

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

4-Trig-functions/4.2-Cosine/208-4.2.4.1

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3.164	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1250
3.165	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1255
3.166	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1260
3.167	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1265
3.168	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1270
3.169	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1276
3.170	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1281
3.171	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1286
3.172	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1291
3.173	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1296
3.174	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1302
3.175	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1307
3.176	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1312
3.177	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1318
3.178	$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1324
3.179	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1330
3.180	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1336
3.181	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1342
3.182	$\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1348
3.183	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1354
3.184	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1360
3.185	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1366
3.186	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	1371
3.187	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	1377
3.188	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	1383
3.189	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	1389
3.190	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1395
3.191	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1401
3.192	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1407
3.193	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1413
3.194	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1419

3.195	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1425
3.196	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1431
3.197	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1437
3.198	$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1443
3.199	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1450
3.200	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1457
3.201	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1464
3.202	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1471
3.203	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1478
3.204	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1486
3.205	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1494
3.206	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1502
3.207	$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1509
3.208	$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1517
3.209	$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1524
3.210	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1530
3.211	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1537
3.212	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1544
3.213	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx) (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1551
3.214	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx) (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1558
3.215	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx) (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1565
3.216	$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1572
3.217	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1579
3.218	$\int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1585
3.219	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1591
3.220	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1597
3.221	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1604
3.222	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1611
3.223	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1618
3.224	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1625
3.225	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1632
3.226	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1639
3.227	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1646
3.228	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1653

3.229	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1660
3.230	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1667
3.231	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1674
3.232	$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1681
3.233	$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1688
3.234	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1696
3.235	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1704
3.236	$\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1712
3.237	$\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a + b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1720
3.238	$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	1728
3.239	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1735
3.240	$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1744
3.241	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1753
3.242	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1762
3.243	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1771
3.244	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1779
3.245	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1788
3.246	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	1798
3.247	$\int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1809
3.248	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1818
3.249	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1827
3.250	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1836
3.251	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1844
3.252	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1852
3.253	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	1861
3.254	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	1871
3.255	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1881
3.256	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1890
3.257	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1899
3.258	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1908
3.259	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1916
3.260	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	1924
3.261	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	1933
3.262	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$	1942
3.263	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1952
3.264	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1961

3.265	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1970
3.266	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1979
3.267	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1987
3.268	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1996
3.269	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2007
3.270	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2017
3.271	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2028
3.272	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2037
3.273	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2046
3.274	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2055
3.275	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2063
3.276	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2071
3.277	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2081
3.278	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2091
3.279	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2101
3.280	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2110
3.281	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2119
3.282	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2128
3.283	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2136
3.284	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2145
3.285	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2154
3.286	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2164
3.287	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	2174
3.288	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2183
3.289	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2191
3.290	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2199
3.291	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2206
3.292	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2212
3.293	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2219

3.294	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2226
3.295	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2234
3.296	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2244
3.297	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2254
3.298	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2263
3.299	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2271
3.300	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2278
3.301	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2284
3.302	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2291
3.303	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2298
3.304	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2306
3.305	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2315
3.306	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2324
3.307	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2333
3.308	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2341
3.309	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2348
3.310	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2354
3.311	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2361
3.312	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2368
3.313	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2376
3.314	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{15}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2385
3.315	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2394
3.316	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2402
3.317	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2409
3.318	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2415
3.319	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2422
3.320	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2429



3.321	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2437
3.322	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2446
3.323	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2455
3.324	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2463
3.325	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2470
3.326	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2476
3.327	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2483
3.328	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2490
3.329	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2498
3.330	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2507
3.331	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2516
3.332	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2524
3.333	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2531
3.334	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2537
3.335	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2544
3.336	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2551
3.337	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2559
3.338	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2568
3.339	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2577
3.340	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2584
3.341	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	2591
3.342	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	2598
3.343	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	2605
3.344	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	2612
3.345	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2619
3.346	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2626
3.347	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	2633
3.348	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	2640
3.349	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	2647
3.350	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	2654

3.351	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2661
3.352	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2668
3.353	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2675
3.354	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2682
3.355	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2690
3.356	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2697
3.357	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2704
3.358	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2711
3.359	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2718
3.360	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2725
3.361	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2731
3.362	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2738
3.363	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2745
3.364	$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2752
3.365	$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2759
3.366	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2767
3.367	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	2775
3.368	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	2782
3.369	$\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2792
3.370	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2799
3.371	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2806
3.372	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2813
3.373	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	2820
3.374	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	2827
3.375	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	2834
3.376	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	2841
3.377	$\int \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2848
3.378	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	2855
3.379	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2862
3.380	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2870
3.381	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2878

3.382	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	2886
3.383	$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	2894
3.384	$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	2901
3.385	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	2908
3.386	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	2915
3.387	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	2922
3.388	$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	2929
3.389	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	2937
3.390	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	2945
3.391	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	2953
3.392	$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	2961
3.393	$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$	2969
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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ **393** ]. This is test number [ 208 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	99.75 ( 392 )	0.25 ( 1 )
Mathematica	98.98 ( 389 )	1.02 ( 4 )
Maple	60.56 ( 238 )	39.44 ( 155 )
Fricas	60.56 ( 238 )	39.44 ( 155 )
Maxima	30.28 ( 119 )	69.72 ( 274 )
Reduce	29.77 ( 117 )	70.23 ( 276 )
Mupad	19.08 ( 75 )	80.92 ( 318 )
Giac	18.07 ( 71 )	81.93 ( 322 )
Sympy	3.82 ( 15 )	96.18 ( 378 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

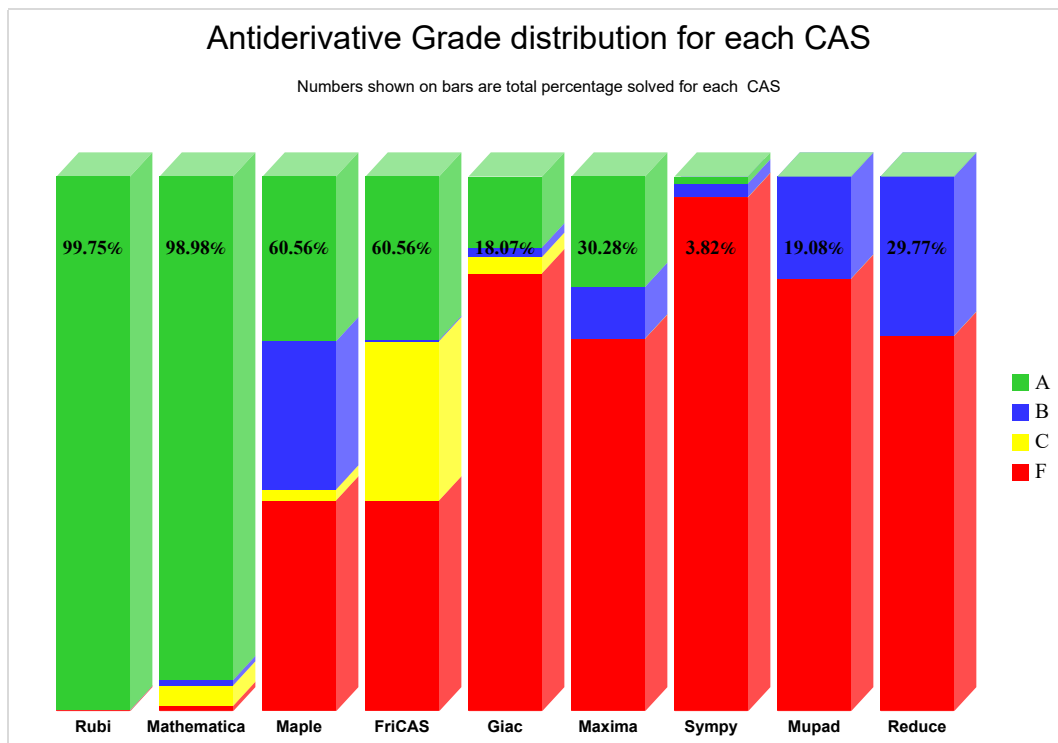
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	99.746	0.000	0.000	0.254
Mathematica	94.148	1.018	3.817	1.018
Maple	30.789	27.735	2.036	39.440
Fricas	30.534	0.254	29.771	39.440
Maxima	20.611	9.669	0.000	69.720
Giac	13.232	1.781	3.053	81.934
Sympy	1.272	2.545	0.000	96.183
Mupad	0.000	19.084	0.000	80.916
Reduce	0.000	29.771	0.000	70.229

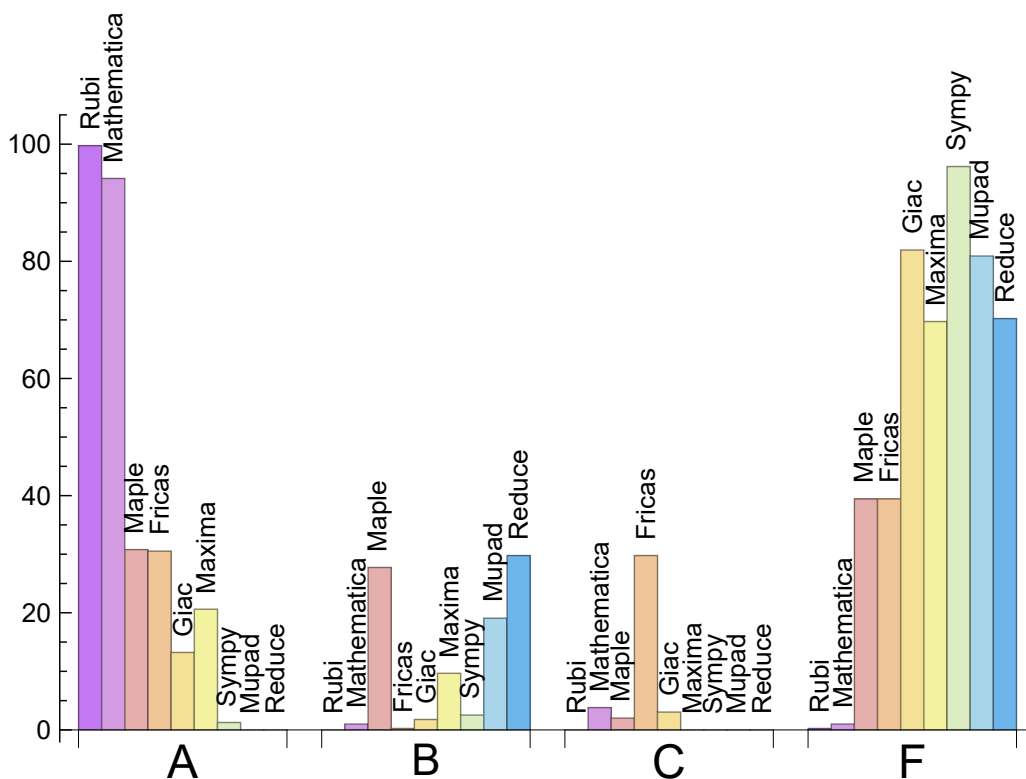
Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.





The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	1	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	4	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	155	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	155	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	274	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	276	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	318	0.00	100.00	0.00
Giac	322	85.09	0.00	14.91
Sympy	378	21.69	78.31	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

### 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Fricas	0.11
Reduce	0.18
Maxima	0.28
Giac	0.34
Rubi	0.50
Mathematica	0.97
Maple	4.42
Sympy	10.58
Mupad	25.98

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	94.19	1.00	84.00	0.86
Reduce	112.75	1.04	66.00	0.65
Rubi	124.56	0.93	115.00	1.01
Giac	136.55	2.09	94.00	1.11
Fricas	172.12	1.52	170.00	1.35
Sympy	191.47	2.94	184.00	2.10
Mathematica	213.17	1.21	91.00	0.76
Maple	233.94	1.99	192.00	1.53
Maxima	473.18	3.74	107.00	1.18

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

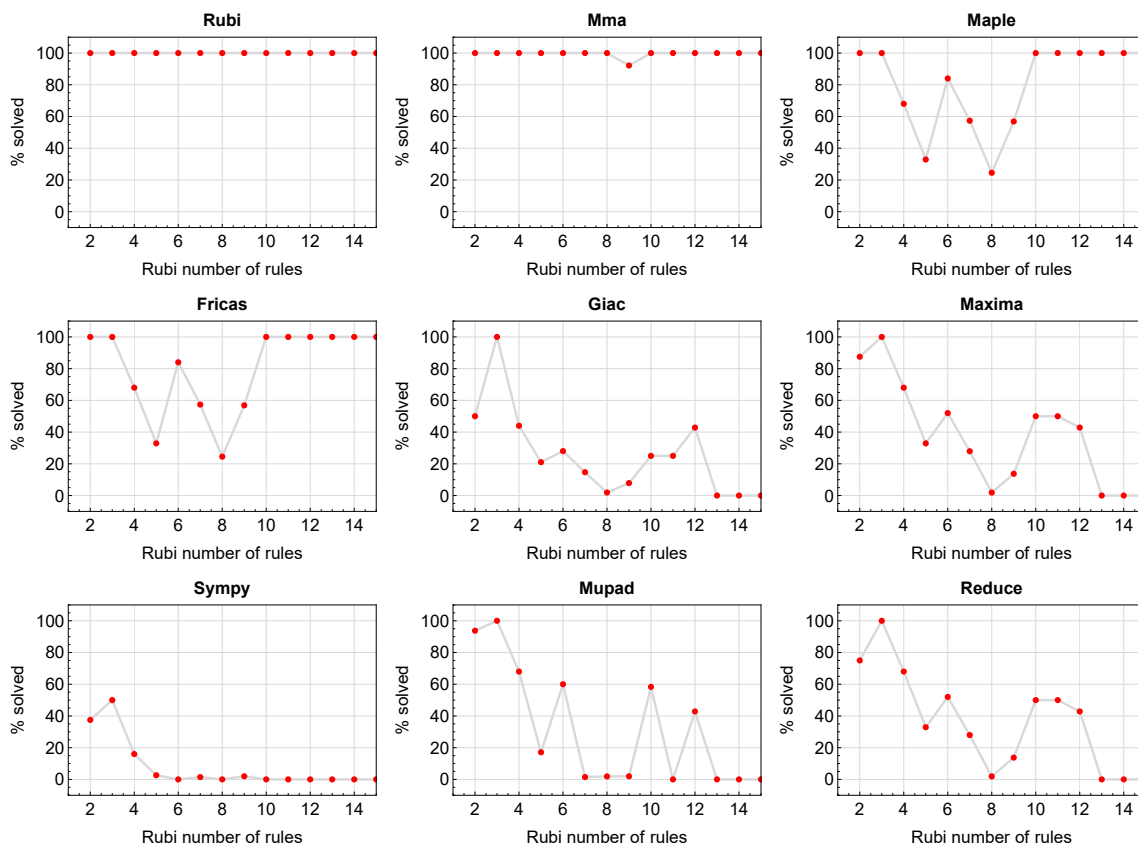


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

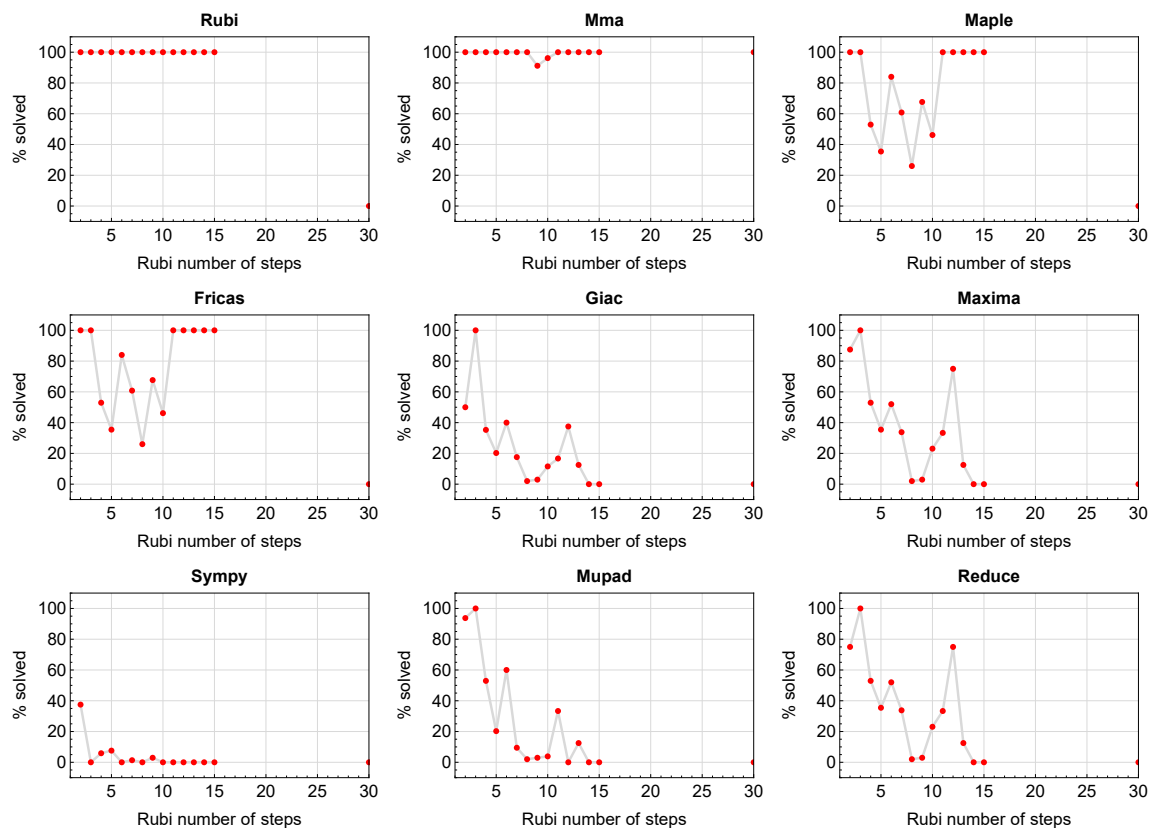


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

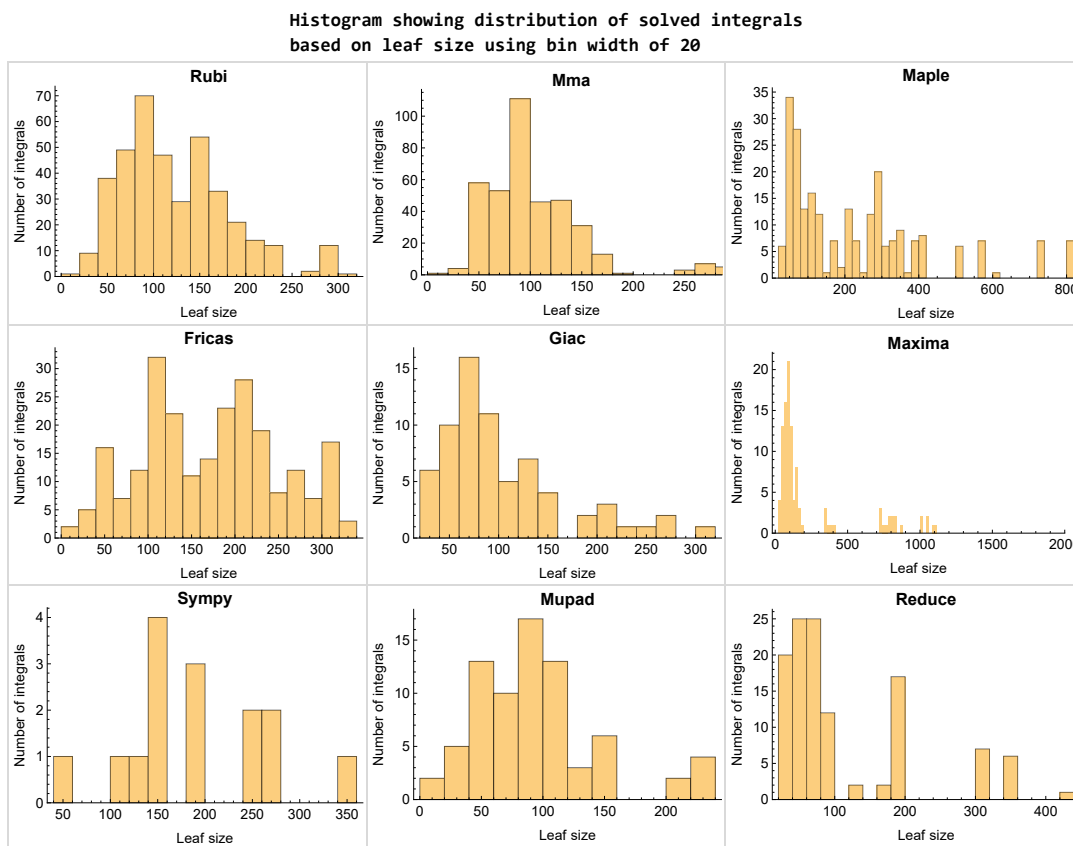


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

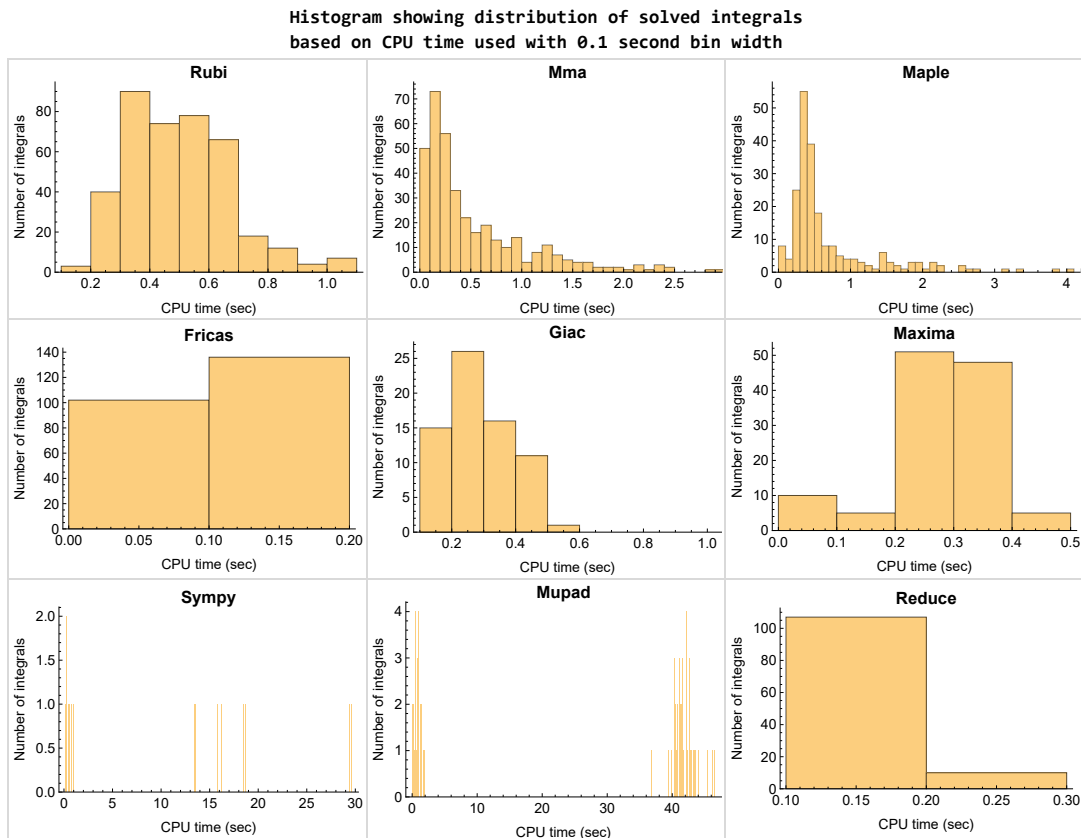


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

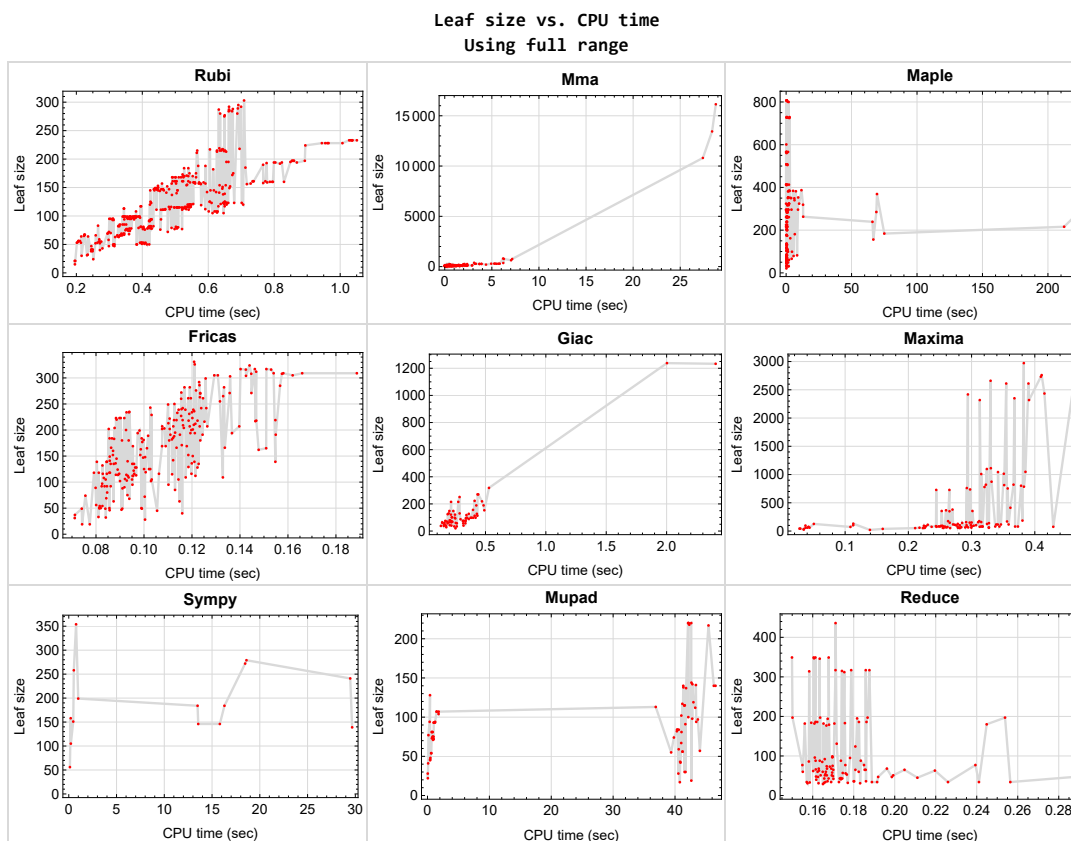


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range



## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {66, 67, 68, 76, 198, 199, 200, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 267, 268, 276, 283, 383, 388, 389, 390, 391, 393}

**Maple** {}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

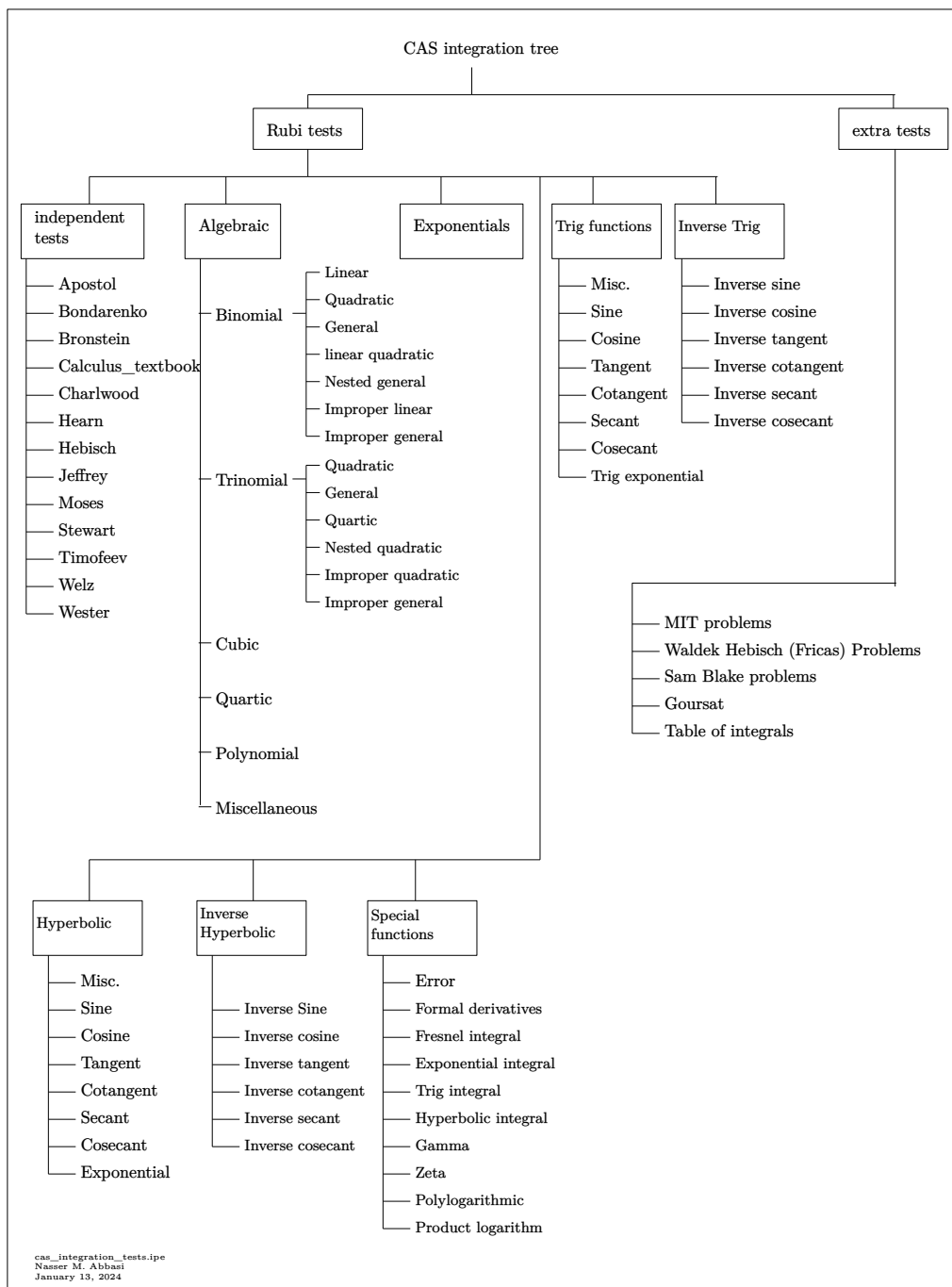
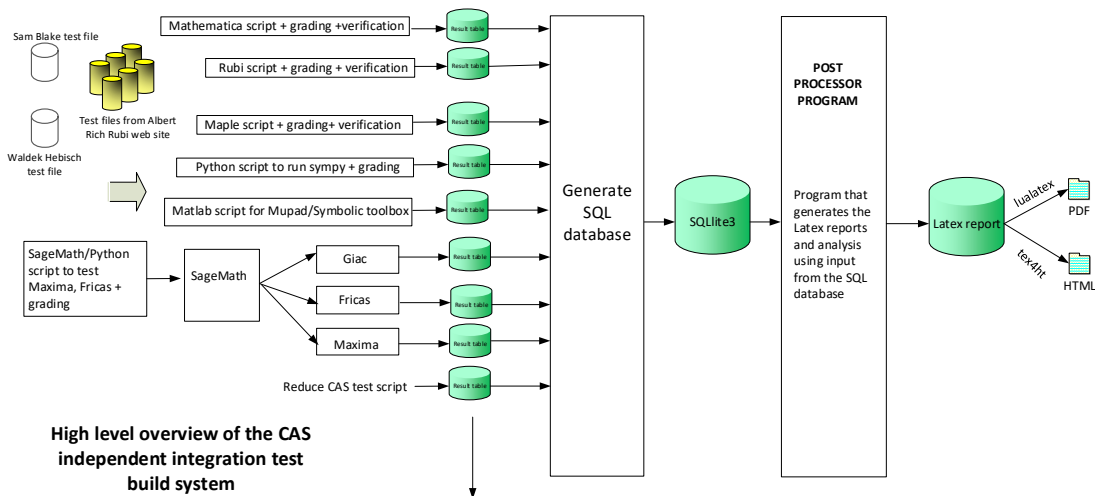


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	44
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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	36
Mma . . . . .	37
Maple . . . . .	38
Fricas . . . . .	38
Maxima . . . . .	39
Giac . . . . .	40
Mupad . . . . .	41
Sympy . . . . .	42
Reduce . . . . .	42

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 368 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## **Mma**

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 199, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 388, 389, 390, 391 }

**B grade** { 200, 208, 233, 393 }

**C grade** { 35, 36, 66, 67, 68, 76, 198, 232, 267, 268, 276, 283, 383, 384, 386 }

**F normal fail** { 202, 385, 387, 392 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 35, 36, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 271, 279, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338 }  
}

**B grade** { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287 }  
}

**C grade** { 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 }  
}

**F normal fail** { 34, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }  
}

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }  
}

**F(-2) exception fail** { }  
}

## Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 24, 25, 35, 36, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338 }  
}

**B grade** { 12 }

**C grade** { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287 }

**F normal fail** { 34, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335 }

**B grade** { 35, 36, 95, 96, 97, 104, 105, 106, 113, 114, 115, 121, 122, 123, 129, 130, 131, 137, 138, 139, 294, 295, 296, 303, 304, 305, 312, 313, 314, 320, 321, 322, 328, 329, 330, 336, 337, 338 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196,

197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }

**F(-1) timeout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

## Giac

**A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105, 107, 108, 111, 113, 288, 289, 290, 291, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 312, 313, 314 }**

**B grade { 35, 36, 97, 106, 109, 114, 115 }**

**C grade { 94, 103, 110, 112, 292, 293, 301, 302, 308, 309, 310, 311 }**

**F normal fail { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }**

**F(-1) timeout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323,**

324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338 }

## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19, 25, 35, 36, 65, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 112, 114, 116, 117, 118, 120, 122, 124, 125, 126, 128, 130, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 266, 288, 289, 290, 291, 297, 298, 299, 300, 306, 307, 308, 309, 315, 316, 317, 323, 324, 325, 331, 332, 333 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 93, 95, 97, 102, 104, 106, 111, 113, 115, 119, 121, 123, 127, 129, 131, 135, 137, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

**Sympy****A grade** { 92, 118, 290, 291, 317 }**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 35, 36, 91 }**C grade** { }**F normal fail** { 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 66, 67, 76, 77, 93, 119, 120, 128, 161, 162, 167, 168, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 185, 186, 193, 194, 198, 200, 201, 202, 204, 205, 206, 209, 210, 213, 214, 215, 216, 219, 220, 227, 228, 229, 232, 235, 236, 237, 238, 242, 267, 268, 276, 277, 292, 318, 319, 327, 354, 355, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 372, 373, 379, 380, 383, 385, 386, 387, 389, 390, 391 }**F(-1) timedout fail** { 8, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 183, 184, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 195, 196, 197, 199, 203, 207, 208, 211, 212, 217, 218, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 230, 231, 233, 234, 239, 240, 241, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 370, 371, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 381, 382, 384, 388, 392, 393 }**F(-2) exception fail** { }**Reduce****A grade** { }**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }



## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	83	133	82	75	80	199	93	95	74
N.S.	1	0.90	1.45	0.89	0.82	0.87	2.16	1.01	1.03	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.062	8.384	0.042	0.085	0.990	0.250	0.178	39.822

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	66	101	66	60	63	151	76	73	59
N.S.	1	0.92	1.40	0.92	0.83	0.88	2.10	1.06	1.01	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.040	4.259	0.040	0.087	0.469	0.321	0.168	40.597

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	47	71	49	43	45	105	57	51	43
N.S.	1	0.94	1.42	0.98	0.86	0.90	2.10	1.14	1.02	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.028	1.477	0.029	0.105	0.217	0.186	0.164	40.830

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	50	31	34	28	56	34	29	28
N.S.	1	1.00	1.67	1.03	1.13	0.93	1.87	1.13	0.97	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.216	0.047	0.429	0.035	0.100	0.119	0.242	0.165	0.046

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	35	30	38	40	0	40	42	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.25	1.58	1.67	0.00	1.67	1.75	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.048	0.237	0.159	0.116	0.000	0.218	0.170	0.059

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	48	55	58	72	0	60	177	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.38	1.45	1.80	0.00	1.50	4.42	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.041	0.332	0.037	0.100	0.000	0.254	0.167	0.107

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	68	93	85	97	95	0	98	312	77
N.S.	1	0.97	1.33	1.21	1.39	1.36	0.00	1.40	4.46	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.028	0.507	0.037	0.110	0.000	0.245	0.175	0.151

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	94	137	108	126	114	0	121	436	102
N.S.	1	0.96	1.40	1.10	1.29	1.16	0.00	1.23	4.45	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.457	0.041	0.770	0.051	0.093	0.000	0.214	0.171	41.023

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	111	93	79	130	85	354	87	131	119
N.S.	1	0.95	0.79	0.68	1.11	0.73	3.03	0.74	1.12	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.335	5.707	0.113	0.113	0.765	0.293	0.172	42.974

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	85	68	61	103	68	258	68	97	91
N.S.	1	0.96	0.76	0.69	1.16	0.76	2.90	0.76	1.09	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.202	2.205	0.113	0.094	0.527	0.226	0.170	41.676

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	59	45	44	73	49	158	43	63	67
N.S.	1	0.97	0.74	0.72	1.20	0.80	2.59	0.70	1.03	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.186	0.717	0.108	0.074	0.201	0.204	0.163	41.006

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	21	20	31	0	20	31	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.40	1.33	2.07	0.00	1.33	2.07	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.015	0.227	0.139	0.071	0.000	0.252	0.183	40.781

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	36	35	27	37	0	34	60	28
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.81	0.63	0.86	0.00	0.79	1.40	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.116	0.267	0.034	0.071	0.000	0.262	0.162	40.544

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	58	61	58	43	56	0	57	92	42
N.S.	1	0.89	0.94	0.89	0.66	0.86	0.00	0.88	1.42	0.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.252	0.374	0.028	0.080	0.000	0.263	0.166	40.886

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	70	81	78	60	74	0	79	124	56
N.S.	1	0.80	0.93	0.90	0.69	0.85	0.00	0.91	1.43	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.363	0.435	0.044	0.076	0.000	0.203	0.181	41.210

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	111	88	324	0	128	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.78	2.87	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.930	9.923	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	111	86	296	0	112	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.76	2.62	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.772	4.099	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	70	261	0	102	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	3.39	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.480	2.089	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	58	225	0	92	0	0	45	94
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	3.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.60	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.399	0.714	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.350

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	57	216	0	118	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	2.92	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.462	1.063	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	58	294	0	116	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	3.77	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.551	0.951	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	112	81	566	0	139	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.70	4.92	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.720	1.472	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	116	77	413	0	135	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	3.59	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.836	2.125	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	23	99	0	19	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	4.71	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.195	0.451	4.480	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.164	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	99	0	19	0	0	37	19
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.71	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	1.76	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.197	0.225	1.405	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.180	42.636

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	112	78	184	0	142	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.68	1.60	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	2.339	75.010	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	108	79	369	0	147	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.69	3.21	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.601	1.905	69.420	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	76	58	156	0	112	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.74	2.00	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	1.612	66.641	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	72	55	350	0	95	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.74	4.73	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	1.557	3.832	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	58	162	0	97	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.77	2.16	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	1.237	3.182	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	81	61	340	0	108	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	4.42	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.944	6.404	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000



Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	117	79	181	0	119	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.69	1.57	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	1.545	6.622	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	117	81	387	0	129	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.70	3.37	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.631	1.692	11.717	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	114	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.217	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	113	31	175	33	279	1238	78	30
N.S.	1	1.00	3.65	1.00	5.65	1.06	9.00	39.94	2.52	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.231	1.990	0.312	0.081	18.604	2.003	0.190	41.695

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	B	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	114	31	175	32	272	1233	76	30
N.S.	1	1.00	3.56	0.97	5.47	1.00	8.50	38.53	2.38	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.245	1.450	0.263	0.084	18.464	2.406	0.189	41.557

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	115	88	322	0	122	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	2.88	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.688	1.875	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	115	89	294	0	106	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	2.67	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.337	1.582	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	70	261	0	102	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	3.39	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	77	59	237	0	89	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	3.25	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.110	0.582	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	78	55	214	0	115	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.80	3.10	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.952	0.415	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	82	56	292	0	113	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.74	3.84	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.620	0.336	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	116	84	561	0	136	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	5.10	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.890	0.348	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	120	83	411	0	132	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.73	3.64	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	1.110	0.352	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	115	91	324	0	124	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.83	2.95	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.374	2.190	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.286	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	111	86	296	0	112	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.76	2.62	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.384	0.002	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	71	263	0	103	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.95	3.51	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.094	0.867	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	79	61	239	0	88	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.80	3.14	0.00	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.136	0.681	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	78	57	216	0	114	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.79	3.00	0.00	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.765	0.340	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.235	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	82	58	294	0	112	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.74	3.77	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.661	0.388	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	116	84	564	0	141	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.74	4.99	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.892	0.402	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	120	83	413	0	136	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.72	3.59	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	1.265	0.405	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	111	88	324	0	128	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.78	2.87	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.389	0.000	0.000	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	113	87	296	0	116	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.78	2.64	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.369	9.067	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	81	73	263	0	105	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.94	3.37	0.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.101	13.043	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	79	65	239	0	90	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.83	3.06	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.763	65.963	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	78	57	216	0	116	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.77	2.92	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.572	212.383	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	82	58	294	0	114	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.74	3.77	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.801	0.225	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	116	80	601	0	145	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.70	5.23	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	1.294	0.170	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	120	83	413	0	140	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.72	3.59	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	1.845	0.173	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	149	94	349	0	128	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.64	2.37	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	1.289	6.289	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	83	321	0	125	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	2.79	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	1.224	1.425	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	115	77	293	0	109	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.69	2.62	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.859	0.967	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000



Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	81	73	260	0	105	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.91	3.25	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.126	0.645	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	58	225	0	92	0	0	45	94
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	3.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.60	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.176	43.433

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	76	198	213	0	118	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.79	3.00	0.00	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	4.382	0.278	0.000	0.079	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	82	141	291	0	116	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.93	3.99	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	2.422	0.306	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	116	631	563	0	139	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	5.63	5.03	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	7.043	0.355	0.000	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	120	74	412	0	135	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.67	3.75	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.951	0.341	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	152	97	729	0	160	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.66	4.96	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.666	1.494	2.704	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	86	324	0	125	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	2.82	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	1.329	2.179	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	80	296	0	109	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	2.57	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	1.122	1.606	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	81	69	263	0	105	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.86	3.29	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.932	0.635	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.269	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	79	61	239	0	92	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.78	3.06	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.129	0.486	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	57	216	0	118	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	2.92	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	80	140	294	0	116	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.87	3.92	0.00	1.55	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	1.582	0.300	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.000	0.175	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	116	81	566	0	139	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.72	5.01	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.316	0.376	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	120	77	413	0	135	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.69	3.69	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.537	0.934	0.409	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	86	324	0	125	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	2.82	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	1.508	2.256	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	80	296	0	109	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	2.57	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	1.312	1.661	0.000	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	81	69	263	0	105	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.86	3.29	0.00	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	1.062	0.799	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	79	61	239	0	92	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.78	3.06	0.00	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.123	0.451	0.000	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	78	57	216	0	118	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.77	2.92	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.135	0.214	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	78	58	294	0	116	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	3.77	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.204	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	114	81	566	0	139	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.72	5.05	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.258	0.344	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	120	77	413	0	135	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.68	3.65	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.379	0.372	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	112	81	566	0	139	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.70	4.92	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	C	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	116	77	413	0	135	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.67	3.59	0.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	69	70	70	111	63	0	60	53	97
N.S.	1	0.59	0.60	0.60	0.96	0.54	0.00	0.52	0.46	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.250	0.801	0.231	0.115	0.000	0.160	0.177	43.690

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	82	67	82	75	200	0	47	65	112
N.S.	1	0.73	0.59	0.73	0.66	1.77	0.00	0.42	0.58	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.791	0.575	0.313	0.120	0.000	0.161	0.170	43.269

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	52	52	47	57	46	139	38	31	72
N.S.	1	0.70	0.70	0.64	0.77	0.62	1.88	0.51	0.42	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.104	0.391	0.279	0.086	29.668	0.131	0.157	0.998

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	53	52	54	52	162	146	28	31	45
N.S.	1	0.59	0.58	0.60	0.58	1.80	1.62	0.31	0.34	0.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.214	0.092	0.335	0.211	0.148	13.554	0.176	0.163	0.430

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	47	44	53	80	201	0	64	44	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.65	0.78	1.18	2.96	0.00	0.94	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.061	0.375	0.344	0.120	0.000	0.198	0.174	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	38	45	45	80	185	0	70	33	81
N.S.	1	0.64	0.76	0.76	1.36	3.14	0.00	1.19	0.56	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.080	0.339	0.373	0.112	0.000	0.180	0.159	41.048

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	63	59	116	728	213	0	101	179	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.76	1.49	9.33	2.73	0.00	1.29	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.124	0.494	0.244	0.110	0.000	0.223	0.168	0.000



Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	66	51	54	350	47	0	130	62	217
N.S.	1	0.84	0.65	0.68	4.43	0.59	0.00	1.65	0.78	2.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.228	0.377	0.265	0.091	0.000	0.195	0.160	45.411

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	91	80	174	2318	255	0	215	314	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.66	1.43	19.00	2.09	0.00	1.76	2.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.256	0.701	0.391	0.132	0.000	0.275	0.158	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	70	70	71	117	69	0	60	54	98
N.S.	1	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.98	0.58	0.00	0.50	0.45	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.276	0.424	0.271	0.084	0.000	0.144	0.166	42.784

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	83	67	83	82	209	0	47	66	113
N.S.	1	0.72	0.58	0.72	0.71	1.80	0.00	0.41	0.57	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.607	0.441	0.248	0.116	0.000	0.158	0.161	36.886

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	53	53	48	60	50	0	38	32	54
N.S.	1	0.70	0.70	0.63	0.79	0.66	0.00	0.50	0.42	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.058	0.292	0.300	0.099	0.000	0.155	0.166	0.593

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	54	52	55	55	165	0	40	32	46
N.S.	1	0.58	0.56	0.59	0.59	1.77	0.00	0.43	0.34	0.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.099	0.267	0.256	0.151	0.000	0.173	0.177	0.424

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	48	44	54	83	204	0	64	45	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.63	0.77	1.19	2.91	0.00	0.91	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.070	0.298	0.255	0.117	0.000	0.217	0.211	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	39	45	46	80	188	0	70	34	82
N.S.	1	0.64	0.74	0.75	1.31	3.08	0.00	1.15	0.56	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.079	0.339	0.250	0.113	0.000	0.215	0.256	40.302

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	64	59	117	761	216	0	101	180	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.74	1.46	9.51	2.70	0.00	1.26	2.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.119	0.412	0.292	0.125	0.000	0.221	0.245	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	67	52	55	355	50	0	130	63	218
N.S.	1	0.83	0.64	0.68	4.38	0.62	0.00	1.60	0.78	2.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.111	0.283	0.253	0.081	0.000	0.286	0.220	42.304

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	92	81	175	2434	260	0	215	315	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.65	1.40	19.47	2.08	0.00	1.72	2.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.174	0.432	0.415	0.115	0.000	0.215	0.174	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	72	70	73	127	75	0	75	56	100
N.S.	1	0.58	0.56	0.58	1.02	0.60	0.00	0.60	0.45	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.298	0.441	0.278	0.093	0.000	0.167	0.176	42.149

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	85	67	85	92	219	0	64	68	72
N.S.	1	0.70	0.55	0.70	0.75	1.80	0.00	0.52	0.56	0.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	1.140	0.455	0.252	0.116	0.000	0.141	0.167	0.901

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	55	52	50	64	54	0	148	34	56
N.S.	1	0.69	0.65	0.62	0.80	0.68	0.00	1.85	0.42	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.158	0.299	0.282	0.083	0.000	0.201	0.157	41.218

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	56	52	57	59	171	0	124	34	48
N.S.	1	0.57	0.53	0.58	0.60	1.73	0.00	1.25	0.34	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.207	0.140	0.270	0.218	0.116	0.000	0.187	0.191	0.465

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	44	56	87	210	0	73	47	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.59	0.76	1.18	2.84	0.00	0.99	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.096	0.301	0.244	0.121	0.000	0.218	0.192	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	41	45	48	80	194	0	79	36	84
N.S.	1	0.63	0.69	0.74	1.23	2.98	0.00	1.22	0.55	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.090	0.278	0.315	0.119	0.000	0.207	0.186	40.601

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	66	59	119	821	222	0	121	182	0
N.S.	1	0.79	0.70	1.42	9.77	2.64	0.00	1.44	2.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.138	0.355	0.366	0.111	0.000	0.248	0.156	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	69	51	57	367	54	0	148	65	220
N.S.	1	0.81	0.60	0.67	4.32	0.64	0.00	1.74	0.76	2.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.246	0.301	0.260	0.082	0.000	0.234	0.181	42.113

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	94	80	177	2662	270	0	251	317	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.61	1.35	20.32	2.06	0.00	1.92	2.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.205	0.429	0.462	0.123	0.000	0.285	0.171	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	82	67	82	75	207	0	0	68	115
N.S.	1	0.73	0.59	0.73	0.66	1.83	0.00	0.00	0.60	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.846	0.635	0.429	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.163	41.579

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	52	52	47	57	49	0	0	34	75
N.S.	1	0.70	0.70	0.64	0.77	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.46	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.100	0.424	0.226	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.982

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	53	52	54	52	169	146	0	34	81
N.S.	1	0.59	0.58	0.60	0.58	1.88	1.62	0.00	0.38	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.202	0.080	0.317	0.281	0.108	15.815	0.000	0.169	0.838

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	47	44	53	80	207	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.65	0.78	1.18	3.04	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.053	0.388	0.369	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	38	45	45	85	191	0	0	36	84
N.S.	1	0.64	0.76	0.76	1.44	3.24	0.00	0.00	0.61	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.060	0.342	0.228	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.167	40.400

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	63	59	116	728	219	0	0	182	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.76	1.49	9.33	2.81	0.00	0.00	2.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.080	0.450	0.265	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	66	51	54	355	50	0	0	65	220
N.S.	1	0.84	0.65	0.68	4.49	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.82	2.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.142	0.361	0.301	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.186	42.625

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	91	80	174	2318	261	0	0	317	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.66	1.43	19.00	2.14	0.00	0.00	2.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.145	0.658	0.313	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	85	67	85	75	207	0	0	68	115
N.S.	1	0.70	0.55	0.70	0.61	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	1.047	0.414	0.245	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.196	41.493

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	55	52	50	57	49	0	0	34	75
N.S.	1	0.69	0.65	0.62	0.71	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.122	0.358	0.327	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.837

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	56	52	57	52	169	0	0	34	81
N.S.	1	0.57	0.53	0.58	0.53	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.206	0.076	0.244	0.223	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.700

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	44	56	80	207	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.59	0.76	1.08	2.80	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.062	0.275	0.258	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000



Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	41	45	48	93	191	0	0	36	84
N.S.	1	0.63	0.69	0.74	1.43	2.94	0.00	0.00	0.55	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.071	0.265	0.254	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.180	40.329

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	66	59	119	736	219	0	0	182	0
N.S.	1	0.79	0.70	1.42	8.76	2.61	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.087	0.326	0.298	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	69	51	57	380	50	0	0	65	220
N.S.	1	0.81	0.60	0.67	4.47	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.76	2.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.135	0.289	0.270	0.082	0.000	0.000	0.205	42.154

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	94	80	177	2350	261	0	0	317	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.61	1.35	17.94	1.99	0.00	0.00	2.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.173	0.411	0.368	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	85	70	85	75	207	0	0	68	115
N.S.	1	0.70	0.57	0.70	0.61	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	1.204	0.420	0.237	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.169	41.509

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	55	55	50	57	49	0	0	34	75
N.S.	1	0.69	0.69	0.62	0.71	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.098	0.385	0.255	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.842

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	56	55	57	52	169	0	0	34	81
N.S.	1	0.57	0.56	0.58	0.53	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.211	0.060	0.267	0.266	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.712

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	50	47	56	80	207	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.64	0.76	1.08	2.80	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.069	0.276	0.278	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	41	45	48	93	191	0	0	36	117
N.S.	1	0.63	0.69	0.74	1.43	2.94	0.00	0.00	0.55	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.077	0.266	0.225	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.180	41.187

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	66	59	119	754	219	0	0	182	0
N.S.	1	0.79	0.70	1.42	8.98	2.61	0.00	0.00	2.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.093	0.340	0.357	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	69	51	57	412	50	0	0	65	220
N.S.	1	0.81	0.60	0.67	4.85	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.76	2.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.146	0.302	0.361	0.081	0.000	0.000	0.185	42.192

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	94	80	177	2418	261	0	0	317	0
N.S.	1	0.72	0.61	1.35	18.46	1.99	0.00	0.00	2.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.176	0.417	0.294	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.199	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	88	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.130	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	95	88	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	97	88	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.134	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.190	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	88	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	97	88	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	97	88	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.193	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	97	96	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.262	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.285	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	88	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	97	89	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	97	90	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	97	90	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.170	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000



Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	87	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	95	91	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.539	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	97	89	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.455	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.516	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	87	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	95	91	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.476	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	99	89	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.460	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.516	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	96	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.206	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	99	90	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	87	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.169	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.342	0.000

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	95	88	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.019	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	99	90	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.220	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	99	91	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	150	142	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.319	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	149	142	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	149	142	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.358	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	149	142	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.320	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	147	142	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.234	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	153	142	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.447	0.309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	132	0	0	0	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.453	0.274	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	122	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.218	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	120	0	0	0	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.198	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	113	114	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.191	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	108	111	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.255	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	120	117	0	0	0	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	123	114	0	0	0	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.185	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	125	122	0	0	0	0	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.182	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	147	140	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	147	140	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.230	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000



Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	147	140	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	145	140	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.203	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	146	140	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.216	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	147	140	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.458	0.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	147	140	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	147	140	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.211	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	172	242	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.673	1.977	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	145	175	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	1.485	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	145	289	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.607	4.935	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	142	144	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.596	0.987	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	142	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	280	279	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.688	3.312	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	280	276	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	3.202	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	274	277	256	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	2.099	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	272	275	256	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	2.377	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	211	119	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	0.622	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	285	10805	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.00	37.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	27.403	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.419	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.423	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	171	140	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.535	0.611	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.528	0.458	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	170	140	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.459	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	140	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.388	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	175	136	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.543	0.374	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	120	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.492	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	120	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.302	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.448	0.247	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	112	0	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.473	0.172	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	137	109	0	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.198	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	140	109	0	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.195	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	145	118	0	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.507	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000



Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.563	0.303	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	0.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.346	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	0.254	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.245	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	133	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.277	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	168	138	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.239	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	175	356	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.676	6.212	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	295	13441	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.00	45.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.691	28.382	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	287	290	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	5.838	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	287	289	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.632	5.715	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.185	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	284	263	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	3.676	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	284	261	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.662	3.680	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	184	144	0	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.449	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	C	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	228	125	382	0	191	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.60	1.83	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.007	2.922	7.458	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	194	111	351	0	177	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.62	1.95	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.869	2.877	3.326	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	157	94	317	0	163	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.65	2.19	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.729	2.412	1.899	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	123	83	283	0	149	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.74	2.53	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	1.148	1.193	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	123	78	260	0	181	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.72	2.39	0.00	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	1.191	1.071	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	160	90	505	0	199	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.64	3.61	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	0.702	1.062	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	197	122	800	0	220	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.67	4.42	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.893	0.909	1.915	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	233	143	725	0	231	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.68	3.45	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.051	1.126	2.509	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	228	128	384	0	195	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.61	1.83	0.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.965	1.881	2.582	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	190	108	353	0	183	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.60	1.95	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.766	0.441	1.592	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	159	95	319	0	165	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.65	2.18	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	0.208	1.200	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	125	85	285	0	148	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.73	2.46	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.059	0.897	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	123	80	262	0	180	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.70	2.30	0.00	1.58	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.661	0.685	0.489	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	160	92	506	0	200	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.63	3.49	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.796	0.688	0.533	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	197	122	805	0	223	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.66	4.33	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.860	0.790	0.564	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	233	134	727	0	235	0	0	87	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.62	3.38	0.00	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.031	1.634	0.579	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	224	125	384	0	203	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.59	1.81	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.894	0.464	5.319	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.000



Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	192	109	353	0	189	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.60	1.93	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.817	0.343	9.233	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	161	97	319	0	169	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.64	2.11	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.773	0.216	12.933	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	125	79	285	0	150	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.66	2.38	0.00	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.758	68.937	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.339	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	123	80	262	0	182	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.69	2.26	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.606	219.993	0.000	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.379	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	160	92	508	0	204	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.63	3.46	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.794	0.673	0.188	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.337	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	197	121	807	0	229	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.64	4.29	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.855	0.947	0.199	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	233	134	727	0	243	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.62	3.35	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.036	2.323	0.205	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	228	127	381	0	194	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.59	1.78	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.944	1.478	1.492	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.179	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	194	108	350	0	180	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.58	1.89	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.823	1.235	1.316	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	161	97	316	0	166	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.65	2.11	0.00	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.735	0.228	0.902	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	121	82	282	0	152	0	0	56	128
N.S.	1	1.03	0.70	2.41	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.48	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	0.115	0.592	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.405

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	121	279	259	0	184	0	0	75	0
N.S.	1	1.10	2.54	2.35	0.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.638	5.519	0.898	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	160	757	508	0	202	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	1.15	5.45	3.65	0.00	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.787	7.162	0.922	0.000	0.108	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	197	116	801	0	223	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.64	4.45	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.854	1.056	1.215	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	233	133	726	0	234	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.64	3.47	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.036	1.236	1.812	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	228	130	384	0	194	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.60	1.77	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.955	2.156	2.644	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	194	108	353	0	180	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.57	1.88	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.803	2.234	1.785	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	161	94	319	0	166	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.61	2.08	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.736	1.719	1.013	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	125	85	285	0	152	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.71	2.38	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.604	0.174	0.632	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	119	80	262	0	184	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.69	2.26	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.578	0.401	0.259	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	158	761	508	0	202	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	1.10	5.28	3.53	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.767	6.276	0.437	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	197	119	807	0	223	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.65	4.41	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	0.879	0.517	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	233	136	729	0	234	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.64	3.44	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.037	1.383	0.583	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	228	130	384	0	194	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.60	1.77	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.961	2.134	1.998	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	194	111	353	0	180	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.59	1.88	0.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.799	2.111	1.580	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	161	97	319	0	166	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.63	2.08	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.738	1.753	1.128	0.000	0.134	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	125	85	285	0	152	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.71	2.38	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	0.183	0.645	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	123	807	262	0	184	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.06	6.96	2.26	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	6.199	0.264	0.000	0.099	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	156	92	508	0	202	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.63	3.46	0.00	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.717	0.701	0.278	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	195	119	807	0	223	0	0	85	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.64	4.36	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	0.445	0.471	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	233	136	729	0	234	0	0	91	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.64	3.44	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.027	1.222	0.546	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	193	119	807	0	223	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.63	4.29	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.777	0.109	0.440	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000



Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	138	109	109	159	292	0	94	96	141
N.S.	1	0.62	0.49	0.49	0.71	1.31	0.00	0.42	0.43	0.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	1.331	1.100	0.315	0.123	0.000	0.341	0.161	43.377

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	111	92	102	116	276	0	75	85	137
N.S.	1	0.60	0.50	0.55	0.63	1.50	0.00	0.41	0.46	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	1.066	0.549	0.341	0.122	0.000	0.313	0.165	41.790

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	94	75	77	80	236	241	57	57	104
N.S.	1	0.66	0.52	0.54	0.56	1.65	1.69	0.40	0.40	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.775	0.450	0.293	0.121	29.465	0.316	0.175	1.790

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	64	61	63	64	212	184	40	40	54
N.S.	1	0.52	0.50	0.51	0.52	1.72	1.50	0.33	0.33	0.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.119	0.406	0.260	0.121	13.483	0.318	0.162	0.613

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	C	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	50	93	61	104	304	0	98	48	0
N.S.	1	0.54	1.00	0.66	1.12	3.27	0.00	1.05	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.869	0.412	0.275	0.143	0.000	0.378	0.162	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	50	60	70	144	312	0	98	74	0
N.S.	1	0.54	0.65	0.75	1.55	3.35	0.00	1.05	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.088	0.421	0.285	0.147	0.000	0.398	0.167	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	77	83	130	780	233	0	127	194	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.75	1.17	7.03	2.10	0.00	1.14	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.196	0.543	0.320	0.114	0.000	0.429	0.167	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	105	87	133	1009	265	0	189	183	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.57	0.88	6.64	1.74	0.00	1.24	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	0.493	0.519	0.315	0.133	0.000	0.424	0.176	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	120	110	200	2611	299	0	270	346	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.57	1.04	13.53	1.55	0.00	1.40	1.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.706	0.374	0.773	0.390	0.126	0.000	0.440	0.163	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	139	109	110	169	309	0	94	97	142
N.S.	1	0.61	0.48	0.48	0.74	1.35	0.00	0.41	0.42	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.973	0.684	0.356	0.158	0.000	0.337	0.170	42.804

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	112	92	103	126	285	0	75	86	138
N.S.	1	0.59	0.49	0.54	0.67	1.51	0.00	0.40	0.46	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.710	0.385	0.324	0.157	0.000	0.336	0.158	41.351

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	95	76	78	86	249	0	57	58	71
N.S.	1	0.65	0.52	0.53	0.59	1.69	0.00	0.39	0.39	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.171	0.350	0.300	0.110	0.000	0.334	0.170	0.906

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	65	61	64	67	217	0	89	41	55
N.S.	1	0.51	0.48	0.50	0.53	1.71	0.00	0.70	0.32	0.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.136	0.315	0.284	0.146	0.000	0.361	0.174	39.374

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	51	93	62	107	308	0	98	49	0
N.S.	1	0.53	0.97	0.65	1.11	3.21	0.00	1.02	0.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.685	0.330	0.299	0.145	0.000	0.385	0.170	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	51	60	71	147	316	0	98	75	0
N.S.	1	0.53	0.62	0.74	1.53	3.29	0.00	1.02	0.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.100	0.320	0.265	0.153	0.000	0.418	0.170	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	78	83	131	813	240	0	127	195	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.73	1.15	7.13	2.11	0.00	1.11	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.146	0.427	0.352	0.116	0.000	0.362	0.182	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	106	88	134	1044	272	0	189	184	0
N.S.	1	0.68	0.56	0.86	6.69	1.74	0.00	1.21	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.627	0.180	0.352	0.342	0.116	0.000	0.484	0.159	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	121	111	201	2732	308	0	270	347	0
N.S.	1	0.61	0.56	1.02	13.80	1.56	0.00	1.36	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	0.321	0.461	0.410	0.157	0.000	0.434	0.161	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	141	109	112	185	331	0	118	99	144
N.S.	1	0.59	0.45	0.46	0.77	1.37	0.00	0.49	0.41	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	0.970	0.704	0.381	0.121	0.000	0.342	0.170	42.653

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	114	92	105	140	303	0	98	88	94
N.S.	1	0.57	0.46	0.53	0.70	1.52	0.00	0.49	0.44	0.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	1.378	0.383	0.328	0.136	0.000	0.346	0.174	1.237

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	97	75	80	94	263	0	223	60	73
N.S.	1	0.63	0.48	0.52	0.61	1.70	0.00	1.44	0.39	0.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	1.329	0.355	0.303	0.123	0.000	0.410	0.182	0.704

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	67	61	66	71	227	0	156	43	57
N.S.	1	0.50	0.45	0.49	0.53	1.68	0.00	1.16	0.32	0.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.174	0.322	0.262	0.115	0.000	0.397	0.168	44.021

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	53	93	64	111	316	0	113	51	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.91	0.63	1.09	3.10	0.00	1.11	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.875	0.348	0.273	0.142	0.000	0.410	0.169	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	53	60	73	151	324	0	113	77	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.59	0.72	1.48	3.18	0.00	1.11	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.398	0.141	0.332	0.300	0.144	0.000	0.433	0.185	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	80	83	133	873	250	0	153	197	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.69	1.11	7.28	2.08	0.00	1.28	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.281	0.390	0.332	0.113	0.000	0.490	0.164	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	108	87	136	1112	286	0	219	186	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.53	0.83	6.78	1.74	0.00	1.34	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	0.575	0.348	0.330	0.123	0.000	0.471	0.162	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	123	110	203	2972	326	0	318	349	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.53	0.98	14.29	1.57	0.00	1.53	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	0.411	0.479	0.383	0.121	0.000	0.529	0.160	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	111	92	102	116	282	0	0	88	140
N.S.	1	0.60	0.50	0.55	0.63	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	1.215	0.845	0.359	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.163	46.539

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	94	75	77	80	242	0	0	60	107
N.S.	1	0.66	0.52	0.54	0.56	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.956	0.405	0.317	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.155	1.805

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	64	61	63	64	218	184	0	43	93
N.S.	1	0.52	0.50	0.51	0.52	1.77	1.50	0.00	0.35	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.119	0.371	0.290	0.147	16.297	0.000	0.173	1.206

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	50	93	61	104	309	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.54	1.00	0.66	1.12	3.32	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.457	0.462	0.281	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	50	60	70	149	317	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	0.54	0.65	0.75	1.60	3.41	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.082	0.412	0.297	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.239	0.000



Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	77	83	131	785	239	0	0	197	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.75	1.18	7.07	2.15	0.00	0.00	1.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.124	0.530	0.383	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	105	87	133	1014	271	0	0	186	0
N.S.	1	0.69	0.57	0.88	6.67	1.78	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.613	0.345	0.542	0.351	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	120	110	200	2611	305	0	0	349	0
N.S.	1	0.62	0.57	1.04	13.53	1.58	0.00	0.00	1.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.287	0.753	0.355	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.168	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	114	92	105	116	282	0	0	88	140
N.S.	1	0.57	0.46	0.53	0.58	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	1.290	0.539	0.346	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.183	46.275

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	97	75	80	80	242	0	0	60	107
N.S.	1	0.63	0.48	0.52	0.52	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	1.119	0.307	0.337	0.126	0.000	0.000	0.165	1.483

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	67	61	66	64	218	0	0	43	93
N.S.	1	0.50	0.45	0.49	0.47	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.127	0.293	0.327	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.166	1.011

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	53	48	64	104	309	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.47	0.63	1.02	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.681	0.309	0.292	0.189	0.000	0.000	0.167	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	53	60	73	157	317	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.59	0.72	1.54	3.11	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.103	0.346	0.310	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	80	83	134	802	239	0	0	197	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.69	1.12	6.68	1.99	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.134	0.409	0.378	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	108	87	136	1048	271	0	0	186	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.53	0.83	6.39	1.65	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.348	0.360	0.385	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	123	110	203	2660	305	0	0	349	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.53	0.98	12.79	1.47	0.00	0.00	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.679	0.298	0.438	0.330	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	114	95	105	116	282	0	0	88	140
N.S.	1	0.57	0.48	0.53	0.58	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.529	1.329	0.573	0.339	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.161	41.333

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	97	78	80	80	242	0	0	60	107
N.S.	1	0.63	0.50	0.52	0.52	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	1.105	0.332	0.318	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.166	1.477

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	67	64	66	64	218	0	0	43	93
N.S.	1	0.50	0.47	0.49	0.47	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.158	0.303	0.295	0.122	0.000	0.000	0.174	1.016

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	53	53	64	104	309	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.52	0.63	1.02	3.03	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.702	0.310	0.307	0.166	0.000	0.000	0.166	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	53	60	73	157	317	0	0	77	0
N.S.	1	0.52	0.59	0.72	1.54	3.11	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.100	0.312	0.291	0.151	0.000	0.000	0.155	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	80	83	134	820	239	0	0	197	0
N.S.	1	0.67	0.69	1.12	6.83	1.99	0.00	0.00	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.121	0.419	0.323	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	108	87	136	1098	271	0	0	186	0
N.S.	1	0.66	0.53	0.83	6.70	1.65	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.255	0.373	0.324	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	123	110	203	2760	305	0	0	349	0
N.S.	1	0.59	0.53	0.98	13.27	1.47	0.00	0.00	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.249	0.503	0.411	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.150	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	117	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.357	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	157	121	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.749	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	159	122	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	0.611	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	156	116	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.398	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.315	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	157	123	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.249	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	159	123	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	117	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.407	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	157	114	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.328	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	159	121	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	0.695	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	157	122	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.342	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	157	117	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.571	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.339	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	159	124	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.228	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.358	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	133	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	1.403	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000



Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	124	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	157	121	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.218	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.191	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	154	116	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.534	0.631	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	157	116	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	0.687	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	159	118	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.545	0.266	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	122	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.504	0.355	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	122	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.373	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	161	124	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	152	115	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.236	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	155	115	0	0	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	159	118	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.555	0.295	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	218	178	0	0	0	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	0.837	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	217	175	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	0.603	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	217	175	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.605	0.559	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	229	217	175	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	0.573	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	215	173	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	0.560	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	0	175	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.669	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	227	219	157	0	0	0	0	0	66	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	0.558	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	188	153	0	0	0	0	0	68	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.431	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	188	151	0	0	0	0	0	66	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.569	0.395	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	184	144	0	0	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.385	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	175	138	0	0	0	0	0	76	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.563	0.657	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.309	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	182	130	0	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.615	0.956	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	195	150	0	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.655	0.395	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	195	150	0	0	0	0	0	82	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.661	0.395	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	215	173	0	0	0	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.651	0.513	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	215	173	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.527	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	213	171	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	0.521	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	214	166	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	0.510	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.180	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	221	213	173	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.654	0.507	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	215	173	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.639	0.506	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>C</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	185	376	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	3.119	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.190	0.000



Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	154	137	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	1.658	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	154	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	151	105	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	1.404	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	292	296	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.700	5.357	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	292	294	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.663	5.258	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	289	268	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.690	3.908	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	286	288	266	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.675	3.883	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	215	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.567	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.189	0.000

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	303	16142	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	53.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.709	28.779	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. The column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [9] had the largest ratio of [.42857099999999980]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	4	0.90	21	0.190
2	A	5	4	0.92	21	0.190
3	A	5	4	0.94	21	0.190
4	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
5	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
6	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
7	A	6	6	0.97	21	0.286
8	A	8	8	0.96	21	0.381
9	A	9	9	0.95	21	0.429
10	A	7	7	0.96	21	0.333
11	A	5	5	0.97	21	0.238
12	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
13	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
14	A	6	5	0.89	21	0.238
15	A	6	5	0.80	21	0.238
16	A	8	8	0.98	25	0.320
17	A	8	8	0.98	25	0.320
18	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
19	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
20	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
21	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	8	8	0.97	25	0.320
23	A	8	8	1.01	25	0.320
24	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
25	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
26	A	10	10	0.97	25	0.400
27	A	10	10	0.94	25	0.400
28	A	8	8	0.97	25	0.320
29	A	8	8	0.97	25	0.320
30	A	8	8	1.05	25	0.320
31	A	8	8	1.05	25	0.320
32	A	10	10	1.02	25	0.400
33	A	10	10	1.02	25	0.400
34	A	4	4	0.97	23	0.174
35	A	2	2	1.00	33	0.061
36	A	2	2	1.00	32	0.062
37	A	9	9	1.03	33	0.273
38	A	9	9	1.05	31	0.290
39	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
40	A	7	7	1.05	31	0.226
41	A	7	7	1.13	33	0.212
42	A	7	7	1.08	33	0.212
43	A	9	9	1.05	33	0.273
44	A	9	9	1.06	33	0.273
45	A	9	9	1.05	31	0.290
46	A	8	8	0.98	25	0.320
47	A	7	7	1.05	31	0.226
48	A	7	7	1.04	33	0.212
49	A	7	7	1.08	33	0.212
50	A	7	7	1.05	33	0.212
51	A	9	9	1.03	33	0.273
52	A	9	9	1.04	33	0.273
53	A	8	8	0.98	25	0.320

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	9	9	1.01	31	0.290
55	A	7	7	1.04	33	0.212
56	A	7	7	1.01	33	0.212
57	A	7	7	1.05	33	0.212
58	A	7	7	1.05	33	0.212
59	A	9	9	1.01	33	0.273
60	A	9	9	1.04	33	0.273
61	A	11	11	1.01	33	0.333
62	A	9	9	1.00	33	0.273
63	A	9	9	1.03	33	0.273
64	A	7	7	1.01	31	0.226
65	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
66	A	7	7	1.07	31	0.226
67	A	7	7	1.12	33	0.212
68	A	9	9	1.04	33	0.273
69	A	9	9	1.09	33	0.273
70	A	11	11	1.03	33	0.333
71	A	9	9	1.00	33	0.273
72	A	9	9	1.00	33	0.273
73	A	7	7	1.01	33	0.212
74	A	7	7	1.01	31	0.226
75	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
76	A	7	7	1.07	31	0.226
77	A	9	9	1.03	33	0.273
78	A	9	9	1.07	33	0.273
79	A	9	9	1.00	33	0.273
80	A	9	9	1.00	33	0.273
81	A	7	7	1.01	33	0.212
82	A	7	7	1.01	33	0.212
83	A	7	7	1.05	31	0.226
84	A	6	6	1.00	25	0.240
85	A	9	9	1.02	31	0.290

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	9	9	1.06	33	0.273
87	A	8	8	0.97	25	0.320
88	A	8	8	1.01	25	0.320
89	A	6	5	0.59	35	0.143
90	A	6	6	0.73	35	0.171
91	A	5	4	0.70	35	0.114
92	A	2	2	0.59	35	0.057
93	A	5	5	0.69	35	0.143
94	A	4	4	0.64	35	0.114
95	A	5	5	0.81	35	0.143
96	A	7	6	0.84	35	0.171
97	A	7	7	0.75	35	0.200
98	A	6	5	0.59	35	0.143
99	A	6	6	0.72	35	0.171
100	A	5	4	0.70	35	0.114
101	A	2	2	0.58	35	0.057
102	A	5	5	0.69	35	0.143
103	A	4	4	0.64	35	0.114
104	A	5	5	0.80	35	0.143
105	A	7	6	0.83	35	0.171
106	A	7	7	0.74	35	0.200
107	A	6	5	0.58	35	0.143
108	A	6	6	0.70	35	0.171
109	A	5	4	0.69	35	0.114
110	A	2	2	0.57	35	0.057
111	A	5	5	0.68	35	0.143
112	A	4	4	0.63	35	0.114
113	A	5	5	0.79	35	0.143
114	A	7	6	0.81	35	0.171
115	A	7	7	0.72	35	0.200
116	A	6	6	0.73	35	0.171
117	A	5	4	0.70	35	0.114

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	2	2	0.59	35	0.057
119	A	5	5	0.69	35	0.143
120	A	4	4	0.64	35	0.114
121	A	5	5	0.81	35	0.143
122	A	7	6	0.84	35	0.171
123	A	7	7	0.75	35	0.200
124	A	6	6	0.70	35	0.171
125	A	5	4	0.69	35	0.114
126	A	2	2	0.57	35	0.057
127	A	5	5	0.68	35	0.143
128	A	4	4	0.63	35	0.114
129	A	5	5	0.79	35	0.143
130	A	7	6	0.81	35	0.171
131	A	7	7	0.72	35	0.200
132	A	6	6	0.70	35	0.171
133	A	5	4	0.69	35	0.114
134	A	2	2	0.57	35	0.057
135	A	5	5	0.68	35	0.143
136	A	4	4	0.63	35	0.114
137	A	5	5	0.79	35	0.143
138	A	7	6	0.81	35	0.171
139	A	7	7	0.72	35	0.200
140	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
141	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
142	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
143	A	5	5	1.09	31	0.161
144	A	5	5	1.07	33	0.152
145	A	5	5	1.08	33	0.152
146	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
147	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
148	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
149	A	5	5	1.09	31	0.161

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	5	5	1.07	33	0.152
151	A	5	5	1.08	33	0.152
152	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
153	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
154	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
155	A	5	5	1.09	31	0.161
156	A	5	5	1.09	33	0.152
157	A	5	5	1.08	33	0.152
158	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
159	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
160	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
161	A	5	5	1.06	31	0.161
162	A	5	5	1.07	33	0.152
163	A	5	5	1.08	33	0.152
164	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
165	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
166	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
167	A	5	5	1.06	31	0.161
168	A	5	5	1.06	33	0.152
169	A	5	5	1.08	33	0.152
170	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
171	A	5	5	1.04	31	0.161
172	A	4	4	1.00	25	0.160
173	A	5	5	1.06	31	0.161
174	A	5	5	1.06	33	0.152
175	A	5	5	1.08	33	0.152
176	A	5	5	1.01	33	0.152
177	A	5	5	1.02	33	0.152
178	A	5	5	1.02	33	0.152
179	A	5	5	1.02	33	0.152
180	A	5	5	1.02	33	0.152
181	A	5	5	1.03	33	0.152

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	5	5	1.00	33	0.152
183	A	5	5	1.00	31	0.161
184	A	5	5	1.00	29	0.172
185	A	4	4	0.97	23	0.174
186	A	5	5	1.08	29	0.172
187	A	5	5	1.07	31	0.161
188	A	5	5	0.98	31	0.161
189	A	5	5	0.98	31	0.161
190	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
191	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
192	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
193	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
194	A	5	5	1.07	33	0.152
195	A	5	5	1.05	33	0.152
196	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
197	A	5	5	1.04	33	0.152
198	A	8	8	1.01	25	0.320
199	A	9	9	1.07	27	0.333
200	A	9	9	1.07	27	0.333
201	A	9	9	1.05	27	0.333
202	A	9	9	1.03	27	0.333
203	A	10	9	1.02	27	0.333
204	A	10	9	1.02	27	0.333
205	A	10	9	1.01	27	0.333
206	A	10	9	1.01	27	0.333
207	A	10	9	1.00	26	0.346
208	A	9	8	1.00	25	0.320
209	A	6	6	1.03	30	0.200
210	A	7	7	1.02	40	0.175
211	A	7	7	1.02	40	0.175
212	A	7	7	1.01	40	0.175
213	A	7	7	1.02	40	0.175

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	7	7	1.02	40	0.175
215	A	7	7	1.00	40	0.175
216	A	7	7	1.05	40	0.175
217	A	7	7	1.03	38	0.184
218	A	7	7	1.03	36	0.194
219	A	6	6	1.03	30	0.200
220	A	7	7	1.00	36	0.194
221	A	7	7	1.04	38	0.184
222	A	7	7	1.07	38	0.184
223	A	7	7	1.04	38	0.184
224	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
225	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
226	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
227	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
228	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
229	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
230	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
231	A	7	7	1.03	40	0.175
232	A	8	8	1.01	32	0.250
233	A	9	8	1.00	32	0.250
234	A	10	9	1.02	34	0.265
235	A	10	9	1.02	34	0.265
236	A	10	9	1.01	34	0.265
237	A	10	9	1.01	34	0.265
238	A	6	6	0.98	31	0.194
239	A	15	15	1.09	41	0.366
240	A	13	13	1.08	39	0.333
241	A	12	12	1.08	33	0.364
242	A	11	11	1.10	39	0.282
243	A	11	11	1.13	41	0.268
244	A	13	13	1.14	41	0.317
245	A	13	13	1.09	41	0.317

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	15	15	1.11	41	0.366
247	A	15	15	1.09	39	0.385
248	A	12	12	1.05	33	0.364
249	A	13	13	1.09	39	0.333
250	A	11	11	1.08	41	0.268
251	A	11	11	1.08	41	0.268
252	A	13	13	1.10	41	0.317
253	A	13	13	1.06	41	0.317
254	A	15	15	1.08	41	0.366
255	A	14	14	1.06	33	0.424
256	A	13	13	1.05	39	0.333
257	A	13	13	1.07	41	0.317
258	A	11	11	1.04	41	0.268
259	A	11	11	1.06	41	0.268
260	A	13	13	1.09	41	0.317
261	A	13	13	1.05	41	0.317
262	A	15	15	1.07	41	0.366
263	A	15	15	1.07	41	0.366
264	A	13	13	1.05	41	0.317
265	A	13	13	1.07	39	0.333
266	A	10	10	1.03	33	0.303
267	A	11	11	1.10	39	0.282
268	A	13	13	1.15	41	0.317
269	A	13	13	1.09	41	0.317
270	A	15	15	1.11	41	0.366
271	A	15	15	1.05	41	0.366
272	A	13	13	1.03	41	0.317
273	A	13	13	1.05	41	0.317
274	A	11	11	1.04	39	0.282
275	A	10	10	1.03	33	0.303
276	A	13	13	1.10	39	0.333
277	A	13	13	1.08	41	0.317

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	15	15	1.10	41	0.366
279	A	15	15	1.05	41	0.366
280	A	13	13	1.03	41	0.317
281	A	13	13	1.05	41	0.317
282	A	11	11	1.04	41	0.268
283	A	11	11	1.06	39	0.282
284	A	12	12	1.06	33	0.364
285	A	13	13	1.05	39	0.333
286	A	15	15	1.10	41	0.366
287	A	12	12	1.03	33	0.364
288	A	13	12	0.62	43	0.279
289	A	11	10	0.60	43	0.233
290	A	5	5	0.66	43	0.116
291	A	2	2	0.52	43	0.047
292	A	7	7	0.54	43	0.163
293	A	7	7	0.54	43	0.163
294	A	10	9	0.69	43	0.209
295	A	12	11	0.69	43	0.256
296	A	12	11	0.62	43	0.256
297	A	13	12	0.61	43	0.279
298	A	11	10	0.59	43	0.233
299	A	5	5	0.65	43	0.116
300	A	2	2	0.51	43	0.047
301	A	7	7	0.53	43	0.163
302	A	7	7	0.53	43	0.163
303	A	10	9	0.68	43	0.209
304	A	12	11	0.68	43	0.256
305	A	12	11	0.61	43	0.256
306	A	13	12	0.59	43	0.279
307	A	11	10	0.57	43	0.233
308	A	5	5	0.63	43	0.116
309	A	2	2	0.50	43	0.047

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	7	7	0.52	43	0.163
311	A	7	7	0.52	43	0.163
312	A	10	9	0.67	43	0.209
313	A	12	11	0.66	43	0.256
314	A	12	11	0.59	43	0.256
315	A	11	10	0.60	43	0.233
316	A	5	5	0.66	43	0.116
317	A	2	2	0.52	43	0.047
318	A	7	7	0.54	43	0.163
319	A	7	7	0.54	43	0.163
320	A	10	9	0.69	43	0.209
321	A	12	11	0.69	43	0.256
322	A	12	11	0.62	43	0.256
323	A	11	10	0.57	43	0.233
324	A	5	5	0.63	43	0.116
325	A	2	2	0.50	43	0.047
326	A	7	7	0.52	43	0.163
327	A	7	7	0.52	43	0.163
328	A	10	9	0.67	43	0.209
329	A	12	11	0.66	43	0.256
330	A	12	11	0.59	43	0.256
331	A	11	10	0.57	43	0.233
332	A	5	5	0.63	43	0.116
333	A	2	2	0.50	43	0.047
334	A	7	7	0.52	43	0.163
335	A	7	7	0.52	43	0.163
336	A	10	9	0.67	43	0.209
337	A	12	11	0.66	43	0.256
338	A	12	11	0.59	43	0.256
339	A	8	8	1.05	39	0.205
340	A	7	7	1.02	33	0.212
341	A	8	8	1.07	39	0.205

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	8	8	1.06	41	0.195
343	A	8	8	1.08	41	0.195
344	A	8	8	1.05	41	0.195
345	A	8	8	1.05	39	0.205
346	A	7	7	1.02	33	0.212
347	A	8	8	1.07	39	0.205
348	A	8	8	1.08	41	0.195
349	A	8	8	1.08	41	0.195
350	A	8	8	1.05	41	0.195
351	A	8	8	1.05	41	0.195
352	A	8	8	1.05	39	0.205
353	A	7	7	1.02	33	0.212
354	A	8	8	1.03	39	0.205
355	A	8	8	1.08	41	0.195
356	A	8	8	1.07	41	0.195
357	A	8	8	1.05	41	0.195
358	A	8	8	1.05	41	0.195
359	A	8	8	1.05	39	0.205
360	A	7	7	1.00	33	0.212
361	A	8	8	1.05	39	0.205
362	A	8	8	1.07	41	0.195
363	A	8	8	0.94	41	0.195
364	A	8	8	0.95	41	0.195
365	A	8	8	0.95	41	0.195
366	A	8	8	0.95	41	0.195
367	A	8	8	0.95	41	0.195
368	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
369	A	7	7	0.96	41	0.171
370	A	7	7	1.01	39	0.179
371	A	7	7	1.01	37	0.189
372	A	6	6	0.98	31	0.194
373	A	7	7	1.03	37	0.189

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	8	8	1.05	39	0.205
375	A	8	8	1.01	39	0.205
376	A	8	8	0.99	39	0.205
377	A	8	8	0.96	41	0.195
378	A	8	8	0.96	41	0.195
379	A	8	8	0.96	41	0.195
380	A	8	8	0.99	41	0.195
381	A	8	8	0.96	41	0.195
382	A	8	8	0.96	41	0.195
383	A	8	8	1.01	33	0.242
384	A	9	9	1.07	35	0.257
385	A	9	9	1.07	35	0.257
386	A	9	9	1.05	35	0.257
387	A	9	9	1.03	35	0.257
388	A	10	9	1.02	35	0.257
389	A	10	9	1.02	35	0.257
390	A	10	9	1.01	35	0.257
391	A	10	9	1.01	35	0.257
392	A	10	9	1.00	35	0.257
393	A	9	8	1.00	33	0.242



# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	169
3.2	$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	176
3.3	$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	183
3.4	$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	189
3.5	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	194
3.6	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	200
3.7	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	206
3.8	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$	213
3.9	$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	221
3.10	$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	229
3.11	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	236
3.12	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	243
3.13	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	248
3.14	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	254
3.15	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$	261
3.16	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	267
3.17	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	274
3.18	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	281
3.19	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	287
3.20	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	294
3.21	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	300
3.22	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	306
3.23	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$	313
3.24	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	320
3.25	$\int \frac{1-3 \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	325

3.26	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx$	330
3.27	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx$	338
3.28	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$	345
3.29	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$	352
3.30	$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx$	359
3.31	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} dx$	365
3.32	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	372
3.33	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \sec(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	379
3.34	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	386
3.35	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx$	391
3.36	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2+m) \cos^2(c+dx)}{1+m} \right) dx$	398
3.37	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	405
3.38	$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	412
3.39	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	419
3.40	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	425
3.41	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	432
3.42	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	439
3.43	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	446
3.44	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	454
3.45	$\int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	462
3.46	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	469
3.47	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	476
3.48	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	483
3.49	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	490
3.50	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	497
3.51	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	504
3.52	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	512
3.53	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	520
3.54	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	527
3.55	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	535
3.56	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	542
3.57	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	549
3.58	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	556
3.59	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	563
3.60	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$	571
3.61	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	579
3.62	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	587

3.63	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	594
3.64	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	601
3.65	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	607
3.66	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	614
3.67	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	621
3.68	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	628
3.69	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	637
3.70	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^5(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	645
3.71	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	653
3.72	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	660
3.73	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	667
3.74	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	673
3.75	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	679
3.76	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	685
3.77	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	692
3.78	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	700
3.79	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	708
3.80	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	715
3.81	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	722
3.82	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	728
3.83	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	734
3.84	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	740
3.85	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	746
3.86	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	754
3.87	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$	762
3.88	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$	769
3.89	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	776
3.90	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	783
3.91	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	790
3.92	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	796

3.93	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	802
3.94	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	809
3.95	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	815
3.96	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	822
3.97	$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	829
3.98	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	837
3.99	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	844
3.100	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	851
3.101	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	857
3.102	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	862
3.103	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	868
3.104	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	874
3.105	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	881
3.106	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	888
3.107	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	896
3.108	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	903
3.109	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	909
3.110	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	915
3.111	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	921
3.112	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	927
3.113	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	933
3.114	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	940
3.115	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{15}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	947
3.116	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	955
3.117	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	962
3.118	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	968
3.119	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	974

3.120	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	981
3.121	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	987
3.122	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	994
3.123	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1001
3.124	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1009
3.125	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1015
3.126	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1021
3.127	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1027
3.128	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1033
3.129	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1039
3.130	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1046
3.131	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$	1053
3.132	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1060
3.133	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1066
3.134	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1072
3.135	$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1078
3.136	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1084
3.137	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1090
3.138	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1097
3.139	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$	1104
3.140	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1111
3.141	$\int \cos(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1117
3.142	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1123
3.143	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	1128
3.144	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	1134
3.145	$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	1140
3.146	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1146
3.147	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1152
3.148	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1158
3.149	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	1163

3.150	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1169
3.151	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1175
3.152	$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1181
3.153	$\int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1187
3.154	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1193
3.155	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1198
3.156	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1204
3.157	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1210
3.158	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1216
3.159	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1222
3.160	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1227
3.161	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1232
3.162	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1238
3.163	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1244
3.164	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1250
3.165	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1255
3.166	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1260
3.167	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1265
3.168	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1270
3.169	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1276
3.170	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1281
3.171	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1286
3.172	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1291
3.173	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1296
3.174	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1302
3.175	$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1307
3.176	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1312
3.177	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1318
3.178	$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1324
3.179	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$	1330

3.180	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1336
3.181	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1342
3.182	$\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1348
3.183	$\int \cos^2(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1354
3.184	$\int \cos(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1360
3.185	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1366
3.186	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	1371
3.187	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	1377
3.188	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	1383
3.189	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	1389
3.190	$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1395
3.191	$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1401
3.192	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1407
3.193	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1413
3.194	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1419
3.195	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1425
3.196	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1431
3.197	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$	1437
3.198	$\int (a + a \cos(e+fx))^m (A+C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1443
3.199	$\int (a + a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1450
3.200	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1457
3.201	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1464
3.202	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1471
3.203	$\int (a + b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1478
3.204	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1486
3.205	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1494
3.206	$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1502
3.207	$\int (a + b \cos(e+fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1509
3.208	$\int (a + b \cos(e+fx))^m (A+C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1517
3.209	$\int (a \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1524
3.210	$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1530
3.211	$\int \cos^m(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1537
3.212	$\int \cos^m(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1544
3.213	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx) (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1551

3.214	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1558
3.215	$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$	1565
3.216	$\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1572
3.217	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1579
3.218	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1585
3.219	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1591
3.220	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	1597
3.221	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	1604
3.222	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	1611
3.223	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	1618
3.224	$\int \cos^{5/2}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1625
3.225	$\int \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1632
3.226	$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1639
3.227	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1646
3.228	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx$	1653
3.229	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$	1660
3.230	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$	1667
3.231	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$	1674
3.232	$\int (a + a \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1681
3.233	$\int (a + b \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1688
3.234	$\int (a + b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1696
3.235	$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c+dx)}(B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1704
3.236	$\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1712
3.237	$\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$	1720
3.238	$\int (a \cos(e+fx))^m (A + B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$	1728
3.239	$\int \cos^2(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1735
3.240	$\int \cos(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1744
3.241	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1753
3.242	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$	1762
3.243	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$	1771
3.244	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$	1779
3.245	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$	1788
3.246	$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^5(c+dx) dx$	1798
3.247	$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1809
3.248	$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$	1818



3.249	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1827
3.250	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1836
3.251	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1844
3.252	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1852
3.253	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	1861
3.254	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	1871
3.255	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$	1881
3.256	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$	1890
3.257	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$	1899
3.258	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$	1908
3.259	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$	1916
3.260	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$	1924
3.261	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$	1933
3.262	$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$	1942
3.263	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1952
3.264	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1961
3.265	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1970
3.266	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1979
3.267	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1987
3.268	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	1996
3.269	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2007
3.270	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2017
3.271	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2028
3.272	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2037
3.273	$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2046
3.274	$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2055
3.275	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2063
3.276	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2071
3.277	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2081
3.278	$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2091
3.279	$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2101
3.280	$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2110
3.281	$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2119

- 3.282  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2128$
- 3.283  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2136$
- 3.284  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2145$
- 3.285  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2154$
- 3.286  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2164$
- 3.287  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2174$
- 3.288  $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2183$
- 3.289  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2191$
- 3.290  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2199$
- 3.291  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2206$
- 3.292  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2212$
- 3.293  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2219$
- 3.294  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2226$
- 3.295  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2234$
- 3.296  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2244$
- 3.297  $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2254$
- 3.298  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2263$
- 3.299  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2271$
- 3.300  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2278$
- 3.301  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2284$
- 3.302  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2291$
- 3.303  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2298$
- 3.304  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2306$
- 3.305  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2315$
- 3.306  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2324$
- 3.307  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2333$
- 3.308  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2341$
- 3.309  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2348$

3.310	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2354
3.311	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2361
3.312	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2368
3.313	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2376
3.314	$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c+dx)} dx$	2385
3.315	$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2394
3.316	$\int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2402
3.317	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2409
3.318	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2415
3.319	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2422
3.320	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2429
3.321	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2437
3.322	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$	2446
3.323	$\int \frac{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2455
3.324	$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2463
3.325	$\int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2470
3.326	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2476
3.327	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2483
3.328	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2490
3.329	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2498
3.330	$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$	2507
3.331	$\int \frac{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2516
3.332	$\int \frac{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2524
3.333	$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2531
3.334	$\int \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2537
3.335	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$	2544

- 3.336  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2551$
- 3.337  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2559$
- 3.338  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2568$
- 3.339  $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2577$
- 3.340  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2584$
- 3.341  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2591$
- 3.342  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2598$
- 3.343  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2605$
- 3.344  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2612$
- 3.345  $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2619$
- 3.346  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2626$
- 3.347  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2633$
- 3.348  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2640$
- 3.349  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2647$
- 3.350  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2654$
- 3.351  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2661$
- 3.352  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2668$
- 3.353  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2675$
- 3.354  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2682$
- 3.355  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2690$
- 3.356  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2697$
- 3.357  $\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2704$
- 3.358  $\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2711$
- 3.359  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2718$
- 3.360  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2725$
- 3.361  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2731$
- 3.362  $\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2738$
- 3.363  $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2745$
- 3.364  $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2752$
- 3.365  $\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2759$
- 3.366  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2767$

- 3.367  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2775$
- 3.368  $\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2782$
- 3.369  $\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2792$
- 3.370  $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2799$
- 3.371  $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2806$
- 3.372  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2813$
- 3.373  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2820$
- 3.374  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2827$
- 3.375  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2834$
- 3.376  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx \dots\dots\dots 2841$
- 3.377  $\int \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2848$
- 3.378  $\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2855$
- 3.379  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2862$
- 3.380  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2870$
- 3.381  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2878$
- 3.382  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx \dots\dots\dots 2886$
- 3.383  $\int (a+a \cos(e+fx))^m (A+B \cos(e+fx)+C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2894$
- 3.384  $\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2901$
- 3.385  $\int \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2908$
- 3.386  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2915$
- 3.387  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2922$
- 3.388  $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2929$
- 3.389  $\int \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2937$
- 3.390  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2945$
- 3.391  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \dots\dots\dots 2953$
- 3.392  $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (A+(A+C) \cos(e+fx)+C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2961$
- 3.393  $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (A+B \cos(e+fx)+C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx \dots\dots\dots 2969$

### 3.1 $\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{3(A + 2C) \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{(A + 4C) \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{C \sin^9(c + dx)}{9d}$$

output

```
(A+C)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*(3*A+4*C)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+3/5*(A+2*C)*sin(d*x+c)^5/d-1/7*(A+4*C)*sin(d*x+c)^7/d+1/9*C*sin(d*x+c)^9/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{A \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{4C \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{3A \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{6C \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{A \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d} - \frac{4C \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{C \sin^9(c + dx)}{9d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^7*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output  $(A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/d + (C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/d - (A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3)/d - (4*C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (3*A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d) + (6*C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d) - (A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^7)/(7*d) - (4*C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^7)/(7*d) + (C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^9)/(9*d)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^7 \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3492$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx))^3 (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 290$$

$$\frac{\int (C \sin^8(c + dx) - (A + 4C) \sin^6(c + dx) + 3(A + 2C) \sin^4(c + dx) - (3A + 4C) \sin^2(c + dx) + A\left(\frac{C}{A} + 1\right)) dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(A + 4C) \sin^7(c + dx) - \frac{3}{5}(A + 2C) \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3}(3A + 4C) \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx) - \frac{1}{9}C \sin^9(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^7*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output

$$-\left(-((A + C)\sin[c + dx]) + ((3A + 4C)\sin[c + dx]^3)/3 - (3(A + 2C)\sin[c + dx]^5)/5 + ((A + 4C)\sin[c + dx]^7)/7 - (C\sin[c + dx]^9)/9\right)/d$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 290

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3492

```
Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89



method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{8820(A+C) \sin(3dx+3c)+252(7A+9C) \sin(5dx+5c)+45(4A+9C) \sin(7dx+7c)+35C \sin(9dx+9c)+44100\left(A+\frac{9C}{10}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{80640d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{C\left(\frac{128}{35}+\cos(dx+c)\right)^8+\frac{8 \cos(dx+c)^6}{7}+\frac{48 \cos(dx+c)^4}{35}+\frac{64 \cos(dx+c)^2}{35}}{9} \sin(dx+c) + \frac{A\left(\frac{16}{5}+\cos(dx+c)\right)^6+\frac{6 \cos(dx+c)^4}{5}+\frac{8 \cos(dx+c)^2}{5}}{7}}{d}$
default	$\frac{C\left(\frac{128}{35}+\cos(dx+c)\right)^8+\frac{8 \cos(dx+c)^6}{7}+\frac{48 \cos(dx+c)^4}{35}+\frac{64 \cos(dx+c)^2}{35}}{9} \sin(dx+c) + \frac{A\left(\frac{16}{5}+\cos(dx+c)\right)^6+\frac{6 \cos(dx+c)^4}{5}+\frac{8 \cos(dx+c)^2}{5}}{7}}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A\left(\frac{16}{5}+\cos(dx+c)\right)^6+\frac{6 \cos(dx+c)^4}{5}+\frac{8 \cos(dx+c)^2}{5}}{7d} \sin(dx+c) + \frac{C\left(\frac{128}{35}+\cos(dx+c)\right)^8+\frac{8 \cos(dx+c)^6}{7}+\frac{48 \cos(dx+c)^4}{35}+\frac{64 \cos(dx+c)^2}{35}}{9d}$
risch	$\frac{35 \sin(dx+c)A}{64d} + \frac{63C \sin(dx+c)}{128d} + \frac{C \sin(9dx+9c)}{2304d} + \frac{\sin(7dx+7c)A}{448d} + \frac{9 \sin(7dx+7c)C}{1792d} + \frac{7 \sin(5dx+5c)A}{320d} + \frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{17}}{d} + \frac{8(3A+2C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d} + \frac{8(3A+2C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{15}}{3d} + \frac{8(17A+19C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{5d} + \frac{1}{1+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
norman	
oring	$-\frac{117469\left(-7 \cos(dx+c)^6\left(A+C \cos(dx+c)\right)^2 d \sin(dx+c)-2 \cos(dx+c)^8 C d \sin(dx+c)\right)}{99225d^2} - \frac{34562\left(-210 \cos(dx+c)^4\right)}{99225d^2}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^7*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/80640*(8820*(A+C)*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+252*(7*A+9*C)*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+45*(4*A+9*C)*sin(7*d*x+7*c)+35*C*sin(9*d*x+9*c)+44100*(A+9/10*C)*sin(d*x+c))/d
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \cos^7(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(35 C \cos(dx+c)^8 + 5(9A+8C) \cos(dx+c)^6 + 6(9A+8C) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 8(9A+8C) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 144A + 128C) \sin(dx+c)}{315d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/315*(35*C*cos(d*x+c)^8+5*(9*A+8*C)*cos(d*x+c)^6+6*(9*A+8*C)*cos(d*x+c)^4+8*(9*A+8*C)*cos(d*x+c)^2+144*A+128*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs.  $2(80) = 160$ .

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{16A \sin^7(c+dx)}{35d} + \frac{8A \sin^5(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{2A \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{A \sin(c+dx) \cos^6(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{128C \sin^9(c+dx)}{315d} + \frac{64C \sin^7(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{315d} \\ x(A + C \cos^2(c)) \cos^7(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**7*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Piecewise((16*A*sin(c + d*x)**7/(35*d) + 8*A*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + 2*A*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + A*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**6/d + 128*C*sin(c + d*x)**9/(315*d) + 64*C*sin(c + d*x)**7*cos(c + d*x)**2/(35*d) + 16*C*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**4/(5*d) + 8*C*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**6/(3*d) + C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**8/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c)**7, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{35 C \sin(dx + c)^9 - 45 (A + 4 C) \sin(dx + c)^7 + 189 (A + 2 C) \sin(dx + c)^5 - 105 (3 A + 4 C) \sin(dx + c)^3 + 315 (A + C) \sin(dx + c)}{315 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/315*(35*C*sin(d*x + c)^9 - 45*(A + 4*C)*sin(d*x + c)^7 + 189*(A + 2*C)*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 105*(3*A + 4*C)*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 315*(A + C)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^7(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{C \sin(9 dx + 9 c)}{2304 d} + \frac{(4 A + 9 C) \sin(7 dx + 7 c)}{1792 d} + \frac{(7 A + 9 C) \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{320 d} + \frac{7(A + C) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{64 d} + \frac{7(10 A + 9 C) \sin(dx + c)}{128 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^7*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2304*C*sin(9*d*x + 9*c)/d + 1/1792*(4*A + 9*C)*sin(7*d*x + 7*c)/d + 1/320*(7*A + 9*C)*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 7/64*(A + C)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 7/128*(10*A + 9*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 39.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^7(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{C \sin(c+dx)^9}{9} + \left(-\frac{A}{7} - \frac{4C}{7}\right) \sin(c+dx)^7 + \left(\frac{3A}{5} + \frac{6C}{5}\right) \sin(c+dx)^5 + \left(-A - \frac{4C}{3}\right) \sin(c+dx)^3 + (A + C) \sin(c+dx)$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^7*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `((C*sin(c + d*x)^9)/9 - sin(c + d*x)^3*(A + (4*C)/3) + sin(c + d*x)*(A + C) + sin(c + d*x)^5*((3*A)/5 + (6*C)/5) - sin(c + d*x)^7*(A/7 + (4*C)/7))/d`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \cos^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(dx + c) (35 \sin(dx + c)^8 c - 45 \sin(dx + c)^6 a - 180 \sin(dx + c)^6 c + 189 \sin(dx + c)^4 a + 378 \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 315 \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 420 \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 315 a + 315 c)}{315d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^7*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sin(c + d*x)*(35*sin(c + d*x)**8*c - 45*sin(c + d*x)**6*a - 180*sin(c + d*x)**6*c + 189*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 378*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 315*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 420*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 315*a + 315*c))/(315*d)
```

### 3.2 $\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	182

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{(A + 3C) \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{C \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
(A+C)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*(A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)^5/d-1/7*C*sin(d*x+c)^7/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{2A \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{C \sin^3(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{A \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{3C \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{C \sin^7(c + dx)}{7d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(A*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (2*A*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) - (C*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/d + (A*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d) + (3*C*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d) - (C*Sin[c + d*x]^7)/(7*d)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3492$$

$$\frac{\int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx))^2 (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 290$$

$$\frac{\int (-C \sin^6(c + dx) + (A + 3C) \sin^4(c + dx) - (2A + 3C) \sin^2(c + dx) + A\left(\frac{C}{A} + 1\right)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{5}(A + 3C) \sin^5(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3}(2A + 3C) \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx) + \frac{1}{7}C \sin^7(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output 
$$-\left(-((A + C)\sin[c + dx]) + ((2A + 3C)\sin[c + dx]^3)/3 - ((A + 3C)\sin[c + dx]^5)/5 + (C\sin[c + dx]^7)/7\right)/d$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 290 
$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[q, 0]$$

rule 2009 
$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042 
$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3492 
$$\text{Int}[\sin[(e + f \cdot x)]^m \cdot (A + C \cdot \sin[(e + f \cdot x)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-f^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - x^2)^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (A + C - C \cdot x^2)], x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(m + 1)/2, 0]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(700A+735C) \sin(3dx+3c)+(84A+147C) \sin(5dx+5c)+15C \sin(7dx+7c)+4200\left(A+\frac{7C}{8}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{6720d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{C\left(\frac{16}{5}+\cos(dx+c)^6+\frac{6\cos(dx+c)^4}{5}+\frac{8\cos(dx+c)^2}{5}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{7} + \frac{A\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(dx+c)^4+\frac{4\cos(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
default	$\frac{C\left(\frac{16}{5}+\cos(dx+c)^6+\frac{6\cos(dx+c)^4}{5}+\frac{8\cos(dx+c)^2}{5}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{7} + \frac{A\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(dx+c)^4+\frac{4\cos(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{A\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(dx+c)^4+\frac{4\cos(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{C\left(\frac{16}{5}+\cos(dx+c)^6+\frac{6\cos(dx+c)^4}{5}+\frac{8\cos(dx+c)^2}{5}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{7d}$
risch	$\frac{5 \sin(dx+c)A}{8d} + \frac{35C \sin(dx+c)}{64d} + \frac{\sin(7dx+7c)C}{448d} + \frac{\sin(5dx+5c)A}{80d} + \frac{7 \sin(5dx+5c)C}{320d} + \frac{5 \sin(3dx+3c)A}{48d} + \dots$
norman	$\frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{13}}{d} + \frac{4(5A+3C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d} + \frac{4(5A+3C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{11}}{3d} + \frac{8(91A+53C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{35d} + \dots$
oring	$-\frac{12916\left(-5 \cos(dx+c)^4\left(A+C \cos(dx+c)^2\right) d \sin(dx+c)-2 \cos(dx+c)^6 C d \sin(dx+c)\right)}{11025d^2} - \frac{94\left(-60 \cos(dx+c)^2\left(A+C \cos(dx+c)^2\right) d \sin(dx+c)-2 \cos(dx+c)^6 C d \sin(dx+c)\right)}{11025d^2}$

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6720*((700*A+735*C)*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+(84*A+147*C)*sin(5*d*x+5*c)+15*C*sin(7*d*x+7*c)+4200*(A+7/8*C)*sin(d*x+c))/d
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \cos^5(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(15 C \cos(dx+c)^6 + 3(7A+6C) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4(7A+6C) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 56A+48C) \sin(dx+c)}{105d}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/105*(15*C*cos(d*x+c)^6+3*(7*A+6*C)*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*(7*A+6*C)*cos(d*x+c)^2+56*A+48*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs.  $2(60) = 120$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{8A \sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} + \frac{4A \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{16C \sin^7(c+dx)}{35d} + \frac{8C \sin^5(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{5d} + \frac{2C \sin^3(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{3d} \\ x(A + C \cos^2(c)) \cos^5(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Piecewise((8*A*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*A*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + A*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + 16*C*sin(c + d*x)**7/(35*d) + 8*C*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**2/(5*d) + 2*C*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**4/d + C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**6/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c)**5, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{15 C \sin(dx + c)^7 - 21 (A + 3 C) \sin(dx + c)^5 + 35 (2 A + 3 C) \sin(dx + c)^3 - 105 (A + C) \sin(dx + c)}{105 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/105*(15*C*sin(d*x + c)^7 - 21*(A + 3*C)*sin(d*x + c)^5 + 35*(2*A + 3*C)*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 105*(A + C)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \cos^5(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{C \sin(7 dx + 7 c)}{448 d} + \frac{(4 A + 7 C) \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{320 d} + \frac{(20 A + 21 C) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{192 d} + \frac{5(8 A + 7 C) \sin(dx + c)}{64 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/448*C*sin(7*d*x + 7*c)/d + 1/320*(4*A + 7*C)*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 1/192*(20*A + 21*C)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 5/64*(8*A + 7*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^5(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\frac{C \sin(c+dx)^7}{7} + \left(-\frac{A}{5} - \frac{3C}{5}\right) \sin(c+dx)^5 + \left(\frac{2A}{3} + C\right) \sin(c+dx)^3 + (-A - C) \sin(c+dx)}{d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^5*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `-(sin(c + d*x)^3*((2*A)/3 + C) + (C*sin(c + d*x)^7)/7 - sin(c + d*x)*(A + C) - sin(c + d*x)^5*(A/5 + (3*C)/5))/d`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(dx + c) (-15 \sin(dx + c)^6 c + 21 \sin(dx + c)^4 a + 63 \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 70 \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 105 \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 105 a + 105 c)}{105d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(sin(c + d*x)*(- 15*sin(c + d*x)**6*c + 21*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 63*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 70*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 105*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 105*a + 105*c))/(105*d)`

### 3.3 $\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	184
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	188
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	188

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{(A + 2C) \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{C \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output `(A+C)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*(A+2*C)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d+1/5*C*sin(d*x+c)^5/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{A \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{2C \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{C \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(A*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (A*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) - (2*C*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d) + (C*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/(5*d)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3492}$$

$$\int \frac{(1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{290}$$

$$\int \frac{(C \sin^4(c + dx) - (A + 2C) \sin^2(c + dx) + A\left(\frac{C}{A} + 1\right)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{3}(A + 2C) \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx) - \frac{1}{5}C \sin^5(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `-((-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + ((A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - (C*SIN[c + d*x]^5)/5)/d)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 290  $\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p \cdot (c + (d \cdot x)^2)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[q, 0]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3492  $\text{Int}[\sin(e + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + C \cdot \sin(e + f \cdot x))^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-f^{-1} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - x^2)^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (A + C - C \cdot x^2)], x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(m + 1)/2, 0]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(20A+25C) \sin(3dx+3c)+3C \sin(5dx+5c)+180\left(A+\frac{5C}{6}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{240d}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{C\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(dx+c)^4+\frac{4\cos(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{A(2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
default	$\frac{C\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(dx+c)^4+\frac{4\cos(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d} + \frac{A(2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
parts	$\frac{A(2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3d} + \frac{C\left(\frac{8}{3}+\cos(dx+c)^4+\frac{4\cos(dx+c)^2}{3}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{5d}$
risch	$\frac{3 \sin(dx+c)A}{4d} + \frac{5C \sin(dx+c)}{8d} + \frac{\sin(5dx+5c)C}{80d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c)A}{12d} + \frac{5 \sin(3dx+3c)C}{48d}$
norman	$\frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx+c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx+c}{2}\right)^9}{d} + \frac{8(2A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx+c}{2}\right)^3}{3d} + \frac{8(2A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx+c}{2}\right)^7}{3d} + \frac{4(25A+29C) \tan\left(\frac{dx+c}{2}\right)^5}{15d}$
oring	$\frac{259\left(-3 \cos(dx+c)^2\left(A+C \cos(dx+c)^2\right) d \sin(dx+c)-2 \cos(dx+c)^4 C d \sin(dx+c)\right)}{225d^2} - \frac{7\left(-6d^3 \sin(dx+c)^3\left(A+C \cos(dx+c)^2\right)\right)}{225d^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/240*((20*A+25*C)*\sin(3*d*x+3*c)+3*C*\sin(5*d*x+5*c)+180*(A+5/6*C)*\sin(d*x+c))/d$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \frac{(3C\cos(dx+c)^4 + (5A+4C)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A+8C)\sin(dx+c)}{15d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/15*(3*C*\cos(d*x+c)^4 + (5*A+4*C)*\cos(d*x+c)^2 + 10*A+8*C)*\sin(d*x+c)/d$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 105 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \cos^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2A\sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{8C\sin^5(c+dx)}{15d} + \frac{4C\sin^3(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^4(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(A+C\cos^2(c))\cos^3(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*A*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + A*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d +
8*C*sin(c + d*x)**5/(15*d) + 4*C*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**2/(3*d) + C
*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**4/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c)**3
, True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 C \sin(dx + c)^5 - 5(A + 2C) \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15(A + C) \sin(dx + c)}{15 d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/15*(3*C*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 5*(A + 2*C)*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*(A + C)*sin(d*x
+ c))/d
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 C \sin(dx + c)^5 - 5 A \sin(dx + c)^3 - 10 C \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 A \sin(dx + c) + 15 C \sin(dx + c)}{15 d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/15*(3*C*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 5*A*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 10*C*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 15*A
*sin(d*x + c) + 15*C*sin(d*x + c))/d
```



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{C \sin(c+dx)^5}{5} + \left(-\frac{A}{3} - \frac{2C}{3}\right) \sin(c + dx)^3 + (A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `((C*sin(c + d*x)^5)/5 + sin(c + d*x)*(A + C) - sin(c + d*x)^3*(A/3 + (2*C)/3))/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(dx + c) (3 \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 5 \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 10 \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 15a + 15c)}{15d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`output `(sin(c + d*x)*(3*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 5*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 10*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 15*a + 15*c))/(15*d)`

### 3.4 $\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	190
Maple [A] (verified)	191
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	191
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	192
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	192
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	193
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	193
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	193

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{C \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `(A+C)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*C*sin(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{A \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{A \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} - \frac{C \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(A*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (A*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d - (C*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/(3*d)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3492}$$

$$\int \frac{(-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}C \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `-((-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + (C*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3)/d)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492

```
Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2),
x_Symbol] :> Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2
), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{C \sin(3dx+3c)+12\left(A+\frac{3C}{4}\right) \sin(dx+c)}{12d}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{C(2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + A \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{\frac{C(2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3} + A \sin(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{\sin(dx+c)A}{d} + \frac{C(2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sin(dx+c)}{3d}$
risch	$\frac{\sin(dx+c)A}{d} + \frac{3C \sin(dx+c)}{4d} + \frac{\sin(3dx+3c)C}{12d}$
norman	$\frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2(A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{d} + \frac{4(3A+C) \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d}$ $\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^3$
orering	$-\frac{10(-d \sin(dx+c)(A+C \cos(dx+c)^2)-2C \cos(dx+c)^2 d \sin(dx+c))}{9d^2} - \frac{d^3 \sin(dx+c)(A+C \cos(dx+c)^2)+20C \cos(dx+c)}{9d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12*(C*sin(3*d*x+3*c)+12*(A+3/4*C)*sin(d*x+c))/d
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3A + 2C) \sin(dx + c)}{3d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `1/3*(C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A + 2*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{A \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{2C \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(A + C \cos^2(c)) \cos(c) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((A*sin(c + d*x)/d + 2*C*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d) + C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**2/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\sin(dx + c))^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c)C - 3A \sin(dx + c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*((sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*C - 3*A*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(\sin(dx + c))^3 - 3 \sin(dx + c)C - 3A \sin(dx + c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*((sin(d*x + c)^3 - 3*sin(d*x + c))*C - 3*A*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = -\frac{\frac{C \sin(c+dx)^3}{3} - \sin(c + dx) (A + C)}{d}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `-((C*sin(c + d*x)^3)/3 - sin(c + d*x)*(A + C))/d`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sin(dx + c) (-\sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3a + 3c)}{3d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(sin(c + d*x)*(- sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*d)`

### 3.5 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	194
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	194
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	195
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	196
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	197
Sympy [F] . . . . .	197
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	197
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	198
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	198
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	199

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{A \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+C*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{A \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \cos(dx) \sin(c)}{d} + \frac{C \cos(c) \sin(dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(A*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Cos[d*x]*Sin[c])/d + (C*Cos[c]*Sin[d*x])/d`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$A \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{A \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + C \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	30
default	$\frac{A \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c)) + C \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	30
parts	$\frac{A \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	32
parallelrisc	$\frac{A \left( -\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \right) + C \sin(dx+c)}{d}$	43
risc	$-\frac{iC e^{i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{iC e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2d} + \frac{A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{d} - \frac{A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{d}$	71
norman	$\frac{2C \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \frac{2C \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}{d} + \frac{A \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{d} - \frac{A \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{d}$	86

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(A*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))+C*sin(d*x+c))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{A \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - A \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2C \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(A*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - A*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*C*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{A \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - A \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) + 2C \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1/2*(A*\log(\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - A*\log(\sin(d*x + c) - 1) + 2*C*\sin(d*x + c))}{d}$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{A \log(|\sin(dx + c) + 1|) - A \log(|\sin(dx + c) - 1|) + 2 C \sin(dx + c)}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1/2*(A*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(d*x + c) + 1)) - A*\log(\text{abs}(\sin(d*x + c) - 1)) + 2*C*\sin(d*x + c))}{d}$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{C \sin(c + dx) + A \operatorname{atanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output  $\frac{(C*\sin(c + d*x) + A*\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(c + d*x)))}{d}$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a + \sin(dx + c) c}{d}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
( - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + sin(c + d*x)*c)/d
```

### 3.6 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	200
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	200
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	201
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	203
Sympy [F] . . . . .	203
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	203
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	204
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	204
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	205

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output `1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/2*A*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{C \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output

```
(C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

$$\downarrow 4257$$

$$\frac{(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d}$$

input

```
Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{A\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) + C \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
default	$\frac{A\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right) + C \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A\left(\frac{\sec(dx+c)\tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{C \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-\cos(2dx+2c)+1)(A+2C) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) + (\cos(2dx+2c)+1)(A+2C) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) + 2A \sin(dx+c)}{2d(\cos(2dx+2c)+1)}$
risch	$-\frac{iA(e^{3i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)})}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2d} - \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)C}{d} + \frac{A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2d} + \frac{\ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)C}{d}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^7}{d} + \frac{3A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{d} + \frac{3A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{d}}{\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)^2} - \frac{(A+2C) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2d} + \frac{(A+2C) \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right)}{2d}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(A*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+C*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(A + 2C) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (A + 2C) \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2A \sin(dx + c)}{4d \cos(dx + c)^2}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*((A + 2*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (A + 2*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*A*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**3, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(A + 2C) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (A + 2C) \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - \frac{2A \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2 - 1}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

$$\frac{1}{4}((A + 2C)\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (A + 2C)\log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - 2A\sin(dx + c)/(\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1))/d$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(A + 2C) \log(|\sin(dx + c) + 1|) - (A + 2C) \log(|\sin(dx + c) - 1|) - \frac{2A \sin(dx+c)}{\sin(dx+c)^2-1}}{4d}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{4}((A + 2C)\log(\text{abs}(\sin(dx + c) + 1)) - (A + 2C)\log(\text{abs}(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 2A\sin(dx + c)/(\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1))/d$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{\text{atanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \left(\frac{A}{2} + C\right)}{d} - \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2d (\sin(c + dx)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

$$(\text{atanh}(\sin(c + d*x))*(A/2 + C))/d - (A*\sin(c + d*x))/(2*d*(\sin(c + d*x)^2 - 1))$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right)}{2d}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

### 3.7 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{A \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+
1/4*A*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{3A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{C \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{3A \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{C \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{A \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(3*A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(8*d) + (C*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (C*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{4}(3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3A + 4C) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{1}{4}(3A + 4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{A \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) + C \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{A \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right) + C \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{3 \ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{8} \right)}{d} + \frac{C \left( \frac{\sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{\ln(\sec(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c))}{2} \right)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-6 \left( A + \frac{4C}{3} \right) \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 6 \left( A + \frac{4C}{3} \right) \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos(4dx+4c)}{4} + \cos(2dx+2c) \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) + 1 \right)}{4d(\cos(4dx+4c) + 4 \cos(2dx+2c) + 3)}$
risc	$\frac{i e^{i(dx+c)} (3A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3A - 4C)}{4d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{(5A+4C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{4d} + \frac{(5A+4C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^{11}}{4d} + \frac{(7A-4C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^5}{2d} + \frac{(7A-4C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^7}{2d} + \frac{(13A+4C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^3}{4d}}{\left( 1 + \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^2 \right)^2 \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^2 - 1 \right)^4}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(A*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+C*(1/2*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)+1/2*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^4 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 2 \sin(dx + c)}{16 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - (3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**5, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3A + 4C) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (3A + 4C) \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - \frac{2((3A + 4C) \sin(dx + c)^3 - (5A + 4C) \sin(dx + c))}{\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1}}{16 d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{16}((3A + 4C)\log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - (3A + 4C)\log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - 2((3A + 4C)\sin(dx + c)^3 - (5A + 4C)\sin(dx + c)))/(\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2\sin(dx + c)^2 + 1))/d$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3A + 4C) \log(|\sin(dx + c) + 1|) - (3A + 4C) \log(|\sin(dx + c) - 1|) - \frac{2(3A \sin(dx+c)^3 + 4C \sin(dx+c)^3 - 5A \sin(dx+c))}{(\sin(dx+c)^2 - 1)}}{16d}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(dx+c)^2)*sec(dx+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{16}((3A + 4C)\log(\text{abs}(\sin(dx + c) + 1)) - (3A + 4C)\log(\text{abs}(\sin(dx + c) - 1)) - 2(3A\sin(dx + c)^3 + 4C\sin(dx + c)^3 - 5A\sin(dx + c) - 4C\sin(dx + c)))/(\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)^2)/d$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(c + dx) \left(\frac{5A}{8} + \frac{C}{2}\right) - \sin(c + dx)^3 \left(\frac{3A}{8} + \frac{C}{2}\right)}{d (\sin(c + dx)^4 - 2\sin(c + dx)^2 + 1)} + \frac{\text{atanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \left(\frac{3A}{8} + \frac{C}{2}\right)}{d}$$

input

```
int((A + C*cos(c + dx)^2)/cos(c + dx)^5,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(\sin(c + dx) * ((5A)/8 + C/2) - \sin(c + dx)^3 * ((3A)/8 + C/2)) / (d * (\sin(c + dx)^4 - 2 * \sin(c + dx)^2 + 1)) + (\text{atanh}(\sin(c + dx)) * ((3A)/8 + C/2)) / d}$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.46

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 c + 6 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 8 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c) a - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c) c + 3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 a + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 6 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 8 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c) a + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c) c - 3 \sin(dx + c)^3 a - 4 \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 5 \sin(dx + c) a + 4 \sin(dx + c) c}{(8d(\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2\sin(dx + c)^2 + 1))}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.8 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	214
Maple [A] (verified)	217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	217
Sympy [F(-1)]	218
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	220

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{(5A + 6C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{16d} + \frac{(5A + 6C) \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{(5A + 6C) \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{A \sec^5(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d}$$

output

```
1/16*(5*A+6*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))/d+1/16*(5*A+6*C)*sec(d*x+c)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/24*(5*A+6*C)*sec(d*x+c)^3*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/6*A*sec(d*x+c)^5*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{5A \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{16d} + \frac{3C \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{8d} + \frac{5A \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{3C \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{5A \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{C \sec^3(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{A \sec^5(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{6d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]
```

output

```
(5*A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(16*d) + (3*C*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(8*d) + (5*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(16*d) + (3*C*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(8*d) + (5*A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(24*d) + (C*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^5*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^7(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^7} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(5A + 6C) \int \sec^5(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(5A + 6C) \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(5A + 6C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{6}(5A + 6C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& 6C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 6C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& 6C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^5(c + dx)}{6d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]`

output `(A*Sec[c + d*x]^5*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d) + ((5*A + 6*C)*((Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{A \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^5}{6} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)^3}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)}{16} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{16} \right) + C \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \right)}{d}$
default	$\frac{A \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^5}{6} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)^3}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)}{16} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{16} \right) + C \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^5}{6} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)^3}{24} - \frac{5 \sec(dx+c)}{16} \right) \tan(dx+c) + \frac{5 \ln(\sec(dx+c)+\tan(dx+c))}{16} \right)}{d} + \frac{C \left( - \left( - \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \sec(dx+c)}{8} \right) \right)}{d}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-225 \left( \frac{\cos(6dx+6c)}{15} + \frac{2 \cos(4dx+4c)}{5} + \cos(2dx+2c) + \frac{2}{3} \right) \left( A + \frac{6C}{5} \right) \ln \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) - 1 \right) + 225 \left( \frac{\cos(6dx+6c)}{15} + \frac{2 \cos(4dx+4c)}{5} \right)}{48d(\cos(6dx+6c)+6)}$
risc	$-\frac{i e^{i(dx+c)} (15A e^{10i(dx+c)} + 18C e^{10i(dx+c)} + 85A e^{8i(dx+c)} + 102C e^{8i(dx+c)} + 198A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 84C e^{6i(dx+c)} - 198A)}{24d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^6}$
norman	$\frac{(11A+10C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{8d} + \frac{(11A+10C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^{15}}{8d} + \frac{7(19A-6C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^5}{24d} + \frac{7(19A-6C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^{11}}{24d} + \frac{(71A+18C) \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)^{17}}{24d}$ $\left( 1 + \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)^2 \left( \tan \left( \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right) \right)$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(A*(-(-1/6*sec(d*x+c)^5-5/24*sec(d*x+c)^3-5/16*sec(d*x+c))*tan(d*x+c)+
5/16*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)))+C*(-(-1/4*sec(d*x+c)^3-3/8*sec(d*x+c))*tan
(d*x+c)+3/8*ln(sec(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c))))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5A + 6C) \cos(dx + c)^6 \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(5A + 6C) \cos(dx + c)^6 \log(-\sin(dx + c) + 1) + 96d \cos(dx + c)^6}{96d \cos(dx + c)^6}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/96*(3*(5*A + 6*C)*cos(d*x + c)^6*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(5*A + 6*C)*cos(d*x + c)^6*log(-sin(d*x + c) + 1) + 2*(3*(5*A + 6*C)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 2*(5*A + 6*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*A)*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^6)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**7,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5A + 6C) \log(\sin(dx + c) + 1) - 3(5A + 6C) \log(\sin(dx + c) - 1) - \frac{2(3(5A + 6C) \sin(dx + c)^5 - 8(5A + 6C) \sin(dx + c)^3 + 3(11A + 10C) \sin(dx + c))}{\sin(dx + c)^6 - 3 \sin(dx + c)^4 + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 - 1}}{96d}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/96*(3*(5*A + 6*C)*log(sin(d*x + c) + 1) - 3*(5*A + 6*C)*log(sin(d*x + c) - 1) - 2*(3*(5*A + 6*C)*sin(d*x + c)^5 - 8*(5*A + 6*C)*sin(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(11*A + 10*C)*sin(d*x + c))/(sin(d*x + c)^6 - 3*sin(d*x + c)^4 + 3*sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5A + 6C) \log(|\sin(dx + c) + 1|) - 3(5A + 6C) \log(|\sin(dx + c) - 1|) - \frac{2(15A \sin(dx+c)^5 + 18C \sin(dx+c)^3 - 40A \sin(dx+c) - 48C)}{(\sin(dx+c)^2 - 1)^3}}{96d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/96*(3*(5*A + 6*C)*log(abs(sin(d*x + c) + 1)) - 3*(5*A + 6*C)*log(abs(sin(d*x + c) - 1)) - 2*(15*A*sin(d*x + c)^5 + 18*C*sin(d*x + c)^3 - 40*A*sin(d*x + c) - 48*C)/((sin(d*x + c)^2 - 1)^3)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \left( \frac{5A}{16} + \frac{3C}{8} \right)}{d} - \frac{\left( \frac{5A}{16} + \frac{3C}{8} \right) \sin(c + dx)^5 + \left( -\frac{5A}{6} - C \right) \sin(c + dx)^3 + \left( \frac{11A}{16} + \frac{5C}{8} \right) \sin(c + dx)}{d (\sin(c + dx)^6 - 3 \sin(c + dx)^4 + 3 \sin(c + dx)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/cos(c + d*x)^7,x)`

output `(atanh(sin(c + d*x))*((5*A)/16 + (3*C)/8))/d - (sin(c + d*x)*((11*A)/16 + (5*C)/8) - sin(c + d*x)^3*((5*A)/6 + C) + sin(c + d*x)^5*((5*A)/16 + (3*C)/8))/(d*(3*sin(c + d*x)^2 - 3*sin(c + d*x)^4 + sin(c + d*x)^6 - 1))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{-15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^6 a - 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^6 c + 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) c + 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx)^6 a + 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx)^6 c - 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx)^4 a - 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx)^4 c + 45 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx)^2 a + 54 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx)^2 c - 15 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a - 18 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) c - 15 \sin(c + dx)^5 a - 18 \sin(c + dx)^5 c + 40 \sin(c + dx)^3 a + 48 \sin(c + dx)^3 c - 33 \sin(c + dx) a - 30 \sin(c + dx) c}{(48 d (\sin(c + dx)^6 - 3 \sin(c + dx)^4 + 3 \sin(c + dx)^2 - 1))}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x)
```

output

```
( - 15*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**6*a - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**6*c + 45*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 54*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 45*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 54*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 15*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 15*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**6*a + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**6*c - 45*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 54*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 45*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 54*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 15*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 15*sin(c + d*x)**5*a - 18*sin(c + d*x)**5*c + 40*sin(c + d*x)**3*a + 48*sin(c + d*x)**3*c - 33*sin(c + d*x)*a - 30*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(48*d*(sin(c + d*x)**6 - 3*sin(c + d*x)**4 + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

### 3.9 $\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5}{128}(8A + 7C)x + \frac{5(8A + 7C) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{128d} + \frac{5(8A + 7C) \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{192d} + \frac{(8A + 7C) \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{48d} + \frac{C \cos^7(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d}$$

output

```
5/128*(8*A+7*C)*x+5/128*(8*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+5/192*(8*A+7*C)*
cos(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/48*(8*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/8*C*c
os(d*x+c)^7*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{960Ac + 840cC + 960Adx + 840Cdx + 48(15A + 14C) \sin(2(c + dx)) + 24(6A + 7C) \sin(4(c + dx)) + 16A \sin(6(c + dx)) + 32C \sin(8(c + dx))}{3072d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^6*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(960*A*c + 840*c*C + 960*A*d*x + 840*C*d*x + 48*(15*A + 14*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 24*(6*A + 7*C)*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 16*A*Sine[6*(c + d*x)] + 32*C*Sine[8*(c + d*x)]/(3072*d)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}(8A + 7C) \int \cos^6(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}(8A + 7C) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^6 dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{1}{8}(8A + 7C) \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{8}(8A + 7C) \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& 7C) \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 7C) \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \\
& \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& 7C) \left( \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d} \\
& \downarrow \text{24} \\
& 7C) \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} + \frac{5}{6} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^7(c + dx)}{8d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^6*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(C \cos[c + dx]^7 \sin[c + dx])}{(8d)} + \frac{((8A + 7C) * ((\cos[c + dx]^5 \sin[c + dx]))}{(6d)} + \frac{5 * ((\cos[c + dx]^3 \sin[c + dx]))}{(4d)} + \frac{3 * (x/2 + (\cos[c + dx] * \sin[c + dx]))}{(2d)})}{(4))}{(6))}{8}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24

$$\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Int}[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3115

$$\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + dx] + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(-b) * \cos[c + dx] * ((b * \sin[c + dx])^{n-1}) / (d * n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[c + dx])^{n-2}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3493

$$\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + fx] + f \cdot x)^m * (A + C \cdot \sin[e + fx] + f \cdot x)^2, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((b * \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}) / (b * f * (m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m+2) + C * (m+1)) / (m+2) \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{!LtQ}[m, -1]$$
**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(720A+672C) \sin(2dx+2c)+(144A+168C) \sin(4dx+4c)+(16A+32C) \sin(6dx+6c)+3C \sin(8dx+8c)+960x \left(A+\frac{7C}{8}\right)}{3072d}$
derivativedivides	$C \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^7 + \frac{7 \cos(dx+c)^5}{6} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)^3}{24} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)}{16} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{8} + \frac{35dx}{128} + \frac{35c}{128} \right) + A \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)^3}{4} + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} \right)$
default	$C \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^7 + \frac{7 \cos(dx+c)^5}{6} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)^3}{24} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)}{16} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{8} + \frac{35dx}{128} + \frac{35c}{128} \right) + A \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)^3}{4} + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} \right)$
parts	$A \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + C \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^7 + \frac{7 \cos(dx+c)^5}{6} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)^3}{24} + \frac{35 \cos(dx+c)}{16} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{8} \right)$
risc	$\frac{5xA}{16} + \frac{35Cx}{128} + \frac{C \sin(8dx+8c)}{1024d} + \frac{\sin(6dx+6c)A}{192d} + \frac{\sin(6dx+6c)C}{96d} + \frac{3 \sin(4dx+4c)A}{64d} + \frac{7 \sin(4dx+4c)C}{128d} +$
norman	$\left( \frac{5A}{16} + \frac{35C}{128} \right) x + \left( \frac{5A}{2} + \frac{35C}{16} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \left( \frac{5A}{2} + \frac{35C}{16} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{14} + \left( \frac{5A}{16} + \frac{35C}{128} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{16} + \left( \frac{35A}{2} + \frac{245C}{16} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{18}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^6*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3072*((720*A+672*C)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(144*A+168*C)*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+(16*A+32*C)*sin(6*d*x+6*c)+3*C*sin(8*d*x+8*c)+960*x*(A+7/8*C)*d)/d
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \cos^6(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(8A+7C)dx + (48C \cos(dx+c))^7 + 8(8A+7C) \cos(dx+c)^5 + 10(8A+7C) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 15}{384d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/384*(15*(8*A + 7*C)*d*x + (48*C*cos(d*x + c)^7 + 8*(8*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x +
c)^5 + 10*(8*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 15*(8*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d
*x + c))/d
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{5Ax \sin^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15Ax \sin^4(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{15Ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{5Ax \cos^6(c+dx)}{16} + \frac{5A \sin^5(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{16d} \\ x(A + C \cos^2(c)) \cos^6(c) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**6*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((5*A*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*A*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)*
**2/16 + 15*A*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*A*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/
16 + 5*A*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*A*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c +
d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*A*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d) + 35*C*x*sin(c +
d*x)**8/128 + 35*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**6*cos(c + d*x)**2/32 + 105*C*x*sin(c +
d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**4/64 + 35*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**6/32 +
35*C*x*cos(c + d*x)**8/128 + 35*C*sin(c + d*x)**7*cos(c + d*x)/(128*d) + 3
85*C*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)**3/(384*d) + 511*C*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c
+ d*x)**5/(384*d) + 93*C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**7/(128*d), Ne(d, 0)),
(x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c)**6, True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15(dx + c)(8A + 7C) + \frac{15(8A+7C)\tan(dx+c)^7 + 55(8A+7C)\tan(dx+c)^5 + 73(8A+7C)\tan(dx+c)^3 + 3(88A+93C)\tan(dx+c)}{\tan(dx+c)^8 + 4\tan(dx+c)^6 + 6\tan(dx+c)^4 + 4\tan(dx+c)^2 + 1}}{384d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/384*(15*(d*x + c)*(8*A + 7*C) + (15*(8*A + 7*C)*tan(d*x + c)^7 + 55*(8*A + 7*C)*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 73*(8*A + 7*C)*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(88*A + 93*C)*tan(d*x + c))/(tan(d*x + c)^8 + 4*tan(d*x + c)^6 + 6*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 4*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1))/d`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{5}{128} (8A + 7C)x + \frac{C \sin(8dx + 8c)}{1024d} + \frac{(A + 2C) \sin(6dx + 6c)}{192d} + \frac{(6A + 7C) \sin(4dx + 4c)}{128d} + \frac{(15A + 14C) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{64d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^6*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/128*(8*A + 7*C)*x + 1/1024*C*sin(8*d*x + 8*c)/d + 1/192*(A + 2*C)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/128*(6*A + 7*C)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/64*(15*A + 14*C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 42.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = x \left( \frac{5A}{16} + \frac{35C}{128} \right) + \frac{\left( \frac{5A}{16} + \frac{35C}{128} \right) \tan(c + dx)^7 + \left( \frac{55A}{48} + \frac{385C}{384} \right) \tan(c + dx)^5 + \left( \frac{73A}{48} + \frac{511C}{384} \right) \tan(c + dx)^3 + \left( \frac{11A}{16} + \frac{93C}{128} \right) \tan(c + dx)}{d (\tan(c + dx)^8 + 4 \tan(c + dx)^6 + 6 \tan(c + dx)^4 + 4 \tan(c + dx)^2 + 1)}$$



input `int(cos(c + d*x)^6*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `x*((5*A)/16 + (35*C)/128) + (tan(c + d*x)*((11*A)/16 + (93*C)/128) + tan(c + d*x)^7*((5*A)/16 + (35*C)/128) + tan(c + d*x)^5*((55*A)/48 + (385*C)/384) + tan(c + d*x)^3*((73*A)/48 + (511*C)/384))/(d*(4*tan(c + d*x)^2 + 6*tan(c + d*x)^4 + 4*tan(c + d*x)^6 + tan(c + d*x)^8 + 1))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \cos^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-48 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^7 c + 64 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^5 a + 200 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^5 c - 208 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 a - 326 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 264 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) a + 279 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 120 a dx + 105 c dx}{384 d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^6*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `( - 48*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**7*c + 64*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**5*a + 200*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**5*c - 208*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 326*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 264*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 279*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 120*a*d*x + 105*c*d*x)/(384*d)`

### 3.10 $\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{16}(6A + 5C)x + \frac{(6A + 5C) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{16d} + \frac{(6A + 5C) \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{24d} + \frac{C \cos^5(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{6d}$$

output

```
1/16*(6*A+5*C)*x+1/16*(6*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/24*(6*A+5*C)*cos
(d*x+c)^3*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/6*C*cos(d*x+c)^5*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{72Ac + 60cC + 72Adx + 60Cdx + (48A + 45C) \sin(2(c + dx)) + (6A + 9C) \sin(4(c + dx)) + C \sin(6(c + dx))}{192d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output  $(72*A*c + 60*c*C + 72*A*d*x + 60*C*d*x + (48*A + 45*C)*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)] + (6*A + 9*C)*\text{Sin}[4*(c + d*x)] + C*\text{Sin}[6*(c + d*x)])/(192*d)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(6A + 5C) \int \cos^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(6A + 5C) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(6A + 5C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}(6A + 5C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{1}{6}(6A + 5C) \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right) + \\
 \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d} \\
 \downarrow \text{24} \\
 \frac{1}{6}(6A + 5C) \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + \\
 \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^5(c + dx)}{6d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `(C*Cos[c + d*x]^5*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d) + ((6*A + 5*C)*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)/6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{(48A+45C) \sin(2dx+2c)+(6A+9C) \sin(4dx+4c)+\sin(6dx+6c)C+72x \left(A+\frac{5C}{6}\right) d}{192d}$
risc	$\frac{3xA}{8} + \frac{5Cx}{16} + \frac{\sin(6dx+6c)C}{192d} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)A}{32d} + \frac{3 \sin(4dx+4c)C}{64d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)A}{4d} + \frac{15 \sin(2dx+2c)C}{64d}$
derivativdivides	$C \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + A \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)$
default	$C \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right) + A \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)$
parts	$A \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + C \left( \frac{\left( \cos(dx+c)^5 + \frac{5 \cos(dx+c)^3}{4} + \frac{15 \cos(dx+c)}{8} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{6} + \frac{5dx}{16} + \frac{5c}{16} \right)$
norman	$\left(\frac{3A}{8} + \frac{5C}{16}\right)x + \left(\frac{3A}{8} + \frac{5C}{16}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{12} + \left(\frac{9A}{4} + \frac{15C}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{9A}{4} + \frac{15C}{8}\right)x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^{10} + \left(\frac{15A}{2} + \frac{25C}{4}\right)$
orering	$x \cos(dx+c)^4 (A+C \cos(dx+c))^2 - \frac{49(-4 \cos(dx+c)^3 (A+C \cos(dx+c))^2 d \sin(dx+c) - 2 \cos(dx+c))}{144d^2}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/192*((48*A+45*C)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+(6*A+9*C)*sin(4*d*x+4*c)+sin(6*d*x+6*c)*C+72*x*(A+5/6*C)*d)/d
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^4(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(6A+5C)dx + (8C \cos(dx+c)^5 + 2(6A+5C) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(6A+5C) \cos(dx+c)) \sin(dx+c)}{48d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{48}*(3*(6*A + 5*C)*d*x + (8*C*cos(d*x + c)^5 + 2*(6*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(6*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3Ax \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3Ax \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3Ax \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3A \sin^3(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{5A \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{5C \sin^4(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{8d} \\ x(A + C \cos^2(c)) \cos^4(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*A*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*A*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*A*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*A*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*A*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d) + 5*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**6/16 + 15*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**4*cos(c + d*x)**2/16 + 15*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**4/16 + 5*C*x*cos(c + d*x)**6/16 + 5*C*sin(c + d*x)**5*cos(c + d*x)/(16*d) + 5*C*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)**3/(6*d) + 11*C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**5/(16*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c)**4, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(dx+c)(6A+5C) + \frac{3(6A+5C)\tan(dx+c)^5 + 8(6A+5C)\tan(dx+c)^3 + 3(10A+11C)\tan(dx+c)}{\tan(dx+c)^6 + 3\tan(dx+c)^4 + 3\tan(dx+c)^2 + 1}}{48d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(3*(d*x + c)*(6*A + 5*C) + (3*(6*A + 5*C)*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 8*(6*A + 5*C)*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(10*A + 11*C)*tan(d*x + c)))/(tan(d*x + c)^6 + 3*tan(d*x + c)^4 + 3*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1))/d`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{16} (6A + 5C)x + \frac{C \sin(6dx + 6c)}{192d} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(4dx + 4c)}{64d} + \frac{(16A + 15C) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{64d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*(6*A + 5*C)*x + 1/192*C*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)/d + 1/64*(2*A + 3*C)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/64*(16*A + 15*C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = x \left( \frac{3A}{8} + \frac{5C}{16} \right) + \frac{\left( \frac{3A}{8} + \frac{5C}{16} \right) \tan(c + dx)^5 + \left( A + \frac{5C}{6} \right) \tan(c + dx)^3 + \left( \frac{5A}{8} + \frac{11C}{16} \right) \tan(c + dx)}{d (\tan(c + dx)^6 + 3 \tan(c + dx)^4 + 3 \tan(c + dx)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output

```
x*((3*A)/8 + (5*C)/16) + (tan(c + d*x)*((5*A)/8 + (11*C)/16) + tan(c + d*x)^3*(A + (5*C)/6) + tan(c + d*x)^5*((3*A)/8 + (5*C)/16))/(d*(3*tan(c + d*x)^2 + 3*tan(c + d*x)^4 + tan(c + d*x)^6 + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^5 c - 12 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 a - 26 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 30 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) a + 33 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 18 a dx + 15 c dx}{48d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(8*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**5*c - 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 26*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 30*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 33*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 18*a*d*x + 15*c*d*x)/(48*d)
```



### 3.11 $\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	236
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	236
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	237
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	238
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	239
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	240
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	240
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	241
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	241
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	242

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{8}(4A + 3C)x + \frac{(4A + 3C) \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{C \cos^3(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^3*
sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{4(4A + 3C)(c + dx) + 8(A + C) \sin(2(c + dx)) + C \sin(4(c + dx))}{32d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(4*(4*A + 3*C)*(c + d*x) + 8*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*SIN[4*(c + d*x)]
)/(32*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \left(\frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d}\right) + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \left(\frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output  $(C \cos[c + dx]^3 \sin[c + dx]) / (4d) + ((4A + 3C)(x/2 + (\cos[c + dx] \sin[c + dx]) / (2d))) / 4$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx] + d(x))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n-1)} / (d^n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b \sin[c + dx])^{(n-2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \text{ GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx] + f(x))^{(m)} * ((A) + (C) \sin[e + fx] * (x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cos[e + fx] * ((b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} / (b * f * (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m+2) + C * (m+1)) / (m+2) \text{ Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{(m)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \text{ !LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{(8A+8C) \sin(2dx+2c) + \sin(4dx+4c)C + 16x \left(A + \frac{3C}{4}\right) d}{32d}$
risch	$\frac{xA}{2} + \frac{3Cx}{8} + \frac{\sin(4dx+4c)C}{32d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)A}{4d} + \frac{\sin(2dx+2c)C}{4d}$
derivativdivides	$C \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + A \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)$
default	$\frac{C \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right) + A \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A \left( \frac{\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2} \right)}{d} + \frac{C \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\cos(dx+c)^3 + \frac{3 \cos(dx+c)}{2} \right) \sin(dx+c)}{4} + \frac{3dx}{8} + \frac{3c}{8} \right)}{d}$
norman	$\frac{\left( \frac{A}{2} + \frac{3C}{8} \right) x + \left( 2A + \frac{3C}{2} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \left( 2A + \frac{3C}{2} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6 + \left( 3A + \frac{9C}{4} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \left( \frac{A}{2} + \frac{3C}{8} \right) x \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{\left( 1 + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)^2}$
oring	$x \cos(dx+c)^2 (A + C \cos(dx+c))^2 - \frac{5 \left( -2 \cos(dx+c) (A + C \cos(dx+c))^2 \right) d \sin(dx+c) - 2 \cos(dx+c)}{16d^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/32*((8*A+8*C)*sin(2*d*x+2*c)+sin(4*d*x+4*c)*C+16*x*(A+3/4*C)*d)/d`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx) (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4A + 3C)dx + (2C \cos(dx+c))^3 + (4A + 3C) \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*((4*A + 3*C)*d*x + (2*C*cos(d*x + c))^3 + (4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Ax \sin^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{Ax \cos^2(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{A \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{3Cx \sin^4(c+dx)}{8} + \frac{3Cx \sin^2(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{4} + \frac{3Cx \cos^4(c+dx)}{8} \\ x(A + C \cos^2(c)) \cos^2(c) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Piecewise((A*x*sin(c + d*x)**2/2 + A*x*cos(c + d*x)**2/2 + A*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)/(2*d) + 3*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*C*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*cos(c + d*x)**2/4 + 3*C*x*cos(c + d*x)**4/8 + 3*C*sin(c + d*x)**3*cos(c + d*x)/(8*d) + 5*C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**3/(8*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*cos(c)**2, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx + c)(4A + 3C) + \frac{(4A+3C)\tan(dx+c)^3 + (4A+5C)\tan(dx+c)}{\tan(dx+c)^4 + 2\tan(dx+c)^2 + 1}}{8d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*((d*x + c)*(4*A + 3*C) + ((4*A + 3*C)*tan(d*x + c)^3 + (4*A + 5*C)*tan(d*x + c))/(tan(d*x + c)^4 + 2*tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{1}{8} (4A + 3C)x + \frac{C \sin(4dx + 4c)}{32d} + \frac{(A + C) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{4d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*(4*A + 3*C)*x + 1/32*C*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 1/4*(A + C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = x \left( \frac{A}{2} + \frac{3C}{8} \right) + \frac{\left( \frac{A}{2} + \frac{3C}{8} \right) \tan(c + dx)^3 + \left( \frac{A}{2} + \frac{5C}{8} \right) \tan(c + dx)}{d (\tan(c + dx)^4 + 2 \tan(c + dx)^2 + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `x*(A/2 + (3*C)/8) + (tan(c + d*x)*(A/2 + (5*C)/8) + tan(c + d*x)^3*(A/2 + (3*C)/8))/(d*(2*tan(c + d*x)^2 + tan(c + d*x)^4 + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 4 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) a + 5 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 4adx + 3ca}{8d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `( - 2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 5*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 4*a*d*x + 3*c*d*x)/(8*d)`

### 3.12 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	243
Mathematica [A] (verified)	243
Rubi [A] (verified)	244
Maple [A] (verified)	245
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	245
Sympy [F]	246
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	246
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	246
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	247
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	247

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = Cx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

output `C*x+A*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = Cx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `C*x + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx$$

input

```
Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
C*x + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{A \tan(dx+c) + C(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{A \tan(dx+c) + C(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A \tan(dx+c)}{d} + \frac{C(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$Cx + \frac{2iA}{d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) + dx C \cos(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)}$
norman	$\frac{Cx \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + Cx \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^6 - Cx - \frac{2A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d} - \frac{4A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{d} - \frac{2A \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{d} - Cx \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{\left(1 + \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1\right)}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(A*tan(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{C dx \cos(dx + c) + A \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `(C*d*x*cos(d*x + c) + A*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{(dx + c)C + A \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((d*x + c)*C + A*tan(d*x + c))/d`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{(dx + c)C + A \tan(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((d*x + c)*C + A*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{A \tan(c + dx) + C dx}{d}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `(A*tan(c + d*x) + C*d*x)/d`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{\cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a}{\cos(dx + c) d}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a)/(cos(c + d*x)*d)`

### 3.13 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	248
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	248
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	249
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	250
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	251
Sympy [F] . . . . .	251
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	252
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	252
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	253

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{(2A + 3C) \tan(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{A \sec^2(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `1/3*(2*A+3*C)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/3*A*sec(d*x+c)^2*tan(d*x+c)/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{C \tan(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{A(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(C*Tan[c + d*x])/d + (A*(Tan[c + d*x] + Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c+dx) (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(2A + 3C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{(2A + 3C) \tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}$$

input

```
Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-A\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)+C\tan(dx+c}}{d}$	35
default	$\frac{-A\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)+C\tan(dx+c}}{d}$	35
parts	$-\frac{A\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c}}{d} + \frac{C\tan(dx+c}}{d}$	37
parallelrisc	$\frac{(2A+3C)\sin(3dx+3c)+6\left(A+\frac{C}{2}\right)\sin(dx+c}}{3d(\cos(3dx+3c)+3\cos(dx+c))}$	57
risc	$\frac{2i(3C e^{4i(dx+c)}+6A e^{2i(dx+c)}+6C e^{2i(dx+c)}+2A+3C)}{3d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^3}$	63
norman	$\frac{-\frac{8A\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d}-\frac{8A\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7}{3d}-\frac{4(A-3C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{3d}-\frac{2(A+C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}-\frac{2(A+C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^9}{d}}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^3}$	124

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-A*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)+C*tan(d*x+c))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{((2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sin(dx + c)}{3d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{A \tan(dx + c)^3 + 3(A + C) \tan(dx + c)}{3d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(A*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(A + C)*tan(d*x + c))/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\begin{aligned} \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ = \frac{A \tan(dx + c)^3 + 3A \tan(dx + c) + 3C \tan(dx + c)}{3d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(A*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 3*A*tan(d*x + c) + 3*C*tan(d*x + c))/d`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{A \tan(c + dx)^3}{3d} + \frac{\tan(c + dx) (A + C)}{d}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `(A*tan(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d) + (tan(c + d*x)*(A + C))/d`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(dx + c) (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

output

```
(sin(c + d*x)*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*
cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

### 3.14 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	254
Rubi [A] (verified)	255
Maple [A] (verified)	257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Sympy [F(-1)]	258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	258
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	260

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{(4A + 5C) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{A \sec^4(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{(4A + 5C) \tan^3(c + dx)}{15d}$$

output `1/5*(4*A+5*C)*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/5*A*sec(d*x+c)^4*tan(d*x+c)/d+1/15*(4*A+5*C)*tan(d*x+c)^3/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{C(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{A(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) + \frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(C*(Tan[c + d*x] + Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d + (A*(Tan[c + d*x] + (2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/3 + Tan[c + d*x]^5/5))/d`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^6(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(4A + 5C) \int \sec^4(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(4A + 5C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{(4A + 5C) \int (\tan^2(c + dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c + dx))}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^4(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{(4A + 5C) (-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) - \tan(c + dx))}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `(A*Sec[c + d*x]^4*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d) - ((4*A + 5*C)*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/(5*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-A\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)-C\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-A\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)-C\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$-\frac{A\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}-\frac{C\left(-\frac{2}{3}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{3}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(40A+50C)\sin(3dx+3c)+(8A+10C)\sin(5dx+5c)+80\left(A+\frac{C}{2}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{15d(\cos(5dx+5c)+5\cos(3dx+3c)+10\cos(dx+c))}$
risch	$\frac{4i(15C e^{6i(dx+c)}+40A e^{4i(dx+c)}+35C e^{4i(dx+c)}+20A e^{2i(dx+c)}+25C e^{2i(dx+c)}+4A+5C)}{15d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{4(A-C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3}{3d}-\frac{4(A-C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{11}}{3d}-\frac{2(A+C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{d}-\frac{2(A+C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{13}}{d}-\frac{2(11A-5C)\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5}{5d}}{\left(1+\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^5}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d*(-A*(-8/15-1/5*sec(d*x+c)^4-4/15*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c)-C*(-2/3-1/3*sec(d*x+c)^2)*tan(d*x+c))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(2(4A + 5C) \cos(dx + c)^4 + (4A + 5C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3A) \sin(dx + c)}{15d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/15*(2*(4*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (4*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sin
(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 A \tan(dx + c)^5 + 5 (2 A + C) \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 (A + C) \tan(dx + c)}{15 d}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/15*(3*A*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 5*(2*A + C)*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*(A + C)*tan(d*x
+ c))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 A \tan(dx + c)^5 + 10 A \tan(dx + c)^3 + 5 C \tan(dx + c)^3 + 15 A \tan(dx + c) + 15 C \tan(dx + c)}{15 d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*(3*A*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 10*A*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 5*C*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 15*A*tan(d*x + c) + 15*C*tan(d*x + c))/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{A \tan(c+dx)^5}{5} + \left(\frac{2A}{3} + \frac{C}{3}\right) \tan(c+dx)^3 + (A+C) \tan(c+dx)}{d}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output `((A*tan(c + d*x)^5)/5 + tan(c + d*x)*(A + C) + tan(c + d*x)^3*((2*A)/3 + C/3))/d`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(dx + c) (8 \sin(dx + c)^4 a + 10 \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 20 \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 25 \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 15a + 15c)}{15 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2 \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1)}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)
```

output

```
(sin(c + d*x)*(8*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 10*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 20*sin(c + d*x)
)**2*a - 25*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 15*a + 15*c))/(15*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c +
d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.15 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	261
Rubi [A] (verified)	262
Maple [A] (verified)	264
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	264
Sympy [F(-1)]	265
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	265
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	265
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	266
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	266

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx = \frac{(6A + 7C) \tan(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{A \sec^6(c + dx) \tan(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2(6A + 7C) \tan^3(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{(6A + 7C) \tan^5(c + dx)}{35d}$$

output

$1/7*(6*A+7*C)*\tan(d*x+c)/d+1/7*A*\sec(d*x+c)^6*\tan(d*x+c)/d+2/21*(6*A+7*C)*\tan(d*x+c)^3/d+1/35*(6*A+7*C)*\tan(d*x+c)^5/d$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx = \frac{C(\tan(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c + dx) + \frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{A(\tan(c + dx) + \tan^3(c + dx) + \frac{3}{5} \tan^5(c + dx) + \frac{1}{7} \tan^7(c + dx))}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^8,x]`

output `(C*(Tan[c + d*x] + (2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/3 + Tan[c + d*x]^5/5))/d + (A*(Tan[c + d*x] + Tan[c + d*x]^3 + (3*Tan[c + d*x]^5)/5 + Tan[c + d*x]^7/7))/d`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^8(c+dx) (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(6A + 7C) \int \sec^6(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^6(c+dx)}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(6A + 7C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6 dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^6(c+dx)}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254} \\
 & \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^6(c+dx)}{7d} - \\
 & \frac{(6A + 7C) \int (\tan^4(c+dx) + 2 \tan^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^6(c+dx)}{7d} - \frac{(6A + 7C) (-\frac{1}{5} \tan^5(c+dx) - \frac{2}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{7d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^8,x]`

output `(A*Sec[c + d*x]^6*Tan[c + d*x])/(7*d) - ((6*A + 7*C)*(-Tan[c + d*x] - (2*Tan[c + d*x]^3)/3 - Tan[c + d*x]^5/5))/(7*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-A\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^6}{7}-\frac{6\sec(dx+c)^4}{35}-\frac{8\sec(dx+c)^2}{35}\right)\tan(dx+c)-C\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
default	$\frac{-A\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^6}{7}-\frac{6\sec(dx+c)^4}{35}-\frac{8\sec(dx+c)^2}{35}\right)\tan(dx+c)-C\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
parts	$\frac{A\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^6}{7}-\frac{6\sec(dx+c)^4}{35}-\frac{8\sec(dx+c)^2}{35}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}-\frac{C\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{\sec(dx+c)^4}{5}-\frac{4\sec(dx+c)^2}{15}\right)\tan(dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{16i(70C e^{8i(dx+c)}+210A e^{6i(dx+c)}+175C e^{6i(dx+c)}+126A e^{4i(dx+c)}+147C e^{4i(dx+c)}+42A e^{2i(dx+c)}+49C e^{2i(dx+c)})}{105d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)^7}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{(1008A+1176C)\sin(3dx+3c)+(336A+392C)\sin(5dx+5c)+(48A+56C)\sin(7dx+7c)+1680\left(A+\frac{C}{2}\right)\sin(dx+c)}{105d(\cos(7dx+7c)+7\cos(5dx+5c)+21\cos(3dx+3c)+35\cos(dx+c))}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{d}\left(-A\left(-\frac{16}{35}-\frac{1}{7}\sec(dx+c)^6-\frac{6}{35}\sec(dx+c)^4-\frac{8}{35}\sec(dx+c)^2\right)\tan(dx+c)-C\left(-\frac{8}{15}-\frac{1}{5}\sec(dx+c)^4-\frac{4}{15}\sec(dx+c)^2\right)\tan(dx+c)\right)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(8(6A + 7C)\cos(dx + c)^6 + 4(6A + 7C)\cos(dx + c)^4 + 3(6A + 7C)\cos(dx + c)^2 + 15A)\sin(dx + c)}{105d\cos(dx + c)^7}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{105}\frac{(8(6A + 7C)\cos(dx + c)^6 + 4(6A + 7C)\cos(dx + c)^4 + 3(6A + 7C)\cos(dx + c)^2 + 15A)\sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)^7}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**8,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 A \tan(dx + c)^7 + 21 (3 A + C) \tan(dx + c)^5 + 35 (3 A + 2 C) \tan(dx + c)^3 + 105 (A + C) \tan(dx + c)}{105 d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/105*(15*A*tan(d*x + c)^7 + 21*(3*A + C)*tan(d*x + c)^5 + 35*(3*A + 2*C)*tan(d*x + c)^3 + 105*(A + C)*tan(d*x + c))/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 A \tan(dx + c)^7 + 63 A \tan(dx + c)^5 + 21 C \tan(dx + c)^5 + 105 A \tan(dx + c)^3 + 70 C \tan(dx + c)^3}{105 d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{105} \cdot (15A \tan(dx + c)^7 + 63A \tan(dx + c)^5 + 21C \tan(dx + c)^5 + 105A \tan(dx + c)^3 + 70C \tan(dx + c)^3 + 105A \tan(dx + c) + 105C \tan(dx + c)) / d$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{A \tan(c+dx)^7}{7} + \left(\frac{3A}{5} + \frac{C}{5}\right) \tan(c + dx)^5 + \left(A + \frac{2C}{3}\right) \tan(c + dx)^3 + (A + C) \tan(c + dx)}{d}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A + C \cos(c + dx)^2) / \cos(c + dx)^8, x)$$

output

$$\left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)^7}{7} + \tan(c + dx)^3 \left( A + \frac{2C}{3} \right) + \tan(c + dx) (A + C) + \tan(c + dx)^5 \left( \frac{3A}{5} + \frac{C}{5} \right) \right) / d$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^8(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sin(dx + c) (48 \sin(dx + c)^6 a + 56 \sin(dx + c)^6 c - 168 \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 196 \sin(dx + c)^4 c + 210 \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 105 \sin(dx + c)^4 c + 210 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 245 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 105 a - 105 c)}{105 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^6 - 3 \sin(dx + c)^4 + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((A+C \cos(dx+c)^2) * \sec(dx+c)^8, x)$$

output

$$\left( \frac{\sin(c + dx) (48 \sin(c + dx)^6 a + 56 \sin(c + dx)^6 c - 168 \sin(c + dx)^4 a - 196 \sin(c + dx)^4 c + 210 \sin(c + dx)^4 a - 105 \sin(c + dx)^4 c + 210 \sin(c + dx)^2 a + 245 \sin(c + dx)^2 c - 105 a - 105 c)}{105 \cos(c + dx) d (\sin(c + dx)^6 - 3 \sin(c + dx)^4 + 3 \sin(c + dx)^2 - 1)} \right)$$

### 3.16 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b^2(9A + 7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{9bd}$$

output

```
2/15*b^2*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*b*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 24(9A + 7C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(18A + 19C + 5) \right)}{180d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$



input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(24*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(180*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{5/2} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} \int \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 9.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^3\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-29)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\right)}{\dots}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^3\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(-160
*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*
A+136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$2 \left( -3i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (9A + 7C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(-3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstra
ssPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7
*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
- I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*b^2*cos(d*x +
c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.17 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	280
Reduce [F]	280

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b^2(7A + 5C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(7A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd}$$

output

```
2/21*b^2*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*b*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 4(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(14A + 13) \right)}{42d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(4*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(14*A + 13*C + 3*C*cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(42*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{\frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{\frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{\frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}} \right) + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{\frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}} \right) +
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-14A-16C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+7A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+5C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)\right)/\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)^{1/2}/\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)/\left(b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2\right)^{1/2}/d$
parts	$2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+5C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)\right)/\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)^{1/2}/\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)/\left(b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2\right)^{1/2}/d$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(48*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / \left( -b \left( 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)^2} \right)^{1/2} / \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) / \left( b \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)^2 \right)^{1/2} / d$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (7*A +
5*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x), x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3, x)*c)`

### 3.18 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2(5A + 3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

output

```
2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\left(2(5A + 3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + C\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sin(2(c + dx))\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{2(5A + 3C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right. \\ \left.5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/5*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*b*(8*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+2*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-5iA - 3iC) \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrass} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{5}(\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} * C * \cos(dx + c) * \sin(dx + c) - \sqrt{1/2} * (-5 * I * A - 3 * I * C) * \sqrt{b} * \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + I * \sin(dx + c))) - \sqrt{1/2} * (5 * I * A + 3 * I * C) * \sqrt{b} * \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I * \sin(dx + c)))) / d$$

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.19 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	287
Mathematica [A] (verified)	287
Rubi [A] (verified)	288
Maple [B] (verified)	290
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	290
Sympy [F(-1)]	291
Maxima [F]	291
Giac [F]	292
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	292
Reduce [F]	293

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3bd}$$

output

`2/3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx))}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output

```
(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3493

$$\frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{InverseJacobiAM}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}, \sqrt{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*A/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,
2^(1/2))-2/3*C*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1
/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3i A + i C) \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3i A - i C) \sqrt{b} \right)}{3bd}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x +
c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x
+ c))/(b*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3 b d} + \frac{2 A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*C*sin(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(3*b*d) + (2*A*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)) + (2*C*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*c))/b`

### 3.20 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	294
Mathematica [A] (verified)	294
Rubi [A] (verified)	295
Maple [B] (verified)	297
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	297
Sympy [F(-1)]	298
Maxima [F]	298
Giac [F]	299
Mupad [F(-1)]	299
Reduce [F]	299

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^2/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2(A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*A*Sin[c + d*x]) / (b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(A - C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)+C\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)$
parts	$2A\left(-2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)-\frac{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{d}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/b*(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^{(1/2)}*(2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(iA - iC)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)))\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*c))/b**2`



### 3.21 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	300
Mathematica [A] (verified)	300
Rubi [A] (verified)	301
Maple [B] (verified)	303
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	303
Sympy [F(-1)]	304
Maxima [F]	304
Giac [F]	305
Mupad [F(-1)]	305
Reduce [F]	305

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output  $2/3*(A+3*C)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^{(1/2)})/b^2/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3*A*\sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \tan(c + dx)\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + C*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/(b*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}, x]$

output

```
(2*((A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Tan[c + d*x
]))/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3120}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.  $293$  vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time =  $0.95$  (sec) , antiderivative size =  $294$ , normalized size of antiderivative =  $3.77$

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} (A+3C) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + A \right)}{3b^2 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3b^2 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/b^2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time =  $0.09$  (sec) , antiderivative size =  $116$ , normalized size of antiderivative =  $1.49$

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (3 b^3)$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) a \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a))/b**3`

### 3.22 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	306
Mathematica [A] (verified)	306
Rubi [A] (verified)	307
Maple [B] (verified)	309
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	310
Sympy [F(-1)]	311
Maxima [F]	311
Giac [F]	311
Mupad [F(-1)]	312
Reduce [F]	312

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^4 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^4/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*(3*A+
5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( - \left( (3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + (3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx) + A \right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + (3*A + 5
*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d
*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

output `(2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))) + ((3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])  
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])  
^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m  
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*  
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 565 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^4/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/
d-2*C/b^3*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b
)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3iA + 5iC)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + \dots \right)$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/5*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4,
0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)
*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstras
sPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x +
c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^4} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) c \right)}{b^4}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**4`

### 3.23 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21b^4 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21b^3 d (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^4
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*(5*
A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( (5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C + 3A \sec^2(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{21b^4 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*((5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C
+ 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*b^4*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

output `(2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))) + ((5*A + 7*C)*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))))/(7*b^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



rule 3121

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}\right)$
parts	$2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^4*(A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))) + C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))))/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(5iA + 7iC)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5iA - 7iC)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (b^5 d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInvers
e(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(
b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)
) - ((5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/
(b^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(9/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(9/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^5} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) c \right)}{b^5}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**5,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**5`

### 3.24 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	320
Rubi [A] (verified)	321
Maple [B] (verified)	322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Sympy [F(-1)]	323
Maxima [F]	323
Giac [F]	323
Mupad [F(-1)]	324
Reduce [F]	324

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = -\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

output

```
-2*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(2(c + dx))}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(3 - 5*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {3042, 3490}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3-5\cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(3-5\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3490}$$

$$\frac{2\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(3 - 5*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3490 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && EqQ[A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1), 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 4.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\sqrt{-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)d}$
parts	$\frac{6\sqrt{\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3-5*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-4*\left((-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2\right)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*(-2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/d$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3-5\cos^2(c+dx)) dx = -\frac{2\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sin(dx+c)}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3-5*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-2*\cos(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(3-5*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int -(5 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3-5*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((5*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3 - 5 \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int -(5 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 3) \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3-5*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(5*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 3)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3-5\cos^2(c+dx)) dx = -\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(5\cos(c+dx)^2-3) dx$$

input `int(-cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(5*cos(c + d*x)^2 - 3),x)`

output `-int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(5*cos(c + d*x)^2 - 3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(3-5\cos^2(c+dx)) dx = 3\left(\int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}dx\right) - 5\left(\int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\cos(dx+c)^2 dx\right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3-5*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `3*int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x) - 5*int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)`

### 3.25

$$\int \frac{1-3\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	325
Mathematica [A] (verified)	325
Rubi [A] (verified)	326
Maple [B] (verified)	327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	327
Sympy [F(-1)]	328
Maxima [F]	328
Giac [F]	328
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	329
Reduce [F]	329

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{1-3\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{d}$$

output `-2*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1-3\cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(1 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {3042, 3490}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

↓ 3490

$$-\frac{2 \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d}$$

input `Int[(1 - 3*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3490 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Ssin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && EqQ[A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1), 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{4\sqrt{\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}d}$
parts	$\frac{2\operatorname{InverseJacobiAM}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2},\sqrt{2}\right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int((1-3*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-4*\left(-1+2*\cos\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)^2\right)*\sin\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)^2\cos\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)*\left(-2*\sin\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)^4+\sin\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)^2\right)^{1/2}/\sin\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)/\left(-1+2*\cos\left(1/2*d*x+1/2*c\right)^2\right)^{1/2}/d$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((1-3*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-2*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c)/d$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((1-3*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int -\frac{3 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-3*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 1)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int -\frac{3 \cos(dx + c)^2 - 1}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((1-3*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(3*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 1)/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int(-(3*cos(c + d*x)^2 - 1)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `-(2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*sin(c + d*x))/d`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1 - 3 \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx - 3 \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right)$$

input `int((1-3*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x) - 3*int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)`

### 3.26 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c+dx))^{9/2} dx$

Optimal result	330
Mathematica [A] (verified)	330
Rubi [A] (verified)	331
Maple [C] (verified)	334
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	334
Sympy [F(-1)]	335
Maxima [F]	335
Giac [F]	336
Mupad [F(-1)]	336
Reduce [F]	336

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \frac{2b^4(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{21d} + \frac{2b^3(5A + 7C)(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2Ab^2(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} \tan(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
2/21*b^4*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/21*b^3*(5*A+7*C)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d+2/7*A*b^2*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \frac{b^2(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 2(5A + 7C) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C) \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{21d}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(9/2),x]`

output `(b^2*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(2*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*d)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{9/2} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & b^2 \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} (A \sec^2(c + dx) + C) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} \left( A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + C \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7} (5A + 7C) \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7} (5A + 7C) \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7}(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7}(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7}(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7}(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{7d} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{7}(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2 \right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{7d} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(9/2),x]`

output `b^2*((((5*A + 7*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*b*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7 + (2*A*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(7*d))`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4534 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2*(C_. + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 75.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
default	$b^4 \left( \frac{2C \tan(dx+c)}{3} - \frac{2A(-5 \tan(dx+c) - 3 \tan(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^2)}{21} - \frac{10i(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c)), i)}{21} \right)$
parts	$A \left( \frac{10 \tan(dx+c)}{21} + \frac{2 \tan(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^2}{7} - \frac{10i(1+\cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c)), i)}{21} \right) \frac{d}{b^4 \sqrt{b \sec(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^4/d*(2/3*C*tan(d*x+c)-2/21*A*(-5*tan(d*x+c)-3*tan(d*x+c)*sec(d*x+c)^2)-10/21*I*(1+cos(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)*A-2/3*I*(1+cos(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)*C)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} (5A + 7C) b^{9/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{21} + \dots$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/21*(-I*sqrt(2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(9/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4
, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(9/2)*cos(d*
x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*((5
*A + 7*C)*b^4*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b^4)*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))
/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{9/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(9/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{9/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(9/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \left( \frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{9/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2} dx = \sqrt{b} b^4 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(9/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**4*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c
+ int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)
```

### 3.27 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c+dx))^{7/2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = -\frac{2b^4(3A + 5C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2Ab^2(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} \tan(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
-2/5*b^4*(3*A+5*C)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*b^3*(3*A+5*C)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*A*b^2*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{b^2(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 2(3A + 5C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2) - (3A + 5C) \sin(2(c + dx)) - 2A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{5d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(b^2*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*(3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (3*A + 5*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 2*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4534, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{7/2} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & b^2 \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} (A \sec^2(c + dx) + C) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + C \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5} (3A + 5C) \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5} (3A + 5C) \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5} (3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{d} - b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5}(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{d} - b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5}(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{b^2 \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5}(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{b^2 \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{5d} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5}(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{d} - \frac{2b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} \right) + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)(b \sec(c + dx))}{5d} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]`

output `b^2*(((3*A + 5*C)*((-2*b^2*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/5 + (2*A*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(d\_.) )^m * ((a\_.) + (b\_.)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)] )^n ]^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{n*p} \text{Int}[(d*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^{m-n*p} * (b + a*\text{Csc}[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n, p]$

rule 4255  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) )^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{n-1} / (d*(n-1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-2)/(n-1)) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4258  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) )^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^n * \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[1/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n^2, 1/4]$

rule 4534  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.) )^m * (\text{csc}[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^2 * (C\_.) + (A\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cot}[e + f*x] * ((b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^m / (f*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(C*m + A*(m+1)) / (m+1) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Csc}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[C*m + A*(m+1), 0] \&\& !\text{LeQ}[m, -1]$

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 69.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result
default	$\frac{2b^3 \left( 3i \left( -\cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\cos(dx+c) - 1 \right) A \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \text{EllipticE}(i(\text{csc}(dx+c) - \cot(dx+c)), i) + 5i \left( -\cos(dx+c)^2 - \right) \right)}{2A \sqrt{b \sec(dx+c)} b^3 \left( 3 \sin(dx+c) + \tan(dx+c) + \sec(dx+c) \tan(dx+c) + i \left( -3 \cos(dx+c)^2 - 6 \cos(dx+c) - 3 \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \right)}$
parts	

input  $\text{int}((A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{7/2}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
2/5*b^3/d*(3*I*(-cos(d*x+c)^2-2*cos(d*x+c)-1)*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+5*
I*(-cos(d*x+c)^2-2*cos(d*x+c)-1)*C*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1
+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+3*I*(cos(d*x+c)
^2+2*cos(d*x+c)+1)*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^
(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+5*I*(cos(d*x+c)^2+2*cos(d*x+c
)+1)*C*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*Elliptic
F(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+A*(3*sin(d*x+c)+tan(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c)*tan(d
*x+c))+5*C*sin(d*x+c)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(1+cos(d*x+c))
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} (3A + 5C) b^{7/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c)))}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/5*(-I*sqrt(2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(7/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0,
weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*(3*
A + 5*C)*b^(7/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse
(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*((3*A + 5*C)*b^3*cos(d*x + c)^
2 + A*b^3)*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{7/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \left( \frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{7/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2} dx = \sqrt{b} b^3 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(7/2), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**3*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.28 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c+dx))^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	345
Mathematica [A] (verified)	345
Rubi [A] (verified)	346
Maple [C] (verified)	348
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	348
Sympy [F(-1)]	349
Maxima [F]	349
Giac [F]	350
Mupad [F(-1)]	350
Reduce [F]	350

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2b^2(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \tan(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2/3*b^2*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+2/3*A*b^2*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*tan(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \left( (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{3d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]*((A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d
*x)/2, 2] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} (A \sec^2(c + dx) + C) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \int \sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left( A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + C \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2A \tan(c + dx) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `b^2*((2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*d) + (2*A*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`



rule 4534

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1)
)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 66.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
default	$b^2 \left( \frac{2A \tan(dx+c)}{3} - \frac{2i(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)A}{3} - \frac{2i(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{1+\cos(dx+c)} \right) \frac{1}{d}$
parts	$A \left( -\frac{2i(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)}{3} + \frac{2 \tan(dx+c)}{3} \right) \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \sec(dx+c)}}{d} - \frac{2iC b^2(1+\cos(dx+c))}{d}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^2/d*(2/3*A*tan(d*x+c)-2/3*I*(1+cos(d*x+c))*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(c
os(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)-2*I
*(1+cos(d*x+c))*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)
*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)*C)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2}(A + 3C)b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + i \dots}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(-I*sqrt(2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*A*b^2*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \left( \frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2} dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c
+ int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.29 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	352
Mathematica [A] (verified)	352
Rubi [A] (verified)	353
Maple [C] (verified)	355
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	356
Sympy [F(-1)]	356
Maxima [F]	357
Giac [F]	357
Mupad [F(-1)]	357
Reduce [F]	358

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2b^2(A - C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \tan(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}$$

output

$-2*b^2*(A-C)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2*A*b^2*\tan(d*x+c)/d/(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}\left(-\left((A - C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\right) + A \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)*(b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])^{(3/2)}, x]$

output

```
(2*b*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4534, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A \sec^2(c + dx) + C}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + C}{\sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4534} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} - (A - C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{2A \tan(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} - (A - C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( \frac{2A \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C) \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{2A \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C) \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{2A \tan(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `b^2*((-2*(A - C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(d_.)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.)]^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4534

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1)
)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(m + 1) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && !LeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

method	result
default	$\frac{2\left(i\left(-\cos(dx+c)^2-2\cos(dx+c)-1\right)A\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(i\left(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\right),i\right)+i\left(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\left(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\right),i\right)+i\left(-\cos(dx+c)^2-2\cos(dx+c)-1\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(i\left(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\right),i\right)+i\left(\cos(dx+c)^2+2\cos(dx+c)+1\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\left(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)\right),i\right)\right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))}$
parts	

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/d*(I*(-cos(d*x+c)^2-2*cos(d*x+c)-1)*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)
)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+I*(cos(d*x
+c)^2+2*cos(d*x+c)+1)*C*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)
))^(1/2)*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+I*(cos(d*x+c)^2+2*cos(d*x+
c)+1)*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*Ellipti
cF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+I*(-cos(d*x+c)^2-2*cos(d*x+c)-1)*C*(1/(1+c
os(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)
)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)*b/(1+cos(d*x+c))
```



**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{-i \sqrt{2} (A - C) b^{3/2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + i \sqrt{2} (A - C) b^{3/2} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) + 2A b \sqrt{b/\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(-I*sqrt(2)*(A - C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + I*sqrt(2)*(A - C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) + 2*A*b*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \sec(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*sec(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \left( \frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

### 3.30 $\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx$

Optimal result	359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	359
Rubi [A] (verified)	360
Maple [C] (verified)	362
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	362
Sympy [F]	363
Maxima [F]	363
Giac [F]	363
Mupad [F(-1)]	364
Reduce [F]	364

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3d} + \frac{2b^2C \tan(c + dx)}{3d(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

$2/3*(3*A+C)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^{(1/2)})*(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d+2/3*b^2*C*\tan(d*x+c)/d/(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \left( 2(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{3d}$$

input

`Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]*(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/
2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A \sec^2(c + dx) + C}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + C}{(b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \int \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{3d(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \int \sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{3d(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{3d(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{3d(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{3b^2 d} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{3d(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b^2*((2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*b^2*d) + (2*C*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m_*((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n_)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4533

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] +
Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(i(3\cos(dx+c)+3)A\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)+i(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}\right)}{3d}$
parts	$-\frac{2iA(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)}{d} - \frac{2C(i(1+\cos(dx+c)))}{3d}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3/d*(I*(3*cos(d*x+c)+3)*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d
*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+I*(1+cos(d*x+c))*C*(1
/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(
d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)-C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c))*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \sqrt{\frac{b}{\cos(dx+c)}} \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}(-3iA - iC)\sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + \dots)}{3d}$$

```
input integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(2*C*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(-3*I*A
- I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) +
sqrt(2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I
*sin(d*x + c)))/d
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(b*sec(c + d*x))*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*sec(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \sec(dx + c)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*sec(d*x + c)), x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{\frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)} dx = \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\sec(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.31 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	365
Mathematica [A] (verified)	365
Rubi [A] (verified)	366
Maple [C] (verified)	368
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	369
Sympy [F]	369
Maxima [F]	370
Giac [F]	370
Mupad [F(-1)]	370
Reduce [F]	371

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(5A + 3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2C \tan(c + dx)}{5d(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

output `2/5*(5*A+3*C)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*b^2*C*tan(d*x+c)/d/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\frac{4(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 2C \sin(2(c + dx))}{10d\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((4*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] + 2*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(10*d*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4533, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3717} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A \sec^2(c + dx) + C}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{A \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + C}{(b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4533} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{5d(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \csc\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{5d(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4258} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{5d(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{5d(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2(5A + 3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)|2)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{5d(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b^2*((2*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Tan[c + d*x])/(5*d*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(5/2)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^m*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^n)^p, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4533

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*(C_.)
+ (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] +
Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result
default	$\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(2+\cos(dx+c)+\sec(dx+c))A\text{EllipticE}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)+\frac{6i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\text{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)(-\cos(dx+c)-2-\sec(dx+c))+i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(5*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(c
os(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*A*EllipticE(I*(c
sc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+3*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d
*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*C*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+
c)),I)-5*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+c
os(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*A*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)-3*I*(1/(1+c
os(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+
c))*C*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+5*A*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*(co
s(d*x+c)^2+cos(d*x+c)+3)*C)
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 C \sqrt{\frac{b}{\cos(dx+c)}} \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + \sqrt{2}(5i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*(2*C*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^2*sin(d*x + c) + sqrt(2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(2)*(-5*I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)))/ (b*d)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/sqrt(b*sec(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/sqrt(b*sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \sec(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/sqrt(b*sec(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{\cos(c+dx)}}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b/cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sec(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c)^2}{\sec(dx+c)} dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/sec(c + d*x),x)*a + int((sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2)/sec(c + d*x),x)*c))/b`



### 3.32 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	372
Rubi [A] (verified)	373
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Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	376
Sympy [F]	377
Maxima [F]	377
Giac [F]	377
Mupad [F(-1)]	378
Reduce [F]	378

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(7A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}{21b^2d} + \frac{2(7A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{21bd \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2C \tan(c + dx)}{7d(b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

output

```
2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))*(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b^2/d+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*b^2*C*tan(d*x+c)/d/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(7/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4(7A+5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(14A + 13C + 3C \cos(2(c + dx))) \sin(c + dx)}{42bd \sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((4*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] + 2*(14*A + 13*C + 3*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]/(42*b*d*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4533, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$b^2 \int \frac{A \sec^2(c + dx) + C}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \int \frac{A \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + C}{(b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 4533

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{7d(b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{7d(b \sec(c + dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 4256

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{7d(b \sec(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\int \sqrt{b \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{7d(b \sec(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 4258

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{7d(b \sec(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{7d(b \sec(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}}{3b^2 d} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{7d(b \sec(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `b^2*((((7*A + 5*C)*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2]*sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])/(3*b^2*d) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]]))))/(7*b^2) + (2*C*Tan[c + d*x])/(7*d*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(7/2)))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(d_.))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d^n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2*(C_. + (A_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
default	$-\frac{2iA\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)(7+7\sec(dx+c))}{21} - \frac{2iC\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)(1+\sec(dx+c))}{21}$
parts	$\frac{A\left(-\frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\operatorname{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)(1+\sec(dx+c))}{3} + \frac{2\sin(dx+c)}{3}\right)}{d\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}b} - \frac{2C(\sin(dx+c)(-3\cos(dx+c)+5))}{d\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}b}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(-2/21*I*A*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)*(7+7*sec(d*x+c))-2/21*I*C*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)*(5+5*sec(d*x+c))+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)-2/21*sin(d*x+c)*(-3*cos(d*x+c)^2-5)*C)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)/b`

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}(-7iA - 5iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/21*(sqrt(2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 2*(3*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (7*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(b*sec(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \sec(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*sec(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \sec(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*sec(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\left(\frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b/cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sec(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c)^2}{\sec(dx+c)^2} dx \right) c \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int((sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2)/sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**2`

### 3.33 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \sec(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	379
Mathematica [A] (verified)	379
Rubi [A] (verified)	380
Maple [C] (verified)	383
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	383
Sympy [F]	384
Maxima [F]	384
Giac [F]	385
Mupad [F(-1)]	385
Reduce [F]	385

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(9A + 7C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{15b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(9A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{45bd(b \sec(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2C \tan(c + dx)}{9d(b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2}}$$

output  $2/15*(9*A+7*C)*\text{EllipticE}(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^{(1/2)})/b^2/d/\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*\sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}+2/9*b^2*C*\tan(d*x+c)/d/(b*\sec(d*x+c))^{(9/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{48(9A+7C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{4(18A + 19C + 5C \cos(2(c + dx))) \sin(2(c + dx))}{360b^2d\sqrt{b \sec(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/(b*\text{Sec}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}, x]$



output

```
((48*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]] + 4*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/(360*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {3042, 3717, 3042, 4533, 3042, 4256, 3042, 4258, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3717

$$b^2 \int \frac{A \sec^2(c + dx) + C}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \int \frac{A \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + C}{(b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 4533

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{9d(b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c + dx)}{9d(b \sec(c + dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 4256

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{9d(b \sec(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{9d(b \sec(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 4258 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{9d(b \sec(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{9d(b \sec(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \sec(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \sec(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2C \tan(c+dx)}{9d(b \sec(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `b^2*(((9*A + 7*C)*((6*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*Sqrt[b*Sec[c + d*x])) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(3/2)))/(9*b^2) + (2*C*Tan[c + d*x])/(9*d*(b*Sec[c + d*x])^(9/2)))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3717 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(d_.)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^(n*p) Int[(d*Csc[e + f*x])^(m - n*p)*(b + a*Csc[e + f*x]^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegersQ[n, p]`

rule 4256 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d^n)), x] + Simp[(n + 1)/(b^2*n) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4258 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n^2, 1/4]`

rule 4533 `Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)*(b_.)]^(m_.)*(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2*(C_.) + (A_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^m/(f*m)), x] + Simp[(C*m + A*(m + 1))/(b^2*m) Int[(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && NeQ[C*m + A*(m + 1), 0] && LeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

method	result
default	$-\frac{6i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(2+\cos(dx+c)+\sec(dx+c))A\text{EllipticE}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)}{5} - \frac{14i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(2+\cos(dx+c)+\sec(dx+c))C\text{EllipticE}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),i)}{5}$
parts	$\frac{2A(\sin(dx+c)(\cos(dx+c)^2+\cos(dx+c)+3)-3i\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}\sqrt{\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{1+\cos(dx+c)}}(2+\cos(dx+c)+\sec(dx+c))\text{EllipticF}(i(\csc(dx+c)-\cot(dx+c)),I)}{5d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/45/d/b^2*(-27*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*A*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)-21*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*C*EllipticE(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+27*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*A*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+21*I*(1/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*
(cos(d*x+c)/(1+cos(d*x+c)))^(1/2)*(2+cos(d*x+c)+sec(d*x+c))*C*EllipticF(I*(csc(d*x+c)-cot(d*x+c)),I)+9*sin(d*x+c)*(-cos(d*x+c)^2-cos(d*x+c)-3)*A+sin(d*x+c)*(-5*cos(d*x+c)^4-5*cos(d*x+c)^3-7*cos(d*x+c)^2-7*cos(d*x+c)-21)*C/(1+cos(d*x+c))/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}(-9iA - 7iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)))}{5d(1+\cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b\sec(dx+c)}}$$

```
input integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/45*(3*sqrt(2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(2)*(9*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - 2*(5*C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2)*sqrt(b/cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(b*sec(c + d*x))**(5/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \sec(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*sec(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \sec(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*sec(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\left(\frac{b}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b/cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \sec(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)}}{\sec(dx+c)^3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sec(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c)^2}{\sec(dx+c)^3} dx \right) c \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*sec(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(sec(c + d*x))/sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int((sqrt(sec(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2)/sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**3`

### 3.34 $\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	386
Rubi [A] (verified)	387
Maple [F]	388
Fricas [F]	389
Sympy [F]	389
Maxima [F]	389
Giac [F]	390
Mupad [F(-1)]	390
Reduce [F]	390

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+m} \sin(c + dx)}{bd(2 + m)} - \frac{(C(1 + m) + A(2 + m))(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1 + m)(2 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+m)-(C*(1+m)+A*(2+m))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+m)/(2+m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^m \cot(c + dx) (A(3 + m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(1 + m))}{d(1 + m)(3 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```

-(((b*cos[c + d*x])^m*cot[c + d*x]*(A*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 +
m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric
2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(
1 + m)*(3 + m))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^m dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
& \left( A + \frac{C(m+1)}{m+2} \right) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^m dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{m+1}}{bd(m+2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \left( A + \frac{C(m+1)}{m+2} \right) \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{m+1}}{bd(m+2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{m+1}}{bd(m+2)} - \\
& \frac{\left( A + \frac{C(m+1)}{m+2} \right) \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{bd(m+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^m*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2), x]

```



output  $(C*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(1 + m)*\sin[c + d*x]}/(b*d*(2 + m)) - ((A + (C*(1 + m))/(2 + m))*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(1 + m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2]*\sin[c + d*x]}/(b*d*(1 + m)*\text{Sqrt}[\sin[c + d*x]^2]))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b_*\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)])^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)}/(b*d*(n + 1)*\text{Sqrt}[\cos[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, \sin[c + d*x]^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b_*\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_*)])^{(m_*)}*((A_*) + (C_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_*)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\cos[e + f*x]*((b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) \ \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^m (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^m*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2), x)$

output  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^m*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2), x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^m dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^m dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^m dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(c+dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c+dx))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^m,x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c+dx))^m (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= b^m \left( \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**m*(int(cos(c + d*x)**m,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.35 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c+dx) \right) dx$

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Mathematica [C] (verified)	391
Rubi [A] (verified)	392
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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	394
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	395
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	396
Reduce [F]	397

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c+dx) \right) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c+dx))^{1+m} \sin(c+dx)}{bd(2+m)}$$

output `C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+m)`

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c+dx) \right) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c+dx))^m \cot(c+dx) \left( (3+m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx) \right) - (2+m) \cos^2(c+dx) \right)}{d(2+m)(3+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(-((C*(1 + m))/(2 + m)) + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^m*cot[c + d*x]*((3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)
/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - (2 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[
1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(2 +
m)*(3 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.061$ , Rules used = {3042, 3490}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( C \cos^2(c + dx) - \frac{C(m+1)}{m+2} \right) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m \left( C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 - \frac{C(m+1)}{m+2} \right) dx$$

↓ 3490

$$\frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{m+1}}{bd(m+2)}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^m*(-((C*(1 + m))/(2 + m)) + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 + m))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3490 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && EqQ[A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1), 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{\sin(2dx+2c)(b \cos(dx+c))^m C}{2(2+m)d}$	31

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(-C*(1+m)/(2+m)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*sin(2*d*x+2*c)/(2+m)/d*(b*cos(d*x+c))^m*C`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^m C \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)}{dm + 2d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(-C*(1+m)/(2+m)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(b \cos(dx + c))^m C \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) / (dm + 2d)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs.  $2(26) = 52$ .

Time = 18.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.00

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{2C \left( -\frac{b \tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{\tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 1} + \frac{b}{\tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 1} \right)^m \tan^3 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{dm \tan^4 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 2dm \tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + dm + 2d \tan^4 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 4d \tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 2d} + \frac{2C \left( -\frac{b \tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right)}{\tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 1} + \frac{b}{\tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 1} \right)^m}{dm \tan^4 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + 2dm \tan^2 \left( \frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \right) + dm + 2d} \\ x (b \cos(c))^m \left( -\frac{C(m+1)}{m+2} + C \cos^2(c) \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**m*(-C*(1+m)/(2+m)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*C*(-b*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1) + b/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1))**m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 2*d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d*m + 2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*d) + 2*C*(-b*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1) + b/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1))**m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 2*d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d*m + 2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 4*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(b*cos(c))**m*(-C*(m + 1)/(m + 2) + C*cos(c)**2), True))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.65

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx =$$

$$\frac{(\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2 \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}m} C b^m \sin(-(dx + c)(m + 2) + m \arctan(\frac{\sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)}) - \arctan(\frac{\sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)}))}{2}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(-C*(1+m)/(2+m)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/2*m)*C*b^m*sin(-(d*x + c)*(m + 2) + m*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/2*m)*C*b^m*sin(-(d*x + c)*(m - 2) + m*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))/(2^m*d*(m + 2))`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1238 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1238, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.94

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(-C*(1+m)/(2+m)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```

2*(C*(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))
^m*tan(-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^2 + 2*b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))
+ 1/4*pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c
)) + 1/2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2))^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - C*(ab
s(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))^m*tan(-
1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*b
)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*p
i*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/2
*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2))^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - C*(abs(tan(1/2*
d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))^m*tan(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c)^3 + C*(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^
2 + 1))^m*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*m*tan(-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1
/2*c)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1
)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 -
1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2)
)^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*d*tan(-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sg
n(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*
sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2))...

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{C \sin(2c + 2dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^m}{2d(m+2)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(c + d*x))^m*(C*cos(c + d*x)^2 - (C*(m + 1))/(m + 2)),x)
```

output

```
(C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^m)/(2*d*(m + 2))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( -\frac{C(1+m)}{2+m} + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^m c \left( -\int \cos(dx + c)^m dx \right) m - \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^m dx \right) + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^m \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) m + 2 \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^m dx \right)}{m + 2}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(-C*(1+m)/(2+m)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(b**m*c*( - int(cos(c + d*x)**m,x)*m - int(cos(c + d*x)**m,x) + int(cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*m + 2*int(cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)))/(m + 2)`

**3.36**  $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2+m) \cos^2(c+dx)}{1+m} \right) dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2+m) \cos^2(c+dx)}{1+m} \right) dx = -\frac{A(b \cos(c+dx))^{1+m} \sin(c+dx)}{bd(1+m)}$$

output

```
-A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+m)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2+m) \cos^2(c+dx)}{1+m} \right) dx = \frac{A(b \cos(c+dx))^m \cot(c+dx) \left( (3+m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx) \right) - (2+m) \cos^2(c+dx) \right)}{d(1+m)(3+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(A - (A*(2 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(1 + m)),x]
```

output

```

-((A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^m*cot[c + d*x]*((3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 +
m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - (2 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F
1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(1
+ m)*(3 + m))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.062$ , Rules used = {3042, 3490}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( A - \frac{A(m+2) \cos^2(c+dx)}{m+1} \right) (b \cos(c+dx))^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( A - \frac{A(m+2) \sin^2\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{m+1} \right) \left( b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3490} \\
 & -\frac{A \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{m+1}}{bd(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^m*(A - (A*(2 + m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(1 + m)),x]

```

output

```

-((A*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 + m)))

```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3490 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && EqQ[A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1), 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\sin(2dx+2c)(b \cos(dx+c))^m A}{2(1+m)d}$	31

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A-A*(2+m)*cos(d*x+c)^2/(1+m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*sin(2*d*x+2*c)/(1+m)/d*(b*cos(d*x+c))^m*A`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2 + m) \cos^2(c + dx)}{1 + m} \right) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^m A \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)}{dm + d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A-A*(2+m)*cos(d*x+c)^2/(1+m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-(b \cos(dx + c))^m A \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) / (d \cdot m + d)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs.  $2(27) = 54$ .

Time = 18.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.50

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2 + m) \cos^2(c + dx)}{1 + m} \right) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2A \left( -\frac{b \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1} + \frac{b}{\tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1} \right)^m \tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{dm \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2dm \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + dm + d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + d} - \frac{2A \left( -\frac{b \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{\tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1} + \frac{b}{\tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 1} \right)^m \tan^3\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right)}{dm \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2dm \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + dm + d \tan^4\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + 2d \tan^2\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2}\right) + d} \\ x(b \cos(c))^m \left( A - \frac{A(m+2) \cos^2(c)}{m+1} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**m*(A-A*(2+m)*cos(d*x+c)**2/(1+m)), x)`

output `Piecewise((2*A*(-b*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1) + b/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1))**m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**3/(d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 2*d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d*m + d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d) - 2*A*(-b*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1) + b/(tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + 1))**m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)/(d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 2*d*m*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d*m + d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**4 + 2*d*tan(c/2 + d*x/2)**2 + d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(b*cos(c))**m*(A - A*(m + 2)*cos(c)**2/(m + 1)), True))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.47

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2 + m) \cos^2(c + dx)}{1 + m} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{(\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2 \cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}m} A b^m \sin(-(dx + c)(m + 2) + m \arctan$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A-A*(2+m)*cos(d*x+c)^2/(1+m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/2*m)*A*b^m*sin(-(d*x + c)*(m + 2) + m*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)) - (cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)^(1/2*m)*A*b^m*sin(-(d*x + c)*(m - 2) + m*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)))/(2^m*d*(m + 1))`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1233 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1233, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.53

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2 + m) \cos^2(c + dx)}{1 + m} \right) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A-A*(2+m)*cos(d*x+c)^2/(1+m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*(A*(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)
)^m*tan(-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
)^2 + 2*b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
) + 1/4*pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*
c)) + 1/2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2))^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - A*(a
bs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))^m*tan(
-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*
b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*
pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/
2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2))^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - A*(abs(tan(1/2
*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))^m*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^3 + A*(abs(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*abs(b)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^2 + 1))^m*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(d*m*tan(-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c)^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 -
1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2
- 1)*sgn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2
))^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + d*tan(-1/4*pi*m*sgn(2*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)
^4 - 4*b*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 2*b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*sgn
(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/4*pi*m*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*s
gn(b)*sgn(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) + 1/2*pi*m*floor(d*x/pi + c/pi + 1/2))^...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2 + m) \cos^2(c + dx)}{1 + m} \right) dx$$

$$= -\frac{A \sin(2c + 2dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^m}{2d(m + 1)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(c + d*x))^m*(A - (A*cos(c + d*x)^2*(m + 2))/(m + 1)),x)
```

output

```
-(A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^m)/(2*d*(m + 1))
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^m \left( A - \frac{A(2 + m) \cos^2(c + dx)}{1 + m} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^m a \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^m dx \right) m + \int \cos(dx + c)^m dx - \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^m \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) m - 2 \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^m \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) m}{m + 1}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^m*(A-A*(2+m)*cos(d*x+c)^2/(1+m)),x)`

output `(b**m*a*(int(cos(c + d*x)**m,x)*m + int(cos(c + d*x)**m,x) - int(cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*m - 2*int(cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)))/(m + 1)`

### 3.37 $\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	405
Rubi [A] (verified)	406
Maple [B] (verified)	408
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	409
Sympy [F(-1)]	410
Maxima [F]	410
Giac [F]	410
Mupad [F(-1)]	411
Reduce [F]	411

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(9A + 7C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{45bd} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{9b^3d}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/9*
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( 24(9A + 7C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (18A + 19C + 5C \cos(2(c+dx))) \sin(2(c+dx)) \right)}{180d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(24*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(180*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9)/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 321 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-296)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(-160*C
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*A+
136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-9iA - 7iC) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(3*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A +
7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c))*
sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`



### 3.38 $\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	412
Mathematica [A] (verified)	412
Rubi [A] (verified)	413
Maple [B] (verified)	415
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	416
Sympy [F(-1)]	416
Maxima [F]	417
Giac [F]	417
Mupad [F(-1)]	418
Reduce [F]	418

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b(7A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^2d}$$

output

```
2/21*b*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d
/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7
*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \left( 4(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(14A + 13C + 3C \cos(2(c+dx))) \right)}{42bd \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(4*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(14*A + 13*C + 3*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(42*b*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b} \\
\downarrow 3121 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b} \\
\downarrow 3042 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b} \\
\downarrow 3120 \\
\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + dx] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[c + dx])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot (n-1) / n \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + dx])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \cdot \text{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \cos[e + fx] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (m+2) \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\left(2A^2+4AC\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+2C^2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{21\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input `int(cos(dx+c)*(b*cos(dx+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(dx+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(48*C*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*C)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*C
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-7i A - 5i C) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*A
+ 5*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.39 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	419
Rubi [A] (verified)	420
Maple [B] (verified)	422
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	422
Sympy [F(-1)]	423
Maxima [F]	423
Giac [F]	423
Mupad [F(-1)]	424
Reduce [F]	424

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2(5A + 3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

output

```
2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\left(2(5A + 3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + C\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(2(c + dx))\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```



output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{2(5A + 3C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2}\right. \\ \left.5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/5*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*b*(8*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+2*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$


---


$$= \frac{2\left(\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}C \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5iA - 3iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrass}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/5*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) - sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A
- 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZe
ta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.40 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	425
Rubi [A] (verified)	426
Maple [B] (verified)	428
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	429
Sympy [F]	429
Maxima [F]	430
Giac [F]	430
Mupad [F(-1)]	430
Reduce [F]	431

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/3*b*(3*A+C)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^{(1/2)})/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3*C*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/d}{}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b\left(2(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx))\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(b*(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \, dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} \, dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{2(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`



rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3iA + iC) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-3iA - iC) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C \sin(dx + c) \right)}{3d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

### 3.41 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\left(-\left((A - C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\right) + A \sin(c + dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(2*b*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \, dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \, dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \, dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 3119 \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 213 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

method	result
default	$2b\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2Ab \left( -2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^2}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```



**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (iA - iC) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$


---

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

**3.42** 
$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

Optimal result	439
Mathematica [A] (verified)	439
Rubi [A] (verified)	440
Maple [B] (verified)	442
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	443
Sympy [F(-1)]	443
Maxima [F]	444
Giac [F]	444
Mupad [F(-1)]	444
Reduce [F]	445

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*b*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b\left((A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \tan(c + dx)\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*b*((A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \, dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} \, dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^3 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 291 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} (A+3C) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + A \right)}{3 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*b*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (- \right.$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.43 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	446
Mathematica [A] (verified)	447
Rubi [A] (verified)	447
Maple [B] (verified)	450
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	451
Sympy [F(-1)]	451
Maxima [F]	452
Giac [F]	452
Mupad [F(-1)]	452
Reduce [F]	453

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 110

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= -\frac{2(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*b*(3*A+
5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) \left( 2(3A + 5C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - (3A + 5C) \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{5d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(2*(3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)
)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (3*A + 5*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 2*A*Tan[c + d
*x]))/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output

$$b^4 * ((2 * A * \sin[c + d * x]) / (5 * b * d * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{5/2}) + ((3 * A + 5 * C) * ((-2 * \sqrt{b * \cos[c + d * x]} * \text{EllipticE}[(c + d * x) / 2, 2]) / (b^2 * d * \sqrt{\cos[c + d * x]}) + (2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (b * d * \sqrt{b * \cos[c + d * x]}))) / (5 * b^2)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1 / b^m \text{Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n) * F x, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3116

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2) / (b^2 * (n + 1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3119

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 / d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1 / 2) * (c - \text{Pi} / 2 + d * x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{n / \sin[c + d * x]} \text{Int}[\sin[c + d * x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3491

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(m_{.})} * ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^2, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \cos[e + f * x] * ((b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m + 2) + C * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * (m + 1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs.  $2(98) = 196$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.10

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d-2*
C*b*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2
)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))
^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + \right.$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)`

### 3.44 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b(5A + 7C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2b^2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/21*b*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d
/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*b^2
*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) \left( 2(5A + 7C) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C) \sin(2(c + dx)) + 6A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{21d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(2*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^5 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]] \cdot (A + C \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]^2) \cdot \text{Sec}[c + d \cdot x]^5, x]$

output  $b^5 \cdot \left( \frac{2A \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]}{7b \cdot d \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{7/2}} + \frac{(5A + 7C) \cdot (2 \cdot \text{Sqrt}[\cos[c + d \cdot x]] \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(c + d \cdot x)/2, 2])}{3b^2 \cdot d \cdot \text{Sqrt}[b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]]} + \frac{2 \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]}{3b \cdot d \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{3/2}} \right) / (7b^2)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x \_.) \cdot (v \_.)^{(m \_.)} \cdot ((b \_.) \cdot (v \_.)^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n) \cdot Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b \_.) \cdot \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+1)} / (b \cdot d \cdot (n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 \cdot (n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \_.) \cdot \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b \_.) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^{(m \_.)} \cdot ((A \_.) + (C \_.) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m+1)) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{b}\left(A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}\right)$
parts	$2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output `-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(A*(-1/56*  
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/  
2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*  
d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/2  
1*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*si  
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*  
c),2^(1/2)))+C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(  
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2  
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4  
-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(  
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5iA + 7iC) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-5iA - 7iC) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - ((5A + 7C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right)}{(d \cos(dx + c))^4}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - ((5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*a)`

### 3.45 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	462
Rubi [A] (verified)	463
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Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	466
Sympy [F(-1)]	467
Maxima [F]	467
Giac [F]	467
Mupad [F(-1)]	468
Reduce [F]	468

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b(9A + 7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{9b^2d}$$

output

```
2/15*b*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)
)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 24(9A + 7C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(18A + 19C + 5) \right)}{180bd \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(24*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(180*b*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*  
Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) +  
(2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9)/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-29)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$
parts	$- \frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b^2\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(-160
*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*
A+136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$2 \left( -3i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (9A + 7C) b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(-3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstra
ssPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7
*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
- I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*b*cos(d*x + c))*
sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.46 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	469
Rubi [A] (verified)	470
Maple [B] (verified)	472
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	473
Sympy [F(-1)]	474
Maxima [F]	474
Giac [F]	474
Mupad [F(-1)]	475
Reduce [F]	475

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b^2(7A + 5C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(7A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd}$$

output

```
2/21*b^2*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*b*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 4(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(14A + 13C) \right)}{42d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(4*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(14*A + 13*C + 3*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(42*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}}{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}}{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{\frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}}{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) +
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-14A-16C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+7A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+5C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)\right)/\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)^{1/2}/\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)/\left(b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\right)^{1/2}/d$
parts	$2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+5C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)\right)/\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)^{1/2}/\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)/\left(b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\right)^{1/2}/d$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(48*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / \left( -b \left( 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b \left( -1 + 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right)} \right)^{1/2} / \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) / \left( b \left( -1 + 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \right) \right)^{1/2} / d$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (7*A +
5*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`



### 3.47 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
2/5*b*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 2(5A + 3C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & b \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3042 \\ & b \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \\ & \downarrow 3119 \\ & b \left( \frac{2(5A + 3C) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]`

output `b*((2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C b \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) + i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 3C) b^{3/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I \sin(dx + c))) \right)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x)*c)`

### 3.48 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	483
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	483
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	484
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	486
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Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	487
Maxima [F] . . . . .	488
Giac [F] . . . . .	488
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	488
Reduce [F] . . . . .	489

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bC \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output 2/3\*b^2\*(3\*A+C)\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)\*InverseJacobiAM(1/2\*d\*x+1/2\*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3\*b\*C\*(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)\*sin(d\*x+c)/d

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^2 \left( 2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(b^2*(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-2C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C b \sin(dx + c) \right)}{3d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4
, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sin(d*x + c
))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.49 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	490
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	490
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	491
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	493
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	494
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	494
Maxima [F] . . . . .	495
Giac [F] . . . . .	495
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	495
Reduce [F] . . . . .	496

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2b^2 \left( - \left( (A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*b^2*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 b^3 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 3119 \\
 b^3 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
default	$\frac{2b^2 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right) + C \left( \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1 \right)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sqrt{b \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A b^2 \left( -2 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sqrt{b \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b^2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A - C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.50 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	497
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	497
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	498
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	500
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	501
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	501
Maxima [F] . . . . .	502
Giac [F] . . . . .	502
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	502
Reduce [F] . . . . .	503

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2/3*b^2*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \left( (A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(2*b^2*((A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^4 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^4 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
b^4*((2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3120

```
Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3121

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```



rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} (A+3C) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + A \right)}{3 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*b^2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^2)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*A*b*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c)`

### 3.51 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	504
Mathematica [A] (verified)	505
Rubi [A] (verified)	505
Maple [B] (verified)	508
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	509
Sympy [F(-1)]	509
Maxima [F]	510
Giac [F]	510
Mupad [F(-1)]	510
Reduce [F]	511

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*b*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)
)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*b^2*(
3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) \left( 2(3A + 5C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - (3A + 5C) \sin(2(c + dx)) - 2A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{5d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/5*((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(2*(3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - (3*A + 5*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 2*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^5 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

$$b^5 * ((2 * A * \sin[c + d * x]) / (5 * b * d * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{5/2}) + ((3 * A + 5 * C) * ((-2 * \sqrt{b * \cos[c + d * x]} * \text{EllipticE}[(c + d * x) / 2, 2]) / (b^2 * d * \sqrt{\cos[c + d * x]}) + (2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (b * d * \sqrt{b * \cos[c + d * x]}))) / (5 * b^2)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1 / b^m \quad \text{Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n) * F x, x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3116

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2) / (b^2 * (n + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3119

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 / d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1 / 2) * (c - \pi / 2 + d * x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{n / \sin[c + d * x]} \quad \text{Int}[\sin[c + d * x]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3491

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(m_{.})} * ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^2, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \cos[e + f * x] * ((b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m + 2) + C * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * (m + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 563 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 564, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-
2*C*b^2*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + 5C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c)) + i \sin(dx + c)) \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c)`

### 3.52 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	512
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	513
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	513
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	516
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	517
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	517
Maxima [F] . . . . .	518
Giac [F] . . . . .	518
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	518
Reduce [F] . . . . .	519

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^5 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2b^3(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2/21*b^2*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*b
^3*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^4(c + dx) \left( 2(5A + 7C) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C) \sin(2(c + dx)) + 6A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{21d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4*(2*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^6(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^6 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{3/2} \cdot (A + C \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]^2) \cdot \sec[c + d \cdot x]^6, x]$

output  $b^6 \cdot ((2 \cdot A \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]) / (7 \cdot b \cdot d \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{7/2}) + ((5 \cdot A + 7 \cdot C) \cdot ((2 \cdot \sqrt{\cos[c + d \cdot x]} \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(c + d \cdot x)/2, 2]) / (3 \cdot b^2 \cdot d \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]}) + (2 \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]) / (3 \cdot b \cdot d \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{3/2}))) / (7 \cdot b^2))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x \_.) \cdot (v \_.)^{(m \_.)} \cdot ((b \_.) \cdot (v \_.)^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n) \cdot Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b \_.) \cdot \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)])^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+1)} / (b \cdot d \cdot (n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 \cdot (n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b \_.) \cdot \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)])^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[((b \_.) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_.)])^{(m \_.)} \cdot ((A \_) + (C \_.) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_.)])^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m+1)) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2 \left( A \left( -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4} - \frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4} \right)$
parts	$2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))+C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 7C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 7C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - ((5*A + 7*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^6, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*c)`

### 3.53 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	520
Mathematica [A] (verified)	520
Rubi [A] (verified)	521
Maple [B] (verified)	523
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	524
Sympy [F(-1)]	525
Maxima [F]	525
Giac [F]	525
Mupad [F(-1)]	526
Reduce [F]	526

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b^2(9A + 7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} \sin(c + dx)}{9bd}$$

output

```
2/15*b^2*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*b*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 24(9A + 7C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(18A + 19C + 5) \right)}{180d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(24*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(180*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{5/2} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot (n-1) / n \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin(c) + d \cdot x], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \cdot \text{Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (m+2) \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^3\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-29\right)}{\dots}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^3\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input  $\text{int}((b \cdot \cos(d \cdot x + c))^{5/2} \cdot (A + C \cdot \cos(d \cdot x + c))^2, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$



output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(-160
*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*
A+136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$2 \left( -3i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (9A + 7C) b^{\frac{5}{2}} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(-3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstra
ssPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7
*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
- I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*b^2*cos(d*x +
c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.54 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	527
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	528
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	528
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	531
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	531
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	532
Maxima [F] . . . . .	532
Giac [F] . . . . .	533
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	533
Reduce [F] . . . . .	533

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3(7A + 5C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(7A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
2/21*b^3*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*b^2*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 4(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(14A + 13C + 3C \cos(c + dx)) \right)}{42d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(4*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(14*A + 13*C + 3*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(42*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left( A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \right)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2 \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]
```

output

$$b*((2*C*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{5/2}*\sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*\sqrt{b*\cos[c + d*x]}) + (2*b*\sqrt{b*\cos[c + d*x]}*\sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F x_{.})*(v_{.})^{(m_{.})}*((b_{.})*(v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_{.}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3115

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.})*\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\cos[c + d*x]*(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-1)/(d*n)}, x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3120

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.})]}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - \pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.})*\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3493

$$\text{Int}[((b_{.})*\sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.})*(x_{.})])^{(m_{.})}*((A_{.}) + (C_{.})*\sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.})*(x_{.})])^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\cos[e + f*x]*((b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)})/(b*f*(m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!LtQ}[m, -1]$$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 9.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-14A-16C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+7A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\right)\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{(1/2)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{(1/2)}\right)+5C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{(1/2)}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{(1/2)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{(1/2)}\right)\right)/\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)/d$
parts	$2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\right)+3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\frac{d}{dx}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(48*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = 2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / d$$



input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (7*A + 5*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + i  
nt(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

### 3.55 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	535
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	535
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	536
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	538
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	539
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	539
Maxima [F] . . . . .	540
Giac [F] . . . . .	540
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	540
Reduce [F] . . . . .	541

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bC(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

output

```
2/5*b^2*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 2(5A + 3C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{5}(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right) \\
 \downarrow 3119 \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{2(5A + 3C) E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 13.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^3\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C b^2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) + i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 3C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - I \sin(dx + c))) \right)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) + I*sqrt(1/2)*(5
*A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZet
a(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.56 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*b^3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( (3A + C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) \right)}{3d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*((3*A + C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 65.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b^3 \left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)-2C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 -\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 -\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) d}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) - 2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 -\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) d}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4 -\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right) d}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C b^2 \sin(dx + c) \right)}{3d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c)
) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4
, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*sin(d*x +
c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm
m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm
m="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$



input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.57 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	549
Mathematica [A] (verified)	549
Rubi [A] (verified)	550
Maple [B] (verified)	552
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	553
Sympy [F(-1)]	553
Maxima [F]	554
Giac [F]	554
Mupad [F(-1)]	554
Reduce [F]	555

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = -\frac{2b^2(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

$$-2*b^2*(A-C)*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*b^3*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3 \left( -\left( (A - C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `(2*b^3*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^4(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^4 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^4 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & b^4 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 b^4 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
 \downarrow 3119 \\
 b^4 \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b^4*((-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 212.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$2b^3 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2Ab^3 \left( -2 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b^3*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A - C) b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)`



### 3.58 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	556
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	556
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	557
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	559
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	559
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	560
Maxima [F] . . . . .	560
Giac [F] . . . . .	561
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	561
Reduce [F] . . . . .	561

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2/3*b^3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3 \left( (A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `(2*b^3*((A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^5(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^5 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^5 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^5 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^5 \left( \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]`

output `b^5*((2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*b^3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + \dots) \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c  
+ int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*a)`

### 3.59 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	563
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	564
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	564
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	567
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	568
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	568
Maxima [F] . . . . .	569
Giac [F] . . . . .	569
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	569
Reduce [F] . . . . .	570

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b^2(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^5 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^3(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*b^2*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*b^3*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2b^4 \left( (3A + 5C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - \frac{1}{2}(3A + 5C) \sin(2(c + dx)) - A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
(-2*b^4*((3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - ((3*A + 5*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/2 - A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(5*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^6 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]
```

output

$$b^6 \cdot \left( \frac{2A \sin[c + dx]}{5bd(b \cos[c + dx])^{5/2}} + \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( (-2 \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[\frac{c + dx}{2}, 2\right]) / (b^2 d \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}) + (2 \sin[c + dx]) / (bd \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]}) \right)}{5b^2} \right)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F x_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot})^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((b_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot}))^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n)Fx, x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, n, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_{\cdot}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3116

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] \cdot ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (bd(n+1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2(n+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2n]$$

rule 3119

$$\operatorname{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2/d) \operatorname{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$$

rule 3121

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b \sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \operatorname{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2n]$$

rule 3491

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((A_{\cdot}) + (C_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^2, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[A \cos[e + fx] \cdot ((b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(A(m+2) + C(m+1)) / (b^2(m+1)) \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.23

$$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)
```

output

```
-2/5*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+40*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-20*C*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+12*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-40*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+20*C*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-5*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + 5C) b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm
m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm
m="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^6, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*a)`

### 3.60 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	571
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	572
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	572
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	575
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	575
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	576
Maxima [F] . . . . .	576
Giac [F] . . . . .	577
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	577
Reduce [F] . . . . .	577

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^6 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2b^4(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

```
output 2/21*b^3*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*b
^4*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^5(c + dx) \left( 2(5A + 7C) \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C) \sin(2(c + dx)) \right) + 6A \tan(c + dx)}{21d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5*(2*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 6*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^7(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^7 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^7 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{5/2} \cdot (A + C \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]^2) \cdot \sec[c + d \cdot x]^7, x]$

output  $b^7 \cdot ((2 \cdot A \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]) / (7 \cdot b \cdot d \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{7/2}) + ((5 \cdot A + 7 \cdot C) \cdot ((2 \cdot \sqrt{\cos[c + d \cdot x]} \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(c + d \cdot x)/2, 2]) / (3 \cdot b^2 \cdot d \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]}) + (2 \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x]) / (3 \cdot b \cdot d \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{3/2}))) / (7 \cdot b^2))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x \_.) \cdot (v \_.)^{(m \_.)} \cdot ((b \_.) \cdot (v \_.)^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n) \cdot Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b \_.) \cdot \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+1)} / (b \cdot d \cdot (n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 \cdot (n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \_.) \cdot \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b \_.) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^{(m \_.)} \cdot ((A \_.) + (C \_.) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_.)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m+1)) \text{ Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{4}\right)\right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x)`

output

```
-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))+C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2\left(i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(5A + 7C)b^{\frac{5}{2}}\cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(5A + 7C)b^{\frac{5}{2}}\cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))\right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - ((5*A + 7*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**7,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^7 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^7, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^7 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^7, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^7} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^7,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^7, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^7 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^7 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**7,x)*c  
+ int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**7,x)*a)`

**3.61** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	579
Mathematica [A] (verified)	580
Rubi [A] (verified)	580
Maple [B] (verified)	583
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	584
Sympy [F(-1)]	584
Maxima [F]	585
Giac [F]	585
Mupad [F(-1)]	585
Reduce [F]	586

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{10(11A+9C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{231d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10(11A+9C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{231bd} + \frac{2(11A+9C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{77b^3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2} \sin(c+dx)}{11b^5d}$$

output

```
10/231*(11*A+9*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/
d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/231*(11*A+9*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b
/d+2/77*(11*A+9*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/11*C*(b*cos(d*x
+c))^(9/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{80(11A+9C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + (572A+531C+12(11A+16C)\cos(2(c+dx)))}{1848d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(80*(11*A + 9*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (572*A + 531*C + 12*(11*A + 16*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 21*C*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/(1848*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3}b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}}{11bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{1}{11}(11A + 9C) \left( \frac{5}{7}b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + \frac{2C}{b^4}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(11*b*d) + ((11*A + 9*C)*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7))/11)/b^4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 348 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 6.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(1344C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{12}-3360C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+(528A+3792C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-792A-2328C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(616A+924C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-176A-186C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+55A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}+45C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)+45C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(48\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^9-120\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^7+128\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^5-72\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^3+5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{21\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/231*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(1344*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^12-3360*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(528*A+3792*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-792*A-2328*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(616*A+924*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-176*A-186*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+55*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+45*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (11i A + 9i C) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-11i A - 9i C) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - (21 C \cos(dx + c))^4 + 3(11 A + 9 C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 55 A + 45 C \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(b d)}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/231*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(11*I*A + 9*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-11*I*A - 9*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (21*C*cos(d*x + c))^4 + 3*(11*A + 9*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 55*A + 45*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**5,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a))/b`

**3.62** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	587
Mathematica [A] (verified)	587
Rubi [A] (verified)	588
Maple [B] (verified)	590
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	591
Sympy [F(-1)]	592
Maxima [F]	592
Giac [F]	592
Mupad [F(-1)]	593
Reduce [F]	593

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2(9A+7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{15bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(9A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{45b^2d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{9b^4d}$$

output `2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{6(9A+7C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right) + \cos^2(c+dx)(18A+19C+5C \cos(2(c+dx))) \sin(c+dx)}{45d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(6*(9*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Cos[c + d*x]^2*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9)/b^3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot (n-1) / n \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin(c) + d \cdot x], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \cdot \text{Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot (b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (m+2) \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 320 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-296C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}$

input  $\text{int}(\cos(dx+c)^3 \cdot (A+C \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2) / (b \cdot \cos(dx+c))^{1/2}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNV \text{ERBOSE})$

output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-160*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*A+136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-9iA-7iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx-c)))\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(3*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x))^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x))^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a))/b`

**3.63** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	594
Mathematica [A] (verified)	595
Rubi [A] (verified)	595
Maple [B] (verified)	598
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	598
Sympy [F(-1)]	599
Maxima [F]	599
Giac [F]	600
Mupad [F(-1)]	600
Reduce [F]	600

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(7A+5C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21bd} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^3d}$$

output

```
2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(
b*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/7
*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(7A+5C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + (14A+13C+3C\cos(2(c+dx)))\sin(2(c+dx))}{42d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*(7*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (14*A + 13*C + 3*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/(42*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+5C)\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 3115 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 3120 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)/b^2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot})^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((b_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot}))^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n) \cdot Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{\cdot}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[((b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \text{Cos}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])^{(n-1)} / (d \cdot n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x])^{(n-1)} / \text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d \cdot x]^{(n-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[((b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((A_{\cdot}) + (C_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (m+2) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \text{Sin}[e + f \cdot x])^{(m)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.  $292$  vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time =  $0.97$  (sec) , antiderivative size =  $293$ , normalized size of antiderivative =  $2.62$

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-14A-16C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+7A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+5C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(48*C*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*C)*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*C*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time =  $0.09$  (sec) , antiderivative size =  $109$ , normalized size of antiderivative =  $0.97$

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(7iA+5iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-7iA-5iC)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*A + 5*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b`

**3.64** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	601
Mathematica [A] (verified)	601
Rubi [A] (verified)	602
Maple [B] (verified)	604
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	604
Sympy [F(-1)]	605
Maxima [F]	605
Giac [F]	606
Mupad [F(-1)]	606
Reduce [F]	606

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d}$$

output `2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\left(2(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) + C\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(2(c+dx))\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sqrt[Co
s[c + d*x]]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(5*b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+A)}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A\right)}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{3119} \\ \frac{2(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\ b \end{array}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2s}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5iA-3iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrass}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) - sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(b*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b`

### 3.65 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	607
Rubi [A] (verified)	608
Maple [B] (verified)	610
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	610
Sympy [F(-1)]	611
Maxima [F]	611
Giac [F]	612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	612
Reduce [F]	613

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3bd}$$

output

$2/3*(3*A+C)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^{(1/2)})/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3*C*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*\sin(d*x+c)/b/d$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx))}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

$\operatorname{Integrate}[(A + C*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[b*\operatorname{Cos}[c + d*x]],x]$

output

```
(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3493

$$\frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{3}(3A + C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2(3A + C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{InverseJacobiAM}\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}, \sqrt{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*A/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,
2^(1/2))-2/3*C*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1
/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3i A + i C) \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3i A - i C) \sqrt{b} \right)}{3bd}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x +
c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x
+ c))/(b*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 43.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3 b d} + \frac{2 A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*C*sin(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(3*b*d) + (2*A*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)) + (2*C*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*c))/b`

**3.66** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	614
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	614
Rubi [A] (verified)	615
Maple [B] (verified)	617
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	618
Sympy [F]	618
Maxima [F]	619
Giac [F]	619
Mupad [F(-1)]	619
Reduce [F]	620

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = -\frac{2(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 4.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \left(2(A - C) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos^2(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))\right)\right) \sec(c) \sin(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}{b \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*(2*(A - C)*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sec[c]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]] + Csc[c]*(-3*(A - C)*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sec[c] - (A - C)*Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sec[c] + 2*((2*A - C)*Cos[d*x] - C*Cos[2*c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$b \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b \left( \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b \left( \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b*((-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right) \right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (i A - i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x),x)*c))/b`

**3.67** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	621
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	621
Rubi [A] (verified)	622
Maple [B] (verified)	624
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	625
Sympy [F]	625
Maxima [F]	626
Giac [F]	626
Mupad [F(-1)]	626
Reduce [F]	627

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{4b(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \left( (A + 3C) \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))} \operatorname{csc}(c) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \sin^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))\right) \right)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(2A + C + C \cos(2(c + dx)))}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-4*b*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*((A + 3*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]] - A*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*A + C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
 \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 b^2 \left( \frac{2(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b^2*((2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 290 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.99

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} (A+3C) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + A \right)}{3 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-\right.}{-}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(c+d*x)**2)*sec(c+d*x)**2/sqrt(b*cos(c+d*x)),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b`



**3.68** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	628
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	629
Rubi [A] (verified)	630
Maple [B] (verified)	633
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	634
Sympy [F(-1)]	634
Maxima [F]	635
Giac [F]	635
Mupad [F(-1)]	635
Reduce [F]	636

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*(3*A+
5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.63

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= b \left( \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (C + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \left( \frac{4(3A+5C) \csc(c) \sec(c)}{5d} + \frac{4A \sec(c) \sec^3(c+dx) \sin(dx)}{5d} + \frac{4 \sec(c) \sec(c+dx)(3A \sin(dx) + 3C \cos(dx))}{5d} \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (2A + C + C \cos(2c + 2dx))} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{6A \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \csc(c) (C + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \left( \frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos^2(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))\right) \sin(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{1 + \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{\cos(c) \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}} \right)}{5d (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (2A + C + C \cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

$$+ \frac{2C \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \csc(c) (C + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \left( \frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos^2(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))\right) \sin(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{1 + \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{\cos(c) \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}} \right)}{d (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (2A + C + C \cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```

b*((Cos[c + d*x]^4*(C + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((4*(3*A + 5*C)*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/
(5*d) + (4*A*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Sin[d*x])/(5*d) + (4*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]
*(3*A*Sin[d*x] + 5*C*Sin[d*x]))/(5*d) + (4*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c])/(5*d)
))/((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*A + C + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])) + (6*A*Cos[c + d
*x]^(7/2)*Csc[c]*(C + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4},
{3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqr
t[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[
Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]) -
((Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2] + (2*Cos[c]^2*Cos[
d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])/(Cos[c]^2 + Sin[c]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[
c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]))/(5*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(
3/2)*(2*A + C + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])) + (2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Csc[c]*(C +
A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcT
an[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTa
n[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcT
an[Tan[c]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]) - ((Sin[d*x + ArcTan[T
an[c]]]*Tan[c])/Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2] + (2*Cos[c]^2*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]
*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])/(Cos[c]^2 + Sin[c]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[T
an[c]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*A + C + C*Cos[2
*c + 2*d*x]))

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^3 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{7/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(A + C\cos[c + d*x]^2)*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]^3/\text{Sqrt}[b*\cos[c + d*x]],x]$

output  $b^3*((2*A*\sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{5/2}) + ((3*A + 5*C)*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\cos[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[\cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*\sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F*x_*)*(v_*)^{(m_*)}*((b_*)*(v_*))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+1)})/(b*d*(n+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)]^{(m_*)}*((A_*) + (C_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A*\cos[e + f*x]*((b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)})/(b*f*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(b^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 562 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-
2*C*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2
)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))
^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + \right.$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b`

$$3.69 \quad \int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	637
Mathematica [A] (verified)	638
Rubi [A] (verified)	638
Maple [B] (verified)	641
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	642
Sympy [F(-1)]	642
Maxima [F]	643
Giac [F]	643
Mupad [F(-1)]	643
Reduce [F]	644

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 110

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2b(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output `2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2/21*b*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2 \right) + (5A + 7C + 3A \sec^2(c + dx)) \tan(c + dx) \right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*((5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(21*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2}{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^4 \sqrt{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + A}{(b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right))^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(A + C\cos[c + dx])^2 \sec[c + dx]^4 / \sqrt{b\cos[c + dx]}, x]$

output  $b^4 * ((2A \sin[c + dx]) / (7b * d * (b \cos[c + dx])^{7/2}) + ((5A + 7C) * ((2 * \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} * \text{EllipticF}[(c + dx)/2, 2]) / (3b^2 * d * \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]}) + (2 \sin[c + dx]) / (3b * d * (b \cos[c + dx])^{3/2}))) / (7b^2))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b * d * (n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 * (n+1)) \text{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} * ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^2, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \cos[e + fx] * ((b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} / (b * f * (m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m+2) + C * (m+1)) / (b^2 * (m+1)) \text{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 411 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{2A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output `-(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*(-1/56*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2))/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2*C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5iA + 7iC) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-5iA - 7iC) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^4}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - ((5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^4/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^4/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^4}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^4 dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c))/b`

**3.70** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^5(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	645
Mathematica [A] (verified)	646
Rubi [A] (verified)	646
Maple [B] (verified)	649
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	650
Sympy [F(-1)]	651
Maxima [F]	651
Giac [F]	652
Mupad [F(-1)]	652
Reduce [F]	652

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(7A + 9C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{9d(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} + \frac{2b^2(7A + 9C) \sin(c + dx)}{45d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(7A + 9C) \sin(c + dx)}{15d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/15*(7*A+9*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/9*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2)+2/45*b^2
*(7*A+9*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/15*(7*A+9*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6(7A + 9C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 6(7A + 9C) \sin(c + dx) + 2 \sec(c + dx) (7A + 9C + 5A \sec^2(c + dx))}{45d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(-6*(7*A + 9*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 6*(7*A + 9*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 2*Sec[c + d*x]*(7*A + 9*C + 5*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x])/(45*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^5 \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^5 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{11/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3116

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3116

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^5 \left( \frac{(7A + 9C) \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{9b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{9bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
b^5*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2)) + ((7*A + 9*C)*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)))/(9*b^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b * \sin[c + d*x])^{(n+1)} / (b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \sin[c + d*x])^{n / \sin[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(m_{.})} * ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^2, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \text{Cos}[e + f*x] * ((b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)} / (b*f*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1)) / (b^2*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.96

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	729
parts	Expression too large to display	779

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output `-(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*(-1/144*c  
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/  
2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^5-7/180*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*  
d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^3-14/  
15*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*  
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)+7/15*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*  
d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(  
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-7/15*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/  
2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d  
*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*(EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-EllipticE(cos(1  
/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))))+2/5*C/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c  
)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*  
c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1  
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-  
24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(  
1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*si  
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*  
x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1  
/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2))/  
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d`

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7i A + 9i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm  
m="fricas")`

output

```
-2/45*(3*sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 9*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 9*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(7*A + 9*C)*cos(d*x + c)^4 + (7*A + 9*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^5)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^5}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^5/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^5}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^5/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^5 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^5*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^5*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^5}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^5 dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**5)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c))/b`

**3.71** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	653
Rubi [A] (verified)	654
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Sympy [F(-1)]	658
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Mupad [F(-1)]	659
Reduce [F]	659

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(9A+7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{15b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(9A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{45b^3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{9b^5d}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/
d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6(9A+7C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) + \cos^2(c+dx)(18A}{45bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x
]
```

output

```
(6*(9*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Cos[c + d*x]
^2*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c
+ d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A+7C) \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A+7C) \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5}b^2 \int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^4}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*
Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) +
(2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9)/b^4
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-296C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\right)}{5b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$
parts	$- \frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(-160*C
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*A+
136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-9iA - 7iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx+c) + i\sin(dx+c))) \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(3*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A +
7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c))*
sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a))/b**2`



**3.72** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	660
Mathematica [A] (verified)	660
Rubi [A] (verified)	661
Maple [B] (verified)	663
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	664
Sympy [F(-1)]	664
Maxima [F]	665
Giac [F]	665
Mupad [F(-1)]	665
Reduce [F]	666

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(7A+5C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21b^2d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^4d}$$

output `2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b/d / (b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d +2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4(7A+5C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + (14A+13C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{42bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output

```
(4*(7*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (14*A + 13*C
+ 3*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]/(42*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+5C)\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+5C)\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3115$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+5C)\left(\frac{1}{3}b^2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+5C)\left(\frac{1}{3}b^2\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right) + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) +  
(2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)/b^3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)  
^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*  
x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN  
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[  
2*n]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{21b}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(48*C*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*C)
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5*C
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(7i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-7i A - 5i C) \sqrt{b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*A
+ 5*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**2`

**3.73** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	667
Rubi [A] (verified)	668
Maple [B] (verified)	670
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	670
Sympy [F(-1)]	671
Maxima [F]	671
Giac [F]	672
Mupad [F(-1)]	672
Reduce [F]	672

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3d}$$

output `2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b  
^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \middle| 2\right) + C \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x  
]`



output

```
(2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(5*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+A)}{b^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A\right)}{b^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+3C)\int\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+3C)\int\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3121$$

$$\frac{\frac{(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{\dots}{b^2}$$

$$\frac{2(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(8*C*sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*El
lipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*El
lipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2))/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5iA-3\right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) - sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A
- 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZe
ta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(b^2
*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm
m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**2`

**3.74** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	673
Mathematica [A] (verified)	673
Rubi [A] (verified)	674
Maple [B] (verified)	676
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	676
Sympy [F(-1)]	677
Maxima [F]	677
Giac [F]	678
Mupad [F(-1)]	678
Reduce [F]	678

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2d}$$

output `2/3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c+dx))}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d
*x)])/(3*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \int \frac{C\cos^2(c+dx)+A}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \quad \int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$b$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$b$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `((2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_.)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-2C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d - \frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3iA+iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3iA-iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))\right)}{3b^2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) c \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*c))/b**2`

### 3.75 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	679
Mathematica [A] (verified)	679
Rubi [A] (verified)	680
Maple [B] (verified)	682
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	682
Sympy [F(-1)]	683
Maxima [F]	683
Giac [F]	684
Mupad [F(-1)]	684
Reduce [F]	684

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^2/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2(A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*A*Sin[c + d*x]) / (b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{2(A - C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)+C\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\right)$
parts	$2A\left(-2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)-\frac{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{d}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/b*(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^{(1/2)}*(2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A - i C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*c))/b**2`

**3.76** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

$2/3*(A+3*C)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^{(1/2)})/b/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2/3*A*\sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}$

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \left( (A + 3C) \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{\cos^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))} \operatorname{csc}(c) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \sin^2(dx - \dots)\right) \right)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(2A + C + C \cos(2(c + dx)))}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*((A + 3*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]] - A*sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*A + C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*sqrt[Csc[c]^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b \left( \frac{(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b \left( \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `b*((2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c_.) + (d.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} (A+3C) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + A \right)}{3b \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3b \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/b*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-i A - 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) - \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(c+d*x)**2)*sec(c+d*x)/(b*cos(c+d*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x),x)*c))/b**2`



**3.77** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	692
Mathematica [A] (verified)	693
Rubi [A] (verified)	693
Maple [B] (verified)	696
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	697
Sympy [F]	697
Maxima [F]	698
Giac [F]	698
Mupad [F(-1)]	698
Reduce [F]	699

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*(3*A+
5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( - \left( (3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + (3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{5bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x
]
```

output

```
(2*(-((3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + (3*A + 5
*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(5*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x
]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x])^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output

$$b^2 * ((2 * A * \sin[c + d * x]) / (5 * b * d * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{5/2}) + ((3 * A + 5 * C) * ((-2 * \sqrt{b * \cos[c + d * x]} * \text{EllipticE}[(c + d * x) / 2, 2]) / (b^2 * d * \sqrt{\cos[c + d * x]}) + (2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (b * d * \sqrt{b * \cos[c + d * x]}))) / (5 * b^2)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F x \_.) * (v \_.)^{(m \_.)} * ((b \_.) * (v \_.)^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n) * F x, x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3116

$$\text{Int}[((b \_.) * \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) * (x \_.)])^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2) / (b^2 * (n + 1)) \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3119

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) * (x \_.)]}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + d * x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121

$$\text{Int}[((b \_.) * \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) * (x \_.)])^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{n / \sin[c + d * x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d * x]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3491

$$\text{Int}[((b \_.) * \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) * (x \_.)])^{(m \_.)} * ((A \_) + (C \_.) * \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) * (x \_.)])^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \cos[e + f * x] * ((b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m + 2) + C * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * (m + 1)) \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 565 vs.  $2(101) = 202$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/
d-2*C/b*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i s) \right)$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/5*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**2`



**3.78** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	700
Rubi [A] (verified)	701
Maple [B] (verified)	704
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	705
Sympy [F(-1)]	705
Maxima [F]	706
Giac [F]	706
Mupad [F(-1)]	706
Reduce [F]	707

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b/d
/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*(5*
A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)\right)}{21bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x
]
```

output

```
(2*((5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C
+ 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^3 \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3116

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^3 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `b^3*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((5*A + 7*C)*((2*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]  
]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/(7*b^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) * (v_{.})^{(m_{.})} * ((b_{.}) * (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^{m_{.}} \text{Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n) * F x, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2) / (b^2 * (n + 1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d * x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(n_{.})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{n_{.}} / \sin[c + d * x]^{n_{.}} \text{Int}[\sin[c + d * x]^{n_{.}}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[((b_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{(m_{.})} * ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) * \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) * (x_{.})])^{2}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \text{Cos}[e + f * x] * ((b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m + 2) + C * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * (m + 1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)`

output `-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(A*(-1/56*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(5i A + 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5i A - 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (b^2 d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - ((5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) b}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**2`



**3.79** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	708
Mathematica [A] (verified)	708
Rubi [A] (verified)	709
Maple [B] (verified)	711
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	712
Sympy [F(-1)]	713
Maxima [F]	713
Giac [F]	713
Mupad [F(-1)]	714
Reduce [F]	714

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(9A+7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{15b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(9A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{45b^4d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{9b^6d}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/
d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^6/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6(9A+7C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) + \cos^2(c+dx)(18A}{45b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x
]
```

output

```
(6*(9*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Cos[c + d*x]
^2*(18*A + 19*C + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]*Sin[c + d*x])/(45*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos
[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{b^5}$$

↓ 3493

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A+7C)\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A+7C)\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A+7C)\left(\frac{3}{5}b^2\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d}\right) + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9}(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}}{b^5}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + ((9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*
Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) +
(2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/9)/b^5
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

method	result
default	$- \frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(-160C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+320C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-72A-296C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\right)}{5b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}$
parts	$- \frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{5b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/45*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(-160
*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+320*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-72*A-296*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(72*
A+136*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-18*A-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-27*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-21*C*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-9iA - 7iC) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(3*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A +
7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (5*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + (9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c))*
sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^5}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^5/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^5}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^5/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^5 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^5*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^5*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right) \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a))/b**3`

**3.80** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	715
Mathematica [A] (verified)	715
Rubi [A] (verified)	716
Maple [B] (verified)	718
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	719
Sympy [F(-1)]	719
Maxima [F]	720
Giac [F]	720
Mupad [F(-1)]	720
Reduce [F]	721

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(7A+5C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{21b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21b^3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^5d}$$

output `2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4(7A+5C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2) + (14A+13C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{42b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`



output

$$(4*(7*A + 5*C)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (14*A + 13*C + 3*C*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)])*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)])/(42*b^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^4}$$

↓ 3493

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^4}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) +  
(2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)/b^4`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n-1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n-1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n-2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)*\sin[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b\_)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^{(m\_)}*((A\_.) + (C\_.)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^{(2)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)})/(b*f*(m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(48C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-72C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(28A+56C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{21b^2}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)d}$

input  $\text{int}(\cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(5/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNV \text{ERBOSE})$

output

```
-2/21*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(48*C
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-72*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)+(28*A+56*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-14*A-16*
C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+7*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2
)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+5
*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(7iA + 5iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-7iA - 5iC)\sqrt{b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*A
+ 5*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^4}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right) \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**3`

**3.81** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	722
Mathematica [A] (verified)	722
Rubi [A] (verified)	723
Maple [B] (verified)	725
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	725
Sympy [F(-1)]	726
Maxima [F]	726
Giac [F]	727
Mupad [F(-1)]	727
Reduce [F]	727

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^4d}$$

output `2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + C \cos(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
(2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(5*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A\right) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+3C)\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+3C)\int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3121$$

$$\frac{\frac{(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^3}$$



$$\frac{\frac{2(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}}{b^3} \quad \downarrow \quad 3119$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((2*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d))/b^3`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-8C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+5A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2s}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{5b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/5*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(8*C*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-8*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)+5*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5iA-3\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*cos(d*x + c)*sin(d*x + c) - sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A
- 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZe
ta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))))/(b^3
*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm
m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**3`

**3.82** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	728
Rubi [A] (verified)	729
Maple [B] (verified)	731
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	731
Sympy [F(-1)]	732
Maxima [F]	732
Giac [F]	733
Mupad [F(-1)]	733
Reduce [F]	733

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^3d}$$

output

```
2/3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/
(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + C \sin(2(c+dx))$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x
]
```

output

```
(2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int \frac{C\cos^2(c+dx)+A}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3120}$$

$$\frac{2(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_.)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-2C\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}-\frac{2C\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}d$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(4*C*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(
-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3iA+iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3iA-iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))\right)}{3b^3d}$$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) c \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*c))/b**3`

**3.83** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	734
Mathematica [A] (verified)	734
Rubi [A] (verified)	735
Maple [B] (verified)	737
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	737
Sympy [F(-1)]	738
Maxima [F]	738
Giac [F]	739
Mupad [F(-1)]	739
Reduce [F]	739

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(A-C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2(A-C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) + 2A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.226$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \int \frac{C\cos^2(c+dx)+A}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \quad \int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\int\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\int\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}dx}{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad b \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A-C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{\frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `((-2*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\left(2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4+\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/b^2*(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^{(1/2)*(2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})+C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2}))}}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(iA-iC)\sqrt{b}\cos(dx+c)\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4,0,\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c)))\right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*c))/b**3`



**3.84** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	740
Mathematica [A] (verified)	740
Rubi [A] (verified)	741
Maple [B] (verified)	743
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	743
Sympy [F(-1)]	744
Maxima [F]	744
Giac [F]	745
Mupad [F(-1)]	745
Reduce [F]	745

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `2/3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \tan(c + dx)\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output

```
(2*((A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Tan[c + d*x
]))/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.240$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 293 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2 \left( -2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} (A+3C) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + A \right)}{3b^2 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right)}}$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \right)}{3b^2 \sqrt{-b \left( 2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( -1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(A+3*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/b^2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (3 b^3)$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) a \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a))/b**3`

**3.85** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	746
Mathematica [A] (verified)	747
Rubi [A] (verified)	747
Maple [B] (verified)	750
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	751
Sympy [F(-1)]	751
Maxima [F]	752
Giac [F]	752
Mupad [F(-1)]	752
Reduce [F]	753

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*(3*A+5*
C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( - \left( (3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + (3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + (3*A + 5*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(5*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sec(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\ & b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3116 \\
& b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3119 \\
& b \left( \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$b * ((2 * A * \sin[c + d * x]) / (5 * b * d * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{5/2}) + ((3 * A + 5 * C) * ((-2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b * \cos[c + d * x]] * \operatorname{EllipticE}[(c + d * x) / 2, 2]) / (b^2 * d * \operatorname{Sqrt}[\cos[c + d * x]]) + (2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (b * d * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b * \cos[c + d * x]]))) / (5 * b^2))$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F x \_.) * (v \_.)^{(m \_.)} * ((b \_.) * (v \_.)^{(n \_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1 / b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n) * F x, x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u \_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3116

$$\operatorname{Int}[((b \_.) * \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) * (x \_.)])^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(n + 2) / (b^2 * (n + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3119

$$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) * (x \_.)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(2 / d) * \operatorname{EllipticE}[(1 / 2) * (c - \pi / 2 + d * x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121

$$\operatorname{Int}[((b \_.) * \sin[(c \_.) + (d \_.) * (x \_.)])^{(n \_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(b * \sin[c + d * x])^n / \sin[c + d * x]^n \operatorname{Int}[\sin[c + d * x]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3491

$$\operatorname{Int}[((b \_.) * \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) * (x \_.)])^{(m \_.)} * ((A \_) + (C \_.) * \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) * (x \_.)])^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[A * \cos[e + f * x] * ((b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(A * (m + 2) + C * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * (m + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 565 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.05

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-2*C/b^2*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i s) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/5*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) a \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a))/b**3`

**3.86** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	754
Mathematica [A] (verified)	754
Rubi [A] (verified)	755
Maple [B] (verified)	758
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	759
Sympy [F(-1)]	759
Maxima [F]	760
Giac [F]	760
Mupad [F(-1)]	760
Reduce [F]	761

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^2
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*(5*
A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left((5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C)\right)}{21b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x
]
```

output

```
(2*((5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C
+ 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^2 \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3116

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042



$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `b^2*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + ((5*A + 7*C)*((2*  
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]  
]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))))/(7*b^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot})^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((b_{\cdot}) \cdot (v_{\cdot}))^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{Int}[(b \cdot v)^{(m+n) \cdot F x, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{\cdot}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+1)} / (b \cdot d \cdot (n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 \cdot (n+1)) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})]], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(n_{\cdot})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n/\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot n]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[((b_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^{(m_{\cdot})} \cdot ((A_{\cdot}) + (C_{\cdot}) \cdot \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) \cdot (x_{\cdot})])^2, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m+2) + C \cdot (m+1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m+1)) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs. 2(100) = 200.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\right)}$
parts	$2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output `-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(A*(-1/5  
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(  
(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/  
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5  
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*  
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/  
2*c),2^(1/2)))+C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-si  
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1  
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)  
^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/si  
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(5i A + 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5i A - 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) - \frac{((5A + 7C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^4)}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - ((5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) a}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a))/b**3`

### 3.87 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	762
Rubi [A] (verified)	763
Maple [B] (verified)	765
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	766
Sympy [F(-1)]	767
Maxima [F]	767
Giac [F]	767
Mupad [F(-1)]	768
Reduce [F]	768

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^4 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^4/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/5*(3*A+
5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\left((3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)\right) + (3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx) + A \cos(c + dx)\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + (3*A + 5
*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d
*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]`

output `(2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))) + ((3*A + 5*C)*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

```
rule 3121 Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3491 Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)])^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 565 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

method	result
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-12A\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^4/sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/
d-2*C/b^3*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b
)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4
-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3iA + 5iC) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + \dots \right)$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/5*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4,
0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)
*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstras
sPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - ((3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x +
c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^4} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) c \right)}{b^4}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**4`

**3.88**       $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	769
Rubi [A] (verified)	770
Maple [B] (verified)	772
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	773
Sympy [F(-1)]	774
Maxima [F]	774
Giac [F]	774
Mupad [F(-1)]	775
Reduce [F]	775

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21b^4 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21b^3 d (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

output `2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^4/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/21*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( (5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (5A + 7C + 3A \sec^2(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{21b^4 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(9/2), x]`

output

```
(2*((5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (5*A + 7*C
+ 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Tan[c + d*x]))/(21*b^4*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{9/2}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3116

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{7b^2} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)),x]`

output `(2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))) + ((5*A + 7*C)*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))))/(7*b^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



rule 3121

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(102) = 204$ .

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(A\left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{56b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^4}-\frac{5\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{42b\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}\right)$
parts	$2A\left(-40\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6-40\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+60\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^4*(A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))) + C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))))/si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(5iA + 7iC)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-5iA - 7iC)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (b^5 d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/21*(sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInvers
e(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(
b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)
) - ((5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/
(b^5*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(9/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(9/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(9/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{9/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^5} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) c \right)}{b^5}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(9/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**5,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**5`

### 3.89 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	776
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	776
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	777
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	779
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	779
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	780
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	780
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	781
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	781
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	782

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(A+C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(A+2C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^5(c+dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
(A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*(A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^5/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(100A + 89C + 4(5A + 7C) \cos(2(c+dx)) + 3C \cos(4(c+dx))) \sin(c+dx)}{120d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x
]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(100*A + 89*C + 4*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 3*C
*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(120*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3492} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{290} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \sin^4(c + dx) - (A + 2C) \sin^2(c + dx) + A(\frac{C}{A} + 1)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (\frac{1}{3}(A + 2C) \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx) - \frac{1}{5}C \sin^5(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + ((A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - (C*SIN[c + d*x]^5)/5))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 290 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( 3C \cos(dx+c)^4 + 5A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A + 8C \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 3 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 8 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{6i(dx+c)} C}{80(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{2i(dx+c)} (6A+5C)}{8(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (6A+5C)}{8(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$1/15/d*\sin(d*x+c)*(3*C*\cos(d*x+c)^4+5*A*\cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*\cos(d*x+c)^2+10*A+8*C)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(3C \cos(dx+c)^4 + (5A+4C) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A+8C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/15*(3*C*\cos(d*x+c)^4+(5*A+4*C)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+10*A+8*C)*\sqrt{b*\cos(d*x+c)}*\sin(d*x+c)/(d*\sqrt{\cos(d*x+c)})$$



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C\sqrt{b}(3 \sin(5 dx + 5 c) + 25 \sin(\frac{3}{5} \arctan(\sin(5 dx + 5 c), \cos(5 dx + 5 c))) + 150 \sin(\frac{1}{5} \arctan(\sin(5$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/240*(C*sqrt(b)*(3*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 25*sin(3/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))) + 150*sin(1/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c)))) + 20*A*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{b} \left( \frac{3C \sin(5dx + 5c)}{d} + \frac{5(4A + 5C) \sin(3dx + 3c)}{d} + \frac{30(6A + 5C) \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/240*sqrt(b)*(3*C*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 5*(4*A + 5*C)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d +
30*(6*A + 5*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 43.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (200 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 20 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 175 C \sin(2c + 2dx))}{240 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(200*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 20*A*
sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 175*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 28*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*C*si
n(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(240*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (3 \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 5 \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 10 \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 15a + 15c)}{15d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(3*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 5*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 10*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 15*a + 15*c))/(15*d)`

### 3.90 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	783
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	783
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	784
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	786
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	786
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	787
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	788
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4A + 3C)x \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{8 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{8d}$$

$$+ \frac{C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d}$$

output `1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(4(4A + 3C)(c+dx) + 8(A + C) \sin(2(c+dx)) + C \sin(4(c+dx)))}{32d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*(c + d*x) + 8*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Ssin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(32*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^2(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3115}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
default	$\frac{(4A(dx+c)+3C(dx+c)+4A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2+3)C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{i(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{8 e^{2i(dx+c)}+8} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{5i(dx+c)} C}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{-i(dx+c)}}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d*(4*A*(d*x+c)+3*C*(d*x+c)+4*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2(2C \cos(dx+c)^2+4A+3C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) + (4A+3C) \sqrt{-b} \log(2b \cos(dx+c) + \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)})}{16d} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/8*((2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/d]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))A\sqrt{b} + (12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan(\sin(4dx + 4c))))C\sqrt{b}}{32d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/32*(8*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + (12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} \left( 4(4A + 3C)x + \frac{C \sin(4dx + 4c)}{d} + \frac{8(A + C) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{d} \right) \sqrt{b}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/32*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*x + C*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 8*(A + C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/
d)*sqrt(b)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 43.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (8A \sin(c + dx) + 8C \sin(c + dx) + 8A \sin(3c + 3dx) + 9C \sin(3c + 3dx) + 32Adx \cos(c + dx) + 24Cd \cos(c + dx))}{32d(\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*A*sin(c + d*x) + 8*C*sin(c +
d*x) + 8*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 9*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) +
32*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 24*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(32*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) +
1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c))^3 c + 4 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) a + 5 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 4 a dx + 3 c^2 dx}{8d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c+d*x)*sin(c+d*x)**3*c+4*cos(c+d*x)*sin(c+d*x)*a+5*cos(c+d*x)*sin(c+d*x)*c+4*a*d*x+3*c*d*x))/(8*d)`

### 3.91 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))$

Optimal result	790
Mathematica [A] (verified)	790
Rubi [A] (verified)	791
Maple [A] (verified)	792
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	793
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	793
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	794
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	794
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	795
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	795

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(A + C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
(A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (6A + 5C + C \cos(2(c + dx))) \sin(c + dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A + 5*C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*
Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3492}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (-C \sin^2(c+dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (\frac{1}{3} C \sin^3(c+dx) - (A + C) \sin(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + (C*SIN[c + d*x]^3)/3))/
(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^(m - 1/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{4i(dx+c)} C}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{2i(dx+c)} (4A+3C)}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, method=_RET URNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/d*sin(d*x+c)*(C*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A+2*C)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algo
rithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*(C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A + 2*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*sq
rt(cos(d*x + c)))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 29.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} x \sqrt{b \cos(c)} (A + C \cos^2(c)) \sqrt{\cos(c)} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } c = -dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \vee c = \\ \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*sqrt(cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (0,
Eq(c, -d*x + pi/2) | Eq(c, -d*x + 3*pi/2)), (A*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c
+ d*x)/(d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + 2*C*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**3/
(3*d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + C*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x
)**(3/2)/d, True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C\sqrt{b}(\sin(3dx+3c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx+3c), \cos(3dx+3c)))) + 12A\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c)}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(C*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))) + 12*A*sqrt(b)*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{b} \left( \frac{C \sin(3dx+3c)}{d} + \frac{3(4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{d} \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*sqrt(b)*(C*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (12A \sin(2c+2dx) + 10C \sin(2c+2dx) + C \sin(4c+4dx))}{12d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x)))/(12*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c) (-\sin(dx+c)^2 c + 3a + 3c)}{3d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(-sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*d)`



**3.92** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	796
Mathematica [A] (verified)	796
Rubi [A] (verified)	797
Maple [A] (verified)	798
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	798
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	799
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	800
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	800
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	801
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	801

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 90

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{Ax \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
A*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+C \sin(2(c+dx)))}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	54
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	63
parts	$\frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	72

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) + (2A+C) \sqrt{-b} \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{4d} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/2*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/d]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Ax\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{C\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \\ \frac{x\sqrt{b \cos(c)}(A+C \cos^2(c))}{\sqrt{\cos(c)}} \end{cases} \quad \text{for other}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((A*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)) + C*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**2/(2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + C*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/2 + C*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)))/(2*d), Ne(d, 0)), (x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*(A + C*cos(c)**2)/sqrt(cos(c)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))C\sqrt{b} + 8 A\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{4 d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C*sqrt(b) + 8*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left( 2(2A + C)x + \frac{C \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} \right) \sqrt{b}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*(2*A + C)*x + C*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d)*sqrt(b)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 4Adx + 2Cdx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 4*A*d*x + 2*C*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2adx + cdx)}{2d}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x))/(2*d)`

**3.93** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	802
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	802
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	803
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	805
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	805
Sympy [F] . . . . .	806
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	806
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	807
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	807
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	808

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) + C \sin(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + C*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{C\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/d*(2*A*\operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(d*x+c)+\cot(d*x+c))-C*\sin(d*x+c))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{A\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))
)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c
)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*
x + c)), -(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b
*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x +
c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2),
x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{A\sqrt{b}(\log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 2\sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2\sin(dx + c) + 1)) + 2C\sqrt{b}\sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algo
rithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)
- log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) + 2*C*sqrt(b)
*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( A \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - A \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + \frac{2C \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 + 1} \right) \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorith="giac")
```

output

```
(A*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - A*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a + \sin(dx + c) c \right)}{d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*a+log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*a+sin(c+d*x)*c)/d
```

**3.94** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	809
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	809
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	810
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	811
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	812
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	812
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	813
Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	813
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	814
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	814

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{Cx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output `C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(Cdx \cos(c+dx) + A \sin(c+dx))}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*d*x*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + A \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	45
parts	$\frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{C(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	59
risch	$\frac{Cx \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)}$	61



input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{C\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b\right) + 2}{2d \cos(dx + c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), (C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( C\sqrt{b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} \right) + \frac{A\sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx+2 c)}{\cos(2 dx+2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx+2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx+2 c)+1} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)/d`

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left( -i C \log \left( i \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + i C \log \left( -i \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + \frac{2 A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1} \right) \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(-I*C*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*C*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A \sin(2c + 2dx) + C dx + C dx \cos(2c + 2dx) + A li + A \cos(2c + 2dx) li)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*1i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*1i + A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*d*x + C*d*x*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (\cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) d}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a))/(cos(c + d*x)*d)`

**3.95** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	815
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	815
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	816
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	818
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	818
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	819
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	819
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	820
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	821
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	821

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(A+2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output `1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}((A+2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^2(c+dx) + A \sin(c+dx))}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A+2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\right) \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$-\frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A \left(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2\right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A (e^{3i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (A+2C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{4d \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

$$- \frac{(A+2C) \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 728, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```

1/4*(2*C*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)
) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) - (4*(sin(4
*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(s
in(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*
x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2
+ 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 +
sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2
(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*c
os(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*c
os(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) +
2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
)) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4
*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)
^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + \frac{2 \left( A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^4 - 2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)} \right)}{2d}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/2*((A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c - \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) c - \sin(c + dx) a \right)}{2d(\sin(c + dx)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.96** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	822
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	822
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	823
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	825
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	825
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	826
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	826
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	827
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	827
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	828

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{(2A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
1/3*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) (3(A+C) + A \tan^2(c+dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]*(3*(A + C) + A*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \csc \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4254}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A+3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( 2A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	54
parts	$\frac{C \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	73
risch	$\frac{2i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \left( 3C e^{4i(dx+c)} + 6A e^{2i(dx+c)} + 6C e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2A + 3C \right)}{3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d \left( e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1 \right)^3}$	81

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{((2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs.  $2(67) = 134$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{2((3 \cos(2 dx + 2c) + 1) \sin(6 dx + 6c) + 3(3 \cos(2 dx + 2c) + 1) \sin(4 dx + 4c) - 3 \cos(6 dx + 6c) \sin(2 dx + 2c) - 9 \cos(4 dx + 4c) \sin(2 dx + 2c)) * A \sqrt{b}}{2(3 \cos(4 dx + 4c) + 3 \cos(2 dx + 2c) + 1) \cos(6 dx + 6c) + \cos(6 dx + 6c)^2 + 6(3 \cos(2 dx + 2c) + 1) \cos(4 dx + 4c) + 9 \cos(4 dx + 4c)^2 + 9 \cos(2 dx + 2c)^2 + 6(\sin(4 dx + 4c) + \sin(2 dx + 2c)) \sin(6 dx + 6c) + \sin(6 dx + 6c)^2 + 9 \sin(4 dx + 4c)^2 + 18 \sin(4 dx + 4c) \sin(2 dx + 2c) + 9 \sin(2 dx + 2c)^2 + 6 \cos(2 dx + 2c) + 1} + 3C \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2c) / (\cos(2 dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2c) + 1)} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(2*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) + 3*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 3 A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 + 3 C \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^5 - 2 A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 6 C \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 + 3 A \right)}{3 \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^6 - 3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^4 + 3 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 \right)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `-2/3*(3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 6*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(b)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*d)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 45.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(18 A \sin(2 c + 2 d x) + 12 A \sin(4 c + 4 d x) + 2 A \sin(6 c + 6 d x) + 15 C \sin(2 c + 2 d x))}{3 d \cos(c + d x)^{\frac{1}{2}}(15 \cos(2 c + 2 d x) + 6 \cos(4 c + 4 d x) + \cos(6 c + 6 d x) + 10)}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*20i + C*30i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*30i + A*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*12i + A*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*2i + C*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*45i + C*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*18i + C*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*3i + 18*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*A*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 15*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(15*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 6*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.97** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	829
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	830
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	830
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	832
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	833
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	833
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	834
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	835
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	835
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	836

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3A+4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{(3A+4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+
1/4*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*(b*
cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}((3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^4(c+dx) + (2A + (3A + 4C) \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx))}{8d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + (2*A + (3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x]))/(8*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) \sec^5(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4+4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4-3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4-4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4\right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{C \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{A \left( 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 4 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \left( 3A e^{7i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{7i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{5i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{5i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3A e^{i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{i(dx+c)} \right)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8/d*(3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(-3*cos(d*x+c)^2-2)*sin(d*x+c)*A-4*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (3A + 4C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2((3A + 4C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - ((3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2A)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \right]}{16 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

$$- \frac{(3A + 4C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - ((3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2A)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5}{8 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/8*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - ((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2318 vs.  $2(104) = 208$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2318, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/16*((12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) +
44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(sin(
8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x +
8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d
*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x +
6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c
) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x +
8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 1
6*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x ...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs.  $2(104) = 208$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( (3A + 4C) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - (3A + 4C) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + \frac{2\left(5A \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^7 + 4C\right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algo="giac")`

output `1/8*((3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(5*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 5*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{b} \left( -3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 c + 6 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 a + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 6 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c) a + 4 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(dx + c) c - 3 \sin(dx + c)^3 a - 4 \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 5 \sin(dx + c) a + 4 \sin(dx + c) c \right) / (8d(\sin(dx + c)^4 - 2\sin(dx + c)^2 + 1))$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(- 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.98 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	837
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	837
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	838
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	840
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	840
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	841
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	841
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	842
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	842
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	843

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{b(A + C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{b(A + 2C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bC\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b*(A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(A+2*C)*(
b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/5*b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^5/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}(100A + 89C + 4(5A + 7C) \cos(2(c + dx)) + 3C \cos(4(c + dx)))}{120d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(100*A + 89*C + 4*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]/(120*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))`

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3492} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (1 - \sin^2(c + dx)) (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{290} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \sin^4(c + dx) - (A + 2C) \sin^2(c + dx) + A(\frac{C}{A} + 1)) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (\frac{1}{3}(A + 2C) \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx) - \frac{1}{5}C \sin^5(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `-((b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + ((A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - (C*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/5))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 290 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result
default	$\frac{b \sin(dx+c) (3C \cos(dx+c)^4 + 5A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A + 8C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) (3 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 8) b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{6i(dx+c)} C}{80(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{2i(dx+c)} (6A + 5C)}{8(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} + \frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \frac{b}{d} \sin(dx+c) \frac{(3C \cos(dx+c)^4 + 5A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A + 8C)}{\cos(dx+c)^{1/2} (b \cos(dx+c))^{1/2}}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(3Cb \cos(dx+c)^4 + (5A + 4C)b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(5A + 4C)b) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \frac{(3Cb \cos(dx+c)^4 + (5A + 4C)b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(5A + 4C)b) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{20 (b \sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c)))) A \sqrt{b} + (3 b \sin(5 d x + 5 c) + 25 b \sin(\frac{3}{5} \arctan(\sin(5 d x + 5 c), \cos(5 d x + 5 c)))) C \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/240*(20*(b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*A*sqrt(b) + (3*b*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 25*b*sin(3/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c)))) + 150*b*sin(1/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx = \frac{1}{240}b^{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{3C\sin(5dx+5c)}{d} + \frac{5(4A+5C)\sin(3dx+3c)}{d} + \frac{30(6A+5C)\sin(dx+c)}{d}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/240*b^(3/2)*(3*C*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 5*(4*A + 5*C)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 30*(6*A + 5*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx = \frac{b\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(200A\sin(2c+2dx) + 20A\sin(4c+4dx) + 175C\sin(2c+2dx) + 28C\sin(4c+4dx) + 3C\sin(6c+6dx))}{240d(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(200*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 20*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 175*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 28*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(240*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) b (3 \sin(dx + c)^4 c - 5 \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 10 \sin(dx + c)^2 c + 15a + 15c)}{15d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*b*(3*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 5*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 10*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 15*a + 15*c))/(15*d)
```



### 3.99 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))$

Optimal result	844
Mathematica [A] (verified)	845
Rubi [A] (verified)	845
Maple [A] (verified)	847
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	848
Sympy [F(-1)]	848
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	850
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	850

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{b(4A + 3C)x\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b(4A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{bC \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

output

```
1/8*b*(4*A+3*C)*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*b*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(4(4A+3C)(c+dx) + 8(A+C) \sin(2(c+dx))) + C \sin(4(c+dx))}{32d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*(c + d*x) + 8*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Ssin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(32*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(4A+3C)\int\cos^2(c+dx)dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(4A+3C)\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(4A+3C)\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
default	$\frac{b(4A(dx+c)+3C(dx+c)+4A\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)(2\cos(dx+c)^2+3)C)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+dx+c)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(2\cos(dx+c)^3\sin(dx+c)+3\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{i(dx+c)}(8A+6C)x}{8e^{2i(dx+c)}+8} - \frac{ib\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{5i(dx+c)}C}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} + \frac{ib\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{-i(dx+c)}}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*b/d*(4*A*(d*x+c)+3*C*(d*x+c)+4*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \left[ \frac{(4A + 3C)\sqrt{-b} \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algo  
rithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*((4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*b*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*A + 3*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d , 1/8*((4*A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2))) + (2*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*A + 3*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{8(2(dx+c)b + b \sin(2dx+2c))A\sqrt{b} + (12(dx+c)b + b \sin(4dx+4c) + 8b \sin(4dx+4c))C\sqrt{b}}{32d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorith
m="maxima")
```

output

```
1/32*(8*(2*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + (12*(d*x + c)*b +
b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*
c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{1}{32} \left( 4(4A + 3C)x + \frac{C \sin(4dx + 4c)}{d} + \frac{8(A + C) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{d} \right) b^{3/2}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/32*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*x + C*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 8*(A + C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/
d)*b^(3/2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 36.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (8A \sin(c+dx) + 8C \sin(c+dx) + 8A \sin(3c+3dx) + 32A^2 \cos(c+dx) + 24C^2 \cos(c+dx))}{32d(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*A*sin(c + d*x) + 8*C*sin(c + d*x) + 8*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 9*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 32*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 24*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(32*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-2 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c))^3 c + 4 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) a + 5 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) c^2}{8d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b*(- 2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 5*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 4*a*d*x + 3*c*d*x))/(8*d)`

$$3.100 \quad \int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	851
Mathematica [A] (verified)	851
Rubi [A] (verified)	852
Maple [A] (verified)	853
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	854
Sympy [F(-1)]	854
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	854
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	855
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	855
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	856

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{b(A+C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{bC \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
b*(A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (6A+5C+C \cos(2(c+dx))) \sin(c+dx)}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```



output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A + 5*C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3492

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (\frac{1}{3}C \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
-((b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + (C*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b \sin(dx+c) \left( C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	48
risch	$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A + 3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	73
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	73

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b/d*sin(d*x+c)*(C*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A+2*C)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(Cb \cos(dx + c)^2 + (3A + 2C)b) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `1/3*(C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*A + 2*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{12 A b^{3/2} \sin(dx + c) + (b \sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\frac{\sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)}))}{12 d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(12*A*b^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan
2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{1}{12} b^{3/2} \left( \frac{C \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{d} + \frac{3(4 A + 3 C) \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*b^(3/2)*(C*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (12 A \sin(c + dx) + 9 C \sin(c + dx) + C \sin(3 c + 3 d x))}{12 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(c + d*x) + 9*C*sin(c + d*x) + C*sin(3*
c + 3*d*x)))/(12*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) b (-\sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3a + 3c)}{3d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*b*(- sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*d)
```

**3.101** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	857
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	857
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	858
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	859
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	859
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	860
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	860
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	861
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	861
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	861

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Abx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bCx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bC \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output

```
A*b*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (2(2A + C)(c + dx) + C \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d
*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	55
risch	$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	65
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c) b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	74

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) + (2A + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$



input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algo  
rithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A +  
C)*sqrt(-b)*b*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt  
t(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/2*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sqrt(c  
os(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*  
sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/d]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 A b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + (2(dx+c)b + b \sin(2dx+2c)) C \sqrt{b}}{4d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algo  
rithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*A*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (2*(d*x + c)*b  
+ b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (dx + c)(2A + C) + \frac{C \tan(dx+c)}{\tan(dx+c)^2+1} \right) b^{3/2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algo  
rithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((d*x + c)*(2*A + C) + C*tan(d*x + c)/(tan(d*x + c)^2 + 1))*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 4A dx + 2C dx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 4*A*d*x + 2*C*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2adx + cdx)}{2d}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x)/(2*d)`

**3.102** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	862
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	862
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	863
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	864
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	865
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	866
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	866
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	867
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	867

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{A b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + C \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\left( (b \cos[c + d*x])^{3/2} (A \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + d*x]] + C \sin[c + d*x]) \right) / (d \cos[c + d*x]^{3/2})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cos[c + dx])^{3/2} (A + C \cos[c + dx]^2) / \cos[c + dx]^{5/2}, x]$

output  $(b \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} ((A \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]]) / d + (C \sin[c + dx]) / d) / \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_.) ((a_.) (v_))^{(m_)} ((b_.) (v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} b^{(n - 1/2)} (\sqrt{b v} / \sqrt{a v}) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} F x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] := \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b_.) \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) (x_)]^{(m_)} ((A_.) + (C_.) \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) (x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(-C) \cos[e + f x] ((b \sin[e + f x])^{(m + 1)} / (b f (m + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A (m + 2) + C (m + 1)) / (m + 2) \text{Int}[(b \sin[e + f x])^{(m)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.) (x_)], x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + dx]] / d, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
default	$-\frac{b(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{bC \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-C*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{Ab^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} - \frac{A\sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}Cb\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), -(A*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c))/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2Cb^{3/2} \sin(dx + c) + (b \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - b \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1))A \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1/2*(2*C*b^{3/2}*\sin(d*x + c) + (b*\log(\cos(d*x + c)^2 + \sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*\sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*\log(\cos(d*x + c)^2 + \sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*\sin(d*x + c) + 1))*A*\sqrt{b}}{d}$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( A \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - A \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + 2*C*\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) / (\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + 1) \right) * b^{3/2}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output  $\frac{(A*\log(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - A*\log(\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*C*\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) / (\tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)) * b^{3/2}}{d}$

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) a)}{d}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`output `(sqrt(b)*b*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + sin(c + d*x)*c))/d`



**3.103** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	868
Mathematica [A] (verified)	868
Rubi [A] (verified)	869
Maple [A] (verified)	870
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	871
Sympy [F(-1)]	871
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	872
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	872
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	873
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	873

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bCx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output `b*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C dx \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output  $((b \cos[c + d*x])^{3/2} * (C*d*x*\cos[c + d*x] + A*\sin[c + d*x])) / (d*\cos[c + d*x]^{5/2})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cos[c + d*x])^{3/2} * (A + C \cos[c + d*x]^2) / \cos[c + d*x]^{7/2}, x]$

output  $(b \sqrt{b \cos[c + d*x]} * (C*x + (A*\tan[c + d*x])/d)) / \sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b(C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + A \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	46
parts	$\frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{C(dx+c)b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	61
risch	$\frac{bCx \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)}$	63

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/d*(C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{C\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)\right) + 2\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b}{(d \cos(dx + c)^2)^2}, \frac{(C b^{3/2} \arctan(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) / (\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^{3/2})) \cos(dx + c)^2 + \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) A b \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)) / (d \cos(dx + c)^2)}{d \cos(dx + c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(C*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), (C*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( C b^{3/2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} \right) + \frac{A b^{3/2} \sin(2 dx+2 c)}{\cos(2 dx+2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx+2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx+2 c)} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(C*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + A*b^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( -i C \log \left( i \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + i C \log \left( -i \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + \frac{2 A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1} \right) b^{3/2}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(-I*C*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*C*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \sin(2c + 2dx) + C dx + C dx \cos(2c + 2dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*1i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*1i + A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*d*x + C*d*x*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (\cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a))/(cos(c + d*x)*d)
```

**3.104** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	874
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	874
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	875
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	876
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	877
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	879
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	880
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	880

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/2*b*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+  
1/2*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} ((A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + C \cos^4(c + dx))}{2d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((b \cos[c + d*x])^{3/2} * ((A + 2*C) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]] * \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2 + A * \text{Sin}[c + d*x]))}{(2*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{7/2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A + 2C) \text{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$



input  $\text{Int}[(b \cos[c + dx])^{3/2} (A + C \cos[c + dx]^2) / \cos[c + dx]^{9/2}, x]$

output  $(b \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} * (((A + 2C) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]]) / (2d) + (A \sec[c + dx] * \tan[c + dx]) / (2d))) / \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_.) * ((a_.) * (v_))^{(m_)} * ((b_.) * (v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} * b^{(n - 1/2)} * (\sqrt{b*v} / \sqrt{a*v}) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} * Fx, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$  FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_)]^{(m_)} * ((A_.) + (C_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A * \cos[e + f*x] * ((b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m + 2) + C * (m + 1)) / (b^2 * (m + 1)) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + dx]] / d, x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
default	$-\frac{b \left( A \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c) + \cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) \right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2C \sin(dx+c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A (e^{3i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A + 2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A + 2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*b/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ (A + 2C)b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)}\right) + (A + 2C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} A b \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right]}{2 d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((A + 2*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 761 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 761, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.51

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algo  
rithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(2*(b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*log
(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*C*sqrt(b) - (4*(b
*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c)
, cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 +
4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*
d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c)
), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*
c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (b*
cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*s
in(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d
*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(3/
2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2
*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c
))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) \right)}{2b^{3/2}d}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/2*((A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*b^(3/2)/d

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * a - 2 * \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) * \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * c + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) * a + 2 * \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) * \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * a + 2 * \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) * \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * c - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) * a - 2 * \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) * c - \sin(c + dx) * a)}{2 * d * (\sin(c + dx) ** 2 - 1)}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.105** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	881
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	881
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	882
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	884
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	884
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	885
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	885
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	886
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	886
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	887

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{b(2A + 3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/3*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/3*b*(2*A+3*C)*  
*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) (3(A + C) + A \tan^2(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]*(3*(A + C) + A*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(3*d*
Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3}(2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3}(2A + 3C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b \sin(dx+c) \left( 2A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	55
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	75
risch	$\frac{2ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \left( 3C e^{4i(dx+c)} + 6A e^{2i(dx+c)} + 6C e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2A + 3C \right)}{3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d \left( e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1 \right)^3}$	82

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RE  
TURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1  
/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{((2A + 3C)b \cos(dx + c)^2 + Ab) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,alg  
orithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)  
/(d*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 C b^{3/2} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{\cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + 1} - \frac{2 (3 \cos(4 dx + 4 c) + \dots)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*C*b^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 2*(3*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) - 3*(3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 3 A \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 3 C \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 2 A \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 6 C \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 3 A \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) \right)}{3 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1 \right) d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 6*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*b^(3/2)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*d)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (18 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 12 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 12 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 6 C \sin(4c + 4dx) + 3 C \sin(6c + 6dx))}{(3d \cos(c + dx))^{1/2} (15 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 6 \cos(4c + 4dx) + \cos(6c + 6dx) + 10)}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x))^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*20i + C*30i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*30i + A*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*12i + A*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*2i + C*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*45i + C*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*18i + C*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*3i + 18*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*A*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 15*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(15*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 6*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) b(2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) d(\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*b*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.106** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	888
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	888
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	889
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	891
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	892
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	892
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	893
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	894
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	894
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	895

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{b(3A + 4C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/8*b*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)+1/4*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+1/8*b*(3*A+4*
C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} ((3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + \dots)}{8d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4
+ (2*A + (3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x]))/(8*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)
))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4255}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(3A+4C)\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d}+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4
*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))
/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/
2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
default	$-\frac{b(3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
parts	
risch	$-\frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}(3A e^{7i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{7i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{5i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{5i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3A e^{i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{i(dx+c)})}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$

```
input int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*b/d*(3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(-3*cos(d*x+c)^2-2)*sin(d*x+c)*A-4*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ (3A + 4C)b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)}\right) + (3A + 4C)\sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - ((3A + 4C)b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2Ab)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{8d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/8*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - ((3*A + 4*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(13/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2434 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2434, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.47

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*((12*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 44*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(b*cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 16*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(4*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + 8*(6*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 12*(4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*(2*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 16*(3*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + 3*(b*cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 3...`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (3A + 4C) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - (3A + 4C) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + 2(5A \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^7 + 4C \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^7 + 3A \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^5 - 4C \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^5 + 3A \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^3 - 4C \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^3 + 5A \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c) + 4C \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)) \right)}{\left( \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^8 - 4 \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^6 + 6 \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^4 - 4 \tan(1/2 dx + 1/2 c)^2 + 1 \right)} \cdot \frac{b^{3/2}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*((3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(5*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 5*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 4*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{13/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.52

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 4 \log(\tan$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(- 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.107 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	896
Mathematica [A] (verified)	896
Rubi [A] (verified)	897
Maple [A] (verified)	899
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Sympy [F(-1)]	900
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	900
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	901
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	901
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	902

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{b^2(A + C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{b^2(A + 2C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2C\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^5(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b^2*(A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*b^2*(A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/5*b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^5/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}(100A + 89C + 4(5A + 7C) \cos(2(c + dx)) + 3C \cos(4(c + dx)))}{120d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(100*A + 89*C + 4*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Cos[4*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(120*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 290, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^3(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3492} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (1 - \sin^2(c+dx)) (-C \sin^2(c+dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{290} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \sin^4(c+dx) - (A + 2C) \sin^2(c+dx) + A(\frac{C}{A} + 1)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (\frac{1}{3}(A + 2C) \sin^3(c+dx) - (A + C) \sin(c+dx) - \frac{1}{5} C \sin^5(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `-((b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + ((A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3 - (C*Sin[c + d*x]^5)/5))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 290 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \sin(dx+c) (3C \cos(dx+c)^4 + 5A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A + 8C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) (3 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 8) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{6i(dx+c)} C}{80(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{2i(dx+c)} (6A + 5C)}{8(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} + \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \frac{b^2}{d} \frac{\sin(dx+c) (3C \cos(dx+c)^4 + 5A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 10A + 8C)}{\cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)} (b \cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(3Cb^2 \cos(dx+c)^4 + (5A+4C)b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(5A+4C)b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{15d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \frac{(3Cb^2 \cos(dx+c)^4 + (5A+4C)b^2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2(5A+4C)b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{(d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}$$



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{20 (b^2 \sin(3dx+3c) + 9b^2 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx+3c), \cos(3dx+3c)))) A \sqrt{b} + \dots}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/240*(20*(b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*A*sqrt(b) + (3*b^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 25*b^2*sin(3/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))) + 150*b^2*sin(1/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{1}{240} \left( \frac{3Cb^2 \sin(5dx+5c)}{d} + \frac{5(4Ab^2+5Cb^2) \sin(3dx+3c)}{d} + \frac{30(6Ab^2+5Cb^2)}{d} \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `1/240*(3*C*b^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 5*(4*A*b^2 + 5*C*b^2)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 30*(6*A*b^2 + 5*C*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/d)*sqrt(b)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (200A \sin(2c+2dx) + 20A \sin(4c+4dx) + 175C \sin(2c+2dx) + 28C \sin(4c+4dx) + 3C \sin(6c+6dx))}{240d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(c+d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(b^2*cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)*(200*A*sin(2*c+2*d*x) + 20*A*sin(4*c+4*d*x) + 175*C*sin(2*c+2*d*x) + 28*C*sin(4*c+4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c+6*d*x)))/(240*d*(cos(2*c+2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c) b^2 (3 \sin(dx+c)^4 c - 5 \sin(dx+c)^2 a - 10 \sin(dx+c)^2 c + 15a + 15c)}{15d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*b**2*(3*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 5*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 10
*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 15*a + 15*c))/(15*d)
```

**3.108** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	903
Mathematica [A] (verified)	903
Rubi [A] (verified)	904
Maple [A] (verified)	906
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	906
Sympy [F(-1)]	907
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	907
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	907
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	908
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	908

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b^2(4A + 3C)x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2(4A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b^2C \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

output

```
1/8*b^2*(4*A+3*C)*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*b^2*(4*A+3*C)
)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b^2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(
5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (4(4A + 3C)(c + dx) + 8(A + C) \sin(2(c + dx)))}{32d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*(c + d*x) + 8*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*sin[4*(c + d*x)])/(32*d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^2(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (4A + 3C) \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (4A + 3C) \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((C*cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( 4A(dx+c) + 3C(dx+c) + 4A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3 \right) C \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{16 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A+C) \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 3dx+3c \right) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8*b^2/d*(4*A*(d*x+c)+3*C*(d*x+c)+4*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{(4A + 3C) \sqrt{-bb^2} \log \left( 2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*((4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*A + 3*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d, 1/8*((4*A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))) + (2*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (4*A + 3*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{8(2(dx+c)b^2 + b^2 \sin(2dx+2c))A\sqrt{b} + (12(dx+c)b^2}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `1/32*(8*(2*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + (12*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b^2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{1}{32} \left( \frac{Cb^2 \sin(4dx + 4c)}{d} + 4(4Ab^2 + 3Cb^2)x + \frac{8(Ab^2 + 3Cb^2)}{d} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`



output  $1/32*(C*b^2*\sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 4*(4*A*b^2 + 3*C*b^2)*x + 8*(A*b^2 + C*b^2)*\sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d)*\sqrt{b}$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (8 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 8 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 32 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)})}{32 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{int}(((A + C*\cos(c + d*x))^2)*(b*\cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/\cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)$

output  $(b^2*(b*\cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*A*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*C*\sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*\sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 16*A*d*x + 12*C*d*x))/(32*d*\cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 4 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) + 8 d \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3)}{8 d}$$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)$

output  $(\sqrt{b}*b**2*(-2*\cos(c + d*x)*\sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 4*\cos(c + d*x)*\sin(c + d*x)*a + 5*\cos(c + d*x)*\sin(c + d*x)*c + 4*a*d*x + 3*c*d*x))/(8*d)$

**3.109** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^3(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	909
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	909
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	910
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	911
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	912
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	912
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	912
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	913
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	913
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	914

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^3(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2(A + C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{b^2C\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b^2*(A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/3*b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^3(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (6A + 5C + C \cos(2(c + dx))) \sin(c + dx)}{6d \cos^5(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$((b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}*(6*A + 5*C + C*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)])*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(6*d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(5/2)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3492}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (\frac{1}{3} C \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}*(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}, x]$$

output

$$-((b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]) + (C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3)/3))/d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 \sin(dx+c) (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	50
risch	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A + 3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	77
parts	$\frac{C \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	77

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b^2/d*sin(d*x+c)*(C*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A+2*C)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(Cb^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + (3A + 2C)b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `1/3*(C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + (3*A + 2*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{12 Ab^{5/2} \sin(dx + c) + (b^2 \sin(3dx + 3c) + 9b^2 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\frac{\sin(dx + c)}{\cos(dx + c)})))}{12d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(12*A*b^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( 3 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 3 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 6 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 2 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 3 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 3 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) \right) \sqrt{b}}{3 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^6 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 + 1 \right) d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3*(3*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(b)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*d)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (12 A \sin(c + dx) + 9 C \sin(c + dx))}{12 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(c + d*x) + 9*C*sin(c + d*x) + C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x)))/(12*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) b^2 (-\sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3a + 3c)}{3d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*b**2*(- sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*d)
```

**3.110** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	915
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	915
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	916
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	917
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	917
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	918
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	918
Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	919
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	919
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	920

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^2x\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2Cx\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2C\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output

```
A*b^2*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (2(2A + C)(c + dx) + C \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```



output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d
*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(b^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(
2*d)))/sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	57
risch	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	69
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c)b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	78

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b^2/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) + (2A + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algo  
rithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A  
+ C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)  
*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/d, 1/2*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*  
sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x  
+ c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/d]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 A b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + (2(dx+c)b^2 + b^2 \sin(2 dx + c))}{4 d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algo  
rithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*A*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (2*(d*x + c)*b^2  
+ b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (2i Ab^2 + i Cb^2) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + i \right) - (2i Ab^2 + i Cb^2) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - i \right) - 2(Cb^2 \tan^3 \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - Cb^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)) / (\tan^4 \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 2 \tan^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1) \right) \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `1/2*((2*I*A*b^2 + I*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + I) - (2*I*A*b^2 + I*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - I) - 2*(C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 4Adx + 2Cdx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x))^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 4*A*d*x + 2*C*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2adx + cdx)}{2d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x))/(2*d)
```

**3.111** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	921
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	921
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	922
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	923
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	924
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	924
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	925
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	925
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	926
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	926

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*b^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + C \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output

$$\left( (b \cos[c + d*x])^{5/2} * (A * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]] + C * \text{Sin}[c + d*x]) \right) / (d * \cos[c + d*x]^{5/2})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \text{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cos[c + dx])^{5/2} (A + C \cos[c + dx]^2) / \cos[c + dx]^{7/2}, x]$

output  $(b^2 \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} ((A \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]]) / d + (C \sin[c + dx]) / d) / \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_{\cdot}) ((a_{\cdot}) (v_{\cdot}))^{m_{\cdot}} ((b_{\cdot}) (v_{\cdot}))^{n_{\cdot}}], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{m+1/2} b^{n-1/2} (\sqrt{b v} / \sqrt{a v}) \text{Int}[v^{m+n} F x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{\cdot}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b_{\cdot}) \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) (x_{\cdot})]^{m_{\cdot}} ((A_{\cdot}) + (C_{\cdot}) \sin[(e_{\cdot}) + (f_{\cdot}) (x_{\cdot})]^{2}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cos[e + f x] ((b \sin[e + f x])^{m+1} / (b * (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A * (m+2) + C * (m+1)) / (m+2) \text{Int}[(b \sin[e + f x])^m, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_{\cdot}) + (d_{\cdot}) (x_{\cdot})], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + dx]] / d, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2 (2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c) + \cot(dx+c)) - C \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c) + \cot(dx+c)) b^2}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 C \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{-i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$



input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b^2/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-C*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{Ab^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{d \cos(dx + c)} - \frac{A\sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} C b^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{d \cos(dx + c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(A*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), -(A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2Cb^{5/2} \sin(dx + c) + (b^2 \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 1) - b^2 \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2\sin(dx + c) + 1))A \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*C*b^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*A*sqrt(b))/d`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( Ab^2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - Ab^2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + 2Cb^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) \right) \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `(A*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - A*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) c)}{d}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*  
a + sin(c + d*x)*c)/d`

**3.112** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	927
Mathematica [A] (verified)	927
Rubi [A] (verified)	928
Maple [A] (verified)	929
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	930
Sympy [F(-1)]	930
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	931
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	931
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	932
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	932

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 C x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output `b^2*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C dx \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output

$$((b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}*(C*d*x*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]))/(d*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(7/2)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}*(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(9/2)},x]$$

output

$$(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (A*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/d))/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2(C(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+A\sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	48
parts	$\frac{Ab^2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{d\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{C(dx+c)b^2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	65
risch	$\frac{b^2Cx\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2ib^2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)}$	67

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2/d*(C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.98

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{C\sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)})}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(C*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), (C*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( C b^{5/2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1} \right) + \frac{A b^{5/2} \sin(2 dx+2 c)}{\cos(2 dx+2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx+2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx+2 c)} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(C*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + A*b^(5/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( -i C b^2 \log \left( i \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + i C b^2 \log \left( -i \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + \frac{2 A b^2 \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1} \right) \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(-I*C*b^2*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*C*b^2*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*sqrt(b)/d`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \sin(2c + 2dx) + C dx + C dx \cos(2c + 2dx))}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*1i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*1i + A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*d*x + C*d*x*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (\cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a))/(cos(c + d*x)*d)
```

**3.113** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	933
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	933
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	934
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	935
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	936
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	937
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	937
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	938
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	939
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	939

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/2*b^2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} ((A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + C \cos^4(c + dx))}{2d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((b \cos[c + d*x])^{5/2} * ((A + 2*C) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]] * \cos[c + d*x]^2 + A * \text{Sin}[c + d*x]))}{(2*d*\cos[c + d*x]^{9/2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4257$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A + 2C) \arctanh(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{5/2} \cdot (A + C \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]^2) / \cos[c + d \cdot x]^{11/2}, x]$

output  $(b^2 \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]} \cdot ((A + 2 \cdot C) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]]) / (2 \cdot d) + (A \cdot \sec[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \tan[c + d \cdot x]) / (2 \cdot d)) / \sqrt{\cos[c + d \cdot x]}$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) \cdot ((a_{.}) \cdot (v_{.}))^{(m_{.})} \cdot ((b_{.}) \cdot (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} \cdot b^{(n - 1/2)} \cdot (\sqrt{b \cdot v} / \sqrt{a \cdot v}) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} \cdot F x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_{.}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) \cdot \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} \cdot ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) \cdot \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})]^{(m_{.}) + 1}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m + 1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m + 2) + C \cdot (m + 1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m + 1)) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + d \cdot x]] / d, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2 \left( A \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c) + \cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c) \right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{5/2}}$
parts	$\frac{A \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{5/2}} - \frac{2C}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{5/2}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A (e^{3i(dx+c)} - e^{i(dx+c)})}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A + 2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A + 2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RE  
TURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*b^2/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+c  
sc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2  
-A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ (A + 2C)b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + (A + 2C)\sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} Ab^2 \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right]}{2d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, alg  
orithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((A + 2*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*c  
os(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/c  
os(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x +  
c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*  
x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - sqr  
t(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3  
)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 821 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 821, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.77

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/4*(2*(b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b^
2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*C*sqrt(b) - (
4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*
x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x +
2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b^2*cos(4*d
*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*si
n(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d
*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(c
os(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(si
n(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c),
cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c
)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4
*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*
x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), co
s(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^
2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(b^2*c
os(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2
*c) + b^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)
/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (Ab^2 + 2Cb^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - (Ab^2 + 2Cb^2) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, alg
orithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/2*((A*b^2 + 2*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (A*b^2 + 2*C*b^2)*l
og(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + A*b^2*tan
(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)
)*sqrt(b)/d

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log(\tan$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`



**3.114** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	940
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	940
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	941
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	943
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	943
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	944
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	944
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	945
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	945
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	946

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2(2A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output `1/3*A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/3*b^2*(2*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx) (3(A + C) + A \tan^2(c + dx))}{3d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]`

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*sin[c + d*x]*(3*(A + C) + A*tan[c + d*x]^2))/(3*d*
cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4254}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2 \sin(dx+c) \left( 2A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	57
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1 \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	79
risch	$\frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \left( 3C e^{4i(dx+c)} + 6A e^{2i(dx+c)} + 6C e^{2i(dx+c)} + 2A + 3C \right)}{3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d \left( e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1 \right)^3}$	84

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x,method=_RE  
TURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*b^2/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(  
(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{((2A + 3C)b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + Ab^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, alg  
orithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x  
+ c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(13/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 C b^{5/2} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{\cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + 1} - \frac{2 (3 \cos(4 dx + 4 c) + 1)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*C*b^(5/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 2*(3*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) - 3*(3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 3 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 3 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 2 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 6 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 \right)}{3 \left( \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1 \right) \sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/3*(3*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 2*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 6*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 3*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))*sqrt(b)/((tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*d)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (18 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 12 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 3 C \sin(6c + 6dx))}{(3d \cos(c + dx)^{1/2} (15 \cos(2c + 2dx) + 6 \cos(4c + 4dx) + \cos(6c + 6dx) + 10))}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*20i + C*30i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*30i + A*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*12i + A*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*2i + C*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*45i + C*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*18i + C*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*3i + 18*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*A*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 15*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(15*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 6*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) b^2 (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*b**2*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.115** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	947
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	947
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	948
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	950
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	951
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	953
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{4d\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2(3A + 4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{8d\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/8*b^2*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/4*A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+1/8*b^2*(3*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} ((3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) - \dots)}{8d \cos^{13/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(15/2),x]
```



output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*((3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4
+ (2*A + (3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x]))/(8*d*cos[c + d*x]^(13/
2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4255}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(15/2),x]
```

output

```
(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/4)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 4255

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
  Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
  /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2(3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
parts	$-\frac{A(-3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (3A e^{7i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{7i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{5i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{5i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3A e^{i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{i(dx+c)})}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x,method=_RE
TURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*b^2/d*(3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(-3*cos(d*x+c)^2-2)*sin(d*x+c)*A-4*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ (3A + 4C)b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)}\right) + (3A + 4C)\sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - ((3A + 4C)b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2Ab^2) \right]}{8d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/8*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - ((3*A + 4*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(15/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2662 vs.  $2(113) = 226$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2662, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.32

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*((12*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 44*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(b^2*cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 16*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(4*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + 8*(6*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 12*(4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*(2*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 16*(3*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c)...`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs.  $2(113) = 226$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (3Ab^2 + 4Cb^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right) - (3Ab^2 + 4Cb^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right) + 2(5Ab^2 \tan^7\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 4Cb^2 \tan^7\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 3Ab^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 4Cb^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 3Ab^2 \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 4Cb^2 \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 5Ab^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 4Cb^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right))}{\tan^8\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 4\tan^6\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 6\tan^4\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 4\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1} \right) \sqrt{b/d}}{1}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*((3*A*b^2 + 4*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (3*A*b^2 + 4*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(5*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 4*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 3*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 3*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 4*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 5*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 4*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)) / (tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{\cos(c + dx)^{15/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(15/2),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2))/cos(c + d*x)^(15/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 4 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(c + dx)^4 c + 6 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 a + 8 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 c - 3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a - 4 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) c + 3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx)^4 a + 4 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx)^4 c - 6 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 a - 8 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 c + 3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) a + 4 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) c - 3 \sin(c + dx)^3 a - 4 \sin(c + dx)^3 c + 5 \sin(c + dx) a + 4 \sin(c + dx) c)}{(8 d (\sin(c + dx)^4 - 2 \sin(c + dx)^2 + 1))}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))`

**3.116** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	955
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	956
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	956
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	958
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	959
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	959
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	960
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	960
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	961
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	961

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{(4A+3C)x\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A+3C)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output `1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(4(4A+3C)(c+dx)+8(A+C)\sin(2(c+dx))+C\sin(4(c+dx)))}{32d\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*(c + d*x) + 8*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Ssin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(32*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3115} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	si
default	$\frac{(4A(dx+c)+3C(dx+c)+4A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)(2 \cos(dx+c)^2+3)C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	8
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(8A+6C)x}{16\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(A+C) \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d}$	9
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	10

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/d*(4*A*(d*x+c)+3*C*(d*x+c)+4*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2(2C\cos(dx+c)^2 + 4A + 3C)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - (4A + 3C)\sqrt{-b}\log(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - b)}{16bd} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - (4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/(b*d), 1/8*((2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/(b*d)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))A}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(12dx+12c+\sin(4dx+4c)+8\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan(\sin(4dx+4c),\cos(4dx+4c))))C}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$32d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/32*(8*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/sqrt(b) + (12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C/sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(8A\sin(c+dx)+8C\sin(c+dx)+8A\sin(3c+3dx)+9C\sin(3c+3dx)+32Adx\cos(c+dx)+24Cdx\cos(c+dx))}{32bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*A*sin(c + d*x) + 8*C*sin(c + d*x) + 8*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 9*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 32*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 24*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(32*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(-2\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)^3c+4\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)a+5\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)c+4adx+3c^2d)}{8bd}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 5*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 4*a*d*x + 3*c*d*x))/(8*b*d)`

**3.117** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	962
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	962
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	963
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	964
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	965
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	965
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	966
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	966
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	967
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	967

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{(A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{C\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output (A+C)\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)\*sin(d\*x+c)/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3\*C\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)\*sin(d\*x+c)^3/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(6A+5C+C \cos(2(c+dx))) \sin(c+dx)}{6d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A + 5*C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3492}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\frac{1}{3} C \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`



output  $-\left(\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]} \cdot \left(-((A + C) \sin[c + dx]) + (C \sin[c + dx]^3)/3\right) / (d \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]})\right)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x \_.) \cdot ((a \_.) \cdot (v \_))^m \cdot ((b \_.) \cdot (v \_))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{m+1/2} \cdot b^{n-1/2} \cdot (\sqrt{b \cdot v} / \sqrt{a \cdot v}) \text{ Int}[v^{m+n} \cdot F x, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3492  $\text{Int}[\sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_)]^m \cdot ((A \_) + (C \_) \cdot \sin[(e \_.) + (f \_.) \cdot (x \_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-f^{-1} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(1 - x^2)^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (A + C - C \cdot x^2)], x], x, \text{Cos}[e + f \cdot x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(m + 1)/2, 0]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	47
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	71
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	71

input  $\text{int}(\cos(dx+c)^{3/2} \cdot (A+C \cdot \cos(dx+c)^2) / (b \cdot \cos(dx+c))^{1/2}, x, \text{method}=\_RET \text{URNVERBOSE})$

output  $1/3/d*\sin(d*x+c)*(C*\cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A+2*C)*\cos(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+3A+2C)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{3bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A + 2*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{C(\sin(3dx+3c)+9\sin(\frac{1}{3}\arctan(\sin(3dx+3c),\cos(3dx+3c))))}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{12A\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$12d$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algo
rithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(C*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x
+ 3*c))))/sqrt(b) + 12*A*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(12A\sin(2c+2dx)+10C\sin(2c+2dx)+C\sin(4c+4dx))}{12bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x)))/(12*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sin(dx+c)(-\sin(dx+c)^2c+3a+3c)}{3bd}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(- sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*b*d)`

**3.118** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	968
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	968
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	969
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	970
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	970
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	971
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	972
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	972
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	973
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	973

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output A\*x\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2\*C\*x\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2\*C\*cos(d\*x+c)^(3/2)\*sin(d\*x+c)/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+C \sin(2(c+dx)))}{4d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	54
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(4A+2C)x}{4\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	63
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	72

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RET URNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - (2A+C)\sqrt{-b} \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\right)}{4bd} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - (2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/(b*d), 1/2*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/(b*d)]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\sin^2(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(A+C\cos^2(c))\sqrt{\cos(c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(c)}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((A*x*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)) + C*x*sin(c + d*x)*2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + C*x*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(2*d*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + C*cos(c)**2)*sqrt(cos(c))/sqrt(b*cos(c)), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))C}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{8A\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C/sqrt(b) + 8*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\sin(c+dx)+C\sin(3c+3dx)+8Adx\cos(c+dx)+4Cdx\cos(c+dx))}{4bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(c + d*x) + C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 8*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 4*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(4*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)c+2adx+cdx)}{2bd}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x))/(2*b*d)`

**3.119**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	974
Mathematica [A] (verified)	974
Rubi [A] (verified)	975
Maple [A] (verified)	976
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Sympy [F]	978
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	978
Giac [F(-2)]	979
Mupad [F(-1)]	979
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	979

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{C\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + C \sin(c + dx))}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + C*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	53
parts	$\frac{C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	71
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{C \sin(2dx+2c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	108

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-C*sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{A \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2 b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2 b d \cos(dx+c)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{A \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c) - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), -(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{A \left( \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2 C \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 2*C*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a + \sin(dx + c) c \right)}{bd} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`



output 
$$\frac{(\sqrt{b}) * (-\log(\tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1) * a + \log(\tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1) * a + \sin(c + d*x) * c)}{(b*d)}$$

**3.120** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	981
Mathematica [A] (verified)	981
Rubi [A] (verified)	982
Maple [A] (verified)	983
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	984
Sympy [F]	984
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Giac [F(-2)]	985
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	986
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	986

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{Cdx \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(C*d*x*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{C(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+A\sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}$	45
risch	$\frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}A}{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$	57
parts	$\frac{A\sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}$	59

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d*(C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{C \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b\right) - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{2bd \cos(dx + c)^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), (C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{C \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b} \sin(2dx+2c)}{b \cos(2dx+2c)^2 + b \sin(2dx+2c)^2 + 2b \cos(2dx+2c) + b} \right)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algo
rithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*(C*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c
) + b))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \sin(2c + 2dx) + C dx + C dx \cos(2c + 2dx) + A li + A \cos(2c + 2dx) li)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*1i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*1i + A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*d*x + C*d*x*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(b*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (\cos(dx + c) cdx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) bd}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a))/(cos(c + d*x)*b*d)`

**3.121** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	987
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	987
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	988
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	990
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	990
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	991
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	991
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	992
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	993
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	993

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output 1/2\*(A+2\*C)\*arctanh(sin(d\*x+c))\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2\*A\*sin(d\*x+c)/d/cos(d\*x+c)^(3/2)/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2032} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4257}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(A+2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$-\frac{A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{iA(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*asin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (A + 2C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log \left( -\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} \right) + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{4bd \cos(dx+c)^3} - \frac{(A + 2C) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{2bd \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 728, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.33

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*C*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(
cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) - (4*(sin(4
*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(s
in(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*
x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2
+ 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 +
sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2
(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*c
os(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*co
s(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) +
2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
)) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A/((2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x +
4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*
sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x ...

```

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```

integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")

```

output

```

Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 c + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)}{\sqrt{b} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*b*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.122** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	994
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	994
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	995
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	997
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	997
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	998
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	998
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	999
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	999
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1000

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin
(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3(A + C) + A \tan^2(c + dx))}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(Sin[c + d*x]*(3*(A + C) + A*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(3*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt
[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4254$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m + 1)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( 2A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \right)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	54
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1 \right)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	73
risch	$\frac{i(3C e^{3i(dx+c)} + (9C + 8A) \cos(dx+c) + i(4A + 3C) \sin(dx+c))}{3\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d}$	81

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+A)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{((2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3bd \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 355 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{3C\sqrt{b}\sin(2dx+2c)}{b\cos(2dx+2c)^2+b\sin(2dx+2c)^2+2b\cos(2dx+2c)+b} + \frac{A}{(2(3\cos(4dx+4c)+3\cos(2dx+2c)+1)\cos(6dx+6c)+\cos(6dx+6c)^2+6(3\cos(2dx+2c)+1)\cos(4dx+4c)+9\cos(4dx+4c)^2+9\cos(2dx+2c)^2+6(\sin(4dx+4c)+\sin(2dx+2c))\sin(6dx+6c)+\sin(6dx+6c)^2+9\sin(4dx+4c)^2+18\sin(4dx+4c)\sin(2dx+2c)+9\sin(2dx+2c)^2+6\cos(2dx+2c)+1)\sqrt{b}} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b) + 2*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (18 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 12 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 2 A \sin(6c + 6dx) + 15 C \sin(2c + 2dx))}{(3b*d*\cos(c + d*x))^{(1/2)}*(15*\cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 6*\cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + \cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10)}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*20i + C*30i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*30i + A*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*12i + A*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*2i + C*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*45i + C*cos(4*c + 4*d*x)*18i + C*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*3i + 18*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*A*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 15*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(3*b*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(15*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 6*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) b d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*b*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.123** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1001
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1002
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1002
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1004
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1005
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1005
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1006
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1007
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1007
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1007

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+
1/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*sin
(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + (2A + (3A + 4C) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
((3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + (2*A + (3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4255} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]), x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



```
rule 3491 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 4255 Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
default	$\frac{-3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{A(3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3A - 4C)}{8\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3 d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (3A + 4C)}{8\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

```
input int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RET URNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/d*(-3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(3*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c)*A+4*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (3A + 4C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log \left( -\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} \right) + 2 \left( (3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2A \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \right]}{16bd \cos(dx + c)^5} - \frac{(3A + 4C) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - \left( (3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2A \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}}{8bd \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/8*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - ((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2318 vs.  $2(104) = 208$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2318, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.00

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/16*((12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) +
44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(sin(
8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x +
8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d
*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x +
6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c
) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x +
8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 1
6*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x ...
```



output

```
(sqrt(b)*(- 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*b*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

**3.124** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1009
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1009
Rubi [A] (verified)	1010
Maple [A] (verified)	1012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1012
Sympy [F(-1)]	1013
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1013
Giac [F(-2)]	1013
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1014
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1014

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(4A+3C)x\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A+3C)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{8bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{4bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(4(4A+3C)(c+dx)+8(A+C)\sin(2(c+dx)))}{32d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\cos[c + dx]^{3/2} (4(4A + 3C)(c + dx) + 8(A + C)\sin[2(c + dx)] + C\sin[4(c + dx)]) / (32d(b\cos[c + dx])^{3/2}))}{}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^2(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3115}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + 3C) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(4A+3C)\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	si
default	$\frac{(4A(dx+c)+3C(dx+c)+4A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2+3)C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	8
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{16b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+C) \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	10
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{C(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}$	1

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/b/d*(4*A*(d*x+c)+3*C*(d*x+c)+4*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{2(2C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - (4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/(b^2*d), 1/8*((2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2))))/(b^2*d)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))A}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(12dx+12c+\sin(4dx+4c)+8\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan(\sin(4dx+4c)/\cos(4dx+4c))))C}{32d b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `1/32*(8*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/b^(3/2) + (12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C/b^(3/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
 PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
 index\_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(8A\sin(c+dx)+8C\sin(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*A*sin(c + d*x) + 8*C*sin(c + d*x) + 8*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 9*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 32*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 24*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(32*b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-2\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c))^3 c + 4\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)}{8b^2d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 5*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 4*a*d*x + 3*c*d*x))/(8*b**2*d)`

**3.125** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1015
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1015
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1016
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1017
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1018
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1018
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1018
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1019
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1019
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1020

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{C\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output (A+C)\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)\*sin(d\*x+c)/b/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3\*C\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)\*sin(d\*x+c)^3/b/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(6A+5C+C \cos(2(c+dx))) \sin(c+dx)}{6d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(Cos[c + d\*x]^(5/2)\*(A + C\*Cos[c + d\*x]^2))/(b\*Cos[c + d\*x])^(3/2), x]

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(6*A + 5*C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*d*(b
*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A\right) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3492

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (-C\sin^2(c+dx)+A+C) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left(\frac{1}{3}C\sin^3(c+dx)-(A+C)\sin(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + (C*Sin[c + d*x]^3)/3))/(b
*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^((m - 1)/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	50
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	77
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}$	77

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b/d*sin(d*x+c)*(C*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A+2*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+3A+2C)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{3b^2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `1/3*(C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A + 2*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{C(\sin(3dx+3c)+9\sin(\frac{1}{3}\arctan(\sin(3dx+3c),\cos(3dx+3c))))}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{12A\sin(dx+c)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output  $1/12*(C*(\sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*\sin(1/3*\arctan2(\sin(3*d*x + 3*c), \cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(3/2) + 12*A*\sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d$

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algo rithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (12 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 10 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + C \sin(4c + 4dx))}{12 b^2 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x)))/(12*b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (-\sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3a + 3c)}{3b^2 d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(- sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*b**2*d)`

**3.126** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1021
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1021
Rubi [A] (verified)	1022
Maple [A] (verified)	1023
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1023
Sympy [F(-1)]	1024
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1024
Giac [F(-2)]	1025
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1025
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1025

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+C \sin(2(c+dx)))}{4d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*(b*
Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))
/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	57
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	69
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}$	78

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/b/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - (2A+C)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - (2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/(b^2*d), 1/2*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))/(b^2*d)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))C}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8 A \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}} 4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C/b^(3/2) + 8*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\sin(c+dx)+C\sin(3c+3d*x))+8A*d*x*\cos(c+dx)+4*C*d*x*\cos(c+dx)}{4b^2d(\cos(2c+2d*x)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(c+d*x)+C*sin(3*c+3*d*x))+8*A*d*x*cos(c+d*x)+4*C*d*x*cos(c+d*x))/(4*b^2*d*(cos(2*c+2*d*x)+1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)c+2adx+cdx)}{2b^2d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output  $(\sqrt{b}(\cos(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)c + 2adx + cd^2x))/(2b^2d)$

$$3.127 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1027
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1027
Rubi [A] (verified)	1028
Maple [A] (verified)	1029
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
Sympy [F(-1)]	1030
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1031
Giac [F(-2)]	1031
Mupad [F(-1)]	1032
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1032

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) + C \sin(c+dx))}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```



output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + C*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A)\sec(c+dx)dx}{b\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c+dx)dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A\text{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b}\cos(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*sin[c + d*x])/d))/(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_)] + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/b/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-C*sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{A\sqrt{b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(-\frac{b\cos(dx+c)^3-2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{2b^2d} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{A\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\cos(dx+c)-\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{b^2d\cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x+c))^3-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-2*b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^3)+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x+c)),-(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))))*cos(d*x+c)-sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x+c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2+2\sin(dx+c)+1)-\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2-2\sin(dx+c)+1))/b^{3/2}+2C\sin(dx+c)/b^{3/2}}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + 2*C*sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos(c+dx)^2+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) a + \sin(c + dx))}{b^2 d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + sin(c + d*x)*c)/(b**2*d)`

**3.128**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1033
Rubi [A] (verified)	1034
Maple [A] (verified)	1035
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1036
Sympy [F]	1036
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1037
Giac [F(-2)]	1037
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1038
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1038

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(C dx \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*d*x*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + A \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	48
risch	$\frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}A}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$	63
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	65

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/d*(C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{C\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), (C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/((b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{A\sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^2} + \frac{C \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{b^{3/2}} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) + C*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 40.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A \sin(2c + 2dx) + C dx + C dx \cos(2c + 2dx))}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*1i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*1i + A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*d*x + C*d*x*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)))/(b^2*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (\cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) b^2 d}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a))/(cos(c + d*x)*b**2*d)`

**3.129** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1039
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1039
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1040
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1041
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1042
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1043
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1043
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1044
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1045
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1045

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output 1/2\*(A+2\*C)\*arctanh(sin(d\*x+c))\*cos(d\*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)+  
1/2\*A\*sin(d\*x+c)/b/d/cos(d\*x+c)^(3/2)/(b\*cos(d\*x+c))^(1/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input Integrate[(A + C\*Cos[c + d\*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d\*x]^(3/2)\*(b\*Cos[c + d\*x])^(3/2)),x]

output

```
((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqr
t[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4257$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(A + C \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x]^2) / (\cos[c + d \cdot x]^{3/2} \cdot (b \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x])^{3/2}), x]$

output  $(\sqrt{\cos[c + d \cdot x]} \cdot (((A + 2 \cdot C) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]]) / (2 \cdot d) + (A \cdot \sec[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \tan[c + d \cdot x]) / (2 \cdot d))) / (b \cdot \sqrt{\cos[c + d \cdot x]})$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2032  $\text{Int}[(F x_{.}) \cdot ((a_{.}) \cdot (v_{.}))^{(m_{.})} \cdot ((b_{.}) \cdot (v_{.}))^{(n_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m - 1/2)} \cdot b^{(n + 1/2)} \cdot (\sqrt{a \cdot v} / \sqrt{b \cdot v}) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} \cdot F x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n - 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3491  $\text{Int}[(b_{.}) \cdot \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})]^{(m_{.})} \cdot ((A_{.}) + (C_{.}) \cdot \sin[(e_{.}) + (f_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})]^{(n_{.})}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[A \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m + 1)} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A \cdot (m + 2) + C \cdot (m + 1)) / (b^2 \cdot (m + 1)) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{(m + 2)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_{.}) + (d_{.}) \cdot (x_{.})], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + d \cdot x]] / d, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{2bd \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{db}$
risch	$-\frac{iA(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/b/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + (A + 2C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{4 b^2 d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.76

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorith="maxima")`



output

```
-1/4*((4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*co
s(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c
) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(
4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^
2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*
sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*
x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2
+ sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), c
os(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(cos(
4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), c
os(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A/((b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4
*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d
*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sqrt(b)) - 2*C*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 +
sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + ...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 * a + 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 * a + 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx)^2 * c - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) * a - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) * c - \sin(c + dx) * a)}{(2 * b^{3/2} * d * (\sin(c + dx)^2 - 1))}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*b**2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

$$3.130 \quad \int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1046
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1046
Rubi [A] (verified)	1047
Maple [A] (verified)	1049
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1049
Sympy [F(-1)]	1050
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1050
Giac [F(-2)]	1051
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1051
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1052

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(c + dx)}{3bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx) (3(A + C) + A \tan^2(c + dx))}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]*(3*(A + C) + A*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4254$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{3d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m + 1)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( 2A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \right)}{3bd \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	57
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1 \right)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	79
risch	$\frac{i \left( 3C e^{3i(dx+c)} + (9C+8A) \cos(dx+c) + i(4A+3C) \sin(dx+c) \right)}{3b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \left( e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1 \right)^2 d}$	84

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+A)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{((2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3b^2 d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 380 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 C \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^2} + \frac{1}{(b \cos(6 dx + 6 c)^2 + 9 b \cos(4 dx + 4 c)^2 + 9 b \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^2)} \right)}{(b \cos(6 dx + 6 c)^2 + 9 b \cos(4 dx + 4 c)^2 + 9 b \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^2)}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) + 2*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(3*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*(3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 6*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 6*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + b)*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algo  
rithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (18 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 12 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 2 \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*20i + C*30i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*30i + A*cos(4*  
c + 4*d*x)*12i + A*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*2i + C*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*45i + C*cos(4*  
c + 4*d*x)*18i + C*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*3i + 18*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*A*sin(  
4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*A*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 15*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*C*sin(4*c  
+ 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(3*b^2*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(15*cos(2*c  
+ 2*d*x) + 6*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) b^2 d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*b**2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.131** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1053
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1053
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1054
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1056
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1056
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1057
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1057
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1058
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1059
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1059

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{8bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)}{8bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)+1/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)
*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + (2A + (3A + 4C) \cos^2(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
((3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + (2*A + (3*A + 4*C)*Cos
[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4255$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(3A+4C)\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d}+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{-3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(dx+c)}{8bd \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(-3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3A - 4C)}{8b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3 d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (3A + 4C)}{8b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, method=_RET
URNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/b/d*(-3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)
+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+
4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(3*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c
)*A+4*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ (3A + 4C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^5}\right) + (3A + 4C) \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - ((3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{8b^2 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algo
rithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(
b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c)
)/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x +
c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/8*((3*A +
4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(co
s(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - ((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*c
os(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2350 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2350, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.94

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algo
rithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*((12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) +
44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(sin(
8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x +
8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d
*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x +
6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c
) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x +
8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 1
6*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x ...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 4 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*b**2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))`



**3.132** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1060
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1060
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1061
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1063
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1063
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1064
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1064
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1064
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1065
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1065

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(4A+3C)x\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8b^2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A+3C)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{8b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sin(c+dx)}{4b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(4(4A+3C)(c+dx)+8(A+C)\sin(2(c+dx)))}{32b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(4*(4*A + 3*C)*(c + d*x) + 8*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]
+ C*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(32*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3115$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A+3C) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(4A+3C)\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	si
default	$\frac{(4A(dx+c)+3C(dx+c)+4A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+\sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2+3)C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	8
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{16b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+C) \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	10
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{C(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+3dx+3c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}$	1

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/b^2/d*(4*A*(d*x+c)+3*C*(d*x+c)+4*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+3)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{2(2C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(2*(2*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*A+3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-(4*A+3*C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b))/(b^3*d),1/8*((2*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*A+3*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)+(4*A+3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)))/(b^3*d)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))A}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{(12dx+12c+\sin(4dx+4c)+8\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan(\sin(4dx+4c)/\cos(4dx+4c))))C}{32d b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `1/32*(8*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/b^(5/2) + (12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C/b^(5/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index\_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 41.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(8A\sin(c+dx)+8C\sin(c+dx)+8A\sin(3c+3dx)+9C\sin(3c+3dx)+C\sin(5c+5dx)+32A dx \cos(c+dx)+24C dx \cos(c+dx))}{(32b^3d(\cos(2c+2dx)+1))}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(8*A*sin(c + d*x) + 8*C*sin(c + d*x) + 8*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 9*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 32*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 24*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(32*b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-2\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)^3c+4\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c))}{8b^3d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 4*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 5*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 4*a*d*x + 3*c*d*x))/(8*b**3*d)`

**3.133** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1066
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1066
Rubi [A] (verified)	1067
Maple [A] (verified)	1068
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1069
Sympy [F(-1)]	1069
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1069
Giac [F(-2)]	1070
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1070
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1071

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
(A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(6A+5C+C \cos(2(c+dx))) \sin(c+dx)}{6b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*A + 5*C + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(6*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3492, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3492

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (-C \sin^2(c + dx) + A + C) d(-\sin(c + dx))}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (\frac{1}{3} C \sin^3(c + dx) - (A + C) \sin(c + dx))}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(-((A + C)*Sin[c + d*x]) + (C*SIN[c + d*x]^3)/3))/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3492 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f^(-1) Subst[Int[(1 - x^2)^(m - 1/2)*(A + C - C*x^2), x], x, Cos[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{e, f, A, C}, x] && IGtQ[(m + 1)/2, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( C \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3A + 2C \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	50
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	77
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}$	77

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b^2/d*sin(d*x+c)*(C*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*A+2*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+3A+2C)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{3b^3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorith="fricas")`

output `1/3*(C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*A + 2*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{C(\sin(3dx+3c)+9\sin(\frac{1}{3}\arctan(\sin(3dx+3c),\cos(3dx+3c))))}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{12A\sin(dx+c)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output  $1/12*(C*(\sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*\sin(1/3*\arctan2(\sin(3*d*x + 3*c), \cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(5/2) + 12*A*\sin(d*x + c)/b^(5/2))/d$

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algo rithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (12 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 10 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + C \sin(4c + 4dx))}{12 b^3 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x)))/(12*b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (-\sin(dx + c)^2 c + 3a + 3c)}{3b^3 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(- sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*a + 3*c))/(3*b**3*d)
```

**3.134** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1072
Rubi [A] (verified)	1073
Maple [A] (verified)	1074
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1074
Sympy [F(-1)]	1075
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1075
Giac [F(-2)]	1076
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1076
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1076

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+C \sin(2(c+dx)))}{4b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + C*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*b^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.057$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)}*(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)},x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	57
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	69
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}$	78

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/2/b^2/d*(C*\cos(d*x+c)*\sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)}{(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \left[ \frac{2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - (2A+C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - (2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b))/(b^3*d), 1/2*(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) + (2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))/(b^3*d)]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c)) C}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{8 A \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{4 d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C/b^(5/2) + 8*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2))/d`



**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\sin(c+dx)+C\sin(3c+3d*x))+8A*d*x*\cos(c+dx)+4*C*d*x*\cos(c+dx)}{4b^3d(\cos(2c+2d*x)+1)}$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(c+d*x)+C*sin(3*c+3*d*x))+8*A*d*x*cos(c+d*x)+4*C*d*x*cos(c+d*x))/(4*b^3*d*(cos(2*c+2*d*x)+1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)c+2adx+cdx)}{2b^3d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output  $(\sqrt{b}(\cos(c + dx)\sin(c + dx)c + 2adx + cd^2x))/(2b^3d)$

**3.135** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1078
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1078
Rubi [A] (verified)	1079
Maple [A] (verified)	1080
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1081
Sympy [F(-1)]	1081
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1082
Giac [F(-2)]	1082
Mupad [F(-1)]	1083
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1083

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) + C \sin(c+dx))}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]] + C*Sin[c + d*x]))/(b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3493, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (A + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) \sec(c+dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{4257}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(5/2)}, x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((A*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]])/d + (C*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/d))/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F*x_*)*((a_*)*(v_))^{(m_)}*((b_*)*(v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)}*F*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] := \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((A_*) + (C_*)*\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)*(x_)]^{(2)}), x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)})/(b*f*(m + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_*) + (d_*)*(x_)], x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{i \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/b^2/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-C*sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{A\sqrt{b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(-\frac{b\cos(dx+c)^3-2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right)}{2b^3d\cos(dx+c)} - \frac{A\sqrt{-b}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)\cos(dx+c)-\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{b^3d\cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x+c))^3-2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-2*b*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^3)+2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x+c)),-(A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x+c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))))*cos(d*x+c)-sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x+c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2+2\sin(dx+c)+1)-\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2-2\sin(dx+c)+1))}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2C\sin(dx+c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x+c)^2+sin(d*x+c)^2+2*sin(d*x+c)+1)-log(cos(d*x+c)^2+sin(d*x+c)^2-2*sin(d*x+c)+1))/b^(5/2)+2*C*sin(d*x+c)/b^(5/2))/d`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{3/2}(C\cos(c+dx)^2+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1)a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1)a + \sin(c+dx)*c)}{b^3d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + sin(c + d*x)*c))/(b**3*d)`



**3.136** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1084
Rubi [A] (verified)	1085
Maple [A] (verified)	1086
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1087
Sympy [F(-1)]	1087
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1088
Giac [F(-2)]	1088
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1089
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1089

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(Cdx \cos(c+dx) + A \sin(c+dx))}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output  $(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(3/2)}*(C*d*x*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.114$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3491, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + A) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( C \int 1 dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)},x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (A*\text{Tan}[c + d*x])/d))/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{C(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+A\sin(dx+c)}{b^2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}$	48
parts	$\frac{A\sin(dx+c)}{b^2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db^2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}$	65
risch	$\frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}A}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)}$	67

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b^2/d*(C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{C\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), (C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{d} \left( \frac{A\sqrt{b}\sin(2dx+2c)}{b^3\cos(2dx+2c)^2+b^3\sin(2dx+2c)^2+2b^3\cos(2dx+2c)+b^3} + \frac{C\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{b^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorith="maxima")`

output `2*(A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) + C*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorith="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(A\sin(c+dx)+A\sin(3c+3dx))}{b^3 d}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`output `(2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*cos(c + d*x)*3i + A*sin(c + d*x) + A*cos(3*c + 3*d*x)*1i + A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + C*d*x*cos(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(b^3*d*(4*cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + 3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx+c)cdx + \sin(dx+c)a)}{\cos(dx+c)b^3d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`output `(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a))/(cos(c + d*x)*b**3*d)`

**3.137**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1090
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1090
Rubi [A] (verified)	1091
Maple [A] (verified)	1092
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1093
Sympy [F(-1)]	1094
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1094
Giac [F(-2)]	1095
Mupad [F(-1)]	1096
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1096

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2b^2d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)+1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}((A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx))}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} (A + 2C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4257$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d} + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/(2*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_)] + (f_)*(x_))^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_)] + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
default	$-\frac{A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{2b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{db^2}$
risch	$-\frac{iA(e^{2i(dx+c)}-1)}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2/b^2/d*(A*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)*\cos(d*x+c)^2-A*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*\operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(d*x+c)+\cot(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2-A*\sin(d*x+c))/\cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ (A + 2C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)^3}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + (A + 2C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} A \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right]}{4 b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{4} * ((A + 2*C) * \sqrt{b} * \cos(d*x + c)^3 * \log(-b * \cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2 * \sqrt{b * \cos(d*x + c)} * \sqrt{b} * \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)^3}) + 2 * \sqrt{b * \cos(d*x + c)} * A * \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)} * \sin(d*x + c)) / (b^3 * d * \cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2 * ((A + 2*C) * \sqrt{-b} * \arctan(\sqrt{b * \cos(d*x + c)} * \sqrt{-b} * \sin(d*x + c) / (b * \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}))) * \cos(d*x + c)^3 - \sqrt{b * \cos(d*x + c)} * A * \sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)} * \sin(d*x + c) / (b^3 * d * \cos(d*x + c)^3) \right]$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 754 vs.  $2(72) = 144$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 754, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.98

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/4*((4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*co
s(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c
) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(
4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^
2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*
sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*
x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2
+ sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), c
os(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(cos(
4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), c
os(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A/((b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 +
4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c
)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b
^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*sqrt(b)) - 2*C*(lo
g(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x +...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(c + dx) a + 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx) a + 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) \sin(c + dx) a - \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a - 2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) c - \sin(c + dx) a \right)}{(2*b**3*d*(\sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*b**3*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.138** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1097
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1097
Rubi [A] (verified)	1098
Maple [A] (verified)	1100
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1100
Sympy [F(-1)]	1101
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1101
Giac [F(-2)]	1102
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1102
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1103

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{3b^2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(c + dx)}{3b^2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) (3(A + C) + A \tan^2(c + dx))}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]*(3*(A + C) + A*Tan[c + d*x]^2))/(3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4254, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} (2A + 3C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4254$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx)}{3d} - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c + dx))}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{3d} + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sin(dx+c) \left( 2A \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \right)}{3b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	57
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1 \right)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	79
risch	$\frac{i(3C e^{3i(dx+c)} + (9C+8A) \cos(dx+c) + i(4A+3C) \sin(dx+c))}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d}$	84

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b^2/d*sin(d*x+c)*(2*A*cos(d*x+c)^2+3*C*cos(d*x+c)^2+A)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{((2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{3b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*((2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^(7/2))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 412 vs.  $2(73) = 146$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 C \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b^3 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^3 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^3 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^3} + \frac{1}{(b^2 \cos(6 dx + 6 c)^2 + 9 b^2 \sin(6 dx + 6 c)^2 + 6 b^2 \cos(6 dx + 6 c) + 9 b^2)} \right)}{b^3 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^3 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^3 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^3}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) + 2*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(3*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*(3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 6*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c))*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algo  
rithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (18 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 12 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 2 \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A*20i + C*30i + A*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*30i + A*cos(4*  
c + 4*d*x)*12i + A*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*2i + C*cos(2*c + 2*d*x)*45i + C*cos(4*  
c + 4*d*x)*18i + C*cos(6*c + 6*d*x)*3i + 18*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*A*sin(  
4*c + 4*d*x) + 2*A*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 15*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 12*C*sin(4*c  
+ 4*d*x) + 3*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x)))/(3*b^3*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(15*cos(2*c  
+ 2*d*x) + 6*cos(4*c + 4*d*x) + cos(6*c + 6*d*x) + 10))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c) (2 \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 3 \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 3a - 3c)}{3 \cos(dx + c) b^3 d (\sin(dx + c)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sin(c + d*x)*(2*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 3*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*a - 3*c))/(3*cos(c + d*x)*b**3*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.139** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1104
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1104
Rubi [A] (verified)	1105
Maple [A] (verified)	1107
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1107
Sympy [F(-1)]	1108
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1108
Giac [F(-2)]	1109
Mupad [F(-1)]	1110
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1110

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{8b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{4b^2 d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)}{8b^2 d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + (2A + (3A + 4C) \cos^2(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
((3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + (2*A + (3*A + 4*C)*Cos
[c + d*x]^2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3491, 3042, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3491$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 4255$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx)}{4d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}(3A+4C)\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d}+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
default	$\frac{-3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 4C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c)}{8b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{A(3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 11A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 4C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 11A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 4C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3A - 4C)}{8b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3 d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (3A + 4C)}{8b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RET
URNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8/b^2/d*(-3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+3*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+4*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(3*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c)*A+4*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ (3A + 4C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log \left( -\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^5} \right) + (3A + 4C) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - ((3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{8b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algo
rithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[1/16*((3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(
b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c)
)/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x +
c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/8*((3*A +
4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(co
s(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - ((3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*A)*sqrt(b*c
os(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2418 vs. 2(113) = 226.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2418, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.46

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algo
rithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*((12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) +
44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(sin(
8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x +
8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d
*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x +
6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c
) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)
+ 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x +
8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 1
6*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d
*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*
x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*
d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x ...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algo
rithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-3 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^4 a - 4 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 6*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 8*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 3*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 4*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 3*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 5*sin(c + d*x)*a + 4*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(8*b**3*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))`

### 3.140 $\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1111
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1111
Rubi [A] (verified)	1112
Maple [F]	1113
Fricas [F]	1114
Sympy [F(-1)]	1114
Maxima [F]	1114
Giac [F]	1115
Mupad [F(-1)]	1115
Reduce [F]	1115

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \sin(c+dx)}{13b^3d} - \frac{3(13A + 10C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{130b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/13*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/130*(13*A+10*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3],[8/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \cot(c+dx) (8A \cos^2(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 5C \cos^4(c+dx))}{80d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{1/3}*\cot[c + d*x]*(8*A*\cos[c + d*x]^2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, \cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*C*\cos[c + d*x]^4*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 8/3, 11/3, \cos[c + d*x]^2])*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2})}{(80*d)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{13}(13A + 10C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{13}(13A + 10C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd}}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3122$$

$$\frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} - \frac{3(13A+10C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{130bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{1/3}*(A + C*\cos[c + d*x]^2), x]$$

output

```
((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*sin[c + d*x])/(13*b*d) - (3*(13*A + 10*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(130*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^2 (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= b^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{13}{3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{3}} dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`



output

```
b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)*  
*(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.141 $\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1117
Rubi [A] (verified)	1118
Maple [F]	1119
Fricas [F]	1120
Sympy [F(-1)]	1120
Maxima [F]	1120
Giac [F]	1121
Mupad [F(-1)]	1121
Reduce [F]	1121

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \sin(c + dx)}{10b^2d} - \frac{3(10A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{70b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/10*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/70*(10*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cot(c + dx) (13A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 7C \cos^2(c + dx))}{91bd}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(-3*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*cot[c + d*x]*(13*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6,
13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*C*cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19
/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(91*b*d)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) \, dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) \, dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10}(10A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \, dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10}(10A + 7C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} \, dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}}{10bd} - \frac{3(10A+7C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{70bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d) - (3*(10*A + 7*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(70*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= b^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{10}{3}} dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.142 $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1123
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1123
Rubi [A] (verified)	1124
Maple [F]	1125
Fricas [F]	1126
Sympy [F(-1)]	1126
Maxima [F]	1126
Giac [F]	1127
Mupad [F(-1)]	1127
Reduce [F]	1127

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd} - \frac{3(7A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{28bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/28*(7*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3],[5/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cot(c + dx) \left(5A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2C \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{20d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```



output

$$(-3*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(1/3)}*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*(5*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + 2*C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(20*d)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{1}{7}(7A + 4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{7}(7A + 4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

$$\downarrow 3122$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} - \frac{3(7A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{28bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{(1/3)}*(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2), x]$$

output

```
(3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*sin[c + d*x]/(7*b*d) - (3*(7*A + 4*C)*(b*cos[
c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d
*x])/(28*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*sin[e + f*x]
)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{3}} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.143 $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1128
Rubi [A] (verified)	1129
Maple [F]	1131
Fricas [F]	1131
Sympy [F(-1)]	1131
Maxima [F]	1132
Giac [F]	1132
Mupad [F(-1)]	1132
Reduce [F]	1133

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d}$$

$$- \frac{3(4A + C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d-3/4*(4*A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2],[7/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$- \frac{3b \cot(c + dx) \left(7A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(-3*b*Cot[c + d*x]*(7*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(7*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right)}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2030 \\
 & b \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3493 \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + C) \int \frac{1}{\left(b \cos(c + dx)\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + C) \int \frac{1}{\left(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3122
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} - \frac{3(4A + C) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d) - (3*(4*A + C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

**3.144**  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1134
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1135
Rubi [A] (verified)	1135
Maple [F]	1137
Fricas [F]	1137
Sympy [F(-1)]	1138
Maxima [F]	1138
Giac [F]	1138
Mupad [F(-1)]	1139
Reduce [F]	1139

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{3(A - 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/2*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)+3/8*(A-2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)
*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3b \csc(c + dx) \left( -2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(-3*b*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right)}{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + A}{\left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{5/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(A-2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b^2} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(A-2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{2b^2} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3(A-2C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
b^2*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)) + (3*(A - 2*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^{1/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{1/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`



**3.145**  $\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1140
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1141
Rubi [A] (verified)	1141
Maple [F]	1143
Fricas [F]	1143
Sympy [F(-1)]	1144
Maxima [F]	1144
Giac [F]	1144
Mupad [F(-1)]	1145
Reduce [F]	1145

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}$$

$$- \frac{3(2A + 5C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)-3/5*(2*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2],[7/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( -A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + 5C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{5d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 5*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(5*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right)}{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + A}{\left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{8/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(2A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(2A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} - \frac{3(2A + 5C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)) - (3*(2*A + 5*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^{1/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{1/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.146 $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))$

Optimal result	1146
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1146
Rubi [A] (verified)	1147
Maple [F]	1148
Fricas [F]	1149
Sympy [F(-1)]	1149
Maxima [F]	1149
Giac [F]	1150
Mupad [F(-1)]	1150
Reduce [F]	1150

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{11/3} \sin(c + dx)}{14b^3d} - \frac{3(14A + 11C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{11/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{154b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/14*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(11/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/154*(14*A+11*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(11/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/6],[17/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \cot(c + dx) (17A \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 11C \cos^2(c + dx))}{187d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(17*A*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 11*C*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 17/6, 23/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(187*d)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{14}(14A + 11C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3}}{14bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{14}(14A + 11C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3}}{14bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3}}{14bd} - \frac{3(14A+11C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{154bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(11/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(14*b*d) - (3*(14*A + 11*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(11/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(154*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*_.)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^2 (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{14/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)*  
*(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.147 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1152
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1152
Rubi [A] (verified)	1153
Maple [F]	1154
Fricas [F]	1155
Sympy [F(-1)]	1155
Maxima [F]	1155
Giac [F]	1156
Mupad [F(-1)]	1156
Reduce [F]	1156

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} \sin(c + dx)}{11b^2d} - \frac{3(11A + 8C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{88b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/11*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/88*(11*A+8*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3], [7/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \cot(c + dx) (7A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 4C \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{56bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

$$(-3*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{5/3}*\cot[c + d*x]*(7*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, \cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*C*\cos[c + d*x]^2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/3, 10/3, \cos[c + d*x]^2] )*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2})/(56*b*d)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2030 \\ & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3493 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 8C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd}}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 8C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd}}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 3122 \\ & \frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} - \frac{3(11A+8C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{88bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\cos[c + d*x]*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{2/3}*(A + C*\cos[c + d*x]^2), x]$$

output

```
((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*sin[c + d*x])/((11*b*d) - (3*(11*A + 8*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x]))/(88*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{11/3} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)
```

### 3.148 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1158
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1158
Rubi [A] (verified)	1159
Maple [F]	1160
Fricas [F]	1161
Sympy [F(-1)]	1161
Maxima [F]	1161
Giac [F]	1162
Mupad [F(-1)]	1162
Reduce [F]	1162

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8bd} - \frac{3(8A + 5C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{40bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/40*(8*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \cot(c + dx) (11A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 5C \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{55d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*cot[c + d*x]*(11*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*C*cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(55*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}(8A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}(8A + 5C) \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} - \frac{3(8A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{40bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output  $(3C(b\cos[c + dx])^{5/3}\sin[c + dx])/(8bd) - (3(8A + 5C)(b\cos[c + dx])^{5/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, \cos[c + dx]^2]\sin[c + dx])/(40bd\sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2})$

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx] + d(x))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * (b\sin[c + dx])^{n+1} / (bd(n+1)\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2}) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b\sin[e + dx] + f(x))^m * (A + C\sin[e + dx] + f(x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)\cos[e + dx] * (b\sin[e + dx])^{m+1} / (bf * (m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A(m+2) + C(m+1)) / (m+2) \text{ Int}[(b\sin[e + dx])^m, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}*(A+C\cos(dx+c)^2),x)$

output  $\text{int}((b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}*(A+C\cos(dx+c)^2),x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c+dx)^2 + A)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{2/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{8/3} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.149 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1163
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1163
Rubi [A] (verified)	1164
Maple [F]	1166
Fricas [F]	1166
Sympy [F(-1)]	1166
Maxima [F]	1167
Giac [F]	1167
Mupad [F(-1)]	1167
Reduce [F]	1168

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{3(5A + 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d-3/10*(5*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)
)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b \cot(c + dx) (4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \dots\right)}{8d\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(-3*b*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(8*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{5}(5A + 2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \, dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{5}(5A + 2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} \, dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3122

$$b \left( \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} - \frac{3(5A + 2C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{10bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) - (3*(5*A + 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x), x)*a)`

### 3.150 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1169
Rubi [A] (verified)	1170
Maple [F]	1172
Fricas [F]	1172
Sympy [F(-1)]	1172
Maxima [F]	1173
Giac [F]	1173
Mupad [F(-1)]	1173
Reduce [F]	1174

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)+3/5*(2*A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [11/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b \csc(c + dx) \left(-5A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(-3*b*Csc[c + d*x]*(-5*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(5*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(2A - C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(2A - C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3(2A - C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)) + (3*(2*A - C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.151 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1175
Rubi [A] (verified)	1176
Maple [F]	1178
Fricas [F]	1178
Sympy [F(-1)]	1178
Maxima [F]	1179
Giac [F]	1179
Mupad [F(-1)]	1179
Reduce [F]	1180

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} - \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)-3/8*(A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left(-A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{4d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2030 \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3491 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{(A + 4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{4b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{(A + 4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3122

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} - \frac{3(A+4C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)) - (3*(A + 4*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(b^2*(m+1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$



input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.152 $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))$

Optimal result	1181
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1181
Rubi [A] (verified)	1182
Maple [F]	1183
Fricas [F]	1184
Sympy [F(-1)]	1184
Maxima [F]	1184
Giac [F]	1185
Mupad [F(-1)]	1185
Reduce [F]	1186

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \sin(c + dx)}{16b^3d} - \frac{3(16A + 13C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{208b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/16*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(13/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/208*(16*A+13*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(13/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 13/6],[19/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cot(c + dx) (19A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 13C \cos^2(c + dx))}{247d}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(19*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 13*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 19/6, 25/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(247*d)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{16}(16A + 13C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{13/3}}{16bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{16}(16A + 13C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{13/3}}{16bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{13/3}}{16bd} - \frac{3(16A+13C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{13/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{208bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(13/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(16*b*d) - (3*(16*A + 13*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(13/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(208*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*_.)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^2 (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^5 + A*b*cos(d*x + c)^3)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{16/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**5,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.153 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1187
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1187
Rubi [A] (verified)	1188
Maple [F]	1189
Fricas [F]	1190
Sympy [F(-1)]	1190
Maxima [F]	1190
Giac [F]	1191
Mupad [F(-1)]	1191
Reduce [F]	1192

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \sin(c + dx)}{13b^2d} - \frac{3(13A + 10C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{130b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/13*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/130*(13*A+10*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3],[8/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \cot(c + dx) (8A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 5C \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{80bd}$$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output  $(-3*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{7/3}*\cot[c + d*x]*(8*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, \cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*C*\cos[c + d*x]^2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 8/3, 11/3, \cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[\sin[c + d*x]^2])/(80*b*d)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2030 \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \quad \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3493 \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{13}(13A + 10C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{1}{13}(13A + 10C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \quad \frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} - \frac{3(13A+10C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{130bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(13*b*d) - (3*(13*A + 10*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(130*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*_.)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + A*b*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{13/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.154 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1193
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1193
Rubi [A] (verified)	1194
Maple [F]	1195
Fricas [F]	1196
Sympy [F(-1)]	1196
Maxima [F]	1196
Giac [F]	1197
Mupad [F(-1)]	1197
Reduce [F]	1197

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \sin(c + dx)}{10bd} - \frac{3(10A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{70bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/10*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/70*(10*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cot(c + dx) (13A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 7C \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{91d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(-3*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*cot[c + d*x]*(13*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6,
13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*C*cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19
/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(91*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{4/3} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{1}{10}(10A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{10}(10A + 7C) \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{4/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

$$\downarrow 3122$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd} - \frac{3(10A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{70bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output  $(3C(b\cos[c + dx])^{7/3}\sin[c + dx])/(10bd) - (3(10A + 7C)(b\cos[c + dx])^{7/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, \cos[c + dx]^2]\sin[c + dx])/(70bd\sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2})$

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx] + d(x))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{n+1} / (bd(n+1)\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b\sin[e + dx] + f(x))^m * (A + C\sin[e + dx] + f(x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)\cos[e + dx] * ((b\sin[e + dx])^{m+1} / (bf * (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(A(m+2) + C(m+1)) / (m+2) \text{ Int}[(b\sin[e + dx])^m, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^{4/3}*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2),x)$

output  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^{4/3}*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2),x)$



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c+dx)^2 + A)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{4/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{10/3} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.155 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1198
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1198
Rubi [A] (verified)	1199
Maple [F]	1201
Fricas [F]	1201
Sympy [F(-1)]	1201
Maxima [F]	1202
Giac [F]	1202
Mupad [F(-1)]	1202
Reduce [F]	1203

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7d} - \frac{3(7A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{28d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d-3/28*(7*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)
)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cot(c + dx) (5A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{20d}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `(-3*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(5*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(20*d)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{1}{7}(7A + 4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} - \frac{3(7A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{28bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) - (3*(7*A + 4*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(28*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m, x), x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x)*c)`



### 3.156 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1204
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1204
Rubi [A] (verified)	1205
Maple [F]	1207
Fricas [F]	1207
Sympy [F(-1)]	1207
Maxima [F]	1208
Giac [F]	1208
Mupad [F(-1)]	1208
Reduce [F]	1209

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx = \frac{3bC \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{3b(4A+C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

$$\frac{3}{4} b C (b \cos(dx+c))^{1/3} \sin(dx+c) / d - \frac{3}{4} b (4A+C) (b \cos(dx+c))^{1/3} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{7}{6}\right], \cos(dx+c)^2\right) \sin(dx+c) / d / (\sin(dx+c)^2)^{1/2}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b^2 \cot(c+dx) \left(7A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \dots\right)\right)}{7d(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `(-3*b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(7*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(7*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{1}{4}(4A + C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} - \frac{3(4A + C) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d) - (3*(4*A + C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c))^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.157 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1210
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1210
Rubi [A] (verified)	1211
Maple [F]	1213
Fricas [F]	1213
Sympy [F(-1)]	1213
Maxima [F]	1214
Giac [F]	1214
Mupad [F(-1)]	1214
Reduce [F]	1215

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{3(A - 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)+3/8*(A-2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) \left(-2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `(-3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(A - 2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{2b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(A - 2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$b^3 \left( \frac{3(A - 2C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{8b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)) + (3*(A - 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

**3.158** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1216
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1216
Rubi [A] (verified)	1217
Maple [F]	1219
Fricas [F]	1219
Sympy [F(-1)]	1219
Maxima [F]	1220
Giac [F]	1220
Mupad [F(-1)]	1220
Reduce [F]	1221

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \sin(c+dx)}{11b^3d} - \frac{3(11A+8C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{88b^3d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 3/11*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/88*(11*A+8*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) (7A \cos^2(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 4C \cos^4(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{56d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(7*A*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[
c + d*x]^2] + 4*C*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/3, 10/3, Cos[c +
d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(56*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 8C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{11}(11A + 8C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} - \frac{3(11A+8C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{88bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(11*b*d) - (3*(11*A + 8*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(88*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 (A+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/b, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(cos(c + d*x)**4/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.159** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1222
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1222
Rubi [A] (verified)	1223
Maple [F]	1224
Fricas [F]	1225
Sympy [F(-1)]	1225
Maxima [F]	1225
Giac [F]	1226
Mupad [F(-1)]	1226
Reduce [F]	1226

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \sin(c+dx)}{8b^2d} - \frac{3(8A+5C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{40b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 3/8*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/40*(8*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \cot(c+dx) (11A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 5C \cos^2(c+dx) H_2)}{55bd}$$

input `Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3),x]`

output `(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(11*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(55*b*d)`

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8}(8A+5C) \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8}(8A+5C) \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} - \frac{3(8A+5C)\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{40bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b*d) - (3*(8*A + 5*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(40*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c) (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/b, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{8}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)`

**3.160**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1227
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1227
Rubi [A] (verified)	1228
Maple [F]	1229
Fricas [F]	1230
Sympy [F(-1)]	1230
Maxima [F]	1230
Giac [F]	1231
Mupad [F(-1)]	1231
Reduce [F]	1231

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd} - \frac{3(5A + 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/10*(5*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c + dx) \left(4A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{8d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(8*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}(5A + 2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} - \\
 & \frac{3(5A + 2C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{10bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) - (3*(5*A + 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a)/b**(1/3)`

**3.161** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1232
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1232
Rubi [A] (verified)	1233
Maple [F]	1235
Fricas [F]	1235
Sympy [F]	1235
Maxima [F]	1236
Giac [F]	1236
Mupad [F(-1)]	1236
Reduce [F]	1237

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)+3/5*(2*A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3(-5A \csc(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos(c + dx) \cot(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(-3*(-5*A*Csc[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(5*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt[3]{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b \left( \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(2A-C)\int(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(2A-C)\int(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}dx}{b^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{3(2A - C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]`

output `b*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)) + (3*(2*A - C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(sec(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.162** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1238
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1239
Rubi [A] (verified)	1239
Maple [F]	1241
Fricas [F]	1241
Sympy [F]	1242
Maxima [F]	1242
Giac [F]	1242
Mupad [F(-1)]	1243
Reduce [F]	1243

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

$$- \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)-3/8*(A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)
*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3b \csc(c + dx) \left( -A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + 2C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*b*Csc[c + d*x]*(-A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2}{\sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \sqrt[3]{b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + A}{\left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{7/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(A + 4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{4b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(A + 4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{4b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} - \frac{3(A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{8b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)) - (3*(A + 4*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*c
os(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3), x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*c)/b**(1/3)`



**3.163** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1244
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1245
Rubi [A] (verified)	1245
Maple [F]	1247
Fricas [F]	1247
Sympy [F(-1)]	1248
Maxima [F]	1248
Giac [F]	1248
Mupad [F(-1)]	1249
Reduce [F]	1249

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} + \frac{3(4A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7d\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/7*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)+3/7*(4*A+7*C)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(7C \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx) + A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{7d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*(7*C*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x] + A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(7*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3 \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{10/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3491}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(4A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(4A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3(4A + 7C) \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{7b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)) + (3*(4*A + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b^3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] )^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3), x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)`

**3.164** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1250
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1250
Rubi [A] (verified)	1251
Maple [F]	1252
Fricas [F]	1253
Sympy [F(-1)]	1253
Maxima [F]	1253
Giac [F]	1254
Mupad [F(-1)]	1254
Reduce [F]	1254

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \sin(c+dx)}{10b^3d} - \frac{3(10A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{70b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/10*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/70*(10*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6], [13/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) (13A \cos^2(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)) + 7C \cos^4(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)))}{91d(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(13*A*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Co
s[c + d*x]^2] + 7*C*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[
c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(91*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10}(10A+7C)\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{10}(10A+7C)\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}}{10bd} - \frac{3(10A+7C)\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{7/3}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{70bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d) - (3*(10*A + 7*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(70*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*_.)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2 (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)/b, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{10}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**4/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a)/b**(2/3)`

**3.165** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1255
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1255
Rubi [A] (verified)	1256
Maple [F]	1257
Fricas [F]	1258
Sympy [F(-1)]	1258
Maxima [F]	1258
Giac [F]	1259
Mupad [F(-1)]	1259
Reduce [F]	1259

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^2d} - \frac{3(7A+4C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{28b^2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/28*(7*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3],[5/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \cot(c+dx) (5A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + 2C \cos^2(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{20bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*cot[c + d*x]*(5*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*C*cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(20*b*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+A)}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\left(C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2+A\right)}{b} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{7}(7A+4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} - \frac{3(7A+4C)\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{28bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output `((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) - (3*(7*A + 4*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(28*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c) (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)/b, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3), x)*c)/b**(2/3)`



### 3.166 $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1260
Rubi [A] (verified)	1261
Maple [F]	1262
Fricas [F]	1263
Sympy [F(-1)]	1263
Maxima [F]	1263
Giac [F]	1264
Mupad [F(-1)]	1264
Reduce [F]	1264

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4bd} - \frac{3(4A + C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/4*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/4*(4*A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c + dx) \left(7A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}\right)\right)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output

$$(-3*\text{Cot}[c + d*x]*(7*A*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])/(7*d*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(2/3))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3493

$$\frac{1}{4}(4A + C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{4}(4A + C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}{4bd} - \frac{3(4A + C) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx))}{4bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(A + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2)/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]$$

output

```
(3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*sin[c + d*x]/(4*b*d) - (3*(4*A + C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/
(4*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{2/3}} dx \right) a}{b^{2/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c + int(1/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a)/b**(2/3)`

**3.167** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1265
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1265
Rubi [A] (verified)	1266
Maple [F]	1267
Fricas [F]	1268
Sympy [F]	1268
Maxima [F]	1268
Giac [F]	1269
Mupad [F(-1)]	1269
Reduce [F]	1269

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{3(A - 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)+3/8*(A-2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(-2A \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos(c + dx) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output

```
(-3*(-2*A*Csc[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] +
C*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{5/3}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b \left( \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(A-2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b^2} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(A-2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b^2} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b \left( \frac{3(A-2C)\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `b*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)) + (3*(A - 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx)*(vm)*(b*(v))n, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/bm Int[(b*v)m+n*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)]n, x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])n+1/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]m*((A.) + (C.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]2), x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])m+1/(b*f*(m+1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(b^2*(m+1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m+2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{2/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{4/3} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c}{b^{2/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c)/b**(2/3)`

**3.168** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1270
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1270
Rubi [A] (verified)	1271
Maple [F]	1273
Fricas [F]	1273
Sympy [F]	1273
Maxima [F]	1274
Giac [F]	1274
Mupad [F(-1)]	1274
Reduce [F]	1275

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} - \frac{3(2A + 5C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)-3/5*(2*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2],[7/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3b \csc(c + dx) \left(-A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 5C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*b*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])
+ 5*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sq
rt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(5*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{8/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3491} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(2A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{(2A + 5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} - \frac{3(2A + 5C) \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)) - (3*(2*A + 5*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c))^2 \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{2/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c}{b^{2/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c)/b**(2/3)`



**3.169** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1276
Rubi [A] (verified)	1277
Maple [F]	1278
Fricas [F]	1279
Sympy [F(-1)]	1279
Maxima [F]	1279
Giac [F]	1280
Mupad [F(-1)]	1280
Reduce [F]	1280

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{8d(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3}} + \frac{3(5A + 8C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{16d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/8*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)+3/16*(5*A+8*C)*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2],[2/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^(1/2))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(4C \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx) - 8d(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3}}{8d(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output

```
(3*(4*C*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x] + A
*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, 1/2, -1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d
*x]))/(8*d*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c+dx) (A + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{11/3}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(5A + 8C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{8bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(5A + 8C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}} dx}{8b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{8bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3(5A + 8C) \sin(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{16b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{8bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)) + (3*(5*A + 8*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(16*b^3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)^{2/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{4/3} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) c}{b^{2/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c)/b**(2/3)`

**3.170** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1281
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1281
Rubi [A] (verified)	1282
Maple [F]	1283
Fricas [F]	1284
Sympy [F(-1)]	1284
Maxima [F]	1284
Giac [F]	1285
Mupad [F(-1)]	1285
Reduce [F]	1285

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \sin(c+dx)}{8b^3d} - \frac{3(8A+5C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{40b^3d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/40*(8*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [11/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cos^2(c+dx) \cot(c+dx) (11A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)) + 5C \cos^2(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)))}{55d(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(11*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Co
s[c + d*x]^2] + 5*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[
c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(55*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (C\cos^2(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8}(8A+5C) \int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{8}(8A+5C) \int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} - \frac{3(8A+5C)\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{40bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b*d) - (3*(8*A + 5*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(40*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*_.)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2 (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/b^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{8}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.171** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1286
Rubi [A] (verified)	1287
Maple [F]	1288
Fricas [F]	1289
Sympy [F(-1)]	1289
Maxima [F]	1289
Giac [F]	1290
Mupad [F(-1)]	1290
Reduce [F]	1290

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d} - \frac{3(5A+2C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{10b^2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/10*(5*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c+dx) (4A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c+dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}\right))}{8bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)),x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C
*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin
[c + d*x]^2])/(8*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{C\cos^2(c+dx)+A}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+A}{\sqrt[3]{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5}(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} - \frac{3(5A+2C)\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{10bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*b*d) - (3*(5*A + 2*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(10*b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c) (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{1/3}} dx \right) a}{b^{4/3}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*a)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.172**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1291
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1291
Rubi [A] (verified)	1292
Maple [F]	1293
Fricas [F]	1294
Sympy [F(-1)]	1294
Maxima [F]	1294
Giac [F]	1295
Mupad [F(-1)]	1295
Reduce [F]	1295

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd^3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)+3/5*(2*A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [11/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cot(c + dx) \left(-5A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```



output

```
(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(-5*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] +
C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[
Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(5*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {3042, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$\frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(2A - C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{(2A - C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{3(2A - C) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)) + (3*(2*A - C)*(b*Cos[c +
d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]
)/(5*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3491

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)^2], x_Symbol] :=> Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m
+ 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a}{b^{4/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.173** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1296
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1296
Rubi [A] (verified)	1297
Maple [F]	1299
Fricas [F]	1299
Sympy [F(-1)]	1299
Maxima [F]	1300
Giac [F]	1300
Mupad [F(-1)]	1300
Reduce [F]	1301

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} - \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)-3/8*(A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \csc(c + dx) \left(-A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2C \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) +
2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt
[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{7/3}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b \left( \frac{(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{4b^2} + \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{4b^2} + \frac{3A\sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b \left( \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} - \frac{3(A+4C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `b*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)) - (3*(A + 4*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b^3*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(b^2*(m+1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{2/3} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c}{b^{4/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.174** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1302
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1302
Rubi [A] (verified)	1303
Maple [F]	1304
Fricas [F]	1305
Sympy [F(-1)]	1305
Maxima [F]	1305
Giac [F]	1306
Mupad [F(-1)]	1306
Reduce [F]	1306

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} + \frac{3(4A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/7*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)+3/7*(4*A+7*C)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \cot(c + dx) (A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 7C \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx))}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output

```
(3*b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]
+ 7*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sq
rt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(7*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{10/3}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(4A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{(4A + 7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{7b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3(4A + 7C) \sin(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{7b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `b^2*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)) + (3*(4*A + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b^3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{2/3} \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c}{b^{4/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.175** 
$$\int \frac{(A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1307
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1307
Rubi [A] (verified)	1308
Maple [F]	1309
Fricas [F]	1310
Sympy [F(-1)]	1310
Maxima [F]	1310
Giac [F]	1311
Mupad [F(-1)]	1311
Reduce [F]	1311

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{10d(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}} + \frac{3(7A + 10C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{40d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/10*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)+3/40*(7*A+10*C)*hypergeom([-2/3, 1/2],[1/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) (2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2C \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)) \sin(c + dx)}{10d(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`



output

```
(3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/3, 1/2, -2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(20*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3491, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{13/3}} dx$$

↓ 3491

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(7A + 10C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} dx}{10b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{10bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(7A + 10C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{10b^2} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{10bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3(7A + 10C) \sin(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{40b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{10bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]`

output `b^3*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)) + (3*(7*A + 10*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(40*b^3*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3491 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[A*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(b^2*(m + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{2/3} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) c}{b^{4/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(sec(c + d*x)**3/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

### 3.176 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))$

Optimal result	1312
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1313
Rubi [A] (verified)	1313
Maple [F]	1315
Fricas [F]	1315
Sympy [F(-1)]	1316
Maxima [F]	1316
Giac [F]	1316
Mupad [F(-1)]	1317
Reduce [F]	1317

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3bC \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d(10 + 3m)} - \frac{3b(C(7 + 3m) + A(10 + 3m)) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(13 + 3m), \frac{\sin^2(c + dx)}{b \cos(c + dx)}\right)}{d(7 + 3m)(10 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(10+3*m)-3*b*(C*(7+3*m)+A*(10+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m], [13/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)/(10+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$


---


$$\frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \csc(c + dx) (A(13 + 3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(13 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(13 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(7 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (13 + 3*m)/6, (19 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(7 + 3*m)*(13 + 3*m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+10)+C(3m+7)) \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+10)+C(3m+7)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} - \frac{3(A(3m+10)+C(3m+7)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+7), \right)}{d(3m+7)(3m+10) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(10 + 3*m)) - (3*(C*(7 + 3*m) + A*(10 + 3*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*(10 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(Fx_.*((a_)*(v_))^(m_))*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*co
s(d*x + c)^m, x)
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{\frac{4}{3}} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3, x)*c)`

### 3.177 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))$

Optimal result	1318
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1319
Rubi [A] (verified)	1319
Maple [F]	1321
Fricas [F]	1321
Sympy [F(-1)]	1322
Maxima [F]	1322
Giac [F]	1322
Mupad [F(-1)]	1323
Reduce [F]	1323

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{d(8 + 3m)} - \frac{3(C(5 + 3m) + A(8 + 3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(11 + 3m); \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(5 + 3m)(8 + 3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(8+3*m)-3*(C*(5+3*m)+A*(8+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m],[11/6+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(8+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$


---


$$3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) (A(11 + 3m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(11 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)))$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(11 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(5 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (11 + 3*m)/6, (17 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(5 + 3*m)*(11 + 3*m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{(A(3m+8)+C(3m+5)) \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{(A(3m+8)+C(3m+5)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} - \frac{3(A(3m+8)+C(3m+5)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+5)\right)}{d(3m+5)(3m+8)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*((3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(8 + 3*m)) - (3*(C*(5 + 3*m) + A*(8 + 3*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)*(8 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 2)/3), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 2)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*c)`



### 3.178 $\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1325
Rubi [A] (verified)	1325
Maple [F]	1327
Fricas [F]	1327
Sympy [F]	1328
Maxima [F]	1328
Giac [F]	1328
Mupad [F(-1)]	1329
Reduce [F]	1329

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+3m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(C(4+3m) + A(7+3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \sin^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(4+3m)(7+3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)-3*(C*(4+3*m)
)+A*(7+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3+1/2
*m], [5/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(7+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) (C(4 + 3m) \cos^2(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{\cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}\right) + A(10 + 3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1/2, (4 + 3m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, \cos(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}\right]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin(c + dx)^2]}{d(4 + 3m)(10 + 3m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(C*(4 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3 + m/2, 8/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + A*(10 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(4 + 3*m)*(10 + 3*m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+7)+C(3m+4)) \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \xrightarrow{3042} \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+7)+C(3m+4)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}} dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}} \xrightarrow{3122} \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} - \frac{3(A(3m+7)+C(3m+4)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+4), \frac{1}{6}\right)}{d(3m+4)(3m+7)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
input Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

```
output ((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)) - (3*(C*(4 + 3*m) + A*(7 + 3*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, (10 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + 3*m)*(7 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2034 Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f
*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x]
)^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \cos^m(c + dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= b^{1/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.179** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1330
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1330
Rubi [A] (verified)	1331
Maple [F]	1333
Fricas [F]	1333
Sympy [F]	1333
Maxima [F]	1334
Giac [F]	1334
Mupad [F(-1)]	1334
Reduce [F]	1335

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m)\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(C(2+3m)+A(5+3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2+3m)(5+3m)\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3*(C*(2+3*m)+A*(5+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/3+1/2*m],[4/3+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+3*m)/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) (A(8+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(2+3m)(8+3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(8 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,
(2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(2 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, 7/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(2 + 3*m)*(8 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{1}{3}} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+5)+C(3m+2)) \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+5)+C(3m+2)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{1}{3}} dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



↓ 3122

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} - \frac{3(A(3m+5)+C(3m+2)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+2), \frac{1}{6}(3m+5), \sin^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+2)(3m+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*((3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)) - (3*(C*(2 + 3*m) + A*(5 + 3*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + 3*m)*(5 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fv_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (A+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c
+ d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.180** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1336
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1336
Rubi [A] (verified)	1337
Maple [F]	1339
Fricas [F]	1339
Sympy [F]	1339
Maxima [F]	1340
Giac [F]	1340
Mupad [F(-1)]	1340
Reduce [F]	1341

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3(C+3Cm+A(4+3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1+3m)(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)-3*(C+3*C*m+A*(4+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/6+1/2*m], [7/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+3*m)/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) (A(7+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + d(1+3m)(7+3m))}{d(1+3m)(7+3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(7 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,
(1 + 3*m)/6, (7 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(1 + 3*m)*(7 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\cos^{2/3}(c + dx) \int \cos^{m-2/3}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\cos^{2/3}(c + dx) \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m-2/3} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\frac{\cos^{2/3}(c + dx) \left( \frac{(A(3m+4)+3Cm+C) \int \cos^{m-2/3}(c+dx) dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1/3}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\cos^{2/3}(c + dx) \left( \frac{(A(3m+4)+3Cm+C) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-2/3} dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+1/3}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} - \frac{3(A(3m+4)+3Cm+C) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+1), \frac{1}{6}(3m+4), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+1)(3m+4)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*((3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + 3*m)) - (3*(C + 3*C*m + A*(4 + 3*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 3*m)/6, (7 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 3*m))* (4 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (A+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c)/b**(2/3)`

**3.181** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1342
Rubi [A] (verified)	1343
Maple [F]	1345
Fricas [F]	1345
Sympy [F]	1345
Maxima [F]	1346
Giac [F]	1346
Mupad [F(-1)]	1346
Reduce [F]	1347

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C \cos^m(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(C(1-3m) - A(2+3m)) \cos^m(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(-1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd(1-3m)(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^m*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3*(C*(1-3*m)-
A*(2+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^m*hypergeom([1/2, -1/6+1/2*m], [5/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)
^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1-3*m)/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/
2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{csc}(c+dx) (A(5+3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(-1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(-1+3m)(5+3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3),x
]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(5 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,
(-1 + 3*m)/6, (5 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-1 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*H
ypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin
[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-1 + 3*m)*(5 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{4}{3}} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)) \int \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{4}{3}} dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{3(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m-1), \frac{1}{6}(3m+2), \sin^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1-3m)(3m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3), x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*((3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1/3 + m)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + 3*m)) - (3*(C*(1 - 3*m) - A*(2 + 3*m))*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 3*m)/6, (5 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 3*m)*(2 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_)+(C_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (A+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(4/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+A)\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m(C\cos(c+dx)^2+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{2/3} dx \right) c}{b^{4/3}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)`



### 3.182 $\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)$

Optimal result	1348
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1349
Rubi [A] (verified)	1349
Maple [F]	1351
Fricas [F]	1351
Sympy [F]	1352
Maxima [F]	1352
Giac [F]	1352
Mupad [F(-1)]	1353
Reduce [F]	1353

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(a \cos(c + dx))^{1+m} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{ad(2 + m + n)}$$

$$- \frac{(C(1 + m + n) + A(2 + m + n))(a \cos(c + dx))^{1+m} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{ad(1 + m + n)(2 + m + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(2+m+n)-(C*(1+m+n)+
A*(2+m+n))*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m
+1/2*n], [3/2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(1+m+n)/(2+m+n)/(si
n(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (A(3 + m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n) + 1, \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{a^2}))}{(3 + m + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-(((a*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(3 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/2, (3 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + m + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m + n)/2, (5 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(1 + m + n)*(3 + m + n)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{m+n} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3493$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx)^n \left( \left( A + \frac{C(m+n+1)}{m+n+2} \right) \int (a \cos(c+dx))^{m+n} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx))^{m+n+1}}{ad(m+n+2)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \left( A + \frac{C(m+n+1)}{m+n+2} \right) \int \left( a \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{m+n} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx))^{m+n+1}}{ad(m+n+2)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx))^{m+n+1}}{ad(m+n+2)} - \frac{\left( A + \frac{C(m+n+1)}{m+n+2} \right) \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx))^{m+n+1} \text{Hypergeometric}}{ad(m+n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((C*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + m + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*(2 + m + n)) - ((A + (C*(1 + m + n))/(2 + m + n))*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/2, (3 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*(1 + m + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*cos[c + d*x])^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(c + d*x))**m*(b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))m*(b*cos(d*x+c))n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c))m*(b*cos(d*x + c))n, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))m*(b*cos(d*x+c))n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a*cos(c + d*x))^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a*cos(c + d*x))^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n a^m \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*a**m*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.183 $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1354
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1354
Rubi [A] (verified)	1355
Maple [F]	1356
Fricas [F]	1357
Sympy [F(-1)]	1357
Maxima [F]	1358
Giac [F]	1358
Mupad [F(-1)]	1358
Reduce [F]	1359

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3+n} \sin(c+dx)}{b^3 d(4+n)} - \frac{(C(3+n) + A(4+n))(b \cos(c+dx))^{3+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{b^3 d(3+n)(4+n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(4+n)-(C*(3+n)+A*(4+n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n],[5/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(4+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \cot(c+dx) (A(5+n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + d(3+n)(5+n))}{d(3+n)(5+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```

-((Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(5 + n)*Hypergeometri
c2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(3 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2
*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + n)/2, (7 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c
+ d*x]^2])/(d*(3 + n)*(5 + n))

```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\left(A + \frac{C(n+3)}{n+4}\right) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\left(A + \frac{C(n+3)}{n+4}\right) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)} - \left(A + \frac{C(n+3)}{n+4}\right) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd(n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(4 + n)) - ((A + (C*(3 + n)))/(4 + n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/b^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^2 (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.184 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1360
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1360
Rubi [A] (verified)	1361
Maple [F]	1362
Fricas [F]	1363
Sympy [F(-1)]	1363
Maxima [F]	1364
Giac [F]	1364
Mupad [F(-1)]	1364
Reduce [F]	1365

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c+dx))^{2+n} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(3+n)} - \frac{(C(2+n) + A(3+n))(b \cos(c+dx))^{2+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d(2+n)(3+n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(3+n)-(C*(2+n)+A*(3+n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n],[2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \cot(c+dx) (A(4+n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + C)}{d(2+n)(4+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```

-((Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(2 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*H
ypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c +
d*x]^2])/(d*(2 + n)*(4 + n))
    
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + A) dx}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \frac{\left(A + \frac{C(n+2)}{n+3}\right) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\left(A + \frac{C(n+2)}{n+3}\right) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)} - \left(A + \frac{C(n+2)}{n+3}\right) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd(n+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 + n)) - ((A + (C*(2 + n)))/(3 + n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.185 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1366
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1366
Rubi [A] (verified)	1367
Maple [F]	1368
Fricas [F]	1369
Sympy [F]	1369
Maxima [F]	1369
Giac [F]	1370
Mupad [F(-1)]	1370
Reduce [F]	1370

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \sin(c + dx)}{bd(2 + n)} - \frac{(C(1 + n) + A(2 + n))(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1 + n)(2 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+n)-(C*(1+n)+A*(2+n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n],[3/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (A(3 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(1 + n) \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(1 + n)(3 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```

-(((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*cot[c + d*x]*(A*(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 +
n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric
2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(d*(
1 + n)*(3 + n))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & \left( A + \frac{C(n+1)}{n+2} \right) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}}{bd(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \left( A + \frac{C(n+1)}{n+2} \right) \int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}}{bd(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}}{bd(n+2)} - \\
 & \frac{\left( A + \frac{C(n+1)}{n+2} \right) \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd(n+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2), x]

```

output  $(C*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(1 + n)}*\sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 + n)) - ((A + (C*(1 + n))/(2 + n))*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(1 + n)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2]*\sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 + n)*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2})$

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x] + d*x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)})/(b*d*(n + 1)*\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]^2})*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, \sin[c + d*x]^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3493  $\text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x] + (f*x))^m*(A + C*\sin[e + f*x]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\cos[e + f*x]*((b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)})/(b*f*(m + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, e, f, A, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2), x)$

output  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2), x)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c+dx)^2 + A)(b \cos(c+dx))^n dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^n dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^n \cos(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.186 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1371
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1372
Maple [F]	1374
Fricas [F]	1374
Sympy [F]	1374
Maxima [F]	1375
Giac [F]	1375
Mupad [F(-1)]	1375
Reduce [F]	1376

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 29, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + n)} - \frac{(A + An + Cn)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn(1 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+n)-(A*n+C*n+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n],[1+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \cot(c + dx) (A(2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + Cn \cos^2(c + dx))}{dn(2 + n)}$$



input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `-((b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Cot[c + d*x]*(A*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*n*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*n*(2 + n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.172$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sec(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^2 (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^n}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & b \int \left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{n-1} \left(C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & b \left( \frac{(An + A + Cn) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx}{n + 1} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & b \left( \frac{(An + A + Cn) \int (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{n-1} dx}{n + 1} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n + 1)} - \frac{(An + A + Cn) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bdn(n + 1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 + n)) - ((A + A*n + C*n)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*n*(1 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

### 3.187 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1378
Rubi [A] (verified)	1378
Maple [F]	1380
Fricas [F]	1380
Sympy [F(-1)]	1381
Maxima [F]	1381
Giac [F]	1381
Mupad [F(-1)]	1382
Reduce [F]	1382

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{bC(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \sin(c + dx)}{dn} - \frac{b(C(1 - n) - An)(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)n\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))(-1+n)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n-b*(C*(1-n)-A*n)*(b*cos(d*x+c))(-1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/n/(sin(d*x+c)2)(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \csc(c + dx) (A(1 + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + C}{d(-1 + n)(1 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `-((b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-1 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + n)*(1 + n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-2} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{(C(1-n) - An) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n-2} dx}{n} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{(C(1-n) - An) \int (b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-2} dx}{n} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{(C(1-n) - An) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, n, \frac{3}{2}, \sin^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd(1-n)n\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
b^2*((C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*n) - ((C*(1 - n) - A*n)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 - n)*n*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```



rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.188 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1383
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1384
Rubi [A] (verified)	1384
Maple [F]	1386
Fricas [F]	1386
Sympy [F(-1)]	1387
Maxima [F]	1387
Giac [F]	1387
Mupad [F(-1)]	1388
Reduce [F]	1388

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2 C (b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)} + \frac{b^2 (A(1 - n) + C(2 - n)) (b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)(2 - n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^-2+n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)+b^2*(A*(1-n)+C*(2-n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^-2+n*hypergeom([1/2, -1+1/2*n],[1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(2-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (An \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + C(-2 + n) \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(-2 + n)n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-(((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-2 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-2 + n)*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) \left(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^n}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{n-3} \left(C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^3 \left( \left( A + \frac{C(2-n)}{1-n} \right) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n-3} dx - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-2}}{bd(1-n)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( \left( A + \frac{C(2-n)}{1-n} \right) \int \left( b \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-3} dx - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-2}}{bd(1-n)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\left( A + \frac{C(2-n)}{1-n} \right) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-2}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx) \right)}{bd(2-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{bd} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]`

output `b^3*(-((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 - n))) + ((A + (C*(2 - n))/(1 - n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`

### 3.189 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx$

Optimal result	1389
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1390
Rubi [A] (verified)	1390
Maple [F]	1392
Fricas [F]	1392
Sympy [F(-1)]	1393
Maxima [F]	1393
Giac [F]	1393
Mupad [F(-1)]	1394
Reduce [F]	1394

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^3 C (b \cos(c + dx))^{-3+n} \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - n)} + \frac{b^3 (A(2 - n) + C(3 - n)) (b \cos(c + dx))^{-3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(2 - n)(3 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -b^3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3-n)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)+b^3*(A*(2-n)+C*(3-n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3-n)*hypergeom([1/2, -3/2+1/2*n], [-1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)/(3-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(-1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(-1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-3 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `-(((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + n)/2, (-1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-3 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-3 + n)*(-1 + n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.161$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) \left(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^n}{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^4 \int \left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{n-4} \left(C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( \left( A + \frac{C(3-n)}{2-n} \right) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n-4} dx - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-3}}{bd(2-n)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \left( A + \frac{C(3-n)}{2-n} \right) \int \left( b \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-4} dx - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-3}}{bd(2-n)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\left( A + \frac{C(3-n)}{2-n} \right) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-3}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx) \right)}{bd(3-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b^4*(-((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 - n))) + ((A + (C*(3 - n))/(2 - n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + n)/2, (-1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)`

### 3.190 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1395
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1395
Rubi [A] (verified)	1396
Maple [F]	1398
Fricas [F]	1398
Sympy [F(-1)]	1398
Maxima [F]	1399
Giac [F]	1399
Mupad [F(-1)]	1399
Reduce [F]	1400

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(9 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C(7 + 2n) + A(9 + 2n)) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(7 + 2n)(9 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(9+2*n)-2*(C*(7+2*n)+A*(9+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4+1/2*n],[11/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)/(9+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$- \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(11 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(7 + 2n)(9 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$



input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(11 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(7 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (11 + 2*n)/4, (15 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(7 + 2*n)*(11 + 2*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{2n + 9} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 9)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} dx}{2n + 9} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 9)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))}{d(2n+9)} - \frac{2(A(2n+9) + C(2n+7)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric} F_1[1/2, (7+2n)/4, (11+2n)/4, \cos^2(c+dx)]}{d(2n+7)(2n+9)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(9 + 2*n)) - (2*(C*(7 + 2*n) + A*(9 + 2*n))*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)*(9 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.191 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1401
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1401
Rubi [A] (verified)	1402
Maple [F]	1404
Fricas [F]	1404
Sympy [F(-1)]	1404
Maxima [F]	1405
Giac [F]	1405
Mupad [F(-1)]	1405
Reduce [F]	1406

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C(5 + 2n) + A(7 + 2n)) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(5 + 2n)(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)-2*(C*(5+2*n)+A*(7+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n],[9/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$- \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(9 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(5 + 2n)(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(9 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(5 + 2*n)*(9 + 2*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{2n + 7} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 7)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx}{2n + 7} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 7)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))}{d(2n+7)} - \frac{2(A(2n+7) + C(2n+5)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+2n}{4}, \frac{9+2n}{4}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right]}{d(2n+5)(2n+7)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)) - (2*(C*(5 + 2*n) + A*(7 + 2*n))*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)*(7 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n (A+C\cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C\cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b\cos(dx+c))^n \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n (A+C\cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C\cos(dx+c)^2 + A)(b\cos(dx+c))^n \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n (A+C\cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c+dx)^{3/2} (C\cos(c+dx)^2 + A) (b\cos(c+dx))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.192 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1407
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1407
Rubi [A] (verified)	1408
Maple [F]	1410
Fricas [F]	1410
Sympy [F(-1)]	1410
Maxima [F]	1411
Giac [F]	1411
Mupad [F(-1)]	1411
Reduce [F]	1412

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C(3 + 2n) + A(5 + 2n)) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(3 + 2n)(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)-2*(C*(3+2*n)+A*(5+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n],[7/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$- \frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(7 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(3 + 2n) \sin(c + dx))}{d(3 + 2n)(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(7 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(3 + 2*n)*(7 + 2*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2034} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3493} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{2n + 5} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 5)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx}{2n + 5} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 5)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))}{d(2n+5)} - \frac{2(A(2n+5) + C(2n+3)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+2n}{4}, \frac{7+2n}{4}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right]}{d(2n+3)(2n+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)) - (2*(C*(3 + 2*n) + A*(5 + 2*n))*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_.*((a_)*(v_))^(m_))*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (b \cos(dx+c))^n (A+C \cos(dx+c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n,x)`



output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*c)`

**3.193** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1413
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1414
Rubi [A] (verified)	1414
Maple [F]	1416
Fricas [F]	1416
Sympy [F]	1417
Maxima [F]	1417
Giac [F]	1417
Mupad [F(-1)]	1418
Reduce [F]	1418

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C + 2Cn + A(3 + 2n)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{\sin^2(c + dx)}{\cos(c + dx)}\right)}{d(1 + 2n)(3 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)-2*(C+2*C*n+A*(3+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n],[5/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(5 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), d($$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(1 + 2*n)*(5 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3493}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) dx}{2n+3} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx}{2n+3} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+3)} - \frac{2(A(2n+3) + 2Cn + C) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}}{d(2n+1)(2n+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

```
output ((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*C*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)) - (2*(C + 2*C*n + A*(3 + 2*n))*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 2*n)*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 2034 Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)2)/cos(d*x+c)(1/2), x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x),x)*c)`

**3.194** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1419
Rubi [A] (verified)	1420
Maple [F]	1422
Fricas [F]	1422
Sympy [F]	1422
Maxima [F]	1423
Giac [F]	1423
Mupad [F(-1)]	1424
Reduce [F]	1424

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + 2n)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(A - C(1 - 2n) + 2An)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(1 - 4n^2)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*(A-C*(1-2*n)+2*A*n)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n], [3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(-4*n^2+1)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(3 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - d(-1 + 2n)(3 -$$



input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x
]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-
1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + 2*n)*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

↓ 3493

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( \frac{(2An + A - C(1 - 2n)) \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( \frac{(2An + A - C(1 - 2n)) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))}{d(1-2n)(2n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \right)$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 2*n)) + (2*(A - C*(1 - 2*n) + 2*A*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)*(1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_.*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*a)`

**3.195** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1425
Rubi [A] (verified)	1426
Maple [F]	1428
Fricas [F]	1428
Sympy [F(-1)]	1428
Maxima [F]	1429
Giac [F]	1429
Mupad [F(-1)]	1430
Reduce [F]	1430

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(A + C(3 - 2n) - 2An)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(1 - 2n)(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2*(A+C*(3-2*n)-2*A*n)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n],[1/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + d(-3 + 2n)(1 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx))}{d(1 - 2n)(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x
]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-
3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-3 + 2*n)*(1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

↓ 3493

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \cos^{-\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \cos^2(c+dx)))}{d(1-2n)(3-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)) + (2*(A*(1 - 2*n) + C*(3 - 2*n))*Cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)*(3 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^3} dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**3, x)*a)`

**3.196** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1431
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1431
Rubi [A] (verified)	1432
Maple [F]	1434
Fricas [F]	1434
Sympy [F(-1)]	1434
Maxima [F]	1435
Giac [F]	1435
Mupad [F(-1)]	1436
Reduce [F]	1436

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(A(3 - 2n) + C(5 - 2n))(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(3 - 2n)(5 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2*(A*(3-2*n)+C*(5-2*n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -5/4+1/2*n], [-1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/(5-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(-1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(-1 + 2n))}{d(-5 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x
]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-5 + 2*n)*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

↓ 3493

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \cos^{-\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-5), \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \cos^2(c+dx)))}{d(3-2n)(5-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)) + (2*(A*(3 - 2*n) + C*(5 - 2*n))*Cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)*(5 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m + 2) + C*(m + 1))/(m + 2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^4} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.197** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1437
Rubi [A] (verified)	1438
Maple [F]	1440
Fricas [F]	1440
Sympy [F(-1)]	1440
Maxima [F]	1441
Giac [F]	1441
Mupad [F(-1)]	1442
Reduce [F]	1442

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{2(A(5 - 2n) + C(7 - 2n))(b \cos(c + dx))^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(5 - 2n)(7 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+2*(A*(5-2*n)+C*(7-2*n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -7/4+1/2*n], [-3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5-2*n)/(7-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = -\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (A(-3 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + d(-7 + 2n))}{d(-7 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x
]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(A*(-3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-7 + 2*n)/4, (-3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-7 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-7 + 2*n)*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3493, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + A) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{9}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + A\right) dx$$

↓ 3493

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(5 - 2n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{9}{2}} dx}{5 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(5 - 2n)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \cos^{-\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-7), \frac{1}{4}(2n-3), \cos^2(c+dx)))}{d(5-2n)(7-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(-7/2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 - 2*n)) + (2*(A*(5 - 2*n) + C*(7 - 2*n))*Cos[c + d*x]^(-7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-7 + 2*n)/4, (-3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 - 2*n)*(7 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3493 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[(A*(m+2) + C*(m+1))/(m+2) Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

output `int(((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n)/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^5} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^3} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**5,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.198 $\int (a+a \cos(e+fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1443
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1444
Rubi [A] (verified)	1444
Maple [F]	1447
Fricas [F]	1447
Sympy [F]	1448
Maxima [F]	1448
Giac [F]	1448
Mupad [F(-1)]	1449
Reduce [F]	1449

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{C(a + a \cos(e + fx))^m \sin(e + fx)}{f(2 + 3m + m^2)} + \frac{C(a + a \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \sin(e + fx)}{af(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}+m}(C(1 + m + m^2) + A(2 + 3m + m^2))(1 + \cos(e + fx))^{-\frac{1}{2}-m}(a + a \cos(e + fx))^m \text{Hypergeomet}}{f(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

output

```
-C*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(m^2+3*m+2)+C*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(2+m)+2^(1/2+m)*(C*(m^2+m+1)+A*(m^2+3*m+2))*(1+cos(f*x+e))^(-1/2-m)*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2-m],[3/2],1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+m)/(2+m)
```



**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{i 4^{-1-m} e^{-i(2+m)(e+fx)} (1 + e^{i(e+fx)}) \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{i(e+fx)}) \right)^{2m} \cos^{-2m} \left( \frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) (a(1 + \cos(e + fx)))}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(I*4^(-1 - m)*(1 + E^(I*(e + f*x)))*((1 + E^(I*(e + f*x)))/E^((I/2)*(e + f
*x)))^(2*m)*(a*(1 + Cos[e + f*x]))^m*(C*E^(I*m*(e + f*x))*(-2 + m)*Hyper
geometric2F1[1, -1 + m, -1 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))] + E^(I*(2 + m)*(e + f*x)
)*(2 + m)*(2*(2*A + C)*(-2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 1 - m, -E^(I*(
e + f*x))] + C*E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))*m*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 3 + m, 3 - m, -E
^(I*(e + f*x))]))/(E^(I*(2 + m)*(e + f*x))*f*(-2 + m)*m*(2 + m)*Cos[(e +
f*x)/2]^(2*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^m \left( A + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3503}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (\cos(e + fx)a + a)^m (a(C(m + 1) + A(m + 2)) - aC \cos(e + fx)) dx}{a(m + 2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (\sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^m (a(C(m + 1) + A(m + 2)) - aC \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a(m + 2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(A(m^2+3m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))}{m+1} \int (\cos(e+fx)a+a)^m dx}{a(m + 2)} - \frac{aC \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(A(m^2+3m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))}{m+1} \int (\sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^m dx}{a(m + 2)} - \frac{aC \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(A(m^2+3m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m} (a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m \int (\cos(e+fx)+1)^m dx}{m+1}}{a(m + 2)} - \frac{aC \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(A(m^2+3m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m} (a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m \int (\sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1)^m dx}{m+1}}{a(m + 2)} - \frac{aC \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3130}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^{2m+\frac{1}{2}}(A(m^2+3m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))\sin(e+fx)(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m-\frac{1}{2}}(a\cos(e+fx)+a)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(e+fx))\right)}{f(m+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{C\sin(e+fx)(a\cos(e+fx)+a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} a^{(m+2)}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*Sin[e + f*x])/(a*f*(2 + m)) + (-((a*C*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m))) + (2^(1/2 + m)*a*(C*(1 + m + m^2) + A*(2 + 3*m + m^2))*(1 + Cos[e + f*x])^(-1/2 - m)*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m)))/(a*(2 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(fx + e))^m (A + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + A)(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a(\cos(e + fx) + 1))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(e + f*x) + 1))**m*(A + C*cos(e + f*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos^2(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos^2(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + A) (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(e + f*x))^m,x)`output `int((A + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(e + f*x))^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c$$

input `int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`output `int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m,x)*a + int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.199 $\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1450
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1450
Rubi [A] (verified)	1451
Maple [F]	1454
Fricas [F]	1454
Sympy [F(-1)]	1455
Maxima [F]	1455
Giac [F]	1455
Mupad [F(-1)]	1456
Reduce [F]	1456

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{9C(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{40d} + \frac{3C(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8ad}$$

$$+ \frac{(40A + 19C)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10 \cdot 2^{5/6} d (1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/6}}$$

output

```
-9/40*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/8*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+1/20*(40*A+19*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(7/6)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{2/3} \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(6 \cdot 2^{5/6} (40A + 28C + 14C \cos(c + dx)) + 5\right)}{10 \cdot 2^{5/6} d (1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/6}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(2/3)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*(6*2^(5/6)*(40*A + 28*C + 14*C*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*(1 - Cos[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]])^(1/6)*Sin[c + d*x] - 4*(40*A + 19*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, Cos[(d*x)/2 - ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]]^2]*Sin[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]]))/(320*2^(5/6)*d*(1 - Cos[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]])^(1/6))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^{2/3} \left( A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3503} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{2/3} (a(8A + 5C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}} + 8ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{2/3} (a(8A + 5C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}} + 8ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \left( \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + a \right)^{2/3} \left( a(8A + 5C) - 3aC \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx}{8a} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}}{8ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5}a(40A + 19C) \int (\cos(c + dx)a + a)^{2/3} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{8a} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}}{8ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5}a(40A + 19C) \int \left( \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + a \right)^{2/3} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{8a} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}}{8ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(40A+19C)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int (\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{5(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3}}}{8a} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}}{8ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(40A+19C)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1)^{2/3} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{5(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3}}}{8a} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}}{8ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3130} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt[6]{2}a(40A+19C) \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right) - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{7/6}} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{5/3}}{8ad}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output

```
(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*a*d) + ((-9*a*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (2*2^(1/6)*a*(40*A + 19*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(7/6)))/(8*a)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3130

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 3131

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 3230

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = a^{2/3} \left( \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{2/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `a**(2/3)*(int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.200 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1457
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1457
Rubi [A] (verified)	1458
Maple [F]	1461
Fricas [F]	1461
Sympy [F]	1462
Maxima [F]	1462
Giac [F]	1462
Mupad [F(-1)]	1463
Reduce [F]	1463

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{9C \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{28d} + \frac{3C(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7ad}$$

$$+ \frac{(28A + 13C) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{14\sqrt[6]{2d}(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

output

```
-9/28*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/7*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+1/28*(28*A+13*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(5/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 289 vs. 2(135) = 270.

Time = 4.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[3]{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \left(-2(28A + 13C) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}; \frac{5}{6}; \cos^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right) \sec\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(1/3)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]*(-2*(28*A + 13*C)*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/6}, {5/6}, Cos[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]]^2]*Sec[c/2]*Sin[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]) + ((5*(28*A + 13*C)*Cos[(c - d*x - 2*ArcTan[Tan[c/2]])/2]*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2] + (28*A + 13*C)*Cos[(c + d*x + 2*ArcTan[Tan[c/2]])/2]*Csc[c/2]*Sec[c/2] + 6*Cos[(c + d*x)/2]*Sqrt[Sec[c/2]^2]*(-(28*A + 13*C)*Cot[c/2] + C*(Sin[c + d*x] + 2*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])))*Sqrt[Sin[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]]^2])/2)/(28*d*Sqrt[Sec[c/2]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[(d*x)/2 + ArcTan[Tan[c/2]]]^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}\left(A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3503$$

$$3 \int \frac{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(a(7A + 4C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{4/3}}} +$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + a}(a(7A + 4C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{4/3}}} +$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} a + a(a(7A+4C) - 3aC \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}} 7ad} + \\
 & \downarrow 3230 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}a(28A+13C) \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}} 7ad} + \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{4}a(28A+13C) \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} a + a dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}} 7ad} + \\
 & \downarrow 3131 \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(28A+13C) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{4 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}}}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}} 7ad} + \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(28A+13C) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} + 1 dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{4 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}}}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}} 7ad} + \\
 & \downarrow 3130 \\
 & \frac{\frac{a(28A+13C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right) - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{2 \sqrt[6]{2d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{5/6}}}}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}} 7ad} +
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*sin[c + d*x]/(7*a*d) + ((-9*a*C*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (a*(28*A + 13*C)*(a + a*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*sin[c + d*x])/(2*2^(1/6)*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6)))/(7*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*sin[c + d*x]])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*(a + b*sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n] Int[(1 + (b/a)*sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt[3]{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3)*(A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= a^{1/3} \left( \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{1/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{1/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `a**(1/3)*(int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.201** 
$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1464
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1465
Rubi [A] (verified)	1465
Maple [F]	1468
Fricas [F]	1468
Sympy [F]	1469
Maxima [F]	1469
Giac [F]	1469
Mupad [F(-1)]	1470
Reduce [F]	1470

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{9C \sin(c+dx)}{10d \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3C(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{5ad}$$

$$+ \frac{(10A+7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right) \sin(c+dx)}{5 \cdot 2^{5/6} d \sqrt[6]{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-9/10*C*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)+3/5*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+1/10*(10*A+7*C)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/6)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3^{2^{5/6}} C \sqrt[6]{1 - \cos\left(dx - 2 \arctan\left(\cot\left(\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)\right)} (\sin(c + dx) - \sin(2(c + dx))) + 2(10A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} - \arctan\left[\cot\left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right]\right)^2\right] \sin\left[dx - 2 \arctan\left[\cot\left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right]\right]}{20d \sqrt[3]{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))} \sqrt[6]{\sin^2\left(\frac{dx}{2} - \arctan\left[\cot\left[\frac{c}{2}\right]\right]\right)}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`output `-1/20*(3*2^(5/6)*C*(1 - Cos[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]])^(1/6)*(Sin[c + d*x] - Sin[2*(c + d*x)]) + 2*(10*A + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, Cos[(d*x)/2 - ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]]^2]*Sin[d*x - 2*ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]])/(d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(1/3)*(Sin[(d*x)/2 - ArcTan[Cot[c/2]]]^2)^(1/6))`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3503}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{a(5A+2C)-3aC \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a(5A+2C)-3aC \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{a(5A+2C)-3aC \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3230 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}a(10A+7C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}a(10A+7C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3131 \\
& \frac{a(10A+7C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{a(10A+7C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3130} \\ & \frac{a(10A+7C) \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{2^{5/6} d \sqrt[6]{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} - \frac{9aC \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\ & \frac{5a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} \\ & \frac{5ad}{5ad} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d) + ((-9*a*C*SIN[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))) + (a*(10*A + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2^(5/6)*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(1/6)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)))/(5*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



rule 3230

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*a)/a**(1/3)`

**3.202**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1471
Mathematica [F]	1471
Rubi [A] (verified)	1472
Maple [F]	1475
Fricas [F]	1475
Sympy [F]	1475
Maxima [F]	1476
Giac [F]	1476
Mupad [F(-1)]	1476
Reduce [F]	1477

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(A + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4ad} - \frac{(4A + 7C) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt[6]{2ad}(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

output

```
3*(A+C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)+3/4*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-1/4*(4*A+7*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2],[3/2],1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(5/6)/a/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 3503

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{a(4A+C) - 3aC \cos(c+dx)}{3(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(4A+C) - 3aC \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(4A+C) - 3aC \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad}$$

↓ 3229

$$\frac{12a(A+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - (4A + 7C) \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + a} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad}$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - (4A+7C) \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} a + adx}{\frac{4a}{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4ad}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(4A+7C) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a} \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1}}}{\frac{4a}{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4ad}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(4A+7C) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a} \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} + 1 dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1}}}{\frac{4a}{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4ad}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3130} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{5/6}(4A+7C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{5/6}}}{\frac{4a}{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}{4ad}} +
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*a*d) + ((12*a*(A + C)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)) - (2^(5/6)*(4*A + 7*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6)))/(4*a)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3503 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a (\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(2/3), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{2/3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{2/3}} dx \right) a}{a^{2/3}}$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*a)/a**(2/3)`

### 3.203 $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1478
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1479
Rubi [A] (verified)	1479
Maple [F]	1483
Fricas [F]	1483
Sympy [F(-1)]	1483
Maxima [F]	1484
Giac [F]	1484
Mupad [F(-1)]	1484
Reduce [F]	1485

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8bd}$$

$$- \frac{3aC \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{4\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{5/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(8A + 5C)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{4\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/8*a*C*AppellF1(1/2,-5/3,1/2,
3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(
d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(5/3)+
/8*(3*a^2*C+b^2*(8*A+5*C))*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+c
os(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( 60a(a^2 - b^2) C \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a-b}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`output `(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(60*a*(a^2 - b^2)*C*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + 4*(40*A*b^2 - 6*a^2*C + 25*b^2*C)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 20*b^2*C*(2*a + 5*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(800*b^3*d)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3503}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(b(8A + 5C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx))dx}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(b(8A + 5C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx))dx}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}(b(8A + 5C) - 3aC \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3235} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a^2C + b^2(8A + 5C)) \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} - \frac{3aC \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} dx}{b}}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3a^2C + b^2(8A + 5C)) \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b} - \frac{3aC \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{b}}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3144} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3aC \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(8A + 5C)) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}}{8b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3aC(a+b) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{5/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{(3a^2C+b^2(8A+5C)) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$


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$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2C+b^2(8A+5C)) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}aC(a+b) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(8*b*d) + ((-3*sqrt(2)*a*(a + b)*C*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -5/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*sqrt(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3) + (sqrt(2)*(3*a^2*C + b^2*(8*A + 5*C))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*sqrt(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)))/(8*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f))], x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3503 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_))*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} \cos^2(dx + c) dx \right) c$$

input `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.204 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1486
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1487
Rubi [A] (verified)	1487
Maple [F]	1491
Fricas [F]	1491
Sympy [F]	1492
Maxima [F]	1492
Giac [F]	1492
Mupad [F(-1)]	1493
Reduce [F]	1493

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}aC \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}\left(\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{4/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2C + b^2(7A + 4C)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/7*2^(1/2)*a*C*AppellF1(1/2,-4/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(4/3)+1/7*2^(1/2)*(3*a^2*C+b^2*(7*A+4*C))*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 12a(a^2 - b^2) C \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{b \cos(c+dx) + a}{a-b}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`output `(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(12*a*(a^2 - b^2)*C*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + (28*A*b^2 - 3*a^2*C + 16*b^2*C)*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*C*(a + 4*b*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(112*b^3*d)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( A + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3503}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (b(7A + 4C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (b(7A + 4C) - 3aC \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (b(7A + 4C) - 3aC \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3235

$$\frac{(3a^2C + b^2(7A + 4C)) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{3aC \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx}{b}}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(3a^2C + b^2(7A + 4C)) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} - \frac{3aC \int (a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3} dx}{b}}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3144

$$\frac{3aC \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(7A + 4C)) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 156

$$\frac{3aC(a+b)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\int\frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b}+\frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{4/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}d\cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{(3a^2C+b^2(7A+4C))\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

$$\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2C+b^2(7A+4C))\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},-\frac{1}{3},\frac{3}{2},\frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)),\frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}-\frac{3\sqrt{2}aC(a+b)\sin(c+dx)}{bd}$$

$$\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((-3*Sqrt[2]*a*(a + b)*C*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -4/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(3*a^2*C + b^2*(7*A + 4*C))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3))/(7*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f))], x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A) (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c$$

input `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`output `int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c`

**3.205**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1494
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1495
Rubi [A] (verified)	1495
Maple [F]	1499
Fricas [F]	1499
Sympy [F]	1499
Maxima [F]	1500
Giac [F]	1500
Mupad [F(-1)]	1500
Reduce [F]	1501

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 274

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{2}aC \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2C + b^2(5A + 2C)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}{5b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/5*2^(1/2)*a*C*AppellF1(1/2,-
2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2
/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)+1
/5*2^(1/2)*(3*a^2*C+b^2*(5*A+2*C))*AppellF1(1/2,1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c
)))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2
/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( 5(5Ab^2 + 3a^2C + 2b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*(5*A*b^2 + 3*a^2*C + 2*b^2*C)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)] - 6*a*C*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 10*b^2*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(50*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin^2\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3503}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{b(5A+2C)-3aC \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)-3aC \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)-3aC \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3235 \\
 & \frac{(3a^2C+b^2(5A+2C)) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} - \frac{3aC \int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(3a^2C+b^2(5A+2C)) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} - \frac{3aC \int (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3144 \\
 & \frac{3aC \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{(3a^2C+b^2(5A+2C)) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 156
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3aC \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{(3a^2C+b^2(5A+2C)) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

5b

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2C+b^2(5A+2C)) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}aC \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

5b

input `Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*b*d) + ((-3*sqrt(2)*a*C*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*sqrt(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3) + (sqrt(2)*(3*a^2*C + b^2*(5*A + 2*C))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*sqrt(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)))/(5*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)
```



output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*a`

**3.206**  $\int \frac{A+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1502
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1503
Rubi [A] (verified)	1503
Maple [F]	1506
Fricas [F]	1507
Sympy [F]	1507
Maxima [F]	1507
Giac [F]	1508
Mupad [F(-1)]	1508
Reduce [F]	1508

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 272

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4bd}$$

$$\frac{3aC \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(4A + C)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/4*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/4*a*C*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1/2,
3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(
d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)+1
/4*(3*a^2*C+b^2*(4*A+C))*AppellF1(1/2,2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1
/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d
/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$3\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 4(4Ab^2 + (3a^2 + b^2)C) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]`

output `(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*(4*A*b^2 + (3*a^2 + b^2)*C)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)] + C*(-3*a*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(16*b^3*d)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3503}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{b(4A+C) - 3aC \cos(c+dx)}{3(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(4A+C) - 3aC \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(4A+C) - 3aC \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3235 \\
 & \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(4A+C)) \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} - \frac{3aC \int \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(4A+C)) \int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{b} - \frac{3aC \int \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3144 \\
 & \frac{3aC \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(4A+C)) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 156 \\
 & \frac{3aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \frac{d \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(3a^2C + b^2(4A+C)) \sin(c+dx) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(3a^2C+b^2(4A+C)) \sin(c+dx) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}aC \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

4b

input

```
Int[(A + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*b*d) + ((-3*Sqrt[2]*a*C*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3) + (Sqrt[2]*(3*a^2*C + b^2*(4*A + C))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)))/(4*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 155

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p])*((b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3503 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) a$$

input `int((A+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*a`

### 3.207 $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1509
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1510
Rubi [A] (verified)	1510
Maple [F]	1513
Fricas [F]	1514
Sympy [F(-1)]	1514
Maxima [F]	1514
Giac [F]	1515
Mupad [F(-1)]	1515
Reduce [F]	1515

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{2}A \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}} +$$

$$+\frac{4\sqrt{2}A \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)}{f \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}}$$

output

```
-4*2^(1/2)*A*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-3/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f
*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(((a+b*cos(f*x
+e))/(a+b))^m)+4*2^(1/2)*A*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b
),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/
(((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^m)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{4A \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{5}{2}, \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right), \frac{2b \sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)}{a + b}\right) \sqrt{\cos^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(e + fx)\right)} (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m}{3f}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A - A*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(4*A*AppellF1[3/2, -1/2, -m, 5/2, Sin[(e + f*x)/2]^2, (2*b*Ssin[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(a + b)]*Sqrt[Cos[(e + f*x)/2]^2]*(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Ssin[e + f*x]*Tan[(e + f*x)/2]^2)/(3*f*((a + b*Cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.346$ , Rules used = {3042, 3497, 3042, 3234, 156, 155, 3263, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( A - A \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( a + b \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3497}$$

$$2A \int (\cos(e + fx) + 1)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx - A \int (\cos(e + fx) + 1)^2 (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2A \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right) \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx - \\
& A \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3234} \\
& -A \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx - \\
& \frac{2A \sin(e + fx) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)+1}(a+b \cos(e+fx))^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
& -A \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx - \\
& \frac{2A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)+1} \left( \frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
& \frac{4\sqrt{2}A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \right)}{f \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& A \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3263} \\
& \frac{A \sin(e + fx) \int \frac{(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{3/2}(a+b \cos(e+fx))^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} + \\
& \frac{4\sqrt{2}A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \right)}{f \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
& \frac{A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \int \frac{(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{3/2} \left( \frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} + \\
& \frac{4\sqrt{2}A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(e+fx))}{a+b} \right)}{f \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{155}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{2}A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(e+fx))}{a+b}\right)}{f\sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{2}A \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(e+fx))}{a+b}\right)}{f\sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A - A*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(-4*sqrt[2]*A*AppellF1[1/2, -3/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*Cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m) + (4*sqrt[2]*A*AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*Cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*((b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simpp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3234 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1 + Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x])) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^m*(Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x]/Sqrt[1 - (d/c)*x]), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*m] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3263 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1 + Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]])) Subst[Int[(1 + (b/a)*x)^(m - 1/2)*((c + d*x)^n/Sqrt[1 - (b/a)*x]), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3497 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - C) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(1 + Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[C Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(1 + Sin[e + f*x])^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && EqQ[A + C, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(fx + e))^m (A - A \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int -(A \cos(fx + e)^2 - A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(A*cos(f*x + e)^2 - A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int -(A \cos(fx + e)^2 - A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((A*cos(f*x + e)^2 - A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int -(A \cos(fx + e)^2 - A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(A*cos(f*x + e)^2 - A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (A - A \cos(e + fx)^2) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A - A*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m,x)`

output `int((A - A*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A - A \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= a \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m dx - \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A-A*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`



output

```
a*(int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m,x) - int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*  
x)**2,x))
```

### 3.208 $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1517
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1518
Rubi [A] (verified)	1518
Maple [F]	1521
Fricas [F]	1521
Sympy [F(-1)]	1522
Maxima [F]	1522
Giac [F]	1522
Mupad [F(-1)]	1523
Reduce [F]	1523

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \frac{C(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \sin(e + fx)}{bf(2 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}aC \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -1 - m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)}{b^2 f(2 + m) \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(a^2 C + b^2(C(1 + m) + A(2 + m))) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^{1+m}}{b^2 f(2 + m) \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}}$$

output

```
C*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/b/f/(2+m)-2^(1/2)*a*C*AppellF1(1/2,-1-
m,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m
)*((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^(-1-m)*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(2+m)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1
/2)+2^(1/2)*(a^2*C+b^2*(C*(1+m)+A*(2+m)))*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos
(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(2+
m)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^m)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 10805 vs.  $2(286) = 572$ .

Time = 27.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10805, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.78

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `Result too large to show`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$ , Rules used = {3042, 3503, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( A + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3503} \\ & \frac{\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (b(C(m+1) + A(m+2)) - aC \cos(e + fx)) dx}{b(m+2)} + \\ & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m (b(C(m+1) + A(m+2)) - aC \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3235} \\
 & \frac{(\frac{a^2C + b^2(A(m+2) + C(m+1))}{b}) \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx - \frac{aC \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1} dx}{b}}{b(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(\frac{a^2C + b^2(A(m+2) + C(m+1))}{b}) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m dx - \frac{aC \int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+1} dx}{b}}{b(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3144} \\
 & \frac{aC \sin(e + fx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)(a^2C + b^2(A(m+2) + C(m+1))) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
 & \frac{b(m+2)}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{aC(a+b) \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a + b \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-m} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)(a^2C + b^2(A(m+2) + C(m+1)))}{b(m+2)} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(e + fx)(a^2C + b^2(A(m+2) + C(m+1)))(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a + b \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a + b}\right)}{bf \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + C*cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*sin[e + f*x]/(b*f*(2 + m)) + (-((sqrt[2]*  
a*(a + b)*C*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1 - m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 -  
Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*sin[e + f*x]/(b*f*sqrt[1 +  
Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m)) + (sqrt[2]*(a^2*C + b^2*  
(C*(1 + m) + A*(2 + m))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2,  
(b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*sin[e + f*x]/(b*f  
*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m))/(b*(2 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))  
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*  
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/  
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,  
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simpl  
ify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl  
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d  
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c  
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))  
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p  
]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si  
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &  
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear  
Q[u, x]`

rule 3144

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c +
d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x
)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3235

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m,
x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

rule 3503

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^
m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) - a*C*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, e, f, A, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(fx + e))^m (A + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

```
input int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos^2(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos^2(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + A) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m,x)`

output `int((A + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m,x)*a + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`



### 3.209 $\int (a \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1524
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1525
Rubi [A] (verified)	1525
Maple [F]	1527
Fricas [F]	1527
Sympy [F]	1528
Maxima [F]	1528
Giac [F]	1528
Mupad [F(-1)]	1529
Reduce [F]	1529

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (a \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(a \cos(e+fx))^{2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(e+fx)\right) \sin(e+fx)}{a^2 f(2+m) \sqrt{\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{C(a \cos(e+fx))^{3+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{5+m}{2}, \cos^2(e+fx)\right) \sin(e+fx)}{a^3 f(3+m) \sqrt{\sin^2(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(a*cos(f*x+e))^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], cos(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(2+m)/(sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-C*(a*cos(f*x+e))^(3+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*m], [5/2+1/2*m], cos(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a^3/f/(3+m)/(sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx))^m \cot(e + fx) (B(3 + m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(e + fx)\right) - C(2 + m) \cos(e + fx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{(3 + m)}{2}, \frac{(5 + m)}{2}, \cos^2(e + fx)\right]) \sqrt{\sin^2(e + fx)}}{f(2 + m)(3 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `-((Cos[e + f*x]*(a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Cot[e + f*x]*(B*(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2] + C*(2 + m)*Cos[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2])/(f*(2 + m)*(3 + m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m \left( B \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3489$$

$$\frac{\int (a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1} (B + C \cos(e + fx)) dx}{a}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+1} (B + C \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{B \int (a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1} dx + \frac{C \int (a \cos(e + fx))^{m+2} dx}{a}}{a}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{B \int (a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+1} dx + \frac{C \int (a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+2} dx}{a}}{a}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{-\frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx))^{m+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \frac{m+5}{2}, \cos^2(e+fx))}{a^2 f(m+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{B \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx))^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \cos^2(e+fx))}{a f(m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{a}$$

```
input Int[(a*cos[e + f*x])^m*(B*cos[e + f*x] + C*cos[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

```
output (-(B*(a*cos[e + f*x])^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(a*f*(2 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2])) - (C*(a*cos[e + f*x])^(3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(a^2*f*(3 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/a
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3489

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(fx + e))^m (B \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(a \cos(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(a*cos(f*x + e))^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B + C \cos(e + fx)) \cos(e + fx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))**m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(e + f*x))**m*(B + C*cos(e + f*x))*cos(e + f*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(a \cos(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(a*cos(f*x + e))^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(a \cos(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(a*cos(f*x + e))^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + B \cos(e + fx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a*cos(e + f*x))^m*(B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2), x)`

output `int((a*cos(e + f*x))^m*(B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= a^m \left( \left( \int \cos(fx + e)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(fx + e)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2), x)`

output `a**m*(int(cos(e + f*x)**m*cos(e + f*x), x)*b + int(cos(e + f*x)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2, x)*c)`

### 3.210 $\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1530
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1531
Rubi [A] (verified)	1531
Maple [F]	1533
Fricas [F]	1534
Sympy [F]	1534
Maxima [F]	1535
Giac [F]	1535
Mupad [F(-1)]	1536
Reduce [F]	1536

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \frac{1}{6}(13+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3C \cos^{3+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \frac{1}{6}(16+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(10+3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m], [13/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3+1/2*m], [8/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(10+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) (C(7 + 3m) \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{8}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos(c + dx)^2\right) + B(10 + 3m) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{10}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos(c + dx)^2\right))}{d(7 + 3m)(10 + 3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(C*(7 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3 + m/2, 8/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + B*(10 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*(10 + 3*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(B+C \cos(c+dx))dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(B+C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(B \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)dx)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}(B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} dx + C \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{7}{3}} dx)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+7), \frac{1}{6}(3m+13), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+7)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{10}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((-3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(10/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (10 + 3*m)/6, (16 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(10 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),  
x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*  
x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) \cos^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**  
2), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*cos(c +  
d*x)**m, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),  
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d  
*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),  
x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d  
*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^{1/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.211 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1537
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1538
Rubi [A] (verified)	1538
Maple [F]	1540
Fricas [F]	1541
Sympy [F(-1)]	1541
Maxima [F]	1541
Giac [F]	1542
Mupad [F(-1)]	1542
Reduce [F]	1543

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(8 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(14 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(8 + 3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3C \cos^{3+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(11 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(17 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(11 + 3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3+1/2*m], [7/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(8+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/6+1/2*m], [17/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(11+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{2+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) (B(11 + 3m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(8 + 3m), \frac{7}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)}{b \cos(c + dx)}) + C(8 + 3m) \cos(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(11 + 3m), \frac{17}{6} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)}{b \cos(c + dx)}))}{d(8 + 3m)(11 + 3m)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(11 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, 7/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(8 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (11 + 3*m)/6, (17 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(8 + 3*m)*(11 + 3*m))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)(B + C \cos(c + dx))dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( B \int \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c + dx)dx + C \int \cos^{m+\frac{8}{3}}(c + dx)dx \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( B \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{5}{3}} dx + C \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{8}{3}} dx \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( -\frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{8}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+8), \frac{1}{6}(3m+14), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+8)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{11}{3}}}{\dots} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*((-3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(8/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, (14 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(8 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(11/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (11 + 3*m)/6, (17 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(11 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 2)/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 2)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)
```

### 3.212 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1544
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1545
Rubi [A] (verified)	1545
Maple [F]	1547
Fricas [F]	1548
Sympy [F(-1)]	1548
Maxima [F]	1548
Giac [F]	1549
Mupad [F(-1)]	1549
Reduce [F]	1550

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3bB \cos^{3+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(10 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(16 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(10 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{3bC \cos^{4+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(13 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(19 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(13 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-3*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3+1/2*m], [8/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(10+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(4+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 13/6+1/2*m], [19/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(13+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^{2+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \csc(c + dx) (B(13 + 3m) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{8}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)))}{d(10 + 3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(13 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3 + m/2, 8/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(10 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (13 + 3*m)/6, (19 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(10 + 3*m)*(13 + 3*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)(B+C \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(B+C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) dx + C \int \cos^{m+\frac{10}{3}}(c+dx) dx \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{7}{3}} dx + C \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{10}{3}} dx \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( -\frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{10}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+10), \frac{1}{6}(3m+16), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+10) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{13}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((-3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(10/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (10 + 3*m)/6, (16 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(10 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(13/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (13 + 3*m)/6, (19 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]/(d*(13 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]+(C_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(B+C*Sin[e+f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx+c)^m (b \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (B \cos(dx+c) + C \cos(dx+c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`

**3.213** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1551
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1552
Rubi [A] (verified)	1552
Maple [F]	1554
Fricas [F]	1555
Sympy [F]	1555
Maxima [F]	1556
Giac [F]	1556
Mupad [F(-1)]	1557
Reduce [F]	1557

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3C \cos^{3+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \frac{1}{6}(14+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(8+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output -3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m], [11/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2
)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*C*cos(d
*x+c)^(3+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3+1/2*m], [7/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c
)/d/(8+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3\cos^{2+m}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)(B(8+3m)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + C(5+3m)\cos(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(5+3m)(8+3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(8 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(5 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, 7/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(5 + 3*m)*(8 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{1}{3}} \left( C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(B+C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\int\cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)dx+C\int\cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)dx\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{2}{3}}dx+C\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{5}{3}}dx\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{3B\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{6}(3m+5),\frac{1}{6}(3m+11),\cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}-\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+\frac{8}{3}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*((-3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(8/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, (14 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(8 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (B \cos(dx+c) + C \cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/b, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(B+C\cos(c+dx))\cos(c+dx)\cos^m(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3), x)`

output `Integral((B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m (C\cos(c+dx)^2 + B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx\right) b + \left(\int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx\right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)`

**3.214** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1558
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1559
Rubi [A] (verified)	1559
Maple [F]	1561
Fricas [F]	1562
Sympy [F]	1562
Maxima [F]	1562
Giac [F]	1563
Mupad [F(-1)]	1563
Reduce [F]	1563

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3C \cos^{3+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \frac{1}{6}(13+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3+1/2*m], [5/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*C*cos(d*
x+c)^(3+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m], [13/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c
)/d/(7+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3\cos^{2+m}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)(B(7+3m)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + C(4+3m)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{5}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(4+3m)(7+3m)(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(7 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(4 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(4 + 3*m)*(7 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \int \cos^{m-2/3}(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\cos^{2/3}(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-2/3} \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})\right) dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3489 \\
& \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(B+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( B \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)dx \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}}dx + C \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}}dx \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \\
& \downarrow 3122 \\
& \frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( -\frac{3B\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{6}(3m+4),\frac{1}{6}(3m+10),\cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+4)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)*((-3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, (10 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]+(C_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(B+C*Sin[e+f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (B \cos(dx+c) + C \cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),  
x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/b, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) \cos^m(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/  
3), x)`

output `Integral((B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x)  
)**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),  
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x +  
c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^m(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left(\int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx\right) b + \left(\int \cos(dx+c)^m dx\right) b^{\frac{2}{3}}}{b^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x)`



output

```
(int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*c)/b**(2/3)
```

**3.215** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1565
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1566
Rubi [A] (verified)	1566
Maple [F]	1568
Fricas [F]	1569
Sympy [F]	1569
Maxima [F]	1569
Giac [F]	1570
Mupad [F(-1)]	1570
Reduce [F]	1571

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3B \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{3C \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(5+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/3+1/2*m], [4/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*C*cos(
d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m], [11/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x
+c)/b/d/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3\cos^{2+m}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)(B(5+3m)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{6}(2+3m),\frac{1}{6}(8+3m),\cos^2(c+dx)) + d(2+3m)(5+3m))}{d(2+3m)(5+3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(2 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(5 + 3*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(2 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(2 + 3*m)*(5 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)) dx}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(B+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(B \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)dx)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}(B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{1}{3}}dx + C \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}}dx)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}\left(-\frac{3B\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{6}(3m+2),\frac{1}{6}(3m+8),\cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}\right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)*((-3*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(2/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (B \cos(dx+c) + C \cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B+C\cos(c+dx))\cos(c+dx)\cos^m(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3), x)`

output `Integral((B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(4/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c))\cos(dx+c)^m}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{1/3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c) dx \right) b^{4/3}}{b^{4/3}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)
```



### 3.216 $\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1572
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1573
Rubi [A] (verified)	1573
Maple [F]	1575
Fricas [F]	1576
Sympy [F]	1576
Maxima [F]	1577
Giac [F]	1577
Mupad [F(-1)]	1578
Reduce [F]	1578

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{B(a \cos(c+dx))^{2+m} (b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(2+m+n), \frac{1}{2}(4+m+n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{a^2 d(2+m+n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{C(a \cos(c+dx))^{3+m} (b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(3+m+n), \frac{1}{2}(5+m+n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{a^3 d(3+m+n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m+1/2*n], [2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(2+m+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(3+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*m+1/2*n], [5/2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^3/d/(3+m+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos(c + dx) (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (B(3 + m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(2 + m + n), \frac{3}{2} + m + n, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(2 + m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + m + n, \frac{5}{2} + m + n, \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{(2 + m + n)(3 + m + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((Cos[c + d*x]*(a*Cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(B*(3 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m + n)/2, (4 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(2 + m + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m + n)/2, (5 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(2 + m + n)*(3 + m + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{m+n} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n+1} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx}{a} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n+1} (B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( B \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n+1} dx + \frac{C \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n+2} dx}{a} \right)}{a} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( B \int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n+1} dx + \frac{C \int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n+2} dx}{a} \right)}{a} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( -\frac{C \sin(c + dx) (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(m+n+3), \frac{1}{2}(m+n+5), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{a^2 d(m+n+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(-((B*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(2 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m + n)/2, (4 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*(2 + m + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (C*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(3 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + m + n)/2, (5 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a^2*d*(3 + m + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*(a*cos[c + d*x])^n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx)*(a.*(v.)(m.)*(b.*(v.)(n.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[bIntPart[n]*((b*v)FracPart[n]/(aIntPart[n]*(a*v)FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u., x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)](n.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)](m.)*((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)](m.)*((B.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)] + (C.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c))m*(b*cos(d*x+c))n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)2),x)`

output `int((a*cos(d*x+c))m*(b*cos(d*x+c))n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*x
+ c))^n, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**
2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a*cos(c + d*x))**m*(b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(
c + d*x), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),  
x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*  
x + c))^n, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),  
x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*  
x + c))^n, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int((a*cos(c + d*x))^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a*cos(c + d*x))^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n a^m \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*a**m*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.217 $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1579
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1580
Rubi [A] (verified)	1580
Maple [F]	1582
Fricas [F]	1582
Sympy [F(-1)]	1583
Maxima [F]	1583
Giac [F]	1583
Mupad [F(-1)]	1584
Reduce [F]	1584

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{6+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^4 d(4 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \frac{7+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^5 d(5 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 2+1/2*n], [3+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(4+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/2+1/2*n], [7/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d/(5+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (B(5 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{6+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(4 + n) \cos(c + dx))}{d(4 + n)(5 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
-((Cos[c + d*x]^3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(B*(5 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(4 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + n)/2, (7 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(4 + n)*(5 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.184$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3489}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+3} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+3} (B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+3} dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+4} dx}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+3} dx + \frac{C \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+4} dx}{b}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+5} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \frac{n+7}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{b^2 d(n+5) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \frac{n+6}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{bd(n+4) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((-(B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(4 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + n)/2, (7 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(5 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^2 (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + B*cos(d*x + c)^3)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b)`

### 3.218 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2$

Optimal result	1585
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1586
Rubi [A] (verified)	1586
Maple [F]	1588
Fricas [F]	1588
Sympy [F(-1)]	1589
Maxima [F]	1589
Giac [F]	1589
Mupad [F(-1)]	1590
Reduce [F]	1590

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 36, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(3 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{4+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{6+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^4 d(4 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n], [5/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 2+1/2*n], [3+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(4+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (B(4 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + d(3 + n)(4 + n))}{d(3 + n)(4 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `-((Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(B*(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(3 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(3 + n)*(4 + n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3489}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} (B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b^2}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+3} dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx + \frac{C \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+3} dx}{b}}{b^2}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{-\frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \frac{n+6}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{b^2 d(n+4) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{b d(n+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^2}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((-((B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(4 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, alg orithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, alg orithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`

### 3.219 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1592
Rubi [A] (verified)	1592
Maple [F]	1594
Fricas [F]	1594
Sympy [F]	1595
Maxima [F]	1595
Giac [F]	1595
Mupad [F(-1)]	1596
Reduce [F]	1596

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 30, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d(2 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(3 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n], [2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n], [5/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (B(3 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, \cos^2(c + dx)\right]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[\sin^2(c + dx)]}{d(2 + n)(3 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(B*(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(2 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(2 + n)*(3 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)^n \left(B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3489$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} (B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} dx}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} dx + \frac{C \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx}{b}}{b}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{-\frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{b^2 d(n+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{b d(n+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b}$$

```
input Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

```
output (-(B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(3 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3122 Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3489

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`



output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*c)`

### 3.220 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1598
Rubi [A] (verified)	1598
Maple [F]	1600
Fricas [F]	1600
Sympy [F]	1601
Maxima [F]	1601
Giac [F]	1602
Mupad [F(-1)]	1602
Reduce [F]	1603

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 36, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2d(2 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n], [3/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n], [2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) (B(2 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(1 + n) \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(1 + n)(2 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]
```

output

```
-(((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(B*(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(1 + n)*(2 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-1} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n \left( B + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} dx}{b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx + \frac{C \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n+1} dx}{b} \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{b^2 d (n+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \\
& \frac{B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{b d (n+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `-((B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(2 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((
b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2
F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x]
&& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3489

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) +
(C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*
x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, alg
orithm="fricas")
```

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)
)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c)
```



### 3.221 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1605
Rubi [A] (verified)	1605
Maple [F]	1607
Fricas [F]	1607
Sympy [F(-1)]	1608
Maxima [F]	1608
Giac [F]	1609
Mupad [F(-1)]	1609
Reduce [F]	1610

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1+n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n], [1+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n], [3/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \cot(c + dx) (B(1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + Cn \cos(c + dx))}{dn(1 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
-((b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Cot[c + d*x]*(B*(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*n*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*n*(1 + n)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.184$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$b^2 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-2} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& b \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-1} \left( B + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b \left( B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-1} dx + \frac{C \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& b \left( -\frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{b^2 d(n+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,
x]
```

output

```
b*(-((B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c +
d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*n*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^
(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c
+ d*x])/(b^2*d*(1 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b + int(cos(c +
d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)
```

### 3.222 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1611
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1612
Rubi [A] (verified)	1612
Maple [F]	1614
Fricas [F]	1614
Sympy [F(-1)]	1615
Maxima [F]	1615
Giac [F]	1616
Mupad [F(-1)]	1616
Reduce [F]	1617

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{bB(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^( -1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n], [1+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \csc(c + dx) (Bn \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + C(-1 + n))}{d(-1 + n)n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-((b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-1 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + n)*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.184$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-3} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& b^2 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-2} \left( B + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b^2 \left( B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-2} dx + \frac{C \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-1} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{bd(1-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,
x]
```

output

```
b^2*((B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 +
n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (
C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2
]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*n*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F*x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c +
d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)
```

### 3.223 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$

Optimal result	1618
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1619
Rubi [A] (verified)	1619
Maple [F]	1621
Fricas [F]	1621
Sympy [F(-1)]	1622
Maxima [F]	1622
Giac [F]	1623
Mupad [F(-1)]	1623
Reduce [F]	1624

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 38, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 B (b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{b C (b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2-n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1+1/2*n], [1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1-n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(-1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(-2 + n))}{d(-2 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
-(((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-2 + n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(-2 + n)*(-1 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.184$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^4 \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{n-4} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right) dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& b^3 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} (B + C \cos(c + dx)) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-3} \left( B + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b^3 \left( B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} dx + \frac{C \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^3 \left( B \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-3} dx + \frac{C \int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{n-2} dx}{b} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{b^2 d (1-n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2}}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,
x]
```

output

```
b^3*((B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2,
Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(2 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b^2*d*(1 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030

```
Int[(F*x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b + int(cos(c +
d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c)
```

### 3.224 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos$

Optimal result	1625
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1626
Rubi [A] (verified)	1626
Maple [F]	1628
Fricas [F]	1628
Sympy [F(-1)]	1629
Maxima [F]	1629
Giac [F]	1630
Mupad [F(-1)]	1630
Reduce [F]	1631

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(13 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(9 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$-\frac{2C \cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(15 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(11 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4+1/2*n], [13/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(9+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 11/4+1/2*n], [15/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(11+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \csc(c+dx) (B(11+2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(9+2n), \frac{1}{4}(13+2n), d$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(11 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(9 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (11 + 2*n)/4, (15 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(9 + 2*n)*(11 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3489$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{7}{2}} \left(B+C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n+\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{7}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{9}{2}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& dx)^n \left( -\frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( 2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+9), \frac{1}{4}(2n+13), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \right)}{d(2n+9)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \frac{1}{4}(2n+11), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+7)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(9 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (11 + 2*n)/4, (15 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(11 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```



rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + B*cos(d*x + c)^3)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x +
c)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^{5/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)
^2), x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)
^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d
*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b)
```

### 3.225 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos$

Optimal result	1632
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1633
Rubi [A] (verified)	1633
Maple [F]	1635
Fricas [F]	1635
Sympy [F(-1)]	1636
Maxima [F]	1636
Giac [F]	1637
Mupad [F(-1)]	1637
Reduce [F]	1638

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7+2n), \frac{1}{4}(11+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} -$$

$$-\frac{2C \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(9+2n), \frac{1}{4}(13+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(9+2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4+1/2*n], [11/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4+1/2*n], [13/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(9+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n (B\cos(c+dx) + C\cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \csc(c+dx) (B(9+2n)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7+2n), \frac{1}{4}(11+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) + C(7+2n)\cos(c+dx)\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(9+2n), \frac{1}{4}(13+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right))}{d(7+2n)(9+2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(9 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(7 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(7 + 2*n)*(9 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n (B\cos(c+dx) + C\cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \left(C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3489}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} \left(B+C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{7}{2}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& dx)^n \left( -\frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( 2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \frac{1}{4}(2n+11), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \right)}{d(2n+7)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \frac{1}{4}(2n+9), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (9 + 2*n)/4, (13 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(9 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x +
c)^(3/2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)
^2), x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)
^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`

### 3.226 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1640
Rubi [A] (verified)	1640
Maple [F]	1642
Fricas [F]	1642
Sympy [F(-1)]	1643
Maxima [F]	1643
Giac [F]	1644
Mupad [F(-1)]	1644
Reduce [F]	1645

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} +$$

$$\frac{2C \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n], [9/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4+1/2*n], [11/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(7 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), c + dx))}{d(5 + 2n)(7 + 2n)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(7 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(5 + 2*n)*(7 + 2*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3489}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \left(B+C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{5}{2}} dx \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& dx)^n \left( -\frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( 2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \frac{1}{4}(2n+9), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \right)}{d(2n+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} (b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos^2(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + B \cos(dx+c))(b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (C \cos(c+dx)^2 + B \cos(c+dx)) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c+d*x)**((2*n+1)/2)*cos(c+d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c+d*x)**((2*n+1)/2)*cos(c+d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.227** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1646
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1647
Rubi [A] (verified)	1647
Maple [F]	1649
Fricas [F]	1650
Sympy [F]	1650
Maxima [F]	1650
Giac [F]	1651
Mupad [F(-1)]	1651
Reduce [F]	1652

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$-\frac{2C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n], [7/4+1/2
*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*C*cos(d*x+c)
^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n], [9/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^
2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(5 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx))) + C(3 + 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(3 + 2n)(5 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(5 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(3 + 2*n)*(5 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C \cos(c+dx))dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \left(B+C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left( -\frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+3)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*C*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx.)*((a.)*(v.))(m.)((b.)*(v.))(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[bIntPart[n]*((b*v)FracPart[n]/(aIntPart[n]*(a*v)FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u., x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)](n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)](m.)((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)](m.)((B.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)] + (C.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x),x)*c)
```

**3.228** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1653
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1654
Rubi [A] (verified)	1654
Maple [F]	1656
Fricas [F]	1657
Sympy [F]	1657
Maxima [F]	1657
Giac [F]	1658
Mupad [F(-1)]	1658
Reduce [F]	1659

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} -$$

$$\frac{2C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n], [5/4+1/2
*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*C*cos(d*x+c)
^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n], [7/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^
2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(3 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n),$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(1 + 2*n)*(3 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C \cos(c+dx))dx \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}}\left(B+C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(B \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)dx\right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx\right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(-\frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*C*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_.)sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_.)sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*b)
```



**3.229** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1660
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1661
Rubi [A] (verified)	1661
Maple [F]	1663
Fricas [F]	1664
Sympy [F]	1664
Maxima [F]	1664
Giac [F]	1665
Mupad [F(-1)]	1665
Reduce [F]	1666

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{2C\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n], [3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*C*cos(d*x+c)
^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n], [5/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^
2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(-1 + 4n^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c +
d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-
1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hyper
geometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c +
d*x]^2])/(d*(-1 + 4*n^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C\cos(c+dx))dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} \left(B+C\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx)dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^n \left( \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*C*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B + C \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(B + C*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`

**3.230** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1668
Rubi [A] (verified)	1668
Maple [F]	1670
Fricas [F]	1671
Sympy [F(-1)]	1671
Maxima [F]	1671
Giac [F]	1672
Mupad [F(-1)]	1672
Reduce [F]	1673

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n], [1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*C*(b*cos(d*x
+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n], [3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/
(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(-1 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C(-3 + 2n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right))}{d(-3 + 2n)(-1 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(-1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(-3 + 2*n)*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3489} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C \cos(c+dx))dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} \left(B+C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left( B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left( \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{d(3-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*C*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c+d*x]*((b*Sin[c+d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c+d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c+d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((B_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]+(C_)*sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e+f*x])^(m+1)*(B+C*Sin[e+f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^3} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.231** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	1674
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1675
Rubi [A] (verified)	1675
Maple [F]	1677
Fricas [F]	1678
Sympy [F(-1)]	1678
Maxima [F]	1678
Giac [F]	1679
Mupad [F(-1)]	1679
Reduce [F]	1680

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 40, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -5/4+1/2*n], [-1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n], [1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) (B(-3 + 2n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)))}{d(-5 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(B*(-3 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*(-5 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(d*(-5 + 2*n)*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.175$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3489, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2034

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{9}{2}} \left(C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3489} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(B+C \cos(c+dx))dx \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}}\left(B+C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) dx \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(B \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)dx + C \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)dx\right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(B \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} dx + C \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx\right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \left(\frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-5), \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(5-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{d(3-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*C*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/Cos[c + d*x]^n
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034 `Int[(Fx.)*((a.)*(v.))(m.)((b.)*(v.))(n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[bIntPart[n]*((b*v)FracPart[n]/(aIntPart[n]*(a*v)FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u., x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b.)*sin[(c.) + (d.)*(x.)](n.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)](m.)((c.) + (d.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3489 `Int[((b.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)](m.)((B.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)] + (C.)*sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x.)]2), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])(m + 1)*(B + C*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, e, f, B, C, m}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c) + B)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^4} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^3} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c)`

### 3.232 $\int (a+a \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1681
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1682
Rubi [A] (verified)	1682
Maple [F]	1685
Fricas [F]	1685
Sympy [F]	1686
Maxima [F]	1686
Giac [F]	1686
Mupad [F(-1)]	1687
Reduce [F]	1687

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(C - B(2 + m))(a + a \cos(e + fx))^m \sin(e + fx)}{f(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{C(a + a \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \sin(e + fx)}{af(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}+m}(Bm(2 + m) + C(1 + m + m^2))(1 + \cos(e + fx))^{-\frac{1}{2}-m}(a + a \cos(e + fx))^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}}{f(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

output

```

-(C-B*(2+m))*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+m)/(2+m)+C*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(2+m)+2^(1/2+m)*(B*m*(2+m)+C*(m^2+m+1))*(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2-m)*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2-m],[3/2],1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+m)/(2+m)
    
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{i 4^{-1-m} e^{-2i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{i(e+fx)})^{-2m} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{i(e+fx)}) \right)^{2m} \cos^{-2m} \left( \frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) (a(1 + \cos(e + fx)))}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output

```
(I*4^(-1 - m)*((1 + E^(I*(e + f*x)))/E^((I/2)*(e + f*x)))^(2*m)*(a*(1 + Cos[e + f*x]))^m*(C*m*(2 - m - 2*m^2 + m^3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - m, -2*m, -1 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))] + E^(I*(e + f*x))*(2 + m)*(2*B*m*(2 - 3*m + m^2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - m, -2*m, -m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))] + E^(I*(e + f*x))*(1 + m)*(2*B*E^(I*(e + f*x))*(-2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - m, -2*m, 2 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))] + C*(-1 + m)*(E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - m, -2*m, 3 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))] + 2*(-2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2*m, -m, 1 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))]])))/(E^((2*I)*(e + f*x))*(1 + E^(I*(e + f*x))))^(2*m)*f*(-2 + m)*(-1 + m)*m*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*Cos[(e + f*x)/2]^(2*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^m \left( B \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{\int (\cos(e+fx)a+a)^m (aC(m+1) - a(C-B(m+2))) \cos(e+fx) dx}{a(m+2)} + \\
& \frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int (\sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^m (aC(m+1) - a(C-B(m+2))) \sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx}{a(m+2)} + \\
& \frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))}{m+1} \int (\cos(e+fx)a+a)^m dx - \frac{a(C-B(m+2)) \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)}}{a(m+2)} + \\
& \frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))}{m+1} \int (\sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^m dx - \frac{a(C-B(m+2)) \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)}}{a(m+2)} + \\
& \frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3131} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m} (a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m \int (\cos(e+fx)+1)^m dx - \frac{a(C-B(m+2)) \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)}}{m+1}}{a(m+2)} + \\
& \frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m} (a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m \int (\sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1)^m dx - \frac{a(C-B(m+2)) \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx)+a)^m}{f(m+1)}}{m+1}}{a(m+2)} + \\
& \frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \\
& \downarrow \text{3130}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{a^{2m+\frac{1}{2}}(Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))\sin(e+fx)(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m-\frac{1}{2}}(a\cos(e+fx)+a)^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(e+fx))\right)}{f(m+1)}$$


---


$$\frac{C\sin(e+fx)(a\cos(e+fx)+a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} a(m+2)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*Sin[e + f*x])/(a*f*(2 + m)) + (-((a*(C - B*(2 + m))*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m))) + (2^(1/2 + m)*a*(B*m*(2 + m) + C*(1 + m + m^2))*(1 + Cos[e + f*x])^(-1/2 - m)*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m)))/(a*(2 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(fx + e))^m (B \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a(\cos(e + fx) + 1))^m (B + C \cos(e + fx)) \cos(e + fx) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))**m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(e + f*x) + 1))**m*(B + C*cos(e + f*x))*cos(e + f*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + B \cos(e + fx)) (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m dx$$

input `int((B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(e + f*x))^m,x)`

output `int((B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + a*cos(e + f*x))^m, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c$$

input `int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*b + int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.233 $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$

Optimal result	1688
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1689
Rubi [A] (verified)	1689
Maple [F]	1692
Fricas [F]	1692
Sympy [F(-1)]	1693
Maxima [F]	1693
Giac [F]	1694
Mupad [F(-1)]	1694
Reduce [F]	1694

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 32, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (B \cos(e+fx) + C \cos^2(e+fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(a+b \cos(e+fx))^{1+m} \sin(e+fx)}{bf(2+m)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(aC - bB(2+m)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -1-m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e+fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e+fx))}{a+b}\right) (a+b \cos(e+fx))}{b^2 f(2+m) \sqrt{1 + \cos(e+fx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(a^2 C + b^2 C(1+m) - abB(2+m)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e+fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e+fx))}{a+b}\right) (a+b \cos(e+fx))}{b^2 f(2+m) \sqrt{1 + \cos(e+fx)}}$$

output

```
C*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/b/f/(2+m)-2^(1/2)*(a*C-b*B*(2+m))*AppellF1(1/2,-1-m,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^(-1-m)*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(2+m)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(a^2*C+b^2*C*(1+m)-a*b*B*(2+m))*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(2+m)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^m)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 13441 vs.  $2(296) = 592$ .

Time = 28.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13441, normalized size of antiderivative = 45.41

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

Result too large to show

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \left( B \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) \left( a + b \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^m dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (bC(m + 1) - (aC - bB(m + 2)) \cos(e + fx)) dx}{b(m + 2)} + \\ & \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m + 2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m (bC(m+1) + (bB(m+2) - aC) \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3235} \\
 & \frac{(a^2C - abB(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)) \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx}{b} - \frac{(aC - bB(m+2)) \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1} dx}{b} + \\
 & \frac{b(m+2)}{bf(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{(a^2C - abB(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m dx}{b} - \frac{(aC - bB(m+2)) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+1} dx}{b} + \\
 & \frac{b(m+2)}{bf(m+2)} + \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3144} \\
 & \frac{\sin(e + fx)(aC - bB(m+2)) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)(a^2C - abB(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
 & \frac{b(m+2)}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{(a+b) \sin(e + fx)(aC - bB(m+2))(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a + b \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-m} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)(a^2C - abB(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
 & \frac{b(m+2)}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(e + fx)(a^2C - abB(m+2) + b^2C(m+1))(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a + b \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a + b}\right)}{bf \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
 & \frac{b(m+2)}{bf(m+2)} \\
 & \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*(B*cos[e + f*x] + C*cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*sin[e + f*x]/(b*f*(2 + m)) + (-((sqrt[2]*(a + b)*(a*C - b*B*(2 + m))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1 - m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*sin[e + f*x])/(b*f*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m) + (sqrt[2]*(a^2*C + b^2*C*(1 + m) - a*b*B*(2 + m))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*sin[e + f*x])/(b*f*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m))/(b*(2 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*((b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`



rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(fx + e))^m (B \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))**m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e))(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e))*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + B \cos(e + fx)) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m,x)`

output `int((B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) b \\ & \quad + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*b + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.234 $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1696
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1697
Rubi [A] (verified)	1697
Maple [F]	1701
Fricas [F]	1701
Sympy [F(-1)]	1702
Maxima [F]	1702
Giac [F]	1702
Mupad [F(-1)]	1703
Reduce [F]	1703

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8bd} + \frac{(8bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{4\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{5/3}} + \frac{(8abB - 3a^2C - 5b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{4\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/8*(8*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,
-5/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(5/3)-1/8*(8*B*a*b-3*C*a^2-5*C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(
d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2
)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( 5(-a^2 + b^2) (8bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*(-a^2 + b^2)*(8*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + (16*a*b*B - 6*a^2*C + 25*b^2*C)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 5*b^2*(8*b*B + 2*a*C + 5*b*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(200*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.265$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} \left( B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(5bC + (8bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx))dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(5bC + (8bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx))dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}(5bC + (8bB - 3aC) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3235

$$\frac{\frac{(8bB-3aC) \int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C+8abB-5b^2C) \int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{b}}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{(8bB-3aC) \int (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C+8abB-5b^2C) \int (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b}}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3144

$$\frac{(-3a^2C+8abB-5b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{(8bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$

$$\frac{8b}{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} + \frac{8b}{8bd}$$

↓ 156

$$\frac{(-3a^2C+8abB-5b^2C) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{(a+b)(8bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 155

---


$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(a+b)(8bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(-3a^2C+8abB-5b^2C) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(8*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*(8*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -5/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[2]*(8*a*b*B - 3*a^2*C - 5*b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)))/(8*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`



rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplifierQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplifierQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f))], x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x
)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c))(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3),
x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx$$

input

```
int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)
```

output

```
int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c$$

input

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)
```

output

```
int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)*b +
a)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*c
```

### 3.235 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1704
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1705
Rubi [A] (verified)	1705
Maple [F]	1709
Fricas [F]	1709
Sympy [F]	1710
Maxima [F]	1710
Giac [F]	1710
Mupad [F(-1)]	1711
Reduce [F]	1711

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(7bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7b^2 d \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{4/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(7abB - 3a^2C - 4b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7b^2 d \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/7*2^(1/2)*(7*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-4/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(4/3)-1/7*2^(1/2)*(7*B*a*b-3*C*a^2-4*C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 4(-a^2 + b^2) (7bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)}{112 b^3 d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*(-a^2 + b^2)*(7*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + (7*a*b*B - 3*a^2*C + 16*b^2*C)*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*(7*b*B + a*C + 4*b*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(112*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.265$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (4bC + (7bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (4bC + (7bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (4bC + (7bB - 3aC) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{7b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3235} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(7bB - 3aC) \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C + 7abB - 4b^2C) \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b}}{7b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(7bB - 3aC) \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C + 7abB - 4b^2C) \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b}}{7b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3144} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(-3a^2C + 7abB - 4b^2C) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \frac{(7bB - 3aC) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
 & \downarrow \text{156}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(-3a^2C+7abB-4b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} d \cos(c+dx) - \frac{(a+b)(7bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}}}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

7b

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(a+b)(7bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1-\cos(c+dx)}{2}, \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) - \sqrt{2}(-3a^2C+7abB-4b^2C)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd}$$

7b

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*(7*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -4/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)) - (Sqrt[2]*(7*a*b*B - 3*a^2*C - 4*b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3))/(7*b)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x
)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \cos(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((B + C*cos(c + d*x))*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)) (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

output `int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)*(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \\ & \quad + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*c`

**3.236**  $\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1712
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1713
Rubi [A] (verified)	1713
Maple [F]	1717
Fricas [F]	1717
Sympy [F]	1718
Maxima [F]	1718
Giac [F]	1718
Mupad [F(-1)]	1719
Reduce [F]	1719

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(5bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(5abB - 3a^2C - 2b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a + b}\right) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}{5b^2 d \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/5*2^(1/2)*(5*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)-1/5*2^(1/2)*(5*B*a*b-3*C*a^2-2*C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( 5(-5abB + 3a^2C + 2b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*(-5*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + 2*b^2*C)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + 2*(5*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 10*b^2*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(50*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.265$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{2bC+(5bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \quad \downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2bC+(5bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \quad \downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2bC+(5bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \quad \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{(5bB-3aC) \int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C+5abB-2b^2C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \quad \downarrow \text{3235}$$

$$\frac{(5bB-3aC) \int (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C+5abB-2b^2C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \quad \downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{(-3a^2C+5abB-2b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{(5bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \quad \downarrow \text{3144}$$

$$\downarrow \text{156}$$

$$\frac{(-3a^2C+5abB-2b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{(5bB-3a^2C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{5b}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(5bB-3a^2C) \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(-3a^2C+5abB-2b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{5b}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

input

```
Int[(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(5*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[2]*(5*a*B - 3*a^2*C - 2*b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]])*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))/(5*b)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{(B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3), x)`

output `Integral((B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

output `int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c$$

input `int((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3), x)*c`

**3.237** 
$$\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1720
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1721
Rubi [A] (verified)	1721
Maple [F]	1724
Fricas [F]	1725
Sympy [F]	1725
Maxima [F]	1725
Giac [F]	1726
Mupad [F(-1)]	1726
Reduce [F]	1727

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 34, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4bd} + \frac{(4bB-3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} - \frac{(4abB-3a^2C-b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/4*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/4*(4*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,
-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(1/3)-1/4*(4*B*a*b-3*C*a^2-C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x
+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2
^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$3\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 4(-4abB + 3a^2C + b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*(-4*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + (4*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(16*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.265$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{bC+(4bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{3(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{bC+(4bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{bC+(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3235 \\
 & \frac{(4bB-3aC) \int \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C+4abB-b^2C) \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{(4bB-3aC) \int \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} - \frac{(-3a^2C+4abB-b^2C) \int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3144 \\
 & \frac{(-3a^2C+4abB-b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 156 \\
 & \frac{(-3a^2C+4abB-b^2C) \sin(c+dx) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \\
 & \quad \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) - \sqrt{2}(-3a^2C+4abB-b^2C) \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \qquad 4b$$

input

```
Int[(B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(4*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)) - (Sqrt[2]*(4*a*b*B - 3*a^2*C - b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)))/(4*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 155

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```



rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p])*((b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(B + C \cos(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((B + C*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3),
x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm
m="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c))/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3),
x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input

```
int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)
```

output

```
int((B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) c$$

input `int((B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*c`

### 3.238 $\int (a \cos(e+fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e +$

Optimal result	1728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1729
Rubi [A] (verified)	1729
Maple [F]	1731
Fricas [F]	1732
Sympy [F]	1732
Maxima [F]	1732
Giac [F]	1733
Mupad [F(-1)]	1733
Reduce [F]	1734

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(a \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \sin(e + fx)}{af(2 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{(C(1 + m) + A(2 + m))(a \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(e + fx)\right) \sin(e + fx)}{af(1 + m)(2 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

$$- \frac{B(a \cos(e + fx))^{2+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, \cos^2(e + fx)\right) \sin(e + fx)}{a^2 f(2 + m)\sqrt{\sin^2(e + fx)}}$$

output

```
C*(a*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(2+m)-(C*(1+m)+A*(2+m))*(a*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m],[3/2+1/2*m],cos(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(1+m)/(2+m)/(sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)-B*(a*cos(f*x+e))^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m],[2+1/2*m],cos(f*x+e)^2)*sin(f*x+e)/a^2/f/(2+m)/(sin(f*x+e)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a \cos(e + fx))^m \cot(e + fx) \left( - \left( (C(1 + m) + A(2 + m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, \cos^2(e + fx) \right) \right) \right)}{f(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Cot[e + f*x]*(-((C*(1 + m) + A*(2 + m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2]) + (1 + m)*(C*Sin[e + f*x]^2 - B*Cos[e + f*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(f*(1 + m)*(2 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m \left( A + B \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (a(C(m + 1) + A(m + 2)) + aB(m + 2) \cos(e + fx)) dx}{af(m + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m (a(C(m+1) + A(m+2)) + aB(m+2) \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{a(m+2)}{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}} + \frac{af(m+2)}}{af(m+2)}} \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{a(A(m+2) + C(m+1)) \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m dx + B(m+2) \int (a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1} dx}{\frac{a(m+2)}{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}} + \frac{af(m+2)}}{af(m+2)}} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{a(A(m+2) + C(m+1)) \int (a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m dx + B(m+2) \int (a \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+1} dx}{\frac{a(m+2)}{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}} + \frac{af(m+2)}}{af(m+2)}} \\
 & \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(A(m+2)+C(m+1)) \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx))^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(e+fx))}{f(m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(e+fx)}} - \frac{B \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx))^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2}, \frac{m+3}{2}, \cos^2(e+fx))}{af\sqrt{\sin^2(e+fx)}}}{\frac{a(m+2)}{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}} + \frac{af(m+2)}}{af(m+2)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a*cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + B*cos[e + f*x] + C*cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a*cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*Sin[e + f*x])/(a*f*(2 + m)) + (-(((C*(1 + m) + A*(2 + m))*(a*cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m)*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2])) - (B*(a*cos[e + f*x])^(2 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, Cos[e + f*x]^2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(a*f*Sqrt[Sin[e + f*x]^2]))/(a*(2 + m))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a \cos(fx + e))^m (A + B \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input `int((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e))^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(e + f*x))**m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e))^m dx$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e))^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e))^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e))^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + B \cos(e + fx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= a^m \left( \left( \int \cos(fx + e)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(fx + e)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(fx + e)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
a**m*(int(cos(e + f*x)**m,x)*a + int(cos(e + f*x)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*b + i
nt(cos(e + f*x)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c)
```

### 3.239 $\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1735
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1736
Rubi [A] (verified)	1736
Maple [B] (verified)	1740
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1741
Sympy [F(-1)]	1742
Maxima [F]	1742
Giac [F]	1742
Mupad [F(-1)]	1743
Reduce [F]	1743

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \cos^2(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(9A + 7C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10bB \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21d} + \frac{2(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{45bd} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^2d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{9b^3d}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/
d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+10/21*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c, 2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/
d+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 84(9A + 7C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 300B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (7(36A + 43C) \cos(c + dx) + 5(78B + 18B \cos(2(c + dx)) + 7C \cos(3(c + dx)))) \sin(c + dx) \right)}{630d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(84*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 300*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(7*(36*A + 43*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(78*B + 18*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*C*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[c + d*x]))/(630*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^2 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{array}$$

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{3d}$$


---

$9b$   $b^2$

↓ 3121

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + 2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)$$


---

$9b$   $b^2$

↓ 3042

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)$$


---

$9b$   $b^2$

↓ 3119

$$9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$


---

$9b$   $b^2$

↓ 3120

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)$$


---

$9b$   $b^2$

input

`Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + (b*(9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^
2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
+ (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + 9*B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c +
d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Ellip
ticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x
]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7))/(9*b))/b^2
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3115

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n Int[(b*Ssin
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[
2*n]
```

rule 3119

```
Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120

```
Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3121

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Ssin[c + d*x])
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```



rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)}((c\_)+ (d\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_))$ , x\_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[(b\*Sin[e + f\*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b\*Sin[e + f\*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+ (b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)}((A\_)+ (B\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)) + (C\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^2$ , x\_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)\*Cos[e + f\*x]\*((a + b\*Sin[e + f\*x])^(m + 1)/(b\*f\*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b\*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b\*Sin[e + f\*x])^m\*Simp[A\*b\*(m + 2) + b\*C\*(m + 1) + (b\*B\*(m + 2) - a\*C)\*Sin[e + f\*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 7.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b\left(-1120C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+(720B+2240C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots}{\dots}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}+\dots}$

input  $\text{int}(\cos(dx+c)^2*(b*\cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}*(A+B*\cos(dx+c)+C*\cos(dx+c)^2), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
-2/315*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(-1120
*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(720*B+2240*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*A-1080*B-2072*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*A+840*B+952*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+
(-126*A-240*B-168*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-189*A*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+75*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2
^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) +
I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weiers
trassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))
) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstras
sPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 +
45*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*(9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 75*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x +
c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos
(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c +
d*x)^2), x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c +
d*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*
x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.240 $\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1744
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1745
Rubi [A] (verified)	1745
Maple [B] (verified)	1749
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1749
Sympy [F(-1)]	1750
Maxima [F]	1750
Giac [F]	1751
Mupad [F(-1)]	1751
Reduce [F]	1752

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b(7A+5C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5bd} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^2d}$$

output

```
6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*b*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \left( 126BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 10(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(70A + 65C + 42B \cos(c+dx) + 15C \cos[2(c+dx)]) \sin(c+dx) \right)}{105bd \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(126*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*A + 65*C + 42*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(105*b*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} \left( C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + 7bB \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + 7bB \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3115

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3121

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$b$   
↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + (b*(7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + 7*B*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(7*b))/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`



rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-1)}) / (d^n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b\sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((c_) + (d\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((A_) + (B\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)] + (C\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}) / (b * f * (m + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (m + 2)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^m * \text{Simp}[A * b * (m + 2) + b * C * (m + 1) + (b * B * (m + 2) - a * C) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs. 2(159) = 318.

Time = 3.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(240C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(140A+168B+280C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-70A-42B-80C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+35A\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)+3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}d}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/105*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b*(240*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-168*B-360*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*A+168*B+280*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-70*A-42*B-80*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*A*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-63*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+25*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)}))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \cos(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(7iA + 5iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-7iA - 5iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))\right)}{3\sqrt{-b(2\sin^4(\frac{dx+c}{2}) - \sin^2(\frac{dx+c}{2}))}\sin(\frac{dx+c}{2})\sqrt{b(-1+2\cos(\frac{dx+c}{2}))^2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt
(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin
(d*x + c))) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21
*B*cos(d*x + c) + 35*A + 25*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2
),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos
(d*x + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*cos
(d*x + c), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*
x)^2), x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*
x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))
*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)
```

### 3.241 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1753
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1754
Rubi [A] (verified)	1754
Maple [B] (verified)	1757
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1758
Sympy [F(-1)]	1759
Maxima [F]	1759
Giac [F]	1760
Mupad [F(-1)]	1760
Reduce [F]	1760

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(5A + 3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}\sin(c + dx)}{5bd}$$

output

```
2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2
^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5
*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 3(5A + 3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(5B + 3C) \right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*B + 3*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (b(5A + 3C) + 5bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (b(5A + 3C) + 5bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (b(5A + 3C) + 5bB \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& \frac{b(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx}{\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3115 \\
& \frac{b(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)}{\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{b(5A + 3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)}{\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& \frac{b(5A + 3C) \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right)}{\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}} + \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{b(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{5bd}{\downarrow 3119}$$

$$\frac{5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{2C \sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{5b}{5bd}$$

$$\frac{5bd}{\downarrow 3120}$$

$$\frac{2b(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) +$$

$$\frac{5b}{2C \sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output `(2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*b*d) + ((2*b*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + 5*B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(5*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-1)}) / (dn), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b\sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((c_) + (d\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((A_) + (B\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)] + (C\_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}) / (b*f*(m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^m * \text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\left(24C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-20B-24C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(10B+6C)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d - \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/15*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(24*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-20*B-24*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(10*B+6*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+15*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-5*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm  
m="fricas")`

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I
*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstras
sZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) +
3*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c) + 5*B)*sqr
t(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorith
m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.242**  $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1763
Rubi [A] (verified)	1763
Maple [B] (verified)	1766
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1767
Sympy [F]	1768
Maxima [F]	1768
Giac [F]	1769
Mupad [F(-1)]	1769
Reduce [F]	1770

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b \left( 6B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx)) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(b*(6*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.282$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& b \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{2b(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]
```

output

```
b*(((6*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d + \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3iA + iC) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-3iA - iC) \sqrt{b} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x),x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

### 3.243 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1771
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1772
Rubi [A] (verified)	1772
Maple [B] (verified)	1775
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1776
Sympy [F(-1)]	1777
Maxima [F]	1777
Giac [F]	1777
Mupad [F(-1)]	1778
Reduce [F]	1778

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b \left( - \left( (A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2 \right) \right) + B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2 \right) + A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec
[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*b*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos
[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c +
d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.268$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \left( A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \right)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow \text{3119}
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]`

output `b^2*((( -2*b*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b^3 + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

method	result
default	$2b\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2Ab\left(-2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.244 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1779
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1780
Rubi [A] (verified)	1780
Maple [B] (verified)	1784
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1785
Sympy [F(-1)]	1786
Maxima [F]	1786
Giac [F]	1786
Mupad [F(-1)]	1787
Reduce [F]	1787

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2bB \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2b \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (A + 3B \cos(c + dx)) \operatorname{Tan}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*b*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3116 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3121
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} \right) + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} \right) + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3119

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} \right) + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( \frac{2b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} \right) + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3, x]`

output `b^3*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(A + 3*C)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 3*b^2*B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 504 vs. 2(127) = 254.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.61

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-12\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*C*(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2))^(1/2)/d

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (- \right.}{-}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
3,x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```

-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-
4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*co
s(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3
*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPI
nverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*co
s(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c
) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`



### 3.245 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1788
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1789
Rubi [A] (verified)	1789
Maple [B] (verified)	1793
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1794
Sympy [F(-1)]	1795
Maxima [F]	1795
Giac [F]	1796
Mupad [F(-1)]	1796
Reduce [F]	1797

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,
2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)
)+2/3*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*b*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d
/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^2(c + dx) \left( 6(3A + 5C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - 10B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - 6A \tan(c + dx) \right)}{15d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/15*(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(6*(3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 10*B*Sin[c + d*x] - 9*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 15*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 6*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} \left( A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \right)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3116$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3121$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^4 \left( \frac{5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]`

output `b^4*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 799 vs.  $2(160) = 320$ .

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 800, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	800
default	Expression too large to display	804

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-2/
3*B*(-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*b*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-2*C*b*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/...

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
4,x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, c
os(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*wei
erstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*
A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*s
qrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, co
s(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*
x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c
)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec
(d*x + c)^4, x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)`

### 3.246 $\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1798
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1799
Rubi [A] (verified)	1799
Maple [B] (verified)	1804
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1805
Sympy [F(-1)]	1806
Maxima [F]	1806
Giac [F]	1807
Mupad [F(-1)]	1807
Reduce [F]	1808

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{6B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(5A + 7C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^3 B \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6bB \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*b*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/5*b^3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/21*b^2*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*b*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sec^3(c + dx) \left( -63B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5(5A + 7C) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{105d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(-63*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 21*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 63*B*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x] + (25*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/2 + (35*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/2 + 15*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/(105*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^5 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3116

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3121

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)}}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

```
output b^5*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + (b*(5*A + 7*C)*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)))) + 7*b^2*B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)))/(7*b^3)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$



rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 724 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 2.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 725, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	725
parts	Expression too large to display	1000

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b*(A*(-1/56*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1
/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/2
1*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*si
n(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c),2^(1/2)))+1/5*B/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1
/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2
)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)+C*(-1/6*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1
/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*co
s(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5i A + 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
5,x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (63*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*cos(d*x + c) + 15*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx \\ &= \sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*a)`

### 3.247 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1809
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1810
Rubi [A] (verified)	1810
Maple [B] (verified)	1814
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1815
Sympy [F(-1)]	1816
Maxima [F]	1816
Giac [F]	1816
Mupad [F(-1)]	1817
Reduce [F]	1817

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b(9A + 7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10b^2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10bB\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}\sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}\sin(c + dx)}{7bd} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}\sin(c + dx)}{9b^2d}$$

output

```
2/15*b*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)
)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+10/21*b^2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/d+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+
c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \left( 84(9A+7C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 300B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \right)}{630 b d \cos(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(84*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 300*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(7*(36*A + 43*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(78*B + 18*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*C*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[c + d*x])/((630*b*d*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.385$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left( C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b \\
 \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{array}$$



$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---

$b$

↓ 3121

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + 2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---

$b$

↓ 3042

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---

$b$

↓ 3119

$$9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---

$b$

↓ 3120

$$b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d}$$


---

$b$

input

`Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + (b*(9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^
2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
+ (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + 9*B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c +
d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Ellip
ticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x
]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)/(9*b))/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3115

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Ssin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n Int[(b*Ssin
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[
2*n]
```

rule 3119

```
Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120

```
Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3121

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Ssin[c + d*x])
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 2.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(-1120C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+(720B+2240C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots\right)$
parts	$2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots\right)$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(-11
20*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(720*B+2240*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*A-1080*B-2072*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*A+840*B+952*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)+(-126*A-240*B-168*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-189*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+75*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) +
I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 21*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstra
ssZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) +
21*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 45*
B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*(9*A + 7*C)*b*cos(d*x + c) + 75*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x
+ c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.248 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c +$

Optimal result	1818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1819
Rubi [A] (verified)	1819
Maple [B] (verified)	1823
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1823
Sympy [F(-1)]	1824
Maxima [F]	1824
Giac [F]	1825
Mupad [F(-1)]	1825
Reduce [F]	1825

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{6bB\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(7A + 5C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b(7A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}\sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}\sin(c + dx)}{7bd}$$

output

```
6/5*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d
*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*b^2*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*b*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*
sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 126BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 105d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{105d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(126*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*A + 65*C + 42*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(105*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (b(7A + 5C) + 7bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (b(7A + 5C) + 7bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (b(7A + 5C) + 7bB \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} = \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} = \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} = \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}$$

input

`Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output

`(2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + (b*(7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + 7*B*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(7*b)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)}) / (d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{n-1} / \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((c_.) + (d_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((A_.) + (B_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)] + (C_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x] * ((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}) / (b*f*(m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m * \text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. 2(160) = 320.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(240C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+14\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2s}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNV  
ERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/105*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(240*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-168*B-360*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*A+168*B+280*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-70*A-42*B-80*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-63*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+25*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} w \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 5*(7*A + 5*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`

### 3.249 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1827
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1828
Rubi [A] (verified)	1828
Maple [B] (verified)	1832
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1833
Sympy [F(-1)]	1833
Maxima [F]	1834
Giac [F]	1834
Mupad [F(-1)]	1835
Reduce [F]	1835

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/5*b*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))
/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 3(5A + 3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*B + 3*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$b \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(5A+3C) + 5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$b \left( \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(5A+3C) + 5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (b(5A+3C) + 5bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$b \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{5b}$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{5b}$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( \frac{5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{5b}$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{2b(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{5b}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]
```

output

```
b*((2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((2*b*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + 5*B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(5*b)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)}/(d*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs. 2(129) = 258.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2\left(24C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-20B-24C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(10B+6C)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d} - \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(24*C*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-20*B-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(10*B+6*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+15*A
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\right.$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*C*b*cos(d*x + c) + 5*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x)*b)
```



### 3.250 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1836
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1837
Rubi [A] (verified)	1837
Maple [B] (verified)	1840
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1841
Sympy [F(-1)]	1842
Maxima [F]	1842
Giac [F]	1842
Mupad [F(-1)]	1843
Reduce [F]	1843

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2bC \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output `2*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^2 \left( 6B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin[2(c + dx)] \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(b^2*(6*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.268$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{2b(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2, x]
```

output

```
b^2*(((6*B*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2},\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}b^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)+2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{3\sqrt{-b}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/3*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*(4*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-3*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-2*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{(1/2)}/d$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{b^2 \cos^2(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-2/3*(I*\sqrt{1/2}*(3*A + C)*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c)) - I*\sqrt{1/2}*(3*A + C)*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*\sqrt{1/2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) + I*\sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*\sqrt{1/2}*B*b^{(3/2)}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(d*x + c) - I*\sin(d*x + c))) - \sqrt{b*\cos(d*x + c)}*C*b*\sin(d*x + c))/d$$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`



### 3.251 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1844
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1845
Rubi [A] (verified)	1845
Maple [B] (verified)	1848
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1849
Sympy [F(-1)]	1850
Maxima [F]	1850
Giac [F]	1850
Mupad [F(-1)]	1851
Reduce [F]	1851

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*b^2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \left( - \left( (A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.268$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^3(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3121 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c +
d*x]^3, x]
```

output

```
b^3*((( -2*b*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqr
t[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(
d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]))/b^3 + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x
]]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3119

```
Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 261 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
default	$2b^2 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right), \sqrt{-b \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)^2}\right)\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2Ab^2 \left( -2 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b \left(-1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b^2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b)`



### 3.252 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1852
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1853
Rubi [A] (verified)	1853
Maple [B] (verified)	1857
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1858
Sympy [F(-1)]	1859
Maxima [F]	1859
Giac [F]	1859
Mupad [F(-1)]	1860
Reduce [F]	1860

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2B \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3116 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3121
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^4 \left( \frac{2b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4, x]`

output `b^4*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(A + 3*C)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 3*b^2*B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 505 vs. 2(132) = 264.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b/sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*
*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/
2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*C*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (b \cos(dx + c)^2)$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
4,x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```

-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4,
0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x
+ c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sq
rt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInvers
e(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x
+ c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I
*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```



output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b)`

### 3.253 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1861
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1862
Rubi [A] (verified)	1862
Maple [B] (verified)	1866
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1867
Sympy [F(-1)]	1868
Maxima [F]	1868
Giac [F]	1869
Mupad [F(-1)]	1869
Reduce [F]	1870

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^3B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*b*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)
)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2)+2/3*b^3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*b^2*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*
x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^3(c + dx) \left( 6(3A + 5C) \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - 10B \cos^{3/2}(c + dx) \text{EllipticF}\right.$$

15d

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/15*((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(6*(3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 10*B*Sin[c + d*x] - 9*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 15*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] - 6*A*Tan[c + d*x]))/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^5(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^5 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3116$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3121$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^5 \left( \frac{5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
b^5*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 804 vs.  $2(165) = 330$ .

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 805, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	805
parts	Expression too large to display	805

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b/sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-60*C*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellipt
icF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+60*C*EllipticE(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+30*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2...

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
5,x, algorithm="fricas")

```



output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, c
os(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*wei
erstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*
A + 5*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse
(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(3/2
)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*b*cos(d*x
+ c) + 3*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c
)**5,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^
5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*s
ec(d*x + c)^5, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*b)`

### 3.254 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1871
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1872
Rubi [A] (verified)	1872
Maple [B] (verified)	1877
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1878
Sympy [F(-1)]	1878
Maxima [F]	1879
Giac [F]	1879
Mupad [F(-1)]	1880
Reduce [F]	1880

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{6bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^5 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^4 B \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^3(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6b^2 B \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-6/5*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*b^2*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/5*b^4*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/21*b^3*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sec^5(c + dx) \left( -504B \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right) + 40(5A + 7C) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \right)}{420d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5*(-504*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 40*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(110*A + 70*C + 273*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 10*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 63*B*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(420*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3500 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3116 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3116
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]`

output `b^6*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + (b*(5*A + 7*C))*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + 7*b^2*B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)))/(7*b^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`



rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs.  $2(190) = 380$ .

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 727, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	727
parts	Expression too large to display	1005

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2*(A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))+1/5*B/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)+C*(-1/6*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)
/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 7C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 7C) b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (63*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 15*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^6, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*b)
```

### 3.255 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c +$

Optimal result	1881
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1882
Rubi [A] (verified)	1882
Maple [B] (verified)	1886
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1887
Sympy [F(-1)]	1888
Maxima [F]	1888
Giac [F]	1888
Mupad [F(-1)]	1889
Reduce [F]	1889

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{2b^2(9A + 7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10b^3B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{10b^2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}\sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2b(9A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}\sin(c + dx)}{45d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}\sin(c + dx)}{7d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}\sin(c + dx)}{9bd}$$

output

```
2/15*b^2*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+10/21*b^3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/45*b*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 84(9A + 7C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 300B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \cos^2(c + dx) \right)}{9b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(84*(9*A + 7*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 300*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(7*(36*A + 43*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(78*B + 18*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*C*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[c + d*x])/((630*d*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.424$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^{5/2} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (b(9A + 7C) + 9bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (b(9A + 7C) + 9bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (b(9A + 7C) + 9bB \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(9A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(9A + 7C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2}{5} \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \\ \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \\ \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \\ \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{9b} \\ \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(9A + 7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \\ \frac{2C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

input

Int[(b\*Cos[c + d\*x])^(5/2)\*(A + B\*Cos[c + d\*x] + C\*Cos[c + d\*x]^2),x]

output

```
(2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*sin[c + d*x]/(9*b*d) + (b*(9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2
*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
+ (2*b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*sin[c + d*x]/(5*d)) + 9*B*((2*b*(b*cos[c +
d*x])^(5/2)*sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Ellipt
icF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]
]*sin[c + d*x])/(3*d))))/7)/(9*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3115

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*sin
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[
2*n]
```

rule 3119

```
Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120

```
Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)
*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3121

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*sin[c + d*x])
^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 3227 Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 3502 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 383 vs. 2(187) = 374.

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(-1120C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+(720B+2240C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots}{\dots}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(-8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6+8\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\dots}{5\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}+\dots}$

```
input int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(-11
20*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(720*B+2240*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*A-1080*B-2072*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*A+840*B+952*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)+(-126*A-240*B-168*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-189*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+75*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
,2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)}{-}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) +
I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 21*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstra
ssZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) +
21*I*sqrt(1/2)*(9*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 4
5*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*(9*A + 7*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 75*B*b^2)*sqrt(b
*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)`

### 3.256 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1890
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1891
Rubi [A] (verified)	1891
Maple [B] (verified)	1895
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1896
Sympy [F(-1)]	1896
Maxima [F]	1897
Giac [F]	1897
Mupad [F(-1)]	1898
Reduce [F]	1898

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{6b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) | 2)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3(7A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2(7A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{21d} + \frac{2bB(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sin(c + dx)}{7d}$$

output

```
6/5*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*b^3*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*b^2*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1
/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*
x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \left( 126BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 10(7A + 5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{105d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(126*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*A + 65*C + 42*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(105*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \left( b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) \right)^{3/2} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A \right) dx$$



↓ 3502

$$b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (b(7A + 5C) + 7bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$b \left( \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (b(7A + 5C) + 7bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (b(7A + 5C) + 7bB \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A + 5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{7b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]
```

output

```
b*((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + (b*(7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + 7*B*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(7*b))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*}((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*}Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n-1)/(d*n)}), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*}((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs. 2(162) = 324.

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(240C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(140A+168B+280C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-70A-42B-80C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+35A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)-63B\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+25C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)}{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/105*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(240
*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-168*B-360*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*A+168*B+280*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)+(-70*A-42*B-80*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*A*(
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-63*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7A + 5C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) - 63i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) + 63i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) - (15C b^2 \cos^2(dx + c) + 21B b^2 \cos(dx + c) + 5(7A + 5C) b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) / d$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d
*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(7*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*w
eierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x
+ c))) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*
B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 5*(7*A + 5*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)
/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c
),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*s
ec(d*x + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),
x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*s
ec(d*x + c), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x), x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x)*a)
```

### 3.257 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1899
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1900
Rubi [A] (verified)	1900
Maple [B] (verified)	1904
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1905
Sympy [F(-1)]	1905
Maxima [F]	1906
Giac [F]	1906
Mupad [F(-1)]	1907
Reduce [F]	1907

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2(5A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d} + \frac{2bC (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} \sin(c + dx)}{5d}$$

```
output 2/5*b^2*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+2/5*b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( 3(5A + 3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*B + 3*C*Cos[c + d*x]))*Sin[c + d*x])/(15*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$b^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(5A+3C) + 5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(5A+3C) + 5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} (b(5A+3C) + 5bB \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3115

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{5bd} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{2C+d}$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{2C+d}$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{2C+d}$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{2b(5A+3C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{2C+d}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
b^2*((2*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((2*b*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + 5*B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(5*b))
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)}/(d*n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 12.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\left(24C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-20B-24C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(10B+6C)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2b^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)-2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(24*C*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-20*B-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(10*B+6*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+15*A
*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(\right.$$


---

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 5*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```



### 3.258 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1908
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1909
Rubi [A] (verified)	1909
Maple [B] (verified)	1912
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1913
Sympy [F(-1)]	1914
Maxima [F]	1914
Giac [F]	1914
Mupad [F(-1)]	1915
Reduce [F]	1915

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3 (3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^2 C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
2*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \left( 3BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (3A + C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{3d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(3*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (3*A + C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.268$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left( A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \right)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3121 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3119

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{b(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{2b(3A+C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3, x]
```

output

```
b^3*(((6*B*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 68.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b^3\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2},\sqrt{2}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{-b}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}{\sqrt{-b}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (3A + C) b^{5/2} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (b^2 \cos^2(dx + c) - \sin^2(dx + c))$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + C)*b^(5/2)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)`



### 3.259 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1916
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1917
Rubi [A] (verified)	1917
Maple [B] (verified)	1920
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1921
Sympy [F(-1)]	1922
Maxima [F]	1922
Giac [F]	1922
Mupad [F(-1)]	1923
Reduce [F]	1923

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b^2(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*b^3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c, 2^(
1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3 \left( - \left( (A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right) + B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(2*b^3*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.268$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^4(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3121 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3119
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^4 \left( \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C)E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c +
d*x]^4, x]
```

output

```
b^4*((( -2*b*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqr
t[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(
d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]))/b^3 + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x
]]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)
^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3119

```
Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*
(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[1/Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 261 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 219.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$2b^3 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right), \sqrt{-b \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}\right)^2}\right)\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2A b^3 \left( -2 \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b \left(2 \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b \left(-1 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b^3*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A - C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)`



### 3.260 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1925
Rubi [A] (verified)	1925
Maple [B] (verified)	1929
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1930
Sympy [F(-1)]	1930
Maxima [F]	1931
Giac [F]	1931
Mupad [F(-1)]	1932
Reduce [F]	1932

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3 (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^4 \sin(c + dx)}{3d (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^3 B \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b^4*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*b^3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \frac{2b^3 \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5,x]
```

output

```
(2*b^3*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sec^5(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & b^5 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^5 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3116 \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3121
\end{aligned}$$

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^5 \left( \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^5 \left( \frac{2b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^5, x]`

output `b^5*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(A + 3*C)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 3*b^2*B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^(n+2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```

Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$2\sqrt{b\left(-1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b^2 \left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right) + \dots\right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)
```

output

```

2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2^(1/2)*b^2/sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*C*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*
b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d

```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (A + 3C) b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) + 3i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c))) - 3i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^2 \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(-4, 0, \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c))) - (3Bb^2 \cos(dx + c) + Ab^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^2)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*(A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^5 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^5, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^5,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^5, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^5(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^5 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^5,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**5,x)*a)
```

$$3.261 \quad \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

Optimal result	1933
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1934
Rubi [A] (verified)	1934
Maple [B] (verified)	1938
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1939
Sympy [F(-1)]	1939
Maxima [F]	1940
Giac [F]	1940
Mupad [F(-1)]	1941
Reduce [F]	1941

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{2b^2(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^5 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^4B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2b^3(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*b^2*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*b^3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^5*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/3*b^4*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*b^3*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{2b^4 \left( 3(3A + 5C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) - 5B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) - 5B \sin(c + dx) \right)}{15d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
(-2*b^4*(3*(3*A + 5*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] - 5*B*Sin[c + d*x] - (9*A*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/2 - (15*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/2 - 3*A*Tan[c + d*x])/(15*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^6(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^6 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3116$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3121$$

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^6 \left( \frac{5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^6 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6,x]
```

output

```
b^6*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

Expression too large to display

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)
```

output

```
-2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^2/sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-60*C*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+60*C*EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+30*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1...
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*(3*A + 5*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 3*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^6 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^6, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^6,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^6, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^6(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^6 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^6,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**6,x)*a)
```

### 3.262 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	1942
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1943
Rubi [A] (verified)	1943
Maple [B] (verified)	1948
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1949
Sympy [F(-1)]	1949
Maxima [F]	1950
Giac [F]	1950
Mupad [F(-1)]	1951
Reduce [F]	1951

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx =$$

$$-\frac{6b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2b^3(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^6 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^5 B \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b^4(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6b^3 B \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-6/5*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/d*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*b^3*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^6*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/5*b^5*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/21*b^4*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*b^3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} \sec^6(c + dx) \left( -504B \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \middle| 2\right) + 40(5A + 7C) \cos^{7/2}(c + dx) \right)}{420}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sec[c + d*x]^6*(-504*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 40*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(110*A + 70*C + 273*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 10*(5*A + 7*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 63*B*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x])/(420*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^7(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^7 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3116$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3116$$

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^7 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

```
input Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^7,x]
```

```
output b^7*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + (b*(5*A + 7*C))*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + 7*b^2*B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)))/(7*b^3)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs.  $2(192) = 384$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 727, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

Expression too large to display

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x)
```

output

```
-2*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*b^3*(A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2)))+1/5*B/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)+C*(-1/6*cos
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)
/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*
cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 7C) b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5A + 7C) b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right) / (d \cos(dx + c)^4)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/105*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*(5*A + 7*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (63*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 15*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**7,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^7 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^7, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2} \sec(dx + c)^7 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2)*sec(d*x + c)^7, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^7} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^7,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^7, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^7(c + dx) dx = \sqrt{b} b^2 \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 \sec(dx + c)^7 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 \sec(dx + c)^7 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^7 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^7,x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*b**2*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4*sec(c + d*x)**7,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**7,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**7,x)*a)
```

**3.263** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1953
Rubi [A] (verified)	1953
Maple [B] (verified)	1957
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1958
Sympy [F(-1)]	1959
Maxima [F]	1959
Giac [F]	1959
Mupad [F(-1)]	1960
Reduce [F]	1960

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 214

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{2(9A+7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{15bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{10B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{21d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21bd} + \frac{2(9A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{45b^2d} \\ &+ \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} \sin(c+dx)}{9b^4d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+10/21*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/
b/d+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+
c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{168(9A+7C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 600B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right) + (7(36A+1260d)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} + \dots)}{1260d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(168*(9*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 600*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (7*(36*A + 43*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(78*B + 18*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*C*Cos[3*(c + d*x)])*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(1260*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A\right) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{27} \\
 \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + 9B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3115} \\
 \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d}}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 \hline
 b^3 \\
 \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + 2b \sin(c+dx)}{9b} \quad b^3$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx + 2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \quad b^3$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \quad b^3$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{9b} \quad b^3$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \quad b^3$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*C*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{7/2}*\sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + (b*(9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*\sqrt{b*\cos[c + d*x]}*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}) \\ & + (2*b*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{3/2}*\sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + 9*B*((2*b*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{5/2}*\sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]}*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*\sqrt{b*\cos[c + d*x]}) + (2*b*\sqrt{b*\cos[c + d*x]}) * \sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7)/(9*b))/b^3 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \quad \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3115

$$\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\cos[c + d*x]*(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-1)}/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \quad \text{Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3119

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - \pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3120

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - \pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121

$$\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \quad \text{Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$



output

```
-2/315*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-1120*C
*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(720*B+2240*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*A-1080*B-2072*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*A+840*B+952*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-
126*A-240*B-168*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-189*A*(sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+75*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^
2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(
1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) +
I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weiers
trassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))
) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstras
sPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 +
45*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*(9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 75*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x +
c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right) \right)}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a))/b`

$$3.264 \quad \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1961
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1962
Rubi [A] (verified)	1962
Maple [B] (verified)	1966
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1966
Sympy [F(-1)]	1967
Maxima [F]	1967
Giac [F]	1968
Mupad [F(-1)]	1968
Reduce [F]	1969

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 185

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{5bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21bd} \\ & \quad + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^3d} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/cos(d
*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,
2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*
x+c)/b/d+2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( 126BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 10(7A+5C) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) + \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(70A+65C) \right)}{105d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(126*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*A + 65*C + 42*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(105*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} \left( C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + 7bB \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + 7bB \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3121 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow b^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} \frac{1}{b^2}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} \frac{1}{b^2}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} \frac{1}{b^2}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + (b*(7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + 7*B*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(7*b))/b^2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-1)}) / (d^n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b\sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((c_) + (d_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]^{(m_)} * ((A_) + (B_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)] + (C_)\sin[(e_) + (f_)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}) / (b * f * (m + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (m + 2)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^m * \text{Simp}[A * b * (m + 2) + b * C * (m + 1) + (b * B * (m + 2) - a * C) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 349 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(240C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(140A+168B+280C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-70A-42B-80C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+35A^2\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)-63B^2\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+25C^2\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)}{\left(-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}d$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/105*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(240*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-168*B-360*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*A+168*B+280*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-70*A-42*B-80*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*A^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})-63*B^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})+25*C^2*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2}))}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{1/2}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c))^2)^{1/2}}/d$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (7i A + 5i C) \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (-7i A - 5i C) \sqrt{b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) - i \sin(dx + c)) \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*cos(d*x + c) + 35*A + 25*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d)
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b`

**3.265** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1970
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1971
Rubi [A] (verified)	1971
Maple [B] (verified)	1975
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1975
Sympy [F(-1)]	1976
Maxima [F]	1976
Giac [F]	1977
Mupad [F(-1)]	1977
Reduce [F]	1978

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 150

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3bd} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b
/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2
^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+2
/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(3(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\mid 2\right)+5B\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)+\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(5B+3C)\right)}{15bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*B + 3*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*b*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{b} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A\right)}{b} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$



$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(5A+3C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(5A+3C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} (b(5A+3C)+5bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3115

$$\frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3121

$$\frac{\frac{b(5A+3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

b  
↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(5A+3C)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}+5B\left(\frac{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}+\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right)+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

↓ 3119

$$5B\left(\frac{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}}dx}{3\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}+\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right)+\frac{2b(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2b(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}+5B\left(\frac{2b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}+\frac{2b\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{3d}\right)+\frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((2*b*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + 5*B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(5*b)/b`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2030 `Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-1)}) / (d^n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) * \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) * (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b\sin[c + dx])^n / \sin[c + dx]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + dx]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)} * ((c\_)] + (d\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m, x\}$

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a\_)] + (b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)} * ((A\_)] + (B\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)] + (C\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b\sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}) / (b*f*(m+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b\sin[e + fx])^m * \text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-20B-24C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(10B+6C)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d - \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}d$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(24*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-20*B-24*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(10*B+6*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+15*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(5i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}B\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-5i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}B\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c) + 5*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b`

**3.266**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	1979
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1980
Rubi [A] (verified)	1980
Maple [B] (verified)	1983
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1984
Sympy [F(-1)]	1984
Maxima [F]	1985
Giac [F]	1985
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1985
Reduce [F]	1986

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3bd}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 2(3A + C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + C \sin(2(c + dx))}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(6*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C)+3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{\frac{2b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `((6*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. 2(106) = 212.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-3B\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)-2C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\operatorname{InverseJacobiAM}\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2},\sqrt{2}\right)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(4*C*sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*B*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/
2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3i A + i C) \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3i A - i C) \sqrt{b} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{2 C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{3 b d} + \frac{2 A \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2 C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} F\left(\frac{c}{2} + \frac{dx}{2} \middle| 2\right)}{3 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*C*sin(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))/(3*b*d) + (2*A*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2)/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)) + (2*B*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticE(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)) + (2*C*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*ellipticF(c/2 + (d*x)/2, 2))/(3*d*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2))`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) c \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*c))/b`

**3.267** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1987
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1988
Rubi [A] (verified)	1988
Maple [B] (verified)	1991
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1992
Sympy [F]	1993
Maxima [F]	1993
Giac [F]	1994
Mupad [F(-1)]	1994
Reduce [F]	1995

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(A - C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(B + C \cos(c + dx) + A \sec(c + dx)) \left( \frac{\csc(c) (-3(A-C) \cos(c-dx - \arctan(\tan(c))) \sec(c) - (A-C) \cos(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(B + C*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x])*((Csc[c]*(-3*(A - C)*Cos[c - d*x - ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sec[c] - (A - C)*Cos[c + d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sec[c] + 2*((2*A - C)*Cos[d*x] - C*Cos[2*c + d*x])*Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]))/Sqrt[Sec[c]^2] - 4*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sqrt[Cos[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sqrt[Csc[c]^2]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sin[c] + (2*(A - C)*HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sec[c]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]))/(Sqrt[Sec[c]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]))/(b*d*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)]))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.282$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
& b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& b \left( \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
b*((( -2*b*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b^3 + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b\_)*\sin[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)])^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b\_)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)])^{(m\_)*((c\_.) + (d\_.)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500  $\text{Int}[((a\_.) + (b\_)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)])^{(m\_)*((A\_.) + (B\_)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)] + (C\_)*\sin[(e\_.) + (f\_.)*(x\_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)})/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*\sin[e + f*x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \text{ LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \text{ NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right) \right)$
parts	$\frac{2A \left( -2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x
+ c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPIn
verse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b
)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x +
c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weier
strassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)
)) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2
),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/sqrt(b*cos(
c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(
d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(c+dx) dx \right) b \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x),x)*b))/b`



**3.268** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1996
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1997
Rubi [A] (verified)	1998
Maple [B] (verified)	2002
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2003
Sympy [F]	2004
Maxima [F]	2004
Giac [F]	2005
Mupad [F(-1)]	2005
Reduce [F]	2006

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 139

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= -\frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{2(A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/cos(d*
x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1
/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*B*
sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 7.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.45

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (C + B \sec(c + dx) + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \left( \frac{4B \csc(c) \sec(c)}{d} + \frac{4A \sec(c) \sec^2(c+dx) \sin(dx)}{3d} + \frac{4 \sec(c) \sec(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (2A + C + 2B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

$$- \frac{4A \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \csc(c) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \sin^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))\right) (C + B \sec(c + dx) + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \sec(c)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (2A + C + 2B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

$$- \frac{4C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \csc(c) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; \sin^2(dx - \arctan(\cot(c)))\right) (C + B \sec(c + dx) + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \sec(c)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (2A + C + 2B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

$$+ \frac{2B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \csc(c) (C + B \sec(c + dx) + A \sec^2(c + dx)) \left( \frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{4}; \cos^2(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))} \sqrt{1 + \cos(dx + \arctan(\tan(c)))}} \right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (2A + C + 2B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos(2c + 2dx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((4*B*Csc[c]*Sec[c
])/d + (4*A*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Sin[d*x])/(3*d) + (4*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]
*(A*Sin[c] + 3*B*Sin[d*x]))/(3*d)))/(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*C
os[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])) - (4*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Csc[c]*Hyperg
eometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*(C + B*Sec[c +
d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[d*x - Arc
Tan[Cot[c]]]]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]*Sin[c]*Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])]
*Sqrt[1 + Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C +
2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])*Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]) - (4*C*Cos[c +
d*x]^(5/2)*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[C
ot[c]]]^2]*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]
]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]*Sin[c]*Si
n[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])] *Sqrt[1 + Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]])/(d*Sqrt[b*C
os[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])*Sqrt[1 + Co
t[c]^2]) + (2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Csc[c]*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c +
d*x]^2)*(HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]
^2]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]
*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]
*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]) - ((Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan
[c])/Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2] + (2*Cos[c]^2*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Sqrt[1 ...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)b^2}{(b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 3121

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{2b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
b^2*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 3*b^2*B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*b^3)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs. 2(126) = 252.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-12\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b/sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*
*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/
2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*C*(sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*
*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*E
llipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*s
in(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (- \right.}{-}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
),x, algorithm="fricas")

```



output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) b \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b`

**3.269** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2007
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2008
Rubi [A] (verified)	2008
Maple [B] (verified)	2012
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2013
Sympy [F(-1)]	2014
Maxima [F]	2014
Giac [F]	2015
Mupad [F(-1)]	2015
Reduce [F]	2016

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2bB \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/
b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,
2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)
)+2/3*b*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*
cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -3(3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 9A \sin(c + dx) \right)}{15d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(2*(-3*(3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 15*C*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3116$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3121$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^3 \left( \frac{5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `b^3*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c+d*x])^n/\sin[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$



rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 800 vs.  $2(159) = 318$ .

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 801, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

method	result	size
parts	Expression too large to display	801
default	Expression too large to display	807

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/5*A*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b/sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-
2/3*B*(-2*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)
)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d-2*C*(-2*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+(sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)...

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
),x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, c
os(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*wei
erstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*
A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*s
qrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, co
s(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*
x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(
1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*co
s(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) b \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b))/b`

**3.270** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2017
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2018
Rubi [A] (verified)	2018
Maple [B] (verified)	2023
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2024
Sympy [F(-1)]	2025
Maxima [F]	2025
Giac [F]	2026
Mupad [F(-1)]	2026
Reduce [F]	2027

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 B \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2b(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6B \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)+2/5*b^2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/21*b*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -63B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 63B \sin(c + dx) \right)}{105d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(2*(-63*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 63*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 25*A*Tan[c + d*x] + 35*C*Tan[c + d*x] + 21*B*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x] + 15*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x]))/(105*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 \sqrt{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^4 \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A}{\left(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)\right)^{9/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$



$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3116

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3042

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3121

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} \right) + \dots$$

↓ 3042

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx)}}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

3119

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

3120

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
b^4*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + (b*(5*A + 7*C)*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + 7*b^2*B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2))/(7*b^3)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 725 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	726
parts	Expression too large to display	1001

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*A*(-1/56*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2/5*B/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)+2*C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5i A + 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)^4 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (63*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*cos(d*x + c) + 15*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^4/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^4/sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^4*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^4}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) \sec(dx+c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^4 dx \right) b \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b))/b`



**3.271** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2028
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2029
Rubi [A] (verified)	2029
Maple [A] (verified)	2033
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2034
Sympy [F(-1)]	2034
Maxima [F]	2035
Giac [F]	2035
Mupad [F(-1)]	2035
Reduce [F]	2036

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(9A+7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{15b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{21bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{21b^2d} + \frac{2(9A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{45b^3d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sin(c+dx)}{7b^4d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}\sin(c+dx)}{9b^5d}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+10/21*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c,2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x
+c)/b^2/d+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/7*B*(b*co
s(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5
/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{168(9A+7C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 600B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}F\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + (7(36A+43C)\cos(c+dx) + 5(78B+18B\cos(2(c+dx)) + 7C\cos(3(c+dx))))\sin(2(c+dx))}{1260b^2d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(168*(9*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 600*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (7*(36*A + 43*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(78*B + 18*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*C*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(1260*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A\right) dx}{b^4}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

$b^4$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

$b^4$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

$b^4$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + 9bB \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

$b^4$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + 9bB \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}$$

$b^4$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)}{b^4}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \quad b^4$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \quad b^4$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{9b} \quad b^4$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b} \quad b^4$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + (b*(9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + 9*B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7))/(9*b))/b^4`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * ((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-1)/(d*n)}), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n / \sin[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(-1120C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+(720B+2240C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-504A-1080B-2072C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+504A+840B+952C\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-126A-240B-168C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-189A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+75B\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)-147C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)}{5b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}$
parts	

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(-1120*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(720*B+2240*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*A-1080*B-2072*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*A+840*B+952*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-126*A-240*B-168*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-189*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+75*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-147*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 45*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*(9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 75*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`



output

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a))/b**2
```

**3.272** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2037
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2038
Rubi [A] (verified)	2038
Maple [B] (verified)	2041
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2042
Sympy [F(-1)]	2043
Maxima [F]	2043
Giac [F]	2044
Mupad [F(-1)]	2044
Reduce [F]	2044

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{21bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21b^2 d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3 d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^4 d}$$

output

```
6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^2/d/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c, 2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*si
n(d*x+c)/b^2/d+2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(d*
x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{3/2}(c+dx) \left(126BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 10(7A\right.$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(126*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*A + 5*C)*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*A + 65*C + 42*B*Cos[c + d*x] + 15*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(105*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A\right) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{2\int \frac{1}{2}(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(b(7A+5C)+7bB\cos(c+dx))dx}{7b} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd}}{b^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3121 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3
 \end{aligned}$$

3119

$$b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)$$


---

$7b$   $b^3$

3120

$$b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)$$


---

$7b$   $b^3$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + (b*(7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + 7*B*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(7*b))/b^3
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \pi/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \pi/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot ((c) + (d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x))], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot ((A) + (B \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) + (C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (m+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m \cdot \text{Simp}[A \cdot b \cdot (m+2) + b \cdot C \cdot (m+1) + (b \cdot B \cdot (m+2) - a \cdot C) \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x], x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(240C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(140A-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-70A-42B-80C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+35A\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}d}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/105*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(240*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-168*B-360*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*A+168*B+280*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-70*A-42*B-80*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-63*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+25*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(7iA + 5iC)\sqrt{b}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-7iA - 5iC)\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b(2\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - \sin^2(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}\sin(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})\sqrt{b(-1 + 2\cos(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))^2}d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt
(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin
(d*x + c))) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21
*B*cos(d*x + c) + 35*A + 25*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(
3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(3/2), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^3(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \cos(dx+c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))
)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b**
2
```

**3.273** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2046
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2047
Rubi [A] (verified)	2047
Maple [B] (verified)	2050
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2051
Sympy [F(-1)]	2052
Maxima [F]	2052
Giac [F]	2053
Mupad [F(-1)]	2053
Reduce [F]	2053

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3b^2d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{5b^3d}$$

output

```
2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b
^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
,2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b
^2/d+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\left(3(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right)+\right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(3*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*B + 3*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{b^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A\right)}{b^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{2\int \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(b(5A+3C)+5bB\cos(c+dx))dx}{5b} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & \frac{\quad}{b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(b(5A+3C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b(5A+3C)+5bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3121 \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^2
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3119

$$5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$


---


$$b^2$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2b(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$


---


$$b^2$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((2*b*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + 5*B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(5*b))/b^2
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-1)/n) \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \cdot \text{Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot ((c) + (d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x))], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \cdot \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot ((A) + (B \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) + (C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (m+2)) \cdot \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m \cdot \text{Simp}[A \cdot b \cdot (m+2) + b \cdot C \cdot (m+1) + (b \cdot B \cdot (m+2) - a \cdot C) \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x], x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs.  $2(136) = 272$ .

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-20B-24C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(10B+6C)\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d - \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/15*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(24*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-20*B-24*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(10*B+6*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+15*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-5*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+9*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2\left(5i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}B\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-5i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}B\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(\dots)\right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I
*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstras
sZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) +
3*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c) + 5*B)*sqr
t(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(
3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output  $(\sqrt{b})(\int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)},x)*a + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}*\cos(c + dx),x)*b + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}*\cos(c + dx)**2,x)*c)/b**2$

**3.274** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2055
Rubi [A] (verified)	2056
Maple [B] (verified)	2059
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2059
Sympy [F(-1)]	2060
Maxima [F]	2060
Giac [F]	2061
Mupad [F(-1)]	2061
Reduce [F]	2061

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2 d}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c, 2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2) + 2(3A+C)}{3bd \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(6*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(3*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.282$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$\int \frac{C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

↓ 3227

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} 3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} 3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} 3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{2b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2) + \frac{6BE(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} 3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `((6*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])/(3*b) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d))/b`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3502  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((A_.) + (B_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*\text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2\right)\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3iA+iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3iA-iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))\right)}{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d}$$



input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output  $(\sqrt{b} * (\int(\sqrt{\cos(c + d*x)} / \cos(c + d*x), x) * a + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + d*x)}, x) * b + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + d*x)} * \cos(c + d*x), x) * c)) / b^{**2}$

**3.275**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2063
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2064
Rubi [A] (verified)	2064
Maple [B] (verified)	2067
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2068
Sympy [F(-1)]	2068
Maxima [F]	2069
Giac [F]	2069
Mupad [F(-1)]	2069
Reduce [F]	2070

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(A - C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^2/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2
))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( - \left( (A - C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E \left( \frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2 \right) \right) + B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((A - C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2]) + B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$ , Rules used = {3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2 (A - C) \cos(c + dx)}{2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(A-C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{\frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2b(A-C) E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output 
$$\frac{((-2*b*(A - C)*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticE}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*B*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*\text{EllipticF}[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])}{b^3} + \frac{(2*A*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])}{(b*d*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 3042 
$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3119 
$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3120 
$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$$

rule 3121 
$$\text{Int}[((b_)*\text{sin}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227 
$$\text{Int}[((b_.)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^{(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*\text{sin}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 261 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right) \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$
parts	$2A \left( -2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/b*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)*(2*A*cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-B*(sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1
/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
))^(1/2)/d
```



**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c \right)}{b^2}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*c))/b**2`

**3.276** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2071
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2072
Rubi [A] (verified)	2073
Maple [B] (verified)	2076
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2077
Sympy [F]	2078
Maxima [F]	2078
Giac [F]	2079
Mupad [F(-1)]	2079
Reduce [F]	2079

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 761, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(C+B \sec(c+dx)+A \sec^2(c+dx)) \left( \frac{4B \csc(c) \sec(c)}{d} + 4 \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(2A+C+2B \cos(c+dx))}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((Cos[c + d*x]^3*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((4*B*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/d + (4*A*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Sin[d*x])/(3*d) + (4*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]*(A*Sin[c] + 3*B*Sin[d*x]))/(3*d)))/(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])) - (4*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]*Sin[c]*Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])]*Sqrt[1 + Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])*Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]) - (4*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]*Sin[c]*Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])]*Sqrt[1 + Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])*Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]) + (2*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Csc[c]*(C + B*Sec[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x]^2)*((HypergeometricPFQ[{-1/2, -1/4}, {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2]*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]) - ((Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2] + (2*Cos[c]^2*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[1...
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b \int \frac{C\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)^2+B\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx)+A}{(b\sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c+\pi)+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3500

$$b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3Bb^2+(A+3C)\cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$b \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2+(A+3C)\cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2+(A+3C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b \left( \frac{b(A+3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2B \int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3116

$$b \left( \frac{b(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(A + 3C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{2b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{3b^3} \right) + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `b*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 3*b^2*B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*b^3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2030 `Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + Simp[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`



rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-12\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3b\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-i A \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int((s  
qrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*  
x))*sec(c + d*x),x)*c))/b**2
```

**3.277** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2081
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2082
Rubi [A] (verified)	2082
Maple [B] (verified)	2086
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2087
Sympy [F]	2088
Maxima [F]	2088
Giac [F]	2089
Mupad [F(-1)]	2089
Reduce [F]	2089

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c,2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5
/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(
b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -3(3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-3*(3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt
[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 15*C*Sin[c +
d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*b*d*Sqrt[b*
Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3500

$$\begin{aligned}
& b^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3116 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 3121
\end{aligned}$$



$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `b^2*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs.  $2(162) = 324$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	807
parts	Expression too large to display	807

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,me
thod=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2/sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-60*C*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+60*C*EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+30*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1...

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)
),x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, c
os(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*wei
erstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*
A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*s
qrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, co
s(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*
x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(
3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c
+ d*x))**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^2(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{b}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int
((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(
c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**2
```

**3.278** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2091
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2092
Rubi [A] (verified)	2092
Maple [B] (verified)	2097
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2098
Sympy [F(-1)]	2098
Maxima [F]	2099
Giac [F]	2099
Mupad [F(-1)]	2099
Reduce [F]	2100

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2bB \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6B \sin(c + dx)}{5bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^2/d/co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c,2^(1/2))/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))
^(7/2)+2/5*b*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/21*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -63B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right] + 63B \sin(c + dx) + 25A \tan(c + dx) + 35C \tan^2(c + dx) + 21B \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx) + 15A \sec^2(c + dx) \right)}{105 b d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-63*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 63*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 25*A*Tan[c + d*x] + 35*C*Tan[c + d*x]^2 + 21*B*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x] + 15*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x]))/(105*b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin^3(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin^2(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3500 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3116 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3116
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

```
input Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2), x]
```

```
output b^3*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + (b*(5*A + 7*C))*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + 7*b^2*B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)))/(7*b^3)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs.  $2(187) = 374$ .

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	729
parts	Expression too large to display	1007

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b*(2*A*(-1/56*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))+2/5*B/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)+2*C*(-1/6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5i A + 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} ($$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (63*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*cos(d*x + c) + 15*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^3(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^3(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`



output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x)
)^(3/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int
((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(
c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c))/b**2
```

**3.279** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2101
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2102
Rubi [A] (verified)	2102
Maple [A] (verified)	2106
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2107
Sympy [F(-1)]	2107
Maxima [F]	2108
Giac [F]	2108
Mupad [F(-1)]	2108
Reduce [F]	2109

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(9A+7C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{15b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{21b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{10B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{21b^3d} + \frac{2(9A+7C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{45b^4d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}\sin(c+dx)}{7b^5d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}\sin(c+dx)}{9b^6d}$$

output

```
2/15*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+10/21*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+10/21*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d
*x+c)/b^3/d+2/45*(9*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d+2/7*B*(b*
cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d+2/9*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b
^6/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{168(9A+7C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 600B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 1260b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) + 5(78B+18B\cos(2(c+dx))+7C\cos(3(c+dx)))\sin(2(c+dx))}{(1260b^2d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(168*(9*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 600*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (7*(36*A + 43*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*(78*B + 18*B*Cos[2*(c + d*x)] + 7*C*Cos[3*(c + d*x)]))*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(1260*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^5}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A\right) dx}{b^5}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} (b(9A+7C)+9bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx + 9bB \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(9A+7C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx + 9bB \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3115} \\
 & \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right)}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3115} \\
 & \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + 2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9b \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right) + 2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{9b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}}{9bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b^5}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b^5}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7d} \right) + b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{9b^5}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{b(9A+7C) \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right) + 9B \left( \frac{5}{7} b^2 \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) \right)}{9b^5}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^5*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(9*b*d) + (b*(9*A + 7*C)*((6*b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)) + 9*B*((2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d) + (5*b^2*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/7))/(9*b))/b^5`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-1)/(d*n)}), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n-1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n-2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol) :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(-1120C\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^{10}+(720B+2240C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-504A-1080B-2072C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(504A+840B+952C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-126A-240B-168C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)-189A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)+75B\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)-147C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\text{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right), 2^{1/2}\right)}{5b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}}$
parts	

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/315*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(-1120*C*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^10+(720*B+2240*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-504*A-1080*B-2072*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(504*A+840*B+952*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-126*A-240*B-168*C)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-189*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))+75*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))-147*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 75i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/315*(75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 75*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(-9*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 21*sqrt(1/2)*(9*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (35*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 45*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 7*(9*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 75*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x+c)^2+B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*cos(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x+c)^2+B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*cos(d*x+c)^5/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^5(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^5*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^5*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^5(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^5*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a))/b**3
```

**3.280** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2110
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2111
Rubi [A] (verified)	2111
Maple [B] (verified)	2114
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2115
Sympy [F(-1)]	2116
Maxima [F]	2116
Giac [F]	2117
Mupad [F(-1)]	2117
Reduce [F]	2117

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{21b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(7A+5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{21b^3 d} + \frac{2B(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^4 d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} \sin(c+dx)}{7b^5 d}$$

output

```
6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/d/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/21*(7*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*
sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d+2/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d+2/7*C*(b*cos(
d*x+c))^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( 126BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) + 10(7A \right.}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(126*B*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 10*(7*A + 5*C)*Elli
pticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(70*A + 65*C + 42*B*Cos[c + d*x
] + 15*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(105*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & \frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} \left( C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} (b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB\cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & \frac{\dots}{b^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} (b(7A+5C)+7bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx + 7B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3}{5} b^2 \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3121 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{5\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)}{7b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}{7bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^4
 \end{aligned}$$

3119

$$b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)$$


---

$b^4$

3120

$$b(7A+5C) \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + 7B \left( \frac{6b^2 E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5d} \right)$$


---

$b^4$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^4*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + (b*(7*A + 5*C)*((2*b^2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)) + 7*B*((6*b^2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(5*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d)))/(7*b))/b^4
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) \cdot \cos[c + d \cdot x] \cdot ((b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-1} / (d \cdot n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 \cdot ((n-1)/n) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^{n-2}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin(c) + d \cdot x], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin(c) + d \cdot x], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \text{Pi}/2 + d \cdot x), 2], x] /;$  FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin[c + d \cdot x])^n / \sin[c + d \cdot x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d \cdot x]^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2\*n]

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot ((c) + (d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x))], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot ((A) + (B \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) + (C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) \cdot \cos[e + f \cdot x] \cdot ((a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (m+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x])^m \cdot \text{Simp}[A \cdot b \cdot (m+2) + b \cdot C \cdot (m+1) + (b \cdot B \cdot (m+2) - a \cdot C) \cdot \sin[e + f \cdot x], x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 352 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(240C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^8\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-168B-360C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(140A+168B+280C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-70A-42B-80C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+35A\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)-63B\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)+25C\left(\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)^{1/2}\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1\right)^{1/2}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2^{1/2}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d$
parts	

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-2/105*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}/b^{2*(240*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^8*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-168*B-360*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(140*A+168*B+280*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-70*A-42*B-80*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+35*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})-63*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2})+25*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{1/2}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{1/2}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{1/2}))}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{1/2}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{1/2}/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(7iA+5iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+5\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-7iA-5iC)\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(7*I*A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos
(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-7*I*A - 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierst
rassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt
(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin
(d*x + c))) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassP
Inverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (15*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21
*B*cos(d*x + c) + 35*A + 25*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(
5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^4/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^4 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^4*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^4(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) b \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^4*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))
)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b**
3
```

**3.281** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2119
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2120
Rubi [A] (verified)	2120
Maple [B] (verified)	2123
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2124
Sympy [F(-1)]	2125
Maxima [F]	2125
Giac [F]	2126
Mupad [F(-1)]	2126
Reduce [F]	2126

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(5A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)}{5b^3d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx),2)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{3b^3d} + \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}\sin(c+dx)}{5b^4d}$$

output

```
2/5*(5*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b
^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)
/b^3/d+2/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(3(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\middle|2\right) - \right)}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(5*A + 3*C)*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(5*B + 3*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(15*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.317$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3115, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{b^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A\right)}{b^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{2\int \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(b(5A+3C)+5bB\cos(c+dx))dx}{5b} + \frac{2C\sin(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & \frac{\quad}{b^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(b(5A+3C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}(b(5A+3C)+5bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2} dx}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3115 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+3C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + 5B \left( \frac{1}{3} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3121 \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(5A+3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right)}{5b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b^3
 \end{aligned}$$

3119

$$5B \left( \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{3\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2b(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

3120

$$\frac{2b(5A+3C)E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + 5B \left( \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2b \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3d} \right) + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}{5bd}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((2*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((2*b*(5*A + 3*C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + 5*B*((2*b^2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d)))/(5*b))/b^3
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*SIN[c + d*x])^n/SIN[c + d*x]^n Int[SIN[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*SIN[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*SIN[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 318 vs.  $2(136) = 272$ .

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08



method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(24C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^6\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(-20B-24C)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+(10B+6C)\right)$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}d} - \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^5/2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/15*(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2*(24*C*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(-20*B-24*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+(10*B+6*C)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+15*A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-5*B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+9*C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2\left(5i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}B\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))-5i\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}B\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^5/2,x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I
*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*
x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstras
sZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) +
3*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInv
erse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*C*cos(d*x + c) + 5*B)*sqr
t(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(
5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^3(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output  $(\sqrt{b})(\int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)},x)*a + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}*\cos(c + dx),x)*b + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}*\cos(c + dx)**2,x)*c)/b**3$

**3.282** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2128
Rubi [A] (verified)	2129
Maple [B] (verified)	2132
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2132
Sympy [F(-1)]	2133
Maxima [F]	2133
Giac [F]	2134
Mupad [F(-1)]	2134
Reduce [F]	2134

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2)}{b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^3 d}$$

output

```
2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(3*A+C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c, 2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) | 2) + 2(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^3 d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(6*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 2*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.268$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\int \frac{C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{2\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(3A+C) + 3bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{2\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd}$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(3A+C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 3B \int \sqrt{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2b(3A+C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{6BE\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}}{3b} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{3bd} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```

Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
    
```

output

```

(((6*B*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b*(3*A + C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/(3*b) + (2*C*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d)
)/b^2
    
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3502  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^{(m_)*((A_.) + (B_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*\text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(4C\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+3A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),2\right)\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}d$
parts	$\frac{2A\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{-2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2+1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}d + \frac{2B\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}{b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)}d$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(4*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+3*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-2*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(3iA+iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)+i\sin(dx+c))+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-3iA-iC)\sqrt{b}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4,0,\cos(dx+c)-i\sin(dx+c))\right)}{b^2\sqrt{-b(2\sin^4(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-\sin^2(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}))\sin(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})}}d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) a + \left( \int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output  $(\sqrt{b})(\int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}/\cos(c + dx),x)*a + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)},x)*b + \int(\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}*\cos(c + dx),x)*c)/b**3$

**3.283** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2136
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2137
Rubi [A] (verified)	2138
Maple [B] (verified)	2141
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2141
Sympy [F(-1)]	2142
Maxima [F]	2142
Giac [F]	2143
Mupad [F(-1)]	2143
Reduce [F]	2143

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(A-C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*(A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/b^3/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c, 2^(1/2
))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.96

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((Cos[c + d*x]^2*(B + C*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x])*((-2*(-2*A + C + C*Cos[2*c])*Csc[c]*Sec[c])/d + (4*A*Sec[c]*Sec[c + d*x]*Sin[d*x])/d))/(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])) - (4*B*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/2}, {5/4}, Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]^2]*(B + C*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x])*Sec[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]*Sin[c]*Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]])]*Sqrt[1 + Sin[d*x - ArcTan[Cot[c]]]])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])*Sqrt[1 + Cot[c]^2]) + (2*A*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c]*(B + C*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x])*((HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2)*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]) - ((Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2] + (2*Cos[c]^2*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]])*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2])/(Cos[c]^2 + Sin[c]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Tan[c]^2]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*A + C + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[2*c + 2*d*x])) - (2*C*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Csc[c]*(B + C*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sec[c + d*x])*((HypergeometricPFQ[-1/2, -1/4], {3/4}, Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]^2)*Sin[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]*Tan[c])/(Sqrt[1 - Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[1 + Cos[d*x + ArcTan[Tan[c]]]]*Sqrt[Cos[c]*Cos[d*x + ...
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.282$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cos(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2030} \\
 & \int \frac{C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2 (A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2 (A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2 (A-C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3121

$$\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(A-C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3119

$$\frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - 2b(A-C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3120

$$\frac{2b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right) - 2b(A-C) E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

b

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(((-2*b*(A - C)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*b^2*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))/b^3 + (2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])/b`



## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3500  $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*\sin[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^(m+1)*\text{Simp}[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m+1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m+1))*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 261 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \left( 2A \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - A \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right), 2\right) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)} \sqrt{b\left(-1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2} \right)$
parts	$2A \left( -2\sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} b \cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}} \sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 - 1} \sqrt{-2b\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 + \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2} \right) \\ - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^4 - \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)} \sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) \sqrt{b\left(-1 + 2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)^2}}{\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/b^2*(-2*b*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^{(1/2)}*(2*A*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-A*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})-B*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})+C*(\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^{(1/2)}*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^{(1/2)})}{(-b*(2*\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/\sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+2*\cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^{(1/2)}/d}$$

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(I*A - I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A + I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2), x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) a + \dots \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x)),x)*c))/b**3`

**3.284**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2145
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2146
Rubi [A] (verified)	2146
Maple [B] (verified)	2150
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2151
Sympy [F(-1)]	2151
Maxima [F]	2152
Giac [F]	2152
Mupad [F(-1)]	2152
Reduce [F]	2153

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `-2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*(A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -3B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + (A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-3*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + (A + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Tan[c + d*x])/((3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{3Bb^2 + (A+3C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2+(A+3C)\cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3Bb^2+(A+3C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(A+3C)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx + 3b^2B\int \frac{1}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(A+3C)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2B\int \frac{1}{(b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
 & \frac{b(A+3C)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2B\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2}\right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(A+3C)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 3b^2B\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2}\right)}{3b^3} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
 & \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2B\left(\frac{2\sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}\right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3b^3}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2A\sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{3b^3}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3119} \\
& \frac{b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{3b^3}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3120} \\
& \frac{2b(A+3C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + 3b^2 B \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad + \frac{3b^3}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(A + 3*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + 3*b^2*B*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(3*b^3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos(c + dx) \cdot ((b \cdot \sin(c + dx))^{n+1} / (b \cdot d \cdot (n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2) / (b^2 \cdot (n+1)) \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c + dx))^{n+2}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2n]$

rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{\sin(c) + d \cdot x}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d) \cdot \text{EllipticF}[(1/2) \cdot (c - \pi/2 + dx), 2], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{c, d, x\}$

rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(c) + d \cdot x)^n, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot \sin(c + dx))^n / \sin(c + dx)^n \text{Int}[\sin(c + dx)^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e + fx))^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b \cdot \sin(e + fx))^{m+1}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m, x\}$

rule 3500  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^m \cdot (A + B \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x) + (C \cdot \sin(e) + f \cdot x)^2, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(A \cdot b^2 - a \cdot b \cdot B + a^2 \cdot C) \cdot \cos(e + fx) \cdot ((a + b \cdot \sin(e + fx))^{m+1} / (b \cdot f \cdot (m+1) \cdot (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (m+1) \cdot (a^2 - b^2)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot \sin(e + fx))^{m+1} \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot (a \cdot A - b \cdot B + a \cdot C) \cdot (m+1) - (A \cdot b^2 - a \cdot b \cdot B + a^2 \cdot C + b \cdot (A \cdot b - a \cdot B + b \cdot C)) \cdot (m+1) \cdot \sin(e + fx), x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

method	result
default	$2\sqrt{b\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\left(2A\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-12\right)$
parts	$-\frac{2A\left(-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\sqrt{2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-1}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right),\sqrt{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2-2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)+\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{\cos(dx+c)}{2}}\right)}{3b^2\sqrt{-b\left(2\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^4-\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)}\left(-1+2\cos\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2\right)\sin\left(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2}\right)^2}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/3*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-4*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)*(2*A*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-12*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+6*C*(sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+2*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*
x+1/2*c)^2-A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+6*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-3*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))-3*C*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2
*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))*(-2*
b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)/(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(i A + 3i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^2 \text{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(-i A$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/3*(sqrt(1/2)*(I*A + 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-
4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + sqrt(1/2)*(-I*A - 3*I*C)*sqrt(b)*co
s(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3
*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPI
nverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 3*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*co
s(d*x + c)^2*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c
) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) b \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b**3`

**3.285** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2154
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2155
Rubi [A] (verified)	2155
Maple [B] (verified)	2159
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2160
Sympy [F(-1)]	2161
Maxima [F]	2161
Giac [F]	2162
Mupad [F(-1)]	2162
Reduce [F]	2162

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3A + 5C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5d (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3bd (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/
b^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5
/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -3(3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-3*(3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 15*C*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3500



$$\begin{aligned}
 & b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & b \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & b \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3116 \\
 & b \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b \left( \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3121
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b \left( \frac{5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b \left( \frac{b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `b*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*(v_)^{(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c+d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c+d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n+2)/(b^2*(n+1)) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c+d*x])^{(n+2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\text{Sin}[c+d*x])^n/\text{Sin}[c+d*x]^n \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c+d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]^{(m_)*((c_)+(d_)*\sin[(e_)+(f_)*(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e+f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e+f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs.  $2(164) = 328$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	807
parts	Expression too large to display	807

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=
_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^3/sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-60*C*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+60*C*EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+30*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1...

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, c
os(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*wei
erstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*
A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*s
qrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, co
s(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*
x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2
),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x
+ c))^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{b^3}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int((s  
qrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int((sqrt(cos(c + d  
*x))*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b**3
```



**3.286** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2164
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2165
Rubi [A] (verified)	2165
Maple [B] (verified)	2170
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2171
Sympy [F(-1)]	2171
Maxima [F]	2172
Giac [F]	2172
Mupad [F(-1)]	2172
Reduce [F]	2173

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{6B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{21b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2Ab \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} + \frac{2(5A + 7C) \sin(c + dx)}{21bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{6B \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-6/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))/b^3/d/co
s(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/21*(5*A+7*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2
*c,2^(1/2))/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/7*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))
^(7/2)+2/5*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)+2/21*(5*A+7*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b
/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+6/5*B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -63B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5(5A + 7C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right) + 63B \sin(c + dx) + 25A \tan(c + dx) + 35C \tan(c + dx) + 21B \sec(c + dx) \tan(c + dx) + 15A \sec(c + dx) \tan^2(c + dx) \right)}{(105b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-63*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 63*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 25*A*Tan[c + d*x] + 35*C*Tan[c + d*x] + 21*B*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x] + 15*A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x]))/(105*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.366$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{9/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3500 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (5A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/2}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3116 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A+7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \right)}{7b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 3116
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3121

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))} \right)}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3119

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

↓ 3120

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(5A + 7C) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2\right)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + 7b^2 B \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{5b^2}}{7b^3} \right)$$

```
input Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2), x]
```

```
output b^2*((2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2)) + (b*(5*A + 7*C))*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + 7*b^2*B*((2*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (3*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^2)))/(7*b^3)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 2030 Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3116 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Simp[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3119 `Int[Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticE[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3120 `Int[1/Sqrt[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/d)*EllipticF[(1/2)*(c - Pi/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

rule 3121 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^n/Sin[c + d*x]^n Int[Sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs.  $2(187) = 374$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	729
parts	Expression too large to display	1007

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^2*(2*A*(-1/5
6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(
1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^4-5/42*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/
2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+5
/21*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*
sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/
2*c),2^(1/2))+2/5*B/b/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(24*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(
1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-24*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+12*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*(sin(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2+8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1
/2)))*(-2*b*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*b)^(1/2)+2*C*(-1/6*c
os(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/b*(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/
2)/(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1/2)^2+1/3*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(-2*cos(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+1)^(1/2)/(-b*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2)))/sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)/(b*(-1+
2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2))^(1/2)/d
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx =$$


---


$$2 \left( 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (5i A + 7i C) \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) + 5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} ($$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/105*(5*sqrt(1/2)*(5*I*A + 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) + 5*sqrt(1/2)*(-5*I*A - 7*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) - 63*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (63*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 5*(5*A + 7*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 21*B*cos(d*x + c) + 15*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^2(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^2(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x)
)^^(5/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)} dx \right) \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(int((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int
((sqrt(cos(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int((sqrt(cos
(c + d*x))*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b))/b**3
```

**3.287**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2175
Rubi [A] (verified)	2175
Maple [B] (verified)	2179
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	2180
Sympy [F(-1)]	2181
Maxima [F]	2181
Giac [F]	2182
Mupad [F(-1)]	2182
Reduce [F]	2182

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{2(3A + 5C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right)}{5b^4d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx), 2\right)}{3b^3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2B \sin(c + dx)}{3b^2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} + \frac{2(3A + 5C) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^3d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

```
output -2/5*(3*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c), 2^(1/2))/
b^4/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(1/2*d*x+1/2*
c, 2^(1/2))/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+2/5*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2)+2/3*B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)+2/5*(3*A+5*C)*sin(d*x+c)
/b^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -3(3A + 5C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} E\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx) \mid 2\right) + 5B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \right)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(-3*(3*A + 5*C)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 5*B*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2] + 9*A*Sin[c + d*x] + 15*C*Sin[c + d*x] + 5*B*Tan[c + d*x] + 3*A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x]))/(15*b^3*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3116, 3042, 3121, 3042, 3119, 3120}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A + 5C) \cos(c + dx)b^2}{2(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c + dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (3A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b(3A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{3/2}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/2}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3116} \\
& \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\int \sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3121} \\
& \frac{b(3A+5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)}{5b^3} + \\
& \quad \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5b^3}{2A \sin(c+dx)} \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3119

$$5b^2 B \left( \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right) + b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5b^3}{2A \sin(c+dx)} \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3120

$$b(3A + 5C) \left( \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{2E(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)|2) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \right) + 5b^2 B \left( \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx), 2)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2 \sin(c+dx)}{3bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{5b^3}{2A \sin(c+dx)} \frac{2A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)) + (5*b^2*B*((2*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticF[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(3*b^2*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))) + b*(3*A + 5*C)*((-2*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*EllipticE[(c + d*x)/2, 2])/(b^2*d*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]) + (2*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])))/(5*b^3)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3116  $\text{Int}[((b_*)\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))}), x] + \text{Simp}[(n + 2)/(b^2*(n + 1)) \text{Int}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n + 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3119  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3120  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)]], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/d)*\text{EllipticF}[(1/2)*(c - \text{Pi}/2 + d*x), 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$
- rule 3121  $\text{Int}[((b_*)\sin[(c_.) + (d_*)(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*\sin[c + d*x])^n/\sin[c + d*x]^n \text{Int}[\sin[c + d*x]^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_.) + (d_*)\sin[(e_.) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 807, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	807
parts	Expression too large to display	807

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```



output

```

-2/15*(b*(-1+2*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)/b^4/sin(1
/2*d*x+1/2*c)^3/(8*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-12*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+6*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)*(72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6-36*A*Ellipti
cE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin
(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^6*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)-60*C*Ellip
ticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d
*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4-72*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*
d*x+1/2*c)^4+36*A*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c
)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-20*B*cos(
1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4+20*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2
*d*x+1/2*c)^2-120*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^4*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)+60*C*EllipticE
(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1
/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2+24*A*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x+
1/2*c)^2-9*A*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
*EllipticE(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+10*B*cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)*sin(1/2*d*x
+1/2*c)^2-5*B*(sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2-1)^(1/2)
)*EllipticF(cos(1/2*d*x+1/2*c),2^(1/2))+30*C*sin(1/2*d*x+1/2*c)^2*cos(1...

```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(-4, 0, \cos(dx + c) + i \sin(dx + c)) - 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")

```

output

```
-2/15*(5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, c
os(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c)) - 5*I*sqrt(1/2)*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*wei
erstrassPInverse(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c)) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(3*I*
A + 5*I*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInver
se(-4, 0, cos(d*x + c) + I*sin(d*x + c))) + 3*sqrt(1/2)*(-3*I*A - 5*I*C)*s
qrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*weierstrassZeta(-4, 0, weierstrassPInverse(-4, 0, co
s(d*x + c) - I*sin(d*x + c))) - (3*(3*A + 5*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 5*B*cos(d*
x + c) + 3*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^4*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(7/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2), x, algorith
m="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2),
x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^4} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^2} dx \right) c \right)}{b^4}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c))/b**4`

### 3.288 $\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	2184
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2190

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 223

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \frac{3Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{8 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(5A + 4C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{3B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{8d} \\ &+ \frac{B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d} \\ &+ \frac{C \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{5d} \\ &- \frac{(5A + 4C) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{15d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{8} B x (b \cos(d x+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} / \cos(d x+c)^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} (5 A+4 C) (b \cos(d x+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(d x+c) / d \cos(d x+c)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & + \frac{3}{8} B \cos(d x+c)^{\frac{1}{2}} (b \cos(d x+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(d x+c) / d + \frac{1}{4} B \cos(d x+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \cos(d x+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(d x+c) / d \\ & + \frac{1}{5} C \cos(d x+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} (b \cos(d x+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(d x+c) / d - \frac{1}{15} (5 A+4 C) (b \cos(d x+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin(d x+c)^3 / d \cos(d x+c)^{\frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (180Bc + 180Bdx + 60(6A + 5C) \sin(c + dx) + 120B \sin(2(c + dx)) + 40A \sin(3(c + dx)))}{480d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*
Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(180*B*c + 180*B*d*x + 60*(6*A + 5*C)*Sin[c + d*x] +
120*B*SIN[2*(c + d*x)] + 40*A*SIN[3*(c + d*x)] + 50*C*SIN[3*(c + d*x)] +
15*B*SIN[4*(c + d*x)] + 6*C*SIN[5*(c + d*x)]))/(480*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.279$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^3(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \cos^3(c+dx) (5A+4C+5B \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (5A+4C+5B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} ((5A+4C) \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx + 5B \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( (5A+4C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{(5A+4C) \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{(5A+4C) (\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) (\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) (\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + C \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + C \sin(c+dx) \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (-(((5*A + 4*C)*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + 5*B*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4)/5)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result
default	$\frac{(45B(dx+c) + (40 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 80) \sin(dx+c)A + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (30 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 45)B + (24 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 32 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 120d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}))}{120d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B (2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 3dx + 3c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \dots$
risch	$\frac{3\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{i(dx+c)} Bx}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{6i(dx+c)} C}{80(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{5i(dx+c)} B}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```
1/120/d*(45*B*(d*x+c)+(40*cos(d*x+c)^2+80)*sin(d*x+c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(30*cos(d*x+c)^2+45)*B+(24*cos(d*x+c)^4+32*cos(d*x+c)^2+64)*sin(d*x+c)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{45 B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - b\right) + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/240*(45*B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(24*C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(5*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*B*cos(d*x + c) + 80*A + 64*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/120*(45*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (24*C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(5*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*B*cos(d*x + c) + 80*A + 64*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{15 (12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c) + 8 \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(4 dx + 4 c), \cos(4 dx + 4 c)))) B \sqrt{b} + 2 C \sqrt{b} (3$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/480*(15*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*B*sqrt(b) + 2*C*sqrt(b)*(3*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 25*sin(3/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))) + 150*sin(1/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c)))) + 40*A*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))))/d`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{480} \left( 180 B x + \frac{6 C \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{d} + \frac{15 B \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{d} + \frac{10 (4 A + 5 C) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{d} + \frac{120 B \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} + \frac{60 (6 A + 5 C) \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right) \sqrt{b}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/480*(180*B*x + 6*C*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 15*B*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 10*(4*A + 5*C)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 120*B*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 60*(6*A + 5*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)*sqrt(b)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 43.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (120 B \sin(c + dx) + 400 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 40 A \sin(4c + 4dx) + 135 B \sin(3c + 3dx) + 15 B \sin(5c + 5dx) + 350 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 56 C \sin(4c + 4dx) + 6 C \sin(6c + 6dx) + 360 B dx \cos(c + dx))}{480 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(120*B*sin(c + d*x) + 400*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 40*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 135*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 15*B*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 350*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 56*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 6*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 360*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(480*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (-30 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 75 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b + 24 \sin(dx + c)^5 c - 40 \sin(dx + c) c + 120 \sin(dx + c) a + 120 \sin(dx + c) c + 45 b dx)}{120 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-30*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 75*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)**5*c - 40*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 80*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 120*sin(c + d*x)*a + 120*sin(c + d*x)*c + 45*b*d*x))/(120*d)
```

### 3.289 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2191
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2192
Rubi [A] (verified)	2192
Maple [A] (verified)	2195
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2196
Sympy [F(-1)]	2196
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2197
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2197
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2198
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2198

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(4A + 3C)x \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{8 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{8d} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (48Ac + 36cC + 48Adx + 36Cdx + 72B \sin(c+dx) + 24(A+C) \sin(2(c+dx)) + 8B \sin^3(c+dx))}{96d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*
Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(48*A*c + 36*c*C + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x + 72*B*Sin[c
+ d*x] + 24*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Sin[4*(c
+ d*x)]))/(96*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) (4A+3C+4B \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (4A+3C+4B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} ((4A+3C) \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + 4B \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 4B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{4B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{4B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{4B(\frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c
+ d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C
)*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c
+ d*x]^3/3))/d)/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[a^(m + 1/
2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3113

```
Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]
```

rule 3115

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*SIN[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*SIN
[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[
2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
default	$\frac{(12A(dx+c)+9C(dx+c)+12A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + (8 \cos(dx+c)^2+16) \sin(dx+c)B + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (6 \cos(dx+c)^2+9)C)}{24d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c) (2+\cos(dx+c)^2)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{i(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{8 e^{2i(dx+c)}+8} - \frac{i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{5i(dx+c)} C}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{4i(dx+c)} C}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24/d*(12*A*(d*x+c)+9*C*(d*x+c)+12*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+16)*sin(d*x+c)*B+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+9)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(4A + 3C) \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b\right) + 2(6C \cos(dx + c)^3 + 8B \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3(4A + 3C) \cos(dx + c) + 16B) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/24*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{24(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))A\sqrt{b} + 3(12dx + 12c + \sin(4dx + 4c) + 8\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan(\sin(4dx + 4c)))C\sqrt{b} + 8B\sqrt{b}(\sin(3dx + 3c) + 9\sin(\frac{1}{3}\arctan(\sin(3dx + 3c))))}{d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/96*(24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C*sqrt(b) + 8*B*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{96} \left( 12(4A + 3C)x + \frac{3C \sin(4dx + 4c)}{d} + \frac{8B \sin(3dx + 3c)}{d} + \frac{24(A + C) \sin(2dx + 2c)}{d} + \frac{72Bs \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right) \sqrt{b}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/96*(12*(4*A + 3*C)*x + 3*C*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 8*B*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 24*(A + C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 72*B*sin(d*x + c)/d)*sqrt(b)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (24 A \sin(c + dx) + 24 C \sin(c + dx) + 24 A \sin(3c + 3dx) + 80 B \sin(2c + 2dx) + 8 B \sin(4c + 4dx) + 27 C \sin(3c + 3dx) + 3 C \sin(5c + 5dx) + 96 A dx \cos(c + dx) + 72 C dx \cos(c + dx))}{96 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

output

```
(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*A*sin(c + d*x) + 24*C*sin(c + d*x) + 24*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 80*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 96*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 72*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(96*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (-6 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c))^3 c + 12 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) a + 15 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c - 8 \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \sin(dx + c) \cos(dx + c) a + 12 a dx + 9 c dx}{24 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-6*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c - 8*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)*a + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x)/(24*d)
```

### 3.290 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2199
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2200
Rubi [A] (verified)	2200
Maple [A] (verified)	2202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2202
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2203
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2204
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2204
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2205
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2205

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 2C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

$$+ \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
1/2*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*(3*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))
^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)
/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (6Bc + 6Bdx + 3(4A + 3C) \sin(c+dx) + 3B \sin(2(c+dx)) + C \sin(3(c+dx)))}{12d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*
Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*B*c + 6*B*d*x + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*B*
Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Ssin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \left( C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \cos(c+dx) (3A+2C+3B \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (3A+2C+3B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(3A+2C) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{3Bx}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*B*x)/2 + ((3*A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3213 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.))*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
default	$\frac{(3B(dx+c)+6A \sin(dx+c)+3B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+(2 \cos(dx+c)^2+4) \sin(dx+c)C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{6d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) (2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{i(dx+c)} Bx}{e^{2i(dx+c)+1}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{4i(dx+c)} C}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)+1})d} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{3i(dx+c)} B}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)+1})d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/d*(3*B*(d*x+c)+6*A*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+(2*cos(d*x+c)^
2+4)*sin(d*x+c)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b\right) + \dots}{12 d \cos(dx + c)} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 29.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} x \sqrt{b \cos(c)} (A + B \cos(c) + C \cos^2(c)) \sqrt{\cos(c)} \\ 0 \\ \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B x \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^2(c+dx)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B x \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2d} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Piecewise((x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*(A + B*cos(c) + C*cos(c)**2)*sqrt(cos(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (0, Eq(c, -d*x + pi/2) | Eq(c, -d*x + 3*pi/2)), (A*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)/(d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + B*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**2/(2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + B*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/2 + B*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*d) + 2*C*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**3/(3*d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + C*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/d, True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))B\sqrt{b} + C\sqrt{b}(\sin(3dx + 3c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx + 3c), \cos(3dx + 3c)))) + 12A\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c)}{12d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*sqrt(b) + C*sqrt(b)*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c)))) + 12*A*sqrt(b)*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \left( 6Bx + \frac{C \sin(3dx + 3c)}{d} + \frac{3B \sin(2dx + 2c)}{d} + \frac{3(4A + 3C) \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right) \sqrt{b}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/12*(6*B*x + C*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3*B*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)*sqrt(b)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (3B \sin(c+dx) + 12A \sin(2c+2dx) + 3B \sin(3c+3dx) + 10C \sin(4c+4dx) + 12Bdx \cos(c+dx))}{12d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*B*sin(c + d*x) + 12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 3*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) b - 2 \sin(dx+c)^3 c + 6 \sin(dx+c) a + 6 \sin(dx+c) c + 3bdx)}{6d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 2*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 6*sin(c + d*x)*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)*c + 3*b*d*x))/(6*d)`

**3.291** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2206
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2207
Rubi [A] (verified)	2207
Maple [A] (verified)	2208
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2209
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2209
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2210
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2210
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2211
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2211

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ax \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d}$$

output

```
A*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)+B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*C*c
os(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(2(2A + C)(c+dx) + 4B \sin(c+dx) + C \sin(2(c+dx)))}{4d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + 4*B*Sin[c + d*x] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.047$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (B*SIN[c + d*x])/d + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+2A(dx+c)+2B \sin(dx+c)+C(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	63
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}(4A+2C)x}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	92
parts	$\frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A(dx+c)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	101

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(2A + C)\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - b\right) + 2*(C*\cos(dx+c) + 2*B)*\sqrt{b*\cos(dx+c)}*\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}*\sin(dx+c)}{4d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*((2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{Ax\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin^2(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{C\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2} \\ \frac{x\sqrt{b \cos(c)}(A+B \cos(c)+C \cos^2(c))}{\sqrt{\cos(c)}} \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((A*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)) + B*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)/(d*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + C*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)**2/(2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))) + C*x*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/2 + C*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*d), N e(d, 0)), (x*sqrt(b*cos(c))*(A + B*cos(c) + C*cos(c)**2)/sqrt(cos(c)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))C\sqrt{b} + 8 A\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + 4 B\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c)}{4 d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C*sqrt(b) + 8*A*sqrt(b)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*B*sqrt(b)*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( 2(2A + C)x + \frac{C \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} + \frac{4 B \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right) \sqrt{b}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*(2*(2*A + C)*x + C*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 4*B*sin(d*x + c)/d)*sqrt(b)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(4B \sin(c + dx) + C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 4Adx + 2Cdx)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(4*B*sin(c + d*x) + C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 4*A*d*x + 2*C*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2 \sin(dx + c) b + 2adx + cdx)}{2d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*sin(c + d*x)*b + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x))/(2*d)
```



**3.292** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2212
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2213
Rubi [A] (verified)	2213
Maple [A] (verified)	2215
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2216
Sympy [F]	2216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	2217
Mupad [F(-1)]	2218
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2218

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(Bc + Bdx - A \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))) + A \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c+dx))) + C \sin(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*c + B*d*x - A*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]]) + A*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + C*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) \sec(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \int (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3214 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c+dx) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]))/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d *Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-B(dx+c)-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{C \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2A \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{Bx \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c)-C*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c) - B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2 b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\right)}{2 d \cos(dx+c)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos
(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{A\sqrt{b}(\log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1)) + 4B\sqrt{b} \arctan(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)) + 2C\sqrt{b} \sin(dx + c)}{2d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(A*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)
- log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*B*sqrt(b)
*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 2*C*sqrt(b)*sin(d*x + c))/d
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( A \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - A \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + i B \log\left(i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) - i B \log\left(i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) \right)}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(A*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - A*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*B*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - I*B*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a + \sin(dx + c) c + bdx \right)}{d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + sin(c + d*x)*c + b*d*x))/d
```

**3.293** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2219
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2220
Rubi [A] (verified)	2220
Maple [A] (verified)	2222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2223
Sympy [F(-1)]	2223
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2224
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	2224
Mupad [F(-1)]	2225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2225

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{Cx \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{A \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(C dx \cos(c+dx) + B \coth^{-1}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos(c+dx) + A \sin(c+dx))}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*d*x*Cos[c + d*x] + B*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) \sec^2(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \int (B + C \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{B+C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3214} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4257} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c +
d*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]))/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x]
)/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/
2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3214 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.
)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d
*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3500 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(-2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)+C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	70
parts	$\frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	99
risch	$\frac{Cx\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2i\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	13

```
input int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2*B*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+
A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{2 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 - C \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(2 b \cos(dx+c)^2 - \right)}{2 d \cos}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), 1/2*(2*C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{B\sqrt{b}(\log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx + c)^2 + \sin(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx + c) + 1)) + 4C\sqrt{b} \arctan(\sin(dx + c)/(\cos(dx + c) + 1)) + 4A\sqrt{b} \sin(2dx + 2c)/(\cos(2dx + 2c)^2 + \sin(2dx + 2c)^2 + 2\cos(2dx + 2c) + 1)}{2d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(B*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d`

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( B \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - B \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + i C \log\left(i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) - i C \log\left(-i \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) - 2 A \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) / \left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1\right) \right) \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(B*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - B*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*C*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - I*C*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - 2*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) b + \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) b + \cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*b + cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*b + cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a)/(cos(c + d*x)*d)
```

**3.294**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result	2226
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2227
Rubi [A] (verified)	2227
Maple [A] (verified)	2230
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2230
Sympy [F(-1)]	2231
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2231
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2232
Mupad [F(-1)]	2233
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2233

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(A+2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(2C \coth^{-1}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^2(c+dx) + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^2(c+dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx))}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.209$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) \sec^3(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2B + (A+2C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2B + (A+2C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \sec(c+dx) dx + 2B \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + 2B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4254 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{2B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 24 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(A+2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]
```

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[b \cos[c + dx]] * ((A \sec[c + dx] \tan[c + dx]) / (2d) + (((A + 2C) * A \operatorname{rcTanh}[\sin[c + dx]]) / d + (2B \tan[c + dx]) / d) / 2)) / \text{Sqrt}[\cos[c + dx]]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_.) * ((a_.) * (v_.))^{(m_.)} * ((b_.) * (v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} * b^{(n - 1/2)} * (\text{Sqrt}[b*v] / \text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{ Int}[v^{(m + n)} * F x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^{(m_.)} * ((A_.) + (B_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)] + (C_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C)) * \cos[e + f*x] * ((a + b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1) * (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (m + 1) * (a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)} * \text{Simp}[b * (a * A - b * B + a * C) * (m + 1) - (A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C + b * (A * b - a * B + b * C)) * (m + 1) * \sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{(n/2 - 1)}, x], x], x, \cot[c + dx]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\cos[c + dx]] / d, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$\frac{(-A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}})}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$-\frac{2C \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 \right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 2B e^{2i(dx+c)} - A e^{i(dx+c)} - 2B)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A+2C)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2+2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (A+2C)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2(2B \cos(dx+c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{4d \cos(dx+c)^3} - \frac{(A+2C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx+c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 780 vs.  $2(95) = 190$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 780, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*C*sqrt(b)*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)
) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)) - (4*(sin(4
*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(s
in(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*
x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2
+ 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 +
sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2
(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*c
os(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*co
s(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) +
2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
)) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d
*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4
*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)
^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + \frac{2 \left( A \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^3 - 2B \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + C \right)}{\tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)} \right)}{2d}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
7/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/2*((A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 +
A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4
- 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c) c - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c) c + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 c - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c) a)}{2d(\sin(c + dx)^2 - 1)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a))/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.295** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2234
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2235
Rubi [A] (verified)	2235
Maple [A] (verified)	2238
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Sympy [F(-1)]	2240
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2240
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2241
Mupad [F(-1)]	2242
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2242

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{(2A+3C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(3B \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^2(c+dx) + (4A + 3C + 3B \cos(c+dx) + (2A + 3C) \cos(2(c+dx))))}{6d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (4*A + 3*C + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*A + 3*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(6*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) \sec^4(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3500 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (3B + (2A + 3C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3B + (2A + 3C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3227 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx + 3B \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (2A + 3C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 3B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4254 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{(2A+3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 24 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4255 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} + 3B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/3)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

rule 4254

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

rule 4255

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$\frac{(-3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2) \sin(dx+c) - 6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}})}{6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{C \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{B (\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - 1)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (3B e^{5i(dx+c)} - 6C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 12A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3B e^{i(dx+c)} - 4A - 6C)}{3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + 1)}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/d*(-3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+(4*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c)*A+6*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2 b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2(2(2A + 3C) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3B \cos(dx+c))}{12 d \cos(dx+c)^4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^4 - (2(2A + 3C) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 3B \cos(dx+c))}{6 d \cos(dx+c)^4} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)
**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1009 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1009, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^
(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/12*(16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*
x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
+ 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(s
in(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2
+ 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*
x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*
x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*
d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d
*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4
*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin
(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2
*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*
x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*
d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4
*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(
cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(s
in(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(3 B \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - 3 B \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) - \frac{2 \left(6 A \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 3 B \tan \left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 6 C\right)}{6 d}\right)}{6 d}$$

6d

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
9/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```



output

```
(sqrt(b)*( - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b +
3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*b + 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d
*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*b
- 3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b + 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)**3
*c - 6*sin(c + d*x)*a - 6*sin(c + d*x)*c))/(6*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c + d*x)
**2 - 1))
```



$$3.296 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2244
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2245
Rubi [A] (verified)	2245
Maple [A] (verified)	2248
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2249
Sympy [F(-1)]	2250
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2250
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2251
Mupad [F(-1)]	2252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2252

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 193

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx \\ &= \frac{(3A+4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{A\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{(3A+4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} \\ &+ \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin^3(c+dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+
1/4*A*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*(b*
cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin
(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/3*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d
*x+c)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(3(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \cos^4(c+dx) + \sin(c+dx) (6A + 3(3A + 4C) \cos^2(c+dx) + 24d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx))}{24d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + Sin[c + d*x]*(6*A + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 24*B*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]^2)))/(24*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}(A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) \sec^5(c+dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3500} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int (4B + (3A + 4C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4B + (3A + 4C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + 4B \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 4B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{4254} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4B \int (\tan^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{4255} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B \left( -\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

rule 4254

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

rule 4255

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4+12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4-9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4\right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{C \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{A \left( 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 \right)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$
risch	$-\frac{i \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \left( 9A e^{7i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{7i(dx+c)} + 33A e^{5i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{5i(dx+c)} - 48B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 33A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 64 \right)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)
,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/24/d*(9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)
+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-
12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(-9*cos(d*x+c)^2-6)*sin(d*x
+c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(-16*cos(d*x+c)^2-8)*B-12*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d
*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2(16B \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx+c) + 6A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{24d \cos(dx+c)^5} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^5 - (16B \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx+c) + 6A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{24d \cos(dx+c)^5} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt
t(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x +
c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^
2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*co
s(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 -
(16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) +
6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)
^5)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)  
(11/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2611 vs. 2(165) = 330.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2611, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^  
(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-1/48*(3*(12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) +
4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
+ 44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(si
n(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2
*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos
(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*
c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8
*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x
+ 6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4
*c) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c
) + 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) +
16*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*...

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( 3(3A + 4C) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - 3(3A + 4C) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) + \frac{2 \left(15 A \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)\right)^2}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```



output

```
1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*(3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(
1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(15*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 24*B*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^7 + 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 9*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 40
*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*A*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^3 - 40*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 1
5*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 24*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x
+ 1/2*c)^4 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(11/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(11/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(-16 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 9 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2))/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2)
, x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(- 16*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d
*x)*b - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*
x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**
2*a + 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)
/2) - 1)*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*
sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 18*lo
g(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*s
in(c + d*x)**2*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2)
+ 1)*c - 9*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 12*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 15*sin(c + d*x)*a +
12*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(24*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.297 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) +$

Optimal result . . . . .	2254
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2255
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2255
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2258
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2259
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2260
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2261
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2262

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 229

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) \\ & + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3bBx\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & + \frac{b(5A + 4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & + \frac{3bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} \\ & + \frac{bB \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} \\ & + \frac{bC \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\ & - \frac{b(5A + 4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
3/8*b*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/5*b*(5*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/8*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/5*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/15*b*(5*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(180Bc + 180Bdx + 60(6A + 5C) \sin(c+dx) + 120B \sin(2(c+dx)))}{480d \cos(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(180*B*c + 180*B*d*x + 60*(6*A + 5*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 120*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 40*A*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 50*C*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 15*B*Sin[4*(c + d*x)] + 6*C*Sin[5*(c + d*x)]))/(480*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.279$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^3(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \cos^3(c+dx)(5A+4C+5B \cos(c+dx))dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (5A+4C+5B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( (5A+4C) \int \cos^3(c+dx)dx + 5B \int \cos^4(c+dx)dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( (5A+4C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{(5A+4C) \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx)dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{5} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(5B\left(\frac{3}{4}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)-\frac{(5A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(5B\left(\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)-\frac{(5A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(5B\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}+\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)-\frac{(5A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (-(((5*A + 4*C)*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + 5*B*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/5))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

method	result
default	$\frac{b(45B(dx+c) + (40 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 80) \sin(dx+c)A + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)(30 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 45)B + (24 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 32 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 120d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)})}{120d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)(2 + \cos(dx+c)^2)b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 3dx + 3c)b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \dots$
risch	$\frac{3b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{i(dx+c)}Bx}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{6i(dx+c)}C}{80(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{5i(dx+c)}}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),  
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/120*b/d*(45*B*(d*x+c)+(40*cos(d*x+c)^2+80)*sin(d*x+c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d  
*x+c)*(30*cos(d*x+c)^2+45)*B+(24*cos(d*x+c)^4+32*cos(d*x+c)^2+64)*sin(d*x+  
c)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx = \left[ \frac{45B\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2-2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+  
c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/240*(45*B*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x+c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*sqrt(b*cos  
(d*x+c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)-b)+2*(24*C*b*cos(d  
*x+c)^4+30*B*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*(5*A+4*C)*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+45*B*  
b*cos(d*x+c)+16*(5*A+4*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+c))  
*sin(d*x+c))/(d*cos(d*x+c)), 1/120*(45*B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x  
+c))*sin(d*x+c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x+c)+(24*C*b*c  
os(d*x+c)^4+30*B*b*cos(d*x+c)^3+8*(5*A+4*C)*b*cos(d*x+c)^2+4  
5*B*b*cos(d*x+c)+16*(5*A+4*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x+c))*sqrt(cos(d*x+  
c))*sin(d*x+c))/(d*cos(d*x+c))]`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{40 (b \sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c)))) A \sqrt{b} + 15 (12 (d x + c) b + b \sin(4 d x + 4 c) + 8 b \sin(\frac{1}{2} \arctan(\sin(4 d x + 4 c), \cos(4 d x + 4 c)))) B \sqrt{b} + 2 (3 b \sin(5 d x + 5 c) + 25 b \sin(\frac{3}{5} \arctan(\sin(5 d x + 5 c), \cos(5 d x + 5 c))) + 150 b \sin(\frac{1}{5} \arctan(\sin(5 d x + 5 c), \cos(5 d x + 5 c)))) C \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/480*(40*(b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*A*sqrt(b) + 15*(12*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*B*sqrt(b) + 2*(3*b*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 25*b*sin(3/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))) + 150*b*sin(1/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{1}{480} \left( 180 Bx + \frac{6 C \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{d} + \frac{15 B \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{d} + \frac{10(4 A + 5 C) \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{d} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/480*(180*B*x + 6*C*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 15*B*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 10*(4*A + 5*C)*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 120*B*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 60*(6*A + 5*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)*b^(3/2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (120 B \sin(c+dx) + 400 A \sin(2c+2dx) + 400 C \sin(3c+3dx) + 135 B \sin(4c+4dx) + 15 B \sin(5c+5dx) + 350 C \sin(2c+2dx) + 56 C \sin(4c+4dx) + 6 C \sin(6c+6dx) + 360 B dx \cos(c+dx))}{(480 d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1))}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
(b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(120*B*sin(c + d*x) + 400*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 40*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 135*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 15*B*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 350*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 56*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 6*C*sin(6*c + 6*d*x) + 360*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(480*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-30 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)^3 b + 75 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) b + 24 \sin(dx+c)^5 c - 40 \sin(dx+c)^3 a - 80 \sin(dx+c)^3 c + 120 \sin(dx+c) a + 120 \sin(dx+c) c + 45 b d x)}{120 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*( - 30*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 75*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c +
d*x)*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)**5*c - 40*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 80*sin(c + d*x)**3
*c + 120*sin(c + d*x)*a + 120*sin(c + d*x)*c + 45*b*d*x))/(120*d)
```

### 3.298 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))$

Optimal result	2263
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2264
Rubi [A] (verified)	2264
Maple [A] (verified)	2267
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2268
Sympy [F(-1)]	2268
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2269
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2269
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2270
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2270

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) + C \cos^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b(4A + 3C)x\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b(4A + 3C)\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{bC \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{bB\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*b*(4*A+3*C)*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*b*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(48Ac + 36cC + 48Adx + 36Cdx + 72B \sin(c+dx) + 24(A+C))}{96d \cos^{3/2}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(48*A*c + 36*c*C + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x + 72*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\cos^2(c+dx)(4A+3C+4B\cos(c+dx))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2(4A+3C+4B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\cos^2(c+dx)dx+4B\int\cos^3(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2dx+4B\int\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2dx-\frac{4B\int(1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2dx-\frac{4B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)-\frac{4B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{3/2}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2), x]$

output  $(b*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^{3/3}))/d)/4)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(\text{Fx}_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^{(m_)}*((b_.)*(v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{ Int}[v^{(m + n)}*\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n - 1)/2}, x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(n - 1)/2, 0]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result
default	$\frac{b(12A(dx+c)+9C(dx+c)+12A\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+(8\cos(dx+c)^2+16)\sin(dx+c)B+\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)(6\cos(dx+c)^2+9)C)}{24d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+dx+c)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sin(dx+c)(2+\cos(dx+c)^2)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(2\cos(dx+c)^3\sin(dx+c)+\cos(dx+c))}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{i(dx+c)}(8A+6C)x}{8e^{2i(dx+c)}+8} - \frac{ib\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{5i(dx+c)}C}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d} - \frac{ib\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}e^{4i(dx+c)}}{12(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24*b/d*(12*A*(d*x+c)+9*C*(d*x+c)+12*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+16)*sin(d*x+c)*B+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+9)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \left[ \frac{3(4A + 3C)\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log\left(2b \cos(dx+c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(6*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*b*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/24*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (6*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*b*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{24(2(dx+c)b + b \sin(2dx+2c))A\sqrt{b} + 8(b \sin(3dx+3c) + 9b \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3dx+3c)/\cos(3dx+3c))))B\sqrt{b} + 3(12(dx+c)b + b \sin(4dx+4c) + 8b \sin(1/2 \arctan2(\sin(4dx+4c), \cos(4dx+4c))))C\sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/96*(24*(2*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + 8*(b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*B*sqrt(b) + 3*(12*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{1}{96} \left( 12(4A+3C)x + \frac{3C \sin(4dx+4c)}{d} + \frac{8B \sin(3dx+3c)}{d} + \frac{24(A+C) \sin(2dx+2c)}{d} + 72B \sin(dx+c) \right) b^{3/2}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/96*(12*(4*A + 3*C)*x + 3*C*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 8*B*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 24*(A + C)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 72*B*sin(d*x + c)/d)*b^(3/2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (24 A \sin(c+dx) + 24 C \sin(c+dx) + 24 A \sin(c+dx) + 24 A \sin^3(c+dx) + 80 B \sin(2c+2dx) + 8 B \sin(4c+4dx) + 27 C \sin(3c+3dx) + 3 C \sin(5c+5dx) + 96 A dx \cos(c+dx) + 72 C dx \cos(c+dx))}{96 d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

output

```
(b*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*A*sin(c + d*x) + 24*C*sin(c + d*x) + 24*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 80*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 96*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 72*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(96*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-6 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)^3 c + 12 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) a + 15 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)^3 c + 12 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) a + 15 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)^3 c + 12 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) a)}{24d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(- 6*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c - 8*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)*b + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x))/(24*d)
```

**3.299**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2272
Rubi [A] (verified)	2272
Maple [A] (verified)	2274
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2274
Sympy [F(-1)]	2275
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2275
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2276
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2276
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2276

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{bBx\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b(3A + 2C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{bC \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
1/2*b*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*b*(3*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/3*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(6Bc + 6Bdx + 3(4A + 3C)\sin(c + dx) + 3B\sin[2(c + dx)] + C\sin[3(c + dx)])}{12d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*B*c + 6*B*d*x + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*
B*SIN[2*(c + d*x)] + C*SIN[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \cos(c + dx) (3A + 2C + 3B \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(3A+2C+3B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{(3A+2C)\sin(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{3B\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{3Bx}{2}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[
Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*B*x)/
2 + ((3*A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/
3))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/
2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)
*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Co
s[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$\frac{b(3B(dx+c)+6A\sin(dx+c)+3B\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)+(2\cos(dx+c)^2+4)\sin(dx+c)C)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{6d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A\sin(dx+c)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)+dx+c)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C\sin(dx+c)(2+\cos(dx+c)^2)b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{bBx\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}(4A+3C)\sin(dx+c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}C\sin(3dx+3c)}{12\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}B\sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*b/d*(3*B*(d*x+c)+6*A*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+(2*cos(d*x+c)
)^2+4)*sin(d*x+c)*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{3B\sqrt{-bb}\cos(dx+c)\log(2b\cos(dx+c))}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(3*A + 2*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*C*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(3*A + 2*C)*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{12 A b^{3/2} \sin(dx + c) + 3(2(dx + c)b + b \sin(2(dx + c)))B \sqrt{b} + (b \sin(3dx + 3c) + 9b \sin(1/3 \arctan(2(\sin(3dx + 3c)/\cos(3dx + 3c))))C \sqrt{b}}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(12*A*b^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c) + 3*(2*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B*sqrt(b) + (b*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b*sin(1/3*arctan(2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left( 6 Bx + \frac{C \sin(3 dx + 3 c)}{d} + \frac{3 B \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} + \frac{3(4A + 3C) \sin(dx + c)}{d} \right) b^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(6*B*x + C*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 3*B*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*sin(d*x + c)/d)*b^(3/2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (12 A \sin(c + dx) + 9 C \sin(2 dx + 2 c) + 6 B d x + 3 C \sin(3 c + 3 dx) + 6 B d x)}{(12 d \cos(c + dx))^{1/2}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(c + d*x) + 9*C*sin(c + d*x) + 3*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 6*B*d*x))/(12*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (3 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c) b + 3 C \sin(3 c + 3 dx) + 6 B d x)}{(12 d \cos(c + dx))^{1/2}}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(\sqrt{b}) * b * (3 * \cos(c + d * x) * \sin(c + d * x) * b - 2 * \sin(c + d * x) ** 3 * c + 6 * \sin(c + d * x) * a + 6 * \sin(c + d * x) * c + 3 * b * d * x))}{(6 * d)}$$

**3.300**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result	2278
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2279
Rubi [A] (verified)	2279
Maple [A] (verified)	2280
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2281
Sympy [F(-1)]	2281
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2282
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2282
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2283
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2283

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Abx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bCx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bC \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output

```
A*b*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1
/2*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (2(2A + C)(c + dx) + 4B \sin(c + dx) + C \sin(2(c + dx)))}{4d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + 4*B*Sin[c + d*x] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.047$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output  $(b\sqrt{b\cos[c + dx]}*(Ax + (Cx)/2 + (B\sin[c + dx])/d + (C\cos[c + dx]*x*\sin[c + dx])/(2*d))/\sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(Fx\_.)*((a\_)*(v\_))^{(m\_)}*((b\_)*(v\_))^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{ Int}[v^{(m + n)}*Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+2A(dx+c)+2B \sin(dx+c)+C(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	64
risch	$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}(4A+2C)x}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{bB\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	95
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c)b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{bB\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	104

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(dx+c))^{(3/2)}*(A+B*\cos(dx+c)+C*\cos(dx+c)^2)/\cos(dx+c)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/2*b/d*(C*\cos(dx+c)*\sin(dx+c)+2*A*(dx+c)+2*B*\sin(dx+c)+C*(dx+c))*(b*\cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)}/\cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{(2A + C)\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log(2b \cos(dx + c))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(C*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*((2*A + C)*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (C*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 A b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + 4 B b^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(8*A*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*B*b^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (2*(d*x + c)*b + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (dx + c)(2A + C) + \frac{2(2B \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c))^3 - C \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)}{\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1} \right) b^{3/2}}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*((d*x + c)*(2*A + C) + 2*(2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1)^2)*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 39.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (4 B \sin(c + dx) + C)}{4 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `(b*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(4*B*sin(c + d*x) + C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 4*A*d*x + 2*C*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2 \sin(dx + c))}{2d}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*sin(c + d*x)*b + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x))/(2*d)`



**3.301**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result	2284
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2284
Rubi [A] (verified)	2285
Maple [A] (verified)	2287
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2287
Sympy [F(-1)]	2288
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2288
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	2289
Mupad [F(-1)]	2289
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2290

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bBx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bC \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (Bc + Bdx - A \log(\cos(c + dx)))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(B*c + B*d*x - A*log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + A*log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + C*sin[c + d*x]))/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(A\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+Bx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{A\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d}+Bx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
default	$-\frac{b(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-B(dx+c)-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(dx+c)b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{bC\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{bBx\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{-i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-b/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c)-C*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d
*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 A \sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - B*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + A*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^5(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^5(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 B b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + 2 C b^{3/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos^5(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*B*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 2*C*b^(3/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*A*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( A \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - A \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + I B \log \left( I \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) - I B \log \left( -I \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + 2 C \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) / \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 + 1 \right) \right) b^{3/2} / d}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(A*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - A*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*B*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - I*B*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) a + \sin(c + dx) c + b dx)}{d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(- log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a +
sin(c + d*x)*c + b*d*x))/d
```

**3.302** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2291
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2291
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2292
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2294
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2294
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2295
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2295
Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2296
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2296
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2297

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bCx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{bB \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
b*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C dx \cos(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```



output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(C*d*x*cos[c + d*x] + B*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*sin[c + d*x]))/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(B\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)}{d}+Cx\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{A\tan(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{B\operatorname{ArcTanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d}+Cx\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$\frac{b(-2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)+C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{Ab\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}b}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{bCx\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d(e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b/d*(-2*B*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+
A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 B \sqrt{-bb} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*B*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - C*sqrt(-b)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), 1/2*(2*C*b^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 C b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + (b \log(\cos(c + dx)))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*C*b^(3/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + (b*log(cos(d*x
+ c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin
(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*B*sqrt(b) + 4*A*b^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1))/d
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( B \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - B \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) + I * C * \log \left( I * \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) - I * C * \log \left( -I * \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) - 2 * A * \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) / \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right)^2 - 1 \right) \right) * b^{3/2}}{d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(B*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - B*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + I*C*log
og(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - I*C*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - 2*
A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*b^(3/2)/d
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(7/2),x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(7/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-\cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) + \cos(c + dx) \log(\tan(\frac{c + dx}{2} + 1) * b + \cos(c + dx) * c * dx + \sin(c + dx) * a))}{(\cos(c + dx) * d)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(-cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*log(
tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*c*d*x+sin(c+d*x)*a))/(cos(c+d
*x)*d)
```

**3.303**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2298
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2298
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2299
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2302
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2303
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2303
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2304
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2305
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2305

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/2*b*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+
1/2*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (2C \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c + dx)))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(2*C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.209$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2B + (A + 2C) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2B + (A + 2C) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} ((A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + 2B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$



↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left((A+2C)\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+2B\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left((A+2C)\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx-\frac{2B\int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left((A+2C)\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{2B\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{(A+2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d}+\frac{2B\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*B*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$\frac{b(-A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{bB\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}(Ae^{3i(dx+c)} - 2Be^{2i(dx+c)} - Ae^{i(dx+c)} - 2B)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}(A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),  
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b/d*(-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc  
(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2+2  
*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/  
2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{(A + 2C)b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx + c)}{\dots}\right)}{2d \cos(dx + c)^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((A + 2*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(2*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)
)**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 813 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 813, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.13

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*(b*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b*log(
cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*C*sqrt(b) + 8*B*b
^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - (4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b
*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) -
(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*
b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2
*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*
x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*si
n(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x +
2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x +
2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin
(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(si
n(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) - 4*(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4
*(b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (A + 2C) \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - \right.}{\left. \right)}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
9/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/2*((A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (A + 2*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 +
A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4
- 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*b^(3/2)/d

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + \dots)}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\dots))}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(- 2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.304** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2306
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2307
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2307
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2310
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2311
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2311
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2312
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2313
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2313
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2314

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{bB \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{b(2A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/2*b*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*A*
b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/2*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+1/3*b*(2*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (3B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (4*A +
3*C + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*A + 3*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(6*
d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int(3B+(2A+3C)\cos(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{3B+(2A+3C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left((2A+3C)\int\sec^2(c+dx)dx+3B\int\sec^3(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left((2A+3C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2dx+3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{(2A+3C)\int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d} + 3B\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)\right) + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/3)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Exp} \text{andIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{(n/2 - 1)}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4255  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)}/(d*(n - 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
default	$\frac{b(-3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2) \sin(dx+c))}{6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{B (\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (3B e^{5i(dx+c)} - 6C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 12A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3B e^{i(dx+c)} - 4A - 6C)}{3 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)})}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}*(A+B*\cos(d*x+c)+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2)/\cos(d*x+c)^{(11/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/6*b/d*(-3*B*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)*\cos(d*x+c)^3+3*B*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)*\cos(d*x+c)^3+(4*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*\sin(d*x+c)*A+6*C*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)+3*B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(7/2)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{3 B b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{6 d \cos(dx + c)^4} \right.}{\left. 3 B \sqrt{-b} b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (2(2A + 3C)b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 B b \cos(dx + c)) \right.}{\left. 6 d \cos(dx + c)^4 \right]}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*B*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*(2*A + 3*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (2*(2*A + 3*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1044 vs.  $2(132) = 264$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1044, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.69

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{1/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(24*C*b^(3/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 16*(3*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) - 3*(3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 3*(4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*log(co...
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left(3 B \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - 3 B \log\right.}{\left. \right)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(3*B*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*B*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - 2*(6*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1)*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 +$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-3 \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) -$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*b*(-3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*sin(c+d*x)**2*b+3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*b+3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*sin(c+d*x)**2*b-3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*b-3*cos(c+d*x)*sin(c+d*x)*b+4*sin(c+d*x)**3*a+6*sin(c+d*x)*3*c-6*sin(c+d*x)*a-6*sin(c+d*x)*c)/(6*cos(c+d*x)*d*(sin(c+d*x)**2-1))`

**3.305**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2315
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2316
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2316
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2320
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2320
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2321
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2322
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2322
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2323

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{13}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{b(3A + 4C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} + \frac{bB \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/8*b*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)+1/4*A*b*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+1/8*b*(3*A+4*
C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/3*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)
^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}(3(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^
4 + Sin[c + d*x]*(6*A + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 24*B*cos[c + d*x]^3
+ 8*B*cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]^2)))/(24*d*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int(4B+(3A+4C)\cos(c+dx))\sec^4(c+dx)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{4B+(3A+4C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\sec^3(c+dx)dx+4B\int\sec^4(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx+4B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{4B\int(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d}\right) + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/cos[c + d*x]^(13/2), x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Exp}$   
 $\text{andIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{(n/2 - 1)}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{c,$   
 $d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4255  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*$   
 $x]*((b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)}/(d*(n - 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))$   
 $\text{Int}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1]$   
 $\ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x]$   
 $\text{ /; FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$-\frac{b(9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
parts	$-\frac{A(3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}(9A e^{7i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{7i(dx+c)} + 33A e^{5i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{5i(dx+c)} - 48B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 33A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 6B e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3A e^{i(dx+c)} - 3C)}{12\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^4}$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(3/2)}*(A+B*\cos(d*x+c)+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2)/\cos(d*x+c)^{(13/2)}$   
 $,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-1/24*b/d*(9*A*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)*\cos(d*x+c)^4+12*C*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)*\cos(d*x+c)^4-9*A*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)*\cos(d*x+c)^4-12*C*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)*\cos(d*x+c)^4+(-9*\cos(d*x+c)^2-6)*\sin(d*x+c)*A+\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)*(-16*\cos(d*x+c)^2-8)*B-12*C*\cos(d*x+c)^2*\sin(d*x+c)*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(9/2)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{3(3A + 4C)b^{3/2} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx + c)}}\right) - (16Bb \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C)b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8Bb \cos(dx + c) + 6A^2 b) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - 2b \cos(dx + c)}{24 d \cos(dx + c)^5}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*b^(3/2)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(16*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*b*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - (16*B*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*b*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A*b)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(13/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2732 vs.  $2(170) = 340$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2732, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.80

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(12*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 44*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(b*cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 16*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(4*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + 8*(6*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 12*(4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*(2*b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 16*(3*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + b)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(b*cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + ...
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( 3(3A + 4C) \log(\tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) + 1) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*(3*A + 4*C)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(15*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 24*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 9*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 40*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 40*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*A*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 24*B*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*C*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*b^(3/2)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + \dots)}{\cos(c + dx)^{13/2}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b (-16 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) b - 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) **4 * a - 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) **2 * a + 24 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) **2 * c - 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) **4 * a + 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) **4 * c - 18 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) **2 * a - 24 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) **2 * c + 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) * a + 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) * c - 9 \sin(c + dx) **3 * a - 12 \sin(c + dx) **3 * c + 15 \sin(c + dx) * a + 12 \sin(c + dx) * c)}{(24 * d * (\sin(c + dx) **4 - 2 * \sin(c + dx) **2 + 1))}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b*(- 16*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 9*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 12*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 15*sin(c + d*x)*a + 12*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(24*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```



### 3.306 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx))$

Optimal result	2324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2325
Rubi [A] (verified)	2325
Maple [A] (verified)	2329
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2329
Sympy [F(-1)]	2330
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2330
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2331
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2331
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2332

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 241

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \\
 & + C \cos^2(c + dx) \, dx = \frac{3b^2 Bx \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{b^2(5A + 4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & + \frac{3b^2 B\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} \\
 & + \frac{b^2 C \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} \\
 & - \frac{b^2(5A + 4C)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{15d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{3}{8}b^2Bx(b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}+1/5b^2(5A+4C)*(b\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sin(dx+c)/d/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}+3/8b^2B*\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}*(b*\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sin(dx+c)/d+1/4b^2B*\cos(dx+c)^{5/2}*(b*\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sin(dx+c)/d+1/5b^2C*\cos(dx+c)^{7/2}*(b*\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sin(dx+c)/d-1/15b^2(5A+4C)*(b*\cos(dx+c))^{1/2}*\sin(dx+c)^3/d/\cos(dx+c)^{1/2}$$
**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx = \frac{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(180Bc+180Bdx+60(6A+5C)\sin(c+dx)+120B\sin(2(c+dx))+480dC\cos(c+dx))}{480d\cos(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(180*B*c + 180*B*d*x + 60*(6*A + 5*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 120*B*SIN[2*(c + d*x)] + 40*A*SIN[3*(c + d*x)] + 50*C*SIN[3*(c + d*x)] + 15*B*SIN[4*(c + d*x)] + 6*C*SIN[5*(c + d*x)]))/(480*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.279$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 3042, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^3(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \cos^3(c+dx) (5A + 4C + 5B \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 (5A + 4C + 5B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( (5A + 4C) \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx + 5B \int \cos^4(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( (5A + 4C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3113} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{(5A+4C) \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^4(c+dx)}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \text{3115} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \cos^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \int \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 dx + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{3}{4} \left( \int \frac{1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( 5B \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} + \frac{3}{4} \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) - \frac{(5A+4C) \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^4*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d) + (-(((5*A + 4*C)*(-Sin[c + d*x] + Sin[c + d*x]^3/3))/d) + 5*B*((Cos[c + d*x]^3*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (3*(x/2 + (Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/4))/5)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3113 `Int[sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp and[(1 - x^2)^((n - 1)/2), x], x], x, Cos[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0]`

rule 3115 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*n)), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 1)/n) Int[(b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( 45B(dx+c) + (40 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 80) \sin(dx+c)A + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (30 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 45)B + (24 \cos(dx+c)^4 + 32 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 64) \sin(dx+c)C \right)}{120d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B (2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 3dx + 3c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{3b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{i(dx+c)} Bx}{4(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)} - \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{6i(dx+c)} C}{80(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} e^{5i(dx+c)}}{32(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d}$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{120} b^2 / d * (45 * B * (d * x + c) + (40 * \cos(d * x + c)^2 + 80) * \sin(d * x + c) * A + \sin(d * x + c) * \cos(d * x + c) * (30 * \cos(d * x + c)^2 + 45) * B + (24 * \cos(d * x + c)^4 + 32 * \cos(d * x + c)^2 + 64) * \sin(d * x + c) * C) * (b * \cos(d * x + c))^(1/2) / \cos(d * x + c)^(1/2)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \left[ \frac{45 B \sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c) \log \left( 2 b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/240*(45*B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(24*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(5*A + 4*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 16*(5*A + 4*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/120*(45*B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (24*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^4 + 30*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*(5*A + 4*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 45*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 16*(5*A + 4*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{40 (b^2 \sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 b^2 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c)))) A \sqrt{b} +$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/480*(40*(b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c),
cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*A*sqrt(b) + 15*(12*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)
) + 8*b^2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*B*sqrt(b)
+ 2*(3*b^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c) + 25*b^2*sin(3/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos
(5*d*x + 5*c))) + 150*b^2*sin(1/5*arctan2(sin(5*d*x + 5*c), cos(5*d*x + 5*
c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{1}{480} \left( 180 B b^2 x + \frac{6 C b^2 \sin(5 dx + 5 c)}{d} + \frac{15 B b^2 \sin(4 dx + 4 c)}{d} + \frac{120 B b^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{d} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+
c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/480*(180*B*b^2*x + 6*C*b^2*sin(5*d*x + 5*c)/d + 15*B*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)
)/d + 120*B*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d + 10*(4*A*b^2 + 5*C*b^2)*sin(3*d*x + 3*
c)/d + 60*(6*A*b^2 + 5*C*b^2)*sin(d*x + c)/d)*sqrt(b)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} (120 B \sin(c+dx) + 400 A \sin(2c+2dx) + 400 C \sin^2(c+dx))}{480}$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(
c + d*x)^2),x)
```



output

```
(b^2*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(120*B*sin(c + d*x) + 400*A
*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 40*A*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 135*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 15*B*
*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 350*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 56*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 6*C*si
n(6*c + 6*d*x) + 360*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(480*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-30 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 75 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b + 24 \sin(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^5 c - 40 \sin(dx + c)^3 a - 80 \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 120 \sin(dx + c) a + 120 \sin(dx + c) c + 45 b dx)}{120 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*( - 30*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 75*cos(c + d*x)*sin(
c + d*x)*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)**5*c - 40*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 80*sin(c + d*x)
**3*c + 120*sin(c + d*x)*a + 120*sin(c + d*x)*c + 45*b*d*x))/(120*d)
```

**3.307** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2333
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2334
Rubi [A] (verified)	2334
Maple [A] (verified)	2337
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2338
Sympy [F(-1)]	2338
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2339
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2339
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2340
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2340

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b^2(4A + 3C)x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2(4A + 3C) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d} + \frac{b^2 C \cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*b^2*(4*A+3*C)*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/8*b^2*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/4*b^2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d-1/3*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (48Ac + 36cC + 48Adx + 72B \sin(c + dx) + 24(A + C) \sin[2(c + dx)] + 8B \sin[3(c + dx)] + 3C \sin[4(c + dx)])}{96d \cos(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(48*A*c + 36*c*C + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x + 72*B*Sin[
c + d*x] + 24*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Sin[4*
(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^2(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx) (4A+3C+4B \cos(c+dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (4A+3C+4B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \cos^2(c+dx) dx + 4B \int \cos^3(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 4B \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{4B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx)) d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{4B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \left( \frac{\int 1 dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{4B \left( \frac{1}{3} \sin^3(c+dx) - \sin(c+dx) \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(b \cos[c + dx])^{5/2} (A + B \cos[c + dx] + C \cos[c + dx]^2) / \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}, x]$

output  $(b^2 \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} ((C \cos[c + dx]^3 \sin[c + dx]) / (4d) + ((4A + 3C)(x/2 + (\cos[c + dx] \sin[c + dx]) / (2d)) - (4B(-\sin[c + dx] + \sin[c + dx]^{3/3}) / d) / 4) / \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]})$

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F x_.) * (a_.) * (v_.)^{(m_.)} * (b_.) * (v_.)^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} * b^{(n - 1/2)} * (\sqrt{b*v} / \sqrt{a*v}) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} * F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n - 1)/2}, x], x], x, \cos[c + dx]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[(n - 1)/2, 0]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.) * \sin[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b) * \cos[c + dx] * ((b * \sin[c + dx])^{(n - 1)} / (d * n)), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2 * ((n - 1) / n) \text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + dx])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( 12A(dx+c) + 9C(dx+c) + 12A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + (8 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 16) \sin(dx+c) B + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (6 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 9) \right)}{24d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C (2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)}{d}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (8A + 6C) x}{16 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{3b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(4dx + 4c)}{32 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \sin(3dx + 3c)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24*b^2/d*(12*A*(d*x+c)+9*C*(d*x+c)+12*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+16)*sin(d*x+c)*B+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+9)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(4A + 3C)\sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c) \log(2b \cos(dx + c)^2 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b) + 2(6C b^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 8B b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3(4A + 3C) b^2 \cos(dx + c) + 16B b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)}{(d \cos(dx + c))} + \frac{1}{24} (3(4A + 3C) b^{5/2} \arctan(\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) / (\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^{3/2})) \cos(dx + c) + (6C b^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 8B b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3(4A + 3C) b^2 \cos(dx + c) + 16B b^2) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c)) / (d \cos(dx + c)) \right]$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(6*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/24*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (6*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{24(2(dx + c)b^2 + b^2 \sin(2dx + 2c))A\sqrt{b}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(24*(2*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A*sqrt(b) + 8*(b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*B*sqrt(b) + 3*(12*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*b^2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{1}{96} \left( \frac{3Cb^2 \sin(4dx + 4c)}{d} + \frac{8Bb^2 \sin(3c)}{d} \right)$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/96*(3*C*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)/d + 8*B*b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c)/d + 72*B*b^2*sin(d*x + c)/d + 12*(4*A*b^2 + 3*C*b^2)*x + 24*(A*b^2 + C*b^2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/d)*sqrt(b)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (72 B \sin(c + dx) + 24 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 8 B \sin(3c + 3dx) + 24 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + 3 C \sin(4c + 4dx) + 48 A dx + 36 C dx)}{(96 d \cos(c + dx))^{1/2}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(72*B*sin(c + d*x) + 24*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 24*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 3*C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x))/(96*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-6 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 12 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^2 dx + 15 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) dx^2 - 8 \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \sin(dx + c) dx^2 + 12 a dx + 9 c dx)}{(24 d)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- 6*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c - 8*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)*b + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x))/(24*d)
```

**3.308** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2341
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2342
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2342
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2344
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2346
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2347

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2(3A + 2C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d}$$

output

```
1/2*b^2*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*b^2*(3*A+2*C)*(b*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b
*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d+1/3*b^2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (6Bc + 6Bdx + 3(4A + B^2 \sin^2(c + dx) + C \sin^3(c + dx)))}{12d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(6*B*c + 6*B*d*x + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*
B*SIN[2*(c + d*x)] + C*SIN[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*COS[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \cos(c + dx) (3A + 2C + 3B \cos(c + dx)) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos^2(c + dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) (3A+2C+3B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(3A+2C) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{3Bx}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*B*x)/2 + ((3*A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( 3B(dx+c) + 6A \sin(dx+c) + 3B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) + (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4) \sin(dx+c) C \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{6d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{C \sin(dx+c) \left( 2 + \cos(dx+c)^2 \right) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{A \sin(dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B (\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A + 3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \sin(2dx+c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*b^2/d*(3*B*(d*x+c)+6*A*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+(2*cos(d*x
+c)^2+4)*sin(d*x+c)*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{3 B \sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c) \log(2 b \cos(dx + c))}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos
(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(2*C*b^2*cos(
d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(3*A + 2*C)*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c)
)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*B*b^(5/2)*arct
an(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x
+ c) + (2*C*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*(3*A + 2*C)*b^2
)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)
)**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{12 A b^{5/2} \sin(dx + c) + 3(2(dx + c)b^2 + b^2)}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^
(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(12*A*b^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c) + 3*(2*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c
))*B*sqrt(b) + (b^2*sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*b^2*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3
*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx =$$

$$\left( -3i B b^2 \log(i \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1) + 3i B b^2 \log(-i \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c) - 1) - \frac{2(6 A b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^5 - 3 B b^2 \tan(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c)^3 + 3 C b^2)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/6*(-3*I*B*b^2*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 3*I*B*b^2*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - 2*(6*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 12*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 4*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (12 A \sin(c + dx) + 9 B \cos(c + dx) + 3 C \cos^2(c + dx))}{12 d \cos(c + dx)^{1/2}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(12*A*sin(c + d*x) + 9*C*sin(c + d*x) + 3*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 6*B*d*x))/(12*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (3 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 2 \sin(dx + c) \sin^2(dx + c) b + 2 \sin^3(dx + c) b - 2 \sin^2(dx + c) c + 6 \sin(dx + c) c - 3 b dx)}{6 d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 2*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 6*sin
(c + d*x)*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)*c + 3*b*d*x))/(6*d)
```



**3.309**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2348
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2349
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2349
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2350
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2351
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2351
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2352
Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2352
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2353
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2353

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{Ab^2x\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2Cx\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2B\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2C\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d}$$

output

```
A*b^2*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/2*b^2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (2(2A + C)(c + dx) + 4B \sin(c + dx) + C \sin[2(c + dx)])}{4d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + 4*B*Sin[c + d*x] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.047$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output  $(b^2 \sqrt{b \cos[c + dx]} (Ax + (Cx)/2 + (B \sin[c + dx])/d + (C \cos[c + dx] \sin[c + dx]) / (2d)) / \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(Fx_.) * ((a_.) * (v_))^{(m_)} * ((b_.) * (v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)} * b^{(n - 1/2)} * (\sqrt{b*v} / \sqrt{a*v}) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)} * Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + 2B \sin(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	66
risch	$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$	101
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$	110

input  $\text{int}((b \cos(dx+c))^{(5/2)} * (A+B \cos(dx+c)+C \cos(dx+c)^2) / \cos(dx+c)^{(5/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/2 * b^2 / d * (C \cos(dx+c) * \sin(dx+c) + 2 * A * (dx+c) + 2 * B * \sin(dx+c) + C * (dx+c)) * (b \cos(dx+c))^{(1/2)} / \cos(dx+c)^{(1/2)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ \frac{(2A + C)\sqrt{-bb^2} \cos(dx + c) \log(2b \cos(dx + c))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) + 2*(C*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*((2*A + C)*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (C*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{8 A b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + 4 B b^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*(8*A*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*B*b^(5/2)*sin(d*x + c) + (2*(d*x + c)*b^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C*sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (-2i A b^2 - i C b^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + i\right) - (-2i A b^2 - i C b^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - i\right) - \frac{2(2 B b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1)}{\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)} \right)}{2d}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*((-2*I*A*b^2 - I*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + I) - (-2*I*A*b^2 - I*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - I) - 2*(2*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 2*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 44.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (4B \sin(c + dx) + C)}{4d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(b^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(4*B*sin(c + d*x) + C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 4*A*d*x + 2*C*d*x))/(4*d*cos(c + d*x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2 \sin(dx + c))}{2d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*sin(c + d*x)*b + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x))/(2*d)
```

**3.310**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result	2354
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2354
Rubi [A] (verified)	2355
Maple [A] (verified)	2357
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2357
Sympy [F(-1)]	2358
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2358
Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	2359
Mupad [F(-1)]	2359
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2360

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 C \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b^2*B*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b^2*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (Bc + Bdx - A \log(\cos(c + dx)))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(B*c + B*d*x - A*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + A*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + C*sin[c + d*x]))/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042



$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-B(dx+c)-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))b^2}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(dx+c)b^2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{b^2C\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 B x \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \dots$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-b^2/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c)-C*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/
(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) - B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b
*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d
*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c
))/(d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + A*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)*l
og(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*
sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*
C*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c
)**(7/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 B b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + 2 C b^{5/2} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^
(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*B*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 2*C*b^(5/2)*sin
(d*x + c) + (b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1)
- b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*A*sqrt(b
))/d
```

### Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( Ab^2 \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - Ab^2 \log \right.}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(A*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - A*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)
+ I*B*b^2*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - I*B*b^2*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 1) + 2*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*s
qrt(b)/d
```

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 +$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(7/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(7/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) a + \sin(c + dx) * c + b * dx)}{d}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*
a + sin(c + d*x)*c + b*d*x))/d
```

**3.311**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2361
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2361
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2362
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2364
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2364
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2365
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2365
Giac [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2366
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2366
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2367

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 C x \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{b^2 B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
b^2*C*x*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+b^2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C dx \cos(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(C*d*x*cos[c + d*x] + B*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*sin[c + d*x]))/(d*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2),x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2(-2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)+C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c) b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{b^2 C x \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2i b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} A}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^2/d*(-2*B*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)
)+A*sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 B \sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/
(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 - C*sqrt(-b)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2*log
(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*s
in(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x
+ c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2), 1/2*(2*C*b^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*si
n(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*
x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(
d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(
d*x + c))*A*b^2*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c
)**(9/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{4 C b^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right) + \frac{4}{\cos(2 dx+2 c)^2 + 1}}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^
(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*C*b^(5/2)*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1)) + 4*A*b^(5/2)*sin
(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
) + 1) + (b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) -
b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))*B*sqrt(b))/
d
```

**Giac [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( Bb^2 \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) + 1 \right) - Bb^2 \log \left( \tan \left( \frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c \right) - 1 \right) \right)}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
9/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(B*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - B*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1)
+ I*C*b^2*log(I*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - I*C*b^2*log(-I*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c) - 1) - 2*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*s
qrt(b)/d
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A \cos(c + dx) + B)}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(9/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c
+ d*x)^(9/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-\cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) + \cos(c + dx) \log(\tan(\frac{c + dx}{2} + 1) * b + \cos(c + dx) * c * dx + \sin(c + dx) * a))}{(\cos(c + dx) * d)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(-cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*
log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*c*d*x+sin(c+d*x)*a))/(cos(c
+d*x)*d)
```

**3.312** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2368
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2368
Rubi [A] (verified)	2369
Maple [A] (verified)	2371
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Sympy [F(-1)]	2373
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2373
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2374
Mupad [F(-1)]	2375
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2375

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{b^2(A+2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}{2d\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} + \frac{b^2B\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}\sin(c+dx)}{d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

output

```
1/2*b^2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
)+1/2*A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+b^2*B*(b*cos
s(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (2C \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c+dx)))}{\cos^{\frac{11}{2}}(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(2*C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.209$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2B + (A + 2C) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2B + (A + 2C) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} ((A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + 2B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + 2B \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(A+2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(11/2), x]
```

output

```
(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*B*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( -A \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + A \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c) + \cot(dx+c)) \right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c) \right) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{b^2 E}{2d}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 2B e^{2i(dx+c)} - A e^{i(dx+c)} - 2B)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (A + 2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2d}$



input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{2}b^2/d*(-A*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)*\cos(d*x+c)^2+A*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)+1)*\cos(d*x+c)^2-4*C*\operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(d*x+c)+\cot(d*x+c))*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2*B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c)+A*\sin(d*x+c))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/\cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{1/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ (A + 2C)b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}}\right) + (A + 2C)\sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\sqrt{-b \sin(dx + c)}}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - (2Bb^2 \cos(dx + c) + Ab^2)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \right]}{2d \cos(dx + c)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[1/4*((A + 2*C)*b^(5/2)*\cos(d*x + c)^3*\log(-(b*\cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*\sqrt{b*\cos(d*x + c)}*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*\cos(d*x + c))/\cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*b^2*\cos(d*x + c) + A*b^2)*\sqrt{b*\cos(d*x + c)}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*\sqrt{-b}*b^2*\arctan(\sqrt{b*\cos(d*x + c)}*\sqrt{-b}*\sin(d*x + c)/(b*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)})))*\cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*b^2*\cos(d*x + c) + A*b^2)*\sqrt{b*\cos(d*x + c)}*\sqrt{\cos(d*x + c)}*\sin(d*x + c)/(d*\cos(d*x + c)^3)]$

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)
)**(11/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.28

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(8*B*b^(5/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2
+ 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) + 2*(b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 +
2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - b^2*log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x
+ c) + 1))*C*sqrt(b) - (4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*
cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x +
4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c))) - (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4
*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)
*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)
))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*a
rctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2
+ 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4
*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) +
b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arct
an2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2
*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*si
n(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*
c) + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), co...

```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( (Ab^2 + 2Cb^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```

integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(
11/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

1/2*((A*b^2 + 2*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - (A*b^2 + 2*C*b^2)*l
og(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 2*B*b^2*t
an(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 2*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x +
1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/
d

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{11/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * a - 2 * \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) * \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * c + \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) * a + 2 * \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) * c + \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) * \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * a + 2 * \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) * \sin(c + dx) ** 2 * c - \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) * a - 2 * \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) * c - \sin(c + dx) * a)}{(2 * d * (\sin(c + dx) ** 2 - 1))}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(11/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- 2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.313**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2376
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Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2380
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2383
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2383
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2384

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2(2A + 3C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/2*b^2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*
A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)+1/2*b^2*B*(b*cos(
d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+1/3*b^2*(2*A+3*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c)
)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (3B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + (4A + 3C) \cos(c + dx) + (2A + 3C) \cos(2(c + dx))) \tan(c + dx)}{6d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (4*A +
3*C + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*A + 3*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x]))/(6*
d*Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3500} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (3B + (2A + 3C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3B + (2A + 3C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (2A + 3C) \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx + 3B \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (2A + 3C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 3B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{(2A + 3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{(2A + 3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2A + 3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2A + 3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} + 3B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2), x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/3)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Exp}$   
 $\text{andIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{(n/2 - 1)}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c,$   
 $d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4255  $\text{Int}[(\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)]*(b\_.)^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*$   
 $x]*((b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)}/(d*(n - 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))$   
 $\text{Int}[(b*\text{Csc}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1]$   
 $\&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c\_.) + (d\_.)*(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]/d, x]$   
 $/; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d\}, x]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( -3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2) \sin(dx+c) \right)}{6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{B \left( \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) - 1) \cos(dx+c)^2 \right)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} (3B e^{5i(dx+c)} - 6C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 12A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 3B e^{i(dx+c)} - 4A - 6C)}{3\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d(e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} B \ln(-\cot(dx+c) + \csc(dx+c) + 1)}{2\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}$

input  $\text{int}((b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(5/2)}*(A+B*\cos(d*x+c)+C*\cos(d*x+c)^2)/\cos(d*x+c)^{(13/2)}$   
 $,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/6*b^2/d*(-3*B*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+\csc(d*x+c)-1)*\cos(d*x+c)^3+3*B*\ln(-\cot(d*x+c)+$   
 $\csc(d*x+c)+1)*\cos(d*x+c)^3+(4*\cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*\sin(d*x+c)*A+6*C*\cos(d*x+c)^2*$   
 $\sin(d*x+c)+3*B*\sin(d*x+c)*\cos(d*x+c))*(b*\cos(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/\cos(d*x+c)^{(7/2)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{3 B b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)}\right) + 3 B \sqrt{-b} b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (2(2A + 3C)b^2 \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 B b^2 \cos(dx + c))}{6 d \cos(dx + c)^4} \right]}{6 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*(2*A + 3*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (2*(2*A + 3*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(13/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1112 vs.  $2(140) = 280$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1112, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.78

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(24*C*b^(5/2)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 16*(3*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - (3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) - 3*(3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c))*A*sqrt(b)/(2*(3*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1) - 3*(4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2...
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left(3 B b^2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 1\right) - 3 B b^2 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) - 1\right) - 2(6 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 3 B b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 + 6 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^5 - 4 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 - 12 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^3 + 6 A b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 3 B b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right) + 6 C b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)) / (\tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^6 - 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^4 + 3 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} c\right)^2 - 1) \sqrt{b/d}}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(3*B*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*B*b^2*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) - 2*(6*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 3*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 6*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 4*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 6*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 3*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 6*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 - 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 + 3*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 - 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{13/2}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(13/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{13/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-3 \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})) - 1) \sin(c + dx) + 3 \cos(c + dx) \log(\tan(\frac{c + dx}{2}) - 1) b + 3 \cos(c + dx) \log(\tan(\frac{c + dx}{2}) + 1) \sin(c + dx) + 2 b - 3 \cos(c + dx) \log(\tan(\frac{c + dx}{2}) + 1) b - 3 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) b + 4 \sin(c + dx) + 3 a + 6 \sin(c + dx) + 3 c - 6 \sin(c + dx) a - 6 \sin(c + dx) c}{6 \cos(c + dx) d (\sin(c + dx) + 1)}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(13/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2
*b + 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*b + 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((
c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) +
1)*b - 3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b + 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*a + 6*sin(c + d*
x)**3*c - 6*sin(c + d*x)*a - 6*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(6*cos(c + d*x)*d*(sin(c +
d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.314** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2} (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2385
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2386
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2386
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2389
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2390
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Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2392
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2393

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{b^2(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}{8d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{Ab^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d \cos^{9/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2(3A + 4C) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{5/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \cos^{3/2}(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 B \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{7/2}(c + dx)}$$

output

```
1/8*b^2*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/4*A*b^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)+1/8*b^2*(3*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/3*b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (3(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) + 4B \cos(c + dx) + 8A)}{24d \cos^{13/2}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))
/Cos[c + d*x]^(15/2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^
4 + Sin[c + d*x]*(6*A + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 24*B*Cos[c + d*x]^3
+ 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(24*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(13/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int (4B + (3A + 4C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4B + (3A + 4C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + 4B \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 4B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4B \int (\tan^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257



$$\frac{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[((b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(15/2), x]`

output `(b^2*Sqrt[b*cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4)/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*(n - 2)/(n - 1) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2 \left( 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \sin(dx+c)^2 + 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \sin(dx+c)^2 \right)}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
parts	$A \left( -3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) + 2 \sin(dx+c) \right)$
risch	$-\frac{ib^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \left( 9A e^{7i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{7i(dx+c)} + 33A e^{5i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{5i(dx+c)} - 48B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 33A e^{3i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 9A e^{i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{i(dx+c)} \right)}{12 \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} d \left( e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1 \right)^4}$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/24*b^2/d*(9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(-9*cos(d*x+c)^2-6)*sin(d*x+c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(-16*cos(d*x+c)^2-8)*B-12*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{3(3A + 4C)b^{5/2} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx + c)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx + c)}}\right)}{24d \cos(dx + c)} - (16Bb^2 \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C) \sqrt{-bb^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx + c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 \right]}{24d \cos(dx + c)}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*b^(5/2)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*(16*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*b^2*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - (16*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*b^2*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A*b^2)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(15/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2972 vs.  $2(180) = 360$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2972, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.29

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(12*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 44*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(b^2*cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 16*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 16*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(4*b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + 8*(6*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 12*(4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*(2*b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 16*(3*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c))*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2...
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\left( 3(3Ab^2 + 4Cb^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right) - 3(3Ab^2 + 4Cb^2) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 1\right) + 2(15A^2b^2 \tan^7\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 24ABb^2 \tan^7\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 12C^2b^2 \tan^7\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 9A^2b^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 40ABb^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 12C^2b^2 \tan^5\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 9A^2b^2 \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 40ABb^2 \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 12C^2b^2 \tan^3\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 15A^2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 24ABb^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 12C^2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right))}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1\right)^8 - 4\tan^6\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 6\tan^4\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) - 4\tan^2\left(\frac{1}{2}dx + \frac{1}{2}c\right) + 1} \right) \sqrt{b}/d$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*(3*(3*A*b^2 + 4*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 1) - 3*(3*A*b^2 + 4*C*b^2)*log(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) - 1) + 2*(15*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 - 24*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 12*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^7 + 9*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 40*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 - 12*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^5 + 9*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 40*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 - 12*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^3 + 15*A*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 24*B*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c) + 12*C*b^2*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c))/(tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^8 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^6 + 6*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^4 - 4*tan(1/2*d*x + 1/2*c)^2 + 1))*sqrt(b)/d`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + A + B \cos(c + dx))}{\cos(c + dx)^{15/2}}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(15/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(15/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{15/2}(c + dx)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} b^2 (-16 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) b^2 - 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) b^3 + 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) b^4 + 18 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) b^5 + 24 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) \sin(c + dx) b^6 - 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) a - 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) - 1) c + 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) b^4 + 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) b^5 - 18 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) b^6 - 24 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) \sin(c + dx) b^7 + 9 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) a + 12 \log(\tan((c + dx)/2) + 1) c - 9 \sin(c + dx) b^3 a - 12 \sin(c + dx) b^3 c + 15 \sin(c + dx) b^4 a + 12 \sin(c + dx) b^4 c)}{(24 d (\sin(c + dx) b^4 - 2 \sin(c + dx) b^2 + 1))}$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(15/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*b**2*(- 16*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 9*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 12*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 15*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*sin(c + d*x)**4*c)/(24*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

**3.315** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2394
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2395
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2395
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2399
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2399
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2400
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2400
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2401
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2401

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 184

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{(4A+3C)x\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{(4A+3C)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ &+ \frac{C\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(48Ac+36cC+48Adx+36Cdx+72B\sin(c+dx)+24(A+C)\sin(2(c+dx))+8B\sin(3(c+dx))+3C\sin(4(c+dx)))}{96d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(48*A*c + 36*c*C + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x + 72*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$



↓ 3502

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(4A+3C+4B\cos(c+dx))dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (4A+3C+4B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \cos^2(c+dx)dx + 4B \int \cos^3(c+dx)dx \right) + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 4B \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3113

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{4B \int (1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx - \frac{4B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3115

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \left( \frac{\int 1dx}{2} + \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (4A+3C) \left( \frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{4B(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{5/2}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]],x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4))/\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^{(m_.)}*((b_.)*(v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)}*F*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n - 1)/2}, x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[(n - 1)/2, 0]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
default	$\frac{(12A(dx+c)+9C(dx+c)+12A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + (8 \cos(dx+c)^2+16) \sin(dx+c)B + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (6 \cos(dx+c)^2+9)C)}{24d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c) (2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C (2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c) \sin^2(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{16\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{3B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{4d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(dx+c)}{12\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24/d*(12*A*(d*x+c)+9*C*(d*x+c)+12*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+16)*sin(d*x+c)*B+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+9)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{3(4A+3C)\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)-b\right)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}}}, \frac{1}{24}(3(4A+3C)\sqrt{b}\arctan(\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)/(\sqrt{b}\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}))\cos(dx+c)+(6C\cos(dx+c)^3+8B\cos(dx+c)^2+3(4A+3C)\cos(dx+c)+16B)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c))/(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/24*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{24(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))A}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{3(12dx+12c+\sin(4dx+4c)+8\sin(\frac{1}{2}\arctan(\sin(4dx+4c),\cos(4dx+4c))))C}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{8B(\sin(3dx+3c)+9\sin(3dx+3c))}{96d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/96*(24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/sqrt(b) + 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C/sqrt(b) + 8*B*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 46.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(24A\sin(c+dx)+24C\sin(c+dx)+24A\sin(3c+3dx)+80B\sin(2c+2dx)+8B\sin(4c+4dx)+27C\sin(3c+3dx)+3C\sin(5c+5dx)+96A dx \cos(c+dx)+72C dx \cos(c+dx))}{96bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*A*sin(c + d*x) + 24*C*sin(c + d*x) + 24*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 80*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 96*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 72*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(96*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(-6\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)^3c+12\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)a+15\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)c-8\sin(dx+c)^3b+24\sin(dx+c)\cos(dx+c)a+12a dx+9c dx)}{24bd}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-6*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*a + 15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c - 8*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)*a + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x))/(24*b*d)
```

**3.316**  $\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$

Optimal result	2402
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2403
Rubi [A] (verified)	2403
Maple [A] (verified)	2405
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2405
Sympy [F(-1)]	2406
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2406
Giac [F(-2)]	2407
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2407
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2408

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{Bx\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(3A+2C)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(3*A+2*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(6Bc+6Bdx+3(4A+3C)\sin(c+dx)+3B\sin(2(c+dx))+C\sin(3(c+dx)))}{12d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*B*c + 6*B*d*x + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \left( C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\cos(c+dx)(3A+2C+3B\cos(c+dx))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)(3A+2C+3B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{(3A+2C)\sin(c+dx)}{d}+\frac{3B\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{3Bx}{2}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*B*x)/2 + ((3*A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_.)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(3B(dx+c)+6A \sin(dx+c)+3B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+(2 \cos(dx+c)^2+4) \sin(dx+c)C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{6d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	77
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) (2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	113
risch	$\frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	126

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/d*(3*B*(d*x+c)+6*A*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+(2*cos(d*x+c)^
2+4)*sin(d*x+c)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{3 B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log\left(2 b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{-b} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) - b\right)}{12 b d \cos(d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/12*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))B}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{C(\sin(3dx+3c)+9\sin(\frac{1}{3}\arctan(\frac{\sin(3dx+3c)}{\cos(3dx+3c)}))}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{12A\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}}}{12d}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B/sqrt(b) + C*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) +
9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/sqrt(b) + 12*A*si
n(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (3 B \sin(c + dx) + 12 A \sin(2 c + 2 d x) + 3 B \sin(3 c + 3 d x) + 10 C \sin(4 c + 4 d x) + 12 B d x \cos(c + d x))}{12 b d (\cos(2 c + 2 d x) + 1)}$$

input

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c
+ d*x))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*B*sin(c + d*x) + 12*A*sin(2*
c + 2*d*x) + 3*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*
d*x) + 12*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*b*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (3 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 2 \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 6 \sin(dx + c) a + 6 \sin(dx + c) c + 3bdx)}{6bd}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 2*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 6*sin(c +
d*x)*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)*c + 3*b*d*x))/(6*b*d)
```

**3.317** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2409
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2410
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2410
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2411
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2412
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2412
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2413
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2413
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2414
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2414

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+4B\sin(c+dx)+C\sin(2(c+dx)))}{4d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + 4*B*Sin[c + d*x] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.047$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (B*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + 2B \sin(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	63
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(4A+2C)x}{4\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	92
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	101

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(2A+C)\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log\left(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)\right)}{4bd\cos(dx+c)}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-1/4*((2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*((2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 16.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{Ax\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sin(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\sin^2(c+dx)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{2d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{x(A+B\cos(c)+C\cos^2(c))\sqrt{\cos(c)}}{\sqrt{b\cos(c)}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((A*x*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x)) + B*sin(c + d*x)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(d*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + C*x*sin(c + d*x)**2*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))/(2*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + C*x*cos(c + d*x)**(5/2)/(2*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))) + C*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(2*d*sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))), Ne(d, 0)), (x*(A + B*cos(c) + C*cos(c)**2)*sqrt(cos(c))/sqrt(b*cos(c)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(2dx+2c+\sin(2dx+2c))C}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{8A\arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4B\sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}}}{4d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C/sqrt(b) + 8*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 4*B*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\sin(c+dx)+4B\sin(2c+2dx)+C\sin(3c+3dx))+8Adx\cos(c+dx)}{4bd(\cos(2c+2dx)+1)}$$

input

```
int((cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c
+d*x))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(c+d*x)+4*B*sin(2*c
+2*d*x)+C*sin(3*c+3*d*x)+8*A*d*x*cos(c+d*x)+4*C*d*x*cos(c+d*x)
))/ (4*b*d*(cos(2*c+2*d*x)+1))
```

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}(\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)c+2\sin(dx+c)b+2adx+cdx)}{2bd}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(cos(c+d*x)*sin(c+d*x)*c+2*sin(c+d*x)*b+2*a*d*x+c*d*x
))/ (2*b*d)
```

**3.318** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2415
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2416
Rubi [A] (verified)	2416
Maple [A] (verified)	2418
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2419
Sympy [F]	2419
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2420
Giac [F(-2)]	2420
Mupad [F(-1)]	2421
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2421

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (Bc + Bdx - A \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) - \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + A \log(\cos(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))) + \sin(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx))}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*c + B*d*x - A*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] - Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + A*Log[Cos[(c + d*x)/2] + Sin[(c + d*x)/2]] + C*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3502 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \int (A + B \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{A+B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3214 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c+dx) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\
& \downarrow 4257 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right) + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]))/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_.)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-B(dx+c)-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	61
parts	$\frac{C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	99
risch	$\frac{Bx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{C \sin(2dx+2c)}{2d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	129

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c)-C*sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 A \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b \sin(dx+c)}}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx + c) + B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log \left( 2 b \cos(dx + c)^2 + 2}{2 b d \cos} \right. \right.$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) + B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{A \left( \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4 B \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2 C \sin(dx+c)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 4*B*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 2*C*sin(d*x + c)/sqrt(b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -\log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) a + \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 1\right) a + \sin(dx + c) c + bdx \right)}{bd}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + sin(c + d*x)*c + b*d*x)/(b*d)
```

**3.319** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2422
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2423
Rubi [A] (verified)	2423
Maple [A] (verified)	2425
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2426
Sympy [F]	2426
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2427
Giac [F(-2)]	2427
Mupad [F(-1)]	2428
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2428

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{C dx \cos(c + dx) + B \coth^{-1}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx) + A \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(C*d*x*Cos[c + d*x] + B*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x])/
(d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \int (B + C \cos(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{B+C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3214

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Cx \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032

```
Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3214 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])/((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.
)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d
*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

```
rule 3500 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)+C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	70
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{d\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	99
risch	$\frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}A}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d}$	130

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(-2*B*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+
A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{2 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 + C \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c)^2 \log\left(2 b \cos(dx+c)^2 + \right)}{2 b d \cos}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(2*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), 1/2*(2*C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(sqrt(b*cos(c + d*x))*cos(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{B \left( \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{4 C \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{A}{b \cos(2(dx+c))} + \frac{2 C}{2 d}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(B*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 4*C*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (-\cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) b + \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) b + \cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c) b d}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*b + cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*b + cos(c + d*x)*c*d*x + sin(c + d*x)*a)/(cos(c + d*x)*b*d)`

**3.320** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2429
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2430
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2430
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2433
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2433
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2434
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2434
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2435
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2436

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(A + 2C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/
2*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(
d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \coth^{-1}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (A + 2B \cos(c + dx)) \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(2*C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.209$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3500 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2B + (A+2C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2B+(A+2C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3227 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \sec(c+dx) dx + 2B \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + 2B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4254 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx - \frac{2B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 24 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4257 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(A+2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] * ((A*\text{Sec}[c + d*x]*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]) / (2*d) + (((A + 2*C)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]]) / d + (2*B*\text{Tan}[c + d*x]) / d) / 2)) / \text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2032  $\text{Int}[(F x_.) * ((a_.) * (v_.))^{(m_.)} * ((b_.) * (v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m - 1/2)} * b^{(n + 1/2)} * (\text{Sqrt}[a*v] / \text{Sqrt}[b*v]) \text{ Int}[v^{(m + n)} * F x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& \text{ !IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{ ILtQ}[n - 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{ IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^{(m_.)} * ((A_.) + (B_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)] + (C_.) * \sin[(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C) * \text{Cos}[e + f*x] * ((a + b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)} / (b*f*(m + 1) * (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b*(m + 1) * (a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)} * \text{Simp}[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1)) * \sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \text{ LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{ NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

rule 4254  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(1 + x^2)^{(n/2 - 1)}, x], x], x, \text{Cot}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{ IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

rule 4257  $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] / d, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$-\frac{A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(A e^{2i(dx+c)} - A - 4B \cos(dx+c))}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)-A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ (A + 2C) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}^3 \log \left( -\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} \right) + 2(2B \cos(dx+c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \right]}{4bd \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

$$- \frac{(A + 2C) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx+c) + A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}{2bd \cos(dx+c)^3}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 785 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 785, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*C*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(
cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/sqrt(b) + 8*B*sqrt(
b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos
(2*d*x + 2*c) + b) - (4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*ar
ctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*
cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*si
n(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x +
2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x
+ 2*c))))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) +
(2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos
(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)
+ 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(
2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos
(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
+ 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(
2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c
) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))*A/((2*(2*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x +...

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{5/2}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 a + 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c) a - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 c - 2 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) \sin(dx + c) c - \sin(c + dx)^2 a)}{2 * b * d * (\sin(c + dx)^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)**2*a)/(2*b*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.321** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2438
Rubi [A] (verified)	2438
Maple [A] (verified)	2441
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2442
Sympy [F(-1)]	2442
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2443
Giac [F(-2)]	2444
Mupad [F(-1)]	2444
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2444

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(c + dx)}{3d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*A*si
n(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*
x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2
)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (4A + 3C + 3B \cos(c + dx) + (2A + 3C) \cos(2(c + dx))) \tan(c + dx)}{6d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (4*A + 3*C + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*A + 3*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3500 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int (3B + (2A+3C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3B+(2A+3C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3227 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (2A+3C) \int \sec^2(c+dx) dx + 3B \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( (2A+3C) \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 dx + 3B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4254 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{(2A+3C) \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 24 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4255 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 3042 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( 3B \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) + \frac{(2A+3C) \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow 4257 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d} + 3B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \right) + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/3)/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$\frac{-3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2) \sin(dx+c)A}{6d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B (\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 6C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3B + (-16A - 18C) \cos(dx+c) + i(-8A - 6C) \sin(dx+c))}{6\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/d*(-3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+(4*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c)*A+6*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log \left( -\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2 b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3} \right) + 2 (2 A + 3 C) \cos(dx + c)^3 \right]}{12 b d \cos(dx + c)^4} + \frac{3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (2 (2 A + 3 C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3 B \cos(dx + c)) \cos(dx + c)}{6 b d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1014 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1014, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.67

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(24*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(2*d*x +
2*c)^2 + 2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b) + 16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*
x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c
)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((2*(3*cos(4*d
*x + 4*c) + 3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2
+ 6*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*c
os(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*
c) + sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 9*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sqrt(b)) - 3*
(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c
), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)
*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x
+ 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*
cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*
c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/
2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*
c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin
(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)
^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(...
```



**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const  
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} \left( -3 \cos(dx + c) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) \sin(dx + c)^2 b + 3 \cos(dx + c) \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) - 1\right) b + 3 \cos(dx + c) \right)}{\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),  
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*sin(c+d*x)**2*b +  
3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*b + 3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d  
*x)/2)+1)*sin(c+d*x)**2*b - 3*cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*b  
- 3*cos(c+d*x)*sin(c+d*x)*b + 4*sin(c+d*x)**3*a + 6*sin(c+d*x)**3  
*c - 6*sin(c+d*x)*a - 6*sin(c+d*x)*c)/(6*cos(c+d*x)*b*d*(sin(c+d*  
x)**2-1))
```

**3.322** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2446
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2447
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2447
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2450
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2451
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2452
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2452
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2453
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2454
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2454

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{4d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)}{8d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin^3(c + dx)}{3d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+
1/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*sin
(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/d/cos(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*B*sin(d*x+c)^3/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*
x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + \sin(c + dx) (6A + 3(3A + 4C) \cos^2(c + dx) + 24B \cos^3(c + dx))}{24d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(3*(3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + Sin[c + d*x]*(6*A + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 24*B*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(24*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \mathbf{3500} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int (4B + (3A + 4C) \cos(c+dx)) \sec^4(c+dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{4B + (3A + 4C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{3227} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \sec^3(c+dx) dx + 4B \int \sec^4(c+dx) dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx + 4B \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{4254} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4B \int (\tan^2(c+dx) + 1) d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{2009} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 dx - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{4255} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \sec(c+dx) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \downarrow \mathbf{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A + 4C) \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \csc(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) dx + \frac{\tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3} \tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec^3(c+dx)}{4d} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*Sqrt[b*Cos
[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*
(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(
-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3)/d)/4))/Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]]
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2032

```
Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/
2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x
_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int
[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

rule 4254

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]
```

rule 4255

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*
x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1))
Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
&& IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
default	$\frac{-9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c)}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	
risch	$\frac{i(9A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 33A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 48B e^{3i(dx+c)} - 33A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9A - 12C - 80B \cos(dx+c))}{24 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3 d}$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24/d*(-9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)
+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+
12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(9*cos(d*x+c)^2+6)*sin(d*x+
c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(16*cos(d*x+c)^2+8)*B+12*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x
+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c) - 2b \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 2(16B \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx+c) + 6A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{48bd \cos(dx+c)^5} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^5 - (16B \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C)\cos(dx+c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx+c) + 6A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{24bd \cos(dx+c)^5} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt
t(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x +
c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^
2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*
x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*
cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5
- (16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)
+ 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b*d*cos(d*x
+ c)^5)]
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2611 vs. 2(165) = 330.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2611, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) +
4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
+ 44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(si
n(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2
*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos
(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*
c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8
*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x
+ 6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4
*c) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c
) + 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) +
16*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{9/2} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b} (-16 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 9 \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c) + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-16*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 9*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 12*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 15*sin(c + d*x)*a + 12*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(24*b*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))`

**3.323** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2455
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2456
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2456
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2459
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2460
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2460
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2461
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2461
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2462
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2462

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(4A+3C)x\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A+3C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{8bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3bd\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)
*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*
x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos
(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(48Ac+36cC+48Adx+36Cd)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(48*A*c + 36*c*C + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x + 72*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\cos^2(c+dx)(4A+3C+4B\cos(c+dx))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2(4A+3C+4B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3227$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\cos^2(c+dx)dx+4B\int\cos^3(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx+4B\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3113$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx-\frac{4B\int(1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx-\frac{4B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3115$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)-\frac{4B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{7/2}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{3/2}), x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4))/(b*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24  $\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 2031  $\text{Int}[(\text{Fx}_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^{(m_.)}*((b_.)*(v_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{Int}[v^{(m + n)}*\text{Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3113  $\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n - 1)/2}, x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[(n - 1)/2, 0]$

rule 3115  $\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$\frac{(12A(dx+c)+9C(dx+c)+12A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + (8 \cos(dx+c)^2+16) \sin(dx+c)B + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (6 \cos(dx+c)^2+9)C)}{24bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)(2+\cos(dx+c)^2)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}b} + \frac{C(2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c)+3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}b}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(8A+6C)x}{16b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{3B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{4bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}C \sin(dx+c)}{8d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24/b/d*(12*A*(d*x+c)+9*C*(d*x+c)+12*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+16)*sin(d*x+c)*B+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+9)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3(4A+3C)\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log(2b\cos(dx+c)^2 + 2\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c) - b) - 2(6C\cos(dx+c)^3 + 8B\cos(dx+c)^2 + 3(4A+3C)\cos(dx+c) + 16B)\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}\sin(dx+c)}{(b^2d\cos(dx+c))}, \right.$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/24*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{24(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))A}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3(12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c))}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8 \sin(1/2 \arctan 2(\sin(4 dx + 4 c), \cos(4 dx + 4 c)))}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8 B (\sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9 \sin(1/3 \arctan 2(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c))))}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}/d$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/b^(3/2) + 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C/b^(3/2) + 8*B*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(3/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 46.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (24 A \sin(c + dx) + 24 C \sin(c + dx) + 24 A \sin(3c + 3dx) + 80 B \sin(2c + 2dx) + 8 B \sin(4c + 4dx) + 27 C \sin(3c + 3dx) + 3 C \sin(5c + 5dx) + 96 A dx \cos(c + dx) + 72 C dx \cos(c + dx))}{(96 b^2 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1))}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*A*sin(c + d*x) + 24*C*sin(c + d*x) + 24*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 80*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 96*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 72*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(96*b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (-6 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 c + 12 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 + 15 \cos(c + dx) \sin(c + dx) c - 8 \sin(c + dx)^3 b + 24 \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx) b + 12 a dx + 9 c dx)}{(24 b^2 d)}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(- 6*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3 + 15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c - 8*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)*cos(c + d*x)*b + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x))/(24*b**2*d)`

**3.324** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2463
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2464
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2464
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2466
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2466
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2467
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2467
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2468
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2468
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2469

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(3A+2C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(3*A+2*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(6Bc+6Bdx+3(4A+3C)\sin(c+dx))}{12d(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(6*B*c + 6*B*d*x + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A) dx}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3} \int \cos(c+dx)(3A+2C+3B\cos(c+dx))dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) (3A+2C+3B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(3A+2C) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{3Bx}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*B*x)/2 + ((3*A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(3B(dx+c)+6A \sin(dx+c)+3B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+(2 \cos(dx+c)^2+4) \sin(dx+c)C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{6bd \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	80
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{B(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) (2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}$	122
risch	$\frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	138

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/b/d*(3*B*(d*x+c)+6*A*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+4)*sin(d*x+c)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3 B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log(2 b \cos(dx + c))^2}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/12*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))B}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{C(\sin(3dx + 3c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\frac{\sin(3dx + 3c)}{\cos(3dx + 3c)}))}{12d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B/b^(3/2) + C*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(3/2) + 12*A*sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d
```



**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (3 B \sin(c + dx) + 12 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 3 B \sin(3c + 3dx) + 10 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + C \sin(4c + 4dx) + 12 B dx \cos(c + dx))}{(12 b^2 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1))}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*B*sin(c + d*x) + 12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 3*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*b^2*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (3 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 2 \sin(dx + c) \cos^2(dx + c) b + 6 \sin(dx + c) c + 3 b d x)}{(6 b^2 d)}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 2*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 6*sin(c +
d*x)*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)*c + 3*b*d*x))/(6*b**2*d)
```

**3.325** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2470
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2470
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2471
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2472
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2473
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2473
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2474
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2475

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+4B \sin(c+dx))}{4d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{3/2} * (2 * (2*A + C) * (c + d*x) + 4*B*\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Sin}[2*(c + d*x)]))}{(4*d*(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{3/2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.047$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{3/2} * (A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{3/2}), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]] * (A*x + (C*x)/2 + (B*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/d + (C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] * \text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + 2B \sin(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	66
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}(4A+2C)x}{4b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	101
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b}$	110

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/b/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(2A+C)\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log(2b\cos(dx+c))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*((2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))C}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{8 A \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{4 d} + \frac{4 B \sin(dx+c)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C/b^(3/2) + 8*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + 4*B*sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\sin(c+dx) + \dots)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `(cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(c+d*x)+4*B*sin(2*c+2*d*x)+C*sin(3*c+3*d*x)+8*A*d*x*cos(c+d*x)+4*C*d*x*cos(c+d*x)))/(4*b^2*d*(cos(2*c+2*d*x)+1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2 \sin(dx + c))}{2b^2 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*sin(c + d*x)*b + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x
))/ (2*b**2*d)
```



**3.326** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2476
Rubi [A] (verified)	2477
Maple [A] (verified)	2479
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2479
Sympy [F(-1)]	2480
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2480
Giac [F(-2)]	2481
Mupad [F(-1)]	2481
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2481

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (Bdx + A \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c+dx)))}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\cos[c + dx]^{3/2} (B dx + A \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\sin[c + dx]] + C \sin[c + dx]))}{(d (b \cos[c + dx])^{3/2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2031$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (A + B \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3214$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c + dx) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{d} + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-B(dx+c)-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{Bx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{i\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/b/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c)-C*sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*
x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{2A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}} \right] C$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) + B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{A(\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2+2\sin(dx+c)+1)-\log(\cos(dx+c)^2+\sin(dx+c)^2-2\sin(dx+c)+1))/b^{3/2}+4B\arctan(\sin(dx+c)/(\cos(dx+c)+1))/b^{3/2}+2C\sin(dx+c)/b^{3/2}}{d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + 4*B*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + 2*C*sin(d*x + c)/b^(3/2))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(3/2),x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2})))}{b^2 d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(\sqrt{b}) * (-\log(\tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1) * a + \log(\tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1) * a + \sin(c + d*x) * c + b * d * x)}{(b^{**2} * d)}$$

**3.327**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2483
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2483
Rubi [A] (verified)	2484
Maple [A] (verified)	2486
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2486
Sympy [F]	2487
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2487
Giac [F(-2)]	2488
Mupad [F(-1)]	2488
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2489

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(C dx \cos(c + dx) + B \coth^{-1}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos(c + dx))}{d(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```



output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*d*x*Cos[c + d*x] + B*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c +
d*x] + A*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3214$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Cx \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c +
d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/
d))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2032

```
Int[(Fx_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/
2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 3214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_
)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d
*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)+C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	73
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{db\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	108
risch	$\frac{Cx\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{ie^{-i(dx+c)}A}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}d}$	142

```
input int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b/d*(-2*B*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)
)+A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{2 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^2 + C}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[ -1/2*(2*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), 1/2*(2*C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))** (3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/((b*cos(c + d*x))**(3/2)*sqrt(cos(c + d*x))), x)
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4 A \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^2 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^2 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^2} + \frac{B (\log(\cos(dx+c))^2}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) + B*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x
+ c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*si
n(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(3/2) + 4*C*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(
3/2))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c +
d*x))^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c +
d*x))^(3/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (-\cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) b + \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) + 1) b + \cos(dx + c) c dx + \sin(dx + c) a)}{\cos(dx + c)}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*c*d*x+sin(c+d*x)*a)/(cos(c+d*x)*b**2*d)
```

**3.328** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2490
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2490
Rubi [A] (verified)	2491
Maple [A] (verified)	2493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2494
Sympy [F(-1)]	2495
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2495
Giac [F(-2)]	2496
Mupad [F(-1)]	2497
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2497

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+
1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/b/
d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2C \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))}{2d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b *Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.209$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2032$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2B + (A + 2C) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2B + (A + 2C) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} ((A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + 2B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$



↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + 2B \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(A+2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*B*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2032

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$-\frac{A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{2bd \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(Ae^{2i(dx+c)} - A - 4B \cos(dx+c))}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{bd \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),  
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/b/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc  
(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2-  
*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)-A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/  
2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{(A + 2C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{2b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(A + 2C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx+c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx+c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(  
3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*c  
os(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/c  
os(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*  
x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arc  
tan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos  
(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c  
) * sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**
(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 802 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 802, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.68

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(8*B*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) - (4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*
d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(
4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*s
in(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*
d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos
(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(
4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x +
4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*lo
g(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2
(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*
c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1
)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*
c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x +
2*c))))*A/((b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 +
2*(2*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + ...

```

## Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
3/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c))}{2b \cos^2(dx + c)}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*b**2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.329** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2499
Rubi [A] (verified)	2499
Maple [A] (verified)	2502
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2503
Sympy [F(-1)]	2503
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2504
Giac [F(-2)]	2505
Mupad [F(-1)]	2505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2505

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2bd \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{3bd \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{2bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(c + dx)}{3bd \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*A*
sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/
cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x
+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3B \operatorname{ArcTanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (4A + 3C + 3B \cos(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{6d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (4*A + 3*C + 3*B*Cos[c + d*x] + (2*A + 3*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int(3B+(2A+3C)\cos(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{3B+(2A+3C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left((2A+3C)\int\sec^2(c+dx)dx+3B\int\sec^3(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left((2A+3C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2dx+3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{(2A+3C)\int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d} + 3B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \right) + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/3)/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
default	$\frac{-3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2) \sin(dx+c)A}{6bd \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B (\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 6C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3B + (-16A - 18C) \cos(dx+c) + i(-8A - 6C) \sin(dx+c))}{6b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b/d*(-3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+(4*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c)*A+6*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ 3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (2(2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3B \cos(dx + c)) \right]}{6 b^2 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1048 vs.  $2(140) = 280$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1048, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.39

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(24*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2) + 16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((b*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*(3*b*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*(3*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 6*b*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 6*(b*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + b*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + b)*sqrt(b)) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (-3 \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 b + 3}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*( - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b +
3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*b + 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d
*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*b
- 3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b + 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)**3
*c - 6*sin(c + d*x)*a - 6*sin(c + d*x)*c))/(6*cos(c + d*x)*b**2*d*(sin(c +
d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.330** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2507
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2508
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2508
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2511
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2512
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2512
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2513
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2514
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2514
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2514

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{8bd\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{4bd \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)}{8bd \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin^3(c + dx)}{3bd \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
)+1/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)
*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/cos
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*B*sin(d*x+c)^3/b/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)
/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + \sin(c + dx)}{24d \cos^5(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(3*(3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + Sin[c + d*x]*(6*A + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 24*B*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(24*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2032

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{b \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int(4B+(3A+4C)\cos(c+dx))\sec^4(c+dx)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{4B+(3A+4C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3227$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\sec^3(c+dx)dx+4B\int\sec^4(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx+4B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 4254$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{4B\int(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 4255$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 4257$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \right)}{b\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) - (4*B*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4))/(b*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{-9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c)}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{A(3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(9A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 33A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 48B e^{3i(dx+c)} - 33A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9A - 12C - 80B \cos(dx+c))}{24b \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3 d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24/b/d*(-9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(9*cos(d*x+c)^2+6)*sin(d*x+c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(16*cos(d*x+c)^2+8)*B+12*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c)}{\dots}\right)}{24b^2d \cos(dx + c)^5} \right.}{\left. 3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - (16B \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx + c) + 6A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right.}{\left. \right]}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - (16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^2*d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2660 vs.  $2(180) = 360$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2660, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.79

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) +
4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
+ 44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(si
n(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2
*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos
(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*
c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8
*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x
+ 6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4
*c) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c
) + 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) +
16*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{7/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (-16 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{3/2}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(- 16*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 9*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 12*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 15*sin(c + d*x)*a + 12*sin(c + d*x)*c)/(24*b**2*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```



**3.331** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2516
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2517
Rubi [A] (verified)	2517
Maple [A] (verified)	2520
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2521
Sympy [F(-1)]	2521
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2522
Giac [F(-2)]	2522
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2523
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2523

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(4A+3C)x\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{8b^2\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(4A+3C) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{8b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{4b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin^3(c+dx)}{3b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*A+3*C)*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(4*A+3*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*C*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(48Ac+36cC+48Adx+36Cd)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(9/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(48*A*c + 36*c*C + 48*A*d*x + 36*C*d*x + 72*B*Sin[c + d*x] + 24*(A + C)*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + 8*B*Sin[3*(c + d*x)] + 3*C*Sin[4*(c + d*x)]))/(96*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.233$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3113, 2009, 3115, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^2(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 (C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A) dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\cos^2(c+dx)(4A+3C+4B\cos(c+dx))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2(4A+3C+4B\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))dx+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3227$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\cos^2(c+dx)dx+4B\int\cos^3(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx+4B\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3113$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx-\frac{4B\int(1-\sin^2(c+dx))d(-\sin(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\int\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2dx-\frac{4B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 3115$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\left(\frac{\int 1dx}{2}+\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}\downarrow 24$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((4A+3C)\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)\cos(c+dx)}{2d}+\frac{x}{2}\right)-\frac{4B\left(\frac{1}{3}\sin^3(c+dx)-\sin(c+dx)\right)}{d}\right)+\frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(9/2)}*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{(5/2)}), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]]*((C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^3*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((4*A + 3*C)*(x/2 + (\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-\text{Sin}[c + d*x] + \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^{3/3}))/d)/4))/(b^2*\text{Sqrt}[b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]])}{1}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

$$\text{Int}[a_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*x, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2031

$$\text{Int}[(\text{Fx}_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^{(m_)}*((b_.)*(v_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{(m + 1/2)}*b^{(n - 1/2)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b*v]/\text{Sqrt}[a*v]) \text{ Int}[v^{(m + n)}*\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n + 1/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3113

$$\text{Int}[\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-d^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Expand}[(1 - x^2)^{(n - 1)/2}, x], x], x, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(n - 1)/2, 0]$$

rule 3115

$$\text{Int}[(b_.)*\sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 1)})/(d*n), x] + \text{Simp}[b^2*((n - 1)/n) \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n - 2)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

method	result
default	$\frac{(12A(dx+c)+9C(dx+c)+12A \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + (8 \cos(dx+c)^2+16) \sin(dx+c)B + \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c) (6 \cos(dx+c)^2+9)C)}{24b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c) (2 + \cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{C (2 \cos(dx+c)^3 \sin(dx+c) + 3 \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{8d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}$
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (8A+6C)x}{16b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{3B \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{4b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(4dx+4c)}{32b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \cos(3dx+3c)}{12b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24/b^2/d*(12*A*(d*x+c)+9*C*(d*x+c)+12*A*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+(8*cos(d*x+c)^2+16)*sin(d*x+c)*B+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(6*cos(d*x+c)^2+9)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3(4A+3C)\sqrt{-b}\cos(dx+c)\log(2b\cos(dx+c)^2+2\sqrt{b}\cos(dx+c))}{(b^3d\cos(dx+c))} + \dots \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/48*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/24*(3*(4*A + 3*C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (6*C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c) + 16*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{24(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))A}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3(12 dx + 12 c + \sin(4 dx + 4 c))}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{8B \sin(3 dx + 3 c) + 9C \sin(1/3 \arctan 2(\sin(3 dx + 3 c), \cos(3 dx + 3 c)))}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/96*(24*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/b^(5/2) + 3*(12*d*x + 12*c + sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 8*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(4*d*x + 4*c), cos(4*d*x + 4*c))))*C/b^(5/2) + 8*B*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(5/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 41.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(24A\sin(c+dx) + 24C\sin(c+dx) + 24A\sin(3c+3dx) + 80B\sin(2c+2dx) + 8B\sin(4c+4dx) + 27C\sin(3c+3dx) + 3C\sin(5c+5dx) + 96A dx \cos(c+dx) + 72C dx \cos(c+dx))}{(96b^3 d (\cos(2c+2dx) + 1))}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(9/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(24*A*sin(c + d*x) + 24*C*sin(c + d*x) + 24*A*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 80*B*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 8*B*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 27*C*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 3*C*sin(5*c + 5*d*x) + 96*A*d*x*cos(c + d*x) + 72*C*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(96*b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{9}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-6\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)^3c + 12\cos(dx+c)\sin(dx+c)^3a + 15\cos(c+d*x)\sin(c+d*x)*c - 8\sin(c+d*x)^3*b + 24\sin(c+d*x)*b + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x)}{(24*b^3*d)}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(9/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-6*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 12*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*a + 15*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c - 8*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*sin(c + d*x)*b + 12*a*d*x + 9*c*d*x))/(24*b**3*d)`



**3.332** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2524
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2525
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2525
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2527
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2527
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2528
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2528
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2529
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2529
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2530

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{(3A+2C) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(3*A+2*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(6Bc+6Bdx+3(4A+3C)\sin(c+dx))}{12b^2d\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(6*B*c + 6*B*d*x + 3*(4*A + 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x] + 3*B*Sin[2*(c + d*x)] + C*Sin[3*(c + d*x)]))/(12*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.116$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3213}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2031} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A) dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3} \int \cos(c+dx)(3A+2C+3B\cos(c+dx))dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)\cos^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) (3A+2C+3B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3213

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(3A+2C) \sin(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos(c+dx)}{2d} + \frac{3Bx}{2} \right) + \frac{C \sin(c+dx) \cos^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((C*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(3*d) + ((3*B*x)/2 + ((3*A + 2*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (3*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d))/3))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031

```
Int[(F*x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*a*c + b*d)*(x/2), x] + (-Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(Cos[e + f*x]/f), x] - Simp[b*d*Cos[e + f*x]*(Sin[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(3B(dx+c)+6A \sin(dx+c)+3B \sin(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+(2 \cos(dx+c)^2+4) \sin(dx+c)C) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{6b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	80
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{B(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c)+dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} + \frac{C \sin(dx+c) (2+\cos(dx+c)^2) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{3d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}$	122
risch	$\frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+3C) \sin(dx+c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(3dx+3c)}{12b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	138

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6/b^2/d*(3*B*(d*x+c)+6*A*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)+(2*cos(d*x+c)^2+4)*sin(d*x+c)*C)*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3 B \sqrt{-b} \cos(dx + c) \log(2 b \cos(dx + c))^2}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/12*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/6*(3*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (2*C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(2dx + 2c + \sin(2dx + 2c))B}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{C(\sin(3dx + 3c) + 9 \sin(\frac{1}{3} \arctan(\frac{\sin(3dx + 3c)}{\cos(3dx + 3c)}))}{12d}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*(2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*B/b^(5/2) + C*(sin(3*d*x + 3*c) + 9*sin(1/3*arctan2(sin(3*d*x + 3*c), cos(3*d*x + 3*c))))/b^(5/2) + 12*A*sin(d*x + c)/b^(5/2))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)} (3 B \sin(c + dx) + 12 A \sin(2c + 2dx) + 3 B \sin(3c + 3dx) + 10 C \sin(2c + 2dx) + C \sin(4c + 4dx) + 12 B dx \cos(c + dx))}{(12 b^3 d (\cos(2c + 2dx) + 1))}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^(7/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(3*B*sin(c + d*x) + 12*A*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + 3*B*sin(3*c + 3*d*x) + 10*C*sin(2*c + 2*d*x) + C*sin(4*c + 4*d*x) + 12*B*d*x*cos(c + d*x)))/(12*b^3*d*(cos(2*c + 2*d*x) + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (3 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - 2 \sin(dx + c) \sin^2(dx + c) c + 6 \sin(dx + c) \cos(dx + c) c + 3 b d \sin^2(dx + c))}{6 b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 2*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 6*sin(c +
d*x)*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)*c + 3*b*d*x))/(6*b**3*d)
```

**3.333** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	2531
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2531
Rubi [A] (verified)	2532
Maple [A] (verified)	2533
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2533
Sympy [F(-1)]	2534
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2534
Giac [F(-2)]	2535
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2535
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2536

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{Ax \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
A*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(2(2A+C)(c+dx)+4B \sin(c+dx))}{4b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```



output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*(2*A + C)*(c + d*x) + 4*B*Sin[c + d*x] + C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(4*b^2*d*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.047$ , Rules used = {2031, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2031

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( Ax + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) \cos(c + dx)}{2d} + \frac{Cx}{2} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A*x + (C*x)/2 + (B*Sin[c + d*x])/d + (C*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d)))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2031 `Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(C \cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + 2A(dx+c) + 2B \sin(dx+c) + C(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	66
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (4A+2C)x}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C \sin(2dx+2c)}{4b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	101
parts	$\frac{A(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(\cos(dx+c) \sin(dx+c) + dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2}$	110

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/b^2/d*(C*cos(d*x+c)*sin(d*x+c)+2*A*(d*x+c)+2*B*sin(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) (A+B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(2A+C)\sqrt{-b} \cos(dx+c) \log(2b \cos(dx+c))}{2d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((2*A + C)*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*(C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*((2*A + C)*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + (C*cos(d*x + c) + 2*B)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))]`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{(2 dx + 2 c + \sin(2 dx + 2 c))C}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{8 A \arctan\left(\frac{\sin(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)+1}\right)}{4 d b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4 B \sin(dx+c)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*((2*d*x + 2*c + sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*C/b^(5/2) + 8*A*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2) + 4*B*sin(d*x + c)/b^(5/2))/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}(C\sin(c+dx)+4B\sin(2c+2dx)+C\sin(3c+3dx)+8A*d*x*\cos(c+dx)+4C*d*x*\cos(c+dx))}{(4*b^3*d*(\cos(2*c+2*d*x)+1))}$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `(cos(c+d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c+d*x))^(1/2)*(C*sin(c+d*x)+4*B*sin(2*c+2*d*x)+C*sin(3*c+3*d*x)+8*A*d*x*cos(c+d*x)+4*C*d*x*cos(c+d*x)))/(4*b^3*d*(cos(2*c+2*d*x)+1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (\cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) c + 2 \sin(dx + c))}{2b^3 d}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*c + 2*sin(c + d*x)*b + 2*a*d*x + c*d*x
))/ (2*b**3*d)
```

**3.334** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2537
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2537
Rubi [A] (verified)	2538
Maple [A] (verified)	2540
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2540
Sympy [F(-1)]	2541
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2541
Giac [F(-2)]	2542
Mupad [F(-1)]	2542
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2542

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
B*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( Bx + \frac{A \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int (C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A)\sec(c+dx)dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \int (A+B\cos(c+dx))\sec(c+dx)dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \int \frac{A+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \sec(c+dx)dx + Bx + \frac{C\sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( A \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sin(c+dx)}{d}\right)}{d} + Bx + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(B*x + (A*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (C*Sin[c + d*x])/d))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`



rule 4257

```
Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
default	$-\frac{(2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))-B(dx+c)-C \sin(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{2A \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B(dx+c)\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$\frac{Bx \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{i \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{i(dx+c)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{i \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} C e^{-i(dx+c)}}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/b^2/d*(2*A*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))-B*(d*x+c)-C*sin(d*x+c))*cos(
d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{2A\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{b^2 d} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(2*A*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c) + B*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)), 1/2*(2*B*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c) + A*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*C*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c))]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))** (5/2), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{A \left( \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 + 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1) \right) - \log(\cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c)^2 - 2 \sin(dx+c) + 1)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(A*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2) + 4*B*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2) + 2*C*sin(d*x + c)/b^(5/2))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `int((cos(c+d*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int((cos(c+d*x)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c+d*x))^(5/2),x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) a + \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}))}{b^3 d}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(\sqrt{b}) * (-\log(\tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1) * a + \log(\tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1) * a + \sin(c + d*x) * c + b * d * x)}{(b^{3/2} * d)}$$

**3.335** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2544
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2544
Rubi [A] (verified)	2545
Maple [A] (verified)	2547
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2547
Sympy [F(-1)]	2548
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2548
Giac [F(-2)]	2549
Mupad [F(-1)]	2549
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2550

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\text{Barctanh}(\sin(c+dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}}{b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c+dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
C*x*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(Cdx \cos(c+dx)+B \coth^{-1}(\sin(c+dx)))}{d(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\cos[c + dx]^{3/2} * (C * dx * \cos[c + dx] + B * \operatorname{ArcCoth}[\sin[c + dx]] * \cos[c + dx] + A * \sin[c + dx]))}{(d * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{5/2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.163$ , Rules used = {2031, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3214, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2031}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^2(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \int (B + C \cos(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \int \frac{B + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3214}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( B \int \sec(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( B \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + Cx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{A \tan(c+dx)}{d} + \frac{B \operatorname{Arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + Cx \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(C*x + (B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]))/d + (A*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2031 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m + 1/2)*b^(n - 1/2)*(Sqrt[b*v]/Sqrt[a*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*F*x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IGtQ[n + 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3214 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])/((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[b*(x/d), x] - Simp[(b*c - a*d)/d Int[1/(c + d*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

```
rule 4257 Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x]
/; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \cos(dx+c)+C(dx+c) \cos(dx+c)+A \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	73
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} - \frac{2B \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c)) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{C(dx+c) \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{d b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$	10
risch	$\frac{Cx \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{2i \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} A}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d (e^{2i(dx+c)}+1)} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}+i)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)}-i)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$	14

```
input int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/b^2/d*(-2*B*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)+C*(d*x+c)*cos(d*x
+c)+A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{2B\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b}\sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right)}{\dots} \right]$$

```
input integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[-1/2*(2*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + C*sqrt(-b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(2*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - b) - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2), 1/2*(2*C*sqrt(b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2)))*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^2*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3 + 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*A*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c)/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^2)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**5/2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4 A \sqrt{b} \sin(2 dx + 2 c)}{b^3 \cos(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + b^3 \sin(2 dx + 2 c)^2 + 2 b^3 \cos(2 dx + 2 c) + b^3} +$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(4*A*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) + B*(log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x
+ c)^2 + 2*sin(d*x + c) + 1) - log(cos(d*x + c)^2 + sin(d*x + c)^2 - 2*si
n(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(5/2) + 4*C*arctan(sin(d*x + c)/(cos(d*x + c) + 1))/b^(
5/2))/d
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(C\cos(c+dx)^2+B\cos(c+dx)+A)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c
+ d*x))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c
+ d*x))^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-\cos(dx+c)\log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2}+\frac{c}{2})-1)b + \cos(c+dx)\log(\tan(\frac{c+dx}{2}+1)b + \cos(c+dx)*c*dx + \sin(c+dx)*a))}{(\cos(c+dx)*b^{3*d})}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),
x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(-cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)-1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*log(tan((c+d*x)/2)+1)*b+cos(c+d*x)*c*d*x+sin(c+d*x)*a))/(cos(c+d*x)*b**3*d)
```

**3.336**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2551
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2551
Rubi [A] (verified)	2552
Maple [A] (verified)	2554
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2555
Sympy [F(-1)]	2556
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2556
Giac [F(-2)]	2557
Mupad [F(-1)]	2558
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2558

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(A + 2C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{2b^2 d \cos^3(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output `1/2*(A+2*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(2C \operatorname{coth}^{-1}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + A \operatorname{arctan}(\sin(c + dx)))}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(2*C*ArcCoth[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + A*ArcTanh[
Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (A + 2*B*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(2*d*
(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.209$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 2032

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^3(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3500

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int (2B + (A + 2C) \cos(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2B + (A + 2C) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2} dx + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} ((A + 2C) \int \sec(c + dx) dx + 2B \int \sec^2(c + dx) dx) + \frac{A \tan(c + dx) \sec(c + dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + 2B \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 dx \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx - \frac{2B \int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( (A+2C) \int \csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) dx + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{(A+2C) \arctanh(\sin(c+dx))}{d} + \frac{2B \tan(c+dx)}{d} \right) + \frac{A \tan(c+dx) \sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d) + (((A + 2*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]])/d + (2*B*Tan[c + d*x])/d)/2))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2032

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_.)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$-\frac{A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 4C \operatorname{arctanh}(-\csc(dx+c)+\cot(dx+c))}{2b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(A e^{2i(dx+c)} - A - 4B \cos(dx+c))}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)d} - \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} - i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (A+2C) \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d}$
parts	$\frac{A(\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + \sin(dx+c))}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B \sin(dx+c)}{b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{b}}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),  
x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/b^2/d*(A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^2-A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+  
sc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^2+4*C*arctanh(-csc(d*x+c)+cot(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^2  
-2*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)-A*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(  
1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{(A + 2C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^3 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)}\right)}{2b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^3} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(A + 2C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^3 - (2B \cos(dx + c) + A)\sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)}\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}}{2b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(  
5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^3*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c))^3 - 2*sqrt(b*c  
os(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c) - 2*b*cos(d*x + c))/c  
os(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*  
x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3), -1/2*((A + 2*C)*sqrt(-b)*arc  
tan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos  
(d*x + c)^3 - (2*B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c  
) * sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^3)]`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**
(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 820 vs. 2(104) = 208.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/4*(8*B*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) - (4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*
d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(
4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2
*d*x + 2*c))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x +
4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*s
in(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1
/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*
d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos
(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(
4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x +
4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*lo
g(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2
(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 - 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*
c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 1) - 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1
)*sin(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) + 4*(cos(4*d*x + 4*
c) + 2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x +
2*c))))*A/((b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(4
*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*b^2*sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c)^2 + 4*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(2*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b...

```

## Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```

integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(
5/2),x, algorithm="giac")

```

output

```

Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}(-2 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c) b - \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*(-2*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a - 2*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - sin(c + d*x)*a)/(2*b**3*d*(sin(c + d*x)**2 - 1))`

**3.337** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2559
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2560
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2560
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2563
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2564
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2564
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2565
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2566
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2566
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2566

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{B \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{2b^2 d \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{3b^2 d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{2b^2 d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(2A + 3C) \sin(c + dx)}{3b^2 d \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/2*B*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*
A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/2*B*sin(d*x+c)/
b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(2*A+3*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d
/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(3B \operatorname{ArcTanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^2(c + dx) + (4A + 3C) \cos(c + dx) + 3B \cos^3(c + dx) + (2A + 3C) \cos[2(c + dx)]) \operatorname{Tan}[c + dx]}{6d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(3*B*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + (4*A + 3*C) * Cos[c + d*x] + (2*A + 3*C)*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Tan[c + d*x])/(6*d*(b *Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 24, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^4(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int(3B+(2A+3C)\cos(c+dx))\sec^3(c+dx)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\int\frac{3B+(2A+3C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left((2A+3C)\int\sec^2(c+dx)dx+3B\int\sec^3(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left((2A+3C)\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2dx+3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx-\frac{(2A+3C)\int 1d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^3dx+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(3B\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)+\frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(2A+3C)\tan(c+dx)}{d} + 3B \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) \right) + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^2(c+dx)}{3d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Tan[c + d*x])/(3*d) + (((2*A + 3*C)*Tan[c + d*x])/d + 3*B*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d))))/3)/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 24

```
Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]
```

rule 2032

```
Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
default	$\frac{-3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + 3B \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^3 + (4 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 2) \sin(dx+c)A}{6b^2 d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$\frac{A \sin(dx+c) (2 \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}} + \frac{B (\ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^2 - \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^2 + 1)}{2d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(3B e^{4i(dx+c)} - 6C e^{3i(dx+c)} - 3B + (-16A - 18C) \cos(dx+c) + i(-8A - 6C) \sin(dx+c))}{6b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^2 d} + \frac{\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} B \ln(e^{i(dx+c)} + i)}{2b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} d} - \frac{A \sin(dx+c)}{3d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6/b^2/d*(-3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+3*B*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^3+(4*cos(d*x+c)^2+2)*sin(d*x+c)*A+6*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)+3*B*sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ 3 B \sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^4 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2 \sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}{\cos(dx+c)^3}\right) + 3 B \sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^4 - (2(2A + 3C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 3B \cos(dx + c)) \right]}{6 b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^4}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*B*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^4*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4), -1/6*(3*B*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^4 - (2*(2*A + 3*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 3*B*cos(d*x + c) + 2*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^4)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1098 vs.  $2(140) = 280$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1098, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.70

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(24*C*sqrt(b)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)/(b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^3*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 2*b^3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^3) + 16*((3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 3*(3*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) - 3*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) - 9*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*A/((b^2*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 9*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + b^2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 9*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 18*b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 9*b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 6*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2 + 2*(3*b^2*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*(3*b^2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + b^2)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 6*(b^2*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + b^2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c))*sqrt(b) - 3*(4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 4*(sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) - (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))) + 1) + (2*(2*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 4*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2*d*x + 2*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + ...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (-3 \cos(dx + c) \log(\tan(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}) - 1) \sin(dx + c)^2 b + 3}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*( - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b +
3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*b + 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d
*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*b - 3*cos(c + d*x)*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*b
- 3*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b + 4*sin(c + d*x)**3*a + 6*sin(c + d*x)**3
*c - 6*sin(c + d*x)*a - 6*sin(c + d*x)*c))/(6*cos(c + d*x)*b**3*d*(sin(c +
d*x)**2 - 1))
```

**3.338** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2568
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2569
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2569
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2572
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2573
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	2573
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2574
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	2575
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2575
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2575

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 43, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3A + 4C)\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx))\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}}{8b^2d\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{A \sin(c + dx)}{4b^2d \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{(3A + 4C) \sin(c + dx)}{8b^2d \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{b^2d\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin^3(c + dx)}{3b^2d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)\sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
1/8*(3*A+4*C)*arctanh(sin(d*x+c))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^2/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(3*A+4*C)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+B*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/3*B*sin(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \frac{3(3A + 4C) \operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c + dx)) \cos^4(c + dx) + \sin(c + dx)}{24d \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(3*(3*A + 4*C)*ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]*Cos[c + d*x]^4 + Sin[c + d*x]*(6*A + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*Cos[c + d*x]^2 + 24*B*Cos[c + d*x]^3 + 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(24*d*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.256$ , Rules used = {2032, 3042, 3500, 3042, 3227, 3042, 4254, 2009, 4255, 3042, 4257}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2032}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) \sec^5(c + dx) dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \int \frac{C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^5} dx}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int(4B+(3A+4C)\cos(c+dx))\sec^4(c+dx)dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\int\frac{4B+(3A+4C)\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}dx+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\sec^3(c+dx)dx+4B\int\sec^4(c+dx)dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx+4B\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4dx\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4254

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx-\frac{4B\int(\tan^2(c+dx)+1)d(-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3dx-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4255

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\sec(c+dx)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\left(\frac{1}{4}\left((3A+4C)\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\csc\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)dx+\frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d}\right)-\frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx)-\tan(c+dx))}{d}\right)+\frac{A\tan(c+dx)\sec^3(c+dx)}{4d}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 4257

$$\frac{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( (3A+4C) \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sin(c+dx))}{2d} + \frac{\tan(c+dx)\sec(c+dx)}{2d} \right) - \frac{4B(-\frac{1}{3}\tan^3(c+dx) - \tan(c+dx))}{d} \right) + \frac{A\tan(c+dx)}{d} \right)}{b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*((A*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Tan[c + d*x])/(4*d) + ((3*A + 4*C)*(ArcTanh[Sin[c + d*x]]/(2*d) + (Sec[c + d*x]*Tan[c + d*x])/(2*d)) - (4*B*(-Tan[c + d*x] - Tan[c + d*x]^3/3))/d)/4))/(b^2*Sqrt[b*Cos[c + d*x]])`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2032 `Int[(Fv_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(m - 1/2)*b^(n + 1/2)*(Sqrt[a*v]/Sqrt[b*v]) Int[v^(m + n)*Fv, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && ILtQ[n - 1/2, 0] && IntegerQ[m + n]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`



rule 4254 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-d^(-1) Subst[Int[Exp andIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]`

rule 4255 `Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 1)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)) Int[(b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 4257 `Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{-9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 + 9A \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 12C \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c)}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
parts	$-\frac{A(3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)-1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \ln(-\cot(dx+c)+\csc(dx+c)+1) \cos(dx+c)^4 - 3 \cos(dx+c)^2 \sin(dx+c) - 2 \sin(dx+c))}{8d \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}}$
risch	$-\frac{i(9A e^{6i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{6i(dx+c)} + 33A e^{4i(dx+c)} + 12C e^{4i(dx+c)} - 48B e^{3i(dx+c)} - 33A e^{2i(dx+c)} - 12C e^{2i(dx+c)} - 9A - 12C - 80B \cos(dx+c))}{24b^2 \sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (e^{2i(dx+c)} + 1)^3 d}$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2), x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/24/b^2/d*(-9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4-12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)-1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+9*A*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+12*C*ln(-cot(d*x+c)+csc(d*x+c)+1)*cos(d*x+c)^4+(9*cos(d*x+c)^2+6)*sin(d*x+c)*A+sin(d*x+c)*cos(d*x+c)*(16*cos(d*x+c)^2+8)*B+12*C*cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c))/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ 3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{b} \cos(dx + c)^5 \log\left(-\frac{b \cos(dx+c)^3 - 2\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c)}{\dots}\right) \right.}{24b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^5} \\ \left. - 3(3A + 4C)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b \cos(dx+c)}\sqrt{-b} \sin(dx+c)}{b\sqrt{\cos(dx+c)}}\right) \cos(dx + c)^5 - (16B \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx + c) + 6A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right.}{24b^3 d \cos(dx + c)^5} \\ \left. + (16B \cos(dx + c)^3 + 3(3A + 4C) \cos(dx + c)^2 + 8B \cos(dx + c) + 6A) \sqrt{b \cos(dx + c)} \sqrt{\cos(dx + c)} \sin(dx + c) \right]$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(b)*cos(d*x + c)^5*log(-(b*cos(d*x + c)^3 - 2*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(b)*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/cos(d*x + c)^3) + 2*(16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^5), -1/24*(3*(3*A + 4*C)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(-b)*sin(d*x + c)/(b*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))))*cos(d*x + c)^5 - (16*B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + 3*(3*A + 4*C)*cos(d*x + c)^2 + 8*B*cos(d*x + c) + 6*A)*sqrt(b*cos(d*x + c))*sqrt(cos(d*x + c))*sin(d*x + c))/(b^3*d*cos(d*x + c)^5)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(5/2),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2760 vs.  $2(180) = 360$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2760, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.27

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/48*(3*(12*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) +
4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos(7/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))
+ 44*(sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c))*cos(5/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 44*(si
n(8*d*x + 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2
*c))*cos(3/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 12*(sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c) + 4*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*cos
(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c))) - 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*
c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8
*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(6*d*x
+ 6*c) + 16*cos(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 12*(4*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(4*d*x + 4
*c) + 36*cos(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 16*cos(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 4*(2*sin(6*d*x + 6*c
) + 3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(8*d*x + 8*c) + sin(8*d*x
+ 8*c)^2 + 16*(3*sin(4*d*x + 4*c) + 2*sin(2*d*x + 2*c))*sin(6*d*x + 6*c) +
16*sin(6*d*x + 6*c)^2 + 36*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)^2 + 48*sin(4*d*x + 4*c)*sin(2
*d*x + 2*c) + 16*sin(2*d*x + 2*c)^2 + 8*cos(2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*log(cos(1/2*
arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x
+ 2*c), cos(2*d*x + 2*c)))^2 + 2*sin(1/2*arctan2(sin(2*d*x + 2*c), cos(2*
d*x + 2*c))) + 1) + 3*(2*(4*cos(6*d*x + 6*c) + 6*cos(4*d*x + 4*c) + 4*cos(
2*d*x + 2*c) + 1)*cos(8*d*x + 8*c) + cos(8*d*x + 8*c)^2 + 8*(6*cos(4*d*...
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^{5/2} (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} (-16 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c)^3 b + 24 \cos(dx + c) \sin(dx + c))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/2}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(b)*(- 16*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)**3*b + 24*cos(c + d*x)*sin(c + d*x)*b - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c + 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a + 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c - 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*a - 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) - 1)*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**4*c - 18*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*a - 24*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*sin(c + d*x)**2*c + 9*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*a + 12*log(tan((c + d*x)/2) + 1)*c - 9*sin(c + d*x)**3*a - 12*sin(c + d*x)**3*c + 15*sin(c + d*x)*a + 12*sin(c + d*x)*c))/(24*b**3*d*(sin(c + d*x)**4 - 2*sin(c + d*x)**2 + 1))
```

### 3.339 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2578
Rubi [A] (verified)	2578
Maple [F]	2581
Fricas [F]	2581
Sympy [F(-1)]	2581
Maxima [F]	2582
Giac [F]	2582
Mupad [F(-1)]	2583
Reduce [F]	2583

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} \sin(c + dx)}{11b^2d} - \frac{3(11A + 8C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{88b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{11/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{11b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/11*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/88*(11*A+8*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3], [7/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/11*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(11/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/6], [17/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \cot(c + dx) \left( -8C \sin^2(c + dx) + (11A + 8C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{88bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(-8*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + (11*A + 8*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 8*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(88*b*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(11A+8C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} dx + 11B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(11A+8C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx + 11B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3} dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3(11A+8C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{11b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(11*b*d) + ((-3*(11*A + 8*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(11/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(11*b))/b
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{11/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3, x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*b)`

### 3.340 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c +$

Optimal result	2584
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2585
Rubi [A] (verified)	2585
Maple [F]	2587
Fricas [F]	2588
Sympy [F(-1)]	2588
Maxima [F]	2588
Giac [F]	2589
Mupad [F(-1)]	2589
Reduce [F]	2590

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8bd} - \frac{3(8A + 5C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{40bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/40*(8*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( 2(8A + 5C) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} \right)}{80d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(2*(8*A + 5*C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 5*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(80*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (b(8A + 5C) + 8bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (b(8A + 5C) + 8bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (b(8A + 5C) + 8bB \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(8A + 5C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx + 8B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(8A + 5C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx + 8B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{-\frac{3(8A+5C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{5d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(8*b*d) + ((-3*(8*A + 5*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(8*b)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)
```

### 3.341 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2592
Rubi [A] (verified)	2592
Maple [F]	2595
Fricas [F]	2595
Sympy [F(-1)]	2596
Maxima [F]	2596
Giac [F]	2596
Mupad [F(-1)]	2597
Reduce [F]	2597

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5d} - \frac{3(5A + 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d-3/10*(5*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)
)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
)-3/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*si
n(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{b \left( -3(5A + 2C) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} - 6B \cos(c + dx) \right)}{10d\sqrt[3]{b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(b*(-3*(5*A + 2*C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 6*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 3*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(10*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
& b \left( \frac{b(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& b \left( \frac{b(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 5B \int (b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
& b \left( \frac{-\frac{3(5A+2C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \dots\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{5b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]`

output `b*((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((-3*(5*A + 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(5*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*se
c(d*x + c), x)
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x,algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)`

output `b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x), x)*a)`

### 3.342 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2598
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2599
Rubi [A] (verified)	2599
Maple [F]	2602
Fricas [F]	2602
Sympy [F(-1)]	2602
Maxima [F]	2603
Giac [F]	2603
Mupad [F(-1)]	2604
Reduce [F]	2604

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3/2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeometric2F1([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/5*(2*A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeometric2F1([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3b(-10A \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + \cot(c + dx) (5B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 2C \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)))) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}}{10d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(-3*b*(-10*A*Csc[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cot[c + d*x]*(5*B*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(10*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A-C) \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A-C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx - b(2A-C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(2A-C) \int (b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3122 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{3(2A-C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3bB \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2, x]`

output

$$b^2 * ((3A * \sin[c + dx]) / (b * d * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{1/3}) + ((-3 * b * B * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{2/3} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, \cos[c + dx]^2 * \sin[c + dx]) / (2 * d * \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}) + (3 * (2A - C) * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{5/3} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, \cos[c + dx]^2 * \sin[c + dx]) / (5 * d * \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}))) / b^3$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) * (F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*) * (G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F_x) * (v)^{(m_*)} * ((b_*) * (v))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b * v)^{(m+n)} * F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + dx] + d * x)^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b * \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b * d * (n+1) * \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3227

$$\text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx] + f * x)^{(m_*)} * ((c_*) + (d_*) * \sin[e + fx] + (f_*) * x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * \sin[e + fx] + (f_*) * x)^{(m_*)} * ((A_*) + (B_*) * \sin[e + fx] + (f_*) * x) + (C_*) * \sin[e + fx] + (f_*) * x)^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} / (b * f * (m+1) * (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (m+1) * (a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} * \text{Simp}[b * (a * A - b * B + a * C) * (m+1) - (A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C + b * (A * b - a * B + b * C)) * (m+1) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.343 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2605
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2606
Rubi [A] (verified)	2606
Maple [F]	2609
Fricas [F]	2609
Sympy [F(-1)]	2609
Maxima [F]	2610
Giac [F]	2610
Mupad [F(-1)]	2611
Reduce [F]	2611

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} + \frac{3bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d^3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)+3*b*B*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*(A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2], [4/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left(-A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2 \cos(c + dx) \left(-2B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right] + C \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right]\right)\right)}{4d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 2*Cos[c + d*x]*(-2*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sec[c + d*x]^2*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^3(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/3}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 4b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{b(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3122 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{12bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(A+4C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{4b^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c +
d*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin[c + dx]}{4bd(b \cos[c + dx])^{4/3}} + \frac{(12bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx])}{d(b \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} - \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos[c + dx])^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{2d \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} \right) / (4b^3)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_x)(v)^{(m)}((b)(v))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)}F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx] + d(x))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx] + f(x))^{(m)}((c) + d \sin[e + fx] + f(x)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx] + f(x))^{(m)}((A) + B \sin[e + fx] + f(x) + C \sin[e + fx] + f(x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C) \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} / (b f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b(m+1)(a^2 - b^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} * \operatorname{Simp}[b(aA - bB + aC)(m+1) - (A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C + b(A b - a B + b C))(m+1) \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos^2(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a)
```



### 3.344 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2612
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2613
Rubi [A] (verified)	2613
Maple [F]	2616
Fricas [F]	2616
Sympy [F(-1)]	2616
Maxima [F]	2617
Giac [F]	2617
Mupad [F(-1)]	2618
Reduce [F]	2618

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} + \frac{3b^2 B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3b(4A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/7*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)+3/4*b^2*B*hypergeom([-2/3, 1/2], [1/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/7*b*(4*A+7*C)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) (4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 7 \cos(c + dx))}{28d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*Cos[c + d*x]*(B*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2)))*Sec[c + d*x]^3*sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(28*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{10/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(4A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(4A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3122$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\frac{3(4A+7C) \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{21bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4, x]
```

output

$$b^4 * ((3A * \sin[c + dx]) / (7 * b * d * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{7/3}) + ((21 * b * B * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, \cos[c + dx]^2 * \sin[c + dx]) / (4 * d * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{4/3} * \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}) + (3 * (4A + 7C) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, \cos[c + dx]^2 * \sin[c + dx]) / (d * (b * \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} * \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}))) / (7 * b^3)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) * (F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*) * (G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F_x) * (v)^{(m_*)} * ((b_*) * (v))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b * v)^{(m+n)} * F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + dx] + d * x)^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b * \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b * d * (n+1) * \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3227

$$\text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx] + (c + d * \sin[e + fx] + f * x))^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b * \sin[e + fx] + (c + d * \sin[e + fx] + f * x))^m * ((A + (B * \sin[e + fx] + f * x)) + (C * \sin[e + fx] + f * x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C) * \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} / (b * f * (m+1) * (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (m+1) * (a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m+1)} * \text{Simp}[b * (a * A - b * B + a * C) * (m+1) - (A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C + b * (A * b - a * B + b * C) * (m+1)) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{5/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{8/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{2/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(2/3)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*a)
```

### 3.345 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2619
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2620
Rubi [A] (verified)	2620
Maple [F]	2623
Fricas [F]	2623
Sympy [F(-1)]	2623
Maxima [F]	2624
Giac [F]	2624
Mupad [F(-1)]	2625
Reduce [F]	2625

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \sin(c + dx)}{13b^2d} - \frac{3(13A + 10C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{130b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{13/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{13b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/13*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/130*(13*A+10*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3], [8/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/13*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(13/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 13/6], [19/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \cot(c + dx) \left( -10C \sin^2(c + dx) + (13A + 10C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{130bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(-10*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + (13*A + 10*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(130*b*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} (b(13A+10C)+13bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{13b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} (b(13A+10C)+13bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{13b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} (b(13A+10C)+13bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{13b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(13A+10C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} dx + 13B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} dx}{13b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(13A+10C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx + 13B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{10/3} dx}{13b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3}}{13bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3(13A+10C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{10d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{13/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{19}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{13b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/((13*b*d) + ((-3*(13*A + 10*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(10*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(13/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 13/6, 19/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(13*b))/b
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^4 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*b*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{13/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.346 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c +$

Optimal result	2626
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2627
Rubi [A] (verified)	2627
Maple [F]	2629
Fricas [F]	2630
Sympy [F(-1)]	2630
Maxima [F]	2630
Giac [F]	2631
Mupad [F(-1)]	2631
Reduce [F]	2632

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \sin(c + dx)}{10bd} - \frac{3(10A + 7C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{70bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{10/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/10*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/70*(10*A+7*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6],[13/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/10*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(10/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3],[8/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cot(c + dx) \left( -7C \sin^2(c + dx) + (10A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{70d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Cot[c + d*x]*(-7*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + (10*A + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 7*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(70*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{4/3} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (b(10A + 7C) + 10bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{10b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (b(10A + 7C) + 10bB \cos(c + dx)) dx}{10b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (b(10A + 7C) + 10bB \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{10b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b(10A + 7C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx + 10B \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} dx}{10b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b(10A + 7C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} dx + 10B \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3} dx}{10b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{-\frac{3(10A+7C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{7d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{10/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{\frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}{10bd}}$$

input `Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*b*d) + ((-3*(10*A + 7*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(10/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3, 8/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(10*b)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3),
x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm
m="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3),
x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)
```

### 3.347 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2633
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2634
Rubi [A] (verified)	2634
Maple [F]	2637
Fricas [F]	2637
Sympy [F(-1)]	2637
Maxima [F]	2638
Giac [F]	2638
Mupad [F(-1)]	2639
Reduce [F]	2639

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7d} - \frac{3(7A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{28d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \frac{13}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d-3/28*(7*A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)
)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
)-3/7*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6], [13/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*si
n(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx =$$

$$3b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( (7A + 4C) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} + 4 \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(-3*b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((7*A + 4*C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 4*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 2*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(28*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)} \left( C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(7A+4C) + 7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$b \left( \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (b(7A+4C) + 7bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (b(7A+4C) + 7bB \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A+4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} dx + 7B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(7A+4C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx + 7B \int (b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3} dx}{7b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b \left( \frac{-\frac{3(7A+4C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{7b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x], x]
```



output

```
b*((3*C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((-3*(7*A + 4*C)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/6, 13/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(7*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c), x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x), x)*b)
```

### 3.348 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2640
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2641
Rubi [A] (verified)	2641
Maple [F]	2644
Fricas [F]	2644
Sympy [F(-1)]	2644
Maxima [F]	2645
Giac [F]	2645
Mupad [F(-1)]	2646
Reduce [F]	2646

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{3bC \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4d} - \frac{3b(4A + C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d-3/4*b*(4*A+C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/4*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \frac{b^2 \left( -6(4A + C) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} - 6B \cos(c + dx) \right)}{8d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
(b^2*(-6*(4*A + C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 6*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 3*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(8*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{b(4A+C)+4bB \cos(c+dx)}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(4A+C)+4bB \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(4A+C)+4bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(4A+C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx + 4B \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{b(4A+C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx + 4B \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$b^2 \left( \frac{-\frac{3(4A+C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{4b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3C(b \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} \sin[c + dx]}{4bd} + \frac{(-3(4A + C)(b \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{d \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} - \frac{3B(b \cos[c + dx])^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{bd \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} \right) / (4b)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_x)(v)^{(m)}((b)(v))^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b^m v)^{m+n} F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx] + d x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] \left( \frac{b \sin[c + dx]^{n+1}}{b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2}} \right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2n]$$

rule 3227

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx] + f x)^m (c + d \sin[e + fx] + f x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3502

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx] + f x)^m (A + B \sin[e + fx] + f x) + C \sin[e + fx], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-C) \cos[e + fx] \left( \frac{a + b \sin[e + fx]^{m+1}}{b f (m+2)} \right), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b(m+2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^m \operatorname{Simp}[A b (m+2) + b C (m+1) + (b B (m+2) - a C) \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1]$$



**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)
```

### 3.349 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2647
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2648
Rubi [A] (verified)	2648
Maple [F]	2651
Fricas [F]	2651
Sympy [F(-1)]	2651
Maxima [F]	2652
Giac [F]	2652
Mupad [F(-1)]	2653
Reduce [F]	2653

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3bB \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(A - 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8d\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/2*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)-3*b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/8*(A-2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3], [5/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) \left(-2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + \cos(c + dx) \left(4B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + C \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(-3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(4*B*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{5/3}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{2b^2 B - b^2(A-2C) \cos(c+dx)}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{2b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^2 B - b^2(A-2C) \cos(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{2b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b^2 B - b^2(A-2C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{2b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx - b(A-2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{2b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx - b(A-2C) \int \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{2b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{2bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3122 \\
& b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{3(A-2C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{6bB \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{2b^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c +
d*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin[c + dx]}{2b d (b \cos[c + dx])^{2/3}} + \frac{(-6bB (b \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx])}{d \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} + \frac{3(A - 2C) (b \cos[c + dx])^{4/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{4d \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} \right) / (2b^3)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_x)(v)^{(m)}((b)(v))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b^m v)^{(m+n)} F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx] + d x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{n+1} / (b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx] + f x)^m ((c + d \sin[e + fx] + f x)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx] + f x)^m ((A + B \sin[e + fx] + f x) + (C \sin[e + fx] + f x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C) \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} / (b f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b(m+1)(a^2 - b^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} * \operatorname{Simp}[b(aA - bB + aC)(m+1) - (A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C + b(A b - a B + b C))(m+1) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b)
```

### 3.350 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2654
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2655
Rubi [A] (verified)	2655
Maple [F]	2658
Fricas [F]	2658
Sympy [F(-1)]	2658
Maxima [F]	2659
Giac [F]	2659
Mupad [F(-1)]	2660
Reduce [F]	2660

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \frac{3Ab^3 \sin(c + dx)}{5d(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}} + \frac{3b^2 B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2d(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3b(2A + 5C) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output `3/5*A*b^3*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)+3/2*b^2*B*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/2], [2/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/5*b*(2*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [7/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \csc(c + dx) (-2A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 5 \cos(c + dx) (-B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)))}{10d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-2*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/6, 1/2, 1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 5*Cos[c + d*x]*(-B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sec[c + d*x]^3*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(10*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3} (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^4(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^4 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{8/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{5Bb^2 + (2A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (2A+5C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5Bb^2 + (2A+5C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(2A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(2A+5C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx + 5b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}} dx}{5b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{5bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3122$$

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\frac{15bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3(2A+5C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{5b^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4, x]
```

output

```
b^4*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)) + ((15*b*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1/2, 2/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*(2*A + 5*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 7/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(5*b^3))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2030

```
Int[(F_x_.)*(v_)^(m_.)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m+1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m+1)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^4, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{4/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{10/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{7/3} \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4, x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4, x)*b)
```

**3.351** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2661
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2662
Rubi [A] (verified)	2662
Maple [F]	2665
Fricas [F]	2665
Sympy [F(-1)]	2665
Maxima [F]	2666
Giac [F]	2666
Mupad [F(-1)]	2667
Reduce [F]	2667

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \sin(c+dx)}{11b^3d}$$

$$- \frac{3(11A+8C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{88b^3d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{11b^4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/11*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/88*(11*A+8*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/11*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(11/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/6],[17/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}\sin(c+dx)\left((11A+8C)\cot^2(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{4}{3},\frac{7}{3},\cos^2(c+dx)\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]*((11*A + 8*C)*Cot[c + d*x]^2*Hyper
geometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 8*Cos[c
+ d*x]*(-(C*Cos[c + d*x]) + B*Cot[c + d*x]^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6,
17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / (88*b*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A\right) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3502 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(11A+8C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} dx + 11B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(11A+8C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx + 11B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3} dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3(11A+8C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{11b} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(11*b*d) + ((-3*(11*A + 8*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(11/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(11*b))/b^2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 (A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)^2}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x+c)^3+B*cos(d*x+c)^2+A*cos(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/b,x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{8}{3}} dx \right) b}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**4/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a)/b**(1/3)`



**3.352** 
$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2668
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2669
Rubi [A] (verified)	2669
Maple [F]	2672
Fricas [F]	2672
Sympy [F(-1)]	2672
Maxima [F]	2673
Giac [F]	2673
Mupad [F(-1)]	2674
Reduce [F]	2674

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \sin(c+dx)}{8b^2d}$$

$$- \frac{3(8A+5C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{40b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{8b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/40*(8*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \left( 2(8A+5C)\cot(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(2*(8*A + 5*C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 10*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 5*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)]))/(80*b*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (C\cos^2(c+dx) + B\cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} \left( C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3502 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (b(8A+5C)+8bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (b(8A+5C)+8bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (b(8A+5C)+8bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(8A+5C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx + 8B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(8A+5C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx + 8B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3(8A+5C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(8*b*d) + ((-3*(8*A + 5*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(8*b))/b`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])], x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`
- rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)(A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x+c)^2+B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/b,x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{8}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b)/b**(1/3)`

**3.353** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2675
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2676
Rubi [A] (verified)	2676
Maple [F]	2678
Fricas [F]	2679
Sympy [F(-1)]	2679
Maxima [F]	2679
Giac [F]	2680
Mupad [F(-1)]	2680
Reduce [F]	2680

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{5bd} - \frac{3(5A + 2C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d-3/10*(5*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3(5A + 2C) \cot(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)} - 6B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Cot}[c + dx]}{10d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(5*A + 2*C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 6*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 3*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(10*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin^2\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3(5A+2C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*b*d) + ((-3*(5*A + 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(5*b)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output

```
(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d
*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.354** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2682
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2683
Rubi [A] (verified)	2683
Maple [F]	2686
Fricas [F]	2686
Sympy [F]	2687
Maxima [F]	2687
Giac [F]	2688
Mupad [F(-1)]	2688
Reduce [F]	2689

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sin(c + dx)}{2bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3/2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom
([1/3, 1/2], [4/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/5*(2
*A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [11/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d
*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(10A \csc(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)) - \cot(c + dx) (5B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 2C \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)))) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}}{10d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*(10*A*Csc[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - Cot[c + d*x]*(5*B*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(10*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$



$$b \int \frac{C \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right)^2 + B \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right) + A}{(b \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx\right))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3500

$$b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A - C) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A - C) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A - C) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - b(2A - C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx - b(2A - C) \int (b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{2/3} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b \left( \frac{3(2A - C) \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3bB \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b^3}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(A + B\cos[c + dx] + C\cos[c + dx]^2)\sec[c + dx]/(b\cos[c + dx])^{1/3}, x]$

output  $b \left( \frac{3A\sin[c + dx]}{b d (b\cos[c + dx])^{1/3}} + \frac{(-3bB(b\cos[c + dx])^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx])}{(2d\sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2})} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b\cos[c + dx])^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{(5d\sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2})} \right) / b^3$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F_x)(v)^{(m)}((b)(v))^n], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)}F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b\sin[c + dx] + d)^n], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b\sin[c + dx])^{n+1} / (b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b\sin[e + fx] + f)^m * (c + d\sin[e + fx] + f)^n], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b\sin[e + fx])^{m+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3500

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) +
(f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2
- a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*
(a^2 - b^2)), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x
])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A
*b - a*B + b*C)*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A,
B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos^2(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),
x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*se
c(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sec(dx+c) dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(sec(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x
))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d
*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.355** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2690
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2691
Rubi [A] (verified)	2691
Maple [F]	2694
Fricas [F]	2694
Sympy [F]	2694
Maxima [F]	2695
Giac [F]	2695
Mupad [F(-1)]	2696
Reduce [F]	2696

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)+3*B*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6],
cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*(
A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2], [4/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d
*x+c)/b/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3b \csc(c + dx) \left( -A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + 2 \cos(c + dx) \left( -2B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + C \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*b*Csc[c + d*x]*(-A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 2*Cos[c + d*x]*(-2*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/3}} dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3500 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3227 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 4b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{b(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right) \\
& \downarrow 3122 \\
& b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{12bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(A+4C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{4b^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

$$b^2 \left( \frac{3A \sin[c + dx]}{4bd(b \cos[c + dx])^{4/3}} + \frac{(12bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx])}{d(b \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} - \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos[c + dx])^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{2d \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} \right) / (4b^3)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_x)(v)^{(m)}((b)(v))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b^m v)^{(m+n)} F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c + dx] + d x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{n+1} / (b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx] + f x)^m ((c + d \sin[e + fx] + f x)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx] + f x)^m ((A + B \sin[e + fx] + f x) + (C \sin[e + fx] + f x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C) \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} / (b f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b(m+1)(a^2 - b^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} * \operatorname{Simp}[b(aA - bB + aC)(m+1) - (A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C + b(A b - a B + b C))(m+1) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos^2(dx + c)) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output

```
Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x)**2/(b*cos(c
+ d*x))**(1/3), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3
),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(1/3), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3
),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*
x + c))^(1/3), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^2 dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(sec(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.356** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^3(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2698
Rubi [A] (verified)	2698
Maple [F]	2701
Fricas [F]	2701
Sympy [F(-1)]	2701
Maxima [F]	2702
Giac [F]	2702
Mupad [F(-1)]	2703
Reduce [F]	2703

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3Ab^2 \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} + \frac{3bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(4A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7d \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/7*A*b^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)+3/4*b*B*hypergeom([-2/3, 1/2],
[1/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
+3/7*(4*A+7*C)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2],[5/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*c
os(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2 \csc(c + dx) (4A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{7}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)) + 7 \cos(c + dx) (B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx))))}{28d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*b^2*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 7*Cos[c + d*x]*(B*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 4*C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(28*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^3 \sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^3 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{10/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3500$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3227$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(4A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(4A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 3122$$

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\frac{3(4A+7C) \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{21bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(1/3), x]
```



output

$$b^3 \left( \frac{3A \sin[c + dx]}{7bd(b \cos[c + dx])^{7/3}} + \frac{(21bB \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx])}{4d(b \cos[c + dx])^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} + \frac{3(4A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]}{d(b \cos[c + dx])^{1/3} \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}} \right) / (7b^3)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2030

$$\operatorname{Int}[(F_x)(v)^{(m)}((b)(v))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/b^m \operatorname{Int}[(b^m v)^{(m+n)} F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[c] + d x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{n+1} / (b d (n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2}) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

$$\operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e] + f x)^m (c + d \sin[e] + f x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[d/b \operatorname{Int}[(b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e] + f x)^m (A + B \sin[e] + f x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C) \cos[e + fx] * ((a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} / (b f (m+1) (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b(m+1)(a^2 - b^2)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b \sin[e + fx])^{m+1} * \operatorname{Simp}[b(aA - bB + aC)(m+1) - (A b^2 - a b B + a^2 C + b(A b - a B + b C))(m+1) * \sin[e + fx], x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos^2(dx + c)) \sec^3(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)^3}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^3 (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)),x)
```

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^3*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^3}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} \sec(dx+c)^3 dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(sec(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.357** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2704
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2705
Rubi [A] (verified)	2705
Maple [F]	2708
Fricas [F]	2708
Sympy [F(-1)]	2708
Maxima [F]	2709
Giac [F]	2709
Mupad [F(-1)]	2709
Reduce [F]	2710

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \sin(c+dx)}{11b^4d} - \frac{3(11A+8C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{88b^4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)) \sin(c+dx)}{11b^5d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```

3/11*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d-3/88*(11*A+8*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/11*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(11/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 11/6],[17/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^5/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
    
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3\cos^3(c+dx)\cot(c+dx)\left(-8C\sin^2(c+dx)+(11A+8C)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{4}{3},\frac{7}{3},\cos^2(c+dx)\right)\right)}{88d(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^3*Cot[c + d*x]*(-8*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + (11*A + 8*C)*Hyperg
eometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 8*B*Cos[
c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d
*x]^2]))/(88*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3}\left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A\right) dx}{b^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3502 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} (b(11A+8C)+11bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(11A+8C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} dx + 11B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(11A+8C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx + 11B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{8/3} dx}{11b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3}}{11bd} \\
 & \quad b^3 \\
 & \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3(11A+8C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{8d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{11/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{6}, \frac{17}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{11b} \\
 & \quad b^3
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^3*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(11*b*d) + ((-3*(11*A + 8*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(11/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 11/6, 17/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(11*b))/b^3`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_)*((b_*)(v_))^{(n_)}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3122  $\text{Int}[((b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)])^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[((b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)])^{(m_)*((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3502  $\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)])^{(m_)*((A_*) + (B_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)] + (C_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*\text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^3 (A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x+c)^3+B*cos(d*x+c)^2+A*cos(d*x+c))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/b^2,x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^3/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^3 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^3*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^3(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{3}} dx \right) b}{b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^3*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**4/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*a)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.358** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2712
Rubi [A] (verified)	2712
Maple [F]	2715
Fricas [F]	2715
Sympy [F(-1)]	2715
Maxima [F]	2716
Giac [F]	2716
Mupad [F(-1)]	2716
Reduce [F]	2717

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \sin(c+dx)}{8b^3d}$$

$$- \frac{3(8A+5C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{40b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{8b^4d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 3/8*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d-3/40*(8*A+5*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(8/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3],[7/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cos^2(c + dx) \cot(c + dx) \left( -5C \sin^2(c + dx) + (8A + 5C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{40d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(-5*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 + (8*A + 5*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 5*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(40*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3502 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (b(8A+5C)+8bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (b(8A+5C)+8bB \cos(c+dx)) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} (b(8A+5C)+8bB \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(8A+5C) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx + 8B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(8A+5C) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx + 8B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3(8A+5C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{5d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{8/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{8b} + \frac{\phantom{0}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^2*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(8*b*d) + ((-3*(8*A + 5*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(8/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 4/3, 7/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(8*b))/b^2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx, x}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((A_*) + (B_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)] + (C_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*\text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 (A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x+c)^2+B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/b^2,x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^2 (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output

```
int((cos(c + d*x)^2*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right)}{b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)
```

output

```
(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**3/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*b)/(b**(1/3)*b)
```

**3.359**  $\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$

Optimal result	2718
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2719
Rubi [A] (verified)	2719
Maple [F]	2722
Fricas [F]	2722
Sympy [F(-1)]	2722
Maxima [F]	2723
Giac [F]	2723
Mupad [F(-1)]	2723
Reduce [F]	2724

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2d} - \frac{3(5A+2C)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{10b^2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{5b^3d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

```
output 3/5*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d-3/10*(5*A+2*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/5*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{-3(5A+2C)\cot(c+dx)\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3(5A+2C)\cot(c+dx)]}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*(5*A + 2*C)*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - 6*B*Cos[c + d*x]*Cot[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] + 3*C*Sin[2*(c + d*x)])/(10*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$\int \frac{C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A}{\sqrt[3]{b\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \cos(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+5bB \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 5B \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(5A+2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}} dx + 5B \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{3(5A+2C) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{5b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
((3*C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*b*d) + ((-3*(5*A + 2*C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(5*b))/b
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((A_*) + (B_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)] + (C_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m*\text{Simp}[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)(A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`



output `int((cos(c + d*x)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^4/3, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right)}{b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^4/3, x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*c + int(1/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*a)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.360** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2725
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2726
Rubi [A] (verified)	2726
Maple [F]	2728
Fricas [F]	2729
Sympy [F(-1)]	2729
Maxima [F]	2729
Giac [F]	2730
Mupad [F(-1)]	2730
Reduce [F]	2730

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} - \frac{3B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(2A - C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{5b^3 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```

3*A*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3/2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2],[4/3],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/5*(2*A-C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6],[11/6],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
    
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \cot(c + dx) \left(-10A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + \cos(c + dx) \left(5B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + 2C \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)\right)\right)}{10d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cot[c + d*x]*(-10*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + Cos[c + d*x]*(5*B*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + 2*C*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(10*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x]^(4/3)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$ , Rules used = {3042, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin^2\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{(b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A - C) \cos(c + dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A - C) \cos(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2 B - b^2(2A - C) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx - b(2A - C) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \frac{b^2 B \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx - b(2A - C) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} \\
 & \frac{3(2A - C) \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{11}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) - 3bB \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{5d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3bB \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{2d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \\
 & \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output `(3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)) + ((-3*b*B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*(2*A - C)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 11/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/b^3`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3500 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C))*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)*Simp[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m + 1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m + 1))*Sin[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left(\int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx\right) c + \left(\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx\right) b + \left(\int \frac{1}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx\right) a}{b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int(1/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

**3.361** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2732
Rubi [A] (verified)	2732
Maple [F]	2735
Fricas [F]	2735
Sympy [F(-1)]	2735
Maxima [F]	2736
Giac [F]	2736
Mupad [F(-1)]	2736
Reduce [F]	2737

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3A \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd^3 \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3(A + 4C)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{8b^2 d \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3/4*A*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)+3*B*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/8*(A+4*C)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2], [4/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \csc(c + dx) \left( -A \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + 2 \cos(c + dx) \left( -2B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + C \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right) \sqrt{\sin(c + dx)}}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(A*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]) + 2*Cos[c + d*x]*(-2*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{7/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3500}$$

$$b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$b \left( \frac{\int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b \left( \frac{\int \frac{4Bb^2 + (A+4C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3227}$$

$$b \left( \frac{b(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx + 4b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$b \left( \frac{b(A+4C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}} dx + 4b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx}{4b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{4bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3122}$$

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{12bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(A+4C) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{2d\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{4b^3}$$

input `Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x])/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]`

output

$$b * ((3 * A * \sin[c + d * x]) / (4 * b * d * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{4/3}) + ((12 * b * B * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, \cos[c + d * x]^2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (d * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{1/3} * \sqrt{\sin[c + d * x]^2})) - (3 * (A + 4 * C) * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{2/3} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/3, 1/2, 4/3, \cos[c + d * x]^2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (2 * d * \sqrt{\sin[c + d * x]^2}))) / (4 * b^3))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)(F\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F, (b\_)(G\_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2030

$$\text{Int}[(F\_)(v\_)^{(m\_)} * (b\_)(v\_)^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n)} * F, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(c\_)] + (d\_)(x\_)]^{(n\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1) * \sqrt{\cos[c + d * x]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, \sin[c + d * x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3227

$$\text{Int}[(b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)} * ((c\_)] + (d\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3500

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)] + (b\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^{(m\_)} * ((A\_)] + (B\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)] + (C\_)\sin[(e\_)] + (f\_)(x\_)]^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C) * \cos[e + f * x] * ((a + b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 1) * (a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b * (m + 1) * (a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} * \text{Simp}[b * (a * A - b * B + a * C) * (m + 1) - (A * b^2 - a * b * B + a^2 * C + b * (A * b - a * B + b * C) * (m + 1)) * \sin[e + f * x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)), x)`

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))
^(4/3)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{1/3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) c}{b^{4/3}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(sec(c + d*x)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int(sec(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)
)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)
**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)
```

**3.362** 
$$\int \frac{(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) \sec^2(c+dx)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2738
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2739
Rubi [A] (verified)	2739
Maple [F]	2742
Fricas [F]	2742
Sympy [F(-1)]	2742
Maxima [F]	2743
Giac [F]	2743
Mupad [F(-1)]	2743
Reduce [F]	2744

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3Ab \sin(c + dx)}{7d(b \cos(c + dx))^{7/3}} + \frac{3B \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{4d(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3(4A + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{7bd \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

```
output 3/7*A*b*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(7/3)+3/4*B*hypergeom([-2/3, 1/2], [1/3], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/7*(4*A+7*C)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [5/6], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \cot(c + dx) (4A \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{7}{6},$$

input

```
Integrate[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*(4*A*Hypergeometric2F1[-7/6, 1/2, -1/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2
] + 7*Cos[c + d*x]*(B*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2] +
4*C*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2)))*Sqrt[
Sin[c + d*x]^2]/(28*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(10/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3500, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sec^2(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx$$

↓ 2030

$$b^2 \int \frac{C \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx)^2 + B \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx) + A}{(b \sin(\frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx))^{10/3}} dx$$

↓ 3500



$$\begin{aligned}
 & b^2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{3(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \cos(c+dx)b^2}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{7Bb^2 + (4A+7C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})b^2}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3227 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{b(4A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{b(4A+7C) \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{4/3}} dx + 7b^2 B \int \frac{1}{(b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{7/3}} dx}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3122 \\
 & b^2 \left( \frac{\frac{3(4A+7C) \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{21bB \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{4d \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}}{7b^3} + \frac{3A \sin(c+dx)}{7bd(b \cos(c+dx))^{7/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2)/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
b^2*((3*A*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(7/3)) + ((21*b*B*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1/2, 1/3, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (3*(4*A + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 5/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(7*b^3)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(Fx_*)(v_)^{(m_*)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \text{ Int}[(b*v)^{(m+n)*Fx}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$
- rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)}/(b*d*(n+1)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$
- rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$
- rule 3500  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_*)}((A_*) + (B_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)] + (C_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C)*\text{Cos}[e + f*x]*((a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}/(b*f*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+1)*(a^2 - b^2)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}*\text{Simp}[b*(a*A - b*B + a*C)*(m+1) - (A*b^2 - a*b*B + a^2*C + b*(A*b - a*B + b*C))*(m+1))*\text{Sin}[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[a^2 - b^2, 0]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^2(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b^2*cos(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^2(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c))^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \sec^2(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*sec(d*x + c)^2/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{\cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)),x)`

output

```
int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x)
)^^(4/3)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{1/3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\sec(dx+c)^2}{\cos(dx+c)^{4/3}} dx \right) c}{b^{4/3}}$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(sec(c + d*x)**2/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int(sec(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c
+ d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2)/cos
(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)
```

### 3.363 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) +$

Optimal result	2745
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2746
Rubi [A] (verified)	2746
Maple [F]	2749
Fricas [F]	2749
Sympy [F(-1)]	2750
Maxima [F]	2750
Giac [F]	2750
Mupad [F(-1)]	2751
Reduce [F]	2751

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3bC \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{d(10 + 3m)} - \frac{3b(C(7 + 3m) + A(10 + 3m)) \cos^{2+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(13 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(7 + 3m)(10 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{3bB \cos^{3+m}(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(10 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(16 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(10 + 3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*b*C*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(10+3*m)-3*b*(C*(7+3*m)+A*(10+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m],[13/6+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)/(10+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*b*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/3+1/2*m],[8/3+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(10+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( C(7 + 3m) \sin^2(c + dx) - B(7 + 3m) \sin(c + dx) + A \right)}{d(7 + 3m)(10 + 3m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(C*(7 + 3*m)*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*(7 + 3*m)*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/3 + m/2, 8/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (C*(7 + 3*m) + A*(10 + 3*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(7 + 3*m)*(10 + 3*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \cos^{m + \frac{4}{3}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \int \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m + \frac{4}{3}} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (3C(m+\frac{7}{3})+3A(m+\frac{10}{3})+B(3m+10) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{\int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (C(3m+7)+A(3m+10)+B(3m+10) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} (C(3m+7)+A(3m+10)+B(3m+10) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+10)+C(3m+7)) \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) dx + B(3m+10) \int \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+10)+C(3m+7)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} dx + B(3m+10) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{7}{3}} dx}{3m+10} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+10)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{-\frac{3(A(3m+10)+C(3m+7)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+7), \frac{1}{6}(3m+13), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+7) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^m}{3m+10} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```



output

$$\frac{(b*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{1/3}*((3*C*\cos[c + d*x]^{7/3 + m}*\sin[c + d*x])/(d*(10 + 3*m)) + ((-3*(C*(7 + 3*m) + A*(10 + 3*m))*\cos[c + d*x]^{7/3 + m}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, \cos[c + d*x]^2]*\sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2}) - (3*B*\cos[c + d*x]^{10/3 + m}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (10 + 3*m)/6, (16 + 3*m)/6, \cos[c + d*x]^2]*\sin[c + d*x])/(d*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2}))/((10 + 3*m)))/\cos[c + d*x]^{1/3}}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2034

$$\text{Int}[(Fx_)*((a_*)(v_))^{(m_)*((b_*)(v_))^{(n_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*((b*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}/(a^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*(a*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]})) \text{ Int}[(a*v)^{(m+n)}*Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m+n]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d*x]*((b*\sin[c + d*x])^{(n+1)})/(b*d*(n+1)*\sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]^2})*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + d*x]^2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

$$\text{Int}[(b_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_)*((c_*) + (d_*)\sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{4}{3}} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{4}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*b*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*b*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*b*cos(d*x + c))*(b*c
os(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) \\ & + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{4/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a \right. \\ & + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \\ & \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+1/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**(1/3)*b*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**3, x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*b)`

### 3.364 $\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) +$

Optimal result	2752
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2753
Rubi [A] (verified)	2753
Maple [F]	2756
Fricas [F]	2756
Sympy [F(-1)]	2757
Maxima [F]	2757
Giac [F]	2757
Mupad [F(-1)]	2758
Reduce [F]	2758

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{d(8 + 3m)} - \frac{3(C(5 + 3m) + A(8 + 3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(11 + 3m), \frac{\cos^2(c + dx)}{\sin^2(c + dx)}\right)}{d(5 + 3m)(8 + 3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(8 + 3m), \frac{1}{6}(14 + 3m), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(8 + 3m)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(8+3*m)-3*(C*(5+3*m)+A*(8+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m],[11/6+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(8+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 4/3+1/2*m],[7/3+1/2*m],cos(d*x+c)^2*sin(d*x+c)/d/(8+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \csc(c+dx) \left( -\left( (C(5+3m) + A(8+3m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5+3m}{6}, \frac{11+3m}{6}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right] \right) + (5+3m)(C \sin^2(c+dx) - B \cos(c+dx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{8+3m}{6}, \frac{7}{3} + \frac{m}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right] \right)}{(d(5+3m)(8+3m))}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-((C*(5 + 3*m) + A*(8 + 3*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (5 + 3*m)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, 7/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[SIN[c + d*x]^2])))/(d*(5 + 3*m)*(8 + 3*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \cos^m(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} \left( C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) (3C(m+\frac{5}{3})+3A(m+\frac{8}{3})+B(3m+8) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{\int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) (C(3m+5)+A(3m+8)+B(3m+8) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} (C(3m+5)+A(3m+8)+B(3m+8) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{(A(3m+8)+C(3m+5)) \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) dx + B(3m+8) \int \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{(A(3m+8)+C(3m+5)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{2}{3}} dx + B(3m+8) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{5}{3}} dx}{3m+8} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+8)} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \left( \frac{3(A(3m+8)+C(3m+5)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+5), \frac{1}{6}(3m+11), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+5) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^m}{3m+8} \right)}{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Int [Cos [c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos [c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos [c + d*x] + C*Cos [c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*((3*c*cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(8 + 3*m)) + ((-3*(c*(5 + 3*m) + a*(8 + 3*m))*cos[c + d*x]^(5/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*b*cos[c + d*x]^(8/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (8 + 3*m)/6, (14 + 3*m)/6, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(8 + 3*m))/cos[c + d*x]^(2/3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```



rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*co
s(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*c
os(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c +
d*x)^2), x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c +
d*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = b^{2/3} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)
```

output

```
b**(2/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 2)/3), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m +
2)/3)*cos(c + d*x), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 2)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2
, x)*c)
```

### 3.365 $\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2759
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2760
Rubi [A] (verified)	2760
Maple [F]	2763
Fricas [F]	2763
Sympy [F]	2764
Maxima [F]	2764
Giac [F]	2765
Mupad [F(-1)]	2765
Reduce [F]	2766

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+3m)}$$

$$- \frac{3(C(4+3m) + A(7+3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \sin^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(4+3m)(7+3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \frac{1}{6}(13+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(7+3m) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)-3*(C*(4+3*m)
)+A*(7+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3+1/2
*m], [5/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(7+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/2, 7/6+1/2*m]
, [13/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+3*m)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \cos^m(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \csc(c+dx) \left( - \left( (C(4+3m) + A(7+3m)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4 \right. \right. \right.$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-((C*(4 + 3*m) + A*(7 + 3*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (4 + 3*m)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[SIN[c + d*x]^2])))/(d*(4 + 3*m)*(7 + 3*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \cos^m(c+dx) (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \left( C \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) (3C(m+\frac{4}{3}) + 3A(m+\frac{7}{3}) + B(3m+7) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{\int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) (C(3m+4) + A(3m+7) + B(3m+7) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}} (C(3m+4) + A(3m+7) + B(3m+7) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+7) + C(3m+4)) \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) dx + B(3m+7) \int \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+7) + C(3m+4)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}} dx + B(3m+7) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{4}{3}} dx}{3m+7} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+7)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} \left( \frac{-\frac{3(A(3m+7) + C(3m+4)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+4), \frac{1}{6}(3m+10), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+4) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{7}{3}}(c+dx)}{3m+7} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]^m*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*((3*c*cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 3*m)) + ((-3*(c*(4 + 3*m) + a*(7 + 3*m))*cos[c + d*x]^(4/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + 3*m)/6, (10 + 3*m)/6, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(4 + 3*m)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*b*cos[c + d*x]^(7/3 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 3*m)/6, (13 + 3*m)/6, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(7 + 3*m))/cos[c + d*x]^(1/3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^m (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*co
s(d*x + c)^m, x)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \cos^m(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^m (b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(c + d*x)^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^m(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**(1/3)*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((3*m + 1)/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)
```

**3.366** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2767
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2768
Rubi [A] (verified)	2768
Maple [F]	2771
Fricas [F]	2771
Sympy [F]	2772
Maxima [F]	2772
Giac [F]	2773
Mupad [F(-1)]	2773
Reduce [F]	2774

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 229

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(C(2+3m)+A(5+3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2+3m)(5+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \frac{1}{6}(11+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(5+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3*(C*(2+3*m)
)+A*(5+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/3+1/2*m], [4/3+1/2*m], cos(d
*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2+3*m)/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6+1/2*m], [11/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x
+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\cos^{1+m}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\left(-\left((C(2+3m)+A(5+3m))\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)\right)\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(C*(2 + 3*m) + A*(5 + 3*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2 + 3*m)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(2 + 3*m)*(5 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-\frac{1}{3}} \left(C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A\right) dx}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) (3C(m+\frac{2}{3}) + 3A(m+\frac{5}{3}) + B(3m+5) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) (C(3m+2) + A(3m+5) + B(3m+5) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-\frac{1}{3}} (C(3m+2) + A(3m+5) + B(3m+5) \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 3227$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+5) + C(3m+2)) \int \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) dx + B(3m+5) \int \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{(A(3m+5) + C(3m+2)) \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m-\frac{1}{3}} dx + B(3m+5) \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{m+\frac{2}{3}} dx}{3m+5} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+5)} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 3122$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3(A(3m+5) + C(3m+2)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+2), \frac{1}{6}(3m+8), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+2) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{5}{3}}(c+dx)}{3m+5} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x])^{1/3}, x]$

output  $(\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{1/3}*((3*C*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{2/3 + m}*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 3*m)) + ((-3*(C*(2 + 3*m) + A*(5 + 3*m))*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{2/3 + m}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + 3*m)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2]) - (3*B*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{5/3 + m}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (5 + 3*m)/6, (11 + 3*m)/6, \text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2]*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2])))/(5 + 3*m))/(b*\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^{1/3})$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 2034  $\text{Int}[(Fx_)*((a_*)(v_))^{(m_)*((b_*)(v_))^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*((b*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]}/(a^{\text{IntPart}[n]}*(a*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]})) \text{ Int}[(a*v)^{(m+n)}*Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\text{sin}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]*((b*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{(n+1)})/(b*d*(n+1)*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Cos}[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \text{Sin}[c + d*x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2*n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b_*)\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_)*((c_*) + (d_*)\text{sin}[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b*\text{Sin}[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^m (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \cos^m(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt[3]{b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{3}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3),x)*c)/b**(1/3)
```

**3.367** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2775
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2776
Rubi [A] (verified)	2776
Maple [F]	2779
Fricas [F]	2779
Sympy [F]	2780
Maxima [F]	2780
Giac [F]	2780
Mupad [F(-1)]	2781
Reduce [F]	2781

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{d(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{3(C+3Cm+A(4+3m)) \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(7+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1+3m)(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \cos^{2+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(4+3m), \frac{1}{6}(10+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(4+3m)(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)-3*(C+3*C*m+A*(4+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/6+1/2*m], [7/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+3*m)/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 2/3+1/2*m], [5/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(4+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\cos^{1+m}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\left(-\left((C+3Cm\right.\right.$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[
c + d*x])^(2/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*(-((C + 3*C*m + A*(4 + 3*m))*Hypergeo
metric2F1[1/2, (1 + 3*m)/6, (7 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]
^2]) + (1 + 3*m)*(C*SIn[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,
(4 + 3*m)/6, 5/3 + m/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/(d*(1 + 3
*m)*(4 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \int \cos^{m-\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{2}{3}} \left( C \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \cos^{m-\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(3mC+C+A(3m+4)+B(3m+4) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{\int \cos^{m-\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)(3mC+C+A(3m+4)+B(3m+4) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{\int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{2}{3}}(3mC+C+A(3m+4)+B(3m+4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

↓ 3227

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{(A(3m+4)+3Cm+C) \int \cos^{m-\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx)dx+B(3m+4) \int \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{(A(3m+4)+3Cm+C) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{2}{3}}dx+B(3m+4) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m+\frac{1}{3}}dx}{3m+4} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+4)} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

↓ 3122

$$\frac{\cos^{\frac{2}{3}}(c+dx) \left( \frac{3(A(3m+4)+3Cm+C) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(3m+1), \frac{1}{6}(3m+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(3m+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{3B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m+\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)}{3m+4} \right)}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\cos[c + dx]^{2/3} * ((3 * C * \cos[c + dx]^{1/3 + m} * \sin[c + dx]) / (d * (4 + 3 * m)) \\ & + ((-3 * (C + 3 * C * m + A * (4 + 3 * m)) * \cos[c + dx]^{1/3 + m} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1 + 3 * m)/6, (7 + 3 * m)/6, \cos[c + dx]^2 * \sin[c + dx]) / (d * (1 + 3 * m) * \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2})) - (3 * B * \cos[c + dx]^{4/3 + m} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (4 + 3 * m)/6, (10 + 3 * m)/6, \cos[c + dx]^2 * \sin[c + dx]) / (d * \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}))) / (4 + 3 * m)) / (b * \cos[c + dx]^{2/3}) \end{aligned}$$

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) * (F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*) * (G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2034

$$\text{Int}[(F_x) * ((a_*) * (v_))^{(m_*)} * ((b_*) * (v_))^{(n_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^{\text{IntPart}[n]} * ((b * v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]} / (a^{\text{IntPart}[n]} * (a * v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]})) \text{ Int}[(a * v)^{(m + n)} * F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[m + n]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + dx] + d * x)^n, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b * \sin[c + dx])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1) * \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$$

rule 3227

$$\text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx] + (c + d * \sin[e + fx] + f * x))^m, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b * \sin[e + fx])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^(1/3)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \cos^m(c + dx)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*cos(c + d*x)**m/(b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos^m(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos^m(dx + c)}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(2/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx+c)^m dx \right) c$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3), x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3), x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(2/3), x)*c)/b**(2/3)`

**3.368** 
$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2782
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2783
Rubi [F]	2783
Maple [F]	2789
Fricas [F]	2789
Sympy [F]	2789
Maxima [F]	2790
Giac [F]	2790
Mupad [F(-1)]	2790
Reduce [F]	2791

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{(b \cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3C \cos^m(c+dx) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} - \frac{3(C(1-3m) - A(2+3m)) \cos^m(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(-1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd(1-3m)(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + \frac{3B \cos^{1+m}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(2+3m), \frac{1}{6}(8+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{bd(2+3m) \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3*C*cos(d*x+c)^m*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)-3*(C*(1-3*m)-A*(2+3*m))*cos(d*x+c)^m*hypergeom([1/2, -1/6+1/2*m], [5/6+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1-3*m)/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3*B*cos(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/3+1/2*m], [4/3+1/2*m], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+3*m)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx =$$

$$3\cos^{1+m}(c+dx)\csc(c+dx)\left((C(-1+3m)+A(2+3m))\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}(-1+3m), \frac{1}{6}(5+3m), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*Cos[c + d*x]^(1 + m)*Csc[c + d*x]*((C*(-1 + 3*m) + A*(2 + 3*m))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 3*m)/6, (5 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (-1 + 3*m)*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + 3*m)/6, (8 + 3*m)/6, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(-1 + 3*m)*(2 + 3*m)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3))
```

**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C\cos^2(c+dx)+B\cos(c+dx)+A) dx}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{m-\frac{4}{3}} \left(C\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^2+B\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+A\right) dx}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3 \int -\frac{1}{3} \cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (3C(\frac{1}{3}-m) - 3A(m+\frac{2}{3}) - B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (C(1-3m) - A(3m+2) - B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (C(1-3m) - A(3m+2) - B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx) (C(1-3m) - A(3m+2) - B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2)\cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C\sin(c+dx)\cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b\sqrt[3]{b\cos(c+dx)}}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(C(1-3m)-A(3m+2)-B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}} \downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)} \left( \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{m-\frac{1}{3}}(c+dx)}{d(3m+2)} - \frac{\int -\cos^{m-\frac{4}{3}}(c+dx)(3mA+2A-C+3Cm+B(3m+2) \cos(c+dx))dx}{3m+2} \right)}{b \sqrt[3]{b \cos(c+dx)}}$$



input

```
Int[(Cos[c + d*x]^m*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(Fx_.)*((a_.)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_.)*(v_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m (A+B\cos(dx+c)+C\cos(dx+c)^2)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C\cos(dx+c)^2+B\cos(dx+c)+A)\cos^m(dx+c)}{(b\cos(dx+c))^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x+c)^2+B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*cos(d*x+c)^m/(b^2*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c+dx)(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(A+B\cos(c+dx)+C\cos^2(c+dx))\cos^m(c+dx)}{(b\cos(c+dx))^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))**(4/3),x)`

output `Integral((A+B*cos(c+d*x)+C*cos(c+d*x)**2)*cos(c+d*x)**m/(b*cos(c+d*x))**(4/3),x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) \cos(dx + c)^m}{(b \cos(dx + c))^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*cos(d*x + c)^m/(b*cos(d*x + c))^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{\cos(c + dx)^m (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}$$

input `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)^m*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/(b*cos(c + d*x))^(4/3), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cos^m(c + dx) (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{(b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^m \cos(dx+c)}{\cos(dx+c)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx \right) c}{b^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^m*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3), x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)**m/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**m/(cos(c + d*x)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)), x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)**m*cos(c + d*x))/cos(c + d*x)**(1/3), x)*c)/(b**(1/3)*b)`

### 3.369 $\int (a \cos(c+dx))^m (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx))$

Optimal result	2792
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2793
Rubi [A] (verified)	2793
Maple [F]	2796
Fricas [F]	2796
Sympy [F]	2796
Maxima [F]	2797
Giac [F]	2797
Mupad [F(-1)]	2798
Reduce [F]	2798

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 227

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(a \cos(c + dx))^{1+m} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{ad(2 + m + n)}$$

$$- \frac{(C(1 + m + n) + A(2 + m + n))(a \cos(c + dx))^{1+m} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(1 + m + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{ad(1 + m + n)(2 + m + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{B(a \cos(c + dx))^{2+m} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(2 + m + n), \frac{1}{2}(4 + m + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{a^2 d(2 + m + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(2+m+n)-(C*(1+m+n)+
A*(2+m+n))*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(1+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*m
+1/2*n], [3/2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d/(1+m+n)/(2+m+n)/(si
n(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(a*cos(d*x+c))^(2+m)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2,
1+1/2*m+1/2*n], [2+1/2*m+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/a^2/d/(2+m+n)/(sin
(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) \left( C \sin^2(c + dx) - \frac{(C(1+m+n) + A(2+m+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m+n, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{1+m+n} \right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((a*cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - (C*(1 + m + n) + A*(2 + m + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/2, (3 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(1 + m + n) - B*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m + n)/2, (4 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])/(d*(2 + m + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.171$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

↓ 2034

$$(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx))^n \int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n} \left( (a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n} (a(C(m+n+1) + A(m+n+2)) + aB(m+n+2) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{a(m+n+2)} + \frac{C \sin(c + d}{a} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n} (a(C(m+n+1) + A(m+n+2)) + aB(m+n+2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{a(m+n+2)} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{a(A(m+n+2) + C(m+n+1)) \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n} dx + B(m+n+2) \int (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n+1} dx}{a(m+n+2)} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{a(A(m+n+2) + C(m+n+1)) \int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n} dx + B(m+n+2) \int (a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+n+1} dx}{a(m+n+2)} + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(a \cos(c + dx))^{-n} (b \cos(c + \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \frac{(A(m+n+2) + C(m+n+1)) \sin(c + dx) (a \cos(c + dx))^{m+n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(m+n+1), \frac{1}{2}(m+n+3), \cos^2(c + dx))}{d(m+n+1) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c + dx)}{a} \right)}{a(m+n+2)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a*cos[c + d*x])^m*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((C*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + m + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*(2 + m + n)) + (-(((C*(1 + m + n) + A*(2 + m + n))*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(1 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m + n)/2, (3 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + m + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(a*cos[c + d*x])^(2 + m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m + n)/2, (4 + m + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(a*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(a*(2 + m + n)))/(a*cos[c + d*x])^n
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2034

```
Int[(F x_.)*((a_.)*(v_.))^(m_.)*((b_.)*(v_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m + n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)])^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]
```



**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))**m*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*cos(c + d*x))**m*(b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c))^m (b \cos(dx + c))^n dx$$

input

```
integrate((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c))^m*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int((a*cos(c + d*x))^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a*cos(c + d*x))^m*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx))^m (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n a^m \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{m+n} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((a*cos(d*x+c))^m*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `b**n*a**m*(int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**(m + n)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

### 3.370 $\int \cos^2(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2799
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2800
Rubi [A] (verified)	2800
Maple [F]	2802
Fricas [F]	2803
Sympy [F(-1)]	2803
Maxima [F]	2803
Giac [F]	2804
Mupad [F(-1)]	2804
Reduce [F]	2805

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(4 + n)}$$

$$- \frac{(C(3 + n) + A(4 + n))(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(3 + n)(4 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{4+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{6+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^4 d(4 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(4+n)-(C*(3+n)+A*(4+n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n],[5/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(4+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(4+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 2+1/2*n],[3+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^4/d/(4+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) \left( (C(3 + n) + A(4 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right)}{b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*((C*(3 + n) + A*(4 + n)) *Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (3 + n)*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / (d*(3 + n)*(4 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.179$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+2} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} (b(C(n+3)+A(n+4))+bB(n+4) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{b(n+4)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} (b(C(n+3)+A(n+4))+bB(n+4) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(n+4)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(A(n+4)+C(n+3)) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} dx + B(n+4) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3} dx}{b(n+4)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(A(n+4)+C(n+3)) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx + B(n+4) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+3} dx}{b(n+4)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd(n+4)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b^2 \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{(A(n+4)+C(n+3)) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) - B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \frac{n+6}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(n+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3}}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad b(n+4) \quad \quad \quad b^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(4 + n)) + (-(((C*(3 + n) + A*(4 + n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) - (B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/2, (6 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(4 + n))/b^2`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^2 (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,  
algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^4 + B*cos(d*x + c)^3 + A*cos(d*x + c)^2)*(b*cos(d  
*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**2*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,  
algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^2 (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^2*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos^2(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^2*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.371 $\int \cos(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2806
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2807
Rubi [A] (verified)	2807
Maple [F]	2809
Fricas [F]	2810
Sympy [F(-1)]	2810
Maxima [F]	2810
Giac [F]	2811
Mupad [F(-1)]	2811
Reduce [F]	2812

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d(3 + n)}$$

$$- \frac{(C(2 + n) + A(3 + n))(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2 d(2 + n)(3 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{5+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^3 d(3 + n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(3+n)-(C*(2+n)+A*(3+n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n],[2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 3/2+1/2*n],[5/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^3/d/(3+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{\cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) \left( (C(2 + n) + A(3 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) - (2 + n)(C \sin^2(c + dx) - B \cos(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3 + n}{2}, \frac{5 + n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right] \right)}{d(2 + n)(3 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
-((Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*((C*(2 + n) + A*(3 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (2 + n)*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / (d*(2 + n)*(3 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$ , Rules used = {2030, 3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} \left( C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2 + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + A \right) dx}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 3502 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+1} (b(C(n+2)+A(n+3))+bB(n+3) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{b(n+3)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)} \\
 & \quad b \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} (b(C(n+2)+A(n+3))+bB(n+3) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(n+3)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)} \\
 & \quad b \\
 & \downarrow 3227 \\
 & \frac{b(A(n+3)+C(n+2)) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+1} dx + B(n+3) \int (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} dx}{b(n+3)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)} \\
 & \quad b \\
 & \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{b(A(n+3)+C(n+2)) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} dx + B(n+3) \int (b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+2} dx}{b(n+3)} + \frac{C \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2}}{bd(n+3)} \\
 & \quad b \\
 & \downarrow 3122 \\
 & \frac{(A(n+3)+C(n+2)) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(n+2)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \frac{n+5}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b(n+3)} \\
 & \quad b
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cos[c + d*x]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(3 + n)) + (-(((C*(2 + n) + A*(3 + n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + n)/2, (5 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(3 + n))/b
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \cos(dx + c) (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \cos(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \cos(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c +
d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)
```

### 3.372 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2813
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2814
Rubi [A] (verified)	2814
Maple [F]	2816
Fricas [F]	2817
Sympy [F]	2817
Maxima [F]	2817
Giac [F]	2818
Mupad [F(-1)]	2818
Reduce [F]	2819

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \sin(c + dx)}{bd(2 + n)}$$

$$- \frac{(C(1 + n) + A(2 + n))(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1 + n)(2 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{4+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{b^2d(2 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(2+n)-(C*(1+n)+A*(2+n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n],[3/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*n],[2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(2+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \cot(c + dx) \left( - \left( (C(1 + n) + A(2 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d(1 + n)(2 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Cot[c + d*x]*(-(C*(1 + n) + A*(2 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (1 + n)*(C*SIn[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(1 + n)*(2 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \left( b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^n \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3502$$

$$\frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (b(C(n + 1) + A(n + 2)) + bB(n + 2) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b(n + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}}{bd(n + 2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (b(C(n+1) + A(n+2)) + bB(n+2) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{b(n+2)}{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}} + \frac{bd(n+2)}{bd(n+2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & \frac{b(A(n+2) + C(n+1)) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx + B(n+2) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1} dx}{\frac{b(n+2)}{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}} + \frac{bd(n+2)}{bd(n+2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{b(A(n+2) + C(n+1)) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n dx + B(n+2) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n+1} dx}{\frac{b(n+2)}{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}} + \frac{bd(n+2)}{bd(n+2)}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & \frac{\frac{(A(n+2)+C(n+1)) \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{d(n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^{n+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \frac{n+4}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx))}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{\frac{b(n+2)}{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n+1}} + \frac{bd(n+2)}{bd(n+2)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1 + n)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*(2 + n)) + (-(((C*(1 + n) + A*(2 + n))*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x]))/(d*(1 + n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + n)/2, (4 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(2 + n))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + i
nt(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)
```



### 3.373 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2820
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2821
Rubi [A] (verified)	2821
Maple [F]	2823
Fricas [F]	2824
Sympy [F]	2824
Maxima [F]	2824
Giac [F]	2825
Mupad [F(-1)]	2825
Reduce [F]	2826

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 + n)}$$

$$- \frac{(A + An + Cn)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn(1 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{bd(1 + n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+n)-(A*n+C*n+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n],[1+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2+1/2*n],[3/2+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d/(1+n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{b(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \cot(c + dx) \left( - \left( (A + An + Cn) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sqrt{\sin} \right)}{\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(b*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Cot[c + d*x]*(-(A + A*n + C*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + n*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*n*(1 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.189$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2)}{\sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b \int \left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{n-1} \left( C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + B \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) + A \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$b \left( \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} (b(nA + A + Cn) + bB(n+1) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b(n+1)} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n+1)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-1} (b(nA + A + Cn) + bB(n+1) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(n+1)} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n+1)} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b \left( \frac{b(An + A + Cn) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx + B(n+1) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n dx}{b(n+1)} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n+1)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b \left( \frac{b(An + A + Cn) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-1} dx + B(n+1) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n dx}{b(n+1)} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n}{bd(n+1)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b \left( \frac{-\frac{(An+A+Cn) \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{dn \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{B \sin(c+dx) (b \cos(c+dx))^{n+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+3}{2}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{bd \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}}{b(n+1)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
b*((C*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 + n)) + (-(((A + A*n + C*n)
*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]
*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*n*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])) - (B*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1 + n)*H
ypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + n)/2, (3 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/
(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*(1 + n)))
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m + n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)*sec(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec(c + dx) dx \\ &= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c) dx \right) c \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c) dx \right) a \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c),x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c + d*x),x)*a)`

### 3.374 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2827
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2828
Rubi [A] (verified)	2828
Maple [F]	2830
Fricas [F]	2831
Sympy [F(-1)]	2831
Maxima [F]	2832
Giac [F]	2832
Mupad [F(-1)]	2833
Reduce [F]	2833

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{bC(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \sin(c + dx)}{dn} - \frac{b(C(1 - n) - An)(b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)n\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{dn\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
b*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))(-1+n)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n-b*(C*(1-n)-A*n)*(b*cos(d*x+c))(-1+n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/n/(sin(d*x+c)2)(1/2)-B*(b*cos(d*x+c))n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2*n], [1+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/n/(sin(d*x+c)2)(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx =$$

$$\frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \left( (C(-1 + n) + An) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) + (-1 + n) \right)}{d(-1 + n)n\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*((C*(-1 + n) + A*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] + (-1 + n)*(B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2] - C*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))*Tan[c + d*x])/(d*(-1 + n)*n*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^2(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$

$$b^2 \int \left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{n-2} \left( C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + B \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) + A \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$b^2 \left( \frac{\int -(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} (b(C(1-n) - An) - bBn \cos(c + dx)) dx}{bn} + \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} (b(C(1-n) - An) - bBn \cos(c + dx)) dx}{bn} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-2} (b(C(1-n) - An) - bBn \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{bn} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{b(C(1-n) - An) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} dx - Bn \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} dx}{bn} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{b(C(1-n) - An) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-2} dx - Bn \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-1} dx}{bn} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^2 \left( \frac{C \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1}}{bdn} - \frac{(C(1-n) - An) \sin(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) + Bn \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-1} dx}{d(1-n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^2,x]
```

output

```
b^2*((C*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*n) - (((C*(1 - n) - A*n)*(b*cos[c + d*x])^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - n)*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (B*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n/2, (2 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(b*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2030 `Int[(Fx_)*(v_)^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/b^m Int[(b*v)^(m+n)*Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3122 `Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*Sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3227 `Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m+1)/(b*f*(m+2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m+2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m+2) + b*C*(m+1) + (b*B*(m+2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^2, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,
algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d
*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x,
algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d
*x + c)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d
*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d
*x)^2, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^2(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c)^2 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*b + int(cos(c +
d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**2,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c +
d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

### 3.375 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2834
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2835
Rubi [A] (verified)	2835
Maple [F]	2838
Fricas [F]	2838
Sympy [F(-1)]	2838
Maxima [F]	2839
Giac [F]	2839
Mupad [F(-1)]	2840
Reduce [F]	2840

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2 C (b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 (A(1 - n) + C(2 - n)) (b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n)(2 - n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{b B (b \cos(c + dx))^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \frac{1+n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-b^2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2-n)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)+b^2*(A*(1-n)+C*(2-n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2-n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1+1/2*n], [1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(2-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+b*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(1-n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1/2+1/2*n], [1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) \sec^2(c + dx) \left( - \left( (C(-2 + n) + A(-1 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*Sec[c + d*x]^2*(-((C*(-2 + n) + A*(-1 + n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (-2 + n)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(-2 + n)*(-1 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^3(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^3(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2030}$$



$$b^3 \int \left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{n-3} \left( C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + B \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) + A \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$b^3 \left( - \frac{\int -(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} (b(A(1-n) + C(2-n)) + bB(1-n) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b(1-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(1-n)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} (b(A(1-n) + C(2-n)) + bB(1-n) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b(1-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2}}{bd(1-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-3} (b(A(1-n) + C(2-n)) + bB(1-n) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(1-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(1-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(A(1-n) + C(2-n)) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} dx + B(1-n) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} dx}{b(1-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(1-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^3 \left( \frac{b(A(1-n) + C(2-n)) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-3} dx + B(1-n) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-2} dx}{b(1-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(1-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^3 \left( \frac{(A(1-n) + C(2-n)) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-2}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(2-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b(1-n)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^3,x]
```

output  $b^3 * (-((C*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(-2 + n)}*\sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*(1 - n))) + (((A*(1 - n) + C*(2 - n))*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(-2 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2]*\sin[c + d*x])/(d*(2 - n)*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2})) + (B*(b*\cos[c + d*x])^{(-1 + n)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-1 + n)/2, (1 + n)/2, \cos[c + d*x]^2]*\sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*\sqrt{\sin[c + d*x]^2}))/b*(1 - n))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F_x) * (v)^{(m)} * ((b) * (v))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \quad \text{Int}[(b*v)^{(m + n)} * F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b) * \sin[(c) + (d) * (x)]^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d*x] * ((b * \sin[c + d*x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1) * \sqrt{\cos[c + d*x]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, \sin[c + d*x]^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b) * \sin[(e) + (f) * (x)]^{(m)} * ((c) + (d) * \sin[(e) + (f) * (x)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \quad \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a) + (b) * \sin[(e) + (f) * (x)]^{(m)} * ((A) + (B) * \sin[(e) + (f) * (x)] + (C) * \sin[(e) + (f) * (x)]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + f*x] * ((a + b * \sin[e + f*x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b * (m + 2)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + f*x])^m * \text{Simp}[A * b * (m + 2) + b * C * (m + 1) + (b * B * (m + 2) - a * C) * \sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,
algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d
*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x,
algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d
*x + c)^3, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d
*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d
*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^3(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) b \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c)^3 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c +
d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c +
d*x)**3,x)*a)
```

### 3.376 $\int (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2841
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2842
Rubi [A] (verified)	2842
Maple [F]	2845
Fricas [F]	2845
Sympy [F(-1)]	2845
Maxima [F]	2846
Giac [F]	2846
Mupad [F(-1)]	2847
Reduce [F]	2847

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 39, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^3 C (b \cos(c + dx))^{-3+n} \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - n)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^3 (A(2 - n) + C(3 - n)) (b \cos(c + dx))^{-3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{1}{2}(-1 + n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(2 - n)(3 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 B (b \cos(c + dx))^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-2 + n), \frac{n}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(2 - n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-b^3*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(-3+n)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)+b^3*(A*(2-n)+C*(3-n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(-3+n)*hypergeom([1/2, -3/2+1/2*n], [-1/2+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)/(3-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+b^2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^(2-n)*hypergeom([1/2, -1+1/2*n], [1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(2-n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) \sec^3(c + dx) \left( -\left( (C(-3 + n) + A(-2 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-3 + n), \frac{3}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \right) \right)}{b^n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```

output

```
((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*Sec[c + d*x]^3*(-((C*(-3 + n) + A*(-2 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + n)/2, (-1 + n)/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (-3 + n)*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))) / (d*(-3 + n)*(-2 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.205$ , Rules used = {3042, 2030, 3502, 25, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sec^4(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{(b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^n (A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin^2(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))}{\sin^4(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2030$$

$$b^4 \int \left( b \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) \right)^{n-4} \left( C \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right)^2 + B \sin \left( \frac{1}{2}(2c + \pi) + dx \right) + A \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$b^4 \left( - \frac{\int -(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-4} (b(A(2-n) + C(3-n)) + bB(2-n) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b(2-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(2-n)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-4} (b(A(2-n) + C(3-n)) + bB(2-n) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{b(2-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3}}{bd(2-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^4 \left( \frac{\int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-4} (b(A(2-n) + C(3-n)) + bB(2-n) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(2-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(2-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3227

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(A(2-n) + C(3-n)) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-4} dx + B(2-n) \int (b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} dx}{b(2-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(2-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$b^4 \left( \frac{b(A(2-n) + C(3-n)) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-4} dx + B(2-n) \int (b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{n-3} dx}{b(2-n)} - \frac{C \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))}{bd(2-n)} \right)$$

↓ 3122

$$b^4 \left( \frac{(A(2-n) + C(3-n)) \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-3}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(3-n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{B \sin(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^{n-2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n-2}{2}, \frac{n-1}{2}, \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{bd\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}}{b(2-n)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2)*Sec[c + d*x]^4,x]
```



output  $b^4 * (-((C * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{-3 + n} * \sin[c + d * x]) / (b * d * (2 - n))) + (((A * (2 - n) + C * (3 - n)) * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{-3 + n} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-3 + n)/2, (-1 + n)/2, \cos[c + d * x]^2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (d * (3 - n) * \sqrt{\sin[c + d * x]^2})) + (B * (b * \cos[c + d * x])^{-2 + n} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (-2 + n)/2, n/2, \cos[c + d * x]^2 * \sin[c + d * x]) / (b * d * \sqrt{\sin[c + d * x]^2})) / (b * (2 - n)))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F x, x], x]$

rule 2030  $\text{Int}[(F x) * (v)^{(m)} * ((b) * (v))^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/b^m \quad \text{Int}[(b * v)^{(m + n)} * F x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 3042  $\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3122  $\text{Int}[(b * \sin[c + d * x] + d * x)^{(n)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + d * x] * ((b * \sin[c + d * x])^{(n + 1)} / (b * d * (n + 1) * \sqrt{\cos[c + d * x]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n + 1)/2, (n + 3)/2, \sin[c + d * x]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2 * n]$

rule 3227  $\text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x] + (c + d * \sin[e + f * x] + f * x)^{(m)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \quad \text{Int}[(b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$

rule 3502  $\text{Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + f * x] + (c + d * \sin[e + f * x] + f * x)^{(m)} * ((A + B * \sin[e + f * x] + f * x) + C * \sin[e + f * x]^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-C) * \cos[e + f * x] * ((a + b * \sin[e + f * x])^{(m + 1)} / (b * f * (m + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b * (m + 2)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b * \sin[e + f * x])^m * \text{Simp}[A * b * (m + 2) + b * C * (m + 1) + (b * B * (m + 2) - a * C) * \sin[e + f * x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d*x + c)^4, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)*sec(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,
algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d
*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x,
algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sec(d
*x + c)^4, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d
*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d
*x)^4, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) \sec^4(c + dx) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c) \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) b \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \cos(dx + c)^2 \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) c \right.$$

$$\quad \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^n \sec(dx + c)^4 dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)*sec(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*b + int(cos(c +
d*x)**n*cos(c + d*x)**2*sec(c + d*x)**4,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**n*sec(c +
d*x)**4,x)*a)
```

### 3.377 $\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2848
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2849
Rubi [A] (verified)	2849
Maple [F]	2852
Fricas [F]	2852
Sympy [F(-1)]	2853
Maxima [F]	2853
Giac [F]	2853
Mupad [F(-1)]	2854
Reduce [F]	2854

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C(5 + 2n) + A(7 + 2n)) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \sin^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(5 + 2n)(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2B \cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(11 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(7 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)-2*(C*(5+2*n)+A*(7+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n],[9/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(7/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4+1/2*n],[11/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(7+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \csc(c+dx) \left( (C(5+2n)+A(7+2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5+2n), \frac{5}{4}, \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \right)}{d(5+2n)(7+2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*((C*(5 + 2*n) + A*(7 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (5 + 2*n)*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(5 + 2*n)*(7 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2034$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx)+B \cos(c+dx)+A) dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \left( C \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \left( 2C(n+\frac{5}{2}) + 2A(n+\frac{7}{2}) + B(2n+7) \cos(c+dx) \right) dx \right)}{2n+7} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+7)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \left( C(2n+5) + A(2n+7) + B(2n+7) \cos(c+dx) \right) dx \right)}{2n+7} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+7)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n+\frac{3}{2}} \left( C(2n+5) + A(2n+7) + B(2n+7) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}) \right) dx \right)}{2n+7} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+7)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( (A(2n+7) + C(2n+5)) \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx + B(2n+7) \int \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) dx \right)}{2n+7} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+7)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( (A(2n+7) + C(2n+5)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx + B(2n+7) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n+\frac{5}{2}} dx \right)}{2n+7} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+7)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx)^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( \frac{2(A(2n+7)+C(2n+5)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \frac{1}{4}(2n+9), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+5)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} \right)}{2n+7} - \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+7)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]`

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*c*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(7 + 2*n)) + ((-2*(c*(5 + 2*n) + a*(7 + 2*n))*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*b*cos[c + d*x]^(7/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (7 + 2*n)/4, (11 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(7 + 2*n))/cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```



rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^3 + B*cos(d*x + c)^2 + A*cos(d*x + c))*(b*cos(d*x
+ c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n \cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \cos(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^3 dx \right) c \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)`

### 3.378 $\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2855
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2856
Rubi [A] (verified)	2856
Maple [F]	2859
Fricas [F]	2859
Sympy [F(-1)]	2860
Maxima [F]	2860
Giac [F]	2860
Mupad [F(-1)]	2861
Reduce [F]	2861

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C(3 + 2n) + A(5 + 2n)) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(3 + 2n)(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2B \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(9 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(5 + 2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)-2*(C*(3+2*n)+A*(5+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n],[7/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4+1/2*n],[9/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(5+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \csc(c+dx) \left( (C(3+2n) + A(5+2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3+2n), \frac{5}{4}(3+2n), \cos^2(c+dx) \right) \right)}{(3+2n)(5+2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2)*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*((C*(3 + 2*n) + A*(5 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2] - (3 + 2*n)*(C*Sin[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2])))/(d*(3 + 2*n)*(5 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) (C \cos^2(c+dx) + B \cos(c+dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \int \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \left( C \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 + B \sin \left( c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + A \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3502} \\ & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) (2C(n+\frac{3}{2}) + 2A(n+\frac{5}{2}) + B(2n+5) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{2n+5} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+5)}}{2n+5} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{27} \\ & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) (C(2n+3) + A(2n+5) + B(2n+5) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{2n+5} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+5)}}{2n+5} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n+\frac{1}{2}} (C(2n+3) + A(2n+5) + B(2n+5) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{2n+5} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+5)}}{2n+5} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3227} \\ & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) ((A(2n+5) + C(2n+3)) \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) dx + B(2n+5) \int \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) dx)}{2n+5} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+5)}}{2n+5} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) ((A(2n+5) + C(2n+3)) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx + B(2n+5) \int \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})^{n+\frac{3}{2}} dx)}{2n+5} + \frac{2C \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+5)}}{2n+5} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3122} \\ & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c+dx)(b \cos(c+dx) \left( \frac{2(A(2n+5)+C(2n+3)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+3), \frac{1}{4}(2n+7), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+3) \sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+5)} \right)}{2n+5} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*c*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 + 2*n)) + ((-2*(c*(3 + 2*n) + a*(5 + 2*n))*cos[c + d*x]^(3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 + 2*n)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*b*cos[c + d*x]^(5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (5 + 2*n)/4, (9 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(5 + 2*n))/cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_))^(m_)*((b_)*(v_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} (b \cos(dx+c))^n (A + B \cos(dx+c) + C \cos(dx+c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)} (b \cos(c+dx))^n (A + B \cos(c+dx) + C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + B \cos(dx+c) + A) (b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2
),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(c
os(d*x + c)), x)
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + B \cos(dx+c) + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x+c)^2+B*cos(d*x+c)+A)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x+c)),x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx+c)^2 + B \cos(dx+c) + A)(b \cos(dx+c))^n \sqrt{\cos(dx+c)} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x,algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n*sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) a + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int(cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x)`

output `b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2), x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x), x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x)**2, x)*c)`

**3.379** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2863
Rubi [A] (verified)	2863
Maple [F]	2866
Fricas [F]	2866
Sympy [F]	2867
Maxima [F]	2867
Giac [F]	2868
Mupad [F(-1)]	2868
Reduce [F]	2869

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2C \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n)}$$

$$- \frac{2(C + 2Cn + A(3 + 2n)) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} (b \cos(c + dx))^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(5 + 2n), \cos(c + dx) \right)}{d(1 + 2n)(3 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$- \frac{2B \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (b \cos(c + dx))^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(7 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)-2*(C+2*C*n+A*(3+2*n))*cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n],[5/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4+1/2*n],[7/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) \left( -\left( (C + 2Cn + A(3 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \frac{5}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \right) \right)}{d(1 + 2n)(3 + 2n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]]*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(C + 2*C*n + A*(3 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (1 + 2*n)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (3 + 2*n)/4, (7 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(1 + 2*n)*(3 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)(2nC + C + A(2n + 3) + B(2n + 3) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{2n + 3} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)(2nC + C + A(2n + 3) + B(2n + 3) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{2n + 3} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} (2nC + C + A(2n + 3) + B(2n + 3) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{2n + 3} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(A(2n + 3) + 2Cn + C) \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B(2n + 3) \int \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{2n + 3} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(A(2n + 3) + 2Cn + C) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx + B(2n + 3) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx}{2n + 3} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 3)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx)) \left( \frac{2(A(2n+3)+2Cn+C) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n+1), \frac{1}{4}(2n+5), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(2n+1)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n+\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{d(2n+3)} \right)}{2n + 3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]],x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((b \cos[c + dx])^n ((2C \cos[c + dx]^{1/2 + n}) \sin[c + dx]) / (d(3 + 2n))) \\ & + ((-2(C + 2Cn + A(3 + 2n)) \cos[c + dx]^{1/2 + n}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1 + 2n)/4, (5 + 2n)/4, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]) / (d(1 + 2n) \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}) \\ & - (2B \cos[c + dx]^{3/2 + n}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (3 + 2n)/4, (7 + 2n)/4, \cos[c + dx]^2] \sin[c + dx]) / (d \sqrt{\sin[c + dx]^2}) \\ & )) / (3 + 2n) / \cos[c + dx]^n \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 2034

$$\text{Int}[(Fx_*)((a_*)(v_))^{(m_)}((b_*)(v_))^{(n_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b^{\text{IntPart}[n]} * ((b*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]} / (a^{\text{IntPart}[n]} * (a*v)^{\text{FracPart}[n]})) \text{ Int}[(a*v)^{(m+n)} * Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[m + n]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 3122

$$\text{Int}[(b_*) \sin[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)]^{(n_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[c + dx] * ((b \sin[c + dx])^{(n+1)} / (b*d*(n+1) \sqrt{\cos[c + dx]^2})) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, \sin[c + dx]^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[2*n]$$

rule 3227

$$\text{Int}[(b_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)]^{(m_)}((c_*) + (d_*) \sin[(e_*) + (f_*)(x_)])], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(b \sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d/b \text{ Int}[(b \sin[e + f*x])^{(m+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x]$$

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/sqrt(cos(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\sqrt{\cos(dx + c)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/sqrt(cos(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\sqrt{\cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) a \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) c \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)*cos(c + d*x),x)*c)
```

**3.380**  $\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$

Optimal result	2870
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2871
Rubi [A] (verified)	2871
Maple [F]	2874
Fricas [F]	2874
Sympy [F]	2875
Maxima [F]	2875
Giac [F]	2876
Mupad [F(-1)]	2876
Reduce [F]	2877

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2C(b \cos(c+dx))^n \sin(c+dx)}{d(1+2n)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{2(A-C(1-2n)+2An)(b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1+2n), \frac{1}{4}(3+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(1-4n^2)\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} - \frac{2B\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)}(b \cos(c+dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(1+2n), \frac{1}{4}(5+2n), \cos^2(c+dx)\right) \sin(c+dx)}{d(1+2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)+2*(A-C*(1-2*n)+
2*A*n)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n], [3/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)
^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(-4*n^2+1)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-2*B*cos(
d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, 1/4+1/2*n], [5/4+1/2*n], cos(d
*x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1+2*n)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) \left( - \left( (A + 2An + C(-1 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(A + 2*A*n + C*(-1 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (-1 + 2*n)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(-1 + 4*n^2)*Sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(2nA + A - C(1 - 2n) + B(2n + 1) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)(2nA + A - C(1 - 2n) + B(2n + 1) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} (2nA + A - C(1 - 2n) + B(2n + 1) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(2An + A - C(1 - 2n)) \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B(2n + 1) \int \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(2An + A - C(1 - 2n)) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx + B(2n + 1) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{1}{2}} dx}{2n + 1} + \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{2(2An + A - C(1 - 2n)) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n - 1), \frac{1}{4}(2n + 3), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(1 - 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} - \frac{2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n+\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(2n + 1)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((2*c*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + 2*n)) + ((2*(A - C*(1 - 2*n) + 2*A*n)*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) - (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + 2*n)/4, (5 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(1 + 2*n))/cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*cos(c + d*x))**n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/cos(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) a \right)$$

input

```
int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*a)
```

**3.381** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2878
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2879
Rubi [A] (verified)	2879
Maple [F]	2882
Fricas [F]	2882
Sympy [F(-1)]	2883
Maxima [F]	2883
Giac [F]	2883
Mupad [F(-1)]	2884
Reduce [F]	2884

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 221

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(A + C(3 - 2n) - 2An)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(1 - 2n)(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(3 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n) \sqrt{\cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2*(A+C*(3-2*n)
-2*A*n)*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n],[1/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c
)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*
B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -1/4+1/2*n],[3/4+1/2*n],cos(d*x+c)^2)*s
in(d*x+c)/d/(1-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) \left( - \left( (C(-3 + 2n) + A(-1 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx) \right) \right) \right)}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(C*(-3 + 2*n) + A*(-1 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (-3 + 2*n)*(C*SIN[c + d*x]^2 - B*Cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(-3 + 2*n)*(-1 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & dx))^n \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{2} \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \left( 2A\left(\frac{1}{2} - n\right) + 2C\left(\frac{3}{2} - n\right) + B(1 - 2n) \cos(c + dx) \right) dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) (-2nA + A + C(3 - 2n) + B(1 - 2n) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} \left( -2nA + A + C(3 - 2n) + B(1 - 2n) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(-2An + A + C(3 - 2n)) \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B(1 - 2n) \int \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(-2An + A + C(3 - 2n)) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx + B(1 - 2n) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{3}{2}} dx}{1 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{2(-2An + A + C(3 - 2n)) \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n - 3), \frac{1}{4}(2n + 1), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(3 - 2n) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}} + \frac{2B \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{1}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(1 - 2n)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*c*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 - 2*n)) + ((2*(A + C*(3 - 2*n) - 2*A*n)*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-1/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-1 + 2*n)/4, (3 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(1 - 2*n))/cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$



input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^3} dx \right) a \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) b \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x),x)*c + int(cos(c + d*x)
**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*a + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos
(c + d*x)**2,x)*b)
```

**3.382** 
$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c+dx))^n (A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c+dx)} dx$$

Optimal result	2886
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2887
Rubi [A] (verified)	2887
Maple [F]	2890
Fricas [F]	2890
Sympy [F(-1)]	2891
Maxima [F]	2891
Giac [F]	2891
Mupad [F(-1)]	2892
Reduce [F]	2892

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 41, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2C(b \cos(c + dx))^n \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(A(3 - 2n) + C(5 - 2n))(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right)}{d(3 - 2n)(5 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2B(b \cos(c + dx))^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-3 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2n), \cos^2(c + dx)\right) \sin(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n) \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx) \sqrt{\sin^2(c + dx)}}$$

output

```
-2*C*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)+2*(A*(3-2*n)+C
*(5-2*n))*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -5/4+1/2*n], [-1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*
x+c)^2)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/(5-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
+2*B*(b*cos(d*x+c))^n*hypergeom([1/2, -3/4+1/2*n], [1/4+1/2*n], cos(d*x+c)^2
)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(3-2*n)/cos(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(sin(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(b \cos(c + dx))^n \csc(c + dx) \left( - \left( (C(-5 + 2n) + A(-3 + 2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n), \frac{1}{4}(-5 + 2n) \right) \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*cos[c + d*x] + C*cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(b*cos[c + d*x])^n*Csc[c + d*x]*(-(C*(-5 + 2*n) + A*(-3 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (-5 + 2*n)*(C*Ssin[c + d*x]^2 - B*cos[c + d*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, Cos[c + d*x]^2]*Sqrt[Sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(d*(-5 + 2*n)*(-3 + 2*n)*Cos[c + d*x]^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.195$ , Rules used = {2034, 3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3227, 3042, 3122}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2034}$$

$$\cos^{-n}(c + dx)(b \cos(c + dx))^n \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (C \cos^2(c + dx) + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & dx))^n \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} \left( C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & dx))^n \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{1}{2} \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) \left( 2A\left(\frac{3}{2} - n\right) + 2C\left(\frac{5}{2} - n\right) + B(3 - 2n) \cos(c + dx) \right) dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) (A(3 - 2n) + B \cos(c + dx)(3 - 2n) + C(5 - 2n)) dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} \left( A(3 - 2n) + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) (3 - 2n) + C(5 - 2n) \right) dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3227} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(A(3 - 2n) + C(5 - 2n)) \int \cos^{n-\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx) dx + B(3 - 2n) \int \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx) dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{(A(3 - 2n) + C(5 - 2n)) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{7}{2}} dx + B(3 - 2n) \int \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-\frac{5}{2}} dx}{3 - 2n} - \frac{2C \sin(c + dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c + dx)}{d(3 - 2n)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3122} \\
 & dx))^n \left( \frac{\frac{2(A(3-2n)+C(5-2n)) \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n-\frac{5}{2}}(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(2n-5), \frac{1}{4}(2n-1), \cos^2(c+dx)\right)}{d(5-2n)\sqrt{\sin^2(c+dx)}} + 2B \sin(c+dx) \cos^{n-\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)}{3 - 2n} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[((b*Cos[c + d*x])^n*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2))/Cos[c + d*x]^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
((b*cos[c + d*x])^n*((-2*c*cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(3 - 2*n)) + ((2*(A*(3 - 2*n) + C*(5 - 2*n))*cos[c + d*x]^(-5/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-5 + 2*n)/4, (-1 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*(5 - 2*n)*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]) + (2*B*cos[c + d*x]^(-3/2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (-3 + 2*n)/4, (1 + 2*n)/4, cos[c + d*x]^2]*sin[c + d*x])/(d*sqrt[sin[c + d*x]^2]))/(3 - 2*n))/cos[c + d*x]^n
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 2034

```
Int[(F_x_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_))*((b_)*(v_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b^IntPart[n]*((b*v)^FracPart[n]/(a^IntPart[n]*(a*v)^FracPart[n])) Int[(a*v)^(m+n)*F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[m+n]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 3122

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]*((b*sin[c + d*x])^(n+1)/(b*d*(n+1)*sqrt[Cos[c + d*x]^2]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (n+1)/2, (n+3)/2, Sin[c + d*x]^2], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

rule 3227

```
Int[((b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(b*sin[e + f*x])^(m+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(dx + c))^n (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2)}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))**n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/cos(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c))^n}{\cos(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx \end{aligned}$$



input `integrate((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c))^n/cos(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A)}{\cos(c + dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(((b*cos(c + d*x))^n*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2))/cos(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(b \cos(c + dx))^n (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx))}{\cos^{\frac{7}{2}}(c + dx)} dx$$

$$= b^n \left( \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^4} dx \right) a + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^3} dx \right) b \right. \\ \left. + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\cos(dx + c)^2} dx \right) c \right)$$

input `int((b*cos(d*x+c))^n*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/cos(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
b**n*(int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**4,x)*a + int(cos(c + d
*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/cos(c + d*x)**3,x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**((2*n + 1)/2)/
cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)
```

### 3.383 $\int (a+a \cos(e+fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e$

Optimal result	2894
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2895
Rubi [A] (verified)	2895
Maple [F]	2898
Fricas [F]	2898
Sympy [F]	2899
Maxima [F]	2899
Giac [F]	2899
Mupad [F(-1)]	2900
Reduce [F]	2900

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= -\frac{(C - B(2 + m))(a + a \cos(e + fx))^m \sin(e + fx)}{f(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{C(a + a \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \sin(e + fx)}{af(2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}+m}(Bm(2 + m) + C(1 + m + m^2) + A(2 + 3m + m^2))(1 + \cos(e + fx))^{-\frac{1}{2}-m}(a + a \cos(e + fx))^m}{f(1 + m)(2 + m)}$$

output

```
-(C-B*(2+m))*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+m)/(2+m)+C*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/a/f/(2+m)+2^(1/2+m)*(B*m*(2+m)+C*(m^2+m+1)+A*(m^2+3*m+2))*(1+cos(f*x+e))^(-1/2-m)*(a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*hypergeom([1/2, 1/2-m], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+m)/(2+m)
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{i 4^{-1-m} e^{ifmx} (1 + e^{i(e+fx)})^{-2m} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}i(e+fx)} (1 + e^{i(e+fx)}) \right)^{2m} \cos^{-2m} \left( \frac{1}{2}(e + fx) \right) (a(1 + \cos(e + fx)))^m \left( \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(I*4^(-1 - m)*E^(I*f*m*x)*((1 + E^(I*(e + f*x)))/E^((I/2)*(e + f*x)))^(2*m)
)*(a*(1 + Cos[e + f*x]))^m*((C*Hypergeometric2F1[-2 - m, -2*m, -1 - m, -E^(
I*(e + f*x))])/(E^(I*(2*e + f*(2 + m)*x))*(2 + m)) + (2*B*Hypergeometric2
F1[-1 - m, -2*m, -m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))])/(E^(I*(e + f*(1 + m)*x))*(1 + m))
+ (2*B*E^(I*(e - f*(-1 + m)*x))*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - m, -2*m, 2 - m, -E^(
I*(e + f*x))])/(1 + m) + (C*E^((2*I)*e - I*f*(-2 + m)*x)*Hypergeometric2F
1[2 - m, -2*m, 3 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))])/(1 - 2 + m) + (4*A*Hypergeometric2F1
[-2*m, -m, 1 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))])/(E^(I*f*m*x)*m) + (2*C*Hypergeometric
2F1[-2*m, -m, 1 - m, -E^(I*(e + f*x))])/(E^(I*f*m*x)*m)))/((1 + E^(I*(e +
f*x)))^(2*m)*f*Cos[(e + f*x)/2]^(2*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \left( a \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + a \right)^m \left( A + B \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

↓ 3502

$$\frac{\int (\cos(e + fx)a + a)^m (a(C(m + 1) + A(m + 2)) - a(C - B(m + 2)) \cos(e + fx)) dx}{a(m + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) a + a \right)^m \left( a(C(m + 1) + A(m + 2)) - a(C - B(m + 2)) \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) dx}{a(m + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)}$$

↓ 3230

$$\frac{\frac{a(A(m^2 + 3m + 2) + Bm(m + 2) + C(m^2 + m + 1)) \int (\cos(e + fx)a + a)^m dx}{m + 1} - \frac{a(C - B(m + 2)) \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m}{f(m + 1)}}{a(m + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{a(A(m^2 + 3m + 2) + Bm(m + 2) + C(m^2 + m + 1)) \int (\sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})a + a)^m dx}{m + 1} - \frac{a(C - B(m + 2)) \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m}{f(m + 1)}}{a(m + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)}$$

↓ 3131

$$\frac{\frac{a(A(m^2 + 3m + 2) + Bm(m + 2) + C(m^2 + m + 1)) (\cos(e + fx) + 1)^{-m} (a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m \int (\cos(e + fx) + 1)^m dx}{m + 1} - \frac{a(C - B(m + 2)) \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^m}{f(m + 1)}}{a(m + 2)} + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a \cos(e + fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m + 2)}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{a(A(m^2+3m+2)+Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m}(a\cos(e+fx)+a)^m \int (\sin(e+fx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1)^m dx}{m+1} - \frac{a(C-B(m+2))\sin(e+fx)(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{m+1}}{f(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)}$$

↓ 3130

$$\frac{a^{2m+\frac{1}{2}}(A(m^2+3m+2)+Bm(m+2)+C(m^2+m+1))\sin(e+fx)(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{-m-\frac{1}{2}}(a\cos(e+fx)+a)^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(e+fx)))}{f(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{C \sin(e+fx)(a \cos(e+fx) + a)^{m+1}}{af(m+2)} \quad a(m+2)$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*Sin[e + f*x]/(a*f*(2 + m)) + (-((a*(C - B*(2 + m))*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m))) + (2^(1/2 + m)*a*(B*m*(2 + m) + C*(1 + m + m^2) + A*(2 + 3*m + m^2))*(1 + Cos[e + f*x])^(-1/2 - m)*(a + a*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2]*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*(1 + m)))/(a*(2 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] :=> Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(fx + e))^m (A + B \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ & = \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x
)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a(\cos(e + fx) + 1))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(e + f*x) + 1))**m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(a \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$



input `integrate((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(a*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + B \cos(e + fx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) b \\ & \quad + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) a + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+a*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m,x)*a + int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*b + int((cos(e + f*x)*a + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.384 $\int (a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2901
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2902
Rubi [A] (verified)	2902
Maple [F]	2905
Fricas [F]	2905
Sympy [F(-1)]	2906
Maxima [F]	2906
Giac [F]	2906
Mupad [F(-1)]	2907
Reduce [F]	2907

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(8B - 3C)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{40d} + \frac{3C(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8ad} + \frac{(40A + 16B + 19C)(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{10 \cdot 2^{5/6} d (1 + \cos(c + dx))^{7/6}}$$

output

```
3/40*(8*B-3*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/8*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+1/20*(40*A+16*B+19*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*hypergeom([-1/6, 1/2], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(7/6)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3(a(1 + \cos(c + dx)))^{2/3} \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{2}(c + dx)\right) (-2i(40A + 16B + 19C) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -E^{(I*(c + d*x))}\right] * (1 + \text{Cos}[c + d*x] + I*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])^{2/3} + 2*(40*A + 32*B + 28*C + 2*(8*B + 7*C)*\text{Cos}[c + d*x] + 5*C*\text{Cos}[2*(c + d*x)])*\text{Sin}[c + d*x])}{(320*d)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
(3*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(2/3)*Sec[(c + d*x)/2]^2*((-2*I)*(40*A + 16*B + 19*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, -E^(I*(c + d*x))]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x] + I*Sin[c + d*x])^(2/3) + 2*(40*A + 32*B + 28*C + 2*(8*B + 7*C)*Cos[c + d*x] + 5*C*Cos[2*(c + d*x)])*Sin[c + d*x]))/(320*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a \right)^{2/3} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3} (a(8A+5C) + a(8B-3C) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3} (a(8A+5C) + a(8B-3C) \cos(c+dx)) dx}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{2/3} (a(8A+5C) + a(8B-3C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3230} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5}a(40A+16B+19C) \int (\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3a(8B-3C) \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{5}a(40A+16B+19C) \int (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3a(8B-3C) \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(40A+16B+19C)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int (\cos(c+dx)+1)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3a(8B-3C) \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\frac{a(40A+16B+19C)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3} \int (\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1)^{2/3} dx + \frac{3a(8B-3C) \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5d}}{\frac{8a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}} 8ad} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3130}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt[6]{2}a(40A+16B+19C)\sin(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{5d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{7/6}} + \frac{3a(8B-3C)\sin(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}}{5d}$$


---


$$\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{5/3}}{8ad}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(8*a*d) + ((3*a*(8*B - 3*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*d) + (2*2^(1/6)*a*(40*A + 16*B + 19*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(7/6)))/(8*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3
), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) \\ & + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = a^{2/3} \left( \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{2/3} dx \right) a \right. \\ & + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \\ & \left. + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `a**(2/3)*(int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`



### 3.385 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2908
Mathematica [F]	2909
Rubi [A] (verified)	2909
Maple [F]	2912
Fricas [F]	2912
Sympy [F]	2913
Maxima [F]	2913
Giac [F]	2913
Mupad [F(-1)]	2914
Reduce [F]	2914

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3(7B - 3C) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{28d} + \frac{3C(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7ad}$$

$$+ \frac{(28A + 7B + 13C) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{14\sqrt[6]{2d}(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

output

```
3/28*(7*B-3*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/d+3/7*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+1/28*(28*A+7*B+13*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2],[3/2],1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(5/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2), x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a} \left( A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$3 \int \frac{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + a(a(7A + 4C) + a(7B - 3C) \cos(c + dx))} dx}{\frac{7a}{3C \sin(c + dx)(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{4/3}} + \frac{7ad}{7ad}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a + a(a(7A+4C) + a(7B-3C)\cos(c+dx))} dx}{7a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}}{7ad}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + a(a(7A+4C) + a(7B-3C)\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right))} dx}{7a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}}{7ad}$$

↓ 3230

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}a(28A+7B+13C) \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a + adx} + \frac{3a(7B-3C)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{7a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}}{7ad}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}a(28A+7B+13C) \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)a + adx} + \frac{3a(7B-3C)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{7a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}}{7ad}$$

↓ 3131

$$\frac{\frac{a(28A+7B+13C)\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1} dx + \frac{3a(7B-3C)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{4\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}}}{7a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}}{7ad}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{a(28A+7B+13C)\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 1} dx + \frac{3a(7B-3C)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx) + a}}{4d}}{4\sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx) + 1}}}{7a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx) + a)^{4/3}}{7ad}$$

↓ 3130

$$\frac{\frac{\alpha(28A+7B+13C)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a\cos(c+dx)+a}\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6},\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{2},\frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{2\sqrt[6]{2d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{5/6}}} + \frac{3\alpha(7B-3C)\sin(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{a\cos(c+dx)+a}}{4d}}{\frac{7a}{3C\sin(c+dx)(a\cos(c+dx)+a)^{4/3}}}{7ad}}$$

input `Int[(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*a*d) + ((3*a*(7*B - 3*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*d) + (a*(28*A + 7*B + 13*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*2^(1/6)*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6)))/(7*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]))]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos^2(dx + c))^2 dx$$

input

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3
), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt[3]{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Integral((a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= a^{1/3} \left( \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{1/3} dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{1/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) + 1)^{1/3} \cos^2(dx + c) dx \right) c \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `a**(1/3)*(int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c)`

**3.386** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2915
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2916
Rubi [A] (verified)	2916
Maple [F]	2919
Fricas [F]	2919
Sympy [F]	2920
Maxima [F]	2920
Giac [F]	2920
Mupad [F(-1)]	2921
Reduce [F]	2921

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx)}{10d \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3C(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{5ad}$$

$$+ \frac{(10A-5B+7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right) \sin(c+dx)}{5 \cdot 2^{5/6} d \sqrt[6]{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{a+a \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/10*(5*B-3*C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)+3/5*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d+1/10*(10*A-5*B+7*C)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/6], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/6)/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/6)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3i(10A - 5B + 7C) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -e^{i(c+dx)}\right) (1 + \cos(c + dx) + i \sin(c + dx))^{2/3} + 3(5A - 3B + C) \sqrt[3]{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}}{10d \sqrt[3]{a(1 + \cos(c + dx))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
((-3*I)*(10*A - 5*B + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2/3, 4/3, -E^(I*(c + d*x))]*(1 + Cos[c + d*x] + I*Sin[c + d*x])^(2/3) + 3*(5*B - C + 2*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x])/(10*d*(a*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3230, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + C \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + a}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{a(5A+2C)+a(5B-3C) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a(5A+2C)+a(5B-3C) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a(5A+2C)+a(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3230 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}a(10A-5B+7C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)a+a}} dx + \frac{3a(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}a(10A-5B+7C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})a+a}} dx + \frac{3a(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}}}{5a} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3131 \\
 & \frac{a(10A-5B+7C) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1} \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \frac{a(10A-5B+7C) \sqrt[3]{\cos(c+dx)+1} \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})+1}} dx}{2 \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}}{5ad}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 3130 \\ & \frac{a(10A-5B+7C) \sin(c+dx) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx))\right)}{2^{5/6} d \sqrt[6]{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \frac{3a(5B-3C) \sin(c+dx)}{2d \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c+dx)+a}} + \\ & \frac{5a}{3C \sin(c+dx)(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} \\ & \frac{5ad}{5ad} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(5*a*d) + ((3*a*(5*B - 3*C)*Sin[c + d*x])/(2*d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)) + (a*(10*A - 5*B + 7*C)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/6, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(2^(5/6)*d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(1/6)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)))/(5*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 3230

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) +
(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(
f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e
+ f*x])^m, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]
```

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_)
+ (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3
), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a (\cos(c + dx) + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(1/3),x)*a)/a**(1/3)`

**3.387** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+a \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2922
Mathematica [F]	2922
Rubi [A] (verified)	2923
Maple [F]	2926
Fricas [F]	2926
Sympy [F]	2926
Maxima [F]	2927
Giac [F]	2927
Mupad [F(-1)]	2927
Reduce [F]	2928

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3(A - B + C) \sin(c + dx)}{d(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4ad} - \frac{(4A - 8B + 7C) \sqrt[3]{a + a \cos(c + dx)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx))\right) \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt[6]{2ad}(1 + \cos(c + dx))^{5/6}}$$

output

```
3*(A-B+C)*sin(d*x+c)/d/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)+3/4*C*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/a/d-1/4*(4*A-8*B+7*C)*(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/6, 1/2], [3/2], 1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*sin(d*x+c)*2^(5/6)/a/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(5/6)
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3229, 3042, 3131, 3042, 3130}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a \cos(c + dx) + a)^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + a)^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3502} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{a(4A+C) + a(4B-3C) \cos(c+dx)}{3(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a(4A+C) + a(4B-3C) \cos(c+dx)}{(\cos(c+dx)a+a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a(4A+C) + a(4B-3C) \sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})}{(\sin(c+dx + \frac{\pi}{2})a+a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}{4ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3229} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A-B+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - (4A - 8B + 7C) \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx)a + adx}}{4a}}{4ad} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A-B+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - (4A - 8B + 7C) \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} a + adx}{\frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \frac{4a}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}}{4ad}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3131} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A-B+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(4A-8B+7C) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}}{\frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \frac{4a}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}}{4ad}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A-B+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - \frac{(4A-8B+7C) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \int \sqrt[3]{\sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} + 1 dx}{\sqrt[3]{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}}{\frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \frac{4a}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}}{4ad}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3130} \\
 & \frac{\frac{12a(A-B+C) \sin(c+dx)}{d(a \cos(c+dx)+a)^{2/3}} - \frac{2^{5/6}(4A-8B+7C) \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c+dx))\right)}{d(\cos(c+dx)+1)^{5/6}}}{\frac{3C \sin(c + dx) \frac{4a}{\sqrt[3]{a \cos(c + dx) + a}}}{4ad}} +
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(4*a*d) + ((12*a*(A - B + C)*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)) - (2^(5/6)*(4*A - 8*B + 7*C)*(a + a*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/6, 1/2, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2]*Sin[c + d*x])/(d*(1 + Cos[c + d*x])^(5/6)))/(4*a)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3130 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-2^(n + 1/2))*a^(n - 1/2)*b*(Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a + b*Sin[c + d*x]])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1/2 - n, 3/2, (1/2)*(1 - b*(Sin[c + d*x]/a))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3131 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[n]*((a + b*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]/(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^FracPart[n]) Int[(1 + (b/a)*Sin[c + d*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 3229 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m/(a*f*(2*m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*m + b*c*(m + 1))/(a*b*(2*m + 1)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -2^(-1)]`
- rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + a \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a (\cos(c + dx) + 1))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a*(cos(c + d*x) + 1))**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(a \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(a*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + a*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + a \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{2/3}} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx+c)^2}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{2/3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^{2/3}} dx \right) a}{a^{2/3}}$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+a*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `(int(cos(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x) + 1)**(2/3),x)*a)/a**(2/3)`

### 3.388 $\int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2929
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2930
Rubi [A] (verified)	2930
Maple [F]	2934
Fricas [F]	2934
Sympy [F(-1)]	2935
Maxima [F]	2935
Giac [F]	2935
Mupad [F(-1)]	2936
Reduce [F]	2936

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{8bd} + \frac{(8bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} \sin(c + dx)}{4\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{5/3}} + \frac{(8Ab^2 - 8abB + 3a^2C + 5b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{4\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/8*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/8*(8*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-5/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(5/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(5/3)+1/8*(8*A*b^2-8*B*a*b+3*C*a^2+5*C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 5.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( 20(-a^2 + b^2) (8bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(20*(-a^2 + b^2)*(8*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + 4*(40*A*b^2 + 16*a*b*B - 6*a^2*C + 25*b^2*C)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 20*b^2*(8*b*B + 2*a*C + 5*b*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2))/(800*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^{2/3} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(b(8A + 5C) + (8bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx))dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}(b(8A + 5C) + (8bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx))dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}(b(8A + 5C) + (8bB - 3aC) \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))dx}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3235

$$\frac{\frac{(3a^2C - 8abB + 8Ab^2 + 5b^2C) \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \frac{(8bB - 3aC) \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3} dx}{b}}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{\frac{(3a^2C - 8abB + 8Ab^2 + 5b^2C) \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \frac{(8bB - 3aC) \int (a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{5/3} dx}{b}}{8b} + \frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 3144

$$-\frac{\sin(c + dx)(3a^2C - 8abB + 8Ab^2 + 5b^2C) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \frac{(8bB - 3aC) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c + dx)(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 156



$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-8abB+8Ab^2+5b^2C)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d\cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} - \frac{(a+b)(8bB-3aC)\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-8abB+8Ab^2+5b^2C)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\left(\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(a+b)(8bB-3aC)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C\sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{5/3}}{8bd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(5/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(8*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*(8*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -5/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(8*A*b^2 - 8*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + 5*b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)))/(8*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3
), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} (A + B \cos(c + dx) \\ & + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx = \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} dx \right) a \\ & + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \\ & + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{2/3} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.389 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$

Optimal result	2937
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2938
Rubi [A] (verified)	2938
Maple [F]	2942
Fricas [F]	2942
Sympy [F]	2943
Maxima [F]	2943
Giac [F]	2943
Mupad [F(-1)]	2944
Reduce [F]	2944

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}(A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{3C(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7bd} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(7bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} \sin(c + dx)}{7b^2 d \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \left(\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}\right)^{4/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(7Ab^2 - 7abB + 3a^2C + 4b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{7b^2 d \sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}}}$$

output

```
3/7*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/7*2^(1/2)*(7*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-4/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(4/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(4/3)+1/7*2^(1/2)*(7*A*b^2-7*B*a*b+3*C*a^2+4*C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx =$$

$$\frac{3 \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 4(-a^2 + b^2) (7bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b} \right) \right)}{112 b^3 d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*(-a^2 + b^2)*(7*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[-((b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a - b))] + (28*A*b^2 + 7*a*b*B - 3*a^2*C + 16*b^2*C)*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*(7*b*B + a*C + 4*b*C*Cos[c + d*x])*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(112*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \left( A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow \text{3502} \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (b(7A + 4C) + (7bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (b(7A + 4C) + (7bB - 3aC) \cos(c + dx)) dx}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} (b(7A + 4C) + (7bB - 3aC) \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)) dx}{7b} + \\
& \quad \frac{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \\
& \downarrow \text{3235} \\
& \frac{(3a^2C - 7abB + 7Ab^2 + 4b^2C) \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{(7bB - 3aC) \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3} dx}{b} + \\
& \quad \frac{7b}{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{(3a^2C - 7abB + 7Ab^2 + 4b^2C) \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} dx}{b} + \frac{(7bB - 3aC) \int (a + b \sin\left(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^{4/3} dx}{b} + \\
& \quad \frac{7b}{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \\
& \downarrow \text{3144} \\
& - \frac{\sin(c + dx) (3a^2C - 7abB + 7Ab^2 + 4b^2C) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} - \frac{(7bB - 3aC) \sin(c + dx) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} d \cos(c + dx)}{bd \sqrt{1 - \cos(c + dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c + dx) + 1}} + \\
& \quad \frac{7b}{3C \sin(c + dx) (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{4/3}} \\
& \downarrow \text{156}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-7abB+7Ab^2+4b^2C) \sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d\cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \qquad 7b$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-7abB+7Ab^2+4b^2C) \sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(a+b)(7bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}}$$


---


$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{4/3}}{7bd} \qquad 7b$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(4/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(7*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(a + b)*(7*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -4/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(7*A*b^2 - 7*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + 4*b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x])/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)))/(7*b)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_) + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}} (A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A) (b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algori
thm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3
), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A)(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)*(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \int (a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3} (C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3)*(A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} (A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)) dx \\ &= \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c) dx \right) b \\ & \quad + \left( \int (\cos(dx + c) b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cos(dx + c)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*(A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*a + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x),x)*b + int((cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3)*cos(c + d*x)**2,x)*c`

**3.390** 
$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx$$

Optimal result	2945
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2946
Rubi [A] (verified)	2946
Maple [F]	2950
Fricas [F]	2950
Sympy [F]	2951
Maxima [F]	2951
Giac [F]	2951
Mupad [F(-1)]	2952
Reduce [F]	2952

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx = \frac{3C(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{5bd} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(5bB-3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} \sin(c+dx)}{5b^2 d \sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(5Ab^2-5abB+3a^2C+2b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{5b^2 d \sqrt{1+\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}$$

output

```
3/5*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/5*2^(1/2)*(5*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,-2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)+1/5*2^(1/2)*(5*A*b^2-5*B*a*b+3*C*a^2+2*C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx =$$

$$3(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3} \csc(c + dx) \left( 5(5Ab^2 - 5abB + 3a^2C + 2b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(5*(5*A*b^2 - 5*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + 2*b^2*C)*AppellF1[2/3, 1/2, 1/2, 5/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)] + 2*(5*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/2, 1/2, 8/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 10*b^2*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(50*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \sin \left( c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)}} dx$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{b(5A+2C)+(5bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} \downarrow \text{3502} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+(5bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{5b} \downarrow \text{27} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(5A+2C)+(5bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{5b} \downarrow \text{3042} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\frac{(3a^2C-5abB+5Ab^2+2b^2C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}} dx}{b} \downarrow \text{3235} + \frac{(5bB-3aC) \int (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\frac{(3a^2C-5abB+5Ab^2+2b^2C) \int \frac{1}{3 \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}} dx}{b} \downarrow \text{3042} + \frac{(5bB-3aC) \int (a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3} dx}{b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-5abB+5Ab^2+2b^2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \downarrow \text{3144} - \frac{(5bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd}$$

$$\downarrow \text{156}$$



$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-5abB+5Ab^2+2b^2C) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}}} d\cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)}\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} = \frac{3C \sin(c+dx)(a+b\cos(c+dx))^{2/3}}{5bd} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-5abB+5Ab^2+2b^2C) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{a+b\cos(c+dx)}{a+b}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} d\cos(c+dx)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}\sqrt[3]{a+b\cos(c+dx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(5bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx)}{5bd}$$

↓ 155

input `Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(5*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(5*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(2/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(5*A*b^2 - 5*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + 2*b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b))^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)))/(5*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`
- rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f))], x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`
- rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)])^(m_.)*((A_.) + (B_.)*sin[(e_.)
+ (f_.)*(x_)] + (C_.)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-C)*Co
s[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m
+ 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m
+ 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x]
&& !LtQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algori  
thm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3  
, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(1/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) a$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(1/3),x)*a`

**3.391**  $\int \frac{A+B \cos(c+dx)+C \cos^2(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	2953
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2954
Rubi [A] (verified)	2954
Maple [F]	2957
Fricas [F]	2958
Sympy [F]	2958
Maxima [F]	2959
Giac [F]	2959
Mupad [F(-1)]	2959
Reduce [F]	2960

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 286

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3C \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{4bd}$$

$$+ \frac{(4bB - 3aC) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}\sqrt[3]{\frac{a + b \cos(c + dx)}{a + b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4Ab^2 - 4abB + 3a^2C + b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(c + dx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(c + dx))}{a+b}\right) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c + dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \sin(c + dx)}{2\sqrt{2}b^2d\sqrt{1 + \cos(c + dx)}(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}}$$

output

```
3/4*C*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(1/3)*sin(d*x+c)/b/d+1/4*(4*B*b-3*C*a)*AppellF1(1/2,
-1/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(
1/3)*sin(d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b
))^(1/3)+1/4*(4*A*b^2-4*B*a*b+3*C*a^2+C*b^2)*AppellF1(1/2,2/3,1/2,3/2,b*(1
-cos(d*x+c))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(d*x+c))*((a+b*cos(d*x+c))/(a+b))^(2/3)*sin(
d*x+c)*2^(1/2)/b^2/d/(1+cos(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$3\sqrt[3]{a + b \cos(c + dx)} \csc(c + dx) \left( 4(4Ab^2 - 4abB + 3a^2C + b^2C) \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a-b}, \frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b \cos(c+dx)} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Csc[c + d*x]*(4*(4*A*b^2 - 4*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/2, 1/2, 4/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)] + (4*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[4/3, 1/2, 1/2, 7/3, (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a - b), (a + b*Cos[c + d*x])/(a + b)]*Sqrt[-((b*(-1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b))]*Sqrt[(b*(1 + Cos[c + d*x]))/(-a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x]) - 4*b^2*C*Sin[c + d*x]^2)/(16*b^3*d)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 27, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{A + B \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}) + C \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{(a + b \sin(c + dx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{b(4A+C)+(4bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{3(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(4A+C)+(4bB-3aC) \cos(c+dx)}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

3042

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(4A+C)+(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{4b} + \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

3235

$$\frac{(3a^2C-4abB+4Ab^2+b^2C) \int \frac{1}{(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} dx}{b} + \frac{(4bB-3aC) \int \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)} dx}{b} + \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

3042

$$\frac{(3a^2C-4abB+4Ab^2+b^2C) \int \frac{1}{(a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2}))^{2/3}} dx}{b} + \frac{(4bB-3aC) \int \sqrt[3]{a+b \sin(c+dx+\frac{\pi}{2})} dx}{b} + \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

3144

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-4abB+4Ab^2+b^2C) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} - \frac{(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} + \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

156

$$\frac{\sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-4abB+4Ab^2+b^2C) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} \left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1} (a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} - \frac{(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx) \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} d \cos(c+dx)}{bd \sqrt{1-\cos(c+dx)} \sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}} + \frac{4b}{4bd} \frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

4b

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$



↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(c+dx)(3a^2C-4abB+4Ab^2+b^2C) \left(\frac{a+b \cos(c+dx)}{a+b}\right)^{2/3} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1-\cos(c+dx)), \frac{b(1-\cos(c+dx))}{a+b}\right)}{bd\sqrt{\cos(c+dx)+1}(a+b \cos(c+dx))^{2/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}(4bB-3aC) \sin(c+dx)}{4b}$$

$$\frac{3C \sin(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{a+b \cos(c+dx)}}{4bd}$$

4b

input

```
Int[(A + B*Cos[c + d*x] + C*Cos[c + d*x]^2)/(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*C*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(4*b*d) + ((Sqrt[2]*(4*b*B - 3*a*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(1/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x))/(a + b))^(1/3)) + (Sqrt[2]*(4*A*b^2 - 4*a*b*B + 3*a^2*C + b^2*C)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, 2/3, 3/2, (1 - Cos[c + d*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[c + d*x]))/(a + b)]*((a + b*Cos[c + d*x))/(a + b))^(2/3)*Sin[c + d*x]/(b*d*Sqrt[1 + Cos[c + d*x]]*(a + b*Cos[c + d*x])^(2/3)))/(4*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 155

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p])*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(dx + c) + C \cos(dx + c)^2}{(a + b \cos(dx + c))^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3), x)`

output `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)**2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))**(2/3),x)`

output `Integral((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)**2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))**(2/3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(dx + c)^2 + B \cos(dx + c) + A}{(b \cos(dx + c) + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(d*x + c)^2 + B*cos(d*x + c) + A)/(b*cos(d*x + c) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{C \cos(c + dx)^2 + B \cos(c + dx) + A}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3),x)`

output `int((A + B*cos(c + d*x) + C*cos(c + d*x)^2)/(a + b*cos(c + d*x))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{A + B \cos(c + dx) + C \cos^2(c + dx)}{(a + b \cos(c + dx))^{2/3}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{\cos(dx + c)^2}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) c + \left( \int \frac{1}{(\cos(dx + c)b + a)^{2/3}} dx \right) a$$

input `int((A+B*cos(d*x+c)+C*cos(d*x+c)^2)/(a+b*cos(d*x+c))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(cos(c + d*x)/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*b + int(cos(c + d*x)**2/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*c + int(1/(cos(c + d*x)*b + a)**(2/3),x)*a`

### 3.392 $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C$

Optimal result	2961
Mathematica [F]	2962
Rubi [A] (verified)	2962
Maple [F]	2965
Fricas [F]	2966
Sympy [F(-1)]	2966
Maxima [F]	2966
Giac [F]	2967
Mupad [F(-1)]	2967
Reduce [F]	2968

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}C \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-1}}{f \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}(A - C) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-1}}{f \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}}$$

output

```
4*2^(1/2)*C*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-3/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^m)+2*2^(1/2)*(A-C)*AppellF1(1/2,-m,-1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/f/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^m)
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + (A + C)*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + (A + C)*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2), x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.257$ , Rules used = {3042, 3496, 3042, 3234, 156, 155, 3263, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int ((A + C) \cos(e + fx) + A + C \cos^2(e + fx)) (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( (A + C) \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + A + C \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2 \right) (a + b \sin\left(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}\right))^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3496}$$

$$(A - C) \int (\cos(e + fx) + 1)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx + C \int (\cos(e + fx) + 1)^2 (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (A - C) \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right) \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx + \\
& \quad C \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3234} \\
& \frac{C \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx -}{(A - C) \sin(e + fx) \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)+1}(a+b \cos(e+fx))^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{156} \\
& \frac{C \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx -}{(A - C) \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos(e+fx)+1} \left( \frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{155} \\
& \frac{C \int \left( \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + 1 \right)^2 \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m dx +}{2\sqrt{2}(A - C) \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)) \right), \frac{b}{a+b}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3263} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2}(A - C) \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)) \right), \frac{b}{a+b}}{f \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx) \int \frac{(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{3/2}(a+b \cos(e+fx))^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{156} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{2}(A - C) \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)) \right), \frac{b}{a+b}}{f \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \quad \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left( \frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^{-m} \int \frac{(\cos(e+fx)+1)^{3/2} \left( \frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b} \right)^m}{\sqrt{1-\cos(e+fx)}} d \cos(e + fx)}{f \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{155}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}(A - C) \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx))\right), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}}{f\sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{2}C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a+b \cos(e+fx)}{a+b}\right)^{-m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx))\right), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}}{f\sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + (A + C)*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[2]*C*AppellF1[1/2, -3/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*Sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]])*((a + b*Cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m + (2*Sqrt[2]*(A - C)*AppellF1[1/2, -1/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*Sin[e + f*x])/(f*Sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]])*((a + b*Cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3234 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1 + Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x])) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^m*(Sqrt[1 + (d/c)*x]/Sqrt[1 - (d/c)*x]), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*m] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0]`

rule 3263 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*Sqrt[1 + Sin[e + f*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[e + f*x]])) Subst[Int[(1 + (b/a)*x)^(m - 1/2)*((c + d*x)^n/Sqrt[1 - (b/a)*x]), x], x, Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && NeQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 3496 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)] + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(A - C) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(1 + Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] + Simp[C Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*(1 + Sin[e + f*x])^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && EqQ[A - B + C, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*m]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(fx + e))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + (A + C) \cos(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (A + C)*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + (A + C) \cos(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (A + C)*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + (A + C) \cos(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + (A + C)*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + A) dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + C*cos(e + f*x)^2 + cos(e + f*x)*(A + C)),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + C*cos(e + f*x)^2 + cos(e + f*x)*(A + C)),x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + (A + C) \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\
&= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) a \\
&\quad + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) c \\
&\quad + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+(A+C)*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m,x)*a + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*a + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*c + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`

### 3.393 $\int (a+b \cos(e+fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e$

Optimal result	2969
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2970
Rubi [A] (verified)	2970
Maple [F]	2973
Fricas [F]	2973
Sympy [F(-1)]	2974
Maxima [F]	2974
Giac [F]	2975
Mupad [F(-1)]	2975
Reduce [F]	2975

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{C(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{1+m} \sin(e + fx)}{bf(2 + m)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}(aC - bB(2 + m)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -1 - m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right) (a + b \cos(e + fx))}{b^2 f(2 + m) \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}(a^2 C + b^2 C(1 + m) + Ab^2(2 + m) - abB(2 + m)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx)), \frac{b(1 - \cos(e + fx))}{a+b}\right)}{b^2 f(2 + m) \sqrt{1 + \cos(e + fx)}}$$

output

```
C*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*sin(f*x+e)/b/f/(2+m)-2^(1/2)*(a*C-b*B*(2+m))*AppellF1(1/2,-1-m,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^(1+m)*((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^(-1-m)*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(2+m)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(a^2*C+b^2*C*(1+m)+A*b^2*(2+m)-a*b*B*(2+m))*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,b*(1-cos(f*x+e))/(a+b),1/2-1/2*cos(f*x+e))*(a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*sin(f*x+e)/b^2/f/(2+m)/(1+cos(f*x+e))^(1/2)/(((a+b*cos(f*x+e))/(a+b))^m)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 16142 vs.  $2(304) = 608$ .

Time = 28.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16142, normalized size of antiderivative = 53.10

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

= Result too large to show

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + B*Cos[e + f*x] + C*Cos[e + f*x]^2),x]
```

output

Result too large to show

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.242$ , Rules used = {3042, 3502, 3042, 3235, 3042, 3144, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \left( a + b \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right)^m \left( A + B \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + C \sin \left( e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3502}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (b(C(m + 1) + A(m + 2)) - (aC - bB(m + 2)) \cos(e + fx)) dx}{b(m + 2)} +$$

$$\frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{\int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m (b(C(m+1) + A(m+2)) + (bB(m+2) - aC) \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2})) dx}{b(m+2) + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}}$$

↓ 3235

$$\frac{(\frac{a^2C - abB(m+2) + Ab^2(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)}{b}) \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m dx - (\frac{aC - bB(m+2)}{b}) \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1} dx}{b(m+2) + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}} +$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{(\frac{a^2C - abB(m+2) + Ab^2(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)}{b}) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^m dx - (\frac{aC - bB(m+2)}{b}) \int (a + b \sin(e + fx + \frac{\pi}{2}))^{m+1} dx}{b(m+2) + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}} +$$

↓ 3144

$$\frac{\frac{\sin(e + fx)(aC - bB(m+2)) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)(a^2C - abB(m+2) + Ab^2(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}}{b(m+2) + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}}$$

↓ 156

$$\frac{(\frac{(a+b) \sin(e + fx)(aC - bB(m+2))(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a + b \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-m} \int \frac{\left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b \cos(e + fx)}{a+b}\right)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} - \frac{\sin(e + fx)(a^2C - abB(m+2) + Ab^2(m+2) + b^2C(m+1)) \int \frac{(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}} d \cos(e + fx)}{bf \sqrt{1 - \cos(e + fx)} \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}}{b(m+2) + \frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}}$$

↓ 155

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sin(e + fx)(a^2C - abB(m+2) + Ab^2(m+2) + b^2C(m+1))(a + b \cos(e + fx))^m \left(\frac{a + b \cos(e + fx)}{a + b}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(e + fx))\right)}{bf \sqrt{\cos(e + fx) + 1}}$$

$$\frac{C \sin(e + fx)(a + b \cos(e + fx))^{m+1}}{bf(m+2)}$$

b(



input `Int[(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*(A + B*cos[e + f*x] + C*cos[e + f*x]^2),x]`

output `(C*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^(1 + m)*sin[e + f*x]/(b*f*(2 + m)) + (-((sqrt[2]*(a + b)*(a*C - b*B*(2 + m))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -1 - m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*sin[e + f*x])/(b*f*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m) + (sqrt[2]*(a^2*C + b^2*C*(1 + m) + A*b^2*(2 + m) - a*b*B*(2 + m))*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -m, 3/2, (1 - Cos[e + f*x])/2, (b*(1 - Cos[e + f*x]))/(a + b)]*(a + b*cos[e + f*x])^m*sin[e + f*x])/(b*f*sqrt[1 + Cos[e + f*x]]*((a + b*cos[e + f*x])/(a + b))^m))/(b*(2 + m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*((b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3144 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[c + d*x]/(d*Sqrt[1 + Sin[c + d*x]]*Sqrt[1 - Sin[c + d*x]]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^(n)/(Sqrt[1 + x]*Sqrt[1 - x]), x], x, Sin[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 3235 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m, x], x] + Simp[d/b Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]`

rule 3502 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)])^(m_)*((A_) + (B_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]) + (C_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-C)*Cos[e + f*x]*((a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])^m*Simp[A*b*(m + 2) + b*C*(m + 1) + (b*B*(m + 2) - a*C)*Sin[e + f*x], x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, A, B, C, m}, x] && !LtQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \cos(fx + e))^m (A + B \cos(fx + e) + C \cos(fx + e)^2) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))**m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)**2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (C \cos(fx + e)^2 + B \cos(fx + e) + A)(b \cos(fx + e) + a)^m dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((C*cos(f*x + e)^2 + B*cos(f*x + e) + A)*(b*cos(f*x + e) + a)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (C \cos(e + fx)^2 + B \cos(e + fx) + A) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2),x)`

output `int((a + b*cos(e + f*x))^m*(A + B*cos(e + f*x) + C*cos(e + f*x)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b \cos(e + fx))^m (A + B \cos(e + fx) + C \cos^2(e + fx)) dx \\ &= \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m dx \right) a + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e) dx \right) b \\ & \quad + \left( \int (\cos(fx + e) b + a)^m \cos(fx + e)^2 dx \right) c \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cos(f*x+e))^m*(A+B*cos(f*x+e)+C*cos(f*x+e)^2),x)`

output `int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m,x)*a + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x),x)*b + int((cos(e + f*x)*b + a)**m*cos(e + f*x)**2,x)*c`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions . . . . .	2977
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	2995

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```



```

    Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
    If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
    If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
    If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result    := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal   := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

        end if
    else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
            print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
    fi;
else # result do not contain complex
    # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
    if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
    fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co

        fi;
    fi;
else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```



```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file