q}{q^2 + 2q + 1} + \frac{2 (ex)^q b^2 n x \log(c) \log(d)}{q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{(ex)^q b^2 x \log(c)^2}{q + 1} + \frac{2 (ex)^q a b n x \log(d)}{q + 1} \\
 & + \frac{2 (ex)^q a b x \log(c)}{q + 1} + \frac{(ex)^q a^2 x}{q + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

b^2*e^q*m^2*n^2*q^2*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 2*b^2*e^q*m^2
*n^2*q*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) - 2*b^2*e^q*m^2*n^2*q*x*x^q*
log(x)/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 2*b^2*e^q*m*n^2*q*x*x^q*log(d)*log(x)/(q^
2 + 2*q + 1) + b^2*e^q*m^2*n^2*x*x^q*log(x)^2/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) - 2*
b^2*e^q*m^2*n^2*x*x^q*log(x)/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) + 2*b^2*e^q*m*n*q*x*x
^q*log(c)*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + 2*b^2*e^q*m*n^2*x*x^q*log(d)*log(x)/(q^
2 + 2*q + 1) + 2*b^2*e^q*m^2*n^2*x*x^q/(q^3 + 3*q^2 + 3*q + 1) - 2*b^2*e^q
*m*n^2*x*x^q*log(d)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + 2*a*b*e^q*m*n*q*x*x^q*log(x)/(q^2 +
2*q + 1) + 2*b^2*e^q*m*n*x*x^q*log(c)*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) - 2*b^2*e^q*m
*n*x*x^q*log(c)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + (e*x)^q*b^2*n^2*x*log(d)^2/(q + 1) + 2*a
*b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) - 2*a*b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q/(q^2 + 2*q +
1) + 2*(e*x)^q*b^2*n*x*log(c)*log(d)/(q + 1) + (e*x)^q*b^2*x*log(c)^2/(q
+ 1) + 2*(e*x)^q*a*b*n*x*log(d)/(q + 1) + 2*(e*x)^q*a*b*x*log(c)/(q + 1) +
(e*x)^q*a^2*x/(q + 1)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^q e^q x (\log(x^{mn} d^n c)^2 b^2 q^2 + 2 \log(x^{mn} d^n c)^2 b^2 q + \log(x^{mn} d^n c)^2 b^2 + 2 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a b q^2 + 4 \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a b q + a^2 b^2 q^2 + 2 a^2 b^2 q + a^2 b^2)}{q^2 + 2q + 1}$$

input

```
int((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{2q} e^{2q \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c)} (2b^2 q^2 + 2 \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c))^{2b^2 q} + \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c)^{2b^2} + 2 \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c) a b q^2 + 4 \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c) a b q + 2 \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c) a b - 2 \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c) b^2 m^n q - 2 \log(x^{m^n} d^{n^2} c) b^2 m^n + a^2 q^2 + 2 a^2 q + a^2 - 2 a b m^n q - 2 a b m^n + 2 b^2 m^2 n^2)) / (q^3 + 3 q^2 + 3 q + 1)$$

3.245 $\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)) dx$

Optimal result	1802
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1802
Rubi [A] (verified)	1803
Maple [A] (verified)	1804
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1804
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1805
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1806
Mupad [F(-1)]	1807
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1807

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)) dx = -\frac{bmn(ex)^{1+q}}{e(1+q)^2} + \frac{(ex)^{1+q} (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{e(1+q)}$$

output `-b*m*n*(e*x)^(1+q)/e/(1+q)^2+(e*x)^(1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/e/(1+q)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)) dx = \frac{x(ex)^q (a - bmn + aq + b(1+q) \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{(1+q)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]),x]`

output `(x*(e*x)^q*(a - b*m*n + a*q + b*(1 + q)*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(1 + q)^2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {2895, 2741}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2895$$

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2741$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{q+1} (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{e(q+1)} - \frac{bmn(ex)^{q+1}}{e(q+1)^2}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]),x]`

output `-((b*m*n*(e*x)^(1 + q))/(e*(1 + q)^2)) + ((e*x)^(1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(e*(1 + q))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2741 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*((d*x)^(m + 1))/(d*(m + 1)^2), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*(u_.), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) bq + x(ex)^q bmn - x(ex)^q \ln(c(dx^m)^n) b - x(ex)^q aq - a(ex)^q x}{q^2 + 2q + 1}$	82

input `int((e*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*b*q+x*(e*x)^q*b*m*n-x*(e*x)^q*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)*b-x*(e*x)^q*a*q-a*(e*x)^q*x)/(q^2+2*q+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx$$

$$= \frac{((bq + b)x \log(c) + (bnq + bn)x \log(d) + (bmnq + bmn)x \log(x) - (bmn - aq - a)x)e^{(q \log(e) + q \log(x))}}{q^2 + 2q + 1}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b*q + b)*x*log(c) + (b*n*q + b*n)*x*log(d) + (b*m*n*q + b*m*n)*x*log(x) - (b*m*n - a*q - a)*x)*e^(q*log(e) + q*log(x))/(q^2 + 2*q + 1)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx \\
&= a \left(\begin{array}{l} 0^q x \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(ex)^{q+1}}{q+1} \quad \text{for } q \neq -1 \\ \log(ex) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{\quad}{e} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
&\quad - bmn \left(\begin{array}{l} 0^q x \quad \text{for } (e = 0 \wedge q \neq -1) \vee e = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(ex)^{q+1}}{q+1} \quad \text{for } q \neq -1 \\ \log(x) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{\quad}{eq+e} \quad \text{for } q > -\infty \wedge q < \infty \wedge q \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(ex)^2}{2e} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \\
&\quad + b \left(\begin{array}{l} 0^q x \quad \text{for } e = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(ex)^{q+1}}{q+1} \quad \text{for } q \neq -1 \\ \log(ex) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ \frac{\quad}{e} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) \log(c(dx^m)^n)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n)),x)`

output `a*Piecewise((0**q*x, Eq(e, 0)), (Piecewise(((e*x)**(q + 1)/(q + 1), Ne(q, -1)), (log(e*x), True))/e, True)) - b*m*n*Piecewise((0**q*x, Eq(e, 0) | (Eq(e, 0) & Ne(q, -1))), (Piecewise(((e*x)**(q + 1)/(q + 1), Ne(q, -1)), (log(x), True))/(e*q + e), (q > -oo) & (q < oo) & Ne(q, -1)), (log(e*x)**2/(2*e), True)) + b*Piecewise((0**q*x, Eq(e, 0)), (Piecewise(((e*x)**(q + 1)/(q + 1), Ne(q, -1)), (log(e*x), True))/e, True))*log(c*(d*x**m)**n)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx = -\frac{be^q m n x x^q}{(q+1)^2} + \frac{(ex)^{q+1} b \log((dx^m)^n c)}{e(q+1)} + \frac{(ex)^{q+1} a}{e(q+1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q/(q + 1)^2 + (e*x)^(q + 1)*b*log((d*x^m)^n*c)/(e*(q + 1))
+ (e*x)^(q + 1)*a/(e*(q + 1))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx = \frac{be^q m n q x x^q \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} + \frac{be^q m n x x^q \log(x)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} - \frac{be^q m n x x^q}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \\ + \frac{(ex)^q b n x \log(d)}{q + 1} + \frac{(ex)^q b x \log(c)}{q + 1} + \frac{(ex)^q a x}{q + 1}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*e^q*m*n*q*x*x^q*log(x)/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q*log(x)/(q^2 + 2
*q + 1) - b*e^q*m*n*x*x^q/(q^2 + 2*q + 1) + (e*x)^q*b*n*x*log(d)/(q + 1) +
(e*x)^q*b*x*log(c)/(q + 1) + (e*x)^q*a*x/(q + 1)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n)) dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x)`

output `int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) dx \\ &= \frac{x^q e^q x (\log(x^{mn} d^n c) b q + \log(x^{mn} d^n c) b + a q + a - b m n)}{q^2 + 2q + 1} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x)`

output `(x**q*e**q*x*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b*q + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a*q + a - b*m*n))/(q**2 + 2*q + 1)`

3.246 $\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$

Optimal result	1808
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1808
Rubi [A] (verified)	1809
Maple [F]	1810
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1810
Sympy [F]	1811
Maxima [F]	1811
Giac [F]	1812
Mupad [F(-1)]	1812
Reduce [F]	1812

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{a(1+q)}{bmn}} (ex)^{1+q} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1+q}{mn}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{bmn}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+q)*Ei((1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)/b/e/exp(a*(1+q)/b/m/n)/m/n/((c*(d*x^m)^n)^((1+q)/m/n))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{(1+q)(a-bmn \log(x)+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}} x^{-q} (ex)^q \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{bmn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^q/(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(e*x)^q * \text{ExpIntegralEi}[\frac{(1+q)*(a+b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])}{b*m*n}]}{(b*m*n) * \text{E}^{\frac{(1+q)*(a-b*m*n*\text{Log}[x]+b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])}{b*m*n}} * m*n*x^q}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {2895, 2747, 2609}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2747} \\ & \frac{(ex)^{q+1} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{q+1}{mn}} \int \frac{(c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{q+1}{mn}}}{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} d \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{emn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2609} \\ & \frac{(ex)^{q+1} e^{-\frac{a(q+1)}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{q+1}{mn}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{(q+1)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{bemn} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^q/(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n]), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(e*x)^{(1+q)} * \text{ExpIntegralEi}[\frac{(1+q)*(a+b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])}{b*m*n}]}{(b*m*n) * \text{E}^{\frac{(1+q)*(a-b*m*n*\text{Log}[x]+b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])}{b*m*n}} * m*n*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^{\frac{(1+q)}{m*n}})}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2609 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)))/d)*ExpIntegralEi[f*g*(c + d*x)*(Log[F]/d)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2747 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^((m + 1)/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n)*x)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_)))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)])^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)])^p, x]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x)`

output `int((e*x)^q/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{Ei}\left(\frac{aq + (bq+b)\log(c) + (bnq+bn)\log(d) + (bmnq+bm n)\log(x) + a}{bmn}\right) e^{\left(\frac{bmnq\log(e) - aq - (bq+b)\log(c) - (bnq+bn)\log(d) - a}{bmn}\right)}}{bmn}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Ei((a*q + (b*q + b)*log(c) + (b*n*q + b*n)*log(d) + (b*m*n*q + b*m*n)*log(x) + a)/(b*m*n))*e^((b*m*n*q*log(e) - a*q - (b*q + b)*log(c) - (b*n*q + b*n)*log(d) - a)/(b*m*n))/(b*m*n)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**q/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n)),x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**q/(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^q/(b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^q/(b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n)} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q/(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x)`

output `int((e*x)^q/(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx = e^q \left(\int \frac{x^q}{\log(x^{mn}d^nc) b + a} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n)),x)`

output `e**q*int(x**q/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a),x)`

3.247
$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1813
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1813
Rubi [A] (verified)	1814
Maple [F]	1816
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1816
Sympy [F]	1816
Maxima [F]	1817
Giac [F]	1817
Mupad [F(-1)]	1817
Reduce [F]	1818

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{a(1+q)}{bmn}} (1 + q)(ex)^{1+q} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1+q}{mn}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{b^2em^2n^2}$$

$$- \frac{(ex)^{1+q}}{bemn(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}$$

output

```
(1+q)*(e*x)^(1+q)*Ei((1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)/b^2/e/exp(a*(1+q)/b/m/n)/m^2/n^2/((c*(d*x^m)^n)^((1+q)/m/n)-(e*x)^(1+q)/b/e/m/n/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n)))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^q \left(e^{-\frac{(1+q)(a-bmn \log(x)+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}} (1 + q)x^{-q} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) - \frac{bmnx}{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} \right)}{b^2m^2n^2}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^q/(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((e*x)^q*((1 + q)*ExpIntegralEi[((1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(b*m*n)])/(E^(((1 + q)*(a - b*m*n*Log[x] + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(b*m*n))*x^q) - (b*m*n*x)/(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(b^2*m^2*n^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {2895, 2743, 2747, 2609}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2895 \\ & \int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2743 \\ & \frac{(q+1) \int \frac{(ex)^q}{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} dx}{bmn} - \frac{(ex)^{q+1}}{bemn(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2747 \\ & \frac{(q+1)(ex)^{q+1} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{q+1}{mn}} \int \frac{(c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{q+1}{mn}}}{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)} d \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bem^2n^2} - \frac{(ex)^{q+1}}{bemn(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2609 \\ & \frac{(q+1)(ex)^{q+1} e^{-\frac{a(q+1)}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{q+1}{mn}} \text{ExpIntegralEi}\left(\frac{(q+1)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{b^2em^2n^2} - \frac{(ex)^{q+1}}{bemn(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^q/(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^2,x]`

output `((1 + q)*(e*x)^(1 + q)*ExpIntegralEi[((1 + q)*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(b*m*n)]/(b^2*e*E^((a*(1 + q))/(b*m*n))*m^2*n^2*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^((1 + q)/(m*n))) - (e*x)^(1 + q)/(b*e*m*n*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2609 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(F^(g*(e - c*(f/d)))/d)*ExpIntegralEi[f*g*(c + d*x)*(Log[F]/d)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && !TrueQ[$UseGamma]`

rule 2743 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1)/(b*d*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(m + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(d*x)^m*(a + b*Log[c*x^n])^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 2747 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^((m + 1)/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n)*x)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*(u_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)])^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)])^p, x]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x)`

output `int((e*x)^q/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx = \frac{bmnxe^{(q \log(e) + q \log(x))} - (aq + (bq + b) \log(c) + (bnq + bn) \log(d) + (bmnq + bmn) \log(x) + a) \operatorname{Ei}\left(\frac{aq - (bq + b) \log(c) - (bnq + bn) \log(d) - (bmnq + bmn) \log(x) + a}{b^3 m^3 n^3 \log(x) + b^3 m^2 n^3 \log(d) + b^3 m^2 n^2 \log(c) + a b^2 m^2 n^2}\right)}{b^3 m^3 n^3 \log(x) + b^3 m^2 n^3 \log(d) + b^3 m^2 n^2 \log(c) + a b^2 m^2 n^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*m*n*x*e^(q*log(e) + q*log(x)) - (a*q + (b*q + b)*log(c) + (b*n*q + b*n)*log(d) + (b*m*n*q + b*m*n)*log(x) + a)*Ei((a*q + (b*q + b)*log(c) + (b*n*q + b*n)*log(d) + (b*m*n*q + b*m*n)*log(x) + a)/(b*m*n))*e^((b*m*n*q*log(e) - a*q - (b*q + b)*log(c) - (b*n*q + b*n)*log(d) - a)/(b*m*n)))/(b^3*m^3*n^3*log(x) + b^3*m^2*n^3*log(d) + b^3*m^2*n^2*log(c) + a*b^2*m^2*n^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**q/(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**2,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**q/(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `e^q*(q + 1)*integrate(x^q/(b^2*m*n*log((x^m)^n) + a*b*m*n + (m*n^2*log(d) + m*n*log(c))*b^2), x) - e^q*x*x^q/(b^2*m*n*log((x^m)^n) + a*b*m*n + (m*n^2*log(d) + m*n*log(c))*b^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^q/(b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q/(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x)`

output `int((e*x)^q/(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(ex)^q}{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^2} dx = e^q \left(\int \frac{x^q}{\log(x^{mn}d^nc)^2 b^2 + 2 \log(x^{mn}d^nc) ab + a^2} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^q/(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^2,x)`

output `e**q*int(x**q/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)**2*b**2 + 2*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.248 $\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	1819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1819
Rubi [A] (verified)	1820
Maple [F]	1821
Fricas [F]	1821
Sympy [F]	1822
Maxima [F(-2)]	1822
Giac [F]	1822
Mupad [F(-1)]	1823
Reduce [F]	1823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{a(1+q)}{bmn}} (ex)^{1+q} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1+q}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{e(1 + q)}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+q)*GAMMA(p+1, -(1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/e/exp(a*(1+q)/b/m/n)/(1+q)/((c*(d*x^m)^n)^((1+q)/m/n))/((-1+q)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{(1+q)(a-bmn \log(x)+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}} x^{-q} (ex)^q \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{(1+q)(a+b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{1 + q}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^q*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p,x]
```


output

$$\frac{((e*x)^q * \text{Gamma}[1 + p, -(((1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n)])/(b*m*n))]) * (a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p}{(E^{(((1 + q)*(a - b*m*n*\text{Log}[x] + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n))}) * (1 + q) * x^q * (-(((1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n))))^p}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$, Rules used = {2895, 2747, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2747} \\ & \frac{(ex)^{q+1} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{q+1}{mn}} \int (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{q+1}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p d \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{emn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\ & \frac{(ex)^{q+1} e^{-\frac{a(q+1)}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{q+1}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{(q+1)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{(q+1)(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{e(q+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e*x)^q*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^{(1 + q)} * \text{Gamma}[1 + p, -(((1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n)])/(b*m*n))]) * (a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p}{(e * E^{((a*(1 + q))/(b*m*n))}) * (1 + q) * (c*(d*x^m)^n)^{((1 + q)/(m*n))} * (-(((1 + q)*(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n))))^p}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2612 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2747 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^((m + 1)/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n
)*x)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_
)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^q (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^q*(b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**q*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^q (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^q*(b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^q (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^q*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^q (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^q \left(x^q (\log(x^{mn} d^n c) b + a)^p a x + \left(\int \frac{x^q (\log(x^{mn} d^n c) b + a)^p \log(x^{mn} d^n c)}{\log(x^{mn} d^n c) a b q + \log(x^{mn} d^n c) a b + \log(x^{mn} d^n c) b^2 m n p + a^2 q + a^2 + a b m n p} dx \right) a b^2 m n p q \right)}{1}$$

input `int((e*x)^q*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

output `(e**q*(x**q*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*x + int((x**q*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b*q + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + a**2*q + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p*q + int((x**q*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b*q + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + a**2*q + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p + int((x**q*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b*q + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + a**2*q + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*b**3*m**2*n**2*p**2))/(a*q + a + b*m*n*p)`

3.249 $\int x^2(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	1824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1824
Rubi [A] (verified)	1825
Maple [F]	1826
Fricas [F]	1826
Sympy [F]	1827
Maxima [F(-2)]	1827
Giac [F]	1827
Mupad [F(-1)]	1828
Reduce [F]	1828

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int x^2(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = 3^{-1-p} e^{-\frac{3a}{bmn}} x^3 (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{3}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{3(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) \left(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)\right)^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}$$

output

```
3^(-1-p)*x^3*GAMMA(p+1, (-3*a-3*b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/exp(3*a/b/m/n)/((c*(d*x^m)^n)^(3/m/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = 3^{-1-p} e^{-\frac{3a}{bmn}} x^3 (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{3}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{3(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) \left(a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)\right)^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p,x]`

output `(3^(-1 - p)*x^3*Gamma[1 + p, (-3*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(b*m*n)]*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p)/(E^((3*a)/(b*m*n))*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^(3/(m*n))*(-(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n)))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2895, 2747, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\
 & \int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2747} \\
 & \frac{x^3(c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{3}{mn}} \int (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{3}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p d \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{mn} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & 3^{-p-1} x^3 e^{-\frac{3a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{3}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{3(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p,x]`

output `(3^(-1 - p)*x^3*Gamma[1 + p, (-3*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(b*m*n)]*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p)/(E^((3*a)/(b*m*n))*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^(3/(m*n))*(-(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n)))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2612

```
Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]]*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2747

```
Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^((m + 1)/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n)
)*x)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_
)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p*x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p, x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int x^2(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p a x^3 + 3 \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^nc)x^2}{3 \log(x^{mn}d^nc)ab + \log(x^{mn}d^nc)b^2 mnp + 3a^2 + abmnp} dx \right) a b^2 mnp + \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^nc)x^2}{3 \log(x^{mn}d^nc)ab + \log(x^{mn}d^nc)b^2 mnp + 3a^2 + abmnp} dx \right) b^3 m^2 n^2}{b m n p + 3 a}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`output `((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*x**3 + 3*int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*x**2)/(3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p + int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*x**2)/(3*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + 3*a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*b**3*m**2*n**2*p**2)/(3*a + b*m*n*p)`

3.250 $\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	1829
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1829
Rubi [A] (verified)	1830
Maple [F]	1831
Fricas [F]	1831
Sympy [F]	1832
Maxima [F(-2)]	1832
Giac [F]	1832
Mupad [F(-1)]	1833
Reduce [F]	1833

Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = 2^{-1-p} e^{-\frac{2a}{bmn}} x^2 (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{2}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}$$

output

```
2^(-1-p)*x^2*GAMMA(p+1, (-2*a-2*b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/exp(2*a/b/m/n)/((c*(d*x^m)^n)^(2/m/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = 2^{-1-p} e^{-\frac{2a}{bmn}} x^2 (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{2}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p, x]`

output $(2^{-1-p} x^{2p} \Gamma[1+p, (-2(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d x^m)^n]))/(b m n)] * (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d x^m)^n])^p) / (E^{((2a)/(b m n))} * (c(d x^m)^n)^{(2/(m n))} * (-(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d x^m)^n])/(b m n)))^p$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {2895, 2747, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 2895$$

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 2747$$

$$\frac{x^2 (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{2}{mn}} \int (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{2}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p d \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{mn}$$

$$\downarrow 2612$$

$$2^{-p-1} x^2 e^{-\frac{2a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{2}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, -\frac{2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p, x]`

output $(2^{-1-p} x^{2p} \Gamma[1+p, (-2(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d x^m)^n]))/(b m n)] * (a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d x^m)^n])^p) / (E^{((2a)/(b m n))} * (c(d x^m)^n)^{(2/(m n))} * (-(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(d x^m)^n])/(b m n)))^p$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2612 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2747 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^((m + 1)/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n)
)*x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_
)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p*x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int x(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p a x^2 + 2 \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^nc)x}{2 \log(x^{mn}d^nc)ab + \log(x^{mn}d^nc)b^2 mnp + 2a^2 + abmnp} dx \right) a b^2 mnp + \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^nc)x}{2 \log(x^{mn}d^nc)ab + \log(x^{mn}d^nc)b^2 mnp + 2a^2 + abmnp} dx \right) a b^2 mnp}{b m n p + 2 a}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`output `((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*x**2 + 2*int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*x)/(2*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p + int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*x)/(2*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + 2*a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*b**3*m**2*n**2*p**2)/(2*a + b*m*n*p)`

3.251 $\int (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	1834
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1834
Rubi [A] (verified)	1835
Maple [F]	1836
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1836
Sympy [F]	1837
Maxima [F(-2)]	1837
Giac [F]	1838
Mupad [F(-1)]	1838
Reduce [F]	1838

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = e^{-\frac{a}{bmn}} x (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}$$

output

```
x*GAMMA(p+1, -(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/exp(a/b/m/n)/((c*(d*x^m)^n)^(1/m/n))/((-a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = e^{-\frac{a}{bmn}} x (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, -\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p, x]
```

output

```
(x*Gamma[1 + p, -((a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n))]*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p)/(E^(a/(b*m*n))*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^(1/(m*n))*(-(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n)))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {2895, 2737, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx \\
 \downarrow 2895 \\
 \int (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p dx \\
 \downarrow 2737 \\
 \frac{x(c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1}{mn}} \int (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{1}{mn}} (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p d \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{mn} \\
 \downarrow 2612 \\
 xe^{-\frac{a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1}{mn}} (a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(-\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn} \right)^{-p} \Gamma \left(p + 1, -\frac{a + b \log (c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*Gamma[1 + p, -((a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n))]*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p)/(E^(a/(b*m*n))*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^(1/(m*n))*(-(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(b*m*n)))^p)
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2612

```
Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]]*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2737

```
Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x/(n*(c*x
^n)^(1/n)) Subst[Int[E^(x/n)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_
)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = e^{\left(\frac{bmnp \log\left(-\frac{1}{bmn}\right) + bn \log(d) + b \log(c) + a}{bmn}\right)} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{bmnp \log(x) + bn \log(d) + b \log(c) + a}{bmn}\right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `e^(-(b*m*n*p*log(-1/(b*m*n)) + b*n*log(d) + b*log(c) + a)/(b*m*n))*gamma(p + 1, -(b*m*n*log(x) + b*n*log(d) + b*log(c) + a)/(b*m*n))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n)**p, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx = \int (a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^n c) b + a)^p a x + \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^n c) b + a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^n c)}{\log(x^{mn}d^n c) a b + \log(x^{mn}d^n c) b^2 m n p + a^2 + a b m n p} dx \right) a b^2 m n p + \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^n c) b + a)^p}{\log(x^{mn}d^n c) a b + \log(x^{mn}d^n c) b^2 m n p + a^2 + a b m n p} dx \right) b m n p + a}{b m n p + a}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p,x)`

output

```
((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*a*x + int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**  
p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b  
**2*m*n*p + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p + int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)  
*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b + log(x**(m*n)*  
d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p + a**2 + a*b*m*n*p),x)*b**3*m**2*n**2*p**2)/(a + b*m*n*  
p)
```

$$3.252 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1840
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1840
Rubi [A] (verified)	1841
Maple [A] (verified)	1842
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1842
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1843
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1843
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1844
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1844
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1844

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^{1+p}}{bmn(1+p)}$$

output $(a+b*\ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^{(p+1)}/b/m/n/(p+1)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^{1+p}}{bmn(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p/x,x]`

output $(a + b*\text{Log}[c*(d*x^m)^n])^{(1+p)}/(b*m*n*(1+p))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2895, 2739, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2895} \\
 \int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2739} \\
 \frac{\int (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p d(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn} \\
 \downarrow \text{15} \\
 \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^{p+1}}{bmn(p+1)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p/x,x]`

output `(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^(1 + p)/(b*m*n*(1 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2739 `Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(b*n) Subst[Int[x^p, x], x, a + b*Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_.) + Log[(c_.)*((d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))^(n_.)]*(b_.))^(p_.)
)*(u_.), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$\frac{(a+b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^{p+1}}{bmn(p+1)}$	34
default	$\frac{(a+b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^{p+1}}{bmn(p+1)}$	34
parallelsch	$-\frac{\ln(c(dx^m)^n)(a+b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p b^2 - (a+b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p ab}{mn(p+1)b^2}$	69

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^(p+1)/b/m/n/(p+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bmn \log(x) + bn \log(d) + b \log(c) + a)(bmn \log(x) + bn \log(d) + b \log(c) + a)^p}{bmn p + bmn}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b*m*n*log(x) + b*n*log(d) + b*log(c) + a)*(b*m*n*log(x) + b*n*log(d) + b*
log(c) + a)^p/(b*m*n*p + b*m*n)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = - \begin{cases} -a^p \log(x) & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -(a + b \log(cd^m))^p \log(x) & \text{for } m = 0 \\ -(a + b \log(c))^p \log(x) & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \begin{cases} \frac{(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p/x,x)`output `-Piecewise((-a**p*log(x), Eq(b, 0)), (-a + b*log(c*d**m))**p*log(x), Eq(m, 0)), (-a + b*log(c))**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (-Piecewise(((a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n)), True))/(b*m*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = \frac{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^{p+1}}{bmn(p+1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^(p + 1)/(b*m*n*(p + 1))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = \frac{(bmn \log(x) + bn \log(d) + b \log(c) + a)^{p+1}}{bmn(p+1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*m*n*log(x) + b*n*log(d) + b*log(c) + a)^(p + 1)/(b*m*n*(p + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^{p+1}}{bmn(p+1)}$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x,x)`

output `(a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^(p + 1)/(b*m*n*(p + 1))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x} dx = \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)}{bmn(p+1)}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x,x)`

output `((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a))/(b*m*n*(p + 1))`

3.253 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1845
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1845
Rubi [A] (verified)	1846
Maple [F]	1847
Fricas [F]	1847
Sympy [F]	1848
Maxima [F(-2)]	1848
Giac [F]	1848
Mupad [F(-1)]	1849
Reduce [F]	1849

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = - \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{1}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}}{x}$$

output

```
-exp(a/b/m/n)*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^(1/m/n)*GAMMA(p+1,(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)
*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x/(((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = - \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{1}{mn}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p}}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{E^{a/(bmn)}(c(dx^m)^n)^{1/(mn)}\Gamma[1+p, (a+b\log[c(dx^m)^n])]/(bmn)}{(bmn)}\right)^p \frac{1}{x((a+b\log[c(dx^m)^n])/(bmn))^p}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2895, 2747, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b\log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\ & \int \frac{(a+b\log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2747} \\ & \frac{(c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{1}{mn}} \int (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{1}{mn}} (a+b\log(c(dx^m)^n))^p d\log(c(dx^m)^n)}{mnx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\ & \frac{e^{\frac{a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{1}{mn}} (a+b\log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b\log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p+1, \frac{a+b\log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)}{x} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a+b\log[c(dx^m)^n])^p/x^2,x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{E^{a/(bmn)}(c(dx^m)^n)^{1/(mn)}\Gamma[1+p, (a+b\log[c(dx^m)^n])]/(bmn)}{(bmn)}\right)^p \frac{1}{x((a+b\log[c(dx^m)^n])/(bmn))^p}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2612

```
Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]]*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2747

```
Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^(m + 1/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n)
)*x]*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2895

```
Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_
)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p/x**2, x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p a - \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b+a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^nc)}{\log(x^{mn}d^nc)abx^2 - \log(x^{mn}d^nc)b^2mnp x^2 + a^2x^2 - abmnp x^2} dx \right) a b^2 m n p x + \left(\int \frac{1}{\log(x^{mn}d^nc)} dx \right) x (-b m n p + a)}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2,x)`output `(- (log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*a - int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)*
*p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**(m*n)*d**
n*c)*b**2*m*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*m*n*p*x**2),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p*x + int
(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(log(x**(m*n)*d**n
*c)*a*b*x**2 - log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p*x**2 + a**2*x**2 - a*b*m*n*
p*x**2),x)*b**3*m**2*n**2*p**2*x)/(x*(a - b*m*n*p))`

3.254 $\int \frac{(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1850
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1850
Rubi [A] (verified)	1851
Maple [F]	1852
Fricas [F]	1852
Sympy [F]	1853
Maxima [F(-2)]	1853
Giac [F]	1853
Mupad [F(-1)]	1854
Reduce [F]	1854

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{2^{-1-p} e^{\frac{2a}{bm}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{2}{m}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{2(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bm}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bm}\right)^{-p}}{x^2}$$

output

```
-2^(-1-p)*exp(2*a/b/m/n)*(c*(d*x^m)^n)^(2/m/n)*GAMMA(p+1,2*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^2/(((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/b/m/n)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{2^{-1-p} e^{\frac{2a}{bm}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{2}{m}} \Gamma\left(1 + p, \frac{2(a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bm}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(\frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bm}\right)^{-p}}{x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])^p/x^3,x]
```

output

$$-\left(2^{-1-p} E^{\left(\frac{2a}{bmn}\right)} \left(c(dx^m)^n\right)^{\frac{2}{mn}} \Gamma[1+p, (2(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(dx^m)^n])) / (bmn)] \right) / (x^2 \left((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(dx^m)^n]) / (bmn)\right)^p)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$, Rules used = {2895, 2747, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2895

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2747

$$\frac{(c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{2}{mn}} \int (c(dx^m)^n)^{-\frac{2}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p d \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{mnx^2}$$

↓ 2612

$$\frac{2^{-p-1} e^{\frac{2a}{bmn}} (c(dx^m)^n)^{\frac{2}{mn}} (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p \left(\frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{bmn}\right)^{-p} \Gamma\left(p + 1, \frac{2(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{bmn}\right)}{x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(dx^m)^n])^p / x^3, x]$$

output

$$-\left(2^{-1-p} E^{\left(\frac{2a}{bmn}\right)} \left(c(dx^m)^n\right)^{\frac{2}{mn}} \Gamma[1+p, (2(a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(dx^m)^n])) / (bmn)] \right) / (x^2 \left((a + b \operatorname{Log}[c(dx^m)^n]) / (bmn)\right)^p)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2612 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2747 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol
] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*n*(c*x^n)^((m + 1)/n)) Subst[Int[E^(((m + 1)/n
)*x)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, Log[c*x^n]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_))^(n_)])*(b_)^(p_
)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x],
c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[
IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p/x**3, x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))**p/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: In function CAR, the value of the first argument is 0 which is not of the expected type LIST`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p a - 2 \left(\int \frac{(\log(x^{mn}d^nc)b + a)^p \log(x^{mn}d^nc)}{2 \log(x^{mn}d^nc) ab x^3 - \log(x^{mn}d^nc) b^2 mnp x^3 + 2a^2 x^3 - abmnp x^3} dx \right) a b^2 mnp x^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{2 \log(x^{mn}d^nc)} dx \right) a b^2 mnp x^2 + 2a}{x^2 (-bmnp + 2a)}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))^p/x^3,x)`output `(- (log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*a - 2*int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(2*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*m*n*p*x**3),x)*a*b**2*m*n*p*x**2 + int(((log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b + a)**p*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c))/(2*log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*a*b*x**3 - log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)*b**2*m*n*p*x**3 + 2*a**2*x**3 - a*b*m*n*p*x**3),x)*b**3*m**2*n**2*p**2*x**2)/(x**2*(2*a - b*m*n*p))`

3.255 $\int \frac{a+b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e+fx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1855
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1855
Rubi [C] (verified)	1856
Maple [F]	1858
Fricas [F]	1858
Sympy [F]	1858
Maxima [F(-2)]	1859
Giac [F]	1859
Mupad [F(-1)]	1859
Reduce [F]	1860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{bmn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{f}} + \frac{bmn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{f}}$$

output

```
arctan(f^(1/2)*x/e^(1/2))*(a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/e^(1/2)/f^(1/2)-1/2*b*m*n*
polylog(2,-f^(1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)+1/2*b*m*n*polylog(2,f^(
1/2)*x/(-e)^(1/2))/(-e)^(1/2)/f^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \frac{-\left((a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)) \left(\log\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right) - \log\left(1 + \frac{e\sqrt{fx}}{(-e)^{3/2}}\right)\right)\right) + bmn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right) - bmn \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{-e}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{f}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(e + f*x^2),x]`

output `(-((a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])*(Log[1 + (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]] - Log[1 + (e*Sqrt[f]*x)/(-e)^(3/2)])) + b*m*n*PolyLog[2, (Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[-e]] - b*m*n*PolyLog[2, (e*Sqrt[f]*x)/(-e)^(3/2)])/(2*Sqrt[-e]*Sqrt[f])`

Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.208$, Rules used = {2895, 2761, 27, 5355, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2895} \\
 & \int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2761} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - bmn \int \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{fx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{bmn \int \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{x} dx}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5355} \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) (a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{bmn \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)}{x} dx - \frac{1}{2}i \int \frac{\log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}} + 1\right)}{x} dx \right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)(a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n))}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}} - \frac{bmn\left(\frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -\frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, \frac{i\sqrt{fx}}{\sqrt{e}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{e}\sqrt{f}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n])/(e + f*x^2), x]`

output `(ArcTan[(Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]*(a + b*Log[c*(d*x^m)^n]))/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f]) - (b*m*n*((I/2)*PolyLog[2, ((-I)*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2, (I*Sqrt[f]*x)/Sqrt[e]]))/(Sqrt[e]*Sqrt[f])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2761 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*(x_)^(n_)])*(b_)/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := With[{u = IntHide[1/(d + e*x^2), x]}, Simp[u*(a + b*Log[c*x^n]), x] - Simp[b*n Int[u/x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 2895 `Int[((a_) + Log[(c_)*((d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(m_))^(n_))* (b_)]^(p_))*(u_), x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x], c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n), c*(d*(e + f*x)^m)^n /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && !(EqQ[d, 1] && EqQ[m, 1]) && IntegralFreeQ[IntHide[u*(a + b*Log[c*d^n*(e + f*x)^(m*n)]]^p, x]`

rule 5355 `Int[((a_) + ArcTan[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)/ (x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] + (Simp[I*(b/2) Int[Log[1 - I*c*x]/x, x] - Simp[I*(b/2) Int[Log[1 + I*c*x]/x, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n)}{fx^2 + e} dx$$

input `int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(f*x^2+e),x)`

output `int((a+b*ln(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(f*x^2+e),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a}{fx^2 + e} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(f*x^2+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)/(f*x^2 + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*ln(c*(d*x**m)**n))/(f*x**2+e),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*log(c*(d*x**m)**n))/(e + f*x**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(f*x^2+e),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(e>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{b \log((dx^m)^n c) + a}{fx^2 + e} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(f*x^2+e),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*log((d*x^m)^n*c) + a)/(f*x^2 + e), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \int \frac{a + b \ln(c(dx^m)^n)}{fx^2 + e} dx$$

input `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(e + f*x^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(e + f*x^2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \log(c(dx^m)^n)}{e + fx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{f} \sqrt{e} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{fx}{\sqrt{f}\sqrt{e}}\right) a + \left(\int \frac{\log(x^{mn} d^n c)}{fx^2 + e} dx\right) b e f}{ef}$$

input `int((a+b*log(c*(d*x^m)^n))/(f*x^2+e),x)`

output `(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)*atan((f*x)/(sqrt(f)*sqrt(e)))*a + int(log(x**(m*n)*d**n*c)/(e + f*x**2),x)*b*e*f)/(e*f)`

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	1861
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	1879

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order of result is higher than in optimal."}
  ]
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
        If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
            Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
            If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
                Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
                9]]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
            convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
            convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```



```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

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def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

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    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

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else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

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    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```



```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file