

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

4-Trig-functions/4.4-Cotangent/229-4.4.9

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3.24 $\int \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan(d+ex) dx \dots\dots\dots 226$

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3.28 $\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 259$

3.29 $\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 267$

3.30 $\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx \dots\dots\dots 275$

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [31]. This is test number [229].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Mathematica	100.00 (31)	0.00 (0)
Fricas	100.00 (31)	0.00 (0)
Rubi	90.32 (28)	9.68 (3)
Maple	61.29 (19)	38.71 (12)
Mupad	0.00 (0)	100.00 (31)
Giac	0.00 (0)	100.00 (31)
Maxima	0.00 (0)	100.00 (31)
Reduce	0.00 (0)	100.00 (31)
Sympy	0.00 (0)	100.00 (31)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

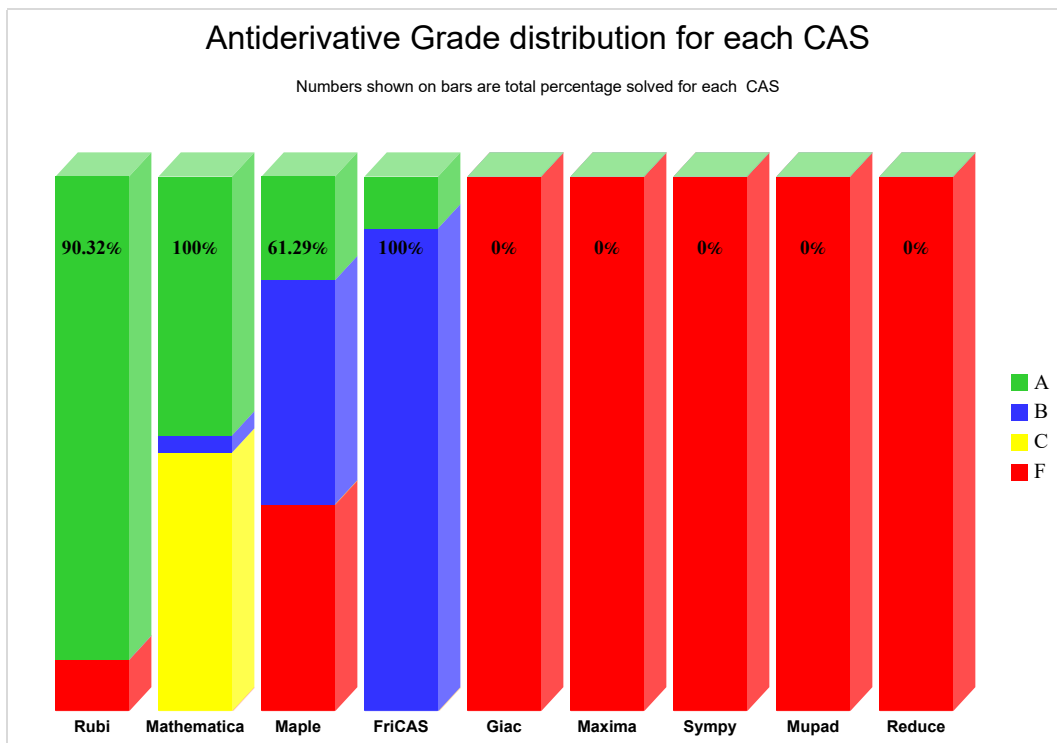
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

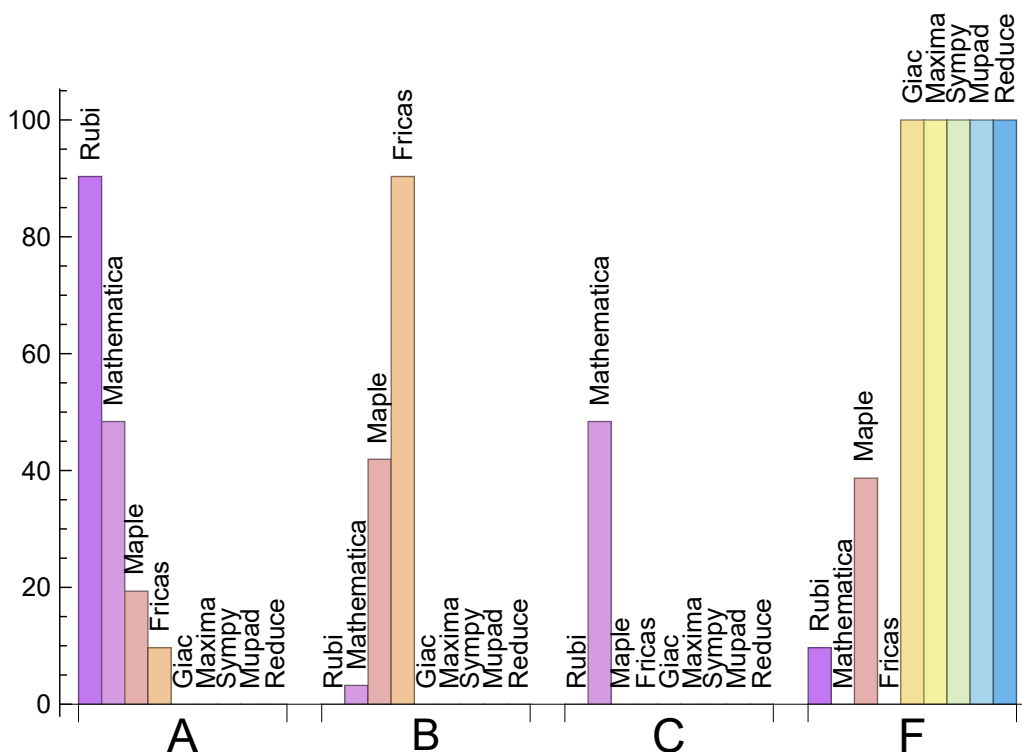
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	90.323	0.000	0.000	9.677
Mathematica	48.387	3.226	48.387	0.000
Maple	19.355	41.935	0.000	38.710
Fricas	9.677	90.323	0.000	0.000
Giac	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000
Mupad	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000
Maxima	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000
Reduce	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000
Sympy	0.000	0.000	0.000	100.000

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rubi	3	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	12	50.00	50.00	0.00
Mupad	31	0.00	100.00	0.00
Giac	31	12.90	38.71	48.39
Maxima	31	58.06	22.58	19.35
Reduce	31	100.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	31	93.55	6.45	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maple	1.11
Rubi	2.22
Mathematica	3.41
Fricas	4.41
Sympy	-nan(ind)
Reduce	-nan(ind)
Maxima	-nan(ind)
Giac	-nan(ind)
Mupad	-nan(ind)

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Rubi	403.07	0.99	286.00	0.98
Mathematica	490.55	1.22	339.00	1.25
Fricas	14313.77	23.76	5018.00	14.55
Maple	6341491.84	10466.76	686.00	3.17
Sympy	-nan(ind)	-nan(ind)	nan	nan
Reduce	-nan(ind)	-nan(ind)	nan	nan
Maxima	-nan(ind)	-nan(ind)	nan	nan
Giac	-nan(ind)	-nan(ind)	nan	nan
Mupad	-nan(ind)	-nan(ind)	nan	nan

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

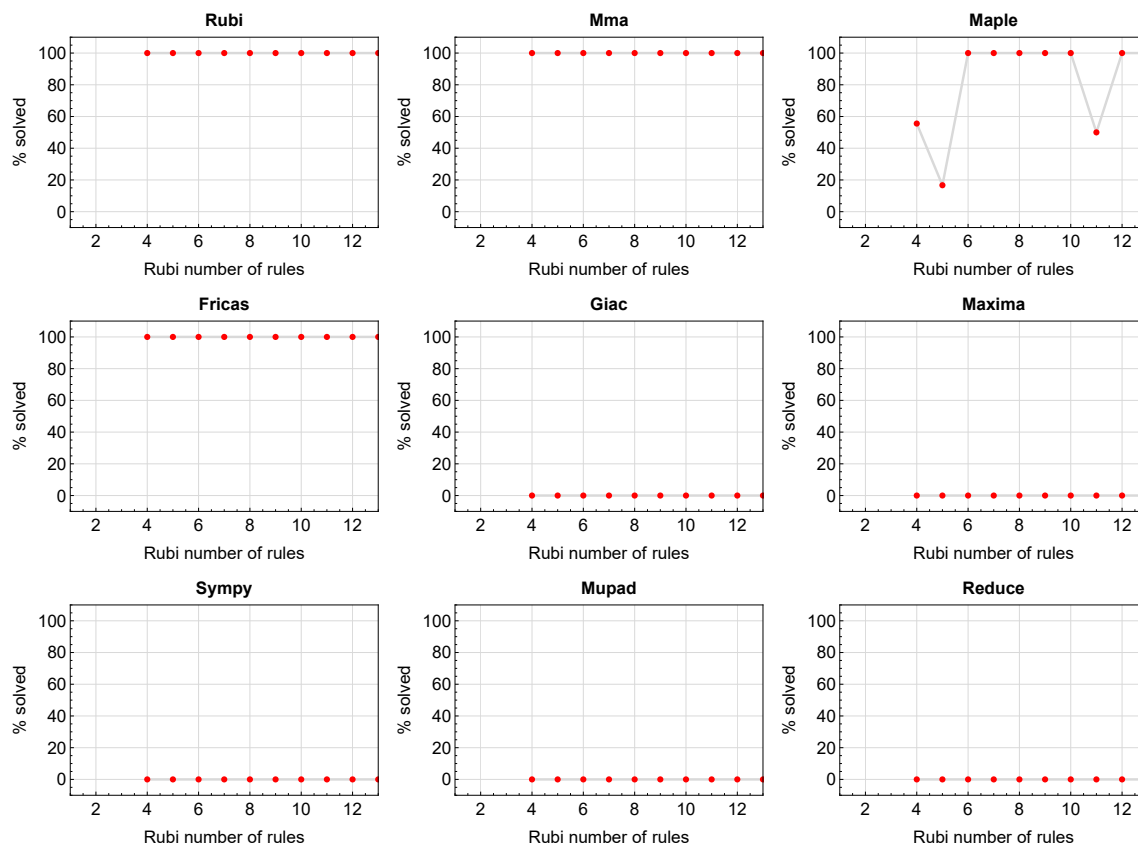


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

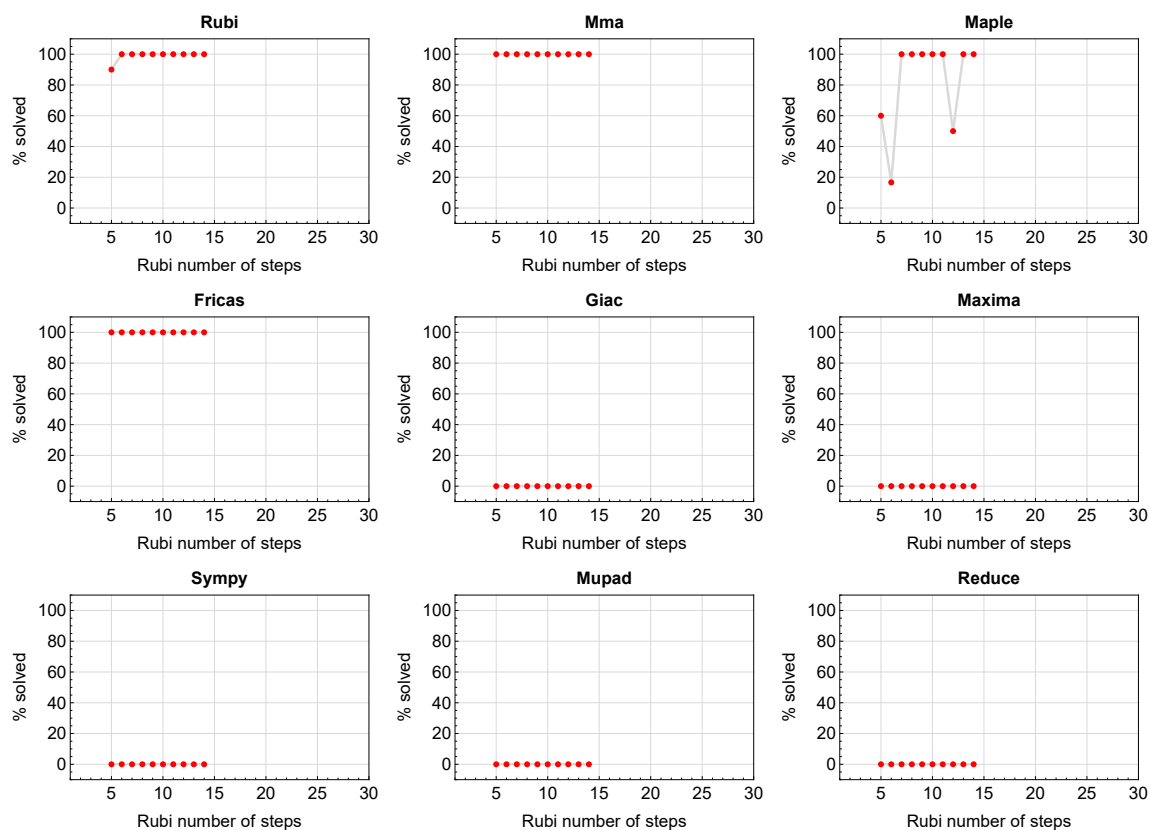


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram shows that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

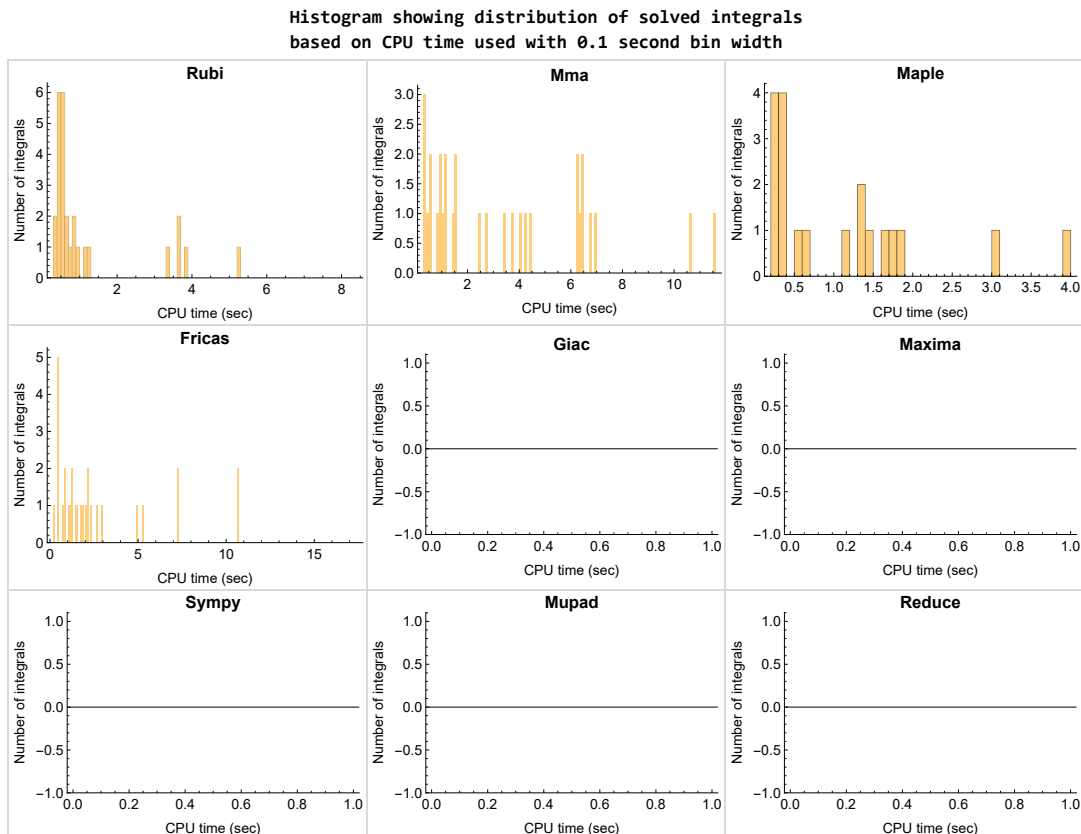


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

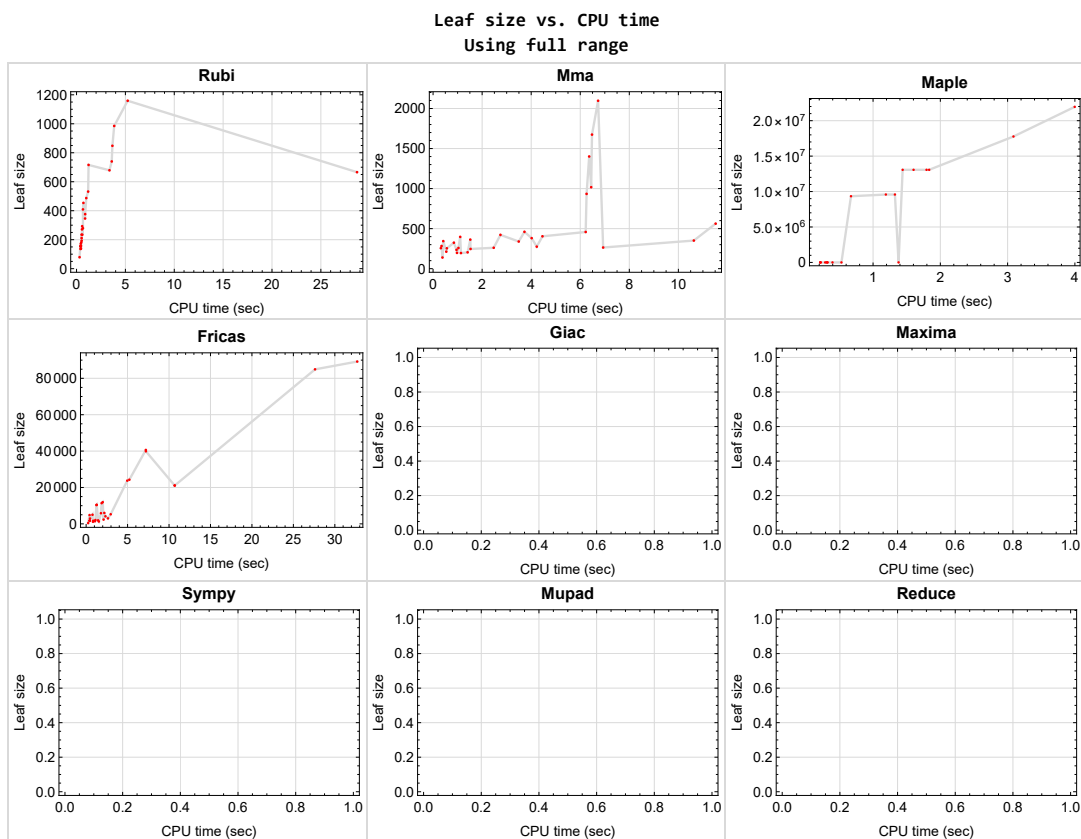


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {20, 25, 31}

Mathematica {31}

Maple {1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

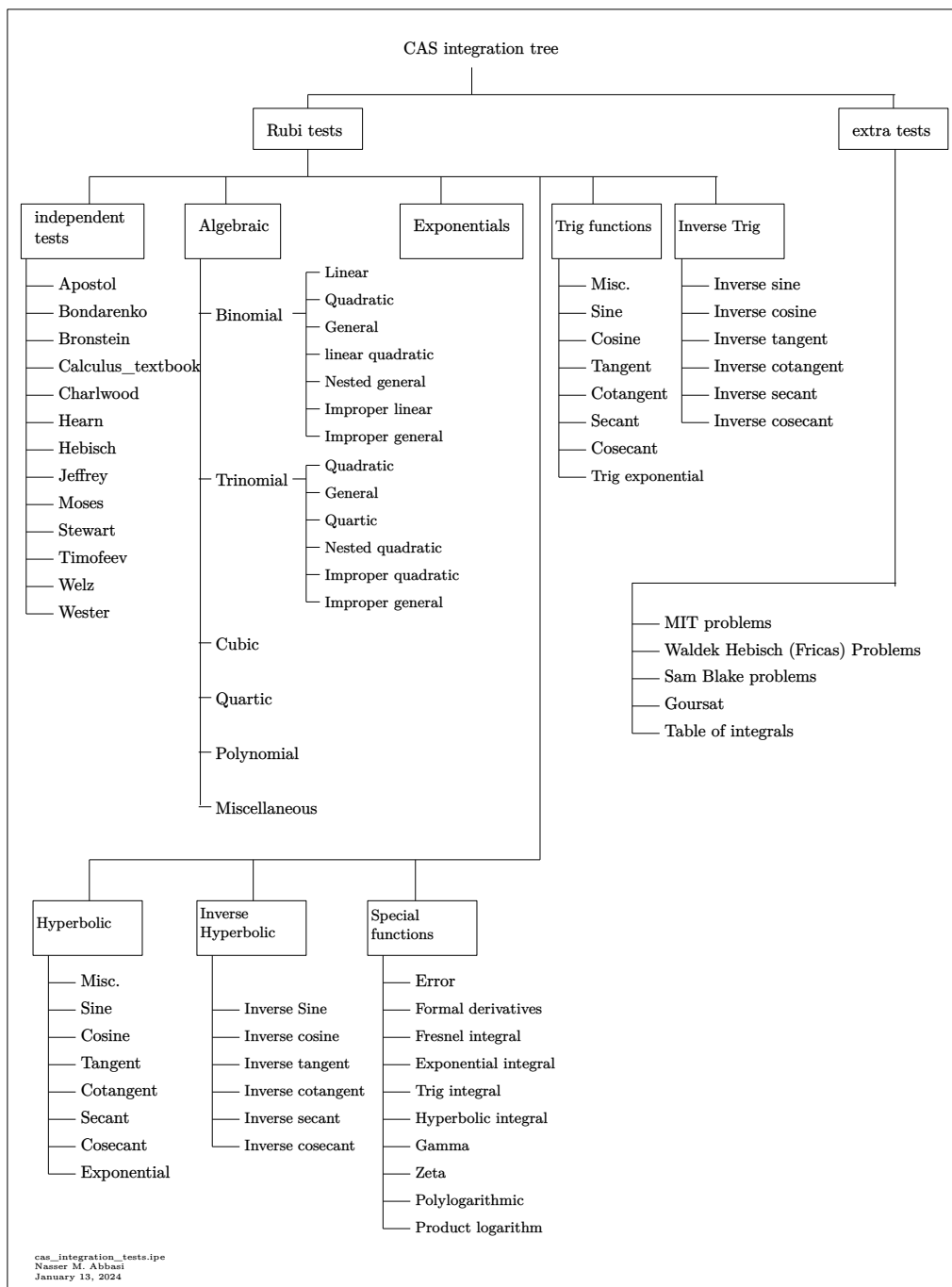
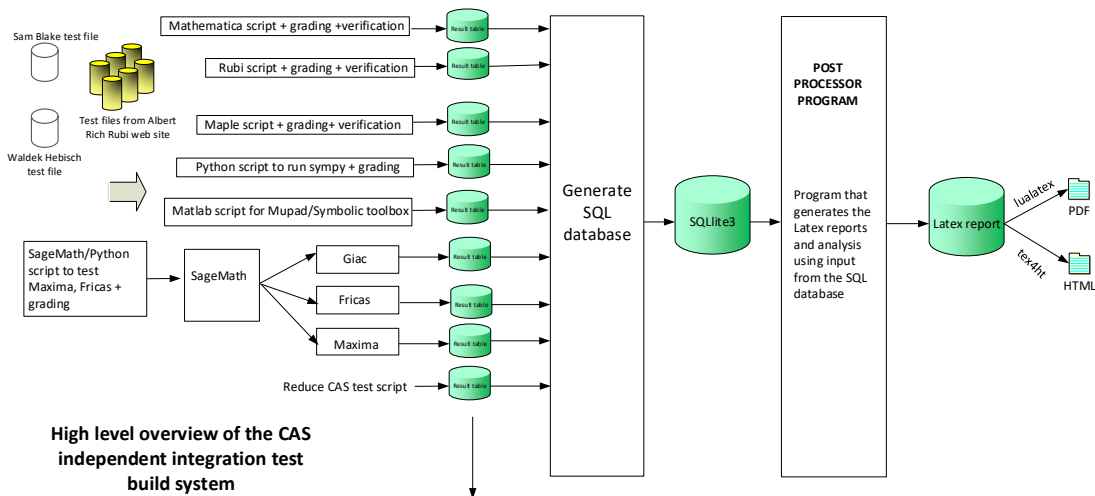


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

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January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	24
Mma	24
Maple	25
Fricas	25
Maxima	25
Giac	26
Mupad	26
Sympy	26
Reduce	27

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 6, 8, 9 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

B grade { 21 }

C grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 26, 27, 28, 29 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 19, 20, 24, 25, 30, 31 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 4, 5, 8, 9, 14, 15 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 20, 24, 25 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maxima

A grade { }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 20, 31 }

F(-2) exception fail { 3, 8, 12, 13, 26, 30 }

Giac

A grade { }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 6, 7, 8, 9 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

F(-2) exception fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 24, 25 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 10, 11 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,
25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	547	532	458	9581343	0	24271	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.84	17516.17	0.00	44.37	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.186	6.221	1.190	0.000	5.214	0.000	0.000	0.177	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	384	376	397	9581108	0	23749	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.03	24950.80	0.00	61.85	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.884	1.106	1.325	0.000	4.963	0.000	0.000	0.184	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	293	256	9338543	0	5853	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	31763.75	0.00	19.91	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.319	0.672	0.000	1.787	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	349	346	344	0	0	10333	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.99	0.00	0.00	29.61	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.874	0.416	180.000	0.000	1.247	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	501	487	422	0	0	10495	0	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.84	0.00	0.00	20.95	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.997	2.747	180.000	0.000	1.276	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	747	0	381	21948621	0	11927	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.51	29382.36	0.00	15.97	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	4.019	3.997	0.000	2.003	0.000	0.000	0.193	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	602	666	324	17767874	0	11381	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.54	29514.74	0.00	18.91	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	28.700	0.848	3.087	0.000	1.869	0.000	0.000	0.196	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	570	0	283	0	0	4847	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	8.50	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.346	180.000	0.000	0.416	0.000	0.000	11.715	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F(-1)	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	691	0	363	0	0	5018	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	7.26	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.517	180.000	0.000	0.769	0.000	0.000	200.016	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1189	1159	2097	13067599	0	89207	0	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.76	10990.41	0.00	75.03	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	5.232	6.727	1.834	0.000	32.699	0.000	0.000	0.172	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-1)	B	F(-1)	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	865	848	1674	13066867	0	84933	0	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.94	15106.20	0.00	98.19	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.669	6.479	1.602	0.000	27.614	0.000	0.000	0.165	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	686	679	404	13066491	0	21092	0	0	753	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.59	19047.36	0.00	30.75	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.368	4.460	1.795	0.000	10.692	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	635	716	460	13066366	0	21090	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.72	20576.95	0.00	33.21	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.231	3.725	1.440	0.000	10.678	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	749	740	934	0	0	39885	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.25	0.00	0.00	53.25	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.602	6.258	180.000	0.000	7.211	0.000	0.000	0.169	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F(-1)	F(-1)	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1008	985	1401	0	0	40633	0	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.39	0.00	0.00	40.31	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.854	6.364	180.000	0.000	7.203	0.000	0.000	0.178	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	181	261	232	0	2100	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.43	1.27	0.00	11.54	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	2.472	0.530	0.000	1.120	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	136	212	153	0	1695	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.50	1.09	0.00	12.02	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.408	0.539	0.319	0.000	0.852	0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	139	102	0	433	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.76	1.29	0.00	5.48	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.383	0.397	0.000	0.245	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	138	197	0	0	1141	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.39	0.00	0.00	8.04	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	0.976	0.000	0.000	0.829	0.000	0.000	0.163	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-1)	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	235	258	0	0	1444	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.04	0.00	0.00	5.80	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	1.033	0.000	0.000	1.065	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	279	1017	455	0	3019	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.03	3.77	1.69	0.00	11.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	6.445	0.324	0.000	2.635	0.000	0.000	0.510	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	211	275	318	0	2344	0	0	1107	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.32	1.52	0.00	11.22	0.00	0.00	5.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	4.227	0.308	0.000	2.104	0.000	0.000	0.402	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	173	246	217	0	1932	0	0	717	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.37	1.21	0.00	10.79	0.00	0.00	4.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	1.528	0.288	0.000	1.444	0.000	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	193	254	0	0	2954	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.25	0.00	0.00	14.55	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.562	0.000	0.000	0.470	0.000	0.000	0.171	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	435	409	235	0	0	1282	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.54	0.00	0.00	2.95	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.658	0.956	0.000	0.000	1.534	0.000	0.000	200.016	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	234	339	686	0	6011	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.44	2.91	0.00	25.47	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	3.492	1.379	0.000	2.194	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	159	204	507	0	1743	0	0	802	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.28	3.17	0.00	10.89	0.00	0.00	5.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	1.408	0.214	0.000	0.453	0.000	0.000	0.351	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	152	195	457	0	1717	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.27	2.99	0.00	11.22	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	1.136	0.224	0.000	0.416	0.000	0.000	0.335	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	155	264	406	0	1771	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.69	2.60	0.00	11.35	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	6.934	0.214	0.000	0.430	0.000	0.000	0.550	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	271	351	0	0	4153	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.25	0.00	0.00	14.83	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	10.630	0.000	0.000	2.330	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-1)	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	478	454	562	0	0	5274	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.18	0.00	0.00	11.03	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.704	11.519	0.000	0.000	2.965	0.000	0.000	0.312	0.000

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [7] had the largest ratio of [.41935499999999978]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	4	0.97	33	0.121
2	A	5	4	0.98	33	0.121
3	A	7	6	1.00	31	0.194
4	A	5	4	0.99	31	0.129
5	A	5	4	0.97	33	0.121
6	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
7	A	14	13	1.11	31	0.419
8	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
9	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
10	A	5	4	0.97	33	0.121
11	A	5	4	0.98	33	0.121
12	A	5	4	0.99	33	0.121
13	A	10	9	1.13	31	0.290
14	A	5	4	0.99	31	0.129
15	A	5	4	0.98	33	0.121
16	A	11	10	0.99	35	0.286
17	A	9	8	0.96	35	0.229
18	A	6	5	1.00	33	0.152
19	A	6	5	0.97	33	0.152
20	A	6	5	0.94	35	0.143
21	A	13	12	1.03	35	0.343

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	11	10	1.01	35	0.286
23	A	11	10	0.97	33	0.303
24	A	12	11	0.95	33	0.333
25	A	6	5	0.94	35	0.143
26	A	12	11	0.99	35	0.314
27	A	8	7	0.99	35	0.200
28	A	8	7	0.99	35	0.200
29	A	8	7	0.99	33	0.212
30	A	6	5	0.97	33	0.152
31	A	6	5	0.95	35	0.143

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.16	$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$	160
3.17	$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$	169
3.18	$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$	177
3.19	$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$	184
3.20	$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$	191
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3.25	$\int \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^3(d+ex) dx$	234
3.26	$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$	242
3.27	$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$	251
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3.29	$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$	267
3.30	$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$	275
3.31	$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$	281

3.1
$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

Optimal result	40
Mathematica [C] (verified)	41
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 547

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$- \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{b(5b^2-12ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{16c^{7/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}{ce}$$

$$- \frac{\cot^2(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}{3ce}$$

$$- \frac{(15b^2-16ac-10bc \cot(d+ex))\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}{24c^3e}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a+c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a+c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a+c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e-1/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e+1/16*b*(-12*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/e+(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)/c/e-1/3*cot(e*x+d)^2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)/c/e-1/24*(15*b^2-16*a*c-10*b*c*cot(e*x+d))*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)/c^3/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)} \tan(d+ex) \left(-3b\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{a+ib-c}(5b^2-4c(3a+2c)) \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)} \tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{a+ib-c}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
-1/48*(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]*(-3*b*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*(5*b^2 - 4*c*(3*a + 2*c))*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])] + 2*Sqrt[c]*((12*I)*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*c^3*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])] + Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*((12*I)*c^3*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])] + Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Cot[d + e*x]*(15*b^2 - 8*c*(2*a + 3*c) - 10*b*c*Cot[d + e*x] + 8*c^2*Cot[d + e*x]^2)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]))) / (Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*c^(7/2)*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 532, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^5}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} \right) d\cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+b\cot(d+ex)-c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a}-c\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+b\cot(d+ex)-c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a}-c\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[d + e*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\left(\left(\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\right)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b\cot[d+ex]}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right]\right) \\
& + \left(\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\right)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b\cot[d+ex]}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right] \\
& + \left(\frac{b+2c\cot[d+ex]}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\cot[d+ex]+c\cot[d+ex]^2}}\right) \\
& - \left(\frac{b(5b^2-12ac)\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b+2c\cot[d+ex]}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\cot[d+ex]+c\cot[d+ex]^2}}\right]}{16c^{7/2}}\right) \\
& - \sqrt{a+b\cot[d+ex]+c\cot[d+ex]^2}/c + \left(\frac{\cot[d+ex]^2\sqrt{a+b\cot[d+ex]+c\cot[d+ex]^2}}{3c}\right) \\
& + \left(\frac{(15b^2-16ac-10bc\cot[d+ex])\sqrt{a+b\cot[d+ex]+c\cot[d+ex]^2}}{24c^3}\right)/e
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{IntSum}[u, x], x] \;/; \operatorname{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042

$$\operatorname{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \;/; \operatorname{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4184

$$\begin{aligned}
& \operatorname{Int}[\cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(\cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.)^{(n_.)} + (c_.)*(\cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \\
& \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-f/e \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^p/(f^2 + x^2)), \\
& x], x, f*\cot[d + ex]], x] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 7276

$$\operatorname{Int}[(u_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{v = \operatorname{RationalFunctionExpand}[u/(a + b*x^n), x]\}, \operatorname{Int}[v, x] \;/; \operatorname{SumQ}[v] \;/; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0]$$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9581343, normalized size of antiderivative = 17516.17

output too large to display

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 12125 vs. $2(484) = 968$.

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24271, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.37

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)**5/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(ex+d)+b\cot(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)^5/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex + d)^2 c + \cot(ex + d) b + a} \cot(ex + d)^5}{\cot(ex + d)^2 c + \cot(ex + d) b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.2 \quad \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

Optimal result	47
Mathematica [C] (verified)	48
Rubi [A] (verified)	48
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	50
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	50
Sympy [F]	51
Maxima [F]	51
Giac [F(-2)]	51
Mupad [F(-1)]	52
Reduce [F]	52

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 384

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}{ce}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e-1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e+1/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e-(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)/c/e
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)} \tan(d+ex) \left(b\sqrt{a-ib}-c\sqrt{a+ib}-c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+b\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a}}\right) \right)}{2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]*(b*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])] + I*Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*c*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])] + Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*(c*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])] + (2*I)*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*c^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot(d+ex)^2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex)$$

↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} \right) d\cot(d+ex)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+b\cot(d+ex)-c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a-c}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+b\cot(d+ex)+c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+c}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}}$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2],x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2] + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]])*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])) + (Sqrt[a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2] + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]])*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - (b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))]/(2*c^(3/2)) + Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]/c)/e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 7276

```
Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> With[{v = RationalFunctionE
xpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9581108, normalized size of antiderivative = 24950.80

output too large to display

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11864 vs. 2(339) = 678.

Time = 4.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23749, normalized size of antiderivative = 61.85

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(ex+d)+b\cot(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument
Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{c\cot(d+ex)^2+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} dx$$

input

```
int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} \cot(ex+d)^3}{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} dx \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d
+ e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a), x)
```

3.3 $\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{i\left(\sqrt{a-ib-c}\arctan\left(\frac{ib-2c+(2ia-b)\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a+ib-c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right)\right) + \sqrt{a+ib-c}\arctan\left(\frac{ib+2c+(2ia+b)\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{a+ib-c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]`

output `((-1/2*I)*(Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])) + Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x]]/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x] / (Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.194$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1369, 25, 1363, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4184}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_.), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a}) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 1363 $\text{Int}[(\text{g}_.) + (\text{h}_.) * (\text{x}_.) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 * \text{a} * \text{g} * \text{h} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[2 * \text{a}^2 * \text{g} * \text{h} * \text{c} + \text{a} * \text{e} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Simp}[\text{a} * \text{h} - \text{g} * \text{c} * \text{x}, \text{x}]/\text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x} + \text{f} * \text{x}^2]], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{h}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{a} * \text{h}^2 * \text{e} + 2 * \text{g} * \text{h} * (\text{c} * \text{d} - \text{a} * \text{f}) - \text{g}^2 * \text{c} * \text{e}, 0]$
- rule 1369 $\text{Int}[(\text{g}_.) + (\text{h}_.) * (\text{x}_.) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2)], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[(\text{c} * \text{d} - \text{a} * \text{f})^2 + \text{a} * \text{c} * \text{e}^2, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2 * \text{q}) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[(-\text{a}) * \text{h} * \text{e} - \text{g} * (\text{c} * \text{d} - \text{a} * \text{f} - \text{q}) + (\text{h} * (\text{c} * \text{d} - \text{a} * \text{f} + \text{q}) - \text{g} * \text{c} * \text{e}) * \text{x}, \text{x}] / ((\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2) * \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x} + \text{f} * \text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2 * \text{q}) \quad \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[(-\text{a}) * \text{h} * \text{e} - \text{g} * (\text{c} * \text{d} - \text{a} * \text{f} + \text{q}) + (\text{h} * (\text{c} * \text{d} - \text{a} * \text{f} - \text{q}) - \text{g} * \text{c} * \text{e}) * \text{x}, \text{x}] / ((\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2) * \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x} + \text{f} * \text{x}^2]), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{h}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{e}^2 - 4 * \text{d} * \text{f}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[(-\text{a}) * \text{c}]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_., \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[\text{u}, \text{x}]$
- rule 4184 $\text{Int}[\text{cot}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.)]^{(\text{m}_.)} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{cot}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.)] * (\text{f}_.)^{(\text{n}_.)} + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{cot}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_.)] * (\text{f}_.)^{(\text{n}2_.)})^{(\text{p}_.)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{f}/\text{e} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{x}/\text{f})^{\text{m}} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}} + \text{c} * \text{x}^{(2 * \text{n})})^{\text{p}} / (\text{f}^2 + \text{x}^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{f} * \text{Cot}[\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{n}2, 2 * \text{n}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4 * \text{a} * \text{c}, 0]$

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9338543, normalized size of antiderivative = 31763.75

output too large to display

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5853 vs. $2(261) = 522$.

Time = 1.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5853, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.91

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot(d+ex)^2+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} \cot(ex+d)}{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.4 \quad \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

Optimal result	60
Mathematica [C] (verified)	61
Rubi [A] (verified)	61
Maple [F(-1)]	63
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	63
Sympy [F]	64
Maxima [F]	64
Giac [F(-2)]	64
Mupad [F(-1)]	65
Reduce [F]	65

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 349

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae}} + \frac{\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e} - \frac{\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

output

```
arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e-1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(i\sqrt{a}\left(\sqrt{a-ib-c} \arctan\left(\frac{ib-2c+(2ia-b)\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a+ib-c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right)\right) + \sqrt{a+ib-c} \arctan\left(\frac{ib+2c+(2ia+b)\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a-ib-c}}$$

```
input Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2],x]
```

```
output ((I*Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])]/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])) + Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])]/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])) + 2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2))]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot(d+ex)^2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} \right) d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+b\cot(d+ex)-c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a-c}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a}\right)}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]`

output `-((- (ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)])/Sqrt[a]) - (Sqrt[a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2] + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) + (Sqrt[a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2] + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))/e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  => Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 7276

```
Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] => With[{v = RationalFunctionE
xpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0]
```

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input

```
int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5166 vs. $2(308) = 616$.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10333, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.61

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="f
ricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot(ex+d)^2+b\cot(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(e*x + d)/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c \cot(d+ex)^2+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} \tan(ex+d)}{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*tan(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a),x)`

$$3.5 \quad \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

Optimal result	66
Mathematica [C] (verified)	67
Rubi [A] (verified)	68
Maple [F(-1)]	70
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	70
Sympy [F]	70
Maxima [F]	71
Giac [F(-2)]	71
Mupad [F(-1)]	71
Reduce [F]	72

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 501

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{ae}}$$

$$+ \frac{(3b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}+b \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a-c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}e}$$

$$- \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} \tan(d+ex)}{4a^2e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex)}{2ae}$$

output

```

-arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/e+1/8*(-4*a*c+3*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/e-1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)+b*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)/e-3/4*b*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)/a^2/e+1/2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/a/e

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\cot(d+ex)\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}\left(\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{a+ib-c}(8a^2-3b^2+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-ib-c}\sqrt{a+ib-c}}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]
```

output

```

-1/8*(Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*(Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*(8*a^2 - 3*b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]) + 2*Sqrt[a]*((2*I)*a^2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]) + Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*((2*I)*a^2*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]) + Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*(3*b - 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)))/(a^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} \right) d\cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{(3b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a}-c\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a+b\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a}-c\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Tan[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]
```

output

```

-((ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*
Cot[d + e*x]^2))]/Sqrt[a] - ((3*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x])
/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))])/(8*a^(5/2)) + (
Sqrt[a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])*ArcTanh[(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^
2 - 2*a*c + c^2] + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 -
2*a*c + c^2])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt
[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - (Sqrt[a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])*
ArcTanh[(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2] + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*
Sqrt[a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Co
t[d + e*x]^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) + (3*b*Sqrt[a + b
*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x])/(4*a^2) - (Sqrt[a + b*Cot[
d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*a))/e

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(
f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 7276

```
Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionE
xpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0]
```

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5247 vs. 2(442) = 884.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10495, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.95

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(ex+d)+b\cot(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex + d)^2 c + \cot(ex + d) b + a} \tan(ex + d)^3}{\cot(ex + d)^2 c + \cot(ex + d) b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a))*tan(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a),x)`

3.6 $\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx$

Optimal result	73
Mathematica [C] (verified)	74
Rubi [F]	75
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	76
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	77
Sympy [F]	77
Maxima [F]	77
Giac [F]	78
Mupad [F(-1)]	78
Reduce [F]	79

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 747

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e} \\
 &+ \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ce}} \\
 &- \frac{b(b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{16c^{5/2}e} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}}{e} \\
 &+ \frac{b(b + 2c \cot(d + ex)) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}}{8c^2e} \\
 &- \frac{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}}{3ce}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2}(a^2+b^2+c(c+(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})-a(2c+(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}(b^2+(a-c)(a-c-(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})-b(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})\cot(ex+d)\right)^{1/2}/(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/4}/(a^2+b^2+c(c+(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})-a(2c+(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})^{1/2}/(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/4}/e+1/2b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(b+2c\cot(ex+d))/c^{1/2}/(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2}\right)/c^{1/2}/(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2})/e-1/16b(-4ac+b^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(b+2c\cot(ex+d))/c^{1/2}/(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2}\right)/c^{5/2}/e-1/2(a^2+b^2+c(c-(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})-a(2c-(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2}(b^2+(a-c)(a-c+(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})+b(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})\cot(ex+d)\right)^{1/2}/(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/4}/(a^2+b^2+c(c-(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2})-a(2c-(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})^{1/2}/(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{1/4}/e+(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2}/e+1/8b(b+2c\cot(ex+d))(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{1/2}/c^2/e-1/3(a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot(ex+d)^2)^{3/2}/c/e$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}\tan(d+ex)\left(-3b(b^2-4c(a+2c))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+b\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

input

Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]

output

$$\left(\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}\tan(d+ex)\left(-3b(b^2-4c(a+2c))\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2c+b\tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right]\right)+2\sqrt{c}\left((12I)\sqrt{a+Ib-c}c^2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(Ib-2c+((2I)a-b)\tan(d+ex))}{(2\sqrt{a+Ib-c})\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right]\right)+(12I)\sqrt{a-Ib-c}c^2\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(Ib+2c+((2I)a+b)\tan(d+ex))}{(2\sqrt{a-Ib-c})\sqrt{c+b\tan(d+ex)+a\tan^2(d+ex)}}\right]\right)+\cot(d+ex)\left(3b^2-8ac+24c^2-2b^2c\cot(d+ex)-8c^2\cot(d+ex)^2\right)\sqrt{c+b\cot(d+ex)+a\cot^2(d+ex)}\right)/(48c^{5/2}e\sqrt{c+b\cot(d+ex)+a\cot^2(d+ex)})$$

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \cot(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a + b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \int \left(\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\
 & \int \left(\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 4.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21948621, normalized size of antiderivative = 29382.36

output too large to display

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5953 vs. $2(670) = 1340$.

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11927, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.97

$$\int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \cot^3(d + ex) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)*cot(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot(ex + d)^2 + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \cot(ex + d)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*cot(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot(ex + d)^2 + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \cot(ex + d)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*cot(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \cot(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{c \cot(d + ex)^2 + b \cot(d + ex) + a} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{\cot^2(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a} \cot^3(ex+d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**3,x)`

3.7 $\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx$

Optimal result	80
Mathematica [C] (verified)	81
Rubi [A] (verified)	82
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	86
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	87
Sympy [F]	87
Maxima [F]	87
Giac [F]	88
Mupad [F(-1)]	88
Reduce [F]	89

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 602

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx = \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e} \\
 & - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c\cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ce}} \\
 & + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a^2+b^2+c*(c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(b^2+(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/(a^2+b^2+c*(c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/e-1/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a^2+b^2+c*(c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2+(a-c)*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))+b*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/(a^2+b^2+c*(c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/e-(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} \tan(d+ex) \left(\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{2c+b \tan(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{c+b \tan(d+ex)+a \tan^2(d+ex)}} \right) + \sqrt{c} \left(i\sqrt{a} \right) \right)}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2], x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]*(b*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]) + Sqrt[c]*(I*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]) + I*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]) + 2*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 28.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.419$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1354, 27, 2144, 27, 1092, 219, 1369, 25, 1363, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1354} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} - \int \frac{-b \cot^2(d+ex)-2(a-c) \cot(d+ex)+b}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-b \cot^2(d+ex)-2(a-c) \cot(d+ex)+b}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2144} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex) - \int \frac{2(b-(a-c) \cot(d+ex))}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex) \right) + \sqrt{a}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex) - 2 \int \frac{b-(a-c) \cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex) \right) + \sqrt{a}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1092}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(2b \int \frac{1}{4c - \frac{(b+2c \cot(d+ex))^2}{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}} d \frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}} - 2 \int \frac{b-(a-c) \cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}} d \cot(d+ex) \right) + \sqrt{a+b}$$

e

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2 \int \frac{b-(a-c) \cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}} d \cot(d+ex) \right) + \sqrt{a+b}$$

e

↓ 1369

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{b\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2} - (b^2+(a-c)(a-c+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})) \cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} \right) \right) + \sqrt{a+b}$$

e

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2} b + (b^2+(a-c)(a-c-\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})) \cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}} \right) \right) + \sqrt{a+b}$$

e

↓ 1363

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2 \left(b((a-c)(\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2} + a-c) + b^2) \int \frac{1}{b(b^2+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})} \right) \right) + \sqrt{a+b}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex) + c \cot^2(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2 \left(b((a-c)(\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2} + a-c) + b^2) \int \frac{1}{b(b^2+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})} \right) \right) + \sqrt{a+b}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - 2 \left(\frac{\left((a-c)\left(\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a-c\right)+b^2\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}\sqrt{-a(2c-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2})}} \right)$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2],x]`

output `-((((b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))]/Sqrt[c] - 2*(-(((b^2 + (a - c)*(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))*ArcTan[(b^2 + (a - c)*(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2))^(1/4)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 + c*(c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - a*(2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]))]/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2))^(1/4)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 + c*(c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - a*(2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))]) + ((b^2 + (a - c)*(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))*ArcTanh[(b^2 + (a - c)*(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) + b*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2))^(1/4)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 + c*(c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - a*(2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]))]/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2))^(1/4)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 + c*(c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - a*(2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))])/2 + Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4 \cdot c - x^2)], x], x, (b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1354 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot) + (h_ \cdot)(x_) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_) + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((d_ \cdot) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h \cdot (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot ((d + f \cdot x^2)^{q+1} / (2 \cdot f \cdot (p + q + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot f \cdot (p + q + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{p-1} \cdot (d + f \cdot x^2)^q \cdot \text{Simp}[h \cdot p \cdot (b \cdot d) + a \cdot (-2 \cdot g \cdot f) \cdot (p + q + 1) + (2 \cdot h \cdot p \cdot (c \cdot d - a \cdot f) + b \cdot (-2 \cdot g \cdot f) \cdot (p + q + 1)) \cdot x + (h \cdot p \cdot (-b) \cdot f) + c \cdot (-2 \cdot g \cdot f) \cdot (p + q + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, f, g, h, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p + q + 1, 0]$

rule 1363 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot) + (h_ \cdot)(x_)] / (((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(d_ \cdot) + (e_ \cdot)(x_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot a \cdot g \cdot h \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[2 \cdot a^2 \cdot g \cdot h \cdot c + a \cdot e \cdot x^2, x], x], x, \text{Simp}[a \cdot h - g \cdot c \cdot x, x]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x + f \cdot x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a \cdot h^2 \cdot e + 2 \cdot g \cdot h \cdot (c \cdot d - a \cdot f) - g^2 \cdot c \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1369 $\text{Int}[(g_ \cdot) + (h_ \cdot)(x_)] / (((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(d_ \cdot) + (e_ \cdot)(x_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[(c \cdot d - a \cdot f)^2 + a \cdot c \cdot e^2, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot q) \ \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot h \cdot e - g \cdot (c \cdot d - a \cdot f - q) + (h \cdot (c \cdot d - a \cdot f + q) - g \cdot c \cdot e) \cdot x, x] / ((a + c \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x + f \cdot x^2]), x], x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot q) \ \text{Int}[\text{Simp}[(-a) \cdot h \cdot e - g \cdot (c \cdot d - a \cdot f + q) + (h \cdot (c \cdot d - a \cdot f - q) - g \cdot c \cdot e) \cdot x, x] / ((a + c \cdot x^2) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x + f \cdot x^2]), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[e^2 - 4 \cdot d \cdot f, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[(-a) \cdot c]$

rule 2144

```
Int[(Px_)/(((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_) + (f_)*(x_)^2]),
x_Symbol] :> With[{A = Coeff[Px, x, 0], B = Coeff[Px, x, 1], C = Coeff[Px,
x, 2]}, Simp[C/c Int[1/Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2], x], x] + Simp[1/c Int[(A*
c - a*C + B*c*x)/((a + c*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a,
c, d, e, f}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x, 2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*(
f_))^(n_) + (c_)*(cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*(f_))^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17767874, normalized size of antiderivative = 29514.74

output too large to display

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5680 vs. $2(543) = 1086$.

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11381, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.91

$$\int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \cot(d + ex) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)*cot(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot(ex + d)^2 + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \cot(ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*cot(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot(ex + d)^2 + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \cot(ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*cot(e*x + d), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{c \cot(d + ex)^2 + b \cot(d + ex) + a} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{\cot(ex + d)^2 c + \cot(ex + d) b + a} \cot(ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x),x)`

3.8 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$

Optimal result	90
Mathematica [C] (verified)	91
Rubi [F]	92
Maple [F(-1)]	96
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	97
Sympy [F]	97
Maxima [F(-2)]	97
Giac [F]	98
Mupad [F(-1)]	98
Reduce [F]	99

Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 570

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + b \cot(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}}\right)}{e} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c \left(c + \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) - a \left(2c + \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right)} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2 + (a-c)(a-c - \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2})} - b \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2}^{1/4} / \left(a^2 + b^2 + c \left(c + \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) - a \left(2c + \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) \right)^{1/2} / \left(a + b \cot(e*x+d) + c \cot(e*x+d)^2 \right)^{1/2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2}^{1/4} / e + a^{1/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2a + b \cot(e*x+d)} \right) / a^{1/2} / \left(a + b \cot(e*x+d) + c \cot(e*x+d)^2 \right)^{1/2} / e - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c \left(c - \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) - a \left(2c - \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right)} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2 + (a-c)(a-c + \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2})} + b \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2}^{1/4} / \left(a^2 + b^2 + c \left(c - \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) - a \left(2c - \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2} \right) \right)^{1/2} / \left(a + b \cot(e*x+d) + c \cot(e*x+d)^2 \right)^{1/2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2}^{1/4} / e$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{i \left(\sqrt{a + ib - c} \arctan \left(\frac{ib - 2c + (2ia - b) \tan(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a + ib - c} \sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex)} + a \tan^2(d + ex)} \right) + \sqrt{a - ib - c} \arctan \left(\frac{ib + 2c + (2ia + b) \tan(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - ib - c} \sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex)} + a \tan^2(d + ex)} \right) \right)}{2e\sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x], x]
```

output

```
((I*(Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]]/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])) + Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x]]/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])) + 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]]/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)^2}}{\cot(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad e \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} \right) d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad e \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{7239} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad e \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} \right) d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad e \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{7239} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad e \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} \right) d \cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad e \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{7239}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7276

$$\frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7276

$$\frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7276

$$\frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7276

$$\frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7276

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex) \\
 \downarrow 7239 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 7276 \\
 \frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 7239 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 7276 \\
 \frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) - \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} \right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 \downarrow 7239 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x], x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7239 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = SimplifyIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SimplifierIntegrandQ[v, u, x]]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2423 vs. 2(515) = 1030.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4847, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.50

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)*tan(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested
additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may*
help (example of legal syntax is 'assume((c-b-a)*(c+b-a)>0)', see `assume
?` for mor
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{c \cot^2(ex + d) + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="g
iac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*tan(e*x + d), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \tan(d + ex) \sqrt{c \cot^2(d + ex) + b \cot(d + ex) + a} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(tan(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{\cot^2(ex + d)c + \cot(ex + d)b + a} \tan(ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `int(sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*tan(d + e*x),x)`

3.9 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 691

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}\right) - \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + b \cot(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}}\right) - (b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{e}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}e} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c(c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}) - a(2c - \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a^2 + b^2 - 2ac + c^2}e}\right) + (2a + b \cot(d + ex))\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^2(d + ex)}{4ae}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a^2+b^2+c*(c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(b^2+(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/(a^2+b^2+c*(c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/e-a^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/e-1/8*(-4*a*c+b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/e+1/2*(a^2+b^2+c*(c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2+(a-c)*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))+b*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/(a^2+b^2+c*(c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-a*(2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/4)/e+1/4*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/a/e
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^2(d + ex) \left((8a^2 + b^2 - 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2a \tan(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex) + a \tan^2(d + ex)}} \right) \right)}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/8*(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]^2*((8*a^2 + b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]*Cot[d + e*x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*((-2*I)*a*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b - 2*c + ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c])*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]*Cot[d + e*x] - (2*I)*a*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]*Cot[d + e*x] + (2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x])*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(a^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot(d+ex)^2}}{\cot(d+ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7239} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7239} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7239}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \frac{\left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e}\right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

↓ 7276

$$\int \frac{\left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e}\right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

↓ 7276

$$\int \frac{\left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e}\right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

↓ 7276

$$\int \frac{\left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e}\right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} d \cot(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1}$$

↓ 7276

$$\int \frac{\left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan^3(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a \tan(d+ex)} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e}\right) d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan^3(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)$$

7239

e

7276

$$\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan^3(d+ex) - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right)$$

7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan^3(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)$$

e

7276

$$\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan^3(d+ex) - \sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex) + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{e} \right)$$

7239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex) + b \cot(d+ex) + a} \tan^3(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)$$

e

input

Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x]^3,x]

output

\$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7239 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = SimplifyIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SimplifierIntegrandQ[v, u, x]]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2508 vs. $2(622) = 1244$.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5018, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.26

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)*tan(d + e*x)**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot(ex + d)^2 + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \tan(ex + d)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*tan(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot(ex + d)^2 + b \cot(ex + d) + a} \tan(ex + d)^3 dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^2 + b*cot(e*x + d) + a)*tan(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \tan(d + ex)^3 \sqrt{c \cot(d + ex)^2 + b \cot(d + ex) + a} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{\cot^2(ex + d)c + \cot(ex + d)b + a} \tan^3(ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.10
$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1189

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

-3/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)
^2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e+5/16*b*(-12*a*c+7*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)
/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/e+1/2*(2*a-2*c-(a
^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)
^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*
a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b
^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3
/2)/e-1/2*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-
c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c
+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)
/(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2
*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/
(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e-2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e
*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)+2*cot(e*x+d)^2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/(-4*a*c+b^2)
/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)-2*cot(e*x+d)^4*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)
)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)+2*(a*(b^2-2*(a-c)*c)
+b*c*(a+c)*cot(e*x+d))/(b^2+(a-c)^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(
e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)-1/3*(-16*a*c+7*b^2)*cot(e*x+d)^2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x
+d)^2)^(1/2)/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e+2*b*cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(...

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2097, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^7/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```


output

```
(4*Cot[d + e*x]*(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])*(-(a*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d
+ e*x]^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^(3/2))/(a*e*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*
x]^2)*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)]*Sqrt[1
- (b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b/(b^2 - 4*a*c) + (2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(b^2 - 4*a*c))^2]) -
(Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*((4*Cot[d + e*x
]*(b^2 - 2*a*c + a*b*Tan[d + e*x]))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*
x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) + ((3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x
])/ (2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]))/c^(3/2) - (2*
(3*b^2 - 8*a*c)*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])/
c)/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c))))/(2*e*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Ta
n[d + e*x]^2)]) - (Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2
]*((-2*Tan[d + e*x]^3*(-b^2 + 2*a*c - a*b*Tan[d + e*x]))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*
Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*(b*Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c
+ b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2] + (((-6*a^2*b^2*c + 24*a^3*c^2)*ArcT
anh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d +
e*x]^2)])))/(4*a^(5/2)) + ((6*a^2*b*c - 12*a^3*c*Tan[d + e*x])*Sqrt[c + b*T
an[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])/(2*a^2))/(3*a)))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/(e*S
qrt[Cot[d + e*x]^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)]) + (Cot[d + e*
x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*((2*((-4*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*
(-1/4*(b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (I/4)*(a - c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^7}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot(d+ex)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot(d+ex)$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

e
↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(2a+b \cot(d+ex)) \cot^4(d+ex)}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a} \cot^3(d+ex)}{c(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{(7b^2-16ac)\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}}{3c^2(b^2-4ac)}$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]^7/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2), x]`

output

```

-(((3*b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]
+ c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)]))/(2*c^(5/2)) - (5*b*(7*b^2 - 12*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*
c*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)]])/
(16*c^(9/2)) - (Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 -
b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(b^2 -
(a - c)*(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2
+ b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 +
b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2
- 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]))/(Sqrt[2]*(a
^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c
+ c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^
2]]*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*
a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a -
2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a -
c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]
^2)]))/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x
]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*Cot[d
+ e*x]^2*(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] +
c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]) + (2*Cot[d + e*x]^4*(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]))/((b^2 - 4*
a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*(a*(b^2 - 2*(a - ...

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 1.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13067599, normalized size of antiderivative = 10990.41

output too large to display

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44593 vs. 2(1097) = 2194.

Time = 32.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89207, normalized size of antiderivative = 75.03

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^7/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a}}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^3 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^2 ac} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**7)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`

$$3.11 \quad \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 865

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2} + (a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2} - (a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{2(2a+b \cot(d+ex))}{(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

$$- \frac{2 \cot^2(d+ex)(2a+b \cot(d+ex))}{(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

$$- \frac{2(a(b^2-2(a-c)c)+bc(a+c) \cot(d+ex))}{(b^2+(a-c)^2)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

$$- \frac{(3b^2-8ac-2bc \cot(d+ex))\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}{c^2(b^2-4ac)e}$$

output

```

3/2*b*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d))/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^
2)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e-1/2*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2
-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*
(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e
*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^
2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(
1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e+1/2*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)
^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*ar
ctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c
+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*
x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e+2*(2*a+b*c
ot(e*x+d))/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)-2*cot(e*x+
d)^2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/
2)-2*(a*(b^2-2*(a-c)*c)+b*c*(a+c)*cot(e*x+d))/(b^2+(a-c)^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e
/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)-(3*b^2-8*a*c-2*b*c*cot(e*x+d))*(a+b
*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)/c^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1674, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^5/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```


output

```
(-4*Cot[d + e*x]*(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])*(-(a*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[
d + e*x]^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^(3/2))/(a*e*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e
*x]^2)*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)]*Sqrt[1
- (b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b/(b^2 - 4*a*c) + (2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(b^2 - 4*a*c))^2])
+ (Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*((4*Cot[d + e
*x]*(b^2 - 2*a*c + a*b*Tan[d + e*x]))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e
*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) + ((3*b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e
*x])/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])]))/c^(3/2) - (2
*(3*b^2 - 8*a*c)*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])
/c)/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/(2*e*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*T
an[d + e*x]^2)]) + (Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^
2]*((-2*Tan[d + e*x]^3*(-b^2 + 2*a*c - a*b*Tan[d + e*x]))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)
*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*(b*Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[
c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2] + (((-6*a^2*b^2*c + 24*a^3*c^2)*Arc
Tanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d +
e*x]^2)])))/(4*a^(5/2)) + ((6*a^2*b*c - 12*a^3*c*Tan[d + e*x])*Sqrt[c + b*
Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])/(2*a^2))/(3*a)))/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/(e*
Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)]) - (Cot[d + e
*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*((2*((-4*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]
*(-1/4*(b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (I/4)*(a - c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*ArcTan[(I*b + 2...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 848, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\cot(d + ex)^5}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot(d + ex)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13066867, normalized size of antiderivative = 15106.20

output too large to display

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42456 vs. 2(793) = 1586.

Time = 27.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84933, normalized size of antiderivative = 98.19

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^5}{(c\cot(d+ex)^2+b\cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) (a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot^2(ex+d))}}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^3 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^2 ac + \cot(ex+d) (a+b\cot(ex+d)+c\cot^2(ex+d))} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`

$$3.12 \quad \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	128
Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)	130
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	130
Sympy [F]	131
Maxima [F(-2)]	131
Giac [F(-2)]	132
Mupad [F(-1)]	132
Reduce [F]	132

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 686

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2} + (a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e} - \frac{2(2a+b \cot(d+ex))}{(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} + \frac{2(a(b^2-2(a-c)c)+bc(a+c)\cot(d+ex))}{(b^2+(a-c)^2)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot (2a - 2c - (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} \cdot (a^2 - b^2 - 2ac + c^2 + (a - c) \cdot (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot (b^2 - (a - c) \cdot (a - c + (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})) - b \cdot (2a - 2c - (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2}) \cdot \cot(ex + d)\right) \cdot 2^{1/2} / (2a - 2c - (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (a^2 - b^2 - 2ac + c^2 + (a - c) \cdot (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (a + b \cdot \cot(ex + d) + c \cdot \cot(ex + d)^2)^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/2} / (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{3/2} / e - 1/2 \cdot (2a - 2c + (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} \cdot (a^2 - b^2 - 2ac + c^2 - (a - c) \cdot (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot (b^2 - (a - c) \cdot (a - c - (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})) - b \cdot (2a - 2c + (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2}) \cdot \cot(ex + d)\right) \cdot 2^{1/2} / (2a - 2c + (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (a^2 - b^2 - 2ac + c^2 - (a - c) \cdot (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} / (a + b \cdot \cot(ex + d) + c \cdot \cot(ex + d)^2)^{1/2} \cdot 2^{1/2} / (a^2 - 2ac + b^2 + c^2)^{3/2} / e - 2 \cdot (2a + b \cdot \cot(ex + d)) / (-4ac + b^2) / e / (a + b \cdot \cot(ex + d) + c \cdot \cot(ex + d)^2)^{1/2} + 2 \cdot (a \cdot (b^2 - 2(a - c)c) + b^2 c \cdot (a + c) \cdot \cot(ex + d)) / (b^2 + (a - c)^2) / (-4ac + b^2) / e / (a + b \cdot \cot(ex + d) + c \cdot \cot(ex + d)^2)^{1/2}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{-i\sqrt{a + ib - c}(-a + ib + c)^2(-b^2 + 4ac) \arctan\left(\frac{-ib + 2c + (-2ia + b) \tan(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a + ib - c}\sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex)} + a \tan^2(d + ex)}\right) \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex)}}{1}$$

input

Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2),x]

output

```
-1/2*((-I)*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*(-a + I*b + c)^2*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*ArcTan[(-I)*
b + 2*c + ((-2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan
[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]))*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*T
an[d + e*x]^2] + (a + I*b - c)*(4*(a - I*b - c)*(a*(2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c) +
b*(a^2 + b^2 - 3*a*c)*Cot[d + e*x]) + Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*(b^2*(b + I*c) +
(4*I)*a^2*c - I*a*(b^2 - (4*I)*b*c + 4*c^2))*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a
+ b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d
+ e*x]^2]))*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]))/((b
^2 - 4*a*c)*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^2*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[
d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot(d+ex)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7276} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} \right) d\cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2+2a-2c}}\sqrt{(a-c)\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2+a^2-2ac-b^2+c^2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-b(-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2+2a-2c})\cot(d+ex)-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2+2a-2c}}\sqrt{(a-c)\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{3/2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-((-(Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))*Cot[d + e*x]]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^(3/2))) + (Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))*Cot[d + e*x]]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*(a*(b^2 - 2*(a - c)*c) + b*c*(a + c)*Cot[d + e*x]))/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(
f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

rule 7276

```
Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> With[{v = RationalFunctionE
xpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 0]
```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13066491, normalized size of antiderivative = 19047.36

output too large to display

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 21092 vs. 2(629) = 1258.

Time = 10.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21092, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.75

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm=
"fricas")
```

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)**3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument
Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{(c\cot(d+ex)^2+b\cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*cot(d + e*x)**2*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*a*c**2*e + cot(d + e*x)**2*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*b**2*c*e + 2*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)*b - 4*cot(d + e*x)*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*a*b*c*e + cot(d + e*x)*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*b**3*e + 4*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*a - 4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*a**2*c*e + int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)*a*b**2*e)/(e*(4*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c**2 - cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2*c + 4*cot(d + e*x)*a*b*c - cot(d + e*x)*b**3 + ...
```

3.13
$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 635

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2+(a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2-(a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{2(a(b^2-2(a-c)c)+bc(a+c)\cot(d+ex))}{(b^2+(a-c)^2)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e+1/2*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e-2*(a*(b^2-2*(a-c)*c)+b*c*(a+c)*cot(e*x+d))/(b^2+(a-c)^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 460, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex) + a \tan^2(d + ex)}}{\dots} \left(- \frac{i(4a^2)}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
```


output

```
(2*Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*(-1/4*((I*(4*a^2*c + b^2*(I*b + c) - a*(b^2 + (4*I)*b*c + 4*c^2))*ArcTan[((-I)*b + 2*c + ((-2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/Sqrt[a + I*b - c] + ((-(b^2*(b + I*c)) - (4*I)*a^2*c + a*(I*b^2 + 4*b*c + (4*I)*c^2))*ArcTan[(I*b + 2*c + ((2*I)*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])])/Sqrt[a - I*b - c])/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x])/((-b^2 + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) + (b^3 + a*b*(a - 3*c) + a*(2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c)*Tan[d + e*x])/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]))/(e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 716, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.290$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1351, 27, 27, 1369, 25, 1363, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex)^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot(d + ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1351} \\
 & \frac{2(a(b^2-2c(a-c))+bc(a+c) \cot(d+ex))}{((a-c)^2+b^2)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(b^2-4ac)+(a-c) \cot(d+ex)(b^2-4ac)}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{((a-c)^2+b^2)(b^2-4ac)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{(b^2-4ac)(b+(a-c)\cot(d+ex))}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex) + \frac{2(a(b^2-2c(a-c))+bc(a+c)\cot(d+ex))}{((a-c)^2+b^2)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

e
↓ 27

$$\int \frac{b+(a-c)\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex) + \frac{2(a(b^2-2c(a-c))+bc(a+c)\cot(d+ex))}{((a-c)^2+b^2)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

e
↓ 1369

$$\int \frac{b(2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})+(b^2-(a-c)(a-c+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2}))\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex) - \int \frac{b(2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})+(b^2-(a-c)(a-c-\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2}))\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex)$$

(a-c)^2+b^2
e
↓ 25

$$\int \frac{b(2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})+(b^2-(a-c)(a-c-\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2}))\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex) - \int \frac{b(2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})+(b^2-(a-c)(a-c+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2}))\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^2(d+ex)+b\cot(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex)$$

(a-c)^2+b^2
e
↓ 1363

$$b(-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+2a-2c)(b^2-(a-c)(\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a-c)) \int \frac{1}{b(b^2-(2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2})\cot(d+ex)-b-(a-c)(a-c+\sqrt{a^2-2ca+b^2+c^2}))^2} d\cot(d+ex)$$

↓ 221

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+2a-2c}(b^2-(a-c)(-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a-c)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-b(\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+2a-2c)\cot(d+ex)-(a-c)(-\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a-c)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+2a-2c}\sqrt{-(a-c)\sqrt{a^2-2ac+b^2+c^2}+a^2-2ac-b^2+c^2}}\right)$$

input

Int[Cot[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2),x]

output

```

-((( -((Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*(b^2 - (a - c)*(a -
c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c + Sqrt[
a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])*
Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqr
t[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a
+ b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c +
c^2]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]
)) + (Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*(b^2 - (a - c)*(a -
c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]))*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c - Sqrt[a
^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])*C
ot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt
[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a +
b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c
^2]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]
))/(b^2 + (a - c)^2) + (2*(a*(b^2 - 2*(a - c)*c) + b*c*(a + c)*Cot[d + e*x]
)))/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e
x]^2]))/e)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 1351

```

Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((d_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((d + f*x^2)^(
q + 1)/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1)))*((g*c)*((-b)*(c*
d + a*f)) + (g*b - a*h)*(2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f)) + c*(g*(2*c^2*d + b^2
*f - c*(2*a*f)) - h*(b*c*d + a*b*f))*x, x] + Simp[1/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*(b^2*d*
f + (c*d - a*f)^2)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*(d + f*x^2)^q*S
imp[(b*h - 2*g*c)*((c*d - a*f)^2 - (b*d)*((-b)*f))*(p + 1) + (b^2*(g*f) - b
*(h*c*d + a*h*f) + 2*(g*c*(c*d - a*f)))*(a*f*(p + 1) - c*d*(p + 2)) - (2*f*
((g*c)*((-b)*(c*d + a*f)) + (g*b - a*h)*(2*c^2*d + b^2*f - c*(2*a*f)))*(p +
q + 2) - (b^2*(g*f) - b*(h*c*d + a*h*f) + 2*(g*c*(c*d - a*f)))*(b*f*(p + 1
)))*x - c*f*(b^2*(g*f) - b*(h*c*d + a*h*f) + 2*(g*c*(c*d - a*f)))*(2*p + 2*
q + 5)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, f, g, h, q}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4
*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b^2*d*f + (c*d - a*f)^2, 0] && !(IntegerQ[
p] && ILtQ[q, -1])

```

rule 1363

```

Int[((g_) + (h_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f
_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*a*g*h Subst[Int[1/Simp[2*a^2*g*h*c + a
*e*x^2, x], x], x, Simp[a*h - g*c*x, x]/Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x] && EqQ[a*h^2*e + 2*g*h*(c*d - a*f) - g^2*c*e, 0]

```

rule 1369

```

Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (
f_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(c*d - a*f)^2 + a*c*e^2, 2]}, Simp
[1/(2*q) Int[Simp[(-a)*h*e - g*(c*d - a*f - q) + (h*(c*d - a*f + q) - g*c
*e)*x, x]/((a + c*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x] - Simp[1/(2*q) Int[
Simp[(-a)*h*e - g*(c*d - a*f + q) + (h*(c*d - a*f - q) - g*c*e)*x, x]/((a +
c*x^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x + f*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]
&& NeQ[e^2 - 4*d*f, 0] && NegQ[(-a)*c]

```

rule 3042

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]

```

rule 4184

```

Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(
f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]

```

Maple [B] (warning: unable to verify)

result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13066366, normalized size of antiderivative = 20576.95

output too large to display

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 21090 vs. 2(580) = 1160.

Time = 10.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21090, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.21

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*a*c-b^2>0)', see `assume?` for more deta`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(c\cot(d+ex)^2+b\cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d)}}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^3 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^2 ac}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2), x)`

$$3.14 \quad \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 31, antiderivative size = 749

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2}+(a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2}-(a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{2(b^2-2ac+bc \cot(d+ex))}{a(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a(b^2-2(a-c)c)+bc(a+c) \cot(d+ex))}{(b^2+(a-c)^2)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

output

```

arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/e+1/2*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e-1/2*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e-2*(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*cot(e*x+d))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)+2*(a*(b^2-2*(a-c)*c)+b*c*(a+c)*cot(e*x+d))/(b^2+(a-c)^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)
    
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 934, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cot(d + ex) \sqrt{c + b \tan(d + ex) + a \tan^2(d + ex)}}{2 \left(\frac{4\sqrt{a-c}}{\dots} \right)}$$

input

```

Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2),x]
    
```

output

```
(Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*((2*((-4*Sqrt[a
- I*b - c]*(-1/4*(b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (I/4)*(a - c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*ArcTan[(
I*b + 2*c - ((-2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*T
an[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(-4*a + (4*I)*b + 4*c) - (4*Sqrt[a + I*
b - c]*(-1/4*(b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (I/4)*(a - c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*ArcTan[((-I)
*b + 2*c - ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan
[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(-4*a - (4*I)*b + 4*c))/((b^2 + (a - c)^
2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (2*Tan[d + e*x]^3*(-b^2 + 2*a*c - a*b*Tan[d + e*x]))/(
c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*(b^3 + a
*b*(a - 3*c) + a*(2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c)*Tan[d + e*x]))/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)*(
b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) + (4*(b^2 - 4*a*
c)*(a^2/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*((a^2*b^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2 - (4*a^3*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c
)^2)))^(3/2)*(-(a*b)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (2*a^2*Tan[d + e*x])/(b^2 - 4*a*c))
*(((a*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^(3/2))/(a^
2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - ((a*b)/(b^2 - 4
*a*c)) - (2*a^2*Tan[d + e*x])/(b^2 - 4*a*c)]^2/((a^2*b^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2
- (4*a^3*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2)]) - (2*(b*Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e
*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2] + (((-6*a^2*b^2*c + 24*a^3*c^2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*T
an[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(4*
a^(5/2)) + ((6*a^2*b*c - 12*a^3*c*Tan[d + e*x])*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.129$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19942 vs. 2(684) = 1368.

Time = 7.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39885, normalized size of antiderivative = 53.25

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(c \cot(d + ex)^2 + b \cot(d + ex) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d)}}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^3 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^2 ac}$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*tan(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)`

$$3.15 \quad \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot(d+ex)+c \cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Reduce [F]	159

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 1008

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}e} \\
& + \frac{3(5b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}e} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2+(a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c-\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}}e\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\sqrt{a^2-b^2-2ac+c^2-(a-c)\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2a-2c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2}}}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}}e\right)}{\sqrt{2}(a^2+b^2-2ac+c^2)^{3/2}e} \\
& + \frac{2(b^2-2ac+bc\cot(d+ex))}{a(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} \\
& - \frac{2(a(b^2-2(a-c)c)+bc(a+c)\cot(d+ex))}{(b^2+(a-c)^2)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} \\
& - \frac{b(15b^2-52ac)\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}\tan(d+ex)}{4a^3(b^2-4ac)e} \\
& - \frac{2(b^2-2ac+bc\cot(d+ex))\tan^2(d+ex)}{a(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}} \\
& + \frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex)}\tan^2(d+ex)}{2a^2(b^2-4ac)e}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/e+3/8*(-4*a*c+5*b^2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d))/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/e-1/2*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2+(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e+1/2*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b^2-(a-c)*(a-c-(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))-b*(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))*cot(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/(2*a-2*c+(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a^2-b^2-2*a*c+c^2-(a-c)*(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a^2-2*a*c+b^2+c^2)^(3/2)/e+2*(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*cot(e*x+d))/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)-2*(a*(b^2-2*(a-c)*c)+b*c*(a+c)*cot(e*x+d))/(b^2+(a-c)^2)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)-1/4*b*(-52*a*c+15*b^2)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)/a^3/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e-2*(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*cot(e*x+d))*tan(e*x+d)^2/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)+1/2*(-12*a*c+5*b^2)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```

-((Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]*((2*((-4*Sqrt[
a - I*b - c]*(-1/4*(b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) + (I/4)*(a - c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*ArcTan
[(I*b + 2*c - ((-2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a - I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b
*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(-4*a + (4*I)*b + 4*c) - (4*Sqrt[a +
I*b - c]*(-1/4*(b*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) - (I/4)*(a - c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))*ArcTan[((-
I)*b + 2*c - ((2*I)*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a + I*b - c]*Sqrt[c + b*T
an[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/(-4*a - (4*I)*b + 4*c))/((b^2 + (a - c
)^2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c) - (2*Tan[d + e*x]^3*(-b^2 + 2*a*c - a*b*Tan[d + e*x]))
/(c*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) - (2*(b^3 +
a*b*(a - 3*c) + a*(2*a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c)*Tan[d + e*x]))/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)
*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2]) + (4*(b^2 - 4*
a*c)*(a^2/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*((a^2*b^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2 - (4*a^3*c)/(b^2 - 4*a
*c)^2)))^(3/2)*(-(a*b)/(b^2 - 4*a*c) - (2*a^2*Tan[d + e*x])/(b^2 - 4*a*c
))*(-(a*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2))/(b^2 - 4*a*c)))^(3/2))/
(a^2*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - ((a*b)/(b^2 -
4*a*c) - (2*a^2*Tan[d + e*x])/(b^2 - 4*a*c))^2/((a^2*b^2)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^
2 - (4*a^3*c)/(b^2 - 4*a*c)^2)]) - (2*(b*Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d +
e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2] + (((-6*a^2*b^2*c + 24*a^3*c^2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a
*Tan[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x] + a*Tan[d + e*x]^2])))/
(4*a^(5/2)) + ((6*a^2*b*c - 12*a^3*c*Tan[d + e*x])*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e...

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 985, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.121$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\cot(d + ex)^3 (a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot(d + ex)^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot(d+ex)$$

e
↓ 7276

$$\int \left(\frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} \right) d \cot(d+ex)$$

e
↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(5b^2-12ac)\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a} \tan^2(d+ex)}{2a^2(b^2-4ac)} + \frac{2(b^2+c \cot(d+ex)b-2ac) \tan^2(d+ex)}{a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}} + \frac{b(15b^2-52ac)\sqrt{c \cot^2(d+ex)+b \cot(d+ex)+a}}{4a^3(b^2-4ac)}$$

input

```
Int[Tan[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-((ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)])/a^(3/2) - (3*(5*b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x])/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)])/(8*a^(7/2)) + (Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 + (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])]/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*ArcTanh[(b^2 - (a - c)*(a - c - Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]) - b*(2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2])]*Cot[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*a - 2*c + Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a^2 - b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2 - (a - c)*Sqrt[a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2])]/(Sqrt[2]*(a^2 + b^2 - 2*a*c + c^2)^(3/2)) - (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*Cot[d + e*x]))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]) + (2*(a*(b^2 - 2*(a - c)*c) + b*c*(a + c)*Cot[d + e*x]))/((b^2 + (a - c)^2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]) + (b*(15*b^2 - 52*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x] + c*Cot[d + e*x]^2]*Tan[d + e*x])/(4*a^3*(b^2 - 4...
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

Maple [F(-1)]

Timed out.

hanged

input `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20316 vs. 2(923) = 1846.

Time = 7.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40633, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.31

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)**3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot(d + ex) + c \cot^2(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x) + c*cot(d + e*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)+c\cot^2(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2 c + \cot(ex+d) b + a}}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^3 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^2 ac} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**2*c + cot(d + e*x)*b + a)*tan(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**3*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)*a*b + a**2),x)
```


3.16
$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}e}$$

$$+ \frac{(b+2c)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{2ce}$$

output

```
1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/e+1/4*(b+2*c)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e-1/2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)/c/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex) \left(2c^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b-2c+(2a-b)\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}} \right) + \right)}{4c^{3/2}\sqrt{a-b+ce}\sqrt{\dots}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2*(2*c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]]) + Sqrt[a - b + c]*((b + 2*c)*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]]) - 2*Sqrt[c]*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(4*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b + c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1267, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^5}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4184}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1267 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+b}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+b}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2c}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c} - \frac{(b+2c) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - 2c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{2c}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c} - \frac{2(b+2c) \int \frac{1}{4c - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{2c \cot^2(d+ex)+b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} - 2c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{2c}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c} - \frac{(b+2c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right) - 2c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{2c}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c} - \frac{4c \int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c) - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+2a-b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} + (b+2c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2c}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{c} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b+c}} + \frac{(b+2c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2c}$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]^5/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output `-1/2*(-1/2*((2*c*ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])])/Sqrt[a - b + c] + ((b + 2*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])])/Sqrt[c])/c + Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]/c)/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1267

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_
) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c
_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1578

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_
)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && Int
egerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(
f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot (e x+d)^2+c \cot (e x+d)^4}}{2 c}+b \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c \cot (e x+d)^2}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{a+b \cot (e x+d)^2+c \cot (e x+d)^4}\right)}{4 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\ln \left(\frac{2 a-2 b+2 c+(b-2 c)\left(\cot (e x+d)^2+1\right)}{\left(\cot (e x+d)^2+1\right)^2+(b-2 c)\left(\cot (e x+d)^2+1\right)+a-b+c}\right)}{2}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot (e x+d)^2+c \cot (e x+d)^4}}{2 c}+b \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c \cot (e x+d)^2}{\sqrt{c}}+\sqrt{a+b \cot (e x+d)^2+c \cot (e x+d)^4}\right)}{4 c^{\frac{3}{2}}}+\ln \left(\frac{2 a-2 b+2 c+(b-2 c)\left(\cot (e x+d)^2+1\right)}{\left(\cot (e x+d)^2+1\right)^2+(b-2 c)\left(\cot (e x+d)^2+1\right)+a-b+c}\right)}{2}$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)`

output `1/e*(-1/2/c*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)+1/4*b/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*
b+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))+1/2/(a-
b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(co
t(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1))+1
/2*ln((1/2*b+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/
2))/c^(1/2))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 508 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2100, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.54

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(2*sqrt(a - b + c)*c^2*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*
cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 + 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)
^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)
*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x +
2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x +
2*d)) + (a*b - b^2 + (2*a - b)*c + 2*c^2)*sqrt(c)*log(((b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)
*c + 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a + 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 + 4*((b - 2*c)
*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(((a -
b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2
*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 2*(b^2 + 4*a*c - 8*c^2)*cos(2*e
*x + 2*d))/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*((a - b)*c +
c^2)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) +
a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/(((a - b)*c^2 +
c^3)*e), 1/4*(sqrt(a - b + c)*c^2*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c
+ c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 + 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x
+ 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a -
b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(
2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(
2*e*x + 2*d)) + (a*b - b^2 + (2*a - b)*c + 2*c^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(-1/2*((b
- 2*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(-c)*s...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)**5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(d + e*x)**5/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4),
x)
```

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^5}{\sqrt{c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot^4(ex + d)c + \cot^2(ex + d)b + a} \cot^5(ex + d)}{\cot^4(ex + d)c + \cot^2(ex + d)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.17 $\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b+ce}}$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ce}}$$

output

```
-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/e-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b-2c+(2a-b)\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}\right) + \sqrt{a-b+c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2c+b\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-b+c}e\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output `-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])) + Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])))*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a - b + c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.229$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4184$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 1578

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4c-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{2c \cot^2(d+ex)+b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} - \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c)-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+2a-b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b+c}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2e}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b + c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4)]/\text{Sqrt}[a - b + c] + \text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4)]/\text{Sqrt}[c])/e$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b*x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}\{a/b\} \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}\{a, 0\} \ || \ \text{LtQ}\{b, 0\})$$

rule 1092

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154

$$\text{Int}[1/(((d + (e*x))*\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2])), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1269

$$\text{Int}[(d + (e*x))^m*((f + (g*x))*(a + (b*x) + (c*x)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}\{m, 0\}$$

rule 1578

$$\text{Int}[(x)^m*((d + (e*x)^2)^q*(a + (b*x)^2 + (c*x)^4)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}\{(m-1)/2\}$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + c \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a + b \cot(ex+d)^2 + c \cot(ex+d)^4}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a - 2b + 2c + (b - 2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2 + 1) + 2\sqrt{a - b + c} \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2 + 1)}}{\cot(ex+d)^2 + 1}\right)}{2\sqrt{a - b + c}}$
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + c \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a + b \cot(ex+d)^2 + c \cot(ex+d)^4}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a - 2b + 2c + (b - 2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2 + 1) + 2\sqrt{a - b + c} \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2 + 1)}}{\cot(ex+d)^2 + 1}\right)}{e}$

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e*(-1/2*ln((1/2*b+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-1/2/(a-b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs. 2(121) = 242.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1695, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.02

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(sqrt(a - b + c)*c*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 - 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)) + (a - b + c)*sqrt(c)*log(((b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a + 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 - 4*((b - 2*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 2*(b^2 + 4*a*c - 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/(((a - b)*c + c^2)*e), -1/4*(2*(a - b + c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(-1/2*((b - 2*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/(((a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (a + b)*c + c^2 - 2*(a*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))) - sqrt(a - b + c)*c*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 - 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cot^3(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(ex+d)+b\cot^2(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)^3/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot^4(ex + d)c + \cot^2(ex + d)b + a} \cot^3(ex + d)}{\cot^4(ex + d)c + \cot^2(ex + d)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.18
$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b+ce}}$$

output

$1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*\cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*\cot(e*x+d)^2+c*\cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/e$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b-2c+(2a-b) \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}}\right) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+ce}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}}$$

input

`Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output

```
(ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c +
b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d
+ e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2
+ a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1576, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1576} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1154} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c)-\cot^4(d+ex)} d\frac{(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)+2a-b}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2e\sqrt{a-b+c}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output `ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])]/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*e)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1576 `Int[(x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*(f_))^(n_) + (c_)*(cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*(f_))^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1}\right)}{2e\sqrt{a-b+c}}$	102
default	$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1}\right)}{2e\sqrt{a-b+c}}$	102

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2/e/(a-b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 222 vs. 2(69) = 138.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log\left(2(a^2-2ab+b^2+2(a-b)c+c^2)\cos(2ex+2d)^2+2a^2-b^2+2c^2+2((a-b+c)\cos(2ex+2d))\right)}{2(a-b+c)e} + \sqrt{-a+b-c} \arctan\left(\frac{((a-b+c)\cos(2ex+2d)^2-(2a-b)\cos(2ex+2d)+a-c)\sqrt{-a+b-c}\sqrt{\frac{(a-b+c)\cos(2ex+2d)^2-2(a-c)\cos(2ex+2d)}{\cos(2ex+2d)^2-2\cos(2ex+2d)+1}}}{(a^2-2ab+b^2+2(a-b)c+c^2)\cos(2ex+2d)^2+a^2-b^2+2ac+c^2-2(a^2-ab+bc-c^2)\cos(2ex+2d)}\right)$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 + 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)/(sqrt(a - b + c)*e), -1/2*sqrt(-a + b - c)*arctan(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(-a + b - c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1))/((a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + a^2 - b^2 + 2*a*c + c^2 - 2*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)))/(a - b + c)*e]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\cot(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(ex+d)+b\cot^2(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d + ex) + b \cot^2(d + ex) + a}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot^4(ex+d)c + \cot^2(ex+d)b + a} \cot(ex+d)}{\cot^4(ex+d)c + \cot^2(ex+d)b + a} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a),x)`

3.19
$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b+ce}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/e-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2a \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b-2c+(2a-b) \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b+c}} \right) \cot^2(d+ex) \sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)}}{2e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output `((ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]/Sqrt[a] - ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]/Sqrt[a - b + c])*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])/(2*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
 & \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1289} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} + \frac{1}{(-\cot^2(d+ex)-1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} \right) d\cot^2(d+ex) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b+c}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$2e$

input `Int[Tan[d + e*x]/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]`

output `-1/2*(-(ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)]/Sqrt[a]) + ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]])/Sqrt[a - b + c])/e`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(ex + d)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot(ex + d)^2 + c \cot(ex + d)^4}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. 2(122) = 244.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1141, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.04

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*((a - b + c)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2
+ b^2 + 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*
tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)) + sqrt(a - b + c)*
a*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4
*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 - 4*((2*a - b)*ta
n(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x +
d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x
+ d)^2 + 1)))/((a^2 - a*b + a*c)*e), -1/4*(2*sqrt(-a)*(a - b + c)*arctan(
1/2*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^
4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)/(a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + a*b*tan(e*
x + d)^2 + a*c)) - sqrt(a - b + c)*a*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*ta
n(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a
- 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 - 4*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2
)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x +
d)^4))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 1)))/((a^2 - a*b + a*c)*e), -
1/4*(2*a*sqrt(-a + b - c)*arctan(-1/2*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c
)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-a + b - c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)
^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/((a^2 - a*b + a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (a*b - b^2 + b
*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + (a - b)*c + c^2)) - (a - b + c)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan
(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(tan(d + e*x)/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\tan(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(ex+d)+b\cot^2(ex+d)+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(tan(e*x + d)/sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a}} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^4 c + \cot(ex+d)^2 b + a} \tan(ex+d)}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c + \cot(ex+d)^2 b + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*tan(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a), x)`

3.20
$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

Optimal result	191
Mathematica [A] (verified)	192
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	192
Maple [F]	194
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	195
Sympy [F]	196
Maxima [F(-1)]	196
Giac [F(-2)]	196
Mupad [F(-1)]	197
Reduce [F]	197

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b+ce}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex)}{2ae}$$

output

```
-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/e-1/4*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/e+1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/a/e
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\cot^2(d+ex)\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}\left(-\left((2a+b)\sqrt{a-b}+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2a \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}}\right)\right)\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt{a-b+ce\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}}$$

input `Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output `(Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]*(-(2*a + b)*Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)])) + 2*Sqrt[a]*(a*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])) + Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(4*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b + c]*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)^2+c \cot(d+ex)^4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4184$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1289 \\
& \frac{\int \left(\frac{\tan^2(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} + \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} \right) d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b+c}}}{2e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[d + e*x]^3/Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]`

output `-1/2*(ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])/Sqrt[a] + (b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]))/(2*a^(3/2)) - ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])/Sqrt[a - b + c] - (Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x])/a)/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(ex + d)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \cot(ex + d)^2 + c \cot(ex + d)^4}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1444, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(2*sqrt(a - b + c)*a^2*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 + 4*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 1)) + 4*(a^2 - a*b + a*c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + (2*a^2 - a*b - b^2 + (2*a + b)*c)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*a*c - 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)))/((a^3 - a^2*b + a^2*c)*e), 1/4*(sqrt(a - b + c)*a^2*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 + 4*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 1)) + 2*(a^2 - a*b + a*c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + (2*a^2 - a*b - b^2 + (2*a + b)*c)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)/(a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + a*c)))/((a^3 - a^2*b + a^2*c)*e), 1/8*(4*a^2*sqrt(-a + b - c)*arctan(-1/2*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-a + b - c)*sq...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)**3/sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `Timed out`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument
Value
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)^3}{\sqrt{c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a}} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(tan(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^4 c + \cot(ex+d)^2 b + a} \tan(ex+d)^3}{\cot(ex+d)^4 c + \cot(ex+d)^2 b + a} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*tan(d + e*x)**3)/(cot
(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a), x)
```

3.21 $\int \cot^5(d+ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \cot^5(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a - b + c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a - b + (b - 2c) \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - b + c} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3 + 2b^2c - 4b(a - 2c)c - 8c^2(a + 2c)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{32c^{5/2}e}$$

$$+ \frac{((b - 2c)(b + 4c) + 2c(b + 2c) \cot^2(d + ex)) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}{16c^2e}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}}{6ce}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e-1/32*(b^3+2*b^2*c-4*b*(a-2*c)*c-8*c^2*(a+2*c))*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/e+1/16*((b-2*c)*(b+4*c)+2*c*(b+2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)/c^2/e-1/6*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2)/c/e
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1017 vs. $2(270) = 540$.

Time = 6.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1017, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\int \cot^5(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^5*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]`

output

```
-1/2*(((b*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)])/(2*Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]) + (((2*a - b)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]))/Sqrt[a] - (4*Sqrt[a - b + c]*(2*a - 2*b + 2*c)*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c - (-2*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]))/(4*a - 4*b + 4*c))/2)*Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^4*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]/(e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]) + (Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^4*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]*(2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]]) - (b*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]])/Sqrt[c] - 2*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(4*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]) - (Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^4*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]])/c^(3/2) - (2*Cot[d + e*x]^4*(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])/c))/(16*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]) - (Tan[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[Cot[d + e*x]^4*(c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]*(16...
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.343$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1267, 27, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \cot^5(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & \int \cot(d+ex)^5 \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)^2+c \cot(d+ex)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4184 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1267 \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{3((b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+b) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{3c} + \frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{\int \frac{((b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+b) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1231 \\
 & - \frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{\int \frac{(b^3+2cb^2-4(a-2c)cb-8c^2(a+2c))}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} dx}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{\int \frac{(b^3+2cb^2-4(a-2c)cb-8c^2(a+2c))}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} dx}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{\int \frac{(b^3+2cb^2-4(a-2c)cb-8c^2(a+2c))}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}}}{2c} dx$$

$2e$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{(-4bc(a-2c)-8c^2(a+2c)+b^3+2b^2c) \int}{2e}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{2(-4bc(a-2c)-8c^2(a+2c)+b^3+2b^2c)}{2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{16c^2(a-b+c) \int}{2e}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{(-4bc(a-2c)-8c^2(a+2c)+b^3+2b^2c) \int}{2e}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(2c(b+2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+(b-2c)(b+4c)) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{(-4bc(a-2c)-8c^2(a+2c)+b^3+2b^2c) \int}{2e}$$

input Int[Cot[d + e*x]^5*sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*((a + b*\cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*\cot[d + e*x]^4)^{(3/2)}/(3*c) - (-1/8*(-16*c \\
& ^2*\sqrt{a - b + c}*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*\cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\sqrt{a \\
& - b + c}*\sqrt{a + b*\cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*\cot[d + e*x]^4}])) + ((b^3 + 2*b^2*c \\
& - 4*b*(a - 2*c)*c - 8*c^2*(a + 2*c))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2* \\
& \sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a + b*\cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*\cot[d + e*x]^4}]))/\sqrt{c})/c + (((b \\
& - 2*c)*(b + 4*c) + 2*c*(b + 2*c)*\cot[d + e*x]^2)*\sqrt{a + b*\cot[d + e*x]^ \\
& 2 + c*\cot[d + e*x]^4})/(4*c))/(2*c))/e
\end{aligned}$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2]*\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 1092

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 1154

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*\sqrt{(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x + c*x^2}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$$

rule 1231

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)
- g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/
(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m +
2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*
a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*
c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c
^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))]*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !R
ationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1267

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))^(n_)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_
) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g^n*(d + e*x)^(m + n - 1)*((a + b
*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*e^(n - 1)*(m + n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c*e^n*(m
+ n + 2*p + 1)*(f + g*x)^n - c*g^n*(m + n + 2*p + 1)*(d + e*x)^n - g^n*(d
+ e*x)^(n - 2)*(b*d*e*(p + 1) + a*e^2*(m + n - 1) - c*d^2*(m + n + 2*p + 1)
- e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + n + p)*x), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g
, m, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m + n + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

rule 1269

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a._) + (b._)*(x_) + (c_
_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x +
c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^
p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 1578

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2 + (c._)*(x_
)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && Int
egerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 455, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6c} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2) \sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c \cot(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4c} \right)}{4c}$
default	$-\frac{(a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6c} + \frac{b \left(\frac{(b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2) \sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}}{4c} + \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c \cot(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4c} \right)}{4c}$

input

```
int (cot (e*x+d)^5*(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e*(-1/6*(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(3/2)/c+1/4*b/c*(1/4*(b+2*c*cot (e*x+d)^2)/c*(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*cot (e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)))-1/2*(c*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2)-1/4*(b-2*c)*ln((1/2*b-c+(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)*c)/c^(1/2)+(c*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot (e*x+d)^2+1))+1/8*(b+2*c*cot (e*x+d)^2)/c*(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)+1/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*cot (e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 737 vs. $2(242) = 484$.

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3019, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.18

$$\int \cot^5(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^5(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}\cot^5(d+ex)dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**5*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)*cot(d + e*x)**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \cot^5(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c\cot^4(ex+d)+b\cot^2(ex+d)+a}\cot^5(ex+d)dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)*cot(e*x + d)^5, x)`

Giac [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^5(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^5(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^5*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [**F**]

$$\int \cot^5(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c
- 8*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 -
sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 4*
sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + 12*s
qrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**2*c**2 + 2*sq
rt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*a*b + 4*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4
*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*a*c + 3*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)*
**2*b + a)*b**2 - 18*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*b*c +
12*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot
(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d
+ e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*b**2*c*e + 48*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4
*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d +
e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c
),x)*a*b*c**2*e + 48*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*
cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)
**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*c**3*e + 3*int((sqrt(
cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*
b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*
c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*b**4*e - 12*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)
**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 ...
```


3.22 $\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{a - b} + c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a - b + (b - 2c) \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - b} + c\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2 + 4bc - 4c(a + 2c)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{16c^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{(b - 4c + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}{8ce}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/
(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e+1/16*(b^2+4*b*c-4*c*(a+2*c))*ar
ctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(
1/2))/c^(3/2)/e-1/8*(b-4*c+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d
)^4)^(1/2)/c/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex) \left(- \left((b^2+4bc-4c(a+2c)) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2c+b \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)}} \right) \right) \right)}{2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4],x]
```

output

```
-1/16*(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2*(-((b^2 + 4*b*c - 4*c*(a + 2*c))*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]])) + 2*Sqrt[c]*(4*c*Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]] + Cot[d + e*x]^2*(b - 4*c + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])))/(c^(3/2)*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1231, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \cot(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)^2+c \cot(d+ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4184}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d\cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 1578

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(d+ex)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

↓ 1231

$$\frac{(b+2c\cot^2(d+ex)-4c)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2-4cb+(b^2+4cb-4c(a+2c))\cot^2(d+ex)+4ac}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{4c}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{(b+2c\cot^2(d+ex)-4c)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{\int \frac{b^2-4cb+(b^2+4cb-4c(a+2c))\cot^2(d+ex)+4ac}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{8c}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{(b+2c\cot^2(d+ex)-4c)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{(-4c(a+2c)+b^2+4bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex)+8c(a-b+c)}{8c}$$

↓ 1092

$$\frac{(b+2c\cot^2(d+ex)-4c)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{2(-4c(a+2c)+b^2+4bc) \int \frac{1}{4c-\cot^4(d+ex)} d\frac{2c\cot^2(d+ex)+b}{\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} +8c(a-b+c)}{8c}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{(b+2c\cot^2(d+ex)-4c)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{8c(a-b+c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex)+\frac{(-4c(a-b+c))}{8c}}{8c}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{(b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)-4c) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{(-4c(a+2c)+b^2+4bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{-16c(a-b+c)}{8c}$$

2e

↓ 219

$$\frac{(b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)-4c) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{4c} - \frac{(-4c(a+2c)+b^2+4bc) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{-8c\sqrt{a-b+c}}{8c}$$

2e

input

```
Int[Cot[d + e*x]^3*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(-1/8*(-8*c*Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]]) + (b^2 + 4*b*c - 4*c*(a + 2*c))*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]])/Sqrt[c])/c + ((b - 4*c + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]/(4*c))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1092

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1231 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c*d + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] - Simp[p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[c*e*f*(b*d - 2*a*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) + b*d*(b*e*p - c*d - 2*c*d*p)) + (c*e*f*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 2) + g*(b^2*e^2*(p + m + 1) - 2*c^2*d^2*(1 + 2*p) - c*e*(b*d*(m - 2*p) + 2*a*e*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{(b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2) \sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}}{8c} - \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c \cot(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}\right)}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \sqrt{c}$
default	$-\frac{(b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2) \sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}}{8c} - \frac{(4ac-b^2) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+c \cot(ex+d)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}\right)}{16c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \sqrt{c}$

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e*(-1/8*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)-1
/16*(4*a*c-b^2)/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^
2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))+1/2*(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1
)+a-b+c)^(1/2)+1/4*(b-2*c)*ln((1/2*b-c+(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)*c)/c^(1/2)+(c*(cot
(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)-1/2*(a-b+c)^
(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot(e*x
+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 569 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2344, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.22

$$\int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(8*(c^2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - c^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b +
b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 - 2*((a
- b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a
- b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)
+ a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*
b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)) + (b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c - 8*c^2 - (b^2 - 4*(
a - b)*c - 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(c)*log(((b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*
c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a + 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 - 4*((b - 2*c)*cos(2
*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*
cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x +
2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 2*(b^2 + 4*a*c - 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*
d))/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) + 4*(b*c - 2*c^2 - (b*c
- 6*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a -
c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)
+ 1)))/(c^2*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) - c^2*e), -1/16*((b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c - 8*c^2
- (b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c - 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(-c)*arctan(-1/2*((b
- 2*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt(
((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/
(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/((a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*
x + 2*d)^2 + (a + b)*c + c^2 - 2*(a*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))) - 4*(c^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \cot^3(d + ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)**3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)*cot(d + e*x)**3,
x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{c \cot^4(ex+d)+b \cot^2(ex+d)+a} \cot^3(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)*cot(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \cot^3(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot^3(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^3*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2), x)`

output `(- sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**2*b - 2*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**2*c - 2*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*a + 3*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*b - 4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*b**2*e - 12*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*b*c*e - 8*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*c**2*e + 3*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*b**3*e + 6*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*b**2*c*e - 4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*b*c*e - 8*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + ...`

3.23 $\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	218
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a - b} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a - b + (b - 2c) \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - b + c} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e} - \frac{(b - 2c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ce}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}{2e}$$

output

```
1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e-1/4*(b-2*c)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e-1/2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex) \left((b-2c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2c+b \tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}} \right) \right) + 4\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{c+b \cot^2(d+ex)}}{4\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{c+b \cot^2(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2*((b - 2*c)*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]) + 2*Sqrt[c]*(-(Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)])) + Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.303$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1576, 1162, 25, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)^2+c \cot(d+ex)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4184}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

1576

1162

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex) + 2a-b}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex) + 2a-b}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) + \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)}}{2e}$$

1269

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((b-2c) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) + 2(a-b+c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} \right)}{2e}$$

1092

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2(b-2c) \int \frac{1}{4c - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{2c \cot^2(d+ex) + b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} + 2(a-b+c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} \right)}{2e}$$

219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(2(a-b+c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{(b-2c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2e}$$

1154

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(b-2c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 4(a-b+c) \int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c) - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex) + 2a-b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} \right)}{2e}$$

219

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(b-2c) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2\sqrt{a-b+c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right) \right) +$$

$$2e$$

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4], x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]]) + ((b - 2*c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])))/Sqrt[c])/2 + Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1162 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[p/(e*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*d - 2*a*e + (2*c*d - b*e)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[m] || LtQ[m, 1]) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1576 `Int[(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}}{2} - \frac{(b-2c) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}-c+(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)c}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}}$
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}}{2} - \frac{(b-2c) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}-c+(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)c}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}}$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/e*(-1/2*(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2)-1/4*(b-2*c)*ln((1/2*b-c+(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)*c)/c^(1/2)+(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 465 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1932, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.79

$$\int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(2*sqrt(a - b + c)*c*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 + 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)) - (b - 2*c)*sqrt(c)*log(((b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a + 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 + 4*((b - 2*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 2*(b^2 + 4*a*c - 8*c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*c*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/(c*e), -1/4*((b - 2*c)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(-1/2*((b - 2*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*b*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + b + 2*c)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/(((a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + (a + b)*c + c^2 - 2*(a*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))) - sqrt(a - b + c)*c*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 + 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \cot(d + ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)*cot(d + e*x), x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{c\cot^4(ex+d)+b\cot^2(ex+d)+a} \cot(ex+d) dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)*cot(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$= \int \cot(d+ex) \sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \cot(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `(- sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*b + int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*b**2*e + 4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*b*c*e + 4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*a*c**2*e - int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*b**3*e - 2*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*b**2*c*e - int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*b**2*c*e + 4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**5)/(cot(d + e*x)**4*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*c**2 + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*b*c + a*b + 2*a*c),x)*c**3*e)/(e*(b + 2*c))`

3.24 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + b \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{a - b} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a - b + (b - 2c) \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - b + c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e}$$

output

```
1/2*a^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e-1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e-1/2*c^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2a \tan^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + b \tan^2(d + ex) + a \tan^4(d + ex)}}\right) - \sqrt{a - b + c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b - 2c + (2a - b) \tan^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - b + c}\sqrt{c + b \tan^2(d + ex) + a \tan^4(d + ex)}}\right) \right)}{2e\sqrt{c + b \tan^2(d + ex)} + \dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x], x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]) - Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)]) - Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)])]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*e*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1270, 1154, 219, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \tan(d + ex) \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot(d + ex)^2 + c \cot(d + ex)^4}}{\cot(d + ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{4184}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a} \tan(d+ex)}{\cot^2(d+ex) + 1} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1270 \\
& \frac{a \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - \int \frac{-c \cot^2(d+ex) + a - b}{(\cot^2(d+ex) + 1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
& \frac{-2a \int \frac{1}{4a - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{b \cot^2(d+ex) + 2a}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} - \int \frac{-c \cot^2(d+ex) + a - b}{(\cot^2(d+ex) + 1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{- \int \frac{-c \cot^2(d+ex) + a - b}{(\cot^2(d+ex) + 1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1269 \\
& \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - (a - b + c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex) + 1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1092 \\
& \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{4c - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{2c \cot^2(d+ex) + b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} - (a - b + c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex) + 1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{-(a - b + c) \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex) + 1) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
& \frac{2(a - b + c) \int \frac{1}{4(a - b + c) - \cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b - 2c) \cot^2(d+ex) + 2a - b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex) + b \cot^2(d+ex) + a}} - \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{2a + b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d+ex) + c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \right)}{2e} +
\end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{-\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right) + \sqrt{a-b+c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right) + \sqrt{c}}{2e}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x], x]`

output `-1/2*(-(Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)]) + Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)]) + Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)])]/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1092 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1269 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1270

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) +
(g_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)/(e*(e*f - d*g))
Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p - 1)/(d + e*x), x], x] - Simp[1/(e*(e*f - d*g))
Int[Simp[c*d*f - b*e*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p
- 1)/(f + g*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[p]
&& GtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 1578

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)
^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a
+ b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && Int
egerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(
f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot(ex + d)^2 + c \cot(ex + d)^4} \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2954, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.55

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)) + sqrt(a - b + c)*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 - 4*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 1)) + sqrt(c)*log(((b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*b*c*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 8*c^2 - 4*(b*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*c*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/tan(e*x + d)^4)/e, 1/4*(2*sqrt(-c)*arctan(1/2*(b*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*c*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)/(a*c*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*c*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c^2)) + sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)) + sqrt(a - b + c)*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 - 4*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 1)))/e, -1/4*(2*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*tan(e*x + ...`

Sympy [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)*tan(d + e*x), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \\ &= \int \sqrt{c \cot^4(ex + d) + b \cot^2(ex + d) + a} \tan(ex + d) dx \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)*tan(e*x + d), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx \\ &= \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \tan(d + ex) \sqrt{c \cot(d + ex)^4 + b \cot(d + ex)^2 + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{\cot(ex + d)^4 c + \cot(ex + d)^2 b + a} \tan(ex + d) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d), x)`

output `int(sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*tan(d + e*x), x)`

3.25 $\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$

Optimal result	234
Mathematica [A] (verified)	235
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	236
Maple [F]	238
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Sympy [F]	239
Maxima [F]	240
Giac [F(-2)]	240
Mupad [F(-1)]	240
Reduce [F]	241

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 435

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx \\
 &= -\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + b \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e} \\
 &+ \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a + b \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}e} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{a - b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a - b + (b - 2c) \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a - b + c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e} \\
 &+ \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}e} \\
 &- \frac{(b - 2c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}e} \\
 &- \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b + 2c \cot^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)}}\right)}{2e} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^2(d + ex)}{2e}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/2*a^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*
cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e+1/4*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b
*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/e+1/2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*arctanh(1
/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+
d)^4)^(1/2))/e+1/4*b*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x
+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e-1/4*(b-2*c)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(
e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e-1/2*c
^(1/2)*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*
x+d)^4)^(1/2))/e+1/2*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/
e
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^2(d + ex) \left((-2a + b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{b + 2a \tan^2(d + ex)}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + b \tan^2(d + ex) + a \tan^4(d + ex)}} \right) \right) + 4\sqrt{ae} \sqrt{c + b \tan^2(d + ex)}}{4\sqrt{ae} \sqrt{c + b \tan^2(d + ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2*((-2*a + b)*
ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*
Tan[d + e*x]^4])] + 2*Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[a - b + c]*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b
)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d +
e*x]^4])) + Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])))/(4*Sqrt[a]*e
*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \tan^3(d+ex) \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \cot(d+ex)^2+c \cot(d+ex)^4}}{\cot(d+ex)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a \tan^3(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a \tan^2(d+ex)}}{\cot^2(d+ex)+1} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1289} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a \tan^2(d+ex)} - \sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a \tan(d+ex)} + \dots \right)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right) - \sqrt{a-b} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\dots\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^3,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d \\
& + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4])]) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4])])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]) - \text{Sqrt} \\
& [a - b + c]*\text{ArcTanh}[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b + c] \\
& * \text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4])]) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\text{Co} \\
& \text{t}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4])]) / \\
& (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]) + ((b - 2*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b + 2*c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[\\
& a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4])]) / (2*\text{Sqrt}[c]) + \text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{ArcTanh} \\
& (b + 2*c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + \\
& e*x]^4]) - \text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^2 + c*\text{Cot}[d + e*x]^4]*\text{Tan}[d + e*x])/e
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m * (f + g*x)^n * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, x\} \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel (\text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]))$$

rule 1578

$$\text{Int}[(x)^m * (d + e*x)^q * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} * (d + e*x)^q * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

rule 3042

$$\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$$

rule 4184

$$\text{Int}[\text{cot}[(d + e*x)]^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^n * (f + g*x)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-f/e \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(x/f)^m * (a + b*x^n + c*x^{2*n})^p / (f^2 + x^2)], x], x, f*\text{Cot}[d + e*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot (ex + d)^2 + c \cot (ex + d)^4} \tan (ex + d)^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(4*a*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)*tan(e*x + d)^2 - (2*a - b)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)) + 2*sqrt(a - b + c)*a*log(((8*a^2 - 8*a*b + b^2 + 4*a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*(4*a*b - 3*b^2 - 4*(a - b)*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*(a - 2*b)*c + 8*c^2 + 4*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)))/(tan(e*x + d)^4 + 2*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 1)))/(a*e), 1/8*(4*a*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + 4*a*sqrt(-a + b - c)*arctan(-1/2*((2*a - b)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (b - 2*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-a + b - c)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4))/((a^2 - a*b + a*c)*tan(e*x + d)^4 + (a*b - b^2 + b*c)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + (a - b)*c + c^2)) - (2*a - b)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + 8*a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + b^2 + 4*a*c + 4*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)))/(a*e), 1/4*(2*a*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)*tan(e*x + d)^2 + sqrt(-a)*(2*a - b)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*tan(e*x + d)^4 + b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + c)/tan(e*x + d)^4)/(a^2*tan(e*x + d)^4 + a*b*tan(e*x + d)^2 + a*c)) + sqrt(a - b + c)*a*lo...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)*tan(d + e*x)**3, x)
```


Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{c \cot^4(ex + d) + b \cot^2(ex + d) + a} \tan^3(ex + d) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)*tan(e*x + d)^3, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \text{Exception raised: AttributeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `Exception raised: AttributeError >> type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \tan^3(d + ex) \sqrt{c \cot^4(d + ex) + b \cot^2(d + ex) + a} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)^3*(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex)} \tan^3(d + ex) dx$$

$$= \int \sqrt{\cot^4(ex + d)c + \cot^2(ex + d)b + a} \tan^3(ex + d) dx$$

input `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^3,x)`

3.26
$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	242
Mathematica [A] (verified)	243
Rubi [A] (verified)	243
Maple [B] (verified)	247
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	248
Sympy [F]	249
Maxima [F(-2)]	249
Giac [F(-1)]	249
Mupad [F(-1)]	250
Reduce [F]	250

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}e}$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}e}$$

$$-\frac{a(b^2-a(b+2c))+(b^3+2a^2c-ab(b+3c))\cot^2(d+ex)}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(3/2)/e-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/e-(a*(b^2-a*(b+2*c))+(b^3+2*a^2*c-a*b*(b+3*c))*cot(e*x+d)^2)/c/(a-b+c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\cot^2(d+ex)\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a-b+c}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{b^2-4ac}{(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a-b+c}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b-2c+(2a-b)\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}\right] \right) + \frac{(-1/2)b^2+2ac}{c^{3/2}} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{2c+b\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}\right] + \frac{(b^2-2ac+a\tan^2(d+ex))}{c\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}} - \frac{(b^2-a(b+2c)+a(-2a+b)\tan^2(d+ex))}{(a-b+c)\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}} \Bigg) / ((b^2-4ac)*e*\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)})$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^7/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]*(-1/2*((b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]]))/(a - b + c)^(3/2) + ((-1/2*b^2 + 2*a*c)*ArcTanh[(2*c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]]))/c^(3/2) + (b^2 - 2*a*c + a*b*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(c*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]) - (b^2 - a*(b + 2*c) + a*(-2*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/((a - b + c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])))/((b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.314$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1264, 27, 27, 1269, 1092, 219, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^7}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot(d+ex) \\ & \quad \downarrow 4184 \\ & \frac{e}{2e} \int \frac{\cot^6(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot^2(d+ex) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1578 \\ & \frac{2e}{1264} \int \frac{\cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{(a-b)(b^2-4ac)}{a-b+c}}{2c(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1264 \\ & \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{(b^2-4ac) \cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{(a-b)(b^2-4ac)}{a-b+c}}{2c(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{b^2-4ac} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2e}{27} \int \frac{(b^2-4ac) \left(\cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{a-b}{a-b+c} \right)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{2e}{27} \int \frac{\cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{a-b}{a-b+c}}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1269 \\ & \frac{2e}{1269} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex) - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{a-b+c} + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1092 \\ & \frac{2e}{1092} \int \frac{1}{4c-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{2c \cot^2(d+ex)+b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{a-b+c} + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{2e}{219} \int \frac{1}{4c-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{2c \cot^2(d+ex)+b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{a-b+c} + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right) - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{a-b+c}}{\frac{c}{2e}} + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c)-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+2a-b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{a-b+c} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{\frac{c}{2e}} + \frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{2((2a^2c-ab(b+3c)+b^3) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b^2-a(b+2c)))}{c(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{(a-b+c)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b+2c \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{c}}{\frac{c}{2e}}$$

input

```
Int[Cot[d + e*x]^7/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(((c*ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*sqrt[a - b + c]*sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]])/(a - b + c)^(3/2) + ArcTanh[(b + 2*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]])/sqrt[c])/c + (2*(a*(b^2 - a*(b + 2*c)) + (b^3 + 2*a^2*c - a*b*(b + 3*c))*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(c*(a - b + c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 1092 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c - x^2), x], x, (b + 2*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_)+(e_)(x_))\text{Sqrt}[(a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1264 $\text{Int}(((d_)+(e_)(x_))^{(m_)}((f_)+(g_)(x_))^{(n_)}((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Q = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(b*R - 2*a*S + (2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1})/((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}\text{ExpandToSum}[(p+1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q]/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p+3)*(2*c*R - b*S))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]$

rule 1269 $\text{Int}(((d_)+(e_)(x_))^{(m_)}((f_)+(g_)(x_))^{(n_)}((a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 1578 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((d_)+(e_)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}((a_)+(b_)(x_)^2+(c_)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)}*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)),
x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs. 2(214) = 428.

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 686, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4} (4ac-b^2)} + \frac{\cot(ex+d)^2}{2c\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}} + b \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}} - \frac{c\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}}{4c} \right)$
default	$-\frac{b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4} (4ac-b^2)} + \frac{\cot(ex+d)^2}{2c\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}} + b \left(-\frac{1}{c\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}} - \frac{c\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4}}{4c} \right)$

input

```
int(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```


output

```

1/e*(-1/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(4*a*
c-b^2)+1/2*cot(e*x+d)^2/c/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)+1/4*b/c*
(-1/c/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)-b/c/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(
e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*(b+2*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(4*a*c-b^2))-1/2/c^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+c*
cot(e*x+d)^2)/c^(1/2)+(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))-1/(a+b*cot(
e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(4*a*c-b^2)+2*c/((-4*a
*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b+2*c)/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b-2*c)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+
2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)
*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1))-2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-
b+2*c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(cot(e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)*((cot(e*x
+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)^2*c+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(cot(e*x+d)^2-
1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)^(1/2)+2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b-2*c)/(-4*a
*c+b^2)/(cot(e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)*((cot(e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+
(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)^2*c-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(cot(e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c
+b^2)^(1/2)))/c)^(1/2))

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1484 vs. $2(215) = 430$.

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6011, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.47

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```

integrate(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm
m="fricas")

```

output

Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)**7/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: THROW: The catch RAT-ERR is undefined.`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^7}{(c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^7/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^7/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^7(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^4 c + \cot(ex+d)^2 b + a}}{\cot(ex+d)^8 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^6 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^4 ac + \cot(ex+d)^2 b^2 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^7/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**7)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2), x)`

3.27
$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	251
Mathematica [A] (verified)	251
Rubi [A] (verified)	252
Maple [B] (verified)	255
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	255
Sympy [F]	256
Maxima [F]	257
Giac [F(-1)]	257
Mupad [F(-1)]	257
Reduce [F]	258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}e} - \frac{a(2a-b) + ((a-b)b + 2ac)\cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(3/2)/e-(a*(2*a-b)+((a-b)*b+2*a*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a-b+c}(a(2a-b) + (ab-b^2+2ac)\cot^2(d+ex)) - (b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b-2c+(2a-b)\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b \tan^2(d+ex)+a \tan^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^5/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2),x
]
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*(a*(2*a - b) + (a*b - b^2 + 2*a*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)
- (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a -
b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt
[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])/((a - b + c)^(3/2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c
)*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1264, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^5}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{\cot^4(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1264}
 \end{aligned}$$

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1264 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 0], S = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n, a + b*x + c*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(b*R - 2*a*S + (2*c*R - b*S)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Q)/(d + e*x)^m - ((2*p + 3)*(2*c*R - b*S))/(d + e*x)^m, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0]`

rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*(f_))^(n_) + (c_)*(cot[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*(f_))^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 506 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2a+b \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4} (4ac-b^2)}}{2c \ln \left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c} \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1} \right)} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}-b+2c)(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2a+b \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4} (4ac-b^2)}}{2c \ln \left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c} \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1} \right)} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2}-b+2c)(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}}$

input

```
int (cot (e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNV
ERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e*(1/(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*(2*a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2)/(4*a*c
-b^2)-2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b+2*c)/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b-2*c)/(a-b+c)^(1
/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot (e*x+d
)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot (e*x+d)^2+1))+2*c/((-4
*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b+2*c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(cot (e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/
2))/c)*((cot (e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^2*c+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2
)*cot (e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^(1/2)-2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1
/2)+b-2*c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/(cot (e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((cot (
e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^2*c-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*cot (e*x+d)^
2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^(1/2)+1/(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)
^(1/2)*(b+2*c*cot (e*x+d)^2)/(4*a*c-b^2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1743, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.89

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(ex+d)^5}{(c\cot(ex+d)^4+b\cot(ex+d)^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)^5/(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^5}{(c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^5/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^5(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^5/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*cot(d + e*x)**4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)
*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d
+ e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)*a*
c**2*e + cot(d + e*x)**4*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b +
a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot
(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
*b**2*c*e + sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**
2*b - 4*cot(d + e*x)**2*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b +
a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(
d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)*
a*b*c*e + cot(d + e*x)**2*int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b
+ a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*co
t(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
)*b**3*e + 2*sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*a - 4*int((sq
rt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*
x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)*
**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)*a**2*c*e + int((sqrt(cot(d + e*
x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 +
2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*c
ot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)*a*b**2*e)/(e*(4*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c**2 - ...
```

3.28
$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	259
Mathematica [A] (verified)	260
Rubi [A] (verified)	260
Maple [B] (verified)	263
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	264
Sympy [F]	265
Maxima [F]	265
Giac [F(-1)]	265
Mupad [F(-1)]	266
Reduce [F]	266

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}e}$$

$$+\frac{a(b-2c)+(2a-b)c \cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)
)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(3/2)/e+(a*(b-2*c)+(2*a-b)*c*cot(e*x+d)
^2)/(a-b+c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-b+c}(-a(b-2c)+(-2a+b)c\cot^2(d+ex))+(b^2-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b-2c+(2a-b)\tan^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{c+b\tan^2(d+ex)+a\tan^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*(-(a*(b - 2*c)) + (-2*a + b)*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2) + (b^2 - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]])*Cot[d + e*x]^2*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])/((a - b + c)^(3/2)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*e*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1235, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 4184$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cot^2(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1235 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{b^2-4ac}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)} - \frac{2(c(2a-b) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b-2c))}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{a-b+c} - \frac{2(c(2a-b) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b-2c))}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1154 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c)-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+2a-b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{a-b+c} - \frac{2(c(2a-b) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b-2c))}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{(a-b+c)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(c(2a-b) \cot^2(d+ex)+a(b-2c))}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}}{2e}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[Cot[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2),x]`

output

`-1/2*(ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*sqrt[a - b + c]*sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])]/(a - b + c)^(3/2) - (2*(a*(b - 2*c) + (2*a - b)*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))/((a - b + c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 1154 $\text{Int}[1/(((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1235 $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(f*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e) - a*g*(2*c*d - b*e) + c*(f*(2*c*d - b*e) - g*(b*d - 2*a*e))*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(p + m + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - g*(a*e*(b*e - 2*c*d*m + b*e*m) - b*d*(3*c*d - b*e + 2*c*d*p - b*e*p)) + c*e*(g*(b*d - 2*a*e) - f*(2*c*d - b*e))*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 1578 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m - 1)/2}*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m - 1)/2]$
- rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 456 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4} (4ac-b^2)} + \frac{2c \ln \left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c) (\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c} \sqrt{c (\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c) \cot(ex+d)^2+1}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1} \right)}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2-b+2c})(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}}$
default	$-\frac{b+2c \cot(ex+d)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \cot(ex+d)^2+c \cot(ex+d)^4} (4ac-b^2)} + \frac{2c \ln \left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c) (\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c} \sqrt{c (\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c) \cot(ex+d)^2+1}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1} \right)}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2-b+2c})(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}}$

input

```
int (cot (e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNV ERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/e*(-1/(a+b*cot (e*x+d)^2+c*cot (e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*(b+2*c*cot (e*x+d)^2)/(4*a*c-b^2)+2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b+2*c)/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b-2*c)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a-2*b+2*c+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+2*(a-b+c)^(1/2)*(c*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2*c)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^(1/2))/(cot (e*x+d)^2+1))-2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)-b+2*c)/((-4*a*c+b^2)/cot (e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((cot (e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^2*c+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(cot (e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2)+2*c/((-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)+b-2*c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/cot (e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)*((cot (e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c)^2*c-(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2)*(cot (e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4*a*c+b^2)^(1/2))/c))^(1/2))
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 860 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1717, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.22

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `[1/4*((a*b^2 + b^3 - 4*a*c^2 + (a*b^2 - b^3 - 4*a*c^2 - (4*a^2 - 4*a*b - b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (4*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*c - 2*(a*b^2 + 4*a*c^2 - (4*a^2 + b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(a - b + c)*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 - 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)) + 4*(a^2*b - a*b^2 + b^2*c - b*c^2 + (a^2*b - a*b^2 - (4*a - b)*c^2 - (4*a^2 - 6*a*b + b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a^2*b - a*b^2 - 2*a*c^2 - (2*a^2 - 3*a*b)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/((a^3*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 - b^5 - 4*a*c^4 - (12*a^2 - 12*a*b - b^2)*c^3 - 3*(4*a^3 - 8*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*c^2 - (4*a^4 - 12*a^3*b + 9*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 - 3*b^4)*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a^3*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4 + 4*a*c^4 + (4*a^2 - 8*a*b - b^2)*c^3 - (4*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*c^2 - (4*a^4 - 8*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (a^3*b^2 - a^2*b^3 - a*b^4 + b^5 - 4*a*c^4 - (12*a^2 - 4*a*b - b^2)*c^3 - (12*a^3 - 8*a^2*b - 7*a*b^2 + b^3)*c^2 - (4*a^4 - 4*a^3*b - 7*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3 + b^4)*c)*e), 1/2*((a*b^2 + b^3 - 4*a*c^2 + (a*b^2 - b^3 - 4*a*c^2 - (4*a^2 - 4*a*b - b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + ...`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(cot(d + e*x)**3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot^3(ex+d)}{(c\cot^4(ex+d)+b\cot^2(ex+d)+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)^3/(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)^3}{(c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^4 c + \cot(ex+d)^2 b + a}}{\cot(ex+d)^8 c^2 + 2\cot(ex+d)^6 bc + 2\cot(ex+d)^4 ac + \cot(ex+d)^2 b^2 + a^2} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x)**3)/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2), x)`

3.29
$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}e} - \frac{b^2-2ac-bc+(b-2c)c \cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(3/2)/e-(b^2-2*a*c-b*c+(b-2*c)*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(b^2-2c(a+c)-(b^2-2bc+2c(-a+c))\cos(2(d+ex)))\csc^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(-b^2+4ac)\sqrt{(3a+b+3c-4(a-c)\cos(2(d+ex)))+(a-b+c)\cos(4(d+ex))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Cot[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[2]*(b^2 - 2*c*(a + c) - (b^2 - 2*b*c + 2*c*(-a + c))*Cos[2*(d + e*x)])*Csc[d + e*x]^2)/((a - b + c)*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(3*a + b + 3*c - 4*(a - c)*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + (a - b + c)*Cos[4*(d + e*x)])*Csc[d + e*x]^4]) - (ArcTanh[(-b + 2*c + (-2*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]])*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/((a - b + c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(2*e)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.212$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1576, 1165, 27, 1154, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

$$\frac{\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot(d+ex)}{e}$$

↓ 1576

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{2e}$$

↓ 1165

$$\frac{\frac{2(-2ac+b^2+c(b-2c)\cot^2(d+ex)-bc)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}} - \frac{2\int \frac{b^2-4ac}{2(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)}}{2e}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{a-b+c} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+c(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-bc)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

2e

↓ 1154

$$\frac{2(-2ac+b^2+c(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-bc)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{4(a-b+c)-\cot^4(d+ex)} d \frac{(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)+2a-b}{\sqrt{c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a}}}{a-b+c}$$

2e

↓ 219

$$\frac{2(-2ac+b^2+c(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-bc)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{(a-b+c)^{3/2}}$$

2e

input `Int[Cot[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/2*(-(ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])]/(a - b + c)^(3/2)) + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c - b*c + (b - 2*c)*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))/((a - b + c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 1154 `Int[1/(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/(4*c*d^2 - 4*b*d*e + 4*a*e^2 - x^2), x], x, (2*a*e - b*d - (2*c*d - b*e)*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

```
rule 1165 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(b*c*d - b^2*e + 2*a*c*e + c*(2*c*d - b*e)*x)*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*(c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*Simp[b*c*d*e*(2*p - m + 2) + b^2*e^2*(m + p + 2) - 2*c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) - 2*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x]*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 1576 Int[(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4184 Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2c \ln \left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c} \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1} \right)}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2-b+2c})(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}} + \frac{2c \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2+1}}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2-b+2c})(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}}$
default	$-\frac{2c \ln \left(\frac{2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+2\sqrt{a-b+c} \sqrt{c(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(ex+d)^2+1)+a-b+c}}{\cot(ex+d)^2+1} \right)}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2-b+2c})(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}} + \frac{2c \sqrt{\cot(ex+d)^2+1}}{(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2-b+2c})(\sqrt{-4ac+b^2+b-2c})\sqrt{a-b+c}}$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{e} \left(\frac{-2c}{(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}-b+2c} \frac{1}{(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}+b-2c} \frac{1}{(a-b+c)^{1/2}} \ln \left(\frac{(2a-2b+2c+(b-2c)(\cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2(a-b+c)^{1/2}(c(\cot(e*x+d)^2+1)^2+(b-2c)(\cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+a-b+c)^{1/2})}{(\cot(e*x+d)^2+1)+2c} \frac{1}{(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}-b+2c} \frac{1}{(-4ac+b^2)} \frac{1}{(\cot(e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))} \frac{1}{c} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{(\cot(e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))}{c} \right)^2 c + (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2} \right) \frac{1}{(\cot(e*x+d)^2-1/2*(-b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))} \frac{1}{c} \left(\frac{1}{(\cot(e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))} \frac{1}{c} \right)^2 c - (-4ac+b^2)^{1/2} \frac{1}{(\cot(e*x+d)^2+1/2*(b+(-4ac+b^2)^{1/2}))} \frac{1}{c} \right)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 887 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1771, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.35

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*((a*b^2 + b^3 - 4*a*c^2 + (a*b^2 - b^3 - 4*a*c^2 - (4*a^2 - 4*a*b - b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (4*a^2 + 4*a*b - b^2)*c - 2*(a*b^2 + 4*a*c^2 - (4*a^2 + b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(a - b + c)*log(2*(a^2 - 2*a*b + b^2 + 2*(a - b)*c + c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 + 2*a^2 - b^2 + 2*c^2 + 2*((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a - b)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a - c)*sqrt(a - b + c)*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)) - 4*(a^2 - a*b + b*c - c^2)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)) - 4*(a*b^2 - b^3 - 2*(2*a - b)*c^2 - 2*c^3 + (a*b^2 - b^3 - 4*b*c^2 + 2*c^3 - (2*a^2 - 3*b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - (2*a^2 - 2*a*b - b^2)*c - 2*(a*b^2 - b^3 - (2*a + b)*c^2 - (2*a^2 - a*b - 2*b^2)*c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d))*sqrt(((a - b + c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a - c)*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + a + b + c)/(cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + 1)))/((a^3*b^2 - 3*a^2*b^3 + 3*a*b^4 - b^5 - 4*a*c^4 - (12*a^2 - 12*a*b - b^2)*c^3 - 3*(4*a^3 - 8*a^2*b + 3*a*b^2 + b^3)*c^2 - (4*a^4 - 12*a^3*b + 9*a^2*b^2 + 2*a*b^3 - 3*b^4)*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d)^2 - 2*(a^3*b^2 - 2*a^2*b^3 + a*b^4 + 4*a*c^4 + (4*a^2 - 8*a*b - b^2)*c^3 - (4*a^3 - 3*a*b^2 - 2*b^3)*c^2 - (4*a^4 - 8*a^3*b + 3*a^2*b^2 + b^4)*c)*e*cos(2*e*x + 2*d) + (a^3*b^2 - a^2*b^3 - a*b^4 + b^5 - 4*a*c^4 - (12*a^2 - 4*a*b - b^2)*c^3 - (12*a^3 - 8*a^2*b - 7*a*b^2 + b^3)*c^2 - (4*a^4 - 4*a^3*b - 7*a^2*b^2 + 6*a*b^3 + b^4)*c)*e), -1/2*((a*b^2 + b^3 - 4*a*c^2 + (a*b^2 - b^3 - 4*a*c^2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(ex+d)}{(c\cot(ex+d)^4+b\cot(ex+d)^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(cot(e*x + d)/(c*cot(e*x + d)^4 + b*cot(e*x + d)^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(c\cot(d+ex)^4+b\cot(d+ex)^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(cot(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\cot(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot^4(ex+d)c + \cot^2(ex+d)a}}{\cot^8(ex+d)c^2 + 2\cot^6(ex+d)bc + 2\cot^4(ex+d)ac} dx$$

input `int(cot(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*cot(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.30
$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	275
Mathematica [A] (verified)	276
Rubi [A] (verified)	276
Maple [F]	278
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	278
Sympy [F]	279
Maxima [F(-2)]	279
Giac [F(-1)]	280
Mupad [F(-1)]	280
Reduce [F]	280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 33, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}e}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 - 2ac + bc \cot^2(d+ex)}{a(b^2 - 4ac) e \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2 - 2ac - bc + (b-2c)c \cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2 - 4ac) e \sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/e-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(3/2)/e-(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)+(b^2-2*a*c-b*c+(b-2*c)*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}(-b^3+bc(3a+c)+(b^3-2b^2c+4ac^2+bc(-3a+c))\cos(2(d+ex)))\operatorname{csc}(2(d+ex))}{(a-b+c)(-b^2+4ac)\sqrt{(3a+b+3c-4(a-c)\cos(2(d+ex)))+(a-b+c)\cos(4(d+ex))}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*(-b^3 + b*c*(3*a + c) + (b^3 - 2*b^2*c + 4*a*c^2 + b*c*(-3*a + c))*Cos[2*(d + e*x)])*Csc[d + e*x]^2)/((a - b + c)*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(3*a + b + 3*c - 4*(a - c)*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + (a - b + c)*Cos[4*(d + e*x)])*Csc[d + e*x]^4]) + (((a - b + c)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4])]) + a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(-b + 2*c + (-2*a + b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4)])*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/((a - b + c)^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(2*a^(3/2)*e)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.152$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 3042

$$\int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)(a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 4184

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1578 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1289 \\
& \frac{\int \left(\frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{(-\cot^2(d+ex)-1)(c \cot^4(d+ex)+b \cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} \right) d \cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)-b}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{(a-b+c)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(-2ac+b^2+bc \cot^2(d+ex))}{a(b^2-4ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}}{2e}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Tan[d + e*x]/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2), x]`

output `-1/2*(-(ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)]/a^(3/2)) + ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]])/(a - b + c)^(3/2) + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]) - (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c - b*c + (b - 2*c)*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))/((a - b + c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]))/e`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289 `Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))`

rule 1578 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4184 `Int[cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n_.) + (c_.)*(cot[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*(f_.))^(n2_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(ex + d)}{(a + b \cot(ex + d)^2 + c \cot(ex + d)^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1020 vs. $2(256) = 512$.

Time = 2.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4153, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.83

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: THROW: The catch RAT-ERR is un defined.`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(c \cot(d + ex)^4 + b \cot(d + ex)^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(d + e*x)/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot(ex + d)^4 c + \cot(ex + d)^2 b + a} \tan(d + ex)}{\cot(ex + d)^8 c^2 + 2 \cot(ex + d)^6 bc + 2 \cot(ex + d)^4 ac + a^2} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*tan(d + e*x))/(cot(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d + e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)`

3.31
$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	281
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	282
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	283
Maple [F]	285
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	285
Sympy [F]	285
Maxima [F(-1)]	286
Giac [F(-1)]	286
Mupad [F(-1)]	286
Reduce [F]	287

Optimal result

Integrand size = 35, antiderivative size = 478

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}e}$$

$$-\frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}e}$$

$$+\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a-b+(b-2c) \cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a-b+c}\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2(a-b+c)^{3/2}e}$$

$$+\frac{b^2-2ac+bc \cot^2(d+ex)}{a(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

$$-\frac{b^2-2ac-bc+(b-2c)c \cot^2(d+ex)}{(a-b+c)(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

$$-\frac{(b^2-2ac+bc \cot^2(d+ex)) \tan^2(d+ex)}{a(b^2-4ac)e\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)}}$$

$$+\frac{(3b^2-8ac)\sqrt{a+b \cot^2(d+ex)+c \cot^4(d+ex)} \tan^2(d+ex)}{2a^2(b^2-4ac)e}$$

output

```
-1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/e-3/4*b*arctanh(1/2*(2*a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/e+1/2*arctanh(1/2*(2*a-b+(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)^(1/2)/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2))/(a-b+c)^(3/2)/e+(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)-(b^2-2*a*c-b*c*(b-2*c)*cot(e*x+d)^2)/(a-b+c)/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)-(b^2-2*a*c+b*c*cot(e*x+d)^2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/a/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)+1/2*(-8*a*c+3*b^2)*(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(1/2)*tan(e*x+d)^2/a^2/(-4*a*c+b^2)/e
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 11.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{(3a+b+3c-4(a-c)\cos(2(d+ex)))+(a-b+c)}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[Tan[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(3*a + b + 3*c - 4*(a - c)*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + (a - b + c)*Cos[4*(d + e*x)])*Csc[d + e*x]^4]*((3*b^2*(b - c)^2 - 4*a^3*c + a^2*(b^2 + 8*b*c - 4*c^2) - 2*a*(b^3 + 5*b^2*c - 10*b*c^2 + 4*c^3))/((a - b + c)^2*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)) + (8*(-b^5 + b^4*c + 2*a*c^3*(a + c) - b^2*c^2*(4*a + c) + b^3*c*(5*a + c) - a*b*c^2*(5*a + 3*c) + (b^5 - 3*b^4*c + a*b*(5*a - 9*c)*c^2 + b^2*(12*a - c)*c^2 + 2*a*c^3*(-3*a + c) + b^3*c*(-5*a + 3*c))*Cos[2*(d + e*x)]))/((a - b + c)^2*(-b^2 + 4*a*c)*(3*a + b + 3*c - 4*(a - c)*Cos[2*(d + e*x)] + (a - b + c)*Cos[4*(d + e*x)])) + Sec[d + e*x]^2 - (2*((2*a + 3*b)*(a - b + c)*ArcTanh[(b + 2*a*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]])/Sqrt[a] - (2*a^2*ArcTanh[(b - 2*c + (2*a - b)*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]])/Sqrt[a - b + c])*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x]^2)/((a - b + c)*Sqrt[c + b*Tan[d + e*x]^2 + a*Tan[d + e*x]^4]))/(8*a^2*e)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {3042, 4184, 1578, 1289, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\cot(d+ex)^3 (a+b\cot(d+ex)^2+c\cot(d+ex)^4)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4184} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot(d+ex)}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1578} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\tan^2(d+ex)}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} d\cot^2(d+ex)}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1289} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{\tan^2(d+ex)}{(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} - \frac{\tan(d+ex)}{(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{(\cot^2(d+ex)+1)(c\cot^4(d+ex)+b\cot^2(d+ex)+a)^{3/2}} \right) dx}{2e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{3b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2a+b\cot^2(d+ex)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex)}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(3b^2-8ac)\tan(d+ex)\sqrt{a+b\cot^2(d+ex)}}{a^2(b^2-4ac)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Tan[d + e*x]^3/(a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])/a^(3/2) + (3*b*ArcTanh[(2*a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]))/(2*a^(5/2)) - ArcTanh[(2*a - b + (b - 2*c)*Cot[d + e*x]^2)/(2*Sqrt[a - b + c]*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4])]/(a - b + c)^(3/2) - (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))/(a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]) + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c - b*c + (b - 2*c)*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2))/((a - b + c)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]) + (2*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*Cot[d + e*x]^2)*Tan[d + e*x])/((a*(b^2 - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]) - ((3*b^2 - 8*a*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Cot[d + e*x]^2 + c*Cot[d + e*x]^4]*Tan[d + e*x])/(a^2*(b^2 - 4*a*c)))/e
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1289

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))^(n._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && (IntegerQ[p] || (ILtQ[m, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]))
```

rule 1578

```
Int[(x._)^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2 + (c._)*(x._)^4)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 3042

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

rule 4184

```
Int[cot[(d._) + (e._)*(x._)]^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(cot[(d._) + (e._)*(x._)]*(f._))^(n._) + (c._)*(cot[(d._) + (e._)*(x._)]*(f._))^(n2._))^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[-f/e Subst[Int[(x/f)^m*((a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p/(f^2 + x^2)), x], x, f*Cot[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(ex + d)}{(a + b \cot^2(ex + d) + c \cot^4(ex + d))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1300 vs. 2(438) = 876.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5274, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.03

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)**3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)**2+c*cot(e*x+d)**4)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(tan(d + e*x)**3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)**2 + c*cot(d + e*x)**4)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="maxima")`

output Timed out

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x, algorithm m="giac")`

output Timed out

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d + ex)}{(a + b \cot^2(d + ex) + c \cot^4(d + ex))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Hanged}$$

input `int(tan(d + e*x)^3/(a + b*cot(d + e*x)^2 + c*cot(d + e*x)^4)^(3/2),x)`

output `\text{Hanged}`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\tan^3(d+ex)}{(a+b\cot^2(d+ex)+c\cot^4(d+ex))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\cot^4(ex+d)c + \cot^2(ex+d)a}}{\cot^8(ex+d)c^2 + 2\cot^6(ex+d)bc + 2\cot^4(ex+d)ac} dx$$

input

```
int(tan(e*x+d)^3/(a+b*cot(e*x+d)^2+c*cot(e*x+d)^4)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((sqrt(cot(d + e*x)**4*c + cot(d + e*x)**2*b + a)*tan(d + e*x)**3)/(cot
(d + e*x)**8*c**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**6*b*c + 2*cot(d + e*x)**4*a*c + cot(d
+ e*x)**4*b**2 + 2*cot(d + e*x)**2*a*b + a**2),x)
```


CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

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4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order of result is higher than in optimal."}
  ]
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
        If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
            Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
            If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
                Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
                9]]]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9

```



```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```



```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file